The Noble Quran

In the English Language A Summarized Version of At-Tabari, Al-Qurtubi and Ibn Kathir with comments from Sahih Al-Bukhari

Dr. Muhammad Muhsin Khan

Quran in Chapter order with English and Arabic text

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Translated Quran Credit's

Syed Abu-Ala' Maududi's Chapter Introductions to the Qur'an

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The Meaning of The Noble Quran

In the English Language, A Summarized Version of At-Tabari, Al-Qurtubi and Ibn Kathir with comments from Sahih Al-Bukhari By

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Quran in Arabic

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Besm allah alrrahmån alrahim
'håzå men fazhl rabbi'
God, you know that I made this PDF of Qur'an
just for usage of your servants and increase their
faith, please accept this from me.

1. Al-Fâtihah Introduction to this Surat.

بِسُم ٱللَّهِ ٱلرَّحُمَنِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ ۞ In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful. ٱلْحَمُدُ لِلَّهِ رَبَّ ٱلْعَنلَمِينَ 🕝 All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, the Lord Π of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists). Π 3 ٱلرَّحُمَن ٱلرَّحِيم ﴿ The Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful. مَنلِكِ يَوُمُ ٱلدِّينِ ۞ The Only Owner (and the Only Ruling Judge) of the Day of Recompense (i.e. the Day of Resurrection) 5 إِيَّاكَ نَعُبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسُتَعِينُ @ You (Alone) we worship, and You (Alone) we ask for help (for each and everything). 6 ٱهْدِنَا ٱلصِّرَ طَ ٱلْمُسْتَقِيمَ 🕤 Guide us to the Straight Way [] 7. صِرَ اللَّهَ اللَّذِينَ أَنْعَمُتَ عَلَيْهِمُ غَيْرِ ٱلْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمُ وَلَا ٱلضَّآلِّينَ ٧ The Way of those on whom You have bestowed Your Grace \mathbb{I}_{+} , not (the way) of those who earned Your Anger (such as the Jews), nor of those who went astray (such as the Christians). Π_{I}

2. Al-Baqarah Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.



Alif-Lâm-Mîm. [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings].

2.

This is the Book (the Qur'ân), whereof there is no doubt, a guidance to those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* [the pious and righteous persons who fear Allâh much (abstain from all kinds of sins and evil deeds which He has forbidden) and love Allâh much (perform all kinds of good deeds which He has ordained)].

3.



Who believe in the *Ghaib* $^{\mbox{\scriptsize I}}$ and perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), $^{\mbox{\scriptsize I}}$ and spend out of what we have provided for them [i.e. give $Zak\hat{a}t^{\mbox{\scriptsize I}}$, spend on themselves, their parents, their children, their wives, etc., and also give charity to the poor and also in Allâh's Cause - *Jihâd*, etc.].

4.

And who believe in (the Qur'ân and the *Sunnah*) ^[] which has been sent down (revealed) to you (Muhammad Peace be upon him) and in [the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel), etc.] which were sent down before you and they believe with certainty in the Hereafter. (Resurrection, recompense of their good and bad deeds, Paradise and Hell, etc.).

5.

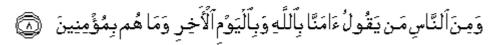
They are on (true) guidance from their Lord, and they are the successful.

6.

Verily, those who disbelieve, it is the same to them whether you (O Muhammad Peace be upon him) warn them or do not warn them, they will not believe.

7.

Allâh has set a seal on their hearts and on their hearings, (i.e. they are closed from accepting Allâh's Guidance), and on their eyes there is a covering. Theirs will be a great torment.



And of mankind, there are some (hypocrites) who say: "We believe in Allâh and the Last Day" while in fact they believe not.

9.

They (think to) deceive Allâh and those who believe, while they only deceive themselves, and perceive (it) not!

10.

In their hearts is a disease (of doubt and hypocrisy) and Allâh has increased their disease. A painful torment is theirs because they used to tell lies.

11.

And when it is said to them: "Make not mischief on the earth," they say: "We are only peacemakers."

12.

Verily! They are the ones who make mischief, but they perceive not.

13.

يَعْلَمُ ونَ ٣

And when it is said to them (hypocrites): "Believe as the people (followers of Muhammad Peace be upon him, *Al-Ansâr* and *Al-Muhajirûn*) have believed," they say: "Shall we believe as the fools have believed?" Verily, they are the fools, but they know not.

14.

And when they meet those who believe, they say: "We believe," but when they are alone with their *Shayâtin* (devils - polytheists, hypocrites, etc.), they say: "Truly, we are with you; verily, we were but mocking."

15.

Allâh mocks at them and gives them increase in their wrong-doings to wander blindly

أُوْلَتَ لِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱشَتَرَوُا ٱلطَّلَالَةَ بِٱلْهُدَىٰ فَمَا رَبِحَت تِّجَرَتُهُمُ وَمَا رَبِحَت تِّجَرَتُهُمُ وَمَا رَبِحَت تِّجَرَتُهُمُ وَمَا رَبِحَت تِّجَرَتُهُمُ وَمَا رَبِحَت يَّجَرَتُهُمُ وَمَا رَبِحَت يَجَرَتُهُمُ وَمَا رَبِحَت يَجَرَتُهُمُ وَمَا رَبِحَت يَجَرَتُهُمُ وَمَا رَبِحَت يَجَرِينَ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهِ وَمَا رَبِحَت يَجَرِينَ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهِ وَمَا رَبِحَت يَجَرِينَ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهِ وَمَا رَبِحَت يَجَرِينَ عَلَيْهُمُ اللهِ اللهِ وَمَا رَبِحَت يَجَرِينَ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهِ وَمَا رَبِحَت يَبِعَ عَلَيْهُمُ اللهُ وَمَا رَبِحَت يَعْمَلُوا مُنْهُمُ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ الل

These are they who have purchased error for guidance, so their commerce was profitless. And they were not guided.

17.

Their likeness is as the likeness of one who kindled a fire; then, when it lighted all around him, Allâh took away their light and left them in darkness. (So) they could not see.

18.

They are deaf, dumb, and blind, so they return not (to the Right Path).

19.

Or like a rainstorm from the sky, wherein is darkness, thunder, and lightning. They thrust their fingers in their ears to keep out the stunning thunderclap for fear of death. But Allâh ever encompasses the disbelievers (i.e. Allâh will gather them all together).

20.

The lightning almost snatches away their sight, whenever it flashes for them, they walk therein, and when darkness covers them, they stand still. And if Allâh willed, He could have taken away their hearing and their sight. Certainly, Allâh has power over all things.

21.

O mankind! Worship your Lord (Allâh), Who created you and those who were before you so that you may become *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

22.

Who has made the earth a resting place for you, and the sky as a canopy, and sent down water (rain) from the sky and brought forth therewith fruits as a provision for you. Then do not set up rivals

وَإِن كُنتُمُ فِي رَيْبٍ مِّمَّا نَزَّ لُنَا عَلَىٰ عَبُدِنَا فَأَتُواْ بِسُورَةٍ مِّن مِّثَلِهِ، وَٱدْعُواْ شُهَدَآءَ كُم مِّن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ إِن كُنتُمْ صَدِقِينَ ﴿

And if you (Arab pagans, Jews, and Christians) are in doubt concerning that which We have sent down (i.e. the Qur'ân) to Our slave (Muhammad Peace be upon him), then produce a *Sûrah* (chapter) of the like thereof and call your witnesses (supporters and helpers) besides Allâh, if you are truthful.

24.

فَإِن لَّمُ تَفُعَلُواْ وَلَن تَفُعَلُواْ فَٱتَّقُواْ ٱلنَّارَ ٱلَّتِي وَقُودُهَا ٱلنَّاسُ وَٱلُحِجَارَةُ ۗ أُعِدَّتُ لِلُكَنفِرِينَ ٢

But if you do it not, and you can never do it, then fear the Fire (Hell) whose fuel is men and stones, prepared for the disbelievers.

25.

وَبَشِّرِ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَيْتِ أَنَّ لَهُمُ جَنَّتٍ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنَهَورُ كُلَّمَا رُزِقُواْ مِنْهَا مِن ثَمَرَةٍ رِّزُقًا قَالُواْ هَدَا ٱلَّذِى رُزِقُنَا مِن قَبْلُ وَأُتُواْ بِهِ - مُتَشَيِها ۗ وَلَهُمْ فِيهَ ٓ أَزُوَ اللهِ مُّطَهَّرَ أَ ۗ وَهُمْ فِيهَا خَيلِدُونَ ٢٠٠٠

And give glad tidings to those who believe and do righteous good deeds, that for them will be Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise). Every time they will be provided with a fruit therefrom, they will say: "This is what we were provided with before," and they will be given things in resemblance (i.e. in the same form but different in taste) and they shall have therein *Azwâjun Mutahharatun* (purified mates or wives), (having no menses, stools, urine, etc.) and they will abide

therein forever.

26.

﴿ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يَسْتَحْيَ ۚ أَن يَضُرِ بَ مَثَلًا مَّا بَعُوضَةً فَمَا فَوُقَهَا ۚ فَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ عَامَنُوا فَيَعُلَمُونَ أَنَّهُ ٱلْحَقُّ مِن رَّبِّهِمُ ۗ وَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فَيَقُولُونَ مَاذَآ أَرَادَ ٱللَّهُ بِهَدَذَا مَثَلًا يُضِلُّ بِهِ ء كَثِيرًا وَيَهُدِى بِهِ ء كَثِيرًا وَمَا يُضِلُ بِهِ ء كَثِيرًا وَيَهُدِى بِهِ ء كَثِيرًا وَمَا يُضِلُ بِهِ ء إِلَّا ٱلْفَدسِقِينَ هَ

Verily, Allâh is not ashamed to set forth a parable even of a mosquito or so much more when it is bigger (or less when it is smaller) than it. And as for those who believe, they know that it is the Truth from their Lord, but as for those who disbelieve, they say: "What did Allâh intend by this parable?" By it He misleads many, and many He guides thereby. And He misleads thereby only those who are Al-Fâsiqûn (the rebellious, disobedient to Allâh). I

Those who break Allâh's Covenant after ratifying it, and sever what Allâh has ordered to be joined (as regards Allâh's Religion of Islâmic Monotheism, and to practise its legal laws on the earth and also as regards keeping good relations with kith and kin ^[]), and do mischief on earth, it is they who are the losers.

28.

How can you disbelieve in Allâh? Seeing that you were dead and He gave you life. Then He will give you death, then again will bring you to life (on the Day of Resurrection) and then unto Him you will return.

29.

He it is Who created for you all that is on earth. Then He *Istawâ* (rose over) towards the heaven and made them seven heavens and He is the All-Knower of everything.

30.

And (remember) when your Lord said to the angels: "Verily, I am going to place (mankind) generations after generations on earth." They said: "Will You place therein those who will make mischief therein and shed blood, - while we glorify You with praises and thanks (Exalted be You above all that they associate with You as partners) and sanctify You." He (Allâh) said: "I know that which you do not know."

31.

And He taught Adam all the names (of everything) Π , then He showed them to the angels and said, "Tell Me the names of these if you are truthful."

32.

They (angels) said: "Glory be to You, we have no knowledge except what you have taught us. Verily it is You, the All-Knower, the All-Wise."

قَالَ يَنْغَادَمُ أَنْبِئُهُم بِأَسُمَآبِهِمَ ۚ فَلَمَّآ أَنْبَأَهُم بِأَسُمَآبِهِمُ قَالَ أَلَمُ أَقُل لَّكُمُ إِنِّيْ أَعُلَمُ غَيُبَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ وَأَعْلَمُ مَا تُبُدُونَ وَمَا كُنتُمُ تَكُتُمُونَ ٣

He said: "O Adam! Inform them of their names," and when he had informed them of their names, He said: "Did I not tell you that I know the *Ghaib* (unseen) in the heavens and the earth, and I know what you reveal and what you have been concealing?"

34.

وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لِلْمَلَتِيِكَةِ ٱسُجُدُواْ لِأَدَمَ فَسَجَدُوّاْ إِلاَّ إِبْلِيسَ أَبَىٰ وَٱسُتَكُبَرَ وَكَانَ مِنَ ٱلْكَلِفِرِينَ ٢

And (remember) when We said to the angels: "Prostrate yourselves before Adam.". And they prostrated except *Iblîs* (Satan), he refused and was proud and was one of the disbelievers (disobedient to Allâh).

35.

وَقُلْنَا يَنْكَادَمُ ٱسْكُنُ أَنتَ وَزَوُجُكَ ٱللَّجَنَّةَ وَكُلَا مِنْهَا رَغَدًا حَيثُ شِئْتُمَا وَلَا تَقُرَبَا هَدِدِهِ ٱلشَّجَرَةَ فَتَكُونَا مِنَ ٱلظَّدِلِمِينَ

And We said: "O Adam! Dwell you and your wife in the Paradise and eat both of you freely with pleasure and delight of things therein as wherever you will, but come not near this tree or you both will be of the *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers)."

36.

فَأَزَلَّهُمَا ٱلشَّيْطَانُ عَنُهَا فَأَخُرَجَهُمَا مِمَّا كَانَا فِيهِ وَقُلُنَا ٱهُبِطُواْ بَعْضُكُمُ لِبَعْضِ عَدُقُ وَلَكُمْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مُسْتَقَرُّ وَمَتَاعُ إِلَىٰ حِينٍ



Then the *Shaitân* (Satan) made them slip therefrom (the Paradise), and got them out from that in which they were. We said: "Get you down, all, with enmity between yourselves. On earth will be a dwelling place for you and an enjoyment for a time."

37.

فَتَلَقَّــنَ ءَادَمُ مِــن رَّبِّــهِ - كَـلِمَنتِ فَتَـابَ عَلَيْــهِ إِنَّــهُ - هُــوَ ٱلتَّــوَّابُ ٱلرَّحِـيمُ ٣

Then Adam received from his Lord Words Π . And his Lord pardoned him (accepted his repentance) Verily, He is the One Who forgives (accepts repentance), the Most Merciful.

38.

قُلُنَا ٱهْبِطُواْ مِنْهَا جَمِيعًا ۗ فَإِمَّا يَأُتِيَنَّكُم مِّنِّى هُدَى فَمَن تَبِعَ هُدَاىَ فَلَا خَوُفُّ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحُزَنُونَ ۞

We said: "Get down all of you from this place (the Paradise), then whenever there comes to you Guidance from Me, and whoever follows My Guidance, there shall be no fear on them, nor shall they grieve.

But those who disbelieve and belie Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) such are the dwellers of the Fire, they shall abide therein forever.

40.

O Children of Israel! Remember My Favour which I bestowed upon you, and fulfill (your obligations to) My Covenant (with you) so that I fulfill (My Obligations to) your covenant (with Me), and fear none but Me.

41.

And believe in what I have sent down (this Qur'ân), confirming that which is with you, [the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)], and be not the first to disbelieve therein, and buy not with My Verses [the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] a small price (i.e. getting a small gain by selling My Verses), and fear Me and Me Alone. (Tafsir At-Tabarî, Vol. I, Page 253).

42.

And mix not truth with falsehood, nor conceal the truth [i.e. Muhammad Peace be upon him is Allâh's Messenger and his qualities are written in your Scriptures, the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] while you know (the truth) Π

43.

And perform As-Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât), and give Zakât, and Irka' (i.e. bow down or submit yourselves with obedience to Allâh) along with *ArRaki'ûn*. []

44.

Enjoin you Al-Birr (piety and righteousness and each and every act of obedience to Allâh) on the people and you forget (to practise it) yourselves, Π while you recite the Scripture [the Taurât (Torah)]! Have you then no sense?

45.

And seek help in patience and As-Salât (the prayer) and truly it is extremely heavy and hard except for Al-Khâshi'ûn [i.e. the true believers in Allâh - those who obey Allâh with full submission, fear much from His Punishment, and believe in His Promise (Paradise, etc.) and in His Warnings (Hell, etc.)].

(They are those) who are certain that they are going to meet their Lord, and that unto Him they are going to return.

47.

O Children of Israel! Remember My Favour which I bestowed upon you and that I preferred you to the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns) (of your time period, in the past).

48.

And fear a Day (of Judgement) when a person shall not avail another, nor will intercession be accepted from him nor will compensation be taken from him nor will they be helped.

49.

And (remember) when We delivered you from Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people, who were afflicting you with a horrible torment, killing your sons and sparing your women, and therein was a mighty trial from your Lord.

50.

And (remember) when We separated the sea for you and saved you and drowned Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people while you were looking (at them, when the sea-water covered them).

51.

And (remember) when We appointed for Mûsa (Moses) forty nights, and (in his absence) you took the calf (for worship), and you were *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.).

52.

Then after that We forgave you so that you might be grateful.

53.

And (remember) when We gave Mûsa (Moses) the Scripture [the Taurât (Torah)] and the criterion (of right and wrong) so that you may be guided aright.

وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لِقَوْمِهِ - يَنقَوم إِنَّكُمُ ظَلَمُتُمُ أَنفُسَكُم بِأَتِّخَاذِكُمُ ٱلْعِجُلَ فَتُوبُوٓٱ إِلَىٰ بَارِيِكُمْ فَٱقَتُلُوٓٱ أَنفُسَكُمُ ذَلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمُ عِندَ بَارِيِكُمْ فَتَابَ عَلَيْكُمُ ۚ إِنَّهُ وهُوَ ٱلتَّوَّابُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ

And (remember) when Mûsa (Moses) said to his people: "O my people! Verily, you have wronged yourselves by worshipping the calf. So turn in repentance to your Creator and kill yourselves (the innocent kill the wrongdoers among you), that will be better for you with your Lord." Then He accepted your repentance. Truly, He is the One Who accepts repentance, the Most Merciful.

55.

وَإِذُ قُلُتُمُ يَعمُوسَىٰ لَن نُّؤُمِنَ لَكَ حَتَّىٰ نَرَى ٱللَّهَ جَهُرَةً فَأَخَذَتُكُمُ ٱلصَّعِقَةُ وَأَنتُمْ تَنظُرُونَ ۞

And (remember) when you said: "O Mûsa (Moses)! We shall never believe in you till we see Allâh plainly." But you were seized with a thunderbolt (lightning) while you were looking.

56.

Then We raised you up after your death, so that you might be grateful.

57.

وَظَلَّلُنَا عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلُغَمَامَ وَأَنزَلُنَا عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْمَنَّ وَٱلسَّلُوَىُّ كُلُواْ مِن طَيِّبَنتِ مَا رَزَقُنَكُمُ ٱلْمَنَّ وَٱلسَّلُوَىُ كُلُواْ مِن طَيِّبَنتِ مَا رَزَقُنَكُمُ أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظُلِمُونَ ۗ

And We shaded you with clouds and sent down on you Al-Manna and the quails, (saying): "Eat of the good lawful things We have provided for you," (but they rebelled). And they did not wrong Us but they wronged themselves.

58.

وَإِذْ قُلُنَا ٱدُخُلُواْ هَدِدِهِ ٱلْقَرُيَةَ فَكُلُواْ مِنْهَا حَيْثُ شِئْتُمُ رَغَدًا وَٱدُخُلُواْ ٱلْبَابَ سُجَّدًا وَقُولُواْ حِطَّةٌ نَّغُفِرُ لَكُمَ خَطَديَدكُمُ وَسَنَزِيدُ ٱلْمُحْسِنِينَ ۞

And (remember) when We said: "Enter this town (Jerusalem) and eat bountifully therein with pleasure and delight wherever you wish, and enter the gate in prostration (or bowing with humility) and say: 'Forgive us,' and We shall forgive you your sins and shall increase (reward) for the good-doers."

59.

فَبَدَّلَ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُ واْقَولاً غَيْرَ ٱلَّذِي قِيلَ لَهُمُ فَأَنزَ لُنَا عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ رجُّزًا مِّنَ ٱلسََّمَآءِ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَفُسُقُونَ



But those who did wrong changed the word from that which had been told to them for another, so We sent upon the wrong-doers *Rijzan* (a punishment) ^[] from the heaven because of their rebelling against Allâh's Obedience. (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*, Vol. I, Page 305).

﴿ وَإِذِ ٱسۡتَسۡقَىٰ مُوسَىٰ لِقَوۡمِهِ ، فَقُلُنَا ٱضۡرِب بِعۡصَاكَ ٱلۡحَجَرَ ۖ فَٱنفَجَرَتُ مَا عُمۡ الۡعَشَرَةِ عَيۡنَا ۚ قَدُ عَلِم كُلُّ أُنَاسٍ مَّشُرَبَهُمُ كُلُواْ وَٱشۡرَبُواْ مِن رِّرْقِ ٱللَّهِ وَلَا تَعۡنَواْ فِى ٱلْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِينَ

And (remember) when Mûsa (Moses) asked for water for his people, We said: "Strike the stone with your stick." Then gushed forth therefrom twelve springs. Each (group of) people knew its own place for water. "Eat and drink of that which Allâh has provided and do not act corruptly, making mischief on the earth."

61.

وَإِذُ قُلْتُمُ يَهُوسَىٰ لَن نَّصُبِرَ عَلَىٰ طَعَامٍ وَ حِدِ فَادَّعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ يُخُرِحُ لَنَا مِمَّا تُنْبِتُ ٱلْأَرْضُ مِنْ بَعُلِهَا وَقِقَّا بِهَا وَفُومِهَا وَعَدَسِهَا وَبَصَلِهَا قَالَا مِمَّا تُنْبِدُلُونَ ٱلَّذِى هُو خَيْرٌ آهُبِطُوا مِصُرًا قَالَ أَتَسُتَبُدِلُونَ ٱلَّذِى هُو خَيْرٌ آهُبِطُوا مِصُرًا فَإِنَّ لَكُم مَّا سَأَلُتُمُ وَضُرِبَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلذِّلَّةُ وَٱلْمَسْكَنَةُ وَبَآءُ و بِغَضَبٍ فَإِنَّ لَكُم مَّا سَأَلُتُمُ وَضُرِبَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلذِّلَّةُ وَٱلْمَسْكَنَةُ وَبَآءُ و بِغَضَبٍ فَإِنَّ لَكُم مَّا سَأَلُتُمُ وَضُرِبَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلذِّلَةُ وَٱلْمَسْكَنَةُ وَبَآءُ و بِغَضَبٍ مِّ مَا لَلَّالَةً وَاللَّهُ مَا كَانُوا يَعُشَدُونَ وَيَقَتُلُونَ فَي اللَّهِ وَيَقَتُلُونَ اللَّهِ وَيَقُتُلُونَ اللَّهِ وَيَقَتُلُونَ اللَّهُ مِنْ بِغَيْرِ ٱلدِّيَ يَعُمُ كَانُوا يَكُمُ مَا اللَّهِ وَيَقَتُدُونَ هَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ الْمُعْلَى وَالْمَسْكَنَةُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ الْمُعْلَى وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُعْلَقُونَ وَاللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ الْمُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْفَالِينَ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ اللِهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل

And (remember) when you said, "O Mûsa (Moses)! We cannot endure one kind of food. So invoke your Lord for us to bring forth for us of what the earth grows, its herbs, its cucumbers, its *Fûm* (wheat or garlic), its lentils and its onions." He said, "Would you exchange that which is better for that which is lower? Go you down to any town and you shall find what you want!" And they were covered with humiliation and misery, and they drew on themselves the Wrath of Allâh. That was because they used to disbelieve the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh and killed the Prophets wrongfully. That was because they disobeyed and used to transgress the bounds (in their disobedience to Allâh, i.e. commit crimes and sins).

62.

Verily! Those who believe and those who are Jews and Christians, and Sabians, $^{\Pi}$ whoever believes in Allâh and the Last Day and do righteous good deeds shall have their reward with their Lord, on them shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve $^{\Pi}$.

63.

وَإِذْ أَخَذُنَا مِيثَنقَكُمُ وَرَفَعُنَا فَوُقَكُمُ ٱلطُّورَ خُذُواْ مَآ ءَاتَيُنَكُم بِقُوَّةٍ وَٱذْكُرُواْ مَا فِيهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَتَّقُونَ ٢

And (O Children of Israel, remember) when We took your covenant and We raised above you the Mount (saying): "Hold fast to that which We have given you, and remember that which is therein so that you may become *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

ثُمَّ تَوَلَّيْتُم مِّنْ بَعُدِ ذَلِكَ فَلُولًا فَضُلُ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحُمَتُهُ - لَكُنتُ مِّنَ ٱلۡخَـٰسِرِينَ 🌚

Then after that you turned away. Had it not been for the Grace and Mercy of Allâh upon you, indeed you would have been among the losers.

65.

And indeed you knew those amongst you who transgressed in the matter of the Sabbath (i.e. Saturday). We said to them: "Be you monkeys, despised and rejected."

66.

So We made this punishment an example to their own and to succeeding generations and a lesson to those who are *Al-Muttagûn* (the pious - see V.2:2)

67.

And (remember) when Mûsa (Moses) said to his people: "Verily, Allâh commands you that you slaughter a cow." They said, "Do you make fun of us?" He said, "I take Allâh's Refuge from being among Al-Jâhilûn (the ignorants or the foolish).

68.

They said, "Call upon your Lord for us that He may make plain to us what it is!" He said, "He says, 'Verily, it is a cow neither too old nor too young, but (it is) between the two conditions', so do what vou are commanded.'

69.

They said, "Call upon your Lord for us to make plain to us its colour." He said, "He says, 'It is a yellow cow, bright in its colour, pleasing to the beholders.'

70.

They said, "Call upon your Lord for us to make plain to us what it is. Verily to us all cows are alike, And surely, if Allah wills, we will be guided."

قَالَ إِنَّهُ مِ يَقُولُ إِنَّهَا بَقَرَةٌ لَّا ذَلُولٌ تُثِيرُ ٱلْأَرُضَ وَلَا تَسْقِى ٱلْحَرُثَ مُسَلَّمَةٌ للَّاشِيةَ فِيهَا قَالُواْ ٱلنَّدنَ جِئْتَ بِٱلْحَقِّ فَذَبَحُوهَا وَمَا كَادُواْ يَفْعَلُونَ لاَّ شِيهَ فِيهَا قَالُواْ ٱلنَّدنَ جِئْتَ بِٱلْحَقِّ فَذَبَحُوهَا وَمَا كَادُواْ يَفْعَلُونَ



He [Mûsa (Moses)] said, "He says, 'It is a cow neither trained to till the soil nor water the fields, sound, having no other colour except bright yellow.' " They said, "Now you have brought the truth." So they slaughtered it though they were near to not doing it.

72.

And (remember) when you killed a man and fell into dispute among yourselves as to the crime. But Allâh brought forth that which you were hiding.

73.

So We said: "Strike him (the dead man) with a piece of it (the cow)." Thus Allâh brings the dead to life and shows you His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) so that you may understand.

74.

ثُمَّ قَسَتُ قُلُوبُكُم مِّنْ بَعُدِ ذَلِكَ فَهِىَ كَالَّحِجَارَةِ أَو أَشَدُّ قَسُوَةً وَإِنَّ مِنَهُ أَلُّنَهَ لَو أَهَدُ قَسُوةً وَإِنَّ مِنْهَا لَمَا يَشَّقَّقُ فَيَخُرُجُ مِنْهُ أَلُأَنُهَ لَوْ وَإِنَّ مِنْهَا لَمَا يَشَّقَّقُ فَيَخُرُجُ مِنْهُ ٱلْأَنْهَ لَوْ أَنْ مِنْهَا لَمَا يَشَّقَقُ فَيَخُرُجُ مِنْهُ ٱللَّهُ وَمَا ٱللَّهُ بِغَنفِلِ عَمَّا تَعُمَلُونَ ٱللَّهُ وَمَا ٱللَّهُ بِغَنفِلِ عَمَّا تَعُمَلُونَ





Then, after that, your hearts were hardened and became as stones or even worse in hardness. And indeed, there are stones out of which rivers gush forth, and indeed, there are of them (stones) which split asunder so that water flows from them, and indeed, there are of them (stones) which fall down for fear of Allâh. And Allâh is not unaware of what you do.

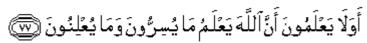
75.

Do you (faithful believers) covet that they will believe in your religion inspite of the fact that a party of them (Jewish rabbis) used to hear the Word of Allâh [the Taurât (Torah)], then they used to change it knowingly after they understood it?

وَإِذَا لَقُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ قَالُوّاْ ءَامَنًا وَإِذَا خَلَا بَعُضُهُمُ إِلَىٰ بَعُضُونَهُم بِمَا فَتَحَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ لِيُحَاجُوكُم بِهِ، عِندَ رَبِّكُمُ أَفَلَا تَعْقِلُونَ ﴾

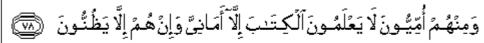
And when they (Jews) meet those who believe (Muslims), they say, "We believe", but when they meet one another in private, they say, "Shall you (Jews) tell them (Muslims) what Allâh has revealed to you [Jews, about the description and the qualities of Prophet Muhammad Peace be upon him, that which are written in the Taurât (Torah)] [I], that they (Muslims) may argue with you (Jews) about it before your Lord?" Have you (Jews) then no understanding?

77.



Know they (Jews) not that Allâh knows what they conceal and what they reveal?

78.



And there are among them (Jews) unlettered people, who know not the Book, but they trust upon false desires and they but guess.

79.

فَوَيُلُ لِّلَّذِينَ يَكُتُبُونَ ٱلْكِتَابَ بِأَيْدِيهِمُ ثُمَّ يَقُولُونَ هَا ذَا مِنُ عَدِ اللَّهِ لِيَشُتَرُواْ بِهِ عَثَمَنَا قَلِيلًا فَوَيُلُ لَّهُم مِّمَّا كَتَبَتُ أَيُدِيهِمُ وَوَيْلُ لَّهُم مِّمَّا كَتَبَتُ أَيُدِيهِمُ وَوَيْلُ لَّهُم مِّمَّا كَتَبَتُ أَيُدِيهِمُ وَوَيْلُ لَّهُم مِّمًا يَكُسِبُونَ عَ

Then woe to those who write the Book with their own hands and then say, "This is from Allâh," to purchase with it a little price! Woe to them for what their hands have written and woe to them for that they earn thereby.

80.

وَقَالُواْ لَن تَمَسَّنَا ٱلنَّارُ إِلَّا أَيَّامًا مَّعُدُودَةً قُلُ أَتَّخَذُتُمُ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ

And they (Jews) say, "The Fire (i.e. Hell-fire on the Day of Resurrection) shall not touch us but for a few numbered days." Say (O Muhammad Peace be upon him to them): "Have you taken a covenant from Allâh, so that Allâh will not break His Covenant? Or is it that you say of Allâh what you know not?"

81.

Yes! Whosoever earns evil and his sin has surrounded him, they are dwellers of the Fire (i.e. Hell); they will dwell therein forever.

82.

And those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh swt- Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, they are dwellers of Paradise, they will dwell therein forever.

وَإِذْ أَخَذُنَا مِيثَنِقَ بَنِي إِسُرَاءِيلَ لَا تَعُبُدُونَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهَ وَبِٱلْوَالِدَيُنِ إِحْسَانًا وَذِى ٱلْقُــرُبَىٰ وَٱلْيَتَىٰمَـــىٰ وَٱلْمَسَــــكِين وَقُولُـــواْ لِلنَّـ حُسُنًا وَأَقِيمُ وا ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَءَاتُواْ ٱلزَّكَوٰةَ ثُمَّ تَوَلَّيْتُمُ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِّنكُ وَ أَنتُم مُعُرضُونَ 🔊

And (remember) when We took a covenant from the Children of Israel, (saying): Worship none but Allâh (Alone) and be dutiful and good to parents, and to kindred, and to orphans and Al-Masâkîn $^{f l}$ (the poor), [Tafsir At-Tabarî, Vol. 10, Page 158 (Verse 9:60)] and speak good to people [i.e. enjoin righteousness and forbid evil, and say the truth about Muhammad Peace be upon him], and perform As-Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât), and give Zakât. Then you slid back, except a few of you, while you are backsliders. (Tafsir Al-Qurtubî, Vol. 2, Page 392).

84.

وَإِذْ أَخَذُنَا مِيثَنقَكُمُ لَا تَسُفِكُونَ دِمَآءَكُمُ وَلَا تُخُرِجُونَ أَنفُسَكُم مِّن دِيَدر كُمْ ثُمَّ أَقُرَرُ ثُمْ وَأَنتُمْ تَشُهَدُونَ ٢

And (remember) when We took your covenant (saying): Shed not the blood of your people, nor turn out your own people from their dwellings. Then, (this) you ratified and (to this) you bear witness.

85.

ثُمَّ أنتُمُ هَنَؤُلاءَ تَقَتُلُونَ أَنفُسَكُمُ وَتُخُرجُونَ فَريقًا مِّنكُم مِّن دِيَـرهِمُ تَظَنهَ رُونَ عَلَيْهِم بِٱلْإِثْم وَٱلْعُدُون وَإِن يَأْتُوكُمُ أُسَنرَىٰ تُفَندُوهُمُ وَهُوَ مُحَرَّمٌ عَلَيْكُمُ إِخْرَاجُهُمُّ أَفَتُؤْمِنُونَ بِبَعُضِ ٱلْكِتَنبِ وَتَكُفُرُونَ ببَعُضِ فَمَا جَزَآءُ مَن يَفُعَلُ ذَالِكَ مِنكُمْ إِلَّا خِزُقُ فِي ٱلْحَيَوٰةِ ٱلدُّنْيَاۚ وَيَـوْمَ ٱلۡقِيَـمَةِ يُـرَدُّونَ إِلَـنَى أَشَـدِّ ٱلۡعَـذَابُّ وَمَـا ٱللَّـهُ بِغَيفِـل عَمًّا تَعُمَلُونَ @

After this, it is you who kill one another and drive out a party of you from their homes, assist (their enemies) against them, in sin and transgression. And if they come to you as captives, you ransom them, although their expulsion was forbidden to you. Then do you believe in a part of the Scripture and reject the rest? Then what is the recompense of those who do so among you, except disgrace in the life of this world, and on the Day of Resurrection they shall be consigned to the most grievous torment. And Allâh is not unaware of what you do

86.

أَوْلَنَبِكَ ٱلَّــذِينَ ٱشُـــتَرَوْاْ ٱلْحَـــيَوْةَ ٱلدُّنْيَـــا بِـــٱلْأَخِرَةٍ فَلَا يُخَــفَّفُ عَنْهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ ٢

Those are they who have bought the life of this world at the price of the Hereafter. Their torment shall not be lightened nor shall they be helped.

وَلَقَدُ ءَاتَيُنَا مُوسَى ٱلْكِتَىبَ وَقَفَّيُنَا مِنْ بَعُدِهِ بِٱلرُّسُٰلِ وَءَاتَيُنَا عِيسَى ٱلنَّيَنَا عِيسَى ٱلنَّيَنِنيِ وَأَيَّدُنيهُ بِرُو جِ ٱلْقُدُسُّ أَفَكُلَّمَا جَآءَكُمُ رَسُولُ بِمَا لَا تَهُوَى أَنفُسُكُمُ ٱستَكُبَرُتُمُ فَفَرِيقًا كَذَّبُتُمُ وَفَرِيقًا تَقَتُلُونَ ۗ

And indeed, We gave Mûsa (Moses) the Book and followed him up with a succession of Messengers. And We gave 'lesa (Jesus), the son of Maryam (Mary), clear signs and supported him with *Rûh-ul-Qudus* [Jibrael (Gabriel) >>]. Is it that whenever there came to you a Messenger with what you yourselves desired not, you grew arrogant? Some, you disbelieved and some, you killed.

88.

And they say, "Our hearts are wrapped (i.e. do not hear or understand Allâh's Word)." Nay, Allâh has cursed them for their disbelief, so little is that which they believe.

89.

وَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ كِتَنَبُّ مِّنُ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ مُصَدِّقٌ لِّمَا مَعَهُمُ وَكَانُواْ مِن قَبُلُ يَسُتَفُتِحُونَ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ فَلَمَّا جَآءَهُم مَّا عَرَفُواْ كَفَرُواْ بِهِۦۚ فَلَعْنَةُ ٱللَّهِ عَلَى ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ ۚ

And when there came to them (the Jews), a Book (this Qur'ân) from Allâh confirming what is with them [the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)], although aforetime they had invoked Allâh (for coming of Muhammad Peace be upon him) in order to gain victory over those who disbelieved, then when there came to them that which they had recognised, they disbelieved in it. So let the Curse of Allâh be on the disbelievers.

90

بِئُسَمَا ٱشَٰتَرَوُا بِهِ مَ أَنفُسَهُمُ أَن يَكُفُرُواْ بِمَاۤ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ بَغُيًّا أَن يُنزِلَ اللَّهُ مَا أَنذَ لَ ٱللَّهُ بَغُيًّا أَن يُنزِلَ اللَّهُ مِن فَضَلِهِ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ مِن فَضَلِهِ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَبَادِهِ مَّ فَبَاءُو بِغَضَبٍ عَلَىٰ غَضَبٍ عَلَىٰ غَضَبٍ وَلِلْكَنفِرينَ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ هَا اللَّهُ مِن وَلِلْكَنفِرينَ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ هَا اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ الللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ الللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ مِنْ اللللْمُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ الللّهُ مِنْ مَا اللّهُ مِنْ أَنْ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ مِنْ الللللّهُ مِنْ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ مِنْ أَلْمُ مِنْ أَلْمُ مِنْ اللّهُ مُنْ مِنْ مِنْ مُنْفُولُ مِنْ أَلّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مُنْ مُنْ أَلِمُ مُنْ أَلْمُ مُنْم

How bad is that for which they have sold their ownselves, that they should disbelieve in that which Allâh has revealed (the Qur'ân), grudging that Allâh should reveal of His Grace unto whom He will of His slaves. So they have drawn on themselves wrath upon wrath. And for the disbelievers, there is disgracing torment.

91.

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ ءَامِنُواْ بِمَآ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ قَالُواْ نُؤُمِنُ بِمَآ أُنزِلَ عَلَيْنَا وَيَكُفُرُونَ بِمَآ أُنزِلَ عَلَيْنَا وَيَكُفُرُونَ بِمَآ أُنزِلَ عَلَيْنَا وَيَكُفُرُونَ بِمَا وَرَآءَهُ وَهُو وَهُو ٱلُحَقُّ مُصَدِّقًا لِمَا مَعَهُمُّ قُلُ فَلِمَ تَقَتُلُونَ أَنْبِيَآءَ اللَّهِ مِن قَبُلُ إِن كُنتُم مُّوْمِنِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِن قَبُلُ إِن كُنتُم مُّوَمِنِينَ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللِهُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ ال

And when it is said to them (the Jews), "Believe in what Allâh has sent down," they say, "We believe in what was sent down to us." And they disbelieve in that which came after it, while it is the truth confirming what is with them. Say (O Muhammad Peace be upon him to them): "Why then have you killed the Prophets of Allâh aforetime, if you indeed have been believers?"

*وَلَقَدُ جَآءَكُم مُّوسَىٰ بِٱلْبَيّنَدِيّ ثُمَّ ٱتَّخَذُتُمُ ٱلْعِجُلَ مِنْ بَعُدِهِ. وَ أُنتُمُ ظُلِمُ ونَ 🐨

And indeed Mûsa (Moses) came to you with clear proofs, yet you worshipped the calf after he left, and you were Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrong-doers).

93.

وَإِذُ أَخَذُنَا مِيثَنَقَكُمُ وَرَفَعُنَا فَوَقَكُمُ ٱلطُّورَ خُـ ءَاتَيُنَكُم بِقُوَّةٍ وَٱسْمَعُوآ قَالُواْ سَمِعُنَا وَعَصَيْنَا وَأَشُرِبُواْ فِ قُلُوبِهِمُ ٱلۡعِجُـلَ بِكُفُرِهِمُۚ قُلُ بِئُسَمَا يَأۡمُرُ كُم بِهِۦٓ إِيمَـنُكُم إِن كُ مُّـوًّ مِنِينَ 🐨

And (remember) when We took your covenant and We raised above you the Mount (saying), "Hold firmly to what We have given you and hear (Our Word). They said, "We have heard and disobeyed." And their hearts absorbed (the worship of) the calf because of their disbelief. Say: "Worst indeed is that which your faith enjoins on you if you are believers.'

94.

Say to (them): "If the home of the Hereafter with Allâh is indeed for you specially and not for others, of mankind, then long for death if you are truthful."

95.

But they will never long for it because of what their hands have sent before them (i.e. what they have done). And Allâh is All-Aware of the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrong-doers).

96.

And verily, you will find them (the Jews) the greediest of mankind for life and (even greedier) than those who - ascribe partners to Allâh (and do not believe in Resurrection - Magians, pagans, and idolaters, etc.). Everyone of them wishes that he could be given a life of a thousand years. But the grant of such life will not save him even a little from (due) punishment. And Allâh is All-Seer of what they do.

97.

Say (O Muhammad Peace be upon him): "Whoever is an enemy to Jibrael (Gabriel) (let him die in his fury), for indeed he has brought it (this Qur'an) down to your heart by Allah's Permission, confirming what came before it [i.e. the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] and guidance and glad tidings for the believers.

مَن كَانَ عَدُوًّا لِّلَّهِ وَمَلَتَبٍكَتِهِ ـ وَرُسُلِهِ ـ وَجِبُريلَ وَمِيكَنلَ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَدُقٌ لِّلُكُسِرِينَ 🚳

"Whoever is an enemy to Allâh, His Angels, His Messengers, Jibrael (Gabriel) and Mikael (Michael), then verily, Allâh is an enemy to the disbelievers."

99.

وَلَقَدُ أَنزَ لُنَآ إِلَيُكَ ءَايَتِ بَيّنَتِ وَمَا يَكُفُرُ بِهَآ إِلَّا ٱلْفَسِقُونَ



And indeed We have sent down to you manifest Ayât (these Verses of the Qur'ân which inform in detail about the news of the Jews and their secret intentions, etc.), and none disbelieve in them but Fâsiqûn (those who rebel against Allâh's Command).

100

Is it not (the case) that every time they make a covenant, some party among them throw it aside? Nay! the truth is most of them believe not.

101

And when there came to them a Messenger from Allâh (i.e. Muhammad Peace be upon him) confirming what was with them, a party of those who were given the Scripture threw away the Book of Allâh behind their backs as if they did not know!

102.

وَٱتَّبَعُواْ مَا تَتُلُواْ ٱلشَّيَعِطِينُ عَلَىٰ مُلَّكِ سُلِّيمَينٌّ وَمَا كَفَرَ سُلَّيْمَينُ وَلَيكِنّ ٱلشَّيَعطِينَ كَفَرُواْ يُعَلِّمُونَ ٱلنَّاسَ ٱلسِّحُرَ وَمَآ أُنزِلَ عَلَى ٱلْمَلَكَيُّن بِبَابِلَ هَـٰـرُوتَ وَمَـٰـرُوتَ ۚ وَمَا يُعَلِّمَان مِنُ أَحَدٍ حَـٰتًىٰ يَقُولَاۤ إِنَّمَا نَحُنُ فِتُنَةٌ فَلَا تَكُفُرَ ۚ فَيَتَعَلَّمُ وِنَ مِنْهُمَا مَا يُفَرِّقُونَ بِهِۦبَيْنَ ٱلْمَرْءِ وَزَوُجِهِۦۚ وَمَا هُم بِضَآرِينَ بِهِ عِنَ أَحَدٍ إِلَّا بِإِذُن ٱللَّهِ ۚ وَيَتَعَلَّمُونَ مَا يَضُرُّهُمُ وَلَا يَنفَعُهُمْ ۚ وَلَقَدَ عَلِمُواْ لَمَن ٱشْتَرَنهُ مَا لَهُ ۚ فِي ٱلْأَخِرَةِ مِنُ خَلَنقٌّ

They followed what the Shayâtin (devils) gave out (falsely of the magic) in the lifetime of Sulaimân (Solomon). Sulaimân did not disbelieve, but the Shayâtin (devils) disbelieved, teaching men magic and such things that came down at Babylon to the two angels, Hârût and Mârût, but neither of these two (angels) taught anyone (such things) till they had said, "We are only for trial, so disbelieve not (by learning this magic from us)." And from these (angels) people learn that by which they cause separation between man and his wife, but they could not thus harm anyone except by Allâh's Leave. And they learn that which harms them and profits them not. And indeed they knew that the buyers of it (magic) would have no share in the Hereafter. And how bad indeed was that for which they sold their ownselves, if they but knew.

103.

وَلُو أَنَّهُمُ ءَامَنُواْ وَٱتَّقَواْ لَمَثُوبَةٌ مِّنُ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لُّو كَانُواْ يَعْلَمُونَ



And if they had believed, and guarded themselves from evil and kept their duty to Allâh, far better would have been the reward from their Lord, if they but knew!

104

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّــنِينَ ءَامَنُـوا لَا تَقُولُــوا رَحِنَا وَقُولُــوا ٱنظُرُنَا وَٱسُـمَعُواً وَالمُــمَعُواً وَالمُــمَعُواً وَالمُــمَعُواً وَالمُــمَعُواً وَلِلْكَنفِرينَ عَذَابُ أَلِيمٌ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَا عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَاكُ عَلَاهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَ

O you who believe! Say not (to the Messenger Peace be upon him) $R\hat{a}'$ but say Unzurna (Domake us understand) and hear. And for the disbelievers there is a painful torment. (See Verse 4:46)

105.

مَّا يَوَدُّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِنَ أَهُلِ ٱلْكِتَبِ وَلَا ٱلْمُشُرِكِينَ أَن يُنَزَّلَ عَلَيْكُم مِّنُ خَيْرٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمُّ وَٱللَّهُ يَخُتَصُّ بِرَحُمَتِهِ - مَن يَشَآءُ وَٱللَّهُ ذُو ٱلْفَضُلِ ٱلْعَظِيم ۞

Neither those who disbelieve among the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) nor *Al-Mushrikûn* (the disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh, idolaters, polytheists, pagans, etc.) like that there should be sent down unto you any good from your Lord. But Allâh chooses for His Mercy whom He wills. And Allâh is the Owner of Great Bounty.

106.

هُمَا نَنسَخُ مِنْ ءَايَةٍ أَوُ نُنسِهَا نَأْتِ بِخَيْرٍ مِّنُهَا ۖ أَوْ مِثْلِهَا ۗ أَلَمُ تَعُلَمُ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ٢

Whatever a Verse (revelation) do We abrogate or cause to be forgotten, We bring a better one or similar to it. Know you not that Allâh is able to do all things?

107

أَلَمُ تَعْلَمُ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَهُ مُلُكُ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِّ وَمَا لَكُم مِّن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مِن وَلِيَّ وَمَا لَكُم مِّن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مِن وَلِيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرٍ ﴿

Know you not that it is Allâh to Whom belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth? And besides Allâh you have neither any *Walî* (protector or guardian) nor any helper.

108

أَمُ تُرِيدُونَ أَن تَسُعَلُواْ رَسُولَكُمُ كَمَا سُيِلَ مُوسَىٰ مِن قَبُلُّ وَمَن يَتَبَدَّلِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ وَمَن يَتَبَدَّلِ اللهُ اللهُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْكُ عِلْمُ عَلَيْكُ عِلَى عَلَيْكُ عِلْمُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْكُ عِلْمَ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَى عَلَيْكُ عِلْمُ عَلَيْكُ عِلَى عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى عَلَيْكُ عَلَى عَلَيْكُ عَلَى عَلَيْكُ عَلَى عَلَيْكُ عَلَى عَلَيْكُ عَلَى عَلَيْكُ عِلْمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى عَلَيْكُ عِلْمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى عَلَيْكُ عَلَى عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْ

Or do you want to ask your Messenger (Muhammad Peace be upon him) as Mûsa (Moses) was asked before (i.e. show us openly our Lord?) And he who changes Faith for disbelief, verily, he has gone astray from the right way.

وَدَّ كَثِيرٌ مِّنُ أَهُلِ ٱلْكِتَىٰ ِ لَوُ يَرُدُّونَكُم مِّنَ بَعُدِ إِيمَٰ نِكُمْ كُفَّارًا حَسَدًا مِّنُ عِندِ أَنفُسِهِم مِّنَ بَعُدِ مَا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُمُ ٱلْحَقُّ فَاعُفُواْ وَٱصْفَحُواْ حَتَّىٰ مِّنُ عِندِ أَنفُسِهِم مِّنَ بَعُدِ مَا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُمُ ٱلْحَقُّ فَاعُفُواْ وَٱصْفَحُواْ حَتَّىٰ مِّنْ عِندِ أَنفُسِهِم مِّنَ بَعُدِ مَا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُمُ ٱلْحَقُّ فَاعُفُواْ وَٱصْفَحُواْ حَتَّىٰ مِّنْ عِندِ أَنفُسِهِم مِّنَ بَعُدِ مَا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُمُ ٱلْحَقُّ فَاعُفُواْ وَٱصْفَحُواْ حَتَّىٰ يَتُ لِيَّ مِنْ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هَا لَا لَهُ بِأَمْرِهِ مَا لَا لَا لَهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هَا اللّهُ بِأَمْرِهِ مَا لَا لَهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هَا اللّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هَا اللّهُ مِنْ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هَا اللّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ اللّهُ اللّ

Many of the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) wish that if they could turn you away as disbelievers after you have believed, out of envy from their ownselves, even, after the truth (that Muhammad Peace be upon him is Allâh's Messenger) has become manifest unto them. But forgive and overlook, till Allâh brings His Command. Verily, Allâh is Able to do all things.

110.

وَ أَقِيمُواْ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَءَاتُواْ ٱلزَّكَوٰةَ ۚ وَمَا تُقَدِّمُواْ لِأَنفُسِكُم مِّنُ خَير تَجِدُوهُ

And perform As-Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât), and give Zakât, and whatever of good (deeds that Allâh loves) you send forth for yourselves before you, you shall find it with Allâh. Certainly, Allâh is All-Seer of what you do.

111.

وَقَالُواْ لَن يَدُخُلَ ٱلْجَنَّةَ إِلَّا مَن كَانَ هُودًا أَوْ نَصَدرَى ۗ تِلُكَ أَمَانِيُّهُمُّ قُلُ هَا اللهُ اللهُ عَن كَانَ هُودًا أَوْ نَصَدرَى ۗ تِلُكَ أَمَانِيُّهُمُّ قُلُ هَاتُواْ بُرُ هَانَكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ صَددِقِينَ ﴿

And they say, "None shall enter Paradise unless he be a Jew or a Christian." These are their own desires. Say (O Muhammad Peace be upon him), "Produce your proof if you are truthful."

112.

بَلَىٰ مَنْ أَسُلَمَ وَجُهَهُ لِلَّهِ وَهُوَ مُحُسِنٌ فَلَهُ ۚ أَجُرُهُ عِندَ رَبِّهِ ـ وَلَا خَوْنُ عَلَيْهِ م وَلَا خَوْنُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحُزُنُونَ ۚ

Yes, but whoever submits his face (himself) to Allâh (i.e. follows Allâh's Religion of Islâmic Monotheism) and he is a *Muhsin* (good-doer i.e. performs good deeds totally for Allâh's sake only without any show off or to gain praise or fame, etc., and in accordance with the *Sunnah* of Allâh's Messenger Muhammad Peace be upon him) then his reward is with his Lord (Allâh), on such shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve. [See *Tafsir Ibn Kathîr*, Vol.1, Page 154].

113.

وَقَالَتِ ٱلْيَهُودُ لَيْسَتِ ٱلنَّصَدرَىٰ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ وَقَالَتِ ٱلنَّصَدرَىٰ لَيُسَتِ ٱلْيَهُودُ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ وَهُمُ يَتُلُونَ ٱلْكِتَنبُّ كَذَٰ لِكَ قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَعُلَمُونَ مِثْلَ قَولِهِمْ فَٱللَّهُ يَحُكُمُ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيَدَمَةِ فِيمَا كَانُواْ فِيهِ يَحُتَلِفُونَ مِثْلُ قَولِهِمْ فَٱللَّهُ يَحُكُمُ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيَدَمَةِ فِيمَا كَانُواْ فِيهِ يَحُتَلِفُونَ



The Jews said that the Christians follow nothing (i.e. are not on the right religion); and the Christians said that the Jews follow nothing (i.e. are not on the right religion); though they both recite the Scripture. Like unto their word, said (the pagans) who know not. Allâh will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection about that wherein they have been differing.

وَمَـنُ أَظُلَـمُ مِمَّـن مَّنَـعَ مَسَـدِدَ ٱللَّـهِ أَن يُذُكَرَ فِيهَا ٱسَّمُهُ وَسَعَىٰ فِى خَرَابِهَٱ أُوْلَتَبِكَ مَا كَانَ لَهُمُ أَن يَدُخُلُوهَاۤ إِلَّا خَآبِفِينَ ۚ لَهُمُ فِى ٱلدُّنُيَا خِرْ يُ وَلَهُمُ فِى ٱلْأَخِرَةِ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿

And who is more unjust than those who forbid that Allâh's Name be glorified and mentioned much (i.e. prayers and invocations, etc.) in Allâh's Mosques and strive for their ruin? It was not fitting that such should themselves enter them (Allâh's Mosques) except in fear. For them there is disgrace in this world, and they will have a great torment in the Hereafter.

115.

وَلِلَّهِ ٱلْمَشُرِقُ وَٱلْمَغُرِبُ ۚ فَأَيْنَمَا تُوَلُّواْ فَثَمَّ وَجُهُ ٱللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ وَسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ



And to Allâh belong the east and the west, so wherever you turn yourselves or your faces there is the Face of Allâh (and He is High above, over His Throne). Surely! Allâh is All-Sufficient for His creatures' needs, All-Knowing.

116

وَقَالُواْ ٱتَّخَذَ ٱللَّهُ وَلَدَّا السَّحَدنَهُ أَبَل لَّهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ وَاللَّهَ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ وَاللَّهُ رَضَ كُلُّ لَهُ وَقَدنِتُونَ هَ

And they (Jews, Christians and pagans) say: Allâh has begotten a son (children or offspring). Π Glory be to Him (Exalted be He above all that they associate with Him). Nay, to Him belongs all that is in the heavens and on earth, and all surrender with obedience (in worship) to Him.

117.

بَدِيعُ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ وَإِذَا قَضَلَى أَمُرًا فَإِذَّمَا يَقُولُ لَـهُ. كُن فَيَكُونُ ٣

The Originator of the heavens and the earth. When He decrees a matter, He only says to it: "Be!" - and it is.

118.

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَعُلَمُ وِنَ لَـوُلَا يُكَلِّمُنَا ٱللَّـهُ أَوْ تَأْتِينَآ ءَايَـةٌ كَـذَالِكَ قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَيلِهِم مِّثُلَ قَولِهِم َّ تَشَعبَهَتُ قُلُوبُهُمُ قَدُ بَيَّنَّا ٱلْأَيَــتِ لِقَوْمٍ يُوقِئُونَ ۚ

And those who have no knowledge say: "Why does not Allâh speak to us (face to face) or why does not a sign come to us?" So said the people before them words of similar import. Their hearts are alike, We have indeed made plain the signs for people who believe with certainty.

119.

إِنَّا أَرُسَلُنَكَ بِٱلْحَقِّ بَشِيرًا وَنَذِيرًا ۖ وَلَا تُسُولُ عَنَ أَصُحَدبِ الْحَدِيمِ اللهُ الْمُعَالُ عَنَ أَصُحَدبِ الْمُجَحِيمِ اللهُ الْمُحَدِيمِ اللهُ الْمُحَدِيمِ اللهُ الْمُحَدِيمِ اللهُ الل

Verily, We have sent you (O Muhammad Peace be upon him) with the truth (Islâm), a bringer of glad tidings (for those who believe in what you brought, that they will enter Paradise) and a warner (for those who disbelieve in what you brought, they will enter the Hell-fire). I And you will not be asked about the dwellers of the blazing Fire.

وَلَىن تَـرُضَىٰ عَنـكَ ٱلْيَهُ ودُ وَلَا ٱلنَّصَـرَىٰ حَـتَّىٰ تَتَّبِعَ مِلَّتَهُمُّ قُـلُ إِنَّ هُدَى ٱللَّهِ هُوَ ٱلْهُدَى ۗ وَلَيِنِ ٱتَّبَعْتَ أَهُوۤ آءَهُم بَعُدَ ٱلَّذِى جَآءَكَ مِنَ ٱلْعِلْمِ إِنَّ هُدَى ٱللَّهِ هُوَ ٱلْهُدَى ۗ وَلَيِنِ ٱتَّبَعْتَ أَهُوٓ آءَهُم بَعُدَ ٱلَّذِى جَآءَكَ مِنَ ٱلْعِلْمِ مَا لَـكَ مِـنَ ٱللَّهِ مِـن وَلِيِّ وَلَا نَصِيرٍ نَ

Never will the Jews nor the Christians be pleased with you (O Muhammad Peace be upon him) till you follow their religion. Say: "Verily, the Guidance of Allâh (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism) that is the (only) Guidance. And if you (O Muhammad Peace be upon him) were to follow their (Jews and Christians) desires after what you have received of Knowledge (i.e. the Qur'ân), then you would have against Allâh neither any *Walî* (protector or guardian) nor any helper.

121.

ٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيُنَدهُمُ ٱلُّكِتَدبَ يَتُلُونَهُ حَقَّ تِلَاوَتِهِ ٱلُّوْلَتِيِكَ يُؤُمِنُونَ بِهِ ۗ وَمَن يَكُفُرُ بِهِ ۦ فَأُوْلَتَيِكَ هُمُ ٱلْخَدسِرُونَ ﴿

Those (who embraced Islâm from Banî Israel) to whom We gave the Book [the Taurât (Torah)] [or those (Muhammad's Peace be upon him companions) to whom We have given the Book (the Qur'ân)] recite it (i.e. obey its orders and follow its teachings) as it should be recited (i.e. followed), they are the ones that believe therein. And whoso disbelieves in it (the Qur'ân), those are they who are the losers. (*Tafsir Al-Qurtubî*. Vol. 2, Page 95).

122

يَسَنِينَ إِسْرَ آءِيلَ ٱذْكُرُواْ نِعُمَتِى ٱلَّتِينَ أَنْعَمُتُ عَلَيْكُمُ وَأَنِّى فَضَّلْتُكُمُ عَلَى ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمُ وَأَنِّى فَضَلْتُكُمُ

O Children of Israel! Remember My Favour which I bestowed upon you and that I preferred you to the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns) (of your time-period, in the past).

123

وَٱتَّقُواْ يَوُمًا لَا تَجُرِى نَفُسُّ عَن نَّفْسِ شَيئًا وَلَا يُقْبَلُ مِنْهَا عَدُلُّ وَلَا تَنْفَعُهَا شَغَدُ لُ وَلَا تَنْفَعُهَا شَغَنْ وَلَا يُقْبَلُ مِنْهَا عَدُلُّ وَلَا تَنفَعُهَا شَغَنْ وَلَا يُعْبَلُ مِنْهَا عَدُلُّ وَلَا يَعْبُونَ عَلَى اللهِ عَنْهُ وَلَا هُمْ يُنصَرُونَ عَلَى

And fear the Day (of Judgement) when no person shall avail another, nor shall compensation be accepted from him, nor shall intercession be of use to him, nor shall they be helped.

124

And (remember) when the Lord of Ibrâhim (Abraham) [i.e., Allâh] tried him with (certain) Commands, which he fulfilled. He (Allâh) said (to him), "Verily, I am going to make you a leader (Prophet) of mankind." [Ibrâhim (Abraham)] said, "And of my offspring (to make leaders)." (Allâh) said, "My Covenant (Prophethood, etc.) includes not Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrong-doers)."

125

وَإِذْ جَعَلْنَا ٱلْبَيْتَ مَثَابَةً لِّلنَّاسِ وَأَمُنَا وَٱتَّخِذُواْ مِن مَّقَامِ إِبُرَهِمْ مُصَلَّىَ وَالْعَدِينَ وَعَهِدُنَاۤ إِلَىٰۤ إِبُرَهِمْ مُصَلَّىٰٓ وَعَهِدُنَاۤ إِلَىٰۤ إِبُرَهِمْ وَإِسُمَعِيلَ أَن طَهِّرَا بَيُتِىَ لِلطَّآبِغِينَ وَٱلْعَدِكِغِينَ وَٱلْعَدِكِغِينَ وَٱلْعَدِكِغِينَ وَٱلرُّكَعِ ٱلسُّجُودِ سَ

And (remember) when We made the House (the Ka'bah at Makkah) a place of resort for mankind and a place of safety. And take you (people) the *Magâm* (place) of Ibrâhim (Abraham) [or the stone

on which Ibrâhim (Abraham) >> stood while he was building the Ka'bah] as a place of prayer (for some of your prayers, e.g. two *Rak'at* after the *Tawâf* of the Ka'bah at Makkah), and We commanded Ibrâhim (Abraham) and Ismâ'il (Ishmael) that they should purify My House (the Ka'bah at Makkah) for those who are circumambulating it, or staying (*I'tikâf*), or bowing or prostrating themselves (there, in prayer).

126.

وَإِذْ قَالَ إِبْرَهِ عُمُ رَبِّ ٱجْعَلُ هَدْذَا بَلَدًا ءَامِنًا وَٱرُزُقُ أَهُلَهُ مِنَ ٱلثَّمَرَتِ مَنْ ءَامَنَ عِنْهُم بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْأَخِرِ قَالَ وَمَن كَفَرَ فَأُمَتِعُهُ وَقَلِيلًا ثُمَّ مَنْ ءَامَنَ مِنْهُم بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْأَخِرِ قَالَ وَمَن كَفَرَ فَأُمَتِعُهُ وقَلِيلًا ثُمَّ مَنْ ءَامَنَ مِنْهُم بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْأَخِرِ قَالَ وَمَن كَفَرَ فَأُمَتِعُهُ وقَلِيلًا ثُمَّ مَا أَضْطَرُ هُوَ إِلَىٰ عَذَابِ ٱلنَّارِ وَبِئُسَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ سَ

And (remember) when Ibrâhim (Abraham) said, "My Lord, make this city (Makkah) a place of security and provide its people with fruits, such of them as believe in Allâh and the Last Day." He (Allâh) answered: "As for him who disbelieves, I shall leave him in contentment for a while, then I shall compel him to the torment of the Fire, and worst indeed is that destination!"

127.

And (remember) when Ibrâhim (Abraham) and (his son) Ismâ'il (Ishmael) were raising the foundations of the House (the *Ka'bah* at Makkah), (saying), "Our Lord! Accept (this service) from us. Verily! You are the All-Hearer, the All-Knower."

128.

"Our Lord! And make us submissive unto You and of our offspring a nation submissive unto You, and show us our *Manâsik* [] (all the ceremonies of pilgrimage - *Hajj* and *'Umrah*, etc.), and accept our repentance. Truly, You are the One Who accepts repentance, the Most Merciful.

129

"Our Lord! Send amongst them a Messenger of their own (and indeed Allâh answered their invocation by sending Muhammad Peace be upon him), who shall recite unto them Your Verses and instruct them in the Book (this Qur'ân) and *Al-Hikmah* (full knowledge of the Islâmic laws and jurisprudence or wisdom or Prophethood, etc.), and sanctify them. Verily! You are the All-Mighty, the All-Wise."

130

And who turns away from the religion of Ibrâhim (Abraham) (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism) except him who befools himself? Truly, We chose him in this world and verily, in the Hereafter he will be among the righteous.

131

When his Lord said to him, "Submit (i.e. be a Muslim)!" He said, "I have submitted myself (as a Muslim) to the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists)."

وَوَصَّىٰ بِهَاۤ إِبُرَ هِمُ بَنِيهِ وَيَعُقُوبُ يَنبَنِيَّ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ ٱصُطَفَىٰ لَكُمُ ٱلدِّينَ فَلَا تَمُوتُنَّ إِلَّا وَأَنتُم مُّسَلِمُونَ ﴿ ﴿

And this (submission to Allâh, Islâm) was enjoined by Ibrâhim (Abraham) upon his sons and by Ya'qûb (Jacob), (saying), "O my sons! Allâh has chosen for you the (true) religion, then die not except in the Faith of Islâm (as Muslims - Islâmic Monotheism)."

133.

أَمْ كُنتُمُ شُهَدَآءَ إِذُ حَضَرَ يَعُقُوبَ ٱلْمَوْتُ إِذْ قَالَ لِبَنِيهِ مَا تَعُبُدُونَ أَلْمَوْتُ إِذْ قَالَ لِبَنِيهِ مَا تَعُبُدُ وِلَا لَهُ فَوْ اللّهَ عَابَآبِكَ إِبُرَ هِمَمَ وَإِلَاهَ فَوْ اللّهَ عَابَآبِكَ إِبُرَ هِمَمَ وَإِلّا مَعْدُونَ مِنْ اللّهُ وَمُسُلِمُونَ السّاقَ وَاحِدًا وَنَحُنُ لَهُ وَمُسُلِمُونَ السّاقَ وَاحِدًا وَنَحُنُ لَهُ وَمُسُلِمُونَ السّاقَ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُل

Or were you witnesses when death approached Ya'qûb (Jacob)? When he said unto his sons, "What will you worship after me?" They said, "We shall worship your *Ilâh* (God - Allâh), the *Ilâh* (God) of your fathers, Ibrâhim (Abraham), Ismâ'il (Ishmael), Ishâque (Isaac), One *Ilâh* (God), and to Him we submit (in Islâm)."

134.

تِلُكَ أُمَّةٌ قَدُ خَلَتُ لَهَا مَا كَسَبَتُ وَلَكُم مَّا كَسَبُتُمُ وَلَا تُسْئَلُونَ عَمَّا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ ﴿

That was a nation who has passed away. They shall receive the reward of what they earned and you of what you earn. And you will not be asked of what they used to do.

135

وَقَالُواْ كُونُواْ هُودًا أَوُ نَصَدرَىٰ تَهُتَدُواً قُلُ بَلُ مِلَّةَ إِبُرَ هِمْ حَنِيفًا ۗ وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ٢

And they say, "Be Jews or Christians, then you will be guided." Say (to them, O Muhammad Peace be upon him), "Nay, (We follow) only the religion of Ibrâhim (Abraham), *Hanifa* [Islâmic Monotheism, i.e. to worship none but Allâh (Alone)], and he was not of *Al-Mushrikûn* (those who worshipped others along with Allâh - see V.2:105)."

136

مُسُلِمُونَ 📆

Say (O Muslims), "We believe in Allâh and that which has been sent down to us and that which has been sent down to Ibrâhim (Abraham), Ismâ'il (Ishmael), Ishâque (Isaac), Ya'qûb (Jacob), and to *Al-Asbât* [the twelve sons of Ya'qûb (Jacob)], and that which has been given to Mûsa (Moses) and 'Iesa (Jesus), and that which has been given to the Prophets from their Lord. We make no distinction between any of them, and to Him we have submitted (in Islâm)."

فَإِنَّ ءَامَنُواْ بِمِثُلِ مَا ءَامَنتُم بِهِ مَ فَقَدِ اَهُتَدَواً وَّإِن تَوَلُّواْ فَإِنَّمَا هُمُ فِي شِعَاقَ فَامِنتُم بِهِ مَ فَقَدِ اَهُتَدَواً وَإِن تَوَلُّواْ فَإِنَّمَا هُمُ فِي شِعَاقَ فَاسَيَكُ فِي كَهُمُ اللَّهُ وَهُوَ السَّمِيعُ الْعَلِيمُ السَّ

So if they believe in the like of that which you believe, then they are rightly guided, but if they turn away, then they are only in opposition. So Allâh will suffice you against them. And He is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower.

138

[Our Sibghah (religion) is] the Sibghah (Religion) of Allâh (Islâm) and which Sibghah (religion) can be better than Allâh's? And we are His worshippers. [Tafsir Ibn Kathîr.]

139.

Say (O Muhammad Peace be upon him to the Jews and Christians), "Dispute you with us about Allâh while He is our Lord and your Lord? And we are to be rewarded for our deeds and you for your deeds. ^[] And we are sincere to Him in worship and obedience (i.e. we worship Him Alone and none else, and we obey His Orders)."

140.

Or say you that Ibrâhim (Abraham), Ismâ'il (Ishmael), Ishâque (Isaac), Ya'qûb (Jacob) and *Al-Asbât* [the twelve sons of Ya'qûb (Jacob)] were Jews or Christians? Say, "Do you know better or does Allâh (knows better... that they all were Muslims)? And who is more unjust than he who conceals the testimony [i.e. to believe in Prophet Muhammad Peace be upon him when he comes, written in their Books. (See Verse 7:157)] he has from Allâh? And Allâh is not unaware of what you do."

141

That was a nation who has passed away. They shall receive the reward of what they earned, and you of what you earn. And you will not be asked of what they used to do.

142.

The fools (pagans, hypocrites, and Jews) among the people will say, "What has turned them (Muslims) from their *Qiblah* [prayer direction (towards Jerusalem)] to which they were used to face in prayer." Say, (O Muhammad SAW) "To Allâh belong both, east and the west. He guides whom He wills to a Straight Way."

وَكَذَالِكَ جَعَلَنَاكُمُ أُمَّةً وَسَطَّا لِتَكُونُ وا شُهدَآءَ عَلَى النَّاسِ وَيَكُونَ الرَّسُولُ عَلَيْكُم شَهِيدًا وَمَا جَعَلْنَا الْقِبْلَةَ الَّتِي كُنتَ عَلَيْهَا إِلَّا لِنَعْلَمَ مَن يَتَّبِعُ الرَّسُولَ مِمَّن يَنقَلِبُ عَلَىٰ عَقِبَيْهِ وَإِن كَانَتُ لَكَبِيرَةً إِلَّا عَلَى اللَّهُ لِيُضِيعَ إِيمَانَكُم أَإِنَّ لَكَبِيرَةً إِلَّا عَلَى اللَّهُ لِيُضِيعَ إِيمَانَكُم أَإِنَّ لَلَّهُ لِيُضِيعَ إِيمَانَكُم أَإِنَّ اللَّه بَالنَّالُ لَيُضِيعَ إِيمَانَكُم أَإِنَّ اللَّه لِيُضِيعَ إِيمَانَكُم أَإِنَّ اللَّه بَالنَّاسُ لَرَوْقُ رَّحِيمٌ عَلَى اللَّه اللَّهُ الْمُعْمِيعَ إِلَا عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمَالَى اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللِلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ

Thus We have made you [true Muslims - real believers of Islâmic Monotheism, true followers of Prophet Muhammad SAW and his *Sunnah* (legal ways)], a *Wasat* (just) (and the best) nation, that you be witnesses over mankind and the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) be a witness over you. And We made the *Qiblah* (prayer direction towards Jerusalem) which you used to face, only to test those who followed the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) from those who would turn on their heels (i.e. disobey the Messenger). Indeed it was great (heavy) except for those whom Allâh guided. And Allâh would never make your faith (prayers) to be lost (i.e. your prayers offered towards Jerusalem). Truly, Allâh is full of kindness, the Most Merciful towards mankind.

144.

قَدُ نَرَىٰ تَقَلَّبَ وَجُهِكَ فِى ٱلسَّمَآءِ فَلَنُولِيَنَكَ قِبَلَةً تَرُضَعَا فَوَلِ وَجُهَكَ شَطُرَهُ وَجُهَكَ شَطُرَ ٱلْمَسُجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ وَحَيْثُ مَا كُنتُمُ فَوَلُّواْ وُجُوهَكُمُ شَطُرَهُ وَ وَإِنَّ الْمَسُجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ وَحَيْثُ مَا كُنتُمُ فَوَلُّواْ وُجُوهَكُمُ شَطُرَهُ وَ وَإِنَّ اللَّهُ بِغَنفِلٍ عَمَّا ٱللَّهُ بِغَنفِلٍ عَمَّا اللَّهُ بِغَنفِلٍ عَمَّا يَعْمَلُونَ عَلَى اللَّهُ بِغَنفِلٍ عَمَّا يَعْمَلُونَ السَّيْ

Verily! We have seen the turning of your (Muhammad's SAW) face towards the heaven. Surely, We shall turn you to a *Qiblah* (prayer direction) that shall please you, so turn your face in the direction of *Al-Masjid- al-Harâm* (at Makkah). And wheresoever you people are, turn your faces (in prayer) in that direction. Certainly, the people who were given the Scriptures (i.e. Jews and the Christians) know well that, that (your turning towards the direction of the Ka'bah at Makkah in prayers) is the truth from their Lord. And Allâh is not unaware of what they do.

145.

وَلَبِنَ أَتَئِتَ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْكِتَنبَ بِكُلِّ ءَايَةٍ مَّا تَبِعُواْ قِبُلَتَكَ وَمَاۤ أَنتَ بِتَابِع بِتَابِعٍ قِبُلَتَهُمْ وَمَا بَعُضُهُم بِتَابِعٍ قِبُلَةَ بَعُضٍ وَلَبِنِ ٱتَّبَعْتَ أَهُوَ آءَهُم مِّنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَآءَكَ مِنَ ٱلْعِلْمُ إِنَّكَ إِذَا لَمِنَ ٱلظَّيلِمِينَ هَ

And even if you were to bring to the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) all the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), they would not follow your *Qiblah* (prayer direction), nor are you going to follow their *Qiblah* (prayer direction). And they will not follow each other's *Qiblah* (prayer direction). Verily, if you follow their desires after that which you have received of knowledge (from Allâh), then indeed you will be one of the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrongdoers, etc.).

ٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَدهُمُ ٱلُكِتَدبَ يَعُرِ فُونَهُ لَكِمَا يَعُرِ فُونَ أَبُنَآءَهُمُ وَإِنَّ فَرِيقًا مِّنْهُمْ لَيَكُتُمُونَ ٱلْحَقَّ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ عَلَى

Those to whom We gave the Scripture (Jews and Christians) recognise him (Muhammad SAW or the Ka'bah at Makkah) as they recongise their sons. But verily, a party of them conceal the truth while they know it - [i.e. the qualities of Muhammad SAW which are written in the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)]^[].

147.

(This is) the truth from your Lord. So be you not one of those who doubt.

148

For every nation there is a direction to which they face (in their prayers). So hasten towards all that is good. Wheresoever you may be, Allâh will bring you together (on the Day of Resurrection). Truly, Allâh is Able to do all things.

149.

And from wheresoever you start forth (for prayers), turn your face in the direction of *Al-Masjid-al-Harâm* (at Makkah), that is indeed the truth from your Lord. And Allâh is not unaware of what you do.

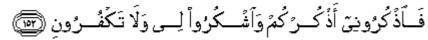
150.

وَمِنُ حَيثُ خَرَجُتَ فَوَلِ وَجُهَكَ شَطُرَ ٱلْمَسْجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ وَحَيثُ مَا كُنتُمُ فَوَلًا وَجُهَكَ شَطُرَهُ لِلنَّاسِ عَلَيْكُمُ حُجَّةً إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ فَوَلُّوا وُجُوهَكُمُ شَطُرَهُ لِلنَّالِ يَكُونَ لِلنَّاسِ عَلَيْكُمُ حُجَّةً إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مِنْهُمْ فَلَا تَخْشَوُهُمْ وَٱخْشَوْنِي وَلِأَتِمَ نِعُمَتِي عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ فَلَا تَخْشَوُهُمْ وَٱخْشَوْنِي وَلِأَتِمَ نِعُمَتِي عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ تَعْمَتِي عَلَيْكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ وَلَعَلَيْكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ وَلَعَلَيْكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ وَلَعْلَكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ وَلَعَلَيْكُمْ وَلَعِلَّكُمْ وَلَعَلَيْكُمْ وَلَعَلَيْكُمْ وَلَعَلَيْكُمْ وَلَعَلَيْكُمْ وَلَعَلَيْكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ وَلَعْلَكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ وَلَعْلَكُمْ وَلَعَلَّكُمْ وَلَعْلَلْ قَلْكُمْ وَلَعْلَتْ فَلَا تَعْفُونُ وَلَعْلَكُمْ وَلَعْلَكُمْ وَلَعْلَكُمْ وَلَعْلُونُ وَلِقُونُ وَلِيْعُمْ وَلَعْلَكُمْ وَلَعْلَكُمْ وَلَعْلَكُمْ وَلَعْلَكُمْ وَلَعْلَكُمْ وَلَعْلَعُمْ وَلَعْلَكُمْ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلِلْكُوالْكُولُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَوْلِهُ وَلَهُ وَلِهُ وَلِهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَوْلَوا وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلِهُ وَلَقَلْكُولُوا وَالْعَلْمُ وَلَوْلُوا وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَعُلْكُونُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلِهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَهُ وَلَوْلُولُوا وَلَعْلُوا وَلَكُولُوا وَلَعْلُولُ وَلَكُولُولُ وَلَوْلُولُولُولُولُولُولُولُولُولُ

And from wheresoever you start forth (for prayers), turn your face in the direction of *Al-Masjid-al-Harâm* (at Makkah), and wheresoever you are, turn your faces towards, it (when you pray) so that men may have no argument against you except those of them that are wrong-doers, so fear them not, but fear Me! - And so that I may complete My Blessings on you and that you may be guided.

151

Similarly (to complete My Blessings on you) We have sent among you a Messenger (Muhammad SAW) of your own, reciting to you Our Verses (the Qur'ân) and sanctifying you, and teaching you the Book (the Qur'ân) and the *Hikmah* (i.e. *Sunnah*, Islâmic laws and *Fiqh* - jurisprudence), and teaching you that which you used not to know.



Therefore remember Me (by praying, glorifying, etc.). \square I will remember you, and be grateful to Me (for My countless Favours on you) and never be ungrateful to Me.

153.



O you who believe! Seek help in patience and *As-Salât* (the prayer). Truly! Allâh is with *As-Sâbirin* (the patient ones, etc.).

154.



And say not of those who are killed in the Way of Allâh, "They are dead." Nay, they are living, but you perceive (it) not.

155.

And certainly, We shall test you with something of fear, hunger, loss of wealth, lives and fruits, but give glad tidings to *As-Sâbirin* (the patient ones, etc.).

156

Who, when afflicted with calamity, say: "Truly! To Allâh we belong and truly, to Him we shall return."

157

They are those on whom are the *Salawât* (i.e. blessings, etc.) (i.e. who are blessed and will be forgiven) from their Lord, and (they are those who) receive His Mercy, and it is they who are the guided-ones.

158.

Verily! As-Safâ and Al-Marwah (two mountains in Makkah) are of the Symbols of Allâh. So it is not a sin on him who perform *Hajj* or *'Umrah* (pilgrimage) of the House (the Ka'bah at Makkah) to perform the going (*Tawâf*) between them (As-Safâ and Al-Marwah). And whoever does good voluntarily, then verily, Allâh is All-Recogniser, All-Knower.

159

Verily, those who conceal the clear proofs, evidences and the guidance, which We have sent down, after We have made it clear for the people in the Book, they are the ones cursed by Allâh and cursed by the cursers.

إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ تَابُواْ وَأَصُلَحُواْ وَبَيَّنُواْ فَأُوْلَتَبِكَ أَتُوبُ عَلَيْهِمُ ۚ وَأَنَا ٱلتَّوَّابُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ

Except those who repent and do righteous deeds, and openly declare (the truth which they concealed). These, I will accept their repentance. And I am the One Who accepts repentance, the Most Merciful.

161

Verily, those who disbelieve, and die while they are disbelievers, it is they on whom is the Curse of Allâh and of the angels and of mankind, combined.

162.

They will abide therein (under the curse in Hell), their punishment will neither be lightened, nor will they be reprieved.

163.

And your *Ilâh* (God) is One *Ilâh* (God - Allâh), *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (there is none who has the right to be worshipped but He), the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

164.

Verily! In the creation of the heavens and the earth, and in the alternation of night and day, and the ships which sail through the sea with that which is of use to mankind, and the water (rain) which Allâh sends down from the sky and makes the earth alive therewith after its death, and the moving (living) creatures of all kinds that He has scattered therein, and in the veering of winds and clouds which are held between the sky and the earth, are indeed *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, signs, etc.) for people of understanding.

165

وَمِنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَن يَتَّخِذُ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ أَندَادًا يُحِبُّونَهُمُ كَحُبِّ ٱللَّهِ وَٱلَّذِينَ عَامَنُوٓاْ أَشَدُّ حُبًّا لِلَّهِ ۗ وَلَو يَرَى ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوٓاْ إِذْ يَرَوُنَ ٱلْعَذَابَ أَنَّ ٱلْقُوَّةَ لِلَّهِ جَمِيعًا وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ شَدِيدُ ٱلْعَذَابِ

And of mankind are some who take (for worship) others besides Allâh as rivals^[] (to Allâh). They love them as they love Allâh. But those who believe, love Allâh more (than anything else). If only, those who do wrong could see, when they will see the torment, that all power belongs to Allâh and that Allâh is Severe in punishment.

إِذْ تَبَرَّ أَٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّبِعُواْ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّبَعُواْ وَرَ أَوُاْ ٱلْعَذَابَ وَتَقَطَّعَتُ بِهِمُ ٱلْأَسْبَابُ ٢

When those who were followed, disown (declare themselves innocent of) those who followed (them), and they see the torment, then all their relations will be cut off from them.

167.

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّبَعُواْ لَوُ أَنَّ لَنَا كَرَّةً فَنَتَبَرَّاً مِنْهُمُ كَمَا تَبَرَّءُواْ مِنْهُمُ كَمَا تَبَرَّءُواْ مِنْهُمُ كَمَا تَبَرَّءُواْ مِنْهُمُ كَمَا شَهُمُ بِخَرِجِينَ مِنَّا لَّكُ يُرِيهِمُ ٱللَّهُ أَعُمَىٰلَهُمْ حَسَرَتٍ عَلَيْهِمُ وَمَا هُم بِخَرِجِينَ مِنَ ٱلنَّارِ اللَّهُ

And those who followed will say: "If only we had one more chance to return (to the worldly life), we would disown (declare ourselves as innocent from) them as they have disowned (declared themselves as innocent from) us." Thus Allâh will show them their deeds as regrets for them. And they will never get out of the Fire.

168.

O mankind! Eat of that which is lawful and good on the earth, and follow not the footsteps of *Shaitân* (Satan). Verily, he is to you an open enemy.

169



[Shaitân (Satan)] commands you only what is evil and Fahshâ (sinful), and that you should say against Allâh what you know not.

170

When it is said to them: "Follow what Allâh has sent down." They say: "Nay! We shall follow what we found our fathers following." (Would they do that!) Even though their fathers did not understand anything nor were they guided?

171

And the example of those who disbelieve, is as that of him who shouts to the (flock of sheep) that hears nothing but calls and cries. (They are) deaf, dumb and blind. So they do not understand.

172

O you who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism)! Eat of the lawful things that We have provided you^[] with, and be grateful to Allâh, if it is indeed He Whom you worship.

إِنَّمَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْمَيْتَةَ وَٱلدَّمَ وَلَحُمَ ٱلْجِنزِيرِ وَمَّا أُهِلَّ بِهِ لِغَيْرِ ٱللَّهُ فَمَنِ ٱضْطُرٌ غَيْرَ بَا خِ وَلَا عَادٍ فَلَاۤ إِثْمَ عَلَيْهُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿ ﴿ اللَّهُ فَمَنِ ٱضْطُرٌ غَيْرَ بَا خِ وَلَا عَادٍ فَلَآ إِثْمَ عَلَيْهُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿ ﴿ ﴾

He has forbidden you only the *Maytatah* (dead animals), and blood, and the flesh of swine, and that which is slaughtered as a scrifice for others than Allâh (or has been slaughtered for idols, etc., on which Allâh's Name has not been mentioned while slaughtering). But if one is forced by necessity without wilful disobedience nor transgressing due limits, then there is no sin on him. Truly, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

174.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَكُتُمُونَ مَا أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ مِنَ ٱلْكِتَنبِ وَيَشُتَرُونَ بِهِ مَنَا قَلِيلًا أُ أُوْلَكَيِكَ مَا يَأْكُلُونَ فِي بُطُونِهِمُ إِلَّا ٱلنَّارَ وَلَا يُكَلِّمُهُمُ ٱللَّهُ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيَامَةِ وَلَا يُكَلِّمُهُمُ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ عَنَى

Verily, those who conceal what Allâh has sent down of the Book, and purchase a small gain therewith (of worldly things), they eat into their bellies nothing but fire. Allâh will not speak to them on the Day of Resurrection, nor purify them, and theirs will be a painful torment.

175

Those are they who have purchased error at the price of Guidance, and torment at the price of Forgiveness. So how bold they are (for evil deeds which will push them) to the Fire.

176

That is because Allâh has sent down the Book (the Qur'ân) in truth. And verily, those who disputed as regards the Book are far away in opposition.

177

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It is not *Al-Birr* (piety, righteousness, and each and every act of obedience to Allâh, etc.) that you turn your faces towards east and (or) west (in prayers); but *Al-Birr* is (the quality of) the one who believes in Allâh, the Last Day, the Angels, the Book, the Prophets and gives his wealth, in spite of love for it, to the kinsfolk, to the orphans, and to *Al-Masâkin* (the poor), and to the wayfarer, and to those who ask, and to set slaves free, performs *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), and gives the *Zakât*, and who fulfill their covenant when they make it, and who are *As-Sâbirin* (the patient ones, etc.) in

extreme poverty and ailment (disease) and at the time of fighting (during the battles). Such are the people of the truth and they are *AlMuttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2).

178.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلُقِصَاصُ فِى ٱلْفَتُلَىُّ ٱلْحُرُّ بِٱلْحُرِّ وَٱلْأَنْفَىٰ بِٱلْأُنْفَىٰ فَمَنْ عُفِى لَهُ مِنْ أَخِيهِ شَيْءٌ فَٱتِّبَاعُ وَٱلْفَبُدُ بِٱلْفَبُدِ وَٱلْأُنْفَىٰ بِٱلْأُنْفَىٰ فَمَنْ عُفِى لَهُ مِنْ أَخِيهِ شَيْءٌ فَٱتِّبَاعُ بِالْمَعُرُوفِ وَٱدَآءٌ إِلَيْهِ بِإِحْسَانٍ ذَلِكَ تَخْفِيفٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ وَرَحُمَةٌ لَا اللّهُ عَرُوفِ وَأَدَآءٌ إِلَيْهِ بِإِحْسَانٍ ذَلِكَ تَخْفِيفٌ مِّن رَّبِكُمْ وَرَحُمَةٌ فَمَن اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مِن اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ عَلْ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ عَلْمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ عَلْمُ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلْهُ عَلَاكُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَاكُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَا اللّهُ عَلْمُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَا اللّهُ عَلَا اللّهُ عَلَا اللّهُ عَلَا اللّهُ عَلَاكُ عَلَا اللّهُ عَلَاكُ اللّهُ عَلَا اللّهُ عَلَالْكُ عَلَاللّهُ عَلَاللّهُ عَلَالْكُولُ عَلَالْكُولُ عَلَا اللّهُ عَلَاكُ عَلَاللّهُ عَلَاكُ عَلَالِكُ عَلَا عَلَا اللّهُ عَلَا عَلَا عُلْكُولُولُ اللّهُ عَلَيْ اللّهُ عَلَا عَا عَلَا عَل

O you who believe! *Al-Qisâs* (the Law of Equality in punishment) is prescribed for you in case of murder: the free for the free, the slave for the slave, and the female for the female. But if the killer is forgiven by the brother (or the relatives, etc.) of the killed against blood money, then adhering to it with fairness and payment of the blood money, to the heir should be made in fairness. This is an alleviation and a mercy from your Lord. So after this whoever transgresses the limits (i.e. kills the killer after taking the blood money), he shall have a painful torment.

179

وَلَكُمُ فِي ٱلْقِصَاصِ حَيواةٌ يَتَأُوْلِي ٱلْأَلَبَسِ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَتَّقُونَ



And there is (a saving of) life for you in *Al-Qisâs* (the Law of Equality in punishment), O men of understanding, that you may become *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

180

It is prescribed for you, when death approaches any of you, if he leaves wealth, that he make a bequest to parents and next of kin, according to reasonable manners. (This is) a duty upon *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

181

Then whoever changes the bequest after hearing it, the sin shall be on those who make the change. Truly, Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

182

But he who fears from a testator some unjust act or wrong-doing, and thereupon he makes peace between the parties concerned, there shall be no sin on him. Certainly, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

183.

O you who believe! Observing As-Saum (the fasting) $^{\Pi}$ is prescribed for you as it was prescribed for those before you, that you may become Al-Muttaqûn (the pious - see V.2:2).

[Observing Saum (fasts)] for a fixed number of days, but if any of you is ill or on a journey, the same number (should be made up) from other days. And as for those who can fast with difficulty, (e.g. an old man, etc.), they have (a choice either to fast or) to feed a *Miskîn* (poor person) (for every day). But whoever does good of his own accord, it is better for him. And that you fast, it is better for you if only you know.

185.

شَهُرُ رَمَضَانَ ٱلَّذِي أُنزِلَ فِيهِ ٱلْقُرُءَانُ هُدًى لِّلنَّاسِ وَبَيِّنَنتِ مِّنَ ٱلْهُدَىٰ وَٱلْفُرُ قَانَ هُرَ مَضَانَ ٱلَّذِي أُنزِلَ فِيهِ ٱلْقُرُءَانُ هُدًى لِلنَّاسِ وَبَيِّنَت مِّ مِن ٱلْهُدَىٰ وَٱلْفُرُ قَانَ مَرِيضًا أَوْ عَلَىٰ سَفَرٍ وَٱلْفُرُ قَانَ مَرِيضًا أَوْ عَلَىٰ سَفَرٍ فَعَدَّةً مِّن أَيَّامٍ أُخَرَ يُرِيدُ ٱللَّهُ بِكُمُ ٱلْيُسُرَ وَلَا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ ٱلْعُسُرَ وَلَا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ ٱلعُسُرَ وَلَا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ ٱلعُسُرَ وَلِا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ ٱلعُسُرَ وَلِا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ ٱلعُسُرَ وَلِا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ ٱلمُعْسَرَ وَلَا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ ٱلمُعْسَرَ وَلِا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ ٱلمُعْسَرَ وَلِا يُرِيدُ بِكُمُ اللّهُ عَلَىٰ مَا هَدَىٰ كُمُ وَلَعَلَّكُمُ تَشُكُرُونَ وَلِئُكُم لَا اللّهُ عَلَىٰ مَا هَدَىٰ كُمُ وَلَعَلَّكُمُ تَشُكُرُونَ



The month of Ramadân in which was revealed the Qur'ân, a guidance for mankind and clear proofs for the guidance and the criterion (between right and wrong). So whoever of you sights (the crescent on the first night of) the month (of Ramadân i.e. is present at his home), he must observe *Saum* (fasts) that month, and whoever is ill or on a journey, the same number [of days which one did not observe *Saum* (fasts) must be made up] from other days. Allâh intends for you ease, and He does not want to make things difficult for you. (He wants that you) must complete the same number (of days), and that you must magnify Allâh [i.e. to say *Takbîr* (*Allâhu-Akbar;* Allâh is the Most Great) on seeing the crescent of the months of Ramadân and Shawwâl] for having guided you so that you may be grateful to Him. I

186

وَإِذَا سَأَلَكَ عِبَادِى عَنِّى فَإِنِّى قَرِيبٌّ أُجِيبُ دَعُوةَ ٱلدَّاعِ إِذَا دَعَانٍّ فَالْتِسْتَجِيبُواْ لِى وَلُيُؤُمِنُواْ بِى لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرُشُدُونَ ﴿

And when My slaves ask you (O Muhammad SAW) concerning Me, then (answer them), I am indeed near (to them by My Knowledge). I respond to the invocations of the supplicant when he calls on Me (without any mediator or intercessor). So let them obey Me and believe in Me, so that they may be led aright. I

187.

أُجِلَّ لَكُمُ لَيُلَةَ ٱلصِّيَامِ ٱلرَّفَثُ إِلَىٰ نِسَآبِكُمُّ هُنَّ لِبَاسٌ لَّكُمُ وَأَنتُمُ لِبَاسٌ لَّكُمُ وَعَفَا لِبَاسٌ لَّهُنَّ عَلِمَ ٱللَّهُ أَنَّكُم كُنتُم تَخْتَانُونَ أَنفُسَكُمْ فَتَابَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَعَفَا عَنكُم فَنَابَ عَلَيْكُم وَعَفَا عَنكُم فَنَابَ عَلَيْكُم وَعَفَا عَنكُم فَنَابَ اللَّهُ لَكُم وَكُلُوا عَنكُم فَا كَتَبَ ٱللَّهُ لَكُم وَكُلُوا وَاشْرَبُوا حَنَىٰ يَتَبَيَّنَ لَكُم ٱلْخَيْطُ ٱلأَبْيَصُ مِنَ ٱلْخَيْطِ ٱلْأَسُودِ وَاشْرَبُوا حَنَّىٰ يَتَبَيَّنَ لَكُم ٱلْخَيْطُ ٱلْأَبْيَصُ مِنَ ٱلْخَيْطِ ٱلْأَسُودِ مِنَ ٱلْفَجُرِ ثُنُ مُ أَيْمُوا ٱلصِّيَامَ إِلَى اللَّيْسَامِ إِلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ الْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

وَ أَنتُ مُ عَكِفُ ونَ فِي ٱلْمَسَ عِجِدِّ تِلْكَ حُدُودُ ٱللَّهِ فَلَا تَقُرَبُوهَا ۗ

كَذَالِكَ يُبَيِّنُ ٱللَّهُ ءَايَنتِهِ عَلِلنَّاسِ لَعَلَّهُمُ يَتَّقُونَ سَ

It is made lawful for you to have sexual relations with your wives on the night of *As-Saum* (the fasts). They are *Lîbas* [i.e. body cover, or screen, or *Sakan*, (i.e. you enjoy the pleasure of living with her as in Verse 7:189) *Tafsir At-Tabarî*], for you and you are the same for them. Allâh knows that you used to deceive yourselves, so He turned to you (accepted your repentance) and forgave you. So now have sexual relations with them and seek that which Allâh has ordained for you (offspring), and eat and drink until the white thread (light) of dawn appears to you distinct from the black thread (darkness of night), then complete your *Saum* (fast) till the nightfall. And do not have sexual relations with them (your wives) while you are in *I'tikâf* (i.e. confining oneself in a mosque for prayers and invocations leaving the worldly activities) in the mosques. These are the limits (set) by Allâh, so approach them not. Thus does Allâh make clear His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, revelations, verses, laws, legal and illegal things, Allâh's set limits, orders, etc.) to mankind that they may become *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

188.

وَلَا تَـــأُكُلُوٓاْ أَمُـــوَالَكُم بَيُنَكُــم بِــالَّبَ طِلِ وَتُدَلُــواْ بِهَــآ إِلَــى الْحُكَّـامِ لِـالَّوْتُمِ وَأَنتُـم تَعْلَمُـونَ الْحُكَّـامِ لِتَـالُّوْتُمِ وَأَنتُـم تَعْلَمُـونَ



And eat up not one another's property unjustly (in any illegal way e.g. stealing, robbing, deceiving, etc.), nor give bribery to the rulers (judges before presenting your cases) that you may knowingly eat up a part of the property of others sinfully.

189

They ask you (O Muhammad SAW) about the new moons. Say: These are signs to mark fixed periods of time for mankind and for the pilgrimage. It is not *Al-Birr* (piety, righteousness, etc.) that you enter the houses from the back but *Al-Birr* (is the quality of the one) who fears Allâh. So enter houses through their proper doors, and fear Allâh that you may be successful.

190

وَقَىتِلُواْ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلَّذِينَ يُقَىتِلُونَكُمُ وَلَا تَعُتَدُوٓاْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ ٱلمُعُتَدِينَ

And fight in the Way of Allâh [] those who fight you, but transgress not the limits. Truly, Allâh likes not the transgressors. [This Verse is the first one that was revealed in connection with *Jihâd,* but it was supplemented by another (V.9:36)].

191.

وَٱقَتُلُوهُمْ حَيْثُ ثَقِفَتُمُوهُمْ وَأَخُرِجُوهُم مِّنَ حَيْثُ أَخْرَجُو كُمُّ وَٱلْفِتُنَةُ أَشَــدُّ مِــنَ ٱلْفَتُــلِ ۚ وَلَا تُقَعِيلُــوهُمْ عِنــدَ ٱلْمَسُــجِدِ ٱلْحَــرَامِ حَـــتَّىٰ يُقَعِيلُو كُمْ فِيـةٍ فَــإِن قَعَلُــوكُمْ فَـاَقُتُلُوهُمُّ كَذَلِكَ جَـزَآءُ ٱلْكَعفِرِينَ





And kill them wherever you find them, and turn them out from where they have turned you out. And AI- $Fitnah^{II}$ is worse than killing. And fight not with them at AI-Masjid-AI-Harâm (the sanctuary at Makkah), II unless they (first) fight you there. But if they attack you, then kill them. Such is the recompense of the disbelievers.

192.

But if they cease, then Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

193

And fight them until there is no more *Fitnah* (disbelief and worshipping of others along with Allâh) and (all and every kind of) worship is for Allâh (Alone). But if they cease, let there be no transgression except against *Az-Zâlimûn* (the polytheists, and wrong-doers, etc.)

194.

The sacred month is for the sacred month, and for the prohibited things, there is the Law of Equality (*Qisâs*). Then whoever transgresses the prohibition against you, you transgress likewise against him. And fear Allâh, and know that Allâh is with *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

195.

And spend in the Cause of Allâh (i.e. *Jihâd* of all kinds, etc.) and do not throw yourselves into destruction (by not spending your wealth in the Cause of Allâh), and do good. Truly, Allâh loves *Al-Muhsinûn* (the good-doers).

196.

وَأَتِمُّواْ ٱلْحَجَّ وَٱلْعُمْرَةَ لِلَّهِ فَإِنَّ أُحُصِرُتُمُ فَمَا ٱسْتَيْسَرَ مِنَ ٱلْهَدُيُّ وَلَا تَحُلِقُواْ رُءُوسَكُمْ حَتَّىٰ يَبُلُغَ ٱلْهَدُىُ مَحِلَّهُ وَفَمَن كَانَ مِنكُم مَرِيطًا أَوُ بِهِ ثَا أَذَى مِّن رَّأُسِهِ وَفَهِدُيَةٌ مِّن صِيَامٍ أَوُ صَدَقَةٍ أَوُ نُسُكٍ مَرِيطًا أَوُ بِهِ ثَا أَذَى مِّن رَّأُسِهِ وَفَهِدُيَةٌ مِّن صِيَامٍ أَوْ صَدَقَةٍ أَوْ نُسُكٍ فَا إِذَا أَمِنتُم فَمَن تَمَتَّعَ بِٱلْعُمْرَةِ إِلَى ٱلْحَيِّجِ فَمَا ٱسْتَيْسَرَ مِنَ ٱلْهَدُي فَمَا أَمِنتُم فَمَن تَمَتَّعَ بِٱلْعُمْرَةِ إِلَى ٱلْحَيِّجِ فَمَا ٱسْتَيْسَرَ مِنَ ٱلْهَدُي فَمَا أَمِنتُم فَمَن تَمَتَّعَ بِٱلْعُمْرَةِ إِلَى ٱلْحَيِّجِ فَمَا ٱسْتَيْسَرَ مِنَ ٱلْهَدُي فَا فَا لَحَيَامٍ فِي ٱلْحَيْمِ وَسَبُعَةٍ إِذَا رَجَعَتُم قَلَى يَكُنُ أَهْلُهُ وَ حَاضِرِى ٱلْمَسُجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ تِلْكَ عَشَرَةٌ كَامِلَةٌ ذَلِكَ لِمَن لَّمُ يَكُنُ أَهْلُهُ و حَاضِرِى ٱلْمَسُجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ إِلَى عَشَرَةٌ كَامِلَةٌ ذَلِكَ لِمَن لَّمُ يَكُنُ أَهْلُهُ و حَاضِرِى ٱلْمَسُجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ إِلَى اللّهَ عَشَرَةٌ كَامِلَةٌ ذَلِكَ لِمَن لَّمُ يَكُنُ أَهْلُهُ و حَاضِرِى ٱلْمَسُجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ

وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَٱعُلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ شَدِيدُ ٱلْعِقَابِ سَ

And perform properly (i.e. all the ceremonies according to the ways of Prophet Muhammad SAW),

the *Hajj* and '*Umrah* (i.e. the pilgrimage to Makkah) for Allâh. But if you are prevented (from completing them), sacrifice a *Hady* (animal, i.e. a sheep, a cow, or a camel, etc.) such as you can afford, and do not shave your heads until the *Hady* reaches the place of sacrifice. And whosoever of you is ill or has an ailment in his scalp (necessitating shaving), he must pay a *Fidyah* (ransom) of either observing *Saum* (fasts) (three days) or giving *Sadaqah* (charity - feeding six poor persons) or offering sacrifice (one sheep). Then if you are in safety and whosoever performs the *'Umrah* in the months of *Hajj*, before (performing) the *Hajj*, (i.e. *Hajj-at-Tamattu'* and *Al-Qirân*), he must slaughter a *Hady* such as he can afford, but if he cannot afford it, he should observe *Saum* (fasts) three days during the *Hajj* and seven days after his return (to his home), making ten days in all. This is for him whose family is not present at *Al-Masjid-al-Harâm* (i.e. non-resident of Makkah). And fear Allâh much and know that Allâh is Severe in punishment.

197.

ٱلْحَجُّ أَشُهُرٌ مَّعُلُومَكُ فَمَن فَرَضَ فِيهِنَّ ٱلْحَجَّ فَلَا رَفَثَ وَلَا فُسُوقَ وَلَا جَرَّ الْحَجُّ فَلَا رَفَثَ وَلَا فُسُوقَ وَلَا جِدَالَ فِي ٱلْحَجِّ وَمَا تَفْعَلُواْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ يَعُلَمُهُ ٱللَّهُ وَتَزَوَّدُواْ فَإِنَّ خَيْرَ جِدَالَ فِي ٱلْأَلْبَيْبِ عِلْمُهُ ٱللَّهُ وَتَزَوَّدُواْ فَإِنَّ خَيْرَ اللَّالَةِ اللَّهُ وَتَزَوَّدُواْ فَإِنَّ خَيْرَ اللَّالَةِ اللَّهُ وَتَزَوَّدُواْ فَإِنَّ خَيْرَ اللَّالَةِ اللَّهُ وَتَزَوَّدُواْ فَإِنَّ خَيْرَ اللَّهُ وَتَزَوَّدُواْ فَإِنَّ خَيْرَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَتَزَوَّدُواْ فَإِنَّ خَيْرَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَتَزَوَّدُواْ فَإِنَّ خَيْرَ اللَّهُ اللْعَلَالُولَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعَلِّلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُعَالَى اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُعَلِّلُولُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِن

The *Hajj* (pilgrimage) is (in) the well-known (lunar year) months (i.e. the 10th month, the 11th month and the first ten days of the 12th month of the Islâmic calendar, i.e. two months and ten days). So whosoever intends to perform *Hajj* therein by assuming *Ihrâm*), then he should not have sexual relations (with his wife), nor commit sin, nor dispute unjustly during the *Hajj*. And whatever good you do, (be sure) Allâh knows it. And take a provision (with you) for the journey, but the best provision is *At-Taqwa* (piety, righteousness, etc.). So fear Me, O men of understanding!

198.

لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمُ جُنَاحٌ أَن تَبُتَغُواْ فَضَلًا مِّن رَّبِّكُمُ فَإِذَاۤ أَفَضُتُم مِّنُ عَرَفَنتِ فَاَذُكُرُواْ ٱللَّهَ عِندَ ٱلْمَشْعَرِ ٱلْحَرَامِ وَٱذْكُرُوهُ كَمَا هَدَنكُمُ وَإِن كُنتُم مِّن قَبُلِهِ عَلَمِنَ ٱلضَّلَيْنَ عَ

There is no sin on you if you seek the Bounty of your Lord (during pilgrimage by trading, etc.). Then when you leave 'Arafât¹, remember Allâh (by glorifying His Praises, i.e. prayers and invocations, etc.) at the *Mash'ar-il-Harâm*. And remember Him (by invoking Allâh for all good, etc.) as He has guided you, and verily, you were, before, of those who were astray.

199

ثُمَّ أَفِيضُواْ مِن حَيْثُ أَفَاضَ ٱلنَّاسُ وَٱستَغُفِرُواْ ٱللَّهَ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ



Then depart from the place whence all the people depart and ask Allâh for His Forgiveness. Truly, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most-Merciful.

200

فَإِذَا قَضَيْتُ م مَّنَسِكَكُمُ فَاذُكُرُواْ ٱللَّهَ كَذِكُرِ كُمُ ءَابَآءَكُمُ أَو أَشَدَّ ذِكُرِ أُ فَصَيْتُ م مَّنَسِكَكُمُ فَاذُكُرُواْ ٱللَّهَ كَذِكُرِ كُمُ ءَابَآءَكُمُ أَو أَشَدَّ ذِكُرَاً فَمِنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَن يَقُولُ رَبَّنَآ ءَاتِنَا فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَمَا لَهُ وَفِي ٱلْأَخِرَةِ مِنُ خَلَق عَنَ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمَعْمَى الْمُعْمَالُولُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللْمُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللْمُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُ عَلَى اللْمُؤْمِنَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِ عَلَى عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنُ عَلَيْ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنُ عَلَى الْمِؤْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِنُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنُ ال

So when you have accomplished your *Manasik* [(i.e. *Ihrâm, Tawâf* of the Ka'bah and *As-Safâ* and *Al-Marwah*), stay at 'Arafât, Muzdalifah and Mina, *Ramy* of *Jamarât*, (stoning of the specified pillars in *Mina*) slaughtering of *Hady* (animal, etc.)]. Remember Allâh as you remember your forefathers or with a far more remembrance. But of mankind there are some who say: "Our Lord! Give us (Your Bounties) in this world!" and for such there will be no portion in the Hereafter.

وَمِنْهُم مَّن يَقُولُ رَبَّنَا عَاتِنَا فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً وَفِي ٱلْأَخِيرَة حَسَنَةً وَقِنَا عَذَابَ ٱلنَّارِ 🗃

And of them there are some who say: "Our Lord! Give us in this world that which is good and in the Hereafter that which is good, and save us from the torment of the Fire!"

202

For them there will be alloted a share for what they have earned. And Allâh is Swift at reckoning.

203.

And remember Allâh during the appointed Days. $^{f I}$ But whosoever hastens to leave in two days, there is no sin on him and whosoever stays on, there is no sin on him, if his aim is to do good and obey Allâh (fear Him), and know that you will surely be gathered unto Him.

204

And of mankind there is he whose speech may please you (O Muhammad SAW), in this worldly life, and he calls Allâh to witness as to that which is in his heart, yet he is the most quarrelsome of the opponents.[]

205

And when he turns away (from you "O Muhammad SAW "), his effort in the land is to make mischief therein and to destroy the crops and the cattle, and Allâh likes not mischief.

206

And when it is said to him, "Fear Allâh", he is led by arrogance to (more) crime. So enough for him is Hell, and worst indeed is that place to rest!

207

And of mankind is he who would sell himself, seeking the Pleasure of Allâh. And Allâh is full of Kindness to (His) slaves.

يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّـــذِينَ ءَامَنُــوا ٱدُخُــلُواْ فِـــى ٱلسِّــلُم كَآفَّــةً وَلَا تَتَّبِعُــواْ خُـطُوَاتِ ٱلشَّيْطَانَ إِنَّهُ ولَكُمْ عَدُوُّ مُّبِينٌ ﴿

O you who believe! Enter perfectly in Islâm (by obeying all the rules and regulations of the Islâmic religion) and follow not the footsteps of Shaitan (Satan). Verily! He is to you a plain enemy.

209

فَإِن زَلَلْتُم مِّنْ بَعُدِ مَا جَآءَتُكُمُ ٱلْبَيِّندتُ فَأَعُلَمُوۤاْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمً



Then if you slide back after the clear signs (Prophet Muhammad SAW and this Qur'ân, and Islâm) have come to you, then know that Allah is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

Do they then wait for anything other than that Allâh should come to them in the shadows of the clouds and the angels? (Then) the case would be already judged. And to Allâh return all matters (for

211

Ask the Children of Israel how many clear Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) We gave them. And whoever changes Allâh's Favour after it had come to him, [e.g. renounces the Religion of Allâh (Islâm) and accepts Kufr (disbelief),] then surely, Allâh is Severe in punishment.

212.

زُيِّنَ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ ٱلْحَيَواةُ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَيَسُخَرُ وِنَ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّقَواْ فَوُقَهُمُ يَوُمَ ٱلْقِيَدِمَةِّ وَٱللَّهُ يَرُزُقُ مَن يَشَآءُ بِغَيْر حِسَابٍ



Beautified is the life of this world for those who disbelieve, and they mock at those who believe. But those who obey Allâh's Orders and keep away from what He has forbidden, will be above them on the Day of Resurrection. And Allâh gives (of His Bounty, Blessings, Favours, Honours, etc. on the Day of Resurrection) to whom He wills without limit.

213.

كَانَ ٱلنَّاسُ أُمَّةً وَحِدةً فَبَعَثَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلنَّبِيِّ نَ مُبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنذِرينَ وَأَنزَلَ مَعَهُمُ ٱلْكِتَنبَ بِٱلْحَقِّ لِيَحُكُم بَيُنَ ٱلنَّاسِ فِيمَا ٱخُـتَلَفُواْ فِيهِ وَمَا ٱخُـتَلَفَ فِيهِ إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُوهُ مِنْ بَعُدِ مَا جَآءَتُهُمُ ٱلْبَيّنَتُ بَعُيَّا بَيْنَهُمَّ فَهَدَى ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لِمَا ٱخْتَلَفُواْ فِيهِ مِنَ ٱلْحَقّ بِإِذُنِهِۦ ۗ وَٱللَّهُ يَهُدِى مَن يَشَآءُ إِلَىٰ صِرَ طٍ مُّسُتَقِيم سَ

Mankind were one community and Allâh sent Prophets with glad tidings and warnings, and with

them He sent the Scripture in truth to judge between people in matters wherein they differed. And only those to whom (the Scripture) was given differed concerning it after clear proofs had come unto them through hatred, one to another. Then Allâh by His Leave guided those who believed to the truth of that wherein they differed. And Allâh guides whom He wills to a Straight Path.

214.

Or think you that you will enter Paradise without such (trials) as came to those who passed away before you? They were afflicted with severe poverty and ailments and were so shaken that even the Messenger and those who believed along with him said, "When (will come) the Help of Allâh?" Yes! Certainly, the Help of Allâh is near!

215

يَسُئُلُونَكَ مَاذَا يُنفِقُ ونَّ قُلُمَ آ أَنفَقُتُم مِّنُ خَيْرٍ فَلِلُولِدَيُنِ وَٱلْأَقَتُم مِّنُ خَيْرٍ فَلِلُولِدَيْنِ وَٱلْأَقَدُرِبِينَ وَٱلْيَتَنمَى وَٱلْمَسَكِينِ وَٱبُنِ ٱلسَّبِيلِّ وَمَا تَغْعَلُواْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَالْيَتَنمَى وَٱللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِيهِ مَ السَّبِيلِّ وَمَا تَغْعَلُواْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِيهِ عَلِيهِ اللَّهِ اللهِ عَلِيهِ اللهُ اللهِ عَلِيهِ عَلِيهِ اللهُ اللهِ عَلَيه اللهُ اللهِ عَلَيه اللهُ ا

They ask you (O Muhammad SAW) what they should spend. Say: Whatever you spend of good must be for parents and kindred and orphans and *AlMasâkin* (the poor) and the wayfarers, and whatever you do of good deeds, truly, Allâh knows it well.

216.

كُتِبَ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْقِتَالُ وَهُوَ كُرِهُ لَّكُمُّ وَعَسَنَ أَن تَكُرَهُ وا شَيْئًا وَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمُّ وَعَسَنَ أَن تُحِبُّواْ شَيْئًا وَهُوَ شَرُّ لَّكُمُ وَٱللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ وَأَنتُمُ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ۚ

Jihâd (holy fighting in Allâh's Cause) is ordained for you (Muslims) though you dislike it, and it may be that you dislike a thing which is good for you and that you like a thing which is bad for you. Allâh knows but you do not know.

217.

يَسُئُلُونَكَ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَكُفُرُ بِهِ وَٱلْمَسُجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ وَإِخْرَاجُ أَهُلِهِ مِنهُ وَصَدُّ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَكُفُرُ بِهِ وَٱلْمَسُجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ وَإِخْرَاجُ أَهُلِهِ مِنهُ أَكْبَرُ عِن ٱلْقَتْلِ وَلاَ يَزَالُونَ يُقَنتِلُونَكُمُ أَكْبَرُ عِن ٱلْقَتْلِ وَلاَ يَزَالُونَ يُقَنتِلُونَكُمُ أَكْبَرُ عِن ٱلْقَتْلِ وَلاَ يَزَالُونَ يُقَنتِلُونَكُمُ حَتَى يَعِن وَينِكُم إِنِ ٱسْتَطَعُوا أَوْمَن يَرَقَدِهُ مِنكُم عَن وِينِكُم إِن ٱسْتَطَعُوا أَوْمَن يَرَقَدِهُ مِنكُم عَن وِينِكُم قَل وَكُمْ عَن وِينِكُم أَلِن ٱسْتَطَعُوا أَوْمَن يَرَقَدِهُ مِنكُم عَن وينِكُم أَلُونَ وَمُن يَرَقَدِهُ مِنكُم عَن وينِكُم أَلُونَ وَمُن يَرَقَدِهُ مِنكُم عَن وَينِكُم قَلْهُم أَلُونَ يَلِكَ حَمِيطَتُ أَعْمَلُهُم فِيها خَلِدُونَ عَلَيْ وَاللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ فَي اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُ فِيها خَلِدُونَ السَّا فَا اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ مَا فِيها خَلِدُونَ السَّا فِي اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ أَمُ حَدِي ٱلنَّالِ هُمُ فِيها خَلِدُونَ السَّا فِي اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْلُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْلُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْلُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللللللللللللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللللللللللللللللللللل

They ask you concerning fighting in the Sacred Months (i.e. 1st, 7th, 11th and 12th months of the Islâmic calendar). Say, "Fighting therein is a great (transgression)^[] but a greater (transgression) with Allâh is to prevent mankind from following the Way of Allâh, to disbelieve in Him, to prevent access to *Al-Masjid-al-Harâm* (at Makkah), and to drive out its inhabitants, and *Al-Fitnah* is worse than killing. And they will never cease fighting you until they turn you back from your religion (Islâmic

Monotheism) if they can. And whosoever of you turns back from his religion and dies as a disbeliever, then his deeds will be lost in this life and in the Hereafter, and they will be the dwellers of the Fire. They will abide therein forever."

218.

Verily, those who have believed, and those who have emigrated (for Allâh's Religion) and have striven hard in the Way of Allâh, all these hope for Allâh's Mercy. And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most-Merciful.

219.

They ask you (O Muhammad SAW) concerning alcoholic drink and gambling. Say: "In them is a great sin, and (some) benefit for men, but the sin of them is greater than their benefit." And they ask you what they ought to spend. Say: "That which is beyond your needs." Thus Allâh makes clear to you His Laws in order that you may give thought."

220.

In (to) this worldly life and in the Hereafter. And they ask you concerning orphans. Say: "The best thing is to work honestly in their property, and if you mix your affairs with theirs, then they are your brothers. And Allâh knows him who means mischief (e.g. to swallow their property) from him who means good (e.g. to save their property). And if Allâh had wished, He could have put you into difficulties. Truly, Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise."

221

And do not marry *Al-Mushrikât* (idolatresses, etc.) till they believe (worship Allâh Alone). And indeed a slave woman who believes is better than a (free) *Mushrikah* (idolatress, etc.), even though she pleases you. And give not (your daughters) in marriage to *Al-Mushrikûn* till they believe (in Allâh Alone) and verily, a believing slave is better than a (free) *Mushrik* (idolater, etc.), even though he pleases you. Those (*Al-Mushrikûn*) invite you to the Fire, but Allâh invites (you) to Paradise and Forgiveness by His Leave, and makes His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) clear to mankind that they may remember.

وَيَسْئَلُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلْمَحِيضِ قُلُ هُو أَذَى فَاَعُتَزِ لُواْ ٱلنِّسَآءَ فِى ٱلْمَحِيضِ وَلَا تَقُرَبُوهُنَّ مِنْ حَيْثُ أَمَرَ كُمُ ٱللَّهُ تَقُرَبُوهُنَّ مِنْ حَيْثُ أَمَرَ كُمُ ٱللَّهُ إِنَّا ٱللَّهَ يُحِبُّ ٱلتَّوَابِينَ وَيُحِبُّ ٱلْمُتَطَهِرِينَ ﴿

They ask you concerning menstruation. Say: that is an *Adha* (a harmful thing for a husband to have a sexual intercourse with his wife while she is having her menses), therefore keep away from women during menses and go not unto them till they have purified (from menses and have taken a bath). And when they have purified themselves, then go in unto them as Allâh has ordained for you (go in unto them in any manner as long as it is in their vagina). Truly, Allâh loves those who turn unto Him in repentance and loves those who purify themselves (by taking a bath and cleaning and washing thoroughly their private parts, bodies, for their prayers, etc.).

223.

نِسَآؤُكُمُ حَرَّتُ لَّكُمُ فَأَتُواْ حَرَّثَكُمُ أَنَّىٰ شِئْتُمَ ۗ وَقَدِّمُواْ لِأَنفُسِكُمُ ۚ وَاَتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَٱعۡلَمُوۤاْ أَنَّكُم مُّلَاقُوهُ ۗ وَبَشِّرِ ٱللَّهُؤُمِنِينَ ﴿ اللَّهَ وَاعْلَمُوۤا الْأَنفُوسِينَ

Your wives are a tilth for you, so go to your tilth (have sexual relations with your wives in any manner as long as it is in the vagina and not in the anus), when or how you will, and send (good deeds, or ask Allâh to bestow upon you pious offspring) before you for your ownselves. And fear Allâh, and know that you are to meet Him (in the Hereafter), and give good tidings to the believers (O Muhammad SAW).

224

And make not Allâh's (Name) an excuse in your oaths against your doing good and acting piously, and making peace among mankind. And Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower (i.e. do not swear much and if you have sworn against doing something good then give an expiation for the oath and do good). []

225

Allâh will not call you to account for that which is unintentional in your oaths, but He will call you to account for that which your hearts have earned. And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most-Forbearing.

226

Those who take an oath not to have sexual relation with their wives must wait four months, then if they return (change their idea in this period), verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

227

And if they decide upon divorce, then Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

وَٱلْمُطَلَّقَ سَتُ يَسَتَرَبَّصُنَ بِأَنفُسِهِنَّ ثَلَاثَةَ قُرُوٓءٍ ۚ وَلَا يَحِلُّ لَهُنَّ اللَّهِ وَٱلْمَوْمِ أَن يَكُتُمُنَ مَا خَلَقَ ٱللَّهُ فِي أَرْحَامِهِنَّ إِن كُنَّ يُوُمِنَّ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْمَوْمِ أَن يَكُتُمُنَ مَا خَلَقَ ٱللَّهُ فِي أَرْحَامِهِنَّ إِن كُنَّ يُوُمِنَّ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْمَوْمِ ٱلْمُعَوْدُ فِي وَلِي وَلِكَ إِنْ أَرَادُوٓا إِصلَاحًا وَلَهُنَّ مِثُلُ ٱلْأَخِرِ ۚ وَبُعُولَتُهُنَّ أَحَقُّ بِرَدِّهِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ إِنْ أَرَادُوٓا إِصلَاحًا وَلَهُنَّ مِثُلُ ٱللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمً ٱلَّذِي عَلَيْهِنَّ دِرَجَةٌ وَٱللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمً اللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمً



And divorced women shall wait (as regards their marriage) for three menstrual periods, and it is not lawful for them to conceal what Allâh has created in their wombs, if they believe in Allâh and the Last Day. And their husbands have the better right to take them back in that period, if they wish for reconciliation. And they (women) have rights (over their husbands as regards living expenses, etc.) similar (to those of their husbands) over them (as regards obedience and respect, etc.) to what is reasonable, but men have a degree (of responsibility) over them. And Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

229.

ٱلطَّلَىٰقُ مَرَّتَانِ ۚ فَإِمُسَاكُ بِمَعْرُوفٍ أَوْ تَسُرِيخُ بِإِحُسَنِ ۗ وَلَا يَحِلُّ لَكُمُ أَن تَأْخُذُواْ مِمَّاۤ ءَاتَيْتُمُوهُنَّ شَيْءًا إِلَّا أَن يَخَافَاۤ أَلَا يُقِيمَا حُدُودَ ٱللَّهِ فَإِنْ خِفْتُمُ أَلَّا يُقِيمَا حُدُودَ ٱللَّهِ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا فِيمَا ٱفْتَدَتُ بِهِ ۚ تِلُكَ حُدُودُ ٱللَّهِ فَلَا تَعْتَدُوهَا أَوْمَ ن يَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَ ٱللَّهِ فَأُوْلَتَإِكَ هُمُ ٱلظَّلِمُونَ



The divorce is twice, after that, either you retain her on reasonable terms or release her with kindness. And it is not lawful for you (men) to take back (from your wives) any of your *Mahr* (bridal money given by the husband to his wife at the time of marriage) which you have given them, except when both parties fear that they would be unable to keep the limits ordained by Allâh (e.g. to deal with each other on a fair basis). Then if you fear that they would not be able to keep the limits ordained by Allâh, then there is no sin on either of them if she gives back (the *Mahr* or a part of it) for her *Al-Khul'* (divorce). These are the limits ordained by Allâh, so do not transgress them. And whoever transgresses the limits ordained by Allâh, then such are the *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers, etc.).

230.

فَإِن طَلَّقَهَا فَلَا تَحِلُّ لَهُ مِنْ بَعُدُ حَتَّىٰ تَنكِحَ زَوْجًا غَيْرَهُ ۗ فَإِن طَلَّقَهَا فَإِن طَلَقَهَا فَلَا خُنودَ اللَّهِ وَتِلُكَ حُدُودُ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَآ أَن يَتَرَاجَعَآ إِن ظَنَّآ أَن يُقِيمَا حُدُودَ ٱللَّهِ وَتِلُكَ حُدُودُ اللَّهِ وَتِلُكَ حُدُودُ اللَّهِ وَتِلُكَ حُدُودُ اللَّهِ يُبَيِّنُهَا لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ يُبَيِّنُهَا لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ يُبَيِّنُهَا لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْمُ الل

And if he has divorced her (the third time), then she is not lawful unto him thereafter until she has married another husband. Then, if the other husband divorces her, it is no sin on both of them that they reunite, provided they feel that they can keep the limits ordained by Allâh. These are the limits of Allâh, which He makes plain for the people who have knowledge.

وَإِذَا طَلَّقُتُمُ ٱلنِّسَآءَ فَبَلَغُنَ أَجَلَهُنَّ فَأَمُسِكُوهُنَّ بِمَعْرُوفٍ أَوْ سَرِّحُوهُنَّ بِمَعْرُوفٍ أَوْ سَرِّحُوهُنَّ بِمَعْرُوفٍ أَوْ سَرِيغُعْلُ ذَلِكَ فَقَدُ ظَلَمَ بِمَعْرُوفٍ وَلَا تُمَّيِكُوهُنَّ ضِرَارًا لِتَعْتَدُوأُ وَمَن يَفْعَلُ ذَلِكَ فَقَدُ ظَلَمَ نَفُسَهُ وَ وَلَا تَتَّخِذُواْ ءَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ هُزُواْ وَاذْكُرُواْ بِعْمَتَ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمُ وَمَآ نَفُسَهُ وَ وَلَا تَتَّخِذُواْ ءَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ هُزُواْ وَاذْكُرُواْ بِعْمَتَ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمُ وَمَآ أَنزَلَ عَلَيْكُم مِن ٱللَّهِ وَالنَّهُ وَالْحِكُمة يَعِظُكُم بِهِ قَوْاتَقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَاعْلَمُواْ أَنزَلَ عَلَيْكُم مِن ٱلْكِتَنبِ وَٱلْحِكُمة يَعِظُكُم بِهِ قَوْاتَقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَاعْلَمُواْ أَنزَلَ عَلَيْكُم مِن ٱلْكِتَنبِ وَٱلْحِكُمة يَعِظُكُم بِهِ قَاتَقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَاعْلَمُواْ أَنْ ٱللَّه بِكُلِ شَيْءٍ عَلِيهٌ ﴿

And when you have divorced women and they have fulfilled the term of their prescribed period, either take them back on reasonable basis or set them free on reasonable basis. But do not take them back to hurt them, and whoever does that, then he has wronged himself. And treat not the Verses (Laws) of Allâh as a jest, but remember Allâh's Favours on you (i.e. Islâm), and that which He has sent down to you of the Book (i.e. the Qur'ân) and Al-Hikmah (the Prophet's Sunnah - legal ways - Islâmic jurisprudence, etc.) whereby He instructs you. And fear Allâh, and know that Allâh is All-Aware of everything.

232.

And when you have divorced women and they have fulfilled the term of their prescribed period, do not prevent them from marrying their (former) husbands, if they mutually agree on reasonable basis. This (instruction) is an admonition for him among you who believes in Allâh and the Last Day. That is more virtuous and purer for you. Allâh knows and you know not.

233

﴿ وَٱلُوَ لِدَتُ يُسرُضِعُنَ أَوُلَدهُ قَصَلُ لَا تُمَولُو فَا لَهُ وَلِيُ لَا يَكُولُو فَا لَا تُحَلَّو لَهُ وَلِي اللَّهُ وَكِسُوتُهُنَّ بِٱلْمَعُرُوفِ فَا يَخْطَلُو فَا لَهُ وَلِي فَا لَا تُحَلَّقُ فَا يَا لَا تُحَلَّقُ فَا يَوْلَدِهَا وَلَا مَوْلُوهُ لَا تُحَلَّقُ فَإِنْ أَرَادَا فِصَالًا عَن تَرَاضِ لَلهُ وبِولَدِهِ فَا وَلَا مَولُو فَا لَا تُحَلَّقُ فَإِنْ أَرَادَا فِصَالًا عَن تَرَاضِ لَلهُ وبَعُوا لَا فَا لَا تُحَلَّقُ فَإِنْ أَرَادَا فِصَالًا عَن تَرَاضِ مِثْلُ ذَلِكَ فَإِنْ أَرَادَا فِصَالًا عَن تَرَاضِ مِثْلُ ذَلِكَ فَإِنْ أَرَادَا فِصَالًا عَن تَرَاضِ مِنْ لَلهُ مِنْ اللهُ عَن تَرَاضِ مِنْ لَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا وَإِنْ أَرَادَا فِصَالًا عَن تَسَلَّونُ ضِعُوا أَوْلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَا وَاللهُ عَن اللهُ عَن اللهُ واللهُ وَاللهُ عَن اللهُ وَاللهُ عَن اللهُ عَن اللهُ وَاللهُ عَن اللهُ وَاللهُ عَن اللهُ وَاللهُ عَن اللهُ واللهُ عَن اللهُ واللهُ عَن اللهُ عَن اللهُ واللهُ عَن اللهُ واللهُ عَن اللهُ واللهُ عَن اللهُ واللهُ واللهُ عَن اللهُ واللهُ اللهُ واللهُ واللهُ

وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَٱعُلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ٣٣

The mothers shall give suck to their children for two whole years, (that is) for those (parents) who desire to complete the term of suckling, but the father of the child shall bear the cost of the mother's food and clothing on a reasonable basis. No person shall have a burden laid on him greater than he can bear. No mother shall be treated unfairly on account of her child, nor father on account of his child. And on the (father's) heir is incumbent the like of that (which was incumbent on the father). If they both decide on weaning, by mutual consent, and after due consultation, there is no sin on

them. And if you decide on a foster suckling-mother for your children, there is no sin on you, provided you pay (the mother) what you agreed (to give her) on reasonable basis. And fear Allâh and know that Allâh is All-Seer of what you do.

234.

وَٱلَّذِينَ يُتَوَفَّوُنَ مِنكُمُ وَيَذَرُونَ أَزُوَ جَا يَتَرَبَّصُنَ بِأَنفُسِهِنَّ أَرُبَعَةَ أَشُهُرٍ وَعَشُرًا ۗ فَإِذَا بَلَغُنَ أَجَلَهُنَّ فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِيمَا فَعَلُنَ فِي آَنفُسِهِنَّ بِٱلمُعَرُوفِ ۗ وَٱللَّـهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُـونَ خَـبِيرٌ ﴿

And those of you who die and leave wives behind them, they (the wives) shall wait (as regards their marriage) for four months and ten days, then when they have fulfilled their term, there is no sin on you if they (the wives) dispose of themselves in a just and honourable manner (i.e. they can marry). And Allâh is Well-Acquainted with what you do.

235.

And there is no sin on you if you make a hint of betrothal or conceal it in yourself, Allâh knows that you will remember them, but do not make a promise of contract with them in secret except that you speak an honourable saying according to the Islâmic law (e.g. you can say to her, "If one finds a wife like you, he will be happy"). And do not consummate the marriage until the term prescribed is fulfilled. And know that Allâh knows what is in your minds, so fear Him. And know that Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Forbearing.

236.

لَّا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمُ إِن طَلَّقَتُمُ ٱلنِّسَآءَ مَا لَمُ تَمَسُّوهُنَّ أَوْ تَفُرِضُواْ لَا جُنَاحَ عَلَى ٱلْمُوسِعِ قَدَرُهُ وَعَلَى ٱلْمُقْتِرِ قَدَرُهُ وَعَلَى ٱلْمُقْتِرِ قَدَرُهُ وَعَلَى ٱلْمُقْتِرِ قَدَرُهُ وَعَلَى ٱلْمُقْتِرِ قَدَرُهُ وَمَتَعَلَا إِلَّمُعَرُوفِ مَعْدُوفِ مَا عَلَى ٱلْمُحْسِنِينَ اللهُ عَرُوفِ مَعْدُوفِ مَعْدُوفِ مَا عَلَى ٱلْمُحْسِنِينَ اللهَ

There is no sin on you, if you divorce women while yet you have not touched (had sexual relation with) them, nor appointed unto them their *Mahr* (bridal money given by the husband to his wife at the time of marriage). But bestow on them (a suitable gif>t), the rich according to his means, and the poor according to his means, a gif>t of reasonable amount is a duty on the doers of good.

237

وَإِن طَلَّقُتُمُ وهُنَّ مِن قَبُلِ أَن تَمَسُّوهُنَّ وَقَدُ فَرَضُتُمُ لَهُنَّ فَإِن طَلَّقُتُمُ وَقَدُ فَرضَتُمُ لَهُنَّ أَن يَعُفُونَ أَوْ يَعُفُواْ ٱلَّذِى بِيَدِهِ عُمُّدَة فَرضَة فَإِلَّا أَن يَعُفُونَ أَوْ يَعُفُواْ ٱلَّذِى بِيَدِهِ عُمُّدَة ٱلنِّكَاجُ وَأَن تَعُفُواْ أَقُصُلَ بَيْنَكُمُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ النِّكَاجُ وَأَن تَعُفُواْ أَقُصُلَ بَيْنَكُمُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُ وِنَ بَصِيرٌ سَ

And if you divorce them before you have touched (had a sexual relation with) them, and you have appointed unto them the *Mahr* (bridal money given by the husbands to his wife at the time of marriage), then pay half of that (*Mahr*), unless they (the women) agree to forego it, or he (the husband), in whose hands is the marriage tie, agrees to forego and give her full appointed *Mahr*.

And to forego and give (her the full *Mahr*) is nearer to *At-Taqwa* (piety, right-eousness, etc.). And do not forget liberality between yourselves. Truly, Allâh is All-Seer of what you do.

238.

Guard strictly (five obligatory) *AsSalawât* (the prayers) especially the middle *Salât* (i.e. the best prayer '*Asr*). And stand before Allâh with obedience [and do not speak to others during the *Salât* (prayers)].

239

And if you fear (an enemy), perfrom $Sal\hat{a}t$ (pray) on foot or riding I. And when you are in safety, offer the $Sal\hat{a}t$ (prayer) in the manner He has taught you, which you knew not (before).

240

And those of you who die and leave behind wives should bequeath for their wives a year's maintenance and residence without turning them out, but if they (wives) leave, there is no sin on you for that which they do of themselves, provided it is honourable (e.g. lawful marriage). And Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise. [The order of this Verse has been cancelled (abrogated) by Verse 4:12].

241

And for divorced women, maintenance (should be provided) on reasonable (scale). This is a duty on *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

242

Thus Allâh makes clear His Ayât (Laws) to you, in order that you may understand.

243

Did you (O Muhammad SAW) not think of those who went forth from their homes in thousands, fearing death? Allâh said to them, "Die". And then He restored them to life. Truly, Allâh is full of Bounty to mankind, but most men thank not.

244.

And fight in the Way of Allâh and know that Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

245.

Who is he that will lend to Allâh a goodly loan so that He may multiply it to him many times? And it is Allâh that decreases or increases (your provisions), and unto Him you shall return.

أَلَّ مُ تَ رَ إِلَّ مِ اللَّهِ مِ اللَّهِ مِ اللَّهِ مِ اللَّهِ اللَّهَ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّه



Have you not thought about the group of the Children of Israel after (the time of) Musâ (Moses)? When they said to a Prophet of theirs, "Appoint for us a king and we will fight in Allâh's Way." He said, "Would you then refrain from fighting, if fighting was prescribed for you?" They said, "Why should we not fight in Allâh's Way while we have been driven out of our homes and our children (families have been taken as captives)?" But when fighting was ordered for them, they turned away, all except a few of them. And Allâh is All-Aware of the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrong-doers).

247.

And their Prophet (Samuel >>) said to them, "Indeed Allâh has appointed Talût (Saul) as a king over you." They said, "How can he be a king over us when we are better fitted than him for the kingdom, and he has not been given enough wealth." He said: "Verily, Allâh has chosen him above you and has increased him abundantly in knowledge and stature. And Allâh grants His Kingdom to whom He wills. And Allâh is All-Sufficient for His creatures' needs, All-Knower."

248.

وَقَالَ لَهُمُ نَبِيُّهُمُ إِنَّ ءَايَةَ مُلْكِهِ مَّ أَن يَأْتِيَكُمُ ٱلتَّابُوتُ فِيهِ سَكِينَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمُ وَبَقِيَّةٌ مِّنَا تَرَكَ ءَالُ مُوسَىٰ وَءَالُ هَـٰرُونَ تَحُمِلُهُ ٱلْمَلَيْبِكَةُ إِنَّ فِى ذَبِكُمُ وَبَقِيَّةٌ مِّمَّا تَرَكَ ءَالُ مُوسَىٰ وَءَالُ هَـٰرُونَ تَحُمِلُهُ ٱلْمَلَيْبِكَةُ إِنَّ فِى ذَلِكَ لَأَيَةً لَّكُمُ إِن كُنتُم مُّؤْمِنِينَ نَ

And their Prophet (Samuel >>) said to them: Verily! The sign of His Kingdom is that there shall come to you *At-Tâbût* (a wooden box), wherein is *Sakinah* (peace and reassurance) from your Lord and a remnant of that which Musâ (Moses) and Hârûn (Aaron) left behind, carried by the angels. Verily, in this is a sign for you if you are indeed believers.

249

فَلَمَّا فَصَلَ طَالُوتُ بِٱلْجُنُودِ قَالَ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ مُبُتَلِيكُم بِنَهَرٍ فَمَن شَرِبَ مِنْهُ فَلَيْسَ مِنِي وَمَن لَّمُ يَطُعَمُهُ فَإِنَّهُ مِنِينَ إِلَّا مَنِ ٱغْتَرَفَ غُرُفَةً بِيَدِهِ مُ فَشَرِ بُواْ مِنْهُ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِّنْهُمُ فَلَمًا جَاوَزَهُ وهُوَ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَعَهُ وَقَالُواْ لَا طَاقَةَ لَنَا ٱلْمَدُودِ حَالُه تَ وَحُنُه دورٌ قَالَ النَّذِينَ عَلَيْهُم أُلَقُه اللَّهُ اللَّه عالمة النبيل بالدانوات والمتولوب بالدانوين يستنون الهم مستوا النبر

كَم مِّن فِئَةٍ قَلِيلَةٍ غَلَبَتْ فِئَةً كَثِيرَةً لِإِذْنِ ٱللَّهِ ۖ وَٱللَّهُ مَعَ ٱلصَّنبِرِينَ ﴿

Then when Talût (Saul) set out with the army, he said: "Verily! Allâh will try you by a river. So whoever drinks thereof, he is not of me, and whoever tastes it not, he is of me, except him who takes (thereof) in the hollow of his hand." Yet, they drank thereof, all, except a few of them. So when he had crossed it (the river), he and those who believed with him, they said: "We have no power this day against Jalût (Goliath) and his hosts." But those who knew with certainty that they were to meet their Lord, said: "How often a small group overcame a mighty host by Allâh's Leave?" And Allâh is with As-Sâbirin (the patient ones, etc.).

250.

وَلَمَّا بَرَزُواْ لِجَالُوتَ وَجُنُودِهِ - قَالُواْ رَبَّنَآ أَفُرِ غُ عَلَيْنَا صَبُرًا وَثَبِّتُ أَقُدَامَنَا وَٱلْحَالُونَ وَثَبِّتُ أَقُدَامَنَا وَٱنصُرُنَا عَلَى اللَّهَ وُم ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ ﴿

And when they advanced to meet Jalût (Goliath) and his forces, they invoked: "Our Lord! Pour forth on us patience and make us victorious over the disbelieving people."

251

فَهَزَمُوهُم بِإِذُنِ ٱللَّهِ وَقَتَلَ دَاوُ مِدُ جَالُوتَ وَءَاتَنهُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمُلُكَ وَٱلْحِكُمَةَ وَعَلَّمَهُم بِبَعُضِ لَلَّهُ المُلُكَ وَٱلْحِكُمَةَ وَعَلَّمَهُ مِ مِمَّا يَشَآءٌ وَلَولًا دَفُعُ ٱللَّهِ ٱلنَّاسَ بَعُضَهُم بِبَعُضِ لَّفَسَدَتِ اللَّهِ النَّاسَ بَعُضَهُم بِبَعُضِ لَّفَسَدَتِ اللَّهُ وَلَعَ لَهُ عَلَى ٱلْعَلَمِينَ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ ذُو فَضْلِ عَلَى ٱلْعَلَمِينَ اللَّهُ

So they routed them by Allâh's Leave and Dawûd (David) killed Jalût (Goliath), and Allâh gave him [Dawûd (David)] the kingdom [after the death of Talût (Saul) and Samuel] and AlHikmah

(Prophethood) II , and taught him of that which He willed. And if Allâh did not check one set of people by means of another, the earth would indeed be full of mischief. But Allâh is full of Bounty to the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

252.

تِلْكَ ءَايَنتُ ٱللَّهِ نَتُلُوهَا عَلَيْكَ بِٱلْحَقِّ ۚ وَإِنَّكَ لَمِنَ ٱلْمُرُسَلِينَ

These are the Verses of Allâh, We recite them to you (O Muhammad SAW) in truth, and surely, you are one of the Messengers (of Allâh).

253.

Those Messengers! We preferred some to others; to some of them Allâh spoke (directly); others He raised to degrees (of honour); and to 'lesa (Jesus), the son of Maryam (Mary), We gave clear proofs and evidences, and supported him with *Rûh-ul-Qudus* [Jibrael (Gabriel)]. If Allâh had willed, succeeding generations would not have fought against each other, after clear Verses of Allâh had come to them, but they differed - some of them believed and others disbelieved. If Allâh had willed, they would not have fought against one another, but Allâh does what He likes.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓا أَنفِقُوا مِمَّا رَزَقَنَىكُم مِّن قَبُلِ أَن يَأُتِيَ يَوُمُّ لَا بَيُّعُ فِيهِ وَلَا خُلَّةٌ وَلَا شَفَىعَةٌ وَٱلْكَنفِرُونَ هُمُ ٱلظَّنلِمُونَ

O you who believe! Spend of that with which We have provided for you, before a Day comes when there will be no bargaining, nor friendship, nor intercession. And it is the disbelievers who are the Zâlimûn (wrong-doers, etc.).

255.

ٱللَّهُ لاَ إِلَىهَ إِلاَّهُ وَ ٱلْحَيُّ ٱلْقَيُّومُ لَا تَأَخُذُهُ وسِنَةٌ وَلَا نَوَّمُ لَهُ وَمَا فِي ٱللَّمَ مَن وَا ٱلَّذِي يَشُفَعُ عِندَهُ وَ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِهِ عَيْلَمُ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مَن ذَا ٱلَّذِي يَشُفَعُ عِندَهُ وَ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِهِ عَيْلَمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمُ وَمَا خَلُفَهُمُ وَلَا يُحِيطُونَ بِشَيءٍ مِّن عِلْمِهِ وَ إِلَّا بِمَا شَآءً مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمُ وَمَا خَلُفَهُمُ وَلَا يُحِيطُونَ بِشَيءٍ مِّن عِلْمِهِ وَ إِلَّا بِمَا شَآءً وَسِعَ كُرُسِيهُ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَلَا يَتُودُهُ وحِفَظُهُمَا وَهُ وَ ٱلْعَلِي وَالْعَلِي وَالْعَلِي اللَّهُ مَا وَهُ وَ ٱلْعَلِي اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا وَالْمَالِقُولُ اللَّهُ وَالْعَلِي اللَّهُ وَالْعَلِي اللَّهُ مِنْ عَلَيْهِمُ الْوَهُ وَ ٱلْعَلِي اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مَا وَالْعَلِي اللَّهُ وَالْعَلِي اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْعَلِي اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا أَوْهُ وَ ٱلْعَلِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا أَوْهُ وَ ٱلْعَلِي اللَّهُ مِنْ عِلْمُ الْعَلْمُ الْمَالِقُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا أَوْهُ وَ ٱلْعَلِي مُ اللَّهُ مُن الْعَلْمُ اللَّهُ مَا أَوْهُ وَ ٱلْعَلِي اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ عَلْمُ اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مَا أَوْهُ وَ ٱلْعَلِي مُ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ الْعَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِنْ الْعَلْمُ اللَّهُ مَا أَوْهُ وَ ٱلْعُلِي اللَّهُ مُنْ فَا اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ الْعَلِيمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ الْمَالِمُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللْمُعْلِيمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ الْعَلْمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللْمُعْلِيمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ الْعَلْمُ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللِّهُ اللْعَلِيمُ اللْعُلِيمُ اللْعُلِيمُ اللْمُعْلِيمُ اللْعُلِيمُ اللْعُلِيمُ اللْمُعْلِيمُ اللْعِلْمُ اللْمُعْلِيمُ اللْعُلِيمُ اللْعِلْمُ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُعْلِيمُ اللْعُلِيمُ الْعِلْمُ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمِنْ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُؤْمِلُولُ الْعِلْمُ اللْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُؤْمِ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُعْلِيمُ اللْمُعْلِيمُ اللْعُلِيمُ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُعْلِيمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُعْلِيمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ

Allâh! *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the Ever Living, the One Who sustains and protects all that exists. Neither slumber, nor sleep overtake Him. To Him belongs whatever is in the heavens and whatever is on earth. Who is he that can intercede with Him except with His Permission? He knows what happens to them (His creatures) in this world, and what will happen to them in the Hereafter . And they will never compass anything of His Knowledge except that which He wills. His *Kursi* extends over the heavens and the earth, and He feels no fatigue in guarding and preserving them. And He is the Most High, the Most Great. [This Verse 2:255 is called *Ayat-ul-Kursî*.]

256

لآ إِكُرَاهَ فِي ٱلدِّينِ ۗ قَد تَّبَيَّنَ ٱلرُّشُدُ مِنَ ٱلْغَيِّ فَمَن يَكُفُرُ بِٱلطَّعَوْتِ
وَيُؤُمِنُ بِٱللَّهِ فَقَدِ ٱسُتَمُسَكَ بِٱلْعُرُوَةِ ٱلْوُثْقَىٰ لَا ٱنفِصَامَ لَهَا ۗ وَٱللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ

عَلِيمٌ 🌚

There is no compulsion in religion. Verily, the Right Path has become distinct from the wrong path. Whoever disbelieves in $T = T^2 + T^2$

257.

ٱللَّـهُ وَلِـنُ ٱلَّـذِينَ ءَامَنُـواْ يُخُرِجُهُم مِّـنَ ٱلظُّلُمَـتِ إِلَـى ٱلنُّـورِ وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓاْ أَوْلِيَـآؤُهُمُ ٱلطَّنغُـوتُ يُخْرِجُـونَهُم مِّـنَ ٱلنُّـورِ إِلَـى ٱلظُّلُمَـتِ ۗ أُوْلَيَ إِلَى أَصْحَبُ ٱلنَّارِ ۗ هُمَ فِيهَا خَلِدُونَ ﴿

Allâh is the *Walî* (Protector or Guardian) of those who believe. He brings them out from darkness into light. But as for those who disbelieve, their *Auliyâ* (supporters and helpers) are *Tâghût* [false deities and false leaders, etc.], they bring them out from light into darkness. Those are the dwellers of the Fire, and they will abide therein forever.

أَلَمُ تَرَ إِلَى ٱلَّذِى حَآجَ إِبُرَهِمَ فِى رَبِّهِ أَنُ ءَاتَنهُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمُلْكَ إِذْ قَالَ إِبُرَهِمَ فِي رَبِّهِ أَنَا أُخْيِه وَأُمِيتُ قَالَ إِبْرَهِمُ إِبْرَهِمُ وَيُمِيتُ قَالَ أَنَا أُخْيِه وَأُمِيتُ قَالَ إِبْرَهِمُ وَيُمِيتُ قَالَ أَنَا أُخْيِه وَأُمِيتُ قَالَ إِبْرَهِمُ فَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَرْفِ وَأُمِيتُ آلَّذِي فَا إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ مُسِمِنَ ٱلْمَشُرِقِ فَأْتِ بِهَا مِنَ ٱلْمَغُرِبِ فَبْهِتَ ٱلَّذِي كَاللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللِّهُ الللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْلِي الللللْلَهُ الللللِّهُ الللللِّهُ الللللَّةُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ الللللَّةُ الللللِّهُ اللللللْمُ الللللْمُ اللللْلِلْمُ اللَّلْمُ اللللْمُ الللللْمُ الللللْمُ الللللْمُ الللللْمُ اللللْمُ الللْمُ اللللْمُ اللَّلْمُ الللللْمُ الللْمُلْمُ الللْمُ اللَّلُمُ الللْمُلْمُ الللْمُلْمُ الللْمُ اللَّلْمُ الللْمُ اللللْمُ

Have you not looked at him who disputed with Ibrâhim (Abraham) about his Lord (Allâh), because Allâh had given him the kingdom? When Ibrâhim (Abraham) said (to him): "My Lord (Allâh) is He Who gives life and causes death." He said, "I give life and cause death." Ibrâhim (Abraham) said, "Verily! Allâh causes the sun to rise from the east; then cause it you to rise from the west." So the disbeliever was utterly defeated. And Allâh guides not the people, who are *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers, etc.).

259.

أَوْ كَالَّذِى مَرَّ عَلَى فَرُيَةٍ وَهِى خَاوِيَةٌ عَلَى عُرُوشِهَا قَالَ أَوْ كَالَّذِى مَرَّ عَلَى عُرُوشِها قَالَ أَوْ بَعْ مَ خَاوِيَةٌ عَامٍ ثُمَّ بَعَفَهُ وَقَالَ أَوْ بَعْ ضَ يَوْمٍ قَالَ بَل لَّبِثُتَ عَامٍ ثُمَّ بَعَفَهُ وَقَالَ كَمُ لَبِثُتَ قَالَ لَبِثُتُ قَالَ لَبِثُتَ عَامٍ ثَمَ اللَّهُ مِائَة عَامٍ ثَمَ لَبِثُتَ قَالَ لَبِثُتَ عَامٍ كَمُ لَبِثُتَ قَالَ لَبِثُ تَعَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَى لَا لِبُثُتَ عَامٍ فَا اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلُ مَ يَتَسَنَّةٌ وَانظُر إِلَى حِمَارِكَ فَا اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِ شَيْ وَانظُر إِلَى حِمَارِكَ وَانظُر إِلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِ شَيْ وَانظُر إِلَى حَمَارِكَ وَانظُر إِلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِ شَيْ وَانظُر إِلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِ شَيْ وَانظُر وَانظُر إِلَى الْعَظَامِ كَيْفَ نُنشِرُهَا ثُمُ وَلِينَا اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ عَلَى تَكُسُوهَا لَحُمَّا فَلَمَّا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُ وَقَالَ أَعْلَمُ أَنَّ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هَا ثُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هَا ثَمُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هَا فَالَا اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هَا فَالَ الْعَلَمُ أَنَّ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هَا اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هَا اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هَا لَا اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هُا لَا اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَعْدِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ شَعْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عُلَا لَا لَا عَلَىٰ كُلِ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عُلَىٰ عَلَىٰ كُلِ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ كُلُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عُلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَمُ عَلَىٰ عَلَى عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَ

Or like the one who passed by a town and it had tumbled over its roofs. He said: "Oh! How will Allâh ever bring it to life after its death?" So Allâh caused him to die for a hundred years, then raised him up (again). He said: "How long did you remain (dead)?" He (the man) said: "(Perhaps) I remained (dead) a day or part of a day". He said: "Nay, you have remained (dead) for a hundred years, look at your food and your drink, they show no change; and look at your donkey! And thus We have made of you a sign for the people. Look at the bones, how We bring them together and clothe them with flesh". When this was clearly shown to him, he said, "I know (now) that Allâh is Able to do all things."

260

وَإِذُ قَالَ إِسُرَ هِمُ رَبِّ أَرِنِى كَيْفَ تُحُىِ ٱلْمَوْتَى قَالَ أَوَلَىمُ

تُوُمِنَ قَالَ بَلَى وَلَدكِن لِيَطُمَيِنَ قَلْبِى قَالُولَ فَخُذُ أَرُبَعَةً مِّنَ

الطَّيْرِ فَصُرَهُنَ إِلَيْكَ ثُمَّ اجُعَلُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ جَبَلٍ مِنْهُنَ جُزُءًا ثُمَّ

الطَّيْرِ فَصُرَهُنَ إِلَيْكَ ثُمَّ اجُعَلُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ جَبَلٍ مِنْهُنَ جُزُءًا ثُمَّ ادْعُهُنَ يَأْتِينَكَ سَعْيًا وَاعْلَمُ أَنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ
ادْعُهُنَ يَأْتِينَكَ سَعْيًا وَاعْلَمُ أَنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَنِيزُ مَكِيمٌ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَنِيزُ عَكِيمٌ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَالَمُ اللَّهُ عَنِيزُ عَكِيمٌ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلِيهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ الْعَلَامُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَامُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الَهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

And (remember) when Ibrâhim (Abraham) said, "My Lord! Show me how You give life to the dead." He (Allâh) said: "Do you not believe?" He [Ibrâhim (Abraham)] said: "Yes (I believe), but to be stronger in Faith." He said: "Take four birds, then cause them to incline towards you (then slaughter them, cut them into pieces), and then put a portion of them on every hill, and call them, they will come to you in haste. And know that Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise."

مَّثَ لُ ٱلَّ ذِينَ يُنفِقُ وِنَ أَمُ وَالَهُمُ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ كَمَثَ لِ حَبَّةٍ أَنْبَتَتُ سَبُعَ سَنابِلَ فِى كُلِّ سُنْبُلَةٍ مِّاثَةُ حَبَّةٍ وَٱللَّهُ يُضَعِفُ لِمَان يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ وَسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ شَ

The likeness of those who spend their wealth in the Way of Allâh, is as the likeness of a grain (of corn); it grows seven ears, and each ear has a hundred grains. Allâh gives manifold increase to whom He pleases. And Allâh is All-Sufficient for His creatures' needs, All-Knower.

262

ٱلَّـذِينَ يُنفِقُـونَ أَمُـوَالَهُمُ فِى سَـبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ ثُمَّ لَا يُتَبِعُونَ مَٱ أَنفَقُواْ مَنَّا وَلَا ٓ أَذَى لَّهُ مُ أَجُـرُهُمُ عِندَ رَبِّهِ مُ وَلَا خَوُفُّ عَلَيْهِمُ وَلَا هُمُ يَحُرَنُونَ



Those who spend their wealth in the Cause of Allâh, and do not follow up their gif>ts with reminders of their generosity or with injury, their reward is with their Lord. On them shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve.

263.

قَوْلُ مَّعُرُوفٌ وَمَغُفِرَةً خَيْرٌ مِّن صَدَقَةٍ يَتُبَعُهَا أَذَى وَاللَّهُ غَنِيٌّ حَلِيمٌ



Kind words and forgiving of faults are better than Sadaqah (charity) followed by injury. And Allâh is Rich (Free of all wants) and He is Most-Forbearing.

264.

O you who believe! Do not render in vain your *Sadaqah* (charity) by reminders of your generosity or by injury, like him who spends his wealth to be seen of men, and he does not believe in Allâh, nor in the Last Day. His likeness is the likeness of a smooth rock on which is a little dust; on it falls heavy rain which leaves it bare. They are not able to do anything with what they have earned. And Allâh does not guide the disbelieving people.

265.

وَمَثَلُ ٱلَّذِينَ يُنفِقُونَ أَمُو اللَّهُمُ ٱبُتِغَآءَ مَرُ ضَاتِ ٱللَّهِ وَتَثُبِيتًا مِّنَ أَنفُسِهِمُ كَمَثَلِ جَنَّةٍ بِرَبُوةٍ أَصَابَهَا وَابِلُّ فَتَاتَتُ أُكُلَهَا ضِعُفَيُنِ فَإِن لَّمُ يُصِبُهَا وَابِلُّ فَتَاتَتُ أُكُلَهَا ضِعُفَيُنِ فَإِن لَّمُ يُصِبُهَا وَابِلُّ فَطَلُّ وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرُ سَ

And the likeness of those who spend their wealth seeking Allâh's Pleasure while they in their ownselves are sure and certain that Allâh will reward them (for their spending in His Cause), is the likeness of a garden on a height; heavy rain falls on it and it doubles its yield of harvest. And if it does not receive heavy rain, light rain suffices it. And Allâh is All-Seer of (knows well) what you do.

Would any of you wish to have a garden with date-palms and vines, with rivers flowing underneath, and all kinds of fruits for him therein, while he is striken with old age, and his children are weak (not able to look after themselves), then it is struck with a fiery whirlwind, so that it is burnt? Thus does Allâh make clear His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses) to you that you may give thought ...

267.

يَتَأَيُّهَ اللَّذِينَ ءَامَنُ وَا أَنفِقُ وا مِن طَيِّبَ بَ مَا كَسَبُتُمُ وَمِمَّ آ أَخُرَجُنَا لَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْأَرُضِ وَلَا تَيَمَّمُ وا ٱلْخَبِيثَ مِنْهُ تُنفِقُ ونَ وَلَسُتُم بِعَا خِذِيهِ إِلَّا أَن تُعُمِضُ واْ فِيهِ وَٱعْلَمُ وَا أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَنِي حَمِيدٌ سَ

O you who believe! Spend of the good things which you have (legally) earned, and of that which We have produced from the earth for you, and do not aim at that which is bad to spend from it, (though) you would not accept it save if you close your eyes and tolerate therein. And know that Allâh is Rich (Free of all wants), and Worthy of all praise.

268

Shaitân (Satan) threatens you with poverty and orders you to commit Fahshâ (evil deeds, illegal sexual intercourse, sins etc.); whereas Allâh promises you Forgiveness from Himself and Bounty, and Allâh is All-Sufficient for His creatures' needs, All-Knower.

269

He grants *Hikmah* to whom He pleases, and he, to whom *Hikmah* is granted, is indeed granted abundant good. But none remember (will receive admonition) except men of understanding.

270

And whatever you spend for spendings (e.g., in *Sadaqah* - charity, etc. for Allâh's Cause) or whatever vow you make, be sure Allâh knows it all. And for the *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers, etc.) there are no helpers.

271

If you disclose your *Sadaqât* (alms-giving), it is well, but if you conceal it, and give it to the poor, that is better for you. (Allâh) will forgive you some of your sins. And Allâh is Well-Acquainted with what you do.

Not upon you (Muhammad SAW) is their guidance, but Allâh guides whom He wills. And whatever you spend in good, it is for yourselves, when you spend not except seeking Allâh's Countenance. And whatever you spend in good, it will be repaid to you in full, and you shall not be wronged.

273.

لِلْفُقَ رَآءِ ٱلَّذِينَ أُحُصِرُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ لَا يَسُتَطِيعُونَ ضَرَّبًا فِي ٱلْفُقَ رَآءِ ٱلَّذِينَ أُحُصِرُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ لَا يَسُتَطِيعُونَ ضَرَّبًا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ يَحُسَبُهُمُ ٱلْجَاهِلُ أَغْنِيَآءَ مِنَ ٱلتَّعَقُّفِ تَعُرِ فَهُم بِسِيمَنهُمُ لَا يَسْتَلُونَ ٱلنَّاسَ إِلُحَافًا وَمَا تُنفِقُواْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِيمٌ سَ

(Charity is) for *Fuqarâ* (the poor), who in Allâh's Cause are restricted (from travel), and cannot move about in the land (for trade or work). The one who knows them not, thinks that they are rich because of their modesty. You may know them by their mark, they do not beg of people at all. And whatever you spend in good, surely Allâh knows it well.

274.

ٱلَّـذِينَ يُنفِقُ ونَ أَمُـوَالَهُم بِٱلَّيُلِ وَٱلنَّهَارِ سِرَّا وَعَلَانِيَـةً فَلَهُمُ أَجُرُهُمُ عِندَ رَبِّهِم وَلَا خَـوُفُ عَلَيْهِم وَلَا هُـم يَحُـزَنُونَ ۞

Those who spend their wealth (in Allâh's Cause) by night and day, in secret and in public, they shall have their reward with their Lord. On them shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve.

275.

ٱلَّذِينَ يَأُكُلُونَ ٱلرِّبَوا لَا يَقُومُونَ إِلَّا كَمَا يَقُومُ ٱلَّذِي يَتَخَبَّطُهُ ٱلشَّيُطَىنُ مِنْ ٱلُمِّسِ ۚ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ قَالُوٓا إِنَّمَا ٱلْبَيْعُ مِثْلُ ٱلرِّبَوا ۗ وَأَحَلَّ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْبَيْعَ مِنْ ٱلْمَسِ ۚ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ قَالُوٓا إِنَّمَا ٱلْبَيْعُ مِثْلُ ٱلرِّبَوا ۗ وَأَحَلَّ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْبَيْعَ وَحَرَّمَ ٱلرِّبَوا ۚ فَمَن جَآءَهُ مَوُعِظَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّهِ مَ فَأَنتَهَىٰ فَلَهُ مَا سَلَفَ وَأَمْرُهُ وَ وَحَرَّمَ ٱلرَّبِوا أَ فَمَن جَآءَهُ مَوَعِظَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّهِ مَا فَانتَهَىٰ فَلَهُ مَا سَلَفَ وَأَمْرُهُ وَ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ وَمَنْ عَادَ فَأُوْلَتَهِكَ أَصُحَدبُ ٱلنَّارِ هُمْ فِيهَا خَلِدُونَ هَا

Those who eat $Rib\hat{a}^{I}$ (usury) will not stand (on the Day of Resurrection) except like the standing of a person beaten by $Shait\hat{a}n$ (Satan) leading him to insanity. That is because they say: "Trading is only like $Rib\hat{a}$ (usury)," whereas Allâh has permitted trading and forbidden $Rib\hat{a}$ (usury). So whosoever receives an admonition from his Lord and stops eating $Rib\hat{a}$ (usury) shall not be punished for the past; his case is for Allâh (to judge); but whoever returns [to $Rib\hat{a}$ (usury)], such are the dwellers of the Fire - they will abide therein.

276.

يَمْحَقُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلرِّبَواْ وَيُرَبِى ٱلصَّدَقَنتِّ وَٱللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ كُلَّ كَفَّارٍ أَثِيمٍ



Allâh will destroy *Ribâ* (usury) and will give increase for *Sadaqât* (deeds of charity, alms, etc.) And Allâh likes not the disbelievers, sinners.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّىلِحَىتِ وَأَقَامُواْ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَءَاتَوُاْ ٱلزَّ كَوٰةَ لَهُمُ أَجُـرُهُمْ عِندَ رَبِّهِمْ وَلَا خَوُفُّ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَاهُمْ يَحُـزَنُونَ ۗ

Truly those who believe, and do deeds of righteousness, and perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), and give *Zakât*, they will have their reward with their Lord. On them shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve.

278.

O you who believe! Be afraid of Allâh and give up what remains (due to you) from $Rib\hat{a}$ (usury) (from now onward), if you are (really) believers Π .

279

And if you do not do it, then take a notice of war from Allâh and His Messenger but if you repent, you shall have your capital sums. Deal not unjustly (by asking more than your capital sums), and you shall not be dealt with unjustly (by receiving less than your capital sums).

280

And if the debtor is in a hard time (has no money), then grant him time till it is easy for him to repay, but if you remit it by way of charity, that is better for you if you did but know. \mathbb{I}

281

And be afraid of the Day when you shall be brought back to Allâh. Then every person shall be paid what he earned, and they shall not be dealt with unjustly.

282.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُ وَٱ إِذَا تَدَايَنتُم بِدَيْنٍ إِلَىٰٓ أَجَلٍ مُّسَمَّى فَا كُتُبُوهُ وَلَيَكُتُ بِيْفَا عَلَّمَهُ وَلَيَكُتُ بِيْنَكُمْ كَاتِبُ بِٱلْعَدَلِ وَلَا يَأْبَ كَاتِبُ أَن يَكُتُبَ كَمَا عَلَّمَهُ ٱللَّهُ فَلْيَكُتُ بُولَا يَلُّهَ وَلَيْتَقِ ٱللَّهَ رَبَّهُ وَلَا يَبُخَسُ اللَّهُ فَلْيَكُ تُبُ وَلَيْعَلِلِ ٱلَّذِى عَلَيْهِ ٱلْحَقُّ سَفِيهًا أَوْ ضَعِيفًا أَوْ لَا يَسُتَطِيعُ مِنْهُ شَيئًا فَإِن كَانَ ٱلَّذِى عَلَيْهِ ٱلْحَقُّ سَفِيهًا أَوْ ضَعِيفًا أَوْ لَا يَسُتَطِيعُ أَن يُمِلَ هُو فَلَيْمُلِل وَلِيَّهُ وَ بِٱلْغَدْلِ وَٱسْتَشُهِدُواْ شَهِيدَيُّنِ مِن رِّجَالِكُمْ أَن أَن يُعْلِل وَلِيَّهُ وَ بِٱلْغَدْلِ وَٱسْتَشُهِدُواْ شَهِيدَيُّنِ مِن رِّجَالِكُمْ أَن أَن يُعْلِل وَلِيَّهُ وَ بِٱلْغَدْلِ وَٱسْتَشُهِدُواْ شَهِيدَيُّنِ مِن رِّجَالِكُمْ أَن اللّهُ مَا لَا يَسُتَشُهُ فِدُواْ شَهِيدَيُّنِ مِن رِّجَالِكُمْ أَن يَعْلَى اللّهُ وَلِيَّا لَا يَسُتَشُهُ فِدُواْ شَهِيدَيُّنِ مِن رِّجَالِكُمْ أَن اللّهُ وَلَيْتُهُ مِن وَ السَّيْ اللّهَ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَيْعُول اللّهُ وَلَا يَعْدَل فَي اللّهُ وَالسُّتَشُهُ فِدُواْ شَهِيدَيْنِ مِن رِّجَالِكُمْ أَن اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَيْعُلُل وَلِيَّاهُ وَلِيَّا اللّهُ وَاسُتَشُهُ فِدُواْ شَهِيدَيْنِ مِن رِّ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّ

فَإِن لَّمُ يَكُونَا رَجُلَيْن فَرَجُلٌ وَٱمْرَ أَتَان مِمَّن تَرُضَوْنَ مِنَ ٱلشُّهَدَآءِ أَن

تَضِلُّ إِحْدَىٰهُمَا فَتُذَكِّرَ إِحْدَىٰهُمَا ٱلْأَخُرَیٰۚ وَلَا يَأْبَ ٱلشُّهَدَآءُ إِذَا مَا دُعُواًْ وَلَا يَسْتَمُوۤاْ أَن تَكُتُبُوهُ صَغِيرًا أَوْ كَبِيرًا إِلَىٰۤ أَجَلِهِۦ ۚ ذَٰلِكُمْ أَقُسَطُ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ وَأَقُومُ لِلشَّهَدَةِ وَأَدُنَىٰۤ أَلَا تَرَ تَابُوۤا ۚ إِلَّاۤ أَن تَكُونَ يَجَدِرَةً حَاضِرَةً لَللَّهِ وَأَقُومَ لِلشَّهَدَةِ وَأَدُنَىٰۤ أَلَا تَرَ تَابُوۤا ۗ إِلَّا أَن تَكُونَ يَجَدرَةً حَاضِرَةً تُدِيرُونَهَا بَيُنَكُم فَلَيْسَ عَلَيْكُم جُنَاحٌ أَلَّا تَكُتُبُوهَا ۚ وَأَشُهِدُوٓا إِذَا تَبَايَعُتُم ۚ وَلَا يُصَارَقُ بِكُم أَلَا تَكُتُبُوهَا أَوَ أَشُهِدُوٓا إِذَا تَبَايَعُتُم ۚ وَلَا يُضَارَ كَاتِبُ وَلَا شَهِيدٌ وَإِن تَفْعَلُواْ فَإِنْهُ وَفُسُوقٌ بِكُم أَ

وَآتَقُواْ ٱللَّهُ وَيُعَلِّمُكُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَٱللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ ٣

O you who believe! When you contract a debt for a fixed period, write it down. Let a scribe write it down in justice between you. Let not the scribe refuse to write as Allâh has taught him, so let him write. Let him (the debtor) who incurs the liability dictate, and he must fear Allâh, his Lord, and diminish not anything of what he owes. But if the debtor is of poor understanding, or weak, or is unable himself to dictate, then let his guardian dictate in justice. And get two witnesses out of your own men. And if there are not two men (available), then a man and two women, such as you agree for witnesses, so that if one of them (two women) errs, the other can remind her. And the witnesses should not refuse when they are called on (for evidence). You should not become weary to write it (your contract), whether it be small or big, for its fixed term, that is more just with Allâh; more solid as evidence, and more convenient to prevent doubts among yourselves, save when it is a present trade which you carry out on the spot among yourselves, then there is no sin on you if you do not write it down. But take witnesses whenever you make a commercial contract. Let neither scribe nor witness suffer any harm, but if you do (such harm), it would be wickedness in you. So be afraid of Allâh; and Allâh teaches you. And Allâh is the All-Knower of each and everything.

283.

﴿ وَإِن كُنتُمُ عَلَىٰ سَفَرٍ وَلَمُ تَجِدُواْ كَاتِبًا فَرِهَانُ مَّقَبُوضَةٌ فَإِنَ أَمِنَ بَعُضُكُم بَعُضَا فَلَيُؤَدِ ٱلَّذِى ٱؤَتُمِنَ أَمَانَتَهُ وَلَيْتَقِ ٱللَّهَ رَبَّهُ وَلَا تَكُتُمُواْ اللَّهَ مَنَ اللَّهَ رَبَّهُ وَلَا تَكُتُمُواْ اللَّهَ عَضَا فَلَيُؤَدِ ٱلَّذِى ٱؤْتُمِنَ أَمَانَتَهُ وَلَيْتَقِ ٱللَّهَ رَبَّهُ وَلَا تَكُتُمُواْ اللَّهُ عَمَلُونَ عَلِيمٌ اللَّهُ عِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ عَلِيمٌ الشَّهَادَةَ قَامِهُ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ عَلِيمٌ اللَّهُ عِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ عَلِيمٌ



And if you are on a journey and cannot find a scribe, then let there be a pledge taken (mortgaging) Π ; then if one of you entrust the other, let the one who is entrusted discharge his trust (faithfully), and let him be afraid of Allâh, his Lord. And conceal not the evidence for he, who hides it, surely his heart is sinful. And Allâh is All-Knower of what you do.

284.

لِّلَّهِ مَا فِى ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَمَا فِى ٱلْأَرُضِّ وَإِن تُبُدُواْ مَا فِىٓ أَنفُسِكُمُ أَوُ تُخُفُوهُ يُحَاسِبُكُم بِهِ ٱللَّهُ فَيَغَفِرُ لِمَن يَشَآءُ وَيُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَآءُ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيلٌ ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيلٌ ﴿ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيلٌ ﴿ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيلٌ ﴿ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكُولُ اللَّهُ الْ

To Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is on the earth, and whether you disclose what is in your ownselves or conceal it, Allâh will call you to account for it. Then He forgives whom He wills and punishes whom He wills. And Allâh is Able to do all things.

ءَامَنَ ٱلرَّسُولُ بِمَآ أُنزِلَ إِلَيْهِ مِن رَّبِّهِ ، وَٱلْمُؤُمِنُونَۚ كُلُّ ءَامَنَ بِٱللَّهِ وَمَلَتَبِكَتِهِ ، وَكُتُبِهِ ، وَرُسُلِهِ ، لَا نُفَرِّقُ بَيْنَ أَحَدٍ مِّن رُّسُلِهِ ، وَقَالُواْ سَمِعُنَا وَأَطَعَنَا أَغُفُرَانَكَ رَبَّنَا وَإِلَيْكَ ٱلمُصِيرُ ﴿

. The Messenger (Muhammad SAW) believes in what has been sent down to him from his Lord, and (so do) the believers. Each one believes in Allâh, His Angels, His Books, and His Messengers. They say, "We make no distinction between one another of His Messengers" - and they say, "We hear, and we obey. (We seek) Your Forgiveness, our Lord, and to You is the return (of all)."

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لَا يُكَلِّفُ ٱللَّهُ نَفُسًا إِلَّا وُسُعَهَاۚ لَهَا مَا كَسَبَثُ وَعَلَيْهَا مَا ٱكْتَسَبَثُّ رَبَّنَا لَا ثُوَا خِذُنَاۤ إِن نَّسِينَآ أَو أَخُطَأُنَا ۚ رَبَّنَا وَلَا تَحْمِلُ عَلَيْنَاۤ إِصْرًا كَمَا حَمَلُتَهُ وَقُا خِذُنَاۤ إِن نَّسِينآ أَو أَخُطَأُنا ۚ رَبَّنَا وَلَا تَحْمِلُ عَلَيْنَاۤ إِصِدً وَٱعْفُ عَنَا وَٱعْفِر عَلَى ٱلْفَوْم ٱلْكَنْفِرِينَ ﴿ وَٱعْفُ عَنَا وَٱعْفِر لَنَا وَالْ تُحَمِّلُنَا مَا لَا طَاقَةَ لَنَا بِهِ ۗ وَٱعْفُ عَنَا وَٱعْفِر لَنَا وَلَا تُحَمِّلُنَا مَا لَا طَاقَةَ لَنَا بِهِ ۗ وَٱعْفُ عَنَا وَٱعْفِر لَنَا وَلَا تُحَمِّلُنَا مَا لَا طَاقَةَ لَنَا بِهِ ۗ وَٱعْفُ عَنَا وَٱعْفِر لَنَا وَلَا تُحَمِّلُنَا مَا لَا طَاقَةَ لَنَا بِهِ ۗ وَٱعْفُ عَنَا وَٱعْفِر لَنَا وَالْتُولُ مِنْ قَبْلِنَا أَنْ تَمُولُ لَنَا فَأَنصُونَا عَلَى ٱلْفَوْم ٱلْكَنْفِرِينَ ﴿ إِنَّ اللَّهُ وَالْمَا فَانْصُرُ نَا عَلَى ٱلْفَوْم ٱللّٰكَنْفِرِينَ ﴿ اللّٰهُ اللّٰ عَلَى اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰ اللّٰ اللّٰ عَلَى اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰ وَاللّٰ عَلَى اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰ اللّٰهُ عَلَى اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰ اللّٰ اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰهُ اللّٰ اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰمُ لَلّٰ اللّٰهُ وَلَا لَنَا مَا لَا طَاقَةً لَنَا لَا عَلَى اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰمُ لَا اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰذَا اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰهُ وَلَا اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰمُ اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰهُ وَاللّٰهُ وَاللّٰمُ لَا عَلَى اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰمُ اللّٰهُ وَاللّٰمُ لَلْكُنُولِ مِنْ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ لَا عَلَى اللّٰمُ وَاللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ وَاللّٰمِ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰمِ لَا عَلَى اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُلّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰمُ الل

Allâh burdens not a person beyond his scope. He gets reward for that (good) which he has earned, and he is punished for that (evil) which he has earned. "Our Lord! Punish us not if we forget or fall into error, our Lord! Lay not on us a burden like that which You did lay on those before us (Jews and Christians); our Lord! Put not on us a burden greater than we have strength to bear. Pardon us and grant us Forgiveness. Have mercy on us. You are our *Maulâ* (Patron, Suppor-ter and Protector, etc.) and give us victory over the disbelieving people. I"

3. Âl-'Imrân Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful, المُ ۞ Alif-Lâm-Mîm. [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings] 2. ــــهُ لَا ٓ إِلَـــهَ إِلَّا هُـــوَ ٱلۡحَـــيُّ ٱلۡقَيُّــومُ ٦ Allâh! Lâ ilahâ illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the Ever Living, the One Who sustains and protects all that exists 3. نَزَّلَ عَلَيْكَ ٱلْكِتَنبَ بِٱلْحَقِّ مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَأَنزَ لَ ٱلتَّورُ نهةَ وَٱلْإِنجِيلَ ٣ It is He Who has sent down the Book (the Qur'ân) to you (Muhammad SAW) with truth, confirming what came before it. And he sent down the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel). مِن قَبُلُ هُدِّي لِّلنَّاسِ وَأَنزَلَ ٱلْفُرُقَانَّ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِعَايَدِتِ ٱللَّهِ لَهُمُ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ وَٱللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ ذُو ٱنتِقَام ٢ Aforetime, as a guidance to mankind, And He sent down the criterion [of judgement between right and wrong (this Qur'ân)]. Truly, those who disbelieve in the Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, for them there is a severe torment; and Allâh is All-Mighty All-Able of Retribution. 5. إِنَّ ٱللَّـهَ لَا يَخُــفَىٰ عَلَيْـهِ شَـيُّءُ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَ لَا فِي ٱلسَّمَاءِ ۞ Truly, nothing is hidden from Allâh, in the earth or in the heavens. 6. هُ وَ ٱلَّا ذِي يُصَ وِّرُ كُمَّ فِ مِ ٱلْأَرَحَ ام كَ يُفَ يَشَاءُ ۚ لَآ إلَـــة إلا هُــو ٱلْعَزيــزُ ٱلْحَــكِيمُ ٢ He it is Who shapes you in the wombs as He pleases. Lâ ilâha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the All-Mighty, the All-Wise. هُوَ ٱلَّذِيَّ أَنزَلَ عَلَيْكَ ٱلْكِتَنبَ مِنْهُ ءَايَنتُ مُّحُكَمَنتُ هُنَّ أُمُّ ٱلْكِتَد وَ أَخَرُ مُتَشَيهِ مِنْ أَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ زَيُخُ فَيَتَّبِعُونَ مَا تَشَعبَهَ مِنْهُ ٱبُتِغَآءَ ٱلْفِتُنَةِ وَٱبُتِغَآءَ تَأُويلِهِ ۗ وَمَا يَعُلَمُ تَأُويلَهُ ۚ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ ۗ وَٱلرَّ سِخُونَ فِي ٱلْعِلُم يَقُولُونَ ءَامَنَّا بِهِۦ كُلُّ مِّنْ عِندِ رَبِّنَا ۚ وَمَا يَذَّكُّرُ إِلَّا ۖ أَوْلُواْ ٱلْأَلَبَـٰب

It is He Who has sent down to you (Muhammad SAW) the Book (this Qur'ân). In it are Verses that are entirely clear, they are the foundations of the Book [and those are the Verses of *Al-Ahkâm* (commandments, etc.), *Al-Farâ'id* (obligatory duties) and *Al-Hudud* (legal laws for the punishment of thieves, adulterers, etc.)]; and others not entirely clear. So as for those in whose hearts there is a deviation (from the truth) they follow that which is not entirely clear thereof, seeking *Al-Fitnah* (polytheism and trials, etc.), and seeking for its hidden meanings, but none knows its hidden meanings save Allâh. And those who are firmly grounded in knowledge say: "We believe in it; the whole of it (clear and unclear Verses) are from our Lord." And none receive admonition except men of understanding. (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*).

8.

رَبَّنَا لَا تُزِعُ قُلُوبَنَا بَعُدَ إِذْ هَدَيُتَنَا وَهَبُ لَنَا مِن لَّدُنكَ رَحُمَةً إِنَّكَ أَنتَ ٱلُوَهَابُ ﴾ أَلُوَهَابُ

(They say): "Our Lord! Let not our hearts deviate (from the truth) after You have guided us, and grant us mercy from You. Truly, You are the Bestower."

9.

رَبَّنَاۤ إِنَّكَ جَامِعُ ٱلنَّاسِ لِيَوْمٍ لَا رَيُبَ فِيهِۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُخُلِفُ ٱلْمِيعَادَ ۞

Our Lord! Verily, it is You Who will gather mankind together on the Day about which there is no doubt. Verily, Allâh never breaks His Promise".

10.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَن تُغْنِيَ عَنْهُمَ أَمُوَالُهُمُ وَلَآ أَوْلَدُهُم مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ شَيُّاً وَأُوْلَنَبٍكَ هُمْ وَقُودُ ٱلنَّارِ ۞

Verily, those who disbelieve, neither their properties nor their offspring will avail them whatsoever against Allâh; and it is they who will be fuel of the Fire.

11.

كَددَأْبِ ءَالِ فِرُ عَـوْنَ وَٱلْـذِينَ مِـن قَبُلِهِـمُّ كَذَّبُـواْ بِعَايَدتِنَا فَاللَّهِ مُّ كَذَّبُـواْ بِعَايَدتِنَا فَاللَّهُ شَـدِيدُ ٱلْعِقَـابِ شَ

Like the behaviour of the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and those before them; they belied Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), so Allâh seized (destroyed) them for their sins. And Allâh is Severe in punishment.

12.

Say (O Muhammad SAW) to those who disbelieve: "You will be defeated and gathered together to Hell, and worst indeed is that place to rest."

13.

There has already been a sign for you (O Jews) in the two armies that met (in combat i.e. the battle of Badr): One was fighting in the Cause of Allâh, and as for the other (they) were disbelievers. They (the believers) saw them (the disbelievers) with their own eyes twice their number (although they were thrice their number). And Allâh supports with His Victory whom He pleases. Verily, in this is a lesson for those who understand. (See Verse 8:44). (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*)

زُيِّنَ لِلنَّاسِ حُبُّ ٱلشَّهَوَ تِ مِنَ ٱلنِّسَآءِ وَٱلْبَنِينَ وَٱلْقَنَعظِيرِ ٱلْمُقَعَظَرَةِ مِنَ ٱلذَّهَبِ وَٱلْفَضَةِ وَٱلْخَيْلِ ٱلْمُسَوَّمَةِ وَٱلْأَنْعَدمِ وَٱلْحَرُثِ فَ لَلكَ مَتَعَ ٱلْحَيَوْةِ ٱلذُّنْيَا ۗ وَٱللَّهُ عِندَهُ لَحُسُنُ ٱلْمُعَابِ ﴿

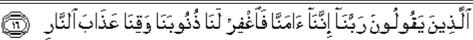
Beautified for men is the love of things they covet; women, children, much of gold and silver (wealth), branded beautiful horses, cattle and well-tilled land. This is the pleasure of the present world's life; but Allâh has the excellent return (Paradise with flowing rivers, etc.) with Him.

15.

هُقُلُ أَوُّنَبِّئُكُم بِخَيْرٍ مِّن ذَلِكُمْ لِلَّذِينَ ٱتَّقَوُاْ عِندَ رَبِّهِمُ جَنَّنَ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنَهَن رُ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا وَ أَرُوَ "جُ مُّطَهَّرَةٌ وَرِضُوَ أَنُ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَٱللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِٱلْعِبَادِ ۞

Say: "Shall I inform you of things far better than those? For *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2) there are Gardens (Paradise) with their Lord, underneath which rivers flow. Therein (is their) eternal (home) and *Azwâjun Mutahharatun* (purified mates or wives) [i.e. they will have no menses, urine, or stool, etc.], And Allâh will be pleased with them. And Allâh is All-Seer of the (His) slaves".

16.



Those who say: "Our Lord! We have indeed believed, so forgive us our sins and save us from the punishment of the Fire."

17.



(They are) those who are patient ones, those who are true (in Faith, words, and deeds), and obedient with sincere devotion in worship to Allâh. Those who spend [give the *Zakât* and alms in the Way of Allâh] and those who pray and beg Allâh's Pardon in the last hours of the night.

18.

Allâh bears witness that *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), and the angels, and those having knowledge (also give this witness); (He is always) maintaining His creation in Justice. *Lâ ilâh illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

19.

Truly, the religion with Allâh is Islâm. Those who were given the Scripture (Jews and Christians) did not differ except, out of mutual jealousy, after knowledge had come to them. And whoever disbelieves in the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, then surely,

فَإِنْ حَاّجُوكَ فَقُلُ أَسُلَمُتُ وَجُهِىَ لِلَّهِ وَمَنِ ٱتَّبَعَنِ ۗ وَقُل لِلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلۡكِتَنبَ وَٱلۡأُمِّيِّصَنَ ءَأَسُلَمُتُمُ ۚ فَإِنْ أَسُلَمُواْ فَقَدِ ٱهُتَدَوآ ۗ وَّإِن تَوَلَّواْ فَإِنَّمَا عَلَيُكَ ٱلْبَلَعِغُ وَٱللَّهُ بَصِيرًا بِٱلْعِبَادِ

So if they dispute with you (Muhammad SAW) say: "I have submitted myself to Allâh (in Islâm), and (so have) those who follow me." And say to those who were given the Scripture (Jews and Christians) and to those who are illiterates (Arab pagans): "Do you (also) submit yourselves (to Allâh in Islâm)?" If they do, they are rightly guided; but if they turn away, your duty is only to convey the Message; and Allâh is All-Seer of (His.) slaves.

21.

إِنَّ ٱلَّـــذِينَ يَكُفُــرُونَ بِئَـايَــتِ ٱللَّــهِ وَيَقُتُلُــونَ ٱلنَّبِيِّــُـنَ بِغَــيُرِ حَــقٍّ وَيَقُتُلُـونَ ٱلَّـذِينَ يَــاً مُرُونَ بِٱلْقِسُطِ مِـنَ ٱلنَّـاسِ فَبَشِّـرُهُم بِعَـذَابٍ أَلِيـمٍ



Verily! Those who disbelieve in the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh and kill the Prophets without right, and kill those men who order just dealings, ... announce to them a painful torment.

22.

They are those whose works will be lost in this world and in the Hereafter, and they will have no helpers.

23.

Have you not seen those who have been given a portion of the Scripture? They are being invited to the Book of Allâh to settle their dispute, then a party of them turn away, and they are averse.

24.

This is because they say: "The Fire shall not touch us but for a number of days." And that which they used to invent regarding their religion has deceived them.

25.

How (will it be) when We gather them together on the Day about which there is no doubt (i.e. the Day of Resurrection). And each person will be paid in full what he has earned? And they will not be dealt with unjustly.

قُلِ ٱللَّهُمَّ مَلِكَ ٱلْمُلُكِ تُؤُتِى ٱلْمُلُكَ مَن تَشَآءُ وَتَنزِ عُ ٱلْمُلُكَ مِمَّن تَشَآءُ وَتُعِرُّ مَن تَشَآءُ وَتُذِلُّ مَن تَشَآءً بِيَدِكَ ٱلْخَيْرُ ۚ إِنَّكَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ



Say (O Muhammad SAW): "O Allâh! Possessor of the kingdom, You give the kingdom to whom You will, and You take the kingdom from whom You will, and You endue with honour whom You will, and You humiliate whom You will. In Your Hand is the good. Verily, You are Able to do all things.

27.

تُولِجُ ٱلَّيْلَ فِي ٱلنَّهَارِ وَتُولِجُ ٱلنَّهَارَ فِي ٱلَّيْلِ وَتُخْرِجُ ٱلْحَيَّ مِنَ ٱلْمَيِّتِ وَتُخْرِ جُ ٱلْحَيِّ مِنَ ٱلْمَيِّتِ وَتُحُرِ جُ ٱلْمَيِّتَ مِنَ ٱلْحَيِّ وَتَرُرُقُ مَن تَشَآءُ بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ ﴿

You make the night to enter into the day, and You make the day to enter into the night (i.e. increase and decrease in the hours of the night and the day during winter and summer), You bring the living out of the dead, and You bring the dead out of the living. And You give wealth and sustenance to whom You will, without limit (measure or account).

28.

Let not the believers take the disbelievers as *Auliyâ* (supporters, helpers, etc.) instead of the believers, and whoever does that will never be helped by Allâh in any way, except if you indeed fear a danger from them. And Allâh warns you against Himself (His Punishment)^[], and to Allâh is the final return.

29.

قُلُ إِن تُخَفُواْ مَا فِي صُدُورِ كُمُ أَوْ تُبُدُوهُ يَعُلَمُ ٱللَّهُۗ وَيَعُلَمُ مَا فِي صُدُورِ كُمُ أَوْ تُبُدُوهُ يَعُلَمُ هُ ٱللَّهُ وَيَعُلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِۗ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ۞

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Whether you hide what is in your breasts or reveal it, Allâh knows it, and He knows what is in the heavens and what is in the earth. And Allâh is Able to do all things."

30.

يَوُمَ تَجِدُ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مًّا عَمِلَتُ مِنْ خَيْرٍ مُّحُضَرًا وَمَا عَمِلَتُ مِن سُوَّءٍ تَوَدُّ لَوُ أَنَّ بَيْنَهَا وَبَيْنَهُ ۗ أَمَدًّا بَعِيدًا ۗ وَيُحَذِّرُ كُمُ ٱللَّهُ نَفْسَهُ ۗ وَٱللَّهُ رَءُونُ لَ بٱلْعِبَادِ ۞

بِالعِبَادِ ٣

On the Day when every person will be confronted with all the good he has done, and all the evil he has done, he will wish that there were a great distance between him and his evil. And Allâh warns you against Himself (His Punishment) and Allâh is full of Kindness to the (His) slaves.

قُلُ إِن كُنتُمُ تُحِبُّونَ ٱللَّهَ فَٱتَّبِعُونِي يُحُبِبُكُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَيَغَفِرُ لَكُمُ ذُنُوبَكُمُۗ وَاللَّهُ وَيَغَفِرُ لَكُمُ ذُنُوبَكُمُۗ وَٱللَّهُ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿

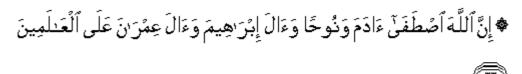
Say (O Muhammad SAW to mankind): "If you (really) love Allâh then follow me (i.e. accept Islâmic Monotheism, follow the Qur'ân and the *Sunnah*), Allâh will love you and forgive you of your sins. And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful."

32.

قُلُ أَطِيعُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَٱلرَّسُولَ ۗ فَإِن تَوَلَّواْ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Obey Allâh and the Messenger (Muhammad SAW)." But if they turn away, then Allâh does not like the disbelievers \Box .

33.



Allâh chose Adam, Nûh (Noah), the family of Ibrâhim (Abraham) and the family of 'Imrân above the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns) (of their times).

34.

Offspring, one of the other, and Allâh is the All-Hearer, All-Knower.

35.

(Remember) when the wife of 'Imrân said: "O my Lord! I have vowed to You what (the child that) is in my womb to be dedicated for Your services (free from all worldly work; to serve Your Place of worship), so accept this, from me. Verily, You are the All-Hearer, the All-Knowing."

36.

Then when she delivered her [child Maryam (Mary)], she said: "O my Lord! I have delivered a female child," - and Allâh knew better what she delivered, - "And the male is not like the female, and I have named her Maryam $^{[]}$ (Mary), and I seek refuge with You (Allâh) for her and for her offspring from *Shaitan* (Satan), the outcast."

فَتَقَبَّلَهَا رَبُّهَا بِقَبُولٍ حَسَنٍ وَأَنْبَتَهَا نَبَاتًا حَسَنًا وَكَفَّلَهَا زَكَرِيًّا ٱلْمِحُرَابَ وَجَدَ عِندَهَا رِزُقًا لَّ زَكَرِيًّا ٱلْمِحُرَابَ وَجَدَ عِندَهَا رِزُقًا لَّ قَالَ يَعْمَرُيَمُ أَنَّىٰ لَكِ هَدذَا قَالَتُ هُوَ مِنْ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَرُزُقُ مَن يَشَآءُ بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ سَ

So her Lord (Allâh) accepted her with goodly acceptance. He made her grow in a good manner and put her under the care of Zakariyâ (Zachariya). Every time he entered *Al-Mihrâb* to (visit) her, he found her supplied with sustenance. He said: "O Maryam (Mary)! From where have you got this?" She said, "This is from Allâh." Verily, Allâh provides sustenance to whom He wills, without limit."

38.

هُنَالِكَ دَعَا زَكَرِيَّا رَبَّهُ ۚ قَالَ رَبِّ هَـبُ لِـى مِن لَّدُنكَ ذُرِّيَّةً طَيِّبَةً ۗ إِنَّـكَ سَـمِيعُ ٱلدُّعَآءِ ۞

At that time Zakariyâ (Zachariya) invoked his Lord, saying: "O my Lord! Grant me from You, a good offspring. You are indeed the All-Hearer of invocation."

39.

فَنَادَتُهُ ٱلْمَلَيْكِةُ وَهُوَ قَآبِمٌ يُصَلِّى فِى ٱلْمِحْرَابِ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُبَشِّرُكَ بِيَحْيَىٰ مُصَدِّقًا بِكَلِمَةٍ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَسَيِّدًا وَحَصُورًا وَنَبِيًّا مِّنَ ٱلصَّلِحِينَ ﴿

Then the angels called him, while he was standing in prayer in *Al-Mihrâb* (a praying place or a private room), (saying): "Allâh gives you glad tidings of Yahya (John), confirming (believing in) the Word from Allâh [i.e. the creation of 'lesa (Jesus) >>, the Word from Allâh ("Be!" - and he was!)], noble, keeping away from sexual relations with women, a Prophet, from among the righteous."

40.

قَالَ رَبِّ أَنَّىٰ يَكُونُ لِى غُلَامٌ وَقَدُ بَلَغَنِىَ ٱلْكِبَرُ وَٱمُرَ أَتِى عَاقِرٌ ۗ قَالَ كَ كَذَالِكَ ٱللَّهُ يَفْعَلُ مَا يَشَآءُ ۞

He said: "O my Lord! How can I have a son when I am very old, and my wife is barren?" Allâh said: "Thus Allâh does what He wills."

41.

قَالَ رَبِّ ٱجُعَل لِّنَ ءَايَةً قَالَ ءَايَتُكَ أَلَّا تُكَلِّمَ ٱلنَّاسَ ثَلَنثَةَ أَيَّامٍ إِلَّا رَمُزًاً وَٱذْكُر رَّبَّكَ كَثِيرًا وَسَبِّحُ بِٱلْعَشِيِّ وَٱلْإِبْكَدرِ

He said: "O my Lord! Make a sign for me." Allâh said: "Your sign is that you shall not speak to mankind for three days except with signals. And remember your Lord much (by praising Him again and again), and glorify (Him) in the afternoon and in the morning. II"

وَإِذْ قَالَتِ ٱلْمَلَيْكِةُ يَعمَرُيَمُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ ٱصُطَفَعكِ وَطَهَّرَكِ وَٱصطَفَعكِ عَلَىٰ نِسَآءِ ٱلْعَعلَمِينَ ٢

And (remember) when the angels said: "O Maryam (Mary)! Verily, Allâh has chosen you, purified you (from polytheism and disbelief), and chosen you above the women of the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns) (of her lifetime)."

43.

O Mary! "Submit yourself with obedience to your Lord (Allâh, by worshipping none but Him Alone) and prostrate yourself, and *Irkâ'i* (bow down etc.) along with *Ar-Râki'ûn* (those who bow down etc.)."

44.

This is a part of the news of the *Ghaib* (unseen, i.e. the news of the past nations of which you have no knowledge) which We inspire you with (O Muhammad SAW). You were not with them, when they cast lots with their pens as to which of them should be charged with the care of Maryam (Mary); nor were you with them when they disputed.

45.

(Remember) when the angels said: "O Maryam (Mary)! Verily, Allâh gives you the glad tidings of a Word ["Be!" - and he was! i.e. 'lesa (Jesus) the son of Maryam (Mary)] from Him, his name will be the Messiah 'lesa (Jesus), the son of Maryam (Mary), held in honour in this world and in the Hereafter, and will be one of those who are near to Allâh."

46.

"He will speak to the people in the cradle $^{f I}$ and in manhood, and he will be one of the righteous."

47.

She said: "O my Lord! How shall I have a son when no man has touched me." He said: "So (it will be) for Allâh creates what He wills. When He has decreed something, He says to it only: "Be!" and it is.

وَيُعَلِّمُهُ ٱلْكِتَابَ وَٱلْحِكُمَةَ وَٱلتَّوْرَاةَ وَٱلْإِنجِيلَ ٢

And He (Allâh) will teach him ['lesa (Jesus)] the Book and *Al-Hikmah* (i.e. the *Sunnah*, the faultless speech of the Prophets, wisdom, etc.), (and) the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel).

49.

وَرَسُولًا إِلَىٰ بَنِيٓ إِسُرَ آءِيلَ أَنِّى قَدُ جِئْتُكُم بِاَيَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمُّ أَنِّيٓ أَخُلُقُ لَكُم مِّنَ ٱلطِّينِ كَهَيْءَةِ ٱلطَّيْرِ فَأَنفُحُ فِيهِ فَيَكُونُ طَيْرًا بِإِذُنِ ٱللَّهِ وَأُبْرِئُ لَكُم مِّنَ ٱلطِّينِ كَهَيْءَةِ ٱلطَّيْرِ فَأَنفُحُ فِيهِ فَيَكُونُ طَيْرًا بِإِذُنِ ٱللَّهِ وَأُبْرِئُ لَكُم مِّنَ ٱلطَّينَ لَا اللَّهِ وَأُنبِّئُكُم بِمَا تَأَكُلُونَ الْأَكُمَ وَالْأَبْرَصَ وَأُحُى اللَّهِ وَالْنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا تَأَكُلُونَ وَمَا تَذَّخِرُونَ فِي بُيُوتِكُمُ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَأَيَةً لَّكُم إِن كُنتُم مُّ وَمِنِينَ وَمَا تَذَّخِرُونَ فِي بُيُوتِكُم ۚ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَأَيَةً لَّكُم إِن كُنتُم مُّ وَمِنِينَ



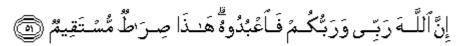
And will make him ['lesa (Jesus)] a Messenger to the Children of Israel (saying): "I have come to you with a sign from your Lord, that I design for you out of clay, as it were, the figure of a bird, and breathe into it, and it becomes a bird by Allâh's Leave; and I heal him who was born blind, and the leper, and I bring the dead to life by Allâh's Leave. And I inform you of what you eat, and what you store in your houses. Surely, therein is a sign for you, if you believe.

50.

وَمُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَىَّ مِنَ ٱلتَّوُرَنةِ وَلِأُحِلَّ لَكُم بَعُضَ ٱلَّذِى حُرِّمَ عَلَيْكُمُ ۚ وَجِــئَتُكُم بِاَيَــةٍ مِّــن رَّبِّكُــمُ فَــٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّــهَ وَأَطِيعُــونِ ۞

And I have come confirming that which was before me of the Taurât (Torah), and to make lawful to you part of what was forbidden to you, and I have come to you with a proof from your Lord. So fear Allâh and obey me.

51.

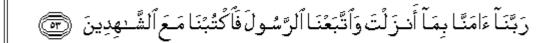


Truly! Allâh is my Lord and your Lord, so worship Him (Alone). This is the Straight Path.

52.



Then when 'lesa (Jesus) came to know of their disbelief, he said: "Who will be my helpers in Allâh's Cause?" *Al-Hawâriûn* (the disciples) said: "We are the helpers of Allâh; we believe in Allâh, and bear witness that we are Muslims (i.e. we submit to Allâh)."



Our Lord! We believe in what You have sent down, and we follow the Messenger ['lesa (Jesus)]; so write us down among those who bear witness (to the truth i.e. *Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh* - none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh).

54.

And they (disbelievers) plotted [to kill 'lesa (Jesus) >>], and Allâh planned too. And Allâh is the Best of the planners.

55.

إِذْ قَالَ ٱللَّهُ يَعِيسَى إِنِّى مُتَوَقِيكَ وَرَافِعُكَ إِلَىَّ وَمُطَهِّرُكَ مِنَ الْذِينَ كَفَرُواْ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ اللَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَجَاعِلُ اللَّذِينَ ٱلتَّبَعُوكَ فَوْقَ ٱللَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ إِلَىٰ يَوْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّيْمَ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّالَالِلْمُ اللَّالِي اللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ



And (remember) when Allâh said: "O 'lesa (Jesus)! I will take you and raise you to Myself and clear you [of the forged statement that 'lesa (Jesus) is Allâh's son] of those who disbelieve, and I will make those who follow you (Monotheists, who worship none but Allâh) superior to those who disbelieve [in the Oneness of Allâh, or disbelieve in some of His Messengers, e.g. Muhammad SAW, 'lesa (Jesus), Mûsa (Moses), etc., or in His Holy Books, e.g. the Taurât (Torah), the Injeel (Gospel), the Qur'ân] till the Day of Resurrection [I]. Then you will return to Me and I will judge between you in the matters in which you used to dispute."

56.

"As to those who disbelieve, I will punish them with a severe torment in this world and in the Hereafter, and they will have no helpers."

57.

And as for those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh) and do righteous good deeds, Allâh will pay them their reward in full. And Allâh does not like the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers).

58.

This is what We recite to you (O Muhammad SAW) of the Verses and the Wise Reminder (i.e. the Qur'ân).

إِنَّ مَثَلَ عِيسَىٰ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ كَمَثَل ءَادَمٌّ خَلَقَهُ مِن تُرَابِ ثُمَّ قَالَ لَهُ و كُن

Verily, the likeness of 'lesa (Jesus) before Allâh is the likeness of Adam. He created him from dust, then (He) said to him: "Be!" - and he was.

60.

(This is) the truth from your Lord, so be not of those who doubt

61.

فَمَنْ حَاجَّكَ فِيهِ مِنْ بَعُدِ مَا جَآءَكَ مِنَ ٱلْعِلْم فَقُلُ تَعَالُوا ْ نَدُعُ أَبُنَآءَنَا وَأَبُنَآءَكُمُ وَنِسَآءَنَا وَنِسَآءَكُمُ وَأَنفُسَنَا وَأَنفُسَكُمُ ثُمَّ نَبُتَهِلُ فَنَجُعَل لَّعُنَتَ ٱللَّهِ عَلَى ٱلْكَدِبِينَ 🟐

Then whoever disputes with you concerning him ['lesa (Jesus)] after (all this) knowledge that has come to you, [i.e. 'lesa (Jesus)] being a slave of Allâh, and having no share in Divinity) say: (O Muhammad SAW) "Come, let us call our sons and your sons, our women and your women, ourselves and yourselves - then we pray and invoke (sincerely) the Curse of Allâh upon those who lie."

62.

Verily! This is the true narrative [about the story of 'lesa (Jesus)], and, Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh (none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh, the One and the Only True God, Who has neither a wife nor a son). And indeed, Allah is the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

63.

And if they turn away (and do not accept these true proofs and evidences), then surely, Allâh is All-Aware of those who do mischief.

64.

قُلُ يَنَاهُلَ ٱلْكِتَنِبِ تَعَالُوا اللَّي كَلِمَةِ سَوَآعٍ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَكُمُ أَلَّا نَعُبُدَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهَ وَلَا نُشُرِكَ بِهِۦ شَيُّا وَلَا يَتَّخِذَ بَعُضْنَا بَعُضًا أَرُبَابًا مِّن دُون ٱللَّهِ فَإِن تَوَلَّوُا ۗ فَقُولُواْ ٱشَٰهَدُواْ بِأَنَّا مُسَٰلِمُونَ ٦

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians): Come to a word that is just between us and you, that we worship none but Allâh, and that we associate no partners with Him, and that none of us shall take others as lords besides Allâh $^{f I}$. Then, if they turn away, say: "Bear witness that we are Muslims."

يَنَأَهُلَ ٱلْكِتَنِ لِمَ تُحَاجُّونَ فِي إِبْرَ هِيمَ وَمَاۤ أُنزِلَتِ ٱلتَّوْرَنةُ وَٱلْإِنجِيلُ إِلَّا مِنْ بَعُدِهِ مَ ۚ أَفَلَا تَعُقِلُونَ ۞

O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Why do you dispute about Ibrâhim (Abraham), while the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel) were not revealed till after him? Have you then no sense?

66.

Verily, you are those who have disputed about that of which you have knowledge. Why do you then dispute concerning that which you have no knowledge? It is Allâh Who knows, and you know not.

67.

Ibrâhim (Abraham) was neither a Jew nor a Christian, but he was a true Muslim *Hanifa* (Islâmic Monotheism - to worship none but Allâh Alone) and he was not of *Al-Mushrikûn* (See V.2:105) II .

68.

Verily, among mankind who have the best claim to Ibrâhim (Abraham) are those who followed him, and this Prophet (Muhammad SAW) and those who have believed (Muslims). And Allâh is the *Walî* (Protector and Helper) of the believers.

69.

A party of the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) wish to lead you astray. But they shall not lead astray anyone except themselves, and they perceive not.

70.

O people of the Scripture! (Jews and Christians): "Why do you disbelieve in the *Ayât* of Allâh, [the Verses about Prophet Muhammad SAW present in the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] while you (yourselves) bear witness (to their truth)."

يَنَاهُلَ ٱلْكِتَىٰبِ لِمَ تَلْبِسُونَ ٱلْحَقَّ بِٱلْبَىٰطِلِ وَتَكُتُمُونَ ٱلْحَقَّ وَأَنتُمُ

72.

the truth while you know?"

وَقَالَت طَّآبِِفَةٌ مِّنُ أَهُل ٱلْكِتَنب ءَامِنُواْ بِٱلَّذِيَّ أَنزلَ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَجُهَ ٱلنَّهَارِ وَٱكُفُرُوٓاْ ءَاخِرَهُۥ لَعَلَّهُمُ يَرُجِعُونَ ۞

O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians): "Why do you mix truth with falsehood and conceal

And a party of the people of the Scripture say: "Believe in the morning in that which is revealed to the believers (Muslims), and reject it at the end of the day, so that they may turn back.

73.

وَلَا تُؤْمِنُوٓاْ إِلَّا لِمَن تَبِعَ دِينَكُمُ قُلُ إِنَّ ٱلْهُدَىٰ هُدَى ٱللَّهِ أَن يُؤْتَىٰۤ أَحَدُ مِّثُلَ مَآ أُوتِيتُمُ أَو يُحَآجُّو كُمْ عِندَ رَبِّكُمُّ قُلُ إِنَّ ٱلْفَضُلَ بِيَدِ ٱللَّهِ يُؤُتِيهِ مَن يَشَآءُ وَٱللَّهُ وَسِعُ عَلِيمٌ ٣

And believe no one except the one who follows your religion. Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Verily! Right guidance is the Guidance of Allâh" and do not believe that anyone can receive like that which you have received (of Revelation) except when he follows your religion, otherwise they would engage you in argument before your Lord. Say (O Muhammad SAW): "All the bounty is in the Hand $^{f I}$ of Allâh; He grants to whom He wills. And Allah is All-Sufficient for His creatures' needs, the All-Knower."

74.

He selects for His Mercy (Islâm and the Qur'ân with Prophethood) whom He wills and Allâh is the Owner of Great Bounty.

75.

♦ وَمِنْ أَهُلِ ٱلْكِتَابِ مَنْ إِن تَأْمَنُهُ بِقِنطَار يُوَدِّهِ ٓ إِلَيْكَ وَمِنْهُم مَّنُ إِن تَأْمَنُهُ بِدِينَارِ لَّا يُؤَدِّهِ ۚ إِلَيْكَ إِلَّا مَا دُمُتَ عَلَيْهِ قَأَبِمًا ۗ ذَٰ لِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ قَالُواْ لَيُسَ عَلَيْنَا فِي ٱلْأُمِّيَّ نَ سَبِيلٌ وَيَقُولُونَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ ٱلْكَذِبَ وَهُمُ يَعُلَمُونَ 🐷

Among the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) is he who, if entrusted with a Cantar (a great amount of wealth, etc.), will readily pay it back; and among them there is he who, if entrusted with a single silver coin, will not repay it unless you constantly stand demanding, because they say: "There is no blame on us to betray and take the properties of the illiterates (Arabs)." But they tell a lie against Allâh while they know it.

Yes, whoever fulfils his pledge and fears Allâh much; verily, then Allâh loves those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

77

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَشُتَرُونَ بِعَهُدِ ٱللَّهِ وَأَيُمَنِهِمُ ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا أُوْلَنَبِكَ لَا خَلَعَ لَهُمُ فِي ٱلَّذِينَ يَشُتَرُونَ بِعَهُدِ ٱللَّهُ وَلَا يَنظُرُ إِلَيْهِمُ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيَامَةِ وَلَا يُزَكِّيهِمُ وَلَا يُنظُرُ إِلَيْهِمُ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيَامَةِ وَلَا يُزَكِّيهِمُ وَلَا يُنظُرُ إِلَيْهِمُ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيَامَةِ وَلَا يُزَكِّيهِمُ وَلَهُمُ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ عَنَابٌ أَلِيمٌ عَنَابٌ أَلِيمٌ عَنَابٌ أَلِيمٌ عَنَابٌ أَلِيمٌ عَنَابٌ أَلِيمٌ عَنَابًا اللّهُ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ وَلَا يَنظُرُ اللّهُ وَلَا يَنظُولُ إِلَيْهُمُ عَنَابٌ أَلِيمٌ عَنَابٌ أَلِيمٌ عَنَابٌ أَلِيمٌ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ وَلَا يَنظُونُ إِلَيْهُمْ عَنَابٌ اللّهُ وَلَا يَنظُونُ اللّهُ وَلَا يَنظُونُ إِلَيْهُمْ يَوْمُ اللّهُ وَلَا يَنظُونُ إِلَيْهُمْ يَوْمُ اللّهُ عَلَا يَعْمُ اللّهُ وَلَا يَنظُونُ إِلَيْهِمُ يَوْمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَلَا يَنظُونُ إِلَيْهُمْ يَوْمُ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ ا

Verily, those who purchase a small gain at the cost of Allâh's Covenant and their oaths, they shall have no portion in the Hereafter (Paradise). Neither will Allâh speak to them, nor look at them on the Day of Resurrection, nor will He purify them, and they shall have a painful torment.

78.

وَإِنَّ مِنْهُمُ لَفَرِيقًا يَلُوُ مِنَ أَلُسِنَتَهُم بِٱلْكِتَىبِ لِتَحْسَبُوهُ مِنَ ٱلْكِتَىبِ وَمَا هُوَ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا هُوَ مِنُ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا هُوَ مِنُ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا هُوَ مِنُ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ وَيَقُولُونَ هُوَ مِنْ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا هُوَ مِنْ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ وَيَقُولُونَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ ٱلْكَذِبَ وَهُمُ يَعُلَمُونَ ۚ

And verily, among them is a party who distort the Book with their tongues (as they read), so that you may think it is from the Book, but it is not from the Book, and they say: "This is from Allâh," but it is not from Allâh; and they speak a lie against Allâh while they know it.

79.

مَا كَانَ لِبَشَرٍ أَن يُؤُتِيَهُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْكِتَابَ وَٱلْحُكُمَ وَٱلنُّبُوَّةَ ثُمَّ مَا كَانَ لِبَشَرٍ أَن يُؤُتِيَهُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْكِتَابَ وَٱلْحُكُمَ وَٱلنُّبُوَةَ ثُمَّ يَقُولَ لِلنَّاسِ كُونُواْ رَبَّانِيِّنَ بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَدُرُسُونَ كُونُواْ رَبَّانِيِّنَ بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَدُرُسُونَ ﴿

It is not (possible) for any human being to whom Allâh has given the Book and *Al-Hukma* (the knowledge and understanding of the laws of religion, etc.) and Prophethood to say to the people: "Be my worshippers rather than Allâh's." On the contrary (he would say): "Be you *Rabbaniyun* (learned men of religion who practise what they know and also preach others), because you are teaching the Book, and you are studying it."

80.

وَلَا يَاأُمُرَ كُمُ أَن تَتَّخِذُواْ ٱلْمَلَايِكَةَ وَٱلنَّبِيِّانَ أَرُبَابًا ۗ أَيَامُرُ كُم بِاللَّهُفُرِ بَعُدَ إِذْ أَنتُم مُّسُلِمُونَ ۗ

Nor would he order you to take angels and Prophets for lords (gods). Would he order you to disbelieve after you have submitted to Allâh's Will? (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*).

وَإِذُ أَخَدَ ٱللَّهُ مِيثَدِقَ ٱلنَّبِيِّ مِنَ لَمَا ءَاتَيُتُكُم مِّنَ لَمَا عَكُمُ لَتُؤُمِئُنَّ بِهِ كَنَابٍ وَحِكُمَةٍ ثُمَّ جَآءَكُمُ رَسُولٌ مُّصَدِّقٌ لِّمَا مَعَكُمُ لَتُؤُمِئُنَّ بِهِ كَاتَنبٍ وَحِكُمَةٍ ثُمَّ جَآءَكُمُ رَسُولٌ مُّصَدِّقٌ لِّمَا مَعَكُمُ لَتُؤُمِئُنَّ بِهِ وَلَتَنصُرُنَّهُ وَقَالَ ءَأَقُرَرُتُمُ وَأَخَذُتُم عَلَىٰ ذَلِكُم إِصرِيٍّ قَالُوٓا أَقُرَرُنَا وَلَتَنصُرُنَّهُ وَأَفَرَرُتُم وَأَخَذُتُم عَلَىٰ ذَلِكُم إِصرِيٍّ قَالُوٓا أَقُرَرُنَا قَالَ فَاللَّهُ هَدُوا وَأَنا مَعَكُم مِّنَ ٱلشَّهِدِينَ هَا اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ فَاللَّهُ مَعَدُوا وَأَنَا مَعَكُم مِّنَ ٱلشَّهِدِينَ هَا

And (remember) when Allâh took the Covenant of the Prophets, saying: "Take whatever I gave you from the Book and *Hikmah* (understanding of the Laws of Allâh, etc.), and afterwards there will come to you a Messenger (Muhammad SAW) confirming what is with you; you must, then, believe in him and help him." Allâh said: "Do you agree (to it) and will you take up My Covenant (which I conclude with you)?" They said: "We agree." He said: "Then bear witness; and I am with you among the witnesses (for this)."

82.

Then whoever turns away after this, they are the *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious: those who turn away from Allâh's Obedience).

83.

Do they seek other than the religion of Allâh (the true Islâmic Monotheism worshipping none but Allâh Alone), while to Him submitted all creatures in the heavens and the earth, willingly or unwillingly. And to Him shall they all be returned.

84.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "We believe in Allâh and in what has been sent down to us, and what was sent down to Ibrâhim (Abraham), Ismâ'il (Ishmael), Ishâque (Isaac), Ya'qûb (Jacob) and Al-Asbât [the twelve sons of Ya'qûb (Jacob)] and what was given to Mûsa (Moses), 'Iesa (Jesus) and the Prophets from their Lord. We make no distinction between one another among them and to Him (Allâh) we have submitted (in Islâm)."

85.

And whoever seeks a religion other than Islâm, it will never be accepted of him, and in the Hereafter he will be one of the losers .

كَيُفَ يَهُدِى ٱللَّهُ قَوْمًا كَفَرُواْ بَعُدَ إِيمَنِهِمُ وَشَهِدُوٓاْ أَنَّ ٱلرَّسُولَ حَقُّ وَجَآءَهُمُ ٱلْبَيِّنَنِتُ ۚ وَٱللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ ۞

How shall Allâh guide a people who disbelieved after their belief and after they bore witness that the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) is true and after clear proofs had come unto them? And Allâh guides not the people who are *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers).

87.

They are those whose recompense is that on them (rests) the Curse of Allâh, of the angels, and of

88.

all mankind.

They will abide therein (Hell). Neither will their torment be lightened, nor will it be delayed or postponed (for a while).

89.

Except for those who repent after that and do righteous deeds. Verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

90.

Verily, those who disbelieved after their Belief and then went on increasing in their disbelief (i.e. disbelief in the Qur'ân and in Prophet Muhammad SAW) - never will their repentance be accepted [because they repent only by their tongues and not from their hearts]. And they are those who are astray.

91.

Verily, those who disbelieved, and died while they were disbelievers, the (whole) earth full of gold will not be accepted from anyone of them even if they offered it as a ransom. For them is a painful torment and they will have no helpers.

لَىن تَنَالُواْ ٱلَـبِرَّ حَـتَّىٰ تُنفِقُ واْ مِمَّا تُحِـبُّونَ ۚ وَمَا تُنفِقُ واْ مِن شَىءٍ فَا لِنَالُواْ ٱلَـبِرَّ حَـتَّىٰ تُنفِقُ واْ مِن شَىءٍ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِيهُ ﴿

By no means shall you attain *Al-Birr* (piety, righteousness, etc., it means here Allâh's Reward, i.e. Paradise), unless you spend (in Allâh's Cause) of that which you love; and whatever of good you spend, Allâh knows it well.

93.

كُلُّ ٱلطَّعَامِ كَانَ حِلَّا لِبِّنِي إِسْرَ آءِيلَ إِلَّا مَا حَرَّمَ إِسْرَ آءِيلُ عَلَىٰ نَفُسِهِ عَ كُلُّ ٱلطَّعَامِ كَانَ حِلَّا لِبِّنِي إِسْرَ آءِيلَ إِلَّا مَا حَرَّمَ إِسْرَ آءِيلُ عَلَىٰ نَفُسِهِ عَن قَبُلِ أَن تُنزَّلَ ٱلتَّوْرَ نَةً قُلُ فَأْتُواْ بِٱلتَّوْرَ نَةٍ فَٱتُلُوهَا إِن كُنتُمُ صَدِقِينَ مِن قَبُلِ أَن تُنزَّلَ ٱلتَّوْرَ نَةً قُلُ فَأْتُواْ بِٱلتَّوْرَ نَةٍ فَٱتُلُوهَا إِن كُنتُمُ صَدِقِينَ



All food was lawful to the Children of Israel, except what Israel made unlawful for himself before the Taurât (Torah) was revealed. Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Bring here the Taurât (Torah) and recite it, if you are truthful."

94.

Then after that, whosoever shall invent a lie against Allâh, ... such shall indeed be the *Zâlimûn* (disbelievers).

95.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Allâh has spoken the truth; follow the religion of Ibrâhim (Abraham) Hanifa (Islâmic Monotheism, i.e. he used to worship Allâh Alone), and he was not of Al-Mushrikûn." (See V.2:105)

96.

Verily, the first House (of worship) appointed for mankind was that at *Bakkah* (Makkah), full of blessing, and a guidance for *Al-'Alamîn* (the mankind and jinns).

97.

فِيهِ ءَايَنَ ثُنَ بَيِّنَنَ ثُ مَّقَامُ إِبُرَ هِيمَ وَمَن دَخَلَهُ وَكَانَ ءَامِنَا ۗ وَلِلَّهِ عَلَى ٱلنَّاسِ حِجُّ ٱلْبَيْتِ مَنِ ٱستَطَاعَ إِلَيْهِ سَبِيلًا ۚ وَمَن كَفَرَ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَنِيٌّ عَنِ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ



In it are manifest signs (for example), the Maqâm (place) of Ibrâhim (Abraham); whosoever enters

it, he attains security. And *Hajj* (pilgrimage to Makkah) to the House (Ka'bah) is a duty that mankind owes to Allâh, those who can afford the expenses (for one's conveyance, provision and residence); and whoever disbelieves [i.e. denies *Hajj* (pilgrimage to Makkah), then he is a disbeliever of Allâh], then Allâh stands not in need of any of the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns).

98.

قُلُ يَنَا هُلَ ٱللِّتَنبِ لِمَ تَكُفُرُونَ بِئَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ وَٱللَّهُ شَهِيدً عَلَىٰ مَا تَعُمَلُونَ ٢

Say: "O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Why do you reject the *Ayât* of Allâh (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) while Allâh is Witness to what you do?"

99.

قُلُ يَثَأَهُلَ ٱللَّكِتَنِ لِمَ تَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ مَنْ ءَامَنَ تَبْغُونَهَا عِوَجًا وَأَنتُمُ شُهَدَآءً وَمَا ٱللَّهُ بِغَنفِلِ عَمَّا تَعُمَلُونَ ٢

Say: "O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Why do you stop those who have believed, from the Path of Allâh, seeking to make it seem crooked, while you (yourselves) are witnesses [to Muhammad SAW as a Messenger of Allâh and Islâm (Allâh's Religion, i.e. to worship none but Him Alone)]? And Allâh is not unaware of what you do."

100.

يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ إِن تُطِيعُواْ فَرِيقًا مِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلۡكِتَـٰبَ يَرُدُّو كُم بَعۡدَ إِيمَـٰنِكُمُ كَنفِرِينَ ٢

O you who believe! If you obey a group of those who were given the Scripture (Jews and Christians), they would (indeed) render you disbelievers after you have believed!

101.

وَكَــيُفَ تَكُفُــرُونَ وَأَنتُــمُ تُتُلَــن عَلَيْكُــمُ ءَايَــتُ ٱللَّــهِ وَفِيكُــمُ رَسُولُهُ وَمَن يَعُتَصِم بِٱللَّهِ فَقَدُ هُدِى إِلَىٰ صِرَ طٍ مُّسْتَقِيمِ

And how would you disbelieve, while unto you are recited the Verses of Allâh, and among you is His Messenger (Muhammad SAW)? And whoever holds firmly to Allâh, (i.e. follows Islâm Allâh's Religion, and obeys all that Allâh has ordered, practically), then he is indeed guided to a Right Path.

102

يَكَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ حَقَّ تُقَاتِهِ - وَلَا تَمُوتُنَّ إِلَّا وَأَنتُم مُّسلِمُونَ



O you who believe! Fear Allâh (by doing all that He has ordered and by abstaining from all that He has forbidden) as He should be feared. [Obey Him, be thankful to Him, and remember Him always], and die not except in a state of Islâm (as Muslims) with complete submission to Allâh.

وَاعْتَصِمُواْ بِحَبُلِ ٱللَّهِ جَمِيعًا وَلَا تَفَرَّقُواْ وَاذَكُرُواْ نِعُمَتَ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمُ إِذَ كُنتُمُ أَعُدَآءً فَأَلَّفَ بَيْنَ قُلُوبِكُمْ فَأَصْبَحُتُم بِنِعُمَتِهِ ۚ إِخُونَا وَكُنتُمْ عَلَىٰ كُنتُمْ أَعُدَآءً فَأَلَّفَ بَيْنَ قُلُوبِكُمْ فَأَصْبَحُتُم بِنِعُمَتِهِ ۚ إِخُونَا وَكُنتُمْ عَلَىٰ شَفَا حُفْرَةٍ مِّنَ ٱلنَّارِ فَأَنقَذَكُم مِّنُهَ أَكَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمْ ءَايَنتِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهُتَ دُونَ النَّارِ فَأَنقَذَكُم مِّنُهَ أَكَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمْ ءَايَنتِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهُتَدُونَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ ءَايَنتِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهُتَدُونَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ ءَايَنتِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ لَيَ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعَلَيْكُمْ لَعُلَيْكُمْ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعُلِيْكُمْ لَعْمَ لَعْلَيْكُمْ لَيْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعُلَيْكُمْ لَيْ لَا لَهُ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعُلِي لَيْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعُلِيْكُ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعُلِيْكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعُلِيْكُ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعْلَوْلَ اللّهُ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَا لَعُلَيْكُمْ لَيْنَ لَلْكُمْ لَعُلُوبَ لَتُمْ لِي لَيْكُمْ لَكُونَ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعُلَمْ لَعُنْ لَعُلَقُلُكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعُلِيْكُ لِكُمْ لَعُلِقُلُونَ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعُلِقَالِكُ لَلْكُمْ لَعُلْقَلُكُمْ لَعُلِيْكُ لِكُمْ لِيَعْلَقُلْكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعُلِكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَكُلُكُمْ عَلَيْكُ لَلْكُولُكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُولُكُ لِلْكُولِ لَكُمْ لِلْكُولُ لَكُونَ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُولُولُكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلِيكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَعَلَيْكُمْ لَكُمْ لَكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ لَكُمْ لِلْكُولُولُ لِلْكُولِ لَاللّهُ لِلْكُولُ لِلْكُولِ لَلْكُولُ لَلْكُولُ لَلْكُولُ لَكُمْ لَكُمْ لَكُمْ لَلْكُولُ لَلْكُولُ لَا لَكُولُولُولُولُولُولُولُولُ لِلْكُولُ لَلْكُولُ لَكُمْ لَلْكُولُولُ لَلْكُولُ لَلْكُولُ لَلْكُمْ لِلْكُولُ لِلْكُلِكُمْ لِلْكُولُ لِلْكُلِلِكُلُولُ لَلْكُولُولُ لَلْكُولُ لَلْكُولُ لِلْكُلِلْكُ لَلِكُمْ لِلْلِكُ لِلْكُل

And hold fast, all of you together, to the Rope of Allâh (i.e. this Qur'ân), and be not divided among yourselves , and remember Allâh's Favour on you, for you were enemies one to another but He joined your hearts together, so that, by His Grace, you became brethren (in Islâmic Faith), and you were on the brink of a pit of Fire, and He saved you from it. Thus Allâh makes His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.,) clear to you, that you may be guided.

104.

وَلُتَكُن مِّنكُمُ أُمَّةُ يَدُعُونَ إِلَى ٱلْخَيْرِ وَيَأْمُرُونَ بِٱلْمَعُرُوفِ وَيَنْهَوُنَ عَنِ ٱلْمُنكَرِ ۚ وَأُوْلَنَبِكَ هُـمُ ٱلْمُفْلِحُـونَ

اللهُنكَرِ ۚ وَأُولَنَبِكَ هُـمُ ٱلْمُفْلِحُـونَ

اللهُنكَ وَأُولَنَبِكَ هُـمُ ٱلْمُفْلِحُـونَ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ الل

Let there arise out of you a group of people inviting to all that is good (Islâm), enjoining *Al-Ma'rûf* (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and all that Islâm orders one to do) and forbidding *Al-Munkar* (polytheism and disbelief and all that Islâm has forbidden). And it is they who are the successful.

105.

وَلَا تَكُونُواْ كَالَّذِينَ تَفَرَّقُواْ وَالخُتَلَفُواْ مِنْ بَعُدِ مَا جَآءَهُمُ ٱلْبَيِّنَدِتُ وَأُوْلَتَبِكَ لَهُمُ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ

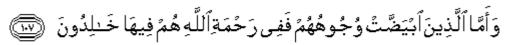
And be not as those who divided and differed among themselves after the clear proofs had come to them. It is they for whom there is an awful torment.

106

يَوُمَ تَبُيَضُّ وُجُوهُ وَتَسُودُّ وُجُوهُ ۚ فَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسُودَّتُ وُجُوهُهُمُ أَكَفَرُتُم بَعۡ دَ إِيمَننِكُمُ فَذُوقُواْ ٱلْعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَكُفُرُونَ ﴿

On the Day (i.e. the Day of Resurrection) when some faces will become white and some faces will become black; as for those whose faces will become black (to them will be said): "Did you reject Faith after accepting it? Then taste the torment (in Hell) for rejecting Faith."

107.



And for those whose faces will become white, they will be in Allâh's Mercy (Paradise), therein they shall dwell forever.

تِلُكَ ءَايَــــُ ٱللَّـهِ نَتُلُوهَا عَلَيـُـكَ بِـٱلْحَقِّ وَمَا ٱللَّـهُ يُرِيـدُ ظُلُمًا لِّلْعَلَمِينَ

These are the Verses of Allâh: We recite them to you (O Muhammad SAW) in truth, and Allâh wills no injustice to the '*Alâmîn* (mankind and jinns).

109

And to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. And all matters go back (for decision) to Allâh.

110

You [true believers in Islâmic Monotheism, and real followers of Prophet Muhammad SAW and his Sunnah (legal ways, etc.)] are the best of peoples ever raised up for mankind; you enjoin Al- $Ma'r\hat{u}f$ (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and all that Islâm has ordained) and forbid Al-Munkar (polytheism, disbelief and all that Islâm has forbidden), and you believe in Allâh $^{[]}$. And had the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) believed, it would have been better for them; among them are some who have faith, but most of them are Al- $F\hat{a}siq\hat{u}n$ (disobedient to Allâh - and rebellious against Allâh's Command).

111.

They will do you no harm, barring a trifling annoyance; and if they fight against you, they will show you their backs, and they will not be helped.

112.

ضُرِبَتُ عَلَيُهِمُ ٱلذِّلَّةُ أَيُنَ مَا ثُقِفُوٓ اللَّا بِحَبُلٍ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَحَبُلٍ مِّنَ ٱلنَّاسِ وَبَآءُو بِغَضَبٍ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَضُرِبَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْمَسْكَنَةُ ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ كَانُواْ يَكُفُرُونَ بِئَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ وَيَقُتُلُونَ ٱلْأَنْلِيَآءَ بِغَيْرِ حَقِّ ذَٰلِكَ بِمَا عَصَواْ وَكَانُواْ يَعْتَدُونَ سَ

Indignity is put over them wherever they may be, except when under a covenant (of protection) from Allâh, and from men; they have drawn on themselves the Wrath of Allâh, and destruction is put over them. This is because they disbelieved in the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh and killed the Prophets without right. This is because they disobeyed (Allâh) and used to transgress beyond bounds (in Allâh's disobedience, crimes and sins).

لَيْسُواْ سَوَآءً مِّنُ أَهُلِ ٱللَّحِتَدِ أُمَّةٌ قَآيِمَةٌ يَتُلُونَ ءَايَدِ ٱللَّهِ ءَانَآءَ ٱلَّيْلِ وَهُمْ يَسُجُدُونَ

Not all of them are alike; a party of the people of the Scripture stand for the right, they recite the Verses of Allâh during the hours of the night, prostrating themselves in prayer.

114.

They believe in Allâh and the Last Day; they enjoin *Al-Ma'rûf* (Islâmic Monotheism, and following Prophet Muhammad SAW) and forbid *Al-Munkar* (polytheism, disbelief and opposing Prophet Muhammad SAW); and they hasten in (all) good works; and they are among the righteous.

115.

And whatever good they do, nothing will be rejected of them; for Allâh knows well those who are Al-Muttaqûn (the pious - see V.2:2).

116.

Surely, those who reject Faith (disbelieve in Muhammad SAW as being Allâh's Prophet and in all that which he has brought from Allâh), neither their properties, nor their offspring will avail them aught against Allâh. They are the dwellers of the Fire, therein they will abide []. (*Tafsir AtTabarî*, Vol. 4, Page 58).

117.

The likeness of what they spend in this world is the likeness of a wind which is extremely cold; it struck the harvest of a people who did wrong aginst themselves and destroyed it, (i.e. the good deed of a person is only accepted if he is a monotheist and believes in all the Prophets of Allâh, including Christ >> and Muhammad SAW). Allâh wronged them not, but they wronged themselves.

118.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَتَّخِذُواْ بِطَانَةً مِّن دُونِكُمُ لَا يَأُلُونَكُمُ خَبَالًا وَدُّواْ مَا عَنِتُّمُ قَدُ بَدَتِ ٱلْبَغُضَآءُ مِنْ أَفُوَ هِهِمُ وَمَا تُخُفِى صُدُورُهُمُ أَكُبَرُ ۚ قَدُ بَيَّنًا لَكُمُ ٱلْأَيَىتِ ۗ إِن كُنتُمُ تَعُقِلُونَ ۗ

O you who believe! Take not as (your) *Bitânah* (advisors, consultants, protectors, helpers, friends, etc.) those outside your religion (pagans, Jews, Christians, and hypocrites) since they will not fail to do their best to corrupt you. They desire to harm you severely. Hatred has already appeared from their mouths, but what their breasts conceal is far worse. Indeed We have made plain to you the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses) if you understand.

119.

هَنَ أَنتُمُ أُوْلاَءِ تُحِبُّونَهُمُ وَلَا يُحِبُّونَكُمُ وَتُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْكِتَىبِ كُلِّهِ عَلَيْكُمُ وَتُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْكِتَىبِ كُلِّهِ وَإِذَا لَقُو كُمُ قَالُوٓاْ عَامَنَا وَإِذَا خَلَواْ عَضُّواْ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْأَنَامِلَ مِنَ ٱلْغَينظِ قُلُ مُوتُواْ بِغَيْظِكُمُ إِلنَّالُهَ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ ٱلصُّدُورِ ﴿

Lo! You are the ones who love them but they love you not, and you believe in all the Scriptures [i.e. you believe in the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel), while they disbelieve in your Book, the Qur'ân]. And when they meet you, they say, "We believe". But when they are alone, they bite the tips of their fingers at you in rage. Say: "Perish in your rage. Certainly, Allâh knows what is in the breasts (all the secrets)."

120.

إِن تَمُسَسُكُمُ حَسَنَةٌ تَسُؤُهُمُ وَإِن تُصِبُكُمُ سَيِّنَةٌ يَفُرَحُواْ بِهَا وَاللَّهُ بِهَا وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

If a good befalls you, it grieves them, but if some evil overtakes you, they rejoice at it. But if you remain patient and become *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2), not the least harm will their cunning do to you. Surely, Allâh surrounds all that they do.

121.

وَإِذْ غَدَوْتَ مِنْ أَهُلِكَ تُبَوِّئُ ٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ مَقَىعِدَ لِلُقِتَالِّ وَٱللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ



And (remember) when you (Muhammad SAW) left your household in the morning to post the believers at their stations for the battle (of Uhud). And Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

122

When two parties from among you were about to lose heart, but Allâh was their *Walî* (Supporter and Protector). And in Allâh should the believers put their trust.

123.

وَلَقَدُ نَصَرَ كُمُ ٱللَّهُ بِبَدُرٍ وَأَنتُمُ أَذِلَّةٌ فَاتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَشُكُرُونَ ﴿ وَأَنتُمُ أَذِلَتُهُ فَالَّقَوُا ٱللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿ ﴿ وَأَنتُمْ أَذِلَتُهُ فَاللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمُ مَ

And Allâh has already made you victorious at Badr, when you were a weak little force. So fear Allâh much [abstain from all kinds of sins and evil deeds which He has forbidden and love Allâh much, perform all kinds of good deeds which He has ordained] that you may be grateful.

إِذْ تَقُـــولُ لِلْمُـــؤُمِنِينَ أَلَـــن يَكُفِيَكُـــمُ أَن يُمِــدَّكُمُ رَبُّكُــم بِثَلَنثَةِ ءَالَـنفٍ مِّـنَ ٱلْمَلَتَبِكَةِ مُـنزَلِينَ ۞

(Remember) when you (Muhammad SAW) said to the believers, "Is it not enough for you that your Lord (Allâh) should help you with three thousand angels; sent down?"

125

"Yes, if you hold on to patience and piety, and the enemy comes rushing at you; your Lord will help you with five thousand angels having marks (of distinction)."

126.

Allâh made it not but as a message of good news for you and as an assurance to your hearts. And there is no victory except from Allâh, the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

127

That He might cut off a part of those who disbelieve, or expose them to infamy, so that they retire frustrated.

128



Not for you (O Muhammad SAW, but for Allâh) is the decision; whether He turns in mercy to (pardons) them or punishes them; verily, they are the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, disobedients, and wrongdoers, etc.).

129

And to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. He forgives whom He wills, and punishes whom He wills. And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تَا أُكُلُوا ٱلرِّبَوْا أَضْعَنفًا مُّضَعَفَةً وَٱتَّقُوا ٱللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمُ تُفُلِحُونَ ﴿

O you who believe! Eat not $\mathit{Rib\hat{a}}$ (usury) $^{f I}$ doubled and multiplied, but fear Allâh that you may be successful.

131

And fear the Fire, which is prepared for the disbelievers.

132

And obey Allâh and the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) that you may obtain mercy.

133

And march forth in the way (which leads to) forgiveness from your Lord, and for Paradise as wide as are the heavens and the earth, prepared for *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

134

Those who spend [in Allâh's Cause - deeds of charity, alms, etc.] in prosperity and in adversity, Π who repress anger, Π and who pardon men; verily, Allâh loves *Al-Muhsinûn* (the gooddoers).

135.

And those who, when they have committed *Fahishah* (illegal sexual intercourse etc.) or wronged themselves with evil, remember Allâh and ask forgiveness for their sins; - and none can forgive sins but Allâh - And do not persist in what (wrong) they have done, while they know.

For such, the reward is Forgiveness from their Lord, and Gardens with rivers flowing underneath (Paradise), wherein they shall abide forever. How excellent is this reward for the doers (who do righteous deeds according to Allâh's Orders).

137.

Many similar ways (and mishaps of life) were faced by nations (believers and disbelievers) that have passed away before you (as you have faced in the battle of Uhud), so travel through the earth, and see what was the end of those who disbelieved (in the Oneness of Allâh, and disobeyed Him and His Messengers).

138

This (the Qur'ân) is a plain statement for mankind, a guidance and instruction to those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

139

So do not become weak (against your enemy), nor be sad, and you will be superior (in victory) if you are indeed (true) believers.

140.

If a wound (and killing) has touched you, be sure a similar wound (and killing) has touched the others. And so are the days (good and not so good), We give to men by turns, that Allâh may test those who believe, and that He may take martyrs from among you. And Allâh likes not the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers).

141

And that Allah may test (or purify) the believers (from sins) and destroy the disbelievers.

أَمُ حَسِبُتُمُ أَن تَدُخُلُواْ ٱلْجَنَّةَ وَلَمَّا يَعُلَمِ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ جَهَدُواْ مِنكُمُ وَيَعُلَمَ ٱلصَّـبِرِينَ ٢

Do you think that you will enter Paradise before Allâh tests those of you who fought (in His Cause) and (also) tests those who are *As-Sâbirin* (the patient ones, etc.)?

143.

وَلَقَدُ كُنتُمُ تَمَنَّوُنَ ٱلْمَوْتَ مِن قَبُلِ أَن تَلُقَوهُ فَقَدُ رَأَيْتُمُوهُ وَأَنتُمُ تَنظُرُونَ عَ

You did indeed wish for death (AshShahâdah - martyrdom) before you met it. Now you have seen it openly with your own eyes.

144.

وَمَا مُحَمَّدُ إِلَّا رَسُولُ قَدُ خَلَتُ مِن قَبُلِهِ ٱلرُّسُلُ أَ أَفَإِيْن مَّاتَ أَوُ قُتِلَ ٱنقَلَبُتُمُ عَلَىٰٓ أَعُقَىبِكُمُ وَمَن يَنقَلِبُ عَلَىٰ عَقِبَيهِ فَلَن يَضُرَّ ٱللَّهَ شَيئًا وَسَيَجُزِى ٱللَّهُ ٱلشَّعكِرِينَ

Muhammad (SAW) is no more than a Messenger, and indeed (many) Messengers have passed away before him. If he dies or is killed, will you then turn back on your heels (as disbelievers)? And he who turns back on his heels, not the least harm will he do to Allâh, and Allâh will give reward to those who are grateful.

145.

وَمَا كَانَ لِنَفُسٍ أَن تَمُوتَ إِلَّا بِإِذُنِ ٱللَّهِ كِتَنبًا مُّؤَجَّلًا وَمَن يُرِدُ ثَوَابَ ٱللَّهُ كِتنبًا مُّؤَجَّلًا وَمَن يُرِدُ ثَوَابَ ٱلْأَخِرَةِ نُؤْتِهِ مِنُهَا وَمَن يُرِدُ ثَوَابَ ٱلْأَخِرَةِ نُؤْتِهِ مِنُهَا وَمَن يُرِدُ ثَوَابَ ٱلْأَخِرَةِ نُؤْتِهِ مِنُهَا وَسَنَجُزِى ٱلشَّنكِرِينَ عَ

And no person can ever die except by Allâh's Leave and at an appointed term. And whoever desires a reward in (this) world, We shall give him of it; and whoever desires a reward in the Hereafter, We shall give him thereof. And We shall reward the grateful.

146.

وَكَأَيِّن مِّن نَّبِيِّ قَنتَلَ مَعَهُ ورِبِّيُّونَ كَثِيرٌ فَمَا وَهَنُواْ لِمَا أَصَابَهُمُ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا ضَعُفُواْ وَمَا ٱستَكَانُواً ۗ وَٱللَّهُ يُحِبُّ ٱلصَّبِرِينَ



And many a Prophet (i.e. many from amongst the Prophets) fought (in Allâh's Cause) and along with him (fought) large bands of religious learned men. But they never lost heart for that which did befall them in Allâh's Way, nor did they weaken nor degrade themselves. And Allâh loves *As-Sâbirin* (the patient ones, etc.).

وَمَا كَانَ قَوْلَهُمُ إِلَّا أَن قَالُواْ رَبَّنَا ٱغُفِرُ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَإِسُرَافَنَا فِيَ أَمُرِنَا وَثَبِّتُ أَقُدَامَنَا وَٱنصُرُنَا عَلَى ٱلُقَومُ ٱلْكَنفِرينَ ﴿

And they said nothing but: "Our Lord! Forgive us our sins and our transgressions (in keeping our duties to You), establish our feet firmly, and give us victory over the disbelieving folk."

148

فَعَاتَنهُمُ ٱللَّهُ ثَوَابَ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَحُسُنَ ثَوَابِ ٱلْأَخِرَةِّ وَٱللَّهُ يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ



So Allâh gave them the reward of this world, and the excellent reward of the Hereafter. And Allâh loves *Al-Muhsinûn* (the gooddoers - see the footnote of V.3:134).

149

O you who believe! If you obey those who disbelieve, they will send you back on your heels, and you will turn back (from Faith) as losers. Π

150

Nay, Allâh is your Maulâ (Patron, Lord, Helper and Protector, etc.), and He is the Best of helpers.

151

We shall cast terror into the hearts of those who disbelieve, because they joined others in worship with Allâh, for which He had sent no authority; their abode will be the Fire and how evil is the abode of the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers).

152

وَلَقَدُ صَدَقَكُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَعُدَهُ ۚ إِذْ تَحُسُّونَهُم بِإِذُنِهِ ۚ حَتَّى إِذَا فَشِلْتُمُ وَتَنَدزَعُتُمْ فِى ٱلْأَمْرِ وَعَصَيْتُم مِّنَ بَعُدِ مَآ أَرَىٰكُم مَّا تُحِبُّونَ مِنكُم مَّن يُرِيدُ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَمِنكُم مَّن يُرِيدُ ٱلْأَخِرَةَ ثُمُّ صَرَفَكُمُ عَنْهُمُ لِيَبُتَلِيَكُمُ وَلَقَدُ عَفَا عَنكُمُ وَٱللَّهُ ذُو فَصُلٍ عَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ هَ

And Allâh did indeed fulfil His Promise to you when you were killing them (your enemy) with His Permission; until (the moment) you lost your courage and fell to disputing about the order, and disobeyed after He showed you (of the booty) which you love. Among you are some that desire this world and some that desire the Hereafter. Then He made you flee from them (your enemy), that He might test you. But surely, He forgave you, and Allâh is Most Gracious to the believers.

إِذْ تُصْعِدُونَ وَلَا تَلُونَ عَلَى عَلَى أَحَدٍ وَٱلرَّسُولُ يَدُعُوكُمُ
 فِي آُخُرَنكُمُ فَأَثَنبَكُمُ غَمَّا بِغَمِّ لِلْكَيْلَا تَحُزَنُواْ عَلَىٰ مَا فَاتَكُمُ وَلَا
 مَا أَصَابَكُمُ وَٱللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ

(And remember) when you ran away (dreadfully) without even casting a side glance at anyone, and the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) was in your rear calling you back. There did Allâh give you one distress after another by way of requital to teach you not to grieve for that which had escaped you, nor for that which had befallen you. And Allâh is WellAware of all that you do.

154.

ثُمَّ أَنزَلَ عَلَيْكُم مِّنْ بَعُدِ ٱلْغَمِّ أَمَنَةً نُّعَاسًا يَغُشَىٰ طَآبِفَةً مِّنكُمُ وَطَآبِفَةٌ قَدُ أَهَمَّتُهُمُ أَنفُسُهُم يَظُنُّونَ بِٱللَّهِ غَيْرَ ٱلْحَقِّ ظَنَّ ٱلْجَدِهِلِيَّةِ يَقُولُونَ هَل لَّنَا مِنَ ٱلْأَمْرِ مِن شَىءٍ قُلُ إِنَّ ٱلْأَمْرِ كُلَّهُ لِلَّةٍ يُخفُونَ فِي أَنفُسِهِم مَّا لَا يُبدُونَ لِلَّ يَعُولُونَ فِي أَنفُسِهِم مَّا لَا يُبدُونَ لِلَّ يَعُولُونَ فِي أَنفُسِهِم مَّا لَا يُبدُونَ لَكَ يَقُولُونَ لَوْ كَانَ لَنَا مِنَ ٱلْأَمْرِ شَىء مَّا قُتِلْنَا هَدِهُنَا قُل لَوْ كُنتُم فِي لِكَ يَقُولُونَ لَوْ كَانَ لَنَا مِنَ ٱلْأَمْرِ شَىء مَّا قُتِلْنَا هَدِهُنَا قُل لَوْ كُنتُم فِي بُيُوتِكُم لَبَرَزَ ٱلنَّذِينَ كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِم ٱلْقَتَلُ إِلَىٰ مَضَاجِعِهِم وَلِيَبَتَلِى ٱللَّهُ مَا بُيُوتِكُم لَبَرَزَ ٱلنَّذِينَ كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِم ٱلْقَتَلُ إِلَىٰ مَضَاجِعِهِم وَلِيَبَتَلِى ٱللَّهُ مَا بُيُوتِكُم لَبَرَزَ ٱلنَّذِينَ كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِم ٱلْقَتَلُ إِلَىٰ مَضَاجِعِهِم وَلِيتَبَعلِى ٱللَّهُ مَا بُيُوتِكُم لَبَرَزَ ٱلنَّذِينَ كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِم ٱلْقَتَالُ إِلَىٰ مَضَاجِعِهِم وَلِيتَابِعَلِى ٱللَّهُ مَا فِي قُلُوبِكُم وَاللَّه عَلِيم بِذَاتِ ٱلصَّدُورِ هَا فَي قُلُوبِكُم وَاللَّه عَلِيم بِذَاتِ ٱلصَّدُورِ هَا فَي فَلُوبِكُم وَاللَّه عَلِيم بِذَاتِ ٱلصَّدُورِ هُمْ وَلِيم حَصَ مَا فِي قُلُوبِكُم وَاللَّه عَلِيم بِذَاتِ ٱلصَّدُودِ هِي

Then after the distress, He sent down security for you. Slumber overtook a party of you, while another party was thinking about themselves (as how to save their ownselves, ignoring the others and the Prophet SAW) and thought wrongly of Allâh - the thought of ignorance. They said, "Have we any part in the affair?" Say you (O Muhammad SAW): "Indeed the affair belongs wholly to Allâh." They hide within themselves what they dare not reveal to you, saying: "If we had anything to do with the affair, none of us would have been killed here." Say: "Even if you had remained in your homes, those for whom death was decreed would certainly have gone forth to the place of their death," but that Allâh might test what is in your breasts; and to *Mahis* that which was in your hearts (sins), and Allâh is AllKnower of what is in (your) breasts.

155.

إِنَّ ٱلَّـــذِينَ تَوَلَّـــوُاْ مِنكُـــمُ يَـــوُمَ ٱلْتَقَـــى ٱلْجَمَعَــانِ إِنَّمَــا ٱللَّـهُ عَنَهُمُّ ٱلسَّتَزَلَّهُمُ ٱلشَّـيُطَنُ بِبَعُـضِ مَا كَسَـبُواً وَلَقَـدُ عَفَا ٱللَّـهُ عَنَهُمُّ إِنَّ ٱللَّـه عَنْهُمُ اللَّه عَنْهُم اللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ الللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللِّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ الللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللِّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللْمُلِمُ اللَّهُمُ الللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ الللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ الللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُم

Those of you who turned back on the day the two hosts met (i.e. the battle of Uhud), it was *Shaitân* (Satan) who caused them to backslide (run away from the battlefield) because of some (sins) they had earned. But Allâh, indeed, has forgiven them. Surely, Allâh is OftForgiving, Most Forbearing.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَكُونُواْ كَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَقَالُواْ لِإِخُونِهِمُ إِذَا ضَرَبُواْ فِي اللَّهُ أَرُضِ أَوْ كَانُواْ غُرَّى لَّوُ كَانُواْ عِندَنَا مَا مَاتُواْ وَمَا قُتِلُواْ فِيهِمُّ وَٱللَّهُ يُحْيِء وَمَا قُتِلُواْ لِيَجُعَلَ ٱللَّهُ ذَلِكَ حَسَرةً فِي قُلُوبِهِمُّ وَٱللَّهُ يُحْيِء وَيُمِيتُ وَيُعِيتُ وَٱللَّهُ يُحْيِء وَيُعِيتُ قَالُوبِهِمُ وَٱللَّهُ يُحْيِء وَيُعِيتُ قَالُوبِهِمُ وَٱللَّهُ يُعَلَي وَيَعِيتُ قَالُوبِهِمُ وَٱللَّهُ يُحْيِء

O you who believe! Be not like those who disbelieve (hypocrites) and who say to their brethren when they travel through the earth or go out to fight: "If they had stayed with us, they would not have died or been killed," so that Allâh may make it a cause of regret in their hearts. It is Allâh that gives life and causes death. And Allâh is AllSeer of what you do.

157.

وَلَبِن قُتِلُتُمُ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ أَوْ مُتُّمُ لَمَغُفِرَةٌ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَرَحُمَةٌ خَيْرٌ مِّمَّا يَجُمَعُونَ

And if you are killed or die in the Way of Allâh, forgiveness and mercy from Allâh are far better than all that they amass (of worldly wealths, etc.).

158

And whether you die, or are killed, verily, unto Allâh you shall be gathered.

159

فَيِمَا رَحُمَةٍ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ لِنتَ لَهُمُّ وَلَو كُنتَ فَظًّا غَلِيظَ ٱلْقَلْبِ لَاَنْفَضُّواْ مِنُ حَولِكَ فَاعُفُ عَنْهُمُ وَٱسۡتَغُفِرُ لَهُمُ وَشَاوِرُهُمُ فِى ٱلْأَمَرِ فَا فَإِذَا عَزَمُتَ فَتَوَكَّلُ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُتَوَكِّلِينَ هَ

And by the Mercy of Allâh, you dealt with them gently. And had you been severe and harshhearted, they would have broken away from about you; so pass over (their faults), and ask (Allâh's) Forgiveness for them; and consult them in the affairs. Then when you have taken a decision, put your trust in Allâh, certainly, Allâh loves those who put their trust (in Him).

160.

إِن يَنصُ رُكُمُ ٱللَّهُ فَلَا غَالِبَ لَكُ مُّ وَإِن يَخَ ذُلُكُمُ فَلَا غَالِبَ لَكُ مُّ وَإِن يَخَ ذُلُكُمُ فَمَن ذَا ٱلَّذِي يَنصُرُ كُم مِّنْ بَعَدِهِ ۗ وَعَلَى ٱللَّهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ



If Allâh helps you, none can overcome you; and if He forsakes you, who is there after Him that can help you? And in Allâh (Alone) let believers put their trust.

وَمَا كَانَ لِنَبِيِّ أَن يَغُلُّ وَمَن يَغُلُلُ يَأْتِ بِمَا غَلَّ يَوُمَ ٱلْقِيَدَمَةِۚ ثُمَّ تُوَفَّىٰ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَّا كَسَبَتُ وَهُمُ لَا يُظُلِّمُونَ ﴿

It is not for any Prophet to take illegally a part of booty $(Ghulul)^{\prod}$, and whosoever deceives his companions as regards the booty, he shall bring forth on the Day of Resurrection that which he took (illegally). Then every person shall be paid in full what he has earned, - and they shall not be dealt with unjustly.

162

Is then one who follows (seeks) the good Pleasure of Allâh (by not taking illegally a part of the booty) like the one who draws on himself the Wrath of Allâh (by taking a part of the booty illegally - Ghulul)? - his abode is Hell, - and worst, indeed is that destination!

163

They are in varying grades with Allâh, and Allâh is AllSeer of what they do.

164.

Indeed Allâh conferred a great favour on the believers when He sent among them a Messenger (Muhammad SAW) from among themselves, reciting unto them His Verses (the Qur'ân), and purifying them (from sins by their following him), and instructing them (in) the Book (the Qur'ân) and AlHikmah [the wisdom and the Sunnah of the Prophet SAW (i.e. his legal ways, statements, acts of worship, etc.)], while before that they had been in manifest error.

165

(What is the matter with you?) When a single disaster smites you, although you smote (your enemies) with one twice as great, you say: "From where does this come to us?" Say (to them), "It is from yourselves (because of your evil deeds)." And Allâh has power over all things.

166.



And what you suffered (of the disaster) on the day (of the battle of Uhud when) the two armies met, was by the leave of Allâh, in order that He might test the believers.

وَلِيَعُلَمَ ٱلَّذِينَ نَافَقُواۚ وَقِيلَ لَهُمُ تَعَالُواْ قَنتِلُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ أَوِ ٱدْفَعُواً قَالُواْ لَوَ نَعُلَمُ قِتَالًا لَّآتَبَعُنَكُمُ هُمُ لِلْكُفُرِ يَوُمَبِذٍ أَقُرَبُ مِنْهُمُ لِلْإِيمَنِ يَقُولُونَ بِأَفُوٰ هِهِم مَّا لَيُسَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ وَٱللَّهُ أَعُلَمُ بِمَا يَكُتُمُونَ



And that He might test the hypocrites, it was said to them: "Come, fight in the Way of Allâh or (at least) defend yourselves." They said: "Had we known that fighting will take place, we would certainly have followed you." They were that day, nearer to disbelief than to Faith, saying with their mouths what was not in their hearts. And Allâh has full knowledge of what they conceal.

168.

ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُواْ لِإِخُوَ نِهِمُ وَقَعَدُواْ لَوْ أَطَاعُونَا مَا قُتِلُواً قُلُ فَٱدُرَءُواْ عَنُ أَنفُسِكُمُ ٱلْمَوْتَ إِن كُنتُمُ صَدِقِينَ شَ

(They are) the ones who said about their killed brethren while they themselves sat (at home): "If only they had listened to us, they would not have been killed." Say: "Avert death from your ownselves, if you speak the truth."

169.

وَلَا تَحُسَبَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ قُتِلُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ أَمُوَ ثَا أَبَلُ أَحُيَآ ءُ عِندَ رَبِّهِمُ يُرُزَقُونَ
هَا اللَّهِ مُ يُرُزَقُونَ هَا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَل

Think not of those who are killed in the Way of Allâh as dead. Nay, they are alive, with their Lord, and they have provision.

170

فَرِحِينَ بِمَا ءَاتَنهُمُ ٱللَّهُ مِن فَضُلِهِ ـ وَيَسْتَبُشِرُونَ بِٱلَّذِينَ لَمُ يَلُحَقُواْ بِهِم مِّنُ خَلَفِهِمُ أَلَّا خَوُفُّ عَلَيُهِمُ وَلَا هُمُ يَحُزَنُونَ ۞

They rejoice in what Allâh has bestowed upon them of His Bounty, rejoicing for the sake of those who have not yet joined them, but are left behind (not yet martyred) that on them no fear shall come, nor shall they grieve.

171

* يَسُتَبُشِرُونَ بِنِعُمَةٍ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَفَضُلٍ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُضِيعُ أَجُرَ ٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ



They rejoice in a Grace and a Bounty from Allâh, and that Allâh will not waste the reward of the believers.

ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسُتَجَابُواْ لِلَّهِ وَٱلرَّسُولِ مِنْ بَعُدِ مَٓا أَصَابَهُمُ ٱلْقَرَحُ لِلَّذِينَ أَحُسَنُواْ مِنْهُمُ وَٱتَّقَواْ أَجُرُّ عَظِيمٌ ﴿

Those who answered (the Call of) Allâh and the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) after being wounded; for those of them who did good deeds and feared Allâh, there is a great reward.

173

ٱلَّذِينَ قَالَ لَهُمُ ٱلنَّاسُ إِنَّ ٱلنَّاسَ قَدُ جَمَعُواْ لَكُمْ فَٱخۡشَوُهُمْ فَزَادَهُمْ إِيمَنَا وَقَالُواْ حَسُبُنَا ٱللَّهُ وَنِعُمَ ٱلُوَكِيلُ سَ

Those (i.e. believers) unto whom the people (hypocrites) said, "Verily, the people (pagans) have gathered against you (a great army), therefore, fear them." But it (only) increased them in Faith, and they said: "Allâh (Alone) is Sufficient for us, and He is the Best Disposer of affairs (for us). "I"

174.

فَٱنقَلَبُواْ بِنِعُمَةٍ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَفَضُلٍ لَّمُ يَمُسَسُهُمُ سُوَّءُ وَٱتَّبَعُواْ رِضُوَنَ ٱللَّهِۗ وَٱللَّـهُ ذُو فَضُـلٍ عَظِيـمِ ﴿

So they returned with Grace and Bounty from Allâh. No harm touched them; and they followed the good Pleasure of Allâh. And Allâh is the Owner of Great Bounty.

175

It is only *Shaitân* (Satan) that suggests to you the fear of his *Auliyâ'* [supporters and friends (polytheists, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh and in His Messenger, Muhammad SAW)], so fear them not, but fear Me, if you are (true) believers.

176.

And let not those grieve you (O Muhammad SAW) who rush with haste to disbelieve; verily, not the least harm will they do to Allâh. It is Allâh's Will to give them no portion in the Hereafter. For them there is a great torment.

177.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱشُتَرَوُا ٱلۡكُفُرَ بِٱلۡإِيمَىنِ لَن يَضُرُّوا۟ ٱللَّهَ شَيَّاً وَلَهُمُ عَذَابُّ أَلِيمُ

Verily, those who purchase disbelief at the price of Faith, not the least harm will they do to Allâh. For them, there is a painful torment.

وَلَا يَحُسَبَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓاْ أَنَّمَا نُمُلِى لَهُمَ خَيْرٌ لِّأَنفُسِهِمُۚ إِنَّمَا نُمُلِى لَهُمُ لِيَزُدَادُوٓا الْأِثَمَا وَلَهُمُ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ ﴿ ﴿ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّ

And let not the disbelievers think that Our postponing of their punishment is good for them. We postpone the punishment only so that they may increase in sinfulness. And for them is a disgracing torment.

179.

مَّا كَانَ ٱللَّهُ لِيَذَرَ ٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ عَلَىٰ مَآ أَنتُمُ عَلَيْهِ حَتَّىٰ يَمِيزَ ٱلْخَبِيثَ مِنَ ٱلطَّيِّبِ وَلَـٰكِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَجُتَبِى مِن رُسُلِهِ مَن يَشَآءُ فَامِنُوا بِٱللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ ۚ وَإِن تُؤْمِنُوا وَتَتَّقُوا فَلَكُمُ اللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ ۚ وَإِن تُؤْمِنُوا وَتَتَّقُوا فَلَكُمُ أَجُرُ عَظِيمٌ هَا اللَّهِ مَن يَشَاهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ عَرُسُلِهِ مَا يَشَاءً اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا اللَّهِ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَظِيمٌ هَا اللَّهِ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَىٰ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَىٰ عَلَيْهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَى عَلِيهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَا عَلَاهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْ

Allâh will not leave the believers in the state in which you are now, until He distinguishes the wicked from the good. Nor will Allâh disclose to you the secrets of the *Ghaib* (unseen), but Allâh chooses of His Messengers whom He pleases. So believe in Allâh and His Messengers. And if you believe and fear Allâh, then for you there is a great reward.

180

And let not those who covetously withhold of that which Allâh has bestowed on them of His Bounty (Wealth) think that it is good for them (and so they do not pay the obligatory $Zak\hat{a}t$). Nay, it will be worse for them; the things which they covetously withheld shall be tied to their necks like a collar on the Day of Resurrection I. And to Allâh belongs the heritage of the heavens and the earth; and Allâh is WellAcquainted with all that you do.

181.

لَّقَدُ سَمِعَ ٱللَّهُ قَولُ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُواْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ فَقِينِ وَ الْوَاْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ فَقِينِ وَنَقُولُ وَنَحُنُ أَغُنِيَآءُ بِغَيْرِ حَقِّ وَنَقُولُ وُنَحُنُ أَغُنِيَآءُ بِغَيْرِ حَقِّ وَنَقُولُ ذُوقُ وا عَذَابَ ٱلُحَرِيقِ ﴿

Indeed, Allâh has heard the statement of those (Jews) who say: "Truly, Allâh is poor and we are rich!" We shall record what they have said and their killing of the Prophets unjustly, and We shall say: "Taste you the torment of the burning (Fire)."

182

This is because of that (evil) which your hands have sent before you. And certainly, Allâh is never unjust to (His) slaves.

ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُوٓاْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَهِدَ إِلَيْنَآ أَلَّا نُؤُمِنَ لِرَسُولٍ حَتَّىٰ يَأُتِينَا بِقُرُبَانٍ تَأُكُلُهُ ٱلنَّارُ ۗ قُلُ قَدُ جَآءَكُمُ رُسُلُ مِّن قَبُلِى بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ وَبِٱلَّذِى قُلُتُمُ فَلِمَ قَتَلُتُمُوهُمُ إِن كُنتُمُ صَدِقِينَ ﴿

Those (Jews) who said: "Verily, Allâh has taken our promise not to believe in any Messenger unless he brings to us an offering which the fire (from heaven) shall devour." Say: "Verily, there came to you Messengers before me, with clear signs and even with what you speak of; why then did you kill them, if you are truthful?"

184

فَإِن كَذَّبُوكَ فَقَدُ كُذِّبَ رُسُلٌ مِّن قَبْلِكَ جَآءُو بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ وَٱلزُّبُرِ وَٱلْكِتَابِٱلْمُنِير ۞

Then if they reject you (O Muhammad SAW), so were Messengers rejected before you, who came with *Al-Baiyinât* (clear signs, proofs, evidences) and the Scripture and the Book of Enlightenment.

185.

كُلُّ نَفُسٍ ذَآيِقَةُ ٱلْمَوُتِّ وَإِنَّمَا تُوَفَّوُنَ أُجُورَ كُمُ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيَدَمَةِ فَمَن زُحُزِ حَ عَنِ ٱلنَّارِ وَأُدُخِلَ ٱلْجَنَّةَ فَقَدُ فَازَ وَمَا ٱلْحَيَوٰةُ ٱلدُّنْيَآ إِلَّا مَتَدعُ ٱلْغُرُورِ



Everyone shall taste death. And only on the Day of Resurrection shall you be paid your wages in full. And whoever is removed away from the Fire and admitted to Paradise, he indeed is successful. The life of this world is only the enjoyment of deception (a deceiving thing).

186

لَتُبُلُونٌ فِي أَمُو لِكُمُ وَأَنفُسِكُمُ وَلَتَسُمَعُنَّ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱللَّكِتَنبَ مِن
 قَبُلِكُمُ وَمِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَشُرَ كُوٓاْ أَذَى كَثِيرًا ۚ وَإِن تَصْبِرُواْ وَتَتَّقُواْ فَإِنَّ ذَلِكَ
 مِنْ عَرْم ٱلأُمُورِ

You shall certainly be tried and tested in your wealth and properties and in your personal selves, and you shall certainly hear much that will grieve you from those who received the Scripture before you (Jews and Christians) and from those who ascribe partners to Allâh, but if you persevere patiently, and become *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2) then verily, that will be a determining factor in all affairs, and that is from the great matters, [which you must hold on with all your efforts].

187.

وَإِذْ أَخَـذَ ٱللَّـهُ مِيثَــقَ ٱلَّـذِينَ أُوتُـواْ ٱلْكِـتَـنِ لَتُبَيِّنُنَّـهُ ولِلنَّاسِ وَلَا تَكُتُمُونَهُ وفَنَبَذُوهُ وَرَآءَ ظُهُورِهِمُ وَٱشُتَرَواْ بِهِ عَثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا فَبِئُسَ مَا



(And remember) when Allâh took a covenant from those who were given the Scripture (Jews and Christians) to make it (the news of the coming of Prophet Muhammad SAW and the religious knowledge) known and clear to mankind, and not to hide it, but they threw it away behind their backs, and purchased with it some miserable gain! And indeed worst is that which they bought.

188.

لَا تَحُسَـبَنَّ ٱلَّـذِينَ يَفُرَ حُـونَ بِمَـآ أَتَـواْ وَّيُحِـبُّونَ أَن يُحُـمَدُواْ فِيحَـبُونَ أَن يُحُـمَدُواْ بِمَالَـمُ يَفُعَلُواْ فَلَا تَحُسَـبَنَّهُم بِمَفَازَةٍ مِّـنَ ٱلْعَـذَابِ وَلَهُـمُ عَـذَابُ أَلِيـمُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ عَـذَابُ أَلِيـمُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُولِ اللهُ ا

Think not that those who rejoice in what they have done (or brought about), and love to be praised for what they have not done,- think not you that they are rescued from the torment, and for them is a painful torment.

189.

And to Allâh belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth, and Allâh has power over all things.

190.

Verily! In the creation of the heavens and the earth, and in the alternation of night and day, there are indeed signs for men of understanding.

191.

Those who remember Allâh (always, and in prayers) standing, sitting, and lying down on their sides, and think deeply about the creation of the heavens and the earth, (saying): "Our Lord! You have not created (all) this without purpose, glory to You! (Exalted be You above all that they associate with You as partners). Give us salvation from the torment of the Fire.

192

"Our Lord! Verily, whom You admit to the Fire, indeed, You have disgraced him, and never will the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrong-doers) find any helpers.

رَّبَّنَ آ إِنَّنَا سَمِعُنَا مُنَادِيًا يُنَادِي لِلْإِيمَنِ أَنُ ءَامِنُواْ بِرَبِّكُمُ فَاَمَنَّا رَبَّنَا فَٱغْفِرُ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَكَفِّرُ عَنَّا سَيِّئَاتِنَا وَتَوَفَّنَا مَعَ ٱلْأَبُرَارِ سَ

"Our Lord! Verily, we have heard the call of one (Muhammad SAW) calling to Faith: 'Believe in your Lord,' and we have believed. Our Lord! Forgive us our sins and remit from us our evil deeds, and make us die in the state of righteousness along with *Al-Abrâr* (those who are obedient to Allâh and follow strictly His Orders).

194

"Our Lord! Grant us what You promised unto us through Your Messengers and disgrace us not on the Day of Resurrection, for You never break (Your) Promise."

195.

فَاسَتَجَابَ لَهُمُ رَبُّهُمُ أَنِي لا آُضِيعُ عَمَلَ عَدمِلٍ مِّنكُم مِّن ذَكَرٍ أَوُ أَنتَى أَبَعُضُكُم مِّن أَبَعُضٍ فَالَّذِينَ هَاجَرُواْ وَأُخْرِجُواْ مِن دِيَدرِهِمُ أُنثَى أَبَعُضُكُم مِّن أَبَعُضٍ فَالَّذِينَ هَاجَرُواْ وَأُخْرِجُواْ مِن دِيَدرِهِمُ وَأُوذُواْ فِي سَبِيلِي وَقَنتَلُواْ وَقُتِلُواْ لَأَكَفِّرَنَّ عَنهُم سَيِّاتِهِمُ وَأُوذُواْ فِي سَبِيلِي وَقَنتَلُواْ وَقُتِلُواْ لَا أُكفِّرَنَّ عَنهُم مَّسَيِّاتِهِمُ وَلَادُهُ فِي اللهُ عَنهُم جَنَّتِ تَجُري مِن تَحْتِهَا ٱلأَنْهَدِرُ ثَوَابًا مِّن عِندِ وَلَا لَهُ عِندَهُ وَحُسُنُ ٱلثَّوَابِ هَا اللَّهُ وَٱللَّهُ عِندَهُ وَحُسُنُ ٱلثَّوَابِ هَا إِللَّهُ عَندَهُ وَحُسُنُ ٱلثَّوَابِ هَا إِللَّهُ عَندَهُ وَحُسُنُ ٱلثَّوَابِ هَا إِللَّهُ وَٱللَّهُ عِندَهُ وَحُسُنُ ٱلثَّوَابِ هَا إِللَّهُ وَٱللَّهُ عِندَهُ وَكُسُنُ الثَّوَابِ هَا إِلَيْ اللَّهُ عَندَهُ وَحُسُنُ الثَّوَابِ هَا إِللَّهُ وَٱللَّهُ عِندَهُ وَلَا اللهُ عَندَهُ وَحُسُنُ الثَّوابِ هَا إِلَيْ اللَّهُ عَندَهُ وَكُولُوا فَا اللَّهُ وَٱللَّهُ عَندَهُ وَلَا اللّهُ عَندَهُ وَالْهُمُ عَندَهُ وَالِي اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللّهُ اللللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللّهُ الللللللللّهُ الللللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللّهُ الللللللللللللّهُ ا

So their Lord accepted of them (their supplication and answered them), "Never will I allow to be lost the work of any of you, be he male or female. You are (members) one of another, so those who emigrated and were driven out from their homes, and suffered harm in My Cause, and who fought, and were killed (in My Cause), verily, I will remit from them their evil deeds and admit them into Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise); a reward from Allâh, and with Allâh is the best of rewards."

196.

Let not the free disposal (and affluence) of the disbelievers throughout the land deceive you.

197

A brief enjoyment; then, their ultimate abode is Hell; and worst indeed is that place for rest.

لَىكِنِ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّقَوا الرَبَّهُمُ لَهُمُ جَنَّنتُ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنُهَارُ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا نُزُلًا مِّنُ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا عِندَ ٱللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لِّلْأَبُرَار ﴿

But, for those who fear their Lord, are Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise); therein are they to dwell (for ever), an entertainment from Allâh; and that which is with Allâh is the Best for *Al-Abrâr* (those who are obedient to Allâh and follow strictly His Orders).

199.

وَإِنَّ مِنُ أَهُلِ ٱلْكِتَىٰبِ لَمَن يُؤُمِنُ بِٱللَّهِ وَمَآ أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكُمُ وَمَآ أُنزِلَ إِلَيْهِمُ خَنشِعِينَ لِلَّهِ لَا يَشْتَرُونَ بِئَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ ثَمَنَا قَلِيلًا ۖ أُوْلَتَبِكَ لَهُمُ أَجُرُهُمُ عِندَ رَبِّهِمُّ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ سَرِيعُ ٱلْحِسَابِ ﴿

And there are, certainly, among the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians), those who believe in Allâh and in that which has been revealed to you, and in that which has been revealed to them, humbling themselves before Allâh. They do not sell the Verses of Allâh for a little price, for them is a reward with their Lord. Surely, Allâh is Swift in account.

200



O you who believe! Endure and be more patient (than your enemy), and guard your territory by stationing army units permanently at the places from where the enemy can attack you, and fear Allâh, so that you may be successful.

4. An-Nisâ' Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ ٱتَّقُواْ رَبَّكُمُ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَكُم مِّن نَّفُسٍ

وَحِدَةٍ وَخَلَقَ مِنْهَا زَوْجَهَا وَبَثَّ مِنْهُمَا رِجَالًا كَثِيرًا وَنِسَآءً

وَاتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ ٱلَّذِي تَسَآءَلُونَ بِهِ وَٱلْأَرُحَامُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَيْكُمُ

دَقَيًا اللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهُ الْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُ اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمُ اللَّهُ ا

O mankind! Be dutiful to your Lord, Who created you from a single person (Adam), and from him (Adam) He created his wife [Hawwa (Eve)], and from them both He created many men and women and fear Allâh through Whom you demand your mutual (rights), and (do not cut the relations of) the wombs (kinship)^[]. Surely, Allâh is Ever an AllWatcher over you.

وَءَاتُواْ ٱلْيَتَامَىٰ أَمُولَهُمُّ وَلَا تَتَبَدَّلُواْ ٱلْخَبِيثَ بِٱلطَّيِّبِ وَلَا تَتَبَدَّلُواْ ٱلْخَبِيثَ بِٱلطَّيِّبِ وَلَا تَتَبَدَّلُواْ ٱلْخَبِيثَ بِٱلطَّيِّبِ وَلَا تَتَبَدَّلُواْ ٱلْخَبِيثَ بِٱلطَّيِّبِ وَلَا تَتَبَدَّلُواْ اللهُمُ إِنَّهُ وَكَانَ حُوبًا كَبِيرًا ﴿

And give unto orphans their property and do not exchange (your) bad things for (their) good ones; and devour not their substance (by adding it) to your substance. Surely, this is a great sin.

وَإِنْ خِفْتُمْ أَلَّا تُقُسِطُواْ فِي ٱلْيَتَنمَىٰ فَانكِحُواْ مَا طَابَ لَكُم مِّنَ ٱلنِّسَآءِ مَثْنَىٰ وَثُلَدتَ وَرُبَدعَ فَا إِنْ خِفْتُمْ أَلَّا تَعُدِلُواْ فَوَحِدَةً أَوُ مَا مَلَكَتُ أَيْمَننُكُمْ ذَالِكَ أَدْنَىٰ أَلَّا تَعُولُواْ ﴿

And if you fear that you shall not be able to deal justly with the orphangirls, then marry (other) women of your choice, two or three, or four but if you fear that you shall not be able to deal justly (with them), then only one or (the captives and the slaves) that your right hands possess. That is nearer to prevent you from doing injustice.

وَءَاتُواْ ٱلنِّسَآءَ صَدُقَدتِهِنَّ نِحُلَةً فَإِن طِبُنَ لَكُمْ عَن شَيْءٍ مِّنْهُ نَفُسًا فَكُلُوهُ هَنِيَّا مَّرِيَّا صَدُقَدتِهِنَّ نِحُلَةً فَإِن طِبُنَ لَكُمْ عَن شَيْءٍ مِّنْهُ نَفُسًا فَكُلُوهُ

And give to the women (whom you marry) their *Mahr* (obligatory bridal money given by the husband to his wife at the time of marriage) with a good heart, but if they, of their own good pleasure, remit any part of it to you, take it, and enjoy it without fear of any harm (as Allâh has made it lawful).

وَلَا تُؤْتُواْ ٱلسُّفَهَآءَ أَمُوَالَكُمُ ٱلَّتِي جَعَلَ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمُ قِيَامًا وَٱرْزُقُوهُمُ فِيهَا وَٱكۡسُوهُمُ وَقُولُواْ لَهُمُ قَـوُلًا مَّعُرُوفَا ۞

And give not unto the foolish your property which Allâh has made a means of support for you $^{\Pi}$, but feed and clothe them therewith, and speak to them words of kindness and justice.

6.

وَٱبُتَلُواْ ٱلْيَتَهُمَ لَحَتَّىٰ إِذَا بَلَغُواْ ٱلنِّكَاحَ فَإِنْ ءَانَسُتُم مِّنَهُمُ رُشُدًا فَادُفَعُوۤاْ إِلَيْهِمُ أَمُوالَهُمُ وَلَا تَأْكُلُوهَاۤ إِسُرَافَا وَبِدَارًا أَن يَكُبَرُواْ وَمَن فَادُفَعُوۤاْ إِلَيْهِمُ أَمُوالَهُمُ وَلَا تَأْكُلُوهَاۤ إِسُرَافَا وَبِدَارًا أَن يَكُبَرُواْ وَمَن كَانَ فَقِيرًا فَلَيَا أَكُلُ بِٱلْمَعُرُوفِ فَإِذَا كَانَ غَنِيًّا فَلَيَا أَكُلُ بِٱلْمَعُرُوفِ فَإِذَا دَفَعَتُم إِلَيْهِمُ أَمُوالَهُمُ فَأَشُهِدُواْ عَلَيْهِم ۚ وَكَفَىٰ بِٱللَّهِ حَسِيبًا الله وَلَهُم فَأَشُهِدُواْ عَلَيْهِم ۚ وَكَفَىٰ بِٱللَّهِ حَسِيبًا الله مَا الله مَا أَمُوالَهُم فَأَشُهِدُواْ عَلَيْهِم أَو كَفَىٰ بِٱللَّهِ حَسِيبًا الله عَلَيْهِم أَو كَنْ فَا إِلَيْهِم أَمُ وَلَهُم فَأَشُهِدُواْ عَلَيْهِم أَو كَنْ فَا إِلَيْهِم أَمْ وَلَهُمْ فَأَشُهِدُواْ عَلَيْهِم أَو كَنْ فَا إِلَيْهِم أَمْ وَلَهُمْ فَأَشُهِدُواْ عَلَيْهِم أَو كَنْ فَا فَا مَا لَا لَهُ عَلَيْهِم أَوْ فَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم أَوْ فَا مُولَالًا فَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُم فَا أَمْ وَلَا عَلَيْهِم أَوْ فَا عَلَيْهِم أَوْ الْمَا عَلَيْهُ إِلَا لَهُ عَلَيْهُم فَا أَمْ وَلَا عَلَيْهُم فَا أَمْ وَلَهُمُ فَا أَمْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُم فَا أَمْ وَلَا عَلَيْهُ مَا إِلَيْهِم اللَّهُ عَلَاهُ مَا عَلَيْهُ مَا إِلَيْهُ عَلَاهُ مَا إِلَيْهِم اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ فَا أَنْ الْمُعْرِاقِ فَا عَلَيْهُ مَا إِلَيْهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا أَنْ اللَّه عَلَيْهُ وَالْ عَلَيْهُمْ فَا أَلَاهُ عَلَيْهُمْ فَا أَلْمَعُوا الْعَلَاهُ عَلَيْهُمْ فَا أَلَاهُمُ فَا أَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ فَا أَوْ عَلَيْهُمْ فَا أَسْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ فَا أَنْهُ اللَّه عَلَيْهُ مِنْ إِلَا لَهُ عِلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِم عَلَيْهُمْ فَا أَنْ الْعَلَاهُ الْعَلَيْهِمْ فَا أَنْ الْعَلَاهُ عَلَيْهِمْ فَا أَنْ الْعِلْمُ الْعَلَامُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمْ فَا أَنْ اللّه عَلَيْهِمْ فَا أَنْ الْعِلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعَلْمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْهُمْ فَا أَنْ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلْمُ الْعَلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعَلْمُ الْعَلْمُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ عَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلْمُ الْعَلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعَلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعَلْمُ الْعِلْمُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلْمُ الْعَلَامُ الْعُلُولُومُ الْعَلْمُ الْعَلْمُ اللّه الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعُلْمُ

And try orphans (as regards their intelligence) until they reach the age of marriage; if then you find sound judgement in them, release their property to them, but consume it not wastefully, and hastily fearing that they should grow up, and whoever amongst guardians is rich, he should take no wages, but if he is poor, let him have for himself what is just and reasonable (according to his work). And when you release their property to them, take witness in their presence; and Allâh is AllSufficient in taking account.

7.

لِّلرِّ جَالِ نَصِيبٌ مِّمَّا تَرَكَ ٱلُوَلِدَانِ وَٱلْأَقُرَبُونَ وَلِلنِّسَآءِ نَصِيبٌ مِّمَّا تَرَكَ ٱلُوَلِدَانِ وَٱلْأَقُرَبُونَ مِمَّا قَلَّ مِنْهُ أَوْ كَثُرَ ۚ نَصِيبًا مَّفُرُوضًا ۞

There is a share for men and a share for women from what is left by parents and those nearest related, whether, the property be small or large - a legal share.

8.

وَإِذَا حَضَرَ ٱلْقِسُمَةَ أُوْلُواْ ٱلْقُرُبَىٰ وَٱلْيَتَهَىٰ وَٱلْمَسَكِينُ فَٱرُزُقُوهُم مِّنَهُ وَقُولُواْ لَهُمُ قَولًا مَّعُرُوفًا ۞

And when the relatives and the orphans and *AlMasâkin* (the poor) are present at the time of division, give them out of the property, and speak to them words of kindness and justice.

9.

وَلْيَخُــشَ ٱلَّــذِينَ لَــو تَرَكُــوا مِـن خَــلُفِهِم ذُرِّيَّـةً ضِعَنفًا خَافُوا عَلَيْهِم فُرِيَّـةً ضِعَنفًا خَافُوا عَلَيْهِم فَلْيَتَّقُوا ٱللَّـة وَلْيَقُولُـوا قَــولًا سَـدِيدًا ۞

And let those (executors and guardians) have the same fear in their minds as they would have for their own, if they had left weak offspring behind. So let them fear Allâh and speak right words.

إِنَّ ٱلَّـذِينَ يَـأُكُلُونَ أَمُّـوَ الۡ ٱلۡيَتَعمَـىٰ ظُلُمًا إِنَّمَا يَـأُكُلُونَ فِي بُطُونِهمُ نَارًا ۗ وَ سَيَصُلُونَ سَعِيرًا ۞

Verily, those who unjustly eat up the property of orphans, they eat up only a fire into their bellies, and they will be burnt in the blazing Fire!

11.

يُوصِيكُمُ ٱللَّهُ فِي ٓ أَولَادِكُمُّ لِلذَّكَرِ مِثْلُ حَظِّ ٱلْأُنْثَيَيُنَ ۚ فَإِن كُنَّ نِسَآءً فَوُقَ ٱثُنتَيْن فَلَهُنَّ ثُلُثَا مَا تَرَكَ وَإِن كَانَتُ وَاحِدَةً فَلَهَا ٱلنِّصُفُ وَلِأَبَوَيُهِ لِكُلِّ وَحِدٍ مِّنَّهُمَا ٱلسُّدُسُ مِمَّا تَرَكَ إِن كَانَ لَهُ وَلَدُّ فَإِن لَّمُ يَكُن لَّهُ وَلَدُّ وَوَرِثَهُ وَ أَبَوَاهُ فَلِأُمِّهِ ٱلثُّلُثُ فَإِن كَانَ لَهُ وَإِخُوَّةٌ فَلِأُمِّهِ ٱلسُّدُسُ مِن بَعُدِ وَصِيَّةٍ يُوصِى بِهَاۤ أَوُ دَيُنَّ ءَابَآؤُكُمُ وَأَبُنَآؤُكُمُ لَا تَدُرُونَ أَيُّهُمُ أَقُرَبُ لَكُمُ نَفْعًا فَريضَةً مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ﴿

Allâh commands you as regards your children's (inheritance); to the male, a portion equal to that of two females; if (there are) only daughters, two or more, their share is two thirds of the inheritance; if only one, her share is half. For parents, a sixth share of inheritance to each if the deceased left children; if no children, and the parents are the (only) heirs, the mother has a third; if the deceased left brothers or (sisters), the mother has a sixth. (The distribution in all cases is) after the payment of legacies he may have bequeathed or debts. You know not which of them, whether your parents or your children, are nearest to you in benefit, (these fixed shares) are ordained by Allâh. And Allâh is Ever AllKnower, AllWise

12.

* وَلَكُم نِصُفُ مَا تَرِكَ أَرُوَ جُكُمُ إِن لَّـ مُ يَكُس لَّهُ نَّ وَلَـ تُدُّ فَإِن كَانَ لَهُنَّ وَلَدٌّ فَلَكُمُ ٱلرُّبُعُ مِمَّا تَرَكُنَّ مِنْ بَعُدِ وَصِيَّةٍ يُوصِينَ بِهَآ أَوُ دَيُنْ وَلَهُنَّ ٱلرُّبُعُ مِمًّا قَرَكُتُمُ إِن لَّـمُ يَكُن لَّكُمُ وَلَدُ فَإِن كَانَ لَكُمْ وَلَدُّ فَلَهُنَّ ٱلثُّمُنُ مِمَّا تَرَكَّتُمْ مِّنَ بَعُدِ وَصِيَّةٍ تُوصُونَ بِهَآ أَوُ دَيُنَّ وَإِن كَانَ رَجُلُ يُورَتُ كَلَالَةً أَو ٱمُرَأَةٌ وَلَـهُ ۚ أَخُ أَوُ أُخْتُ فَلِكُـلّ وَحِدِ مِّنْهُمَا ٱلسُّدُسُّ فَإِن كَانُوٓاْ أَكْثَرَ مِن ذَلِكَ فَهُمُ شُرَ كَآءُ فِي ٱلثُّلُثِّ

مِنْ بَعُدِ وَصِيَّةٍ يُدوصَىٰ بِهَاۤ أَوْ دَيُن غَيْرَ مُضَاّرٌ ۚ وَصِيَّةً مِّنَ ٱللَّهِّ وَٱللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَلِيمٌ ٣

In that which your wives leave, your share is a half if they have no child; but if they leave a child, you get a fourth of that which they leave after payment of legacies that they may have bequeathed or debts. In that which you leave, their (your wives) share is a fourth if you leave no child; but if you leave a child, they get an eighth of that which you leave after payment of legacies that you may have bequeathed or debts. If the man or woman whose inheritance is in question has left neither ascendants nor descendants, but has left a brother or a sister, each one of the two gets a sixth; but if more than two, they share in a third; after payment of lagacies he (or she) may have bequeathed or debts, so that no loss is caused (to anyone). This is a Commandment from Allâh; and Allâh is Ever AllKnowing, MostForbearing.

13.

تِلُكَ حُدُودُ ٱللَّهِۚ وَمَن يُطِعِ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ لَيُدُخِلُهُ جَنَّنتٍ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنَهَ لَ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَاۚ وَذَلِكَ ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ﴿

These are the limits (set by) Allâh (or ordainments as regards laws of inheritance), and whosoever obeys Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW) will be admitted to Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise), to abide therein, and that will be the great success.

14.

وَمَن يَعُصِ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَيَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَهُ ايدُخِلُهُ نَارًا خَلِدًا فِيهَا وَلَهُ وَمَن يَعُصِ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَيَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ ﴾ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ ﴾

And whosoever disobeys Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), and transgresses His limits, He will cast him into the Fire, to abide therein; and he shall have a disgraceful torment.

15.

وَٱلَّنتِى يَا أَتِينَ ٱلُفَنحِشَةَ مِن نِّسَآيِكُمْ فَٱسْتَشُهِدُواْ عَلَيْهِنَّ أَرْبَعَةَ مِن نِّسَآيِكُمْ فَٱسْتَشُهِدُواْ عَلَيْهِنَّ ٱلْمَوْتُ مِّنكُمُ فَاسِتكُوهُنَّ فِي ٱلْبُيُوتِ حَتَّىٰ يَتَوَفَّنَهُنَّ ٱلْمَوْتُ أَوْ يَجُعَلَ ٱللَّهُ لَهُنَّ سَبِيلًا ﴿

And those of your women who commit illegal sexual intercourse, take the evidence of four witnesses from amongst you against them; and if they testify, confine them (i.e. women) to houses until death comes to them or Allâh ordains for them some (other) way. Π

16.

وَٱلَّـذَانِ يَأْتِيَـنِهَا مِنكُمُ فَاَذُوهُمَا ۚ فَإِن تَابَا وَأَصُلَحَا فَأَعُرِضُواْ عَنْهُمَاۤ ۗ إِنَّ ٱللَّـهَ كَـانَ تَوَّابًـا رَّحِيمًـا ۞

And the two persons (man and woman) among you who commit illegal sexual intercourse, punish them both. And if they repent (promise Allâh that they will never repeat, i.e. commit illegal sexual intercourse and other similar sins) and do righteous good deeds, leave them alone. Surely, Allâh is Ever the One Who accepts repentance, (and He is) Most Merciful.

17.

إِنَّمَا ٱلتَّوُبَةُ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ لِلَّذِينَ يَعُمَلُونَ ٱلشُّوٓءَ بِجَهَالَةٍ ثُمَّ يَتُوبُونَ مِن قَرِيبٍ فَأُوْلَتَبٍكَ يَتُوبُ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ ۗ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ۞

Allâh accepts only the repentance of those who do evil in ignorance and foolishness and repent soon afterwards; it is they to whom Allâh will forgive and Allâh is Ever AllKnower, AllWise.

وَلَيْسَتِ ٱلتَّوْبَةُ لِلَّذِينَ يَعُمَلُونَ ٱلسَّيِّاتِ حَتَّىٰۤ إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَهُمُ ٱلۡمَوُتُ قَالَ إِنِّى تُبُتُ ٱلۡعَدنَ وَلَا ٱلَّذِينَ يَمُوتُونَ وَهُمَ كُفَّارُ ۚ أُوْلَتَبِكَ أَعْتَدُنَا لَهُمُ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا

And of no effect is the repentance of those who continue to do evil deeds until death faces one of them and he says: "Now I repent;" nor of those who die while they are disbelievers. For them We have prepared a painful torment.

19.

يَتَأَيُّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال كَرُهَا اللَّهَ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْمُولُمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ اللْمُلْمُ



O you who believe! You are forbidden to inherit women against their will, and you should not treat them with harshness, that you may take away part of the *Mahr*[I] you have given them, unless they commit open illegal sexual intercourse. And live with them honourably. If you dislike them, it may be that you dislike a thing and Allâh brings through it a great deal of good.

20.

وَإِنَّ أَرَدتُّ مُ ٱسُتِبُدَالَ زَوْجِ مَّكَ انَ زَوْجِ وَءَاتَيُتُ مُ إِحُدَنهُنَّ وَإِنْ أَرَدتُّ مَ إِحُدنهُ اللهُ اللهُو

مبِينا 🏐

But if you intend to replace a wife by another and you have given one of them a *Cantar* (of gold i.e. a great amount) as *Mahr*, take not the least bit of it back; would you take it wrongfully without a right and (with) a manifest sin?

21.

وَكَيُفَ تَأْخُذُونَهُ وَقَدُ أَفُضَىٰ بَعُضُكُم إِلَىٰ بَعُضِ وَأَخَذُنَ مِنكُم مِّيثَنقًا غَلِيظًا

And how could you take it (back) while you have gone in unto each other, and they have taken from you a firm and strong covenant?

وَلَا تَنكِحُواْ مَا نَكَحَ ءَابَآؤُكُم مِّنَ ٱلنِّسَآءِ إِلَّا مَا قَدُ سَلَفَ إِنَّهُ و كَانَ فَدحِشَةً وَمَقُتًا وَسَآءَ سَبِيلًا

And marry not women whom your fathers married, except what has already passed; indeed it was shameful and most hateful, and an evil way.

23.

حُرِّمَتُ عَلَيْكُمُ أُمَّهَ نَكُمُ وَبَنَاتُكُمُ وَأَخَوَتُكُمُ وَعَمَّنتُكُمُ وَخَلَاتُكُمُ وَخَلَاتُكُمُ وَبَنَاتُ الْأَخُتِ وَأُمَّهَ نَتُكُمُ النَّتِ مَ أَرُضَعَنَكُمُ وَأَخَوَتُكُم وَبَنَاتُ الْأَخِوبَ نَكُمُ وَأَمَّهَ نَتُكُمُ النَّتِ مَ أَرُضَعَنَكُمُ وَأَخَوتُكُم وَبَنَاتُ الْأَخِوبَكُم مِّنَ الرَّضَعَة وَأُمَّهَ نَتُ فِي حُجُورِكُم مِّنَ الرَّضَعَة وَأُمَّهَ نَتُ فِي حُجُورِكُم مِّنَ الرَّضَعَة وَأُمَّهَ نَتُ فِي خُجُورِكُم مِّنَ الرَّضَعَة وَأُمَّهَ نَتُ فِي خُجُورِكُم مِّنَ الرَّضَعَة وَأُمَّهَ مَن يَسَا إِيكُمُ النَّيتِ مَن اللَّهُ تَكُونُ وا وَخَلَتُهُم بِهِنَّ فَالِ جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمُ وَحَلَيْ إِلَّ أَبُنَا إِيكُمُ النَّذِينَ مِنْ أَصُلَا بِكُمُ وَأَن تَجُمَعُوا فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمُ وَخَلَيْ إِلَّا مَا قَدُ سَلَفَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿

Forbidden to you (for marriage) are: your mothers, your daughters, your sisters, your father's sisters, your mother's sisters, your brother's daughters, your sister's daughters, your foster mother who gave you suck, your foster milk suckling sisters, your wives' mothers, your step daughters under your guardianship, born of your wives to whom you have gone in - but there is no sin on you if you have not gone in them (to marry their daughters), - the wives of your sons who (spring) from your own loins, and two sisters in wedlock at the same time, except for what has already passed; verily, Allâh is OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

24.

وَالمُحُصَنَاتُ مِنَ ٱلنِّسَآءِ إِلَّا مَا مَلَكَتُ أَيْمَانُكُمُ كَتَابَ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمُ وَالمُحُصَنِينَ عَيْرَ وَأُحِلَّ لَكُم مَّا وَرَآءَ ذَالِكُم أَن تَبْتَغُ واْ بِأَمُوَ لِكُم مُّحُصِنِينَ غَيْرَ مُسَافِحِينَ فَمَا ٱسُتَمْتَعُتُم بِهِ مِنْهُنَّ فَعَاتُوهُنَّ أُجُورَهُنَّ فَرِيضَةً وَلَا مُسَافِحِينَ فَمَا ٱسُتَمْتَعُتُم بِهِ مِنْهُنَّ فَعَاتُوهُنَّ أُجُورَهُنَّ فَرِيضَةً وَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِيمَا تَرَاضَيْتُم بِهِ مِنْ بَعُدِ ٱلْفَرِيضَةِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا
 حَكِيمًا

Also (forbidden are) women already married, except those (captives and slaves) whom your right hands possess. Thus has Allâh ordained for you. All others are lawful, provided you seek (them in marriage) with *Mahr* (bridal money given by the husband to his wife at the time of marriage) from your property, desiring chastity, not committing illegal sexual intercourse, so with those of whom you have enjoyed sexual relations, give them their *Mahr* as prescribed; but if after a *Mahr* is prescribed, you agree mutually (to give more), there is no sin on you. Surely, Allâh is Ever AllKnowing, AllWise.

وَمَن لَّمُ يَسْتَطِعُ مِنكُمُ طَولًا أَن يَنكِحَ ٱلْمُحُصَنَتِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنَتِ فَمِن مّا مَلَكَتُ أَيْمَنكُم مِن فَتَيَتِكُمُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنَتِ وَٱللّهُ أَعُلَمُ بِإِيمَتِكُمْ بَعُضُكُم مَلَكَتُ أَيْمَنكُم مِن فَتَيَتِكُمُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنَتِ وَٱللّهُ أَعُلَمُ بِإِيمَتِكُمْ بَعُضُكُم مِن فَتَيَتِكُمُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنَتِ وَاللّهُ أَعُلَمُ بِإِيمَتِكُمْ أَلُمُعُرُونِ مِّنْ بَعْضِ فَانكِحُوهُنَّ بِإِذُنِ أَهُلِهِنَّ وَءَاتُوهُنَّ أُجُورَهُنَّ بِٱلْمَعْرُونِ مِن فَانكِحُوهُنَّ بِإِذُنِ أَهُلِهِنَّ وَءَاتُوهُنَّ أُجُورَهُنَّ بِٱللَّمَعُرُونِ مُسَنفِحَتِ وَلَا مُتَّخِذَتِ أَخُدَانٍ فَاإِذَا أُحُصِنَّ فَإِن مُصَنتِ عَيْرَ مُسَنفِحَتِ وَلَا مُتَّخِذَتِ أَخُدَانٍ فَاإِذَا أُحُصِنَّ فَإِن أَتَيْنَ بِفَنحِشَةٍ فَعَلَيْهِنَّ نِصُفُ مَا عَلَى ٱلمُحُصَنتِ مِنَ ٱلْعَذَابِ فَلِكَ لِمَن فَإِن تَصْفُ مَا عَلَى ٱلمُحُصَنتِ مِنَ ٱلْعَذَابِ فَلُكَ لِمَن خَشِى ٱلْمُحُصَنتِ مِنَ ٱلْعَذَابِ فَلْكَ لِمَن الْعَنَاتُ مِنكُمُ وَأَن تَصْبِرُواْ خَيْرٌ لّكُمُ وَٱللّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿

And whoever of you have not the means wherewith to wed free, believing women, they may wed believing girls from among those (captives and slaves) whom your right hands possess, and Allâh has full knowledge about your Faith, you are one from another. Wed them with the permission of their own folk (guardians, *Auliyâ'* or masters) and give them their *Mahr* according to what is reasonable; they (the above said captive and slave-girls) should be chaste, not adulterous, nor taking boy-friends. And after they have been taken in wedlock, if they commit illegal sexual intercourse, their punishment is half that for free (unmarried) women. I This is for him among you who is afraid of being harmed in his religion or in his body; but it is better for you that you practise selfrestraint, and Allâh is OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

26.

يُرِيدُ ٱللَّهُ لِيُبَيِّنَ لَكُمُ وَيَهُدِيَكُمُ سُنَنَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِكُمُ وَيَتُوبَ عَلَيْكُمُّ وَٱللَّـهُ عَلِيــمُّ حَــكِيمٌ ۞

Allâh wishes to make clear (what is lawful and what is unlawful) to you, and to show you the ways of those before you, and accept your repentance, and Allâh is AllKnower, AllWise.

27.

وَٱللَّــهُ يُرِيــدُ أَن يَتُــوبَ عَلَيْكُــمُ وَيُرِيــدُ ٱلَّــذِينَ يَتَّبِعُــونَ ٱللَّــذِينَ يَتَّبِعُــونَ ٱللَّهَوَتِ أَن تَمِيلُواْ مَـيُلًا عَظِيمًا ۞

Allâh wishes to accept your repentance, but those who follow their lusts, wish that you (believers) should deviate tremendously away from the Right Path.

28.

Allâh wishes to lighten (the burden) for you; and man was created weak (cannot be patient to leave sexual intercourse with woman).

29.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَا أُكُلُوٓاْ أَمُولَكُم بَيُنَكُم بِاللَّبَطِلِ إِلَّا أَن تَكُونَ تِجَدرَةً عَن تَرَاضٍ مِّنكُمُّ وَلَا تَقَتُلُوٓاْ أَنفُسَكُمُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ بِكُمُ



O you who believe! Eat not up your property among yourselves unjustly except it be a trade amongst you, by mutual consent. And do not kill yourselves (nor kill one another). Surely, Allâh is Most Merciful to you.[] 30. وَمَن يَفُعَلُ ذَلِكَ عُدُونَا وَظُلُمًا فَسَوْفَ نُصُلِيهِ نَارًا ۚ وَكَانَ ذَلِكَ عَلَى ٱللَّه يَسِيرًا 📆 And whoever commits that through aggression and injustice, We shall cast him into the Fire, and that is easy for Allâh. 31. إِن تَجُتَنِبُواْ كَبَآبِرَ مَا تُنْهَوُنَ عَنْهُ نُكَفِّرُ عَنكُمُ سَيَّاتِكُمُ وَنُدُخِلُكُم مُّدُخَـلًا كَريمًا 🗃 If you avoid the great sins $^{\rm II}$ which you are forbidden to do, We shall remit from you your (small) sins, and admit you to a Noble Entrance (i.e. Paradise). 32. وَلَا تَتَمَنَّوا مَا فَضَّلَ ٱللَّهُ بِهِ عَنْضَكُمْ عَلَىٰ بَعُضٍ لِّلرِّجَالِ نَصِيبٌ مِّمَّا ٱكُتَسَبُواۚ وَلِلنِّسَآءِ نَصِيبٌ مِّمَّا ٱكُتَسَبُنَّ وَسُءَلُواْ ٱللَّهَ مِن فَضُلِهِ } أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمًا ٣ And wish not for the things in which Allâh has made some of you to excel others. For men there is reward for what they have earned, (and likewise) for women there is reward for what they have earned, and ask Allâh of His Bounty. Surely, Allâh is Ever AllKnower of everything. وَلِكُ لِ جَعَلْنَا مَ وَالِيَ مِمَّا تَرَكَ ٱلْوَالِدَانِ وَٱلْأَقُرَبُ وِنَّ وَٱلَّذِينَ عَقَدَتُ أَيُمَننُكُمُ فَغَاتُوهُمُ نَصِيبَهُمُ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهيدًا ﴿ ﴿

33.

And to everyone, We have appointed heirs of that (property) left by parents and relatives. To those also with whom you have made a pledge (brotherhood), give them their due portion (by Wasiya wills, etc.). Truly, Allâh is Ever a Witness over all things.

34.

ٱلرِّجَالُ قَوَّامُ وِنَ عَلَى ٱلنِّسَآءِ بِمَا فَضَّلَ ٱللَّهُ بَعُضَهُمُ عَلَىٰ بَعُضِ وَبِمَ ٱ أَنفَقُواْ مِن أُمُوالِهِم فَالصَّلِحَاتُ قَالِتَاتُ حَلفِظَاتُ لِّلْغَيُبِ بِمَا حَفِظَ ٱللَّهُ وَٱلَّتِى تَخَافُونَ نُشُوزَهُنَّ فَعِظُوهُنَّ وَٱهْجُرُوهُنَّ فِي ٱلْمَضَاجِعِ وَٱضُرِبُوهُنَّ فَإِنَّ أَطَعُنَكُمُ فَلَا تَبَعُواْ عَلَيْهِنَّ سَبِيلًا إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَلِيًّا كَبِيرًا ٣

Men are the protectors and maintainers of women, because Allâh has made one of them to excel the other, and because they spend (to support them) from their means. Therefore the righteous women are devoutly obedient (to Allâh and to their husbands), and guard in the husband's absence what Allâh orders them to guard (e.g. their chastity, their husband's property, etc.). As to those women on whose part you see illconduct, admonish them (first), (next), refuse to share their beds, (and last) beat them (lightly, if it is useful), but if they return to obedience, seek not against them means (of annoyance). Surely, Allâh is Ever Most High, Most Great.

35.

وَإِنْ خِـفَتُمُ شِـقَاقَ بَيْنِهِمَا فَـابَعْتُواْ حَكَمَا مِّـنُ أَهْلِـهِ عَ وَحَكَمًا مِّنُ أَهْلِهَ آ إِن يُرِيدَ آ إِصلَنحًا يُـوَقِقِ ٱللَّـهُ بَيْنَهُمَ آ إِنَّ اللَّهَ مَا نَعْنَهُمَ أَ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ عَلِيمًا خَـبِيرًا

If you fear a breach between them twain (the man and his wife), appoint (two) arbitrators, one from his family and the other from her's; if they both wish for peace, Allâh will cause their reconciliation. Indeed Allâh is Ever AllKnower, WellAcquainted with all things.

36.

Worship Allâh and join none with Him in worship, and do good to parents, kinsfolk, orphans, *Al-Masâkin* (the poor), the neighbour who is near of kin, the neighbour who is a stranger, the companion by your side, the wayfarer (you meet), and those (slaves) whom your right hands possess. Verily, Allâh does not like such as are proud and boastful;

37.

ٱلَّذِينَ يَبَّخَلُونَ وَيَأُمُرُونَ ٱلنَّاسَ بِٱلْبُخُلِ وَيَكُتُمُونَ مَا ٓ ءَاتَنهُمُ ٱللَّهُ مِن فَضُلِهِۦۗ وَأَعۡتَدُنَا لِلْكَنفِرِينَ عَذَابًا مُّهِينًا ۞

Those who are miserly and enjoin miserliness on other men and hide what Allâh has bestowed upon them of His Bounties. And We have prepared for the disbelievers a disgraceful torment. Π

38.

وَٱلَّـــذِينَ يُنفِقُـــونَ أَمُـــوَلَهُمُ رِئَــآءَ ٱلنَّــاسِ وَلَا يُؤُمِنُــونَ بِٱللَّــهِ وَلَا بِـٱلْيَوُمِ ٱلْأَخِـرِ ۗ وَمَــن يَكُــنِ ٱلشَّــيُطَننُ لَــهُ و قَرِينًا فَسَآءَ قَرِينًا



And (also) those who spend of their substance to be seen of men, and believe not in Allâh and the Last Day [they are the friends of *Shaitân* (Satan)], and whoever takes *Shaitân* (Satan) as an intimate; then what a dreadful intimate he has!

وَمَاذَا عَلَيْهِمُ لَوُ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْأَخِرِ وَأَنفَقُواْ مِمَّا رَزَقَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ بِهِمُ عَلِيمًا 🖱

And what loss have they if they had believed in Allâh and in the Last Day, and they spend out of what Allâh has given them for sustenance? And Allâh is Ever AllKnower of them.

إِنَّ ٱللَّــــة لَا يَظُلِـــمُ مِثُقَـــالَ ذَرَّةً ۗ وَإِن تَــــكُ حَسَـــنَةً ئضَىعفُهَا وَيُـوُّت مِن لَّدُنْهُ أَجُرًا عَظِيمًا ۞

Surely! Allâh wrongs not even of the weight of an atom (or a small ant) $^{f I}$, but if there is any good (done), He doubles it, and gives from Him a great reward.

41.

فَكَيْفَ إِذَا جِئْنَا مِن كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ بِشَهِيدٍ وَجِئْنَا بِكَ عَلَىٰ هَنَوُٰلَآءِ شَهِيدًا



How (will it be) then, when We bring from each nation a witness and We bring you (O Muhammad SAW) as a witness against these people?

42.

يَوُمَبِذِ يَوَدُّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَعَصَوااْ ٱلرَّسُولَ لَوْ تُسَوَّىٰ بِهِمُ ٱلْأَرَّضُ وَلَا يَكُتُمُونَ ٱللَّهَ حَديثًا 📆

On that day those who disbelieved and disobeyed the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) will wish that they were buried in the earth, but they will never be able to hide a single fact from Allâh. $^{
m II}$

43.

يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَقُرَبُواْ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَأَنتُمُ سُكَدرَىٰ حَتَّىٰ تَعُلَمُواْ مَا تَقُولُونَ وَلَا جُنُبًا إِلَّا عَابِرِي سَبِيل حَتَّىٰ تَغُتَسِلُواۚ وَإِن كُنتُم مَّرُضَىٓ أَوُّ عَلَىٰ سَفَر أَو جَآءَ أَحَدٌ مِّنكُم مِّنَ ٱلْغَآبِطِ أَو لَـنمَسُتُمُ ٱلنِّسَآءَ فَلَمُ تَجِدُواْ مَآءً فَتَيَمَّمُواْ صَعِيدًا طَيِّبًا فَأُمُسَحُواْ بِوُجُوهِكُمُ وَأَيُدِيكُمُّ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَفُوًّا غَفُورًا 📆

O you who believe! Approach not AsSalât (the prayer) when you are in a drunken state until you know (the meaning) of what you utter, nor when you are in a state of Janâba, (i.e. in a state of sexual impurity and have not yet taken a bath) except when travelling on the road (without enough water, or just passing through a mosque), till you wash your whole body. And if you are ill, or on a journey, or one of you comes after answering the call of nature, or you have been in contact with women (by sexual relations) and you find no water, perform Tayammum with clean earth and rub therewith your faces and hands (Tayammum) $^{[]}$. Truly, Allâh is Ever OftPardoning, OftForgiving.

أَلَمُ تَرَ إِلَى ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ نَصِيبًا مِّنَ ٱلْكِتَىبِ يَشْتَرُونَ ٱلضَّلَالَةَ وَيُرِيدُونَ أَن تَضِلُّواْ ٱلسَّبِيلَ ﴾

Have you not seen those who were given a portion of the book (the Jews), purchasing the wrong path, and wish that you should go astray from the Right Path.

45.

وَٱللَّهُ أَعۡلَمُ بِأَعۡدَآبٍكُمُ ۚ وَكَفَىٰ بِٱللَّهِ وَلِيًّا وَكَفَىٰ بِٱللَّهِ نَصِيرًا



Allâh has full knowledge of your enemies, and Allâh is Sufficient as a *Walî* (Protector), and Allâh is Sufficient as a Helper.

46.

مِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ هَادُواْ يُحَرِّفُونَ ٱلْكَلِمَ عَن مَّوَاضِعِهِ - وَيَقُولُونَ سَمِعْنَا وَعَصَيْنَا وَاللَّهِ مِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ هَادُواْ يُحَرِّفُونَ ٱلْكَلِمَ عَن مَّوَاضِعِهِ - وَيَقُولُونَ سَمِعْنَا وَلَو أَنَّهُمُ وَٱللَّهِ مَعْنَا فِى ٱلدِّينِ وَلَو أَنَّهُمُ قَالُواْ سَمِعْنَا وَأَطَعْنَا وَٱسْمَعُ وَٱنظُرُنَا لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَّهُمُ وَأَقُومَ وَلَدكِن لَعَنَا وَأَطَعْنَا وَٱسْمَعُ وَٱنظُرُنَا لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَّهُمُ وَأَقُومَ وَلَدكِن لَعَنَا مَا اللَّهُ بِكُفُر هِمُ فَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

اللَّعَنَهُ مُ ٱللَّهُ بِكُفُر هِمُ فَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

اللَّهُ مِنْ ٱللَّهُ بِكُفُر هِمُ فَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا
اللَّهُ مِنْ ٱللَّهُ بِكُفُر هِمُ فَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا اللَّهُ الْحَالَةُ اللَّهُ اللَّه

Among those who are Jews, there are some who displace words from (their) right places and say: "We hear your word (O Muhammad SAW) and disobey," and "Hear and let you (O Muhammad SAW) hear nothing." And *Râ'inal* with a twist of their tongues and as a mockery of the religion (Islâm). And if only they had said: "We hear and obey", and "Do make us understand," it would have been better for them, and more proper, but Allâh has cursed them for their disbelief, so they believe not except a few.

47.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْكِتَنبَ ءَامِنُواْ بِمَا نَزَّلُنَا مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا مَعَكُم مِّن قَبُلِ أَن نَّطُمِسَ وُجُوهًا فَنَرُدَّهَا عَلَىٰٓ أَدُبَارِهَاۤ أَوْ نَلُعَنَهُم كَمَا لَعَنَّاۤ أَصْحَنبَ ٱلسَّبُتِ ۚ وَكَانَ أَمْرُ ٱللَّهِ مَفْعُولًا ۞

O you who have been given the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Believe in what We have revealed (to Muhammad SAW) confirming what is (already) with you, before We efface faces (by making them like the back of necks; without nose, mouth, eyes, etc.) and turn them hindwards, or curse them as We cursed the Sabbathbreakers. And the Commandment of Allâh is always executed.

48.

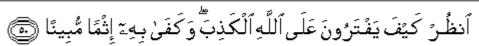
إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يَغُفِرُ أَن يُشُرَكَ بِهِ ۽ وَيَغُفِرُ مَا دُونَ ذَلِكَ لِمَن يَشَآءُۚ وَمَن يُشُرِكُ بِاللَّهِ فَقَدِ ٱفْتَرَىٰ إِثْمًا عَظِيمًا ﴿

Verily, Allâh forgives not that partners should be set up with him in worship, but He forgives except that (anything else) to whom He pleases, and whoever sets up partners with Allâh in worship, he

أَلَمُ تَرَ إِلَى ٱلَّذِينَ يُزَ كُّونَ أَنفُسَهُمْ بَلِ ٱللَّهُ يُزَكِّى مَن يَشَآءُ وَلَا يُظُلَمُونَ فَتِيلًا ۞

Have you not seen those who claim sanctity for themselves. Nay - but Allâh sanctifies whom He pleases, and they will not be dealt with injustice even equal to the extent of a *Fatilâ* (A scalish thread in the long slit of a datestone).

50.



Look, how they invent a lie against Allâh, and enough is that as a manifest sin.

51.

أَلَمُ تَرَ إِلَى ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ نَصِيبًا مِّنَ ٱلْكِتَنِ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْجِبُتِ
وَٱلطَّنغُوتِ وَيَقُولُونَ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ هَنَـ وُلاَءً أَهُـ دَىٰ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ
ءَامَنُواْ سَبِيلًا
هَا

Have you not seen those who were given a portion of the Scripture? They believe in *Jibt* and $T\hat{a}gh\hat{u}t$ and say to the disbelievers that they are better guided as regards the way than the believers (Muslims).

52.

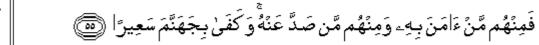
They are those whom Allâh has cursed, and he whom Allâh curses, you will not find for him (any) helper,

53.

Or have they a share in the dominion? Then in that case they would not give mankind even a *Naqîra* (speck on the back of a date-stone).

54.

Or do they envy men (Muhammad SAW and his followers) for what Allâh has given them of His Bounty? Then We had already given the family of Ibrâhim (Abraham) the Book and *AlHikmah* (*As-Sunnah* - Divine Inspiration to those Prophets not written in the form of a book), and conferred upon them a great kingdom.



Of them were (some) who believed in him (Muhammad SAW), and of them were (some) who averted their faces from him (Muhammad SAW); and enough is Hell for burning (them). Π

56.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِاَيَنتِنَا سَوُفَ نُصُلِيهِمُ نَارًا كُلَّمَا نَضِجَتُ جُلُودُهُم بَدَّلُنَيهُمُ جُلُودًا غَيْرَهَا لِيَذُوقُواْ ٱلْعَذَابَ ۗ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَزِيزًا حَكِيمًا ۗ

Surely! Those who disbelieved in Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) We shall burn them in Fire. As often as their skins are roasted through, We shall change them for other skins that they may taste the punishment. Truly, Allâh is Ever Most Powerful, AllWise.

57.

وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَدِ سَنُدُخِلُهُمُ جَنَّدِتٍ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنَّهَ لِ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَآ أَبَدَا لَهُم فِيهَاۤ أَزُوَا ثُج مُّطَهَّرَةٌ وَنُدُخِلُهُمُ ظِلَّا ظَلِسيلًا ۞

But those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism) and do deeds of righteousness, We shall admit them to Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise), abiding therein forever. Therein they shall have *Azwâjun Mutahharatun*[I [purified mates or wives (having no menses, stools, urine, etc.)] and We shall admit them to shades wide and ever deepening (Paradise)[I].

58.

إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَاأُمُو كُمُ أَن تُؤَدُّواْ ٱلْأَمَىنَ يَا إِلَىٰ أَهْلِهَا وَإِذَا حَكَمُتُم بَيُنَ اللَّهَ يَاللَّهَ عَالَىٰ اللَّهَ عَالَىٰ اللَّهَ كَانَ سَمِيعًا النَّاسِ أَن تَحُكُمُواْ بِٱلْعَدُلِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ نِعِمًّا يَعِظُكُم بِهِ عَلَي إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ سَمِيعًا بَصِيرًا
 بَصِيرًا

Verily! Allâh commands that you should render back the trusts to those, to whom they are due; and that when you judge between men, you judge with justice. Verily, how excellent is the teaching which He (Allâh) gives you! Truly, Allâh is Ever AllHearer, AllSeer.

59.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوْ أَطِيعُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُواْ ٱلرَّسُولَ وَأُولِى اللَّهِ وَٱلرَّسُولِ إِن ٱلْأَمُرِ مِنكُمُّ فَإِن تَنَوْزَعُتُمُ فِى شَيْءٍ فَرُدُّوهُ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ وَٱلرَّسُولِ إِن كُنتُمُ تُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْأَخِرِ ۚ ذَلِكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَحُسَنُ تَأُويلًا
اللهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْأَخِرِ ۚ ذَلِكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَحُسَنُ تَأُويلًا
اللهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْآخِرِ ۚ ذَلِكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَحُسَنُ تَأُويلًا
اللهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ ۚ ذَلِكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَحُسَنُ تَأُويلًا

O you who believe! Obey Allâh and obey the Messenger (Muhammad SAW), and those of you (Muslims) who are in authority. (And) if you differ in anything amongst yourselves, refer it to Allâh and His Messenger (SAW), if you believe in Allâh and in the Last Day. That is better and more suitable for final determination.

أَلَـمُ تَـرَ إِلَـى ٱلَّـذِينَ يَزُعُمُـونَ أَنَّهُـمُ ءَامَنُـواْ بِمَـ ٓ أُنـزِلَ إِلَيُـكَ وَمَ ٓ أُنـزِلَ مِن قَبُلِكَ يُرِيدُونَ أَن يَتَحَاكَمُوۤ الْإِلَى ٱلطَّنغُوتِ وَقَدُ أُمِرُوٓ الْوَمَ ٓ أُن يَكُفُرُواْ إِلَى ٱلطَّنغُوتِ وَقَدُ أُمِرُوٓ الْمَا يَطُن أَن يُضِلَّهُمُ ضَلَالًا بَعِيدًا ۞ أَن يَكُفُرُواْ بِهِـ وَيُرِيدُ ٱلشَّيُطَن أَن يُضِلَّهُمُ ضَلَالًا بَعِيدًا ۞

Have you seen those (hyprocrites) who claim that they believe in that which has been sent down to you, and that which was sent down before you, and they wish to go for judgement (in their disputes) to the *Tâghût* (false judges, etc.) while they have been ordered to reject them. But *Shaitân* (Satan) wishes to lead them far astray.

61.

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ تَعَالُوا إِلَىٰ مَآ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ وَإِلَى ٱلرَّسُولِ رَأَيُتَ ٱلْمُنَعْقِينَ يَصُدُّونَ عَنكَ صُدُودًا

And when it is said to them: "Come to what Allâh has sent down and to the Messenger (Muhammad SAW)," you (Muhammad SAW) see the hypocrites turn away from you (Muhammad SAW) with aversion.

62.

فَكَ يَفَ إِذَآ أَصَلَبَتُهُ مَ مُّصِيبَ أَبِمَا قَدَّمَتُ أَيُدِيهِمُ ثُمَّ مَّ اللَّهِمِ ثُمَّ مَّ الْمَا وَتَوُفِيقًا جَا وُكَ يَحُلِفُونَ بِٱللَّهِ إِنْ أَرَدُنَاۤ إِلَّاۤ إِحُسَلنَا وَتَوُفِيقًا



How then, when a catastrophe befalls them because of what their hands have sent forth, they come to you swearing by Allâh, "We meant no more than goodwill and conciliation!"

63.

أُوْلَنَيِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَعُلَمُ ٱللَّهُ مَا فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ فَأَعُرِضُ عَنْهُمُ وَعِظُهُمُ وَقُل لَّهُمُ فِي آَنهُسِهِمُ قَولًا بَلِيغًا

They (hypocrites) are those of whom Allâh knows what is in their hearts; so turn aside from them (do not punish them) but admonish them, and speak to them an effective word (i.e. to believe in Allâh, worship Him, obey Him, and be afraid of Him) to reach their innerselves.

64.

وَمَا أَرُسَالُنَا مِن رَّسُولٍ إِلَّا لِيُطَاعَ بِإِذُنِ ٱللَّهِ وَلَوُ وَلَو أَنَّهُمُ أَنَّهُمُ إِذْ ظَّلَمُ وَٱللَّهَ وَٱستَغَفَرَ لَهُمُ النَّهُمُ إِذْ ظَّلَمُ وَٱللَّهَ وَٱستَغَفَرَ لَهُمُ ٱلرَّسُولُ لَوَجَدُواْ ٱللَّهَ تَوَّابًا رَّحِيمًا
الرَّسُولُ لَوَجَدُواْ ٱللَّهَ تَوَّابًا رَّحِيمًا

We sent no Messenger, but to be obeyed by Allâh's Leave. If they (hypocrites), when they had been unjust to themselves, had come to you (Muhammad SAW) and begged Allâh's Forgiveness, and the Messenger had begged forgiveness for them: indeed, they would have found Allâh All-Forgiving (One Who accepts repentance), Most Merciful.

فَلَا وَرَبِّكَ لَا يُؤُمِنُ وِنَ حَـتَّىٰ يُحَـكِّمُوكَ فِيمَا شَـجَرَ بَيُنَهُمُ ثُمُ ثُمَّ لَا يَجِدُواْ فِي قَانَفُسِهِمُ حَرَجًا مِّمَّا قَضَيُت وَيُسَلِّمُواْ تَسُلِيمًا ١

But no, by your Lord, they can have no Faith, until they make you (O Muhammad SAW) judge in all disputes between them, and find in themselves no resistance against your decisions, and accept (them) with full submission.

66.

وَلَوُ أَنَّا كَتَبَنَا عَلَيْهِمُ أَنِ ٱقْتُلُوٓاْ أَنفُسَكُمُ أَوِ ٱخُرُجُواْ مِن دِيَـرِ كُم مَّا فَعَلُوهُ إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ مِّنْهُمُ ۗ وَلَو أَنَّهُمُ فَعَلُواْ مَا يُوعَظُونَ بِهِۦ لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَّهُمُ وَأَشَدَّ تَثْبِيتًا ۞

And if We had ordered them (saying), "Kill yourselves (i.e. the innnocent ones kill the guilty ones) or leave your homes," very few of them would have done it; but if they had done what they were told, it would have been better for them, and would have strengthened their (Faith);

67.

And indeed We should then have bestowed upon them a great reward from Ourselves.

68.

And indeed We should have guided them to a Straight Way.

69.

And whoso obeys Allâh and the Messenger (Muhammad SAW), then they will be in the company of those on whom Allâh has bestowed His Grace, of the Prophets, the *Siddiqûn* (those followers of the Prophets who were first and foremost to believe in them, like Abu Bakr AsSiddiq radhiallahu anhu), the martyrs, and the righteous. And how excellent these companions are!

70.

Such is the Bounty from Allâh, and Allâh is Sufficient as AllKnower.

يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّـــذِينَ ءَامَنُــواْ خُـــذُواْ حِــذُر كُمُ فَــانفِرُواْ ثُبَـاتٍ أَوِ اَنفِـرُواْ ثُبَــاتٍ أَوِ اَنفِـرُواْ جَمِيعًا ۞

O you who believe! Take your precautions, and either go forth (on an expedition) in parties, or go forth all together.

72.

There is certainly among you he who would linger behind (from fighting in Allâh's Cause). If a misfortune befalls you, he says, "Indeed Allâh has favoured me in that I was not present among them."

73.

وَلَبِنَ أَصَىبَكُمُ فَضُلُّ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ لَيَقُولَنَّ كَأَن لَّمُ تَكُنْ بَيُنَكُمُ وَبَيُنَهُ مَوَدَّةٌ يَا يَعْلَيْتَنِي كُنتُ مَعَهُمُ فَأَفُوزَ فَوُزًا عَظِيمًا ﴿

But if a bounty (victory and booty) comes to you from Allâh, he would surely say - as if there had never been ties of affection between you and him - "Oh! I wish I had been with them; then I would have achieved a great success (a good share of booty)."

74.

فَلْيُقَىتِ لَ فِ مَ سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلَّهٰذِينَ يَشُرُونَ ٱلُحَيَوٰةَ ٱلدُّنيَ اللَّهِ فَلُيُقَنتَ لَ أَو يَغَلِبُ فَسَوُفَ نُؤْتِيهِ بِٱلْأَخِرَةِ وَمَن يُقَنتِ لُ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ فَيُقْتَلُ أَو يَغَلِبُ فَسَوُفَ نُؤْتِيهِ أَجُرًا عَظِيمًا

Let those (believers) who sell the life of this world for the Hereafter fight in the Cause of Allâh, and whoso fights in the Cause of Allâh, and is killed or gets victory, We shall bestow on him a great reward.

75.

وَمَا لَكُمُ لَا تُقَدِيلُونَ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَٱلْمُسْتَضْعَفِينَ مِنَ ٱلرِّجَالِ وَٱلنِّسَآءِ وَٱلُولُدَنِ ٱلَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَآ أَخُرِجُنَا مِنُ هَدذِهِ ٱلْقَرُيَةِ ٱلظَّالِمِ أَهُلُهَا وَٱجُعَل لَّنَا مِن لَّدُنكَ وَلِيَّا وَٱجُعَل لَّنَا مِن لَّدُنكَ نَصِيرًا ۞

And what is wrong with you that you fight not in the Cause of Allâh, and for those weak, illtreated and oppressed among men, women, and children, whose cry is: "Our Lord! Rescue us from this town whose people are oppressors; and raise for us from You one who will protect, and raise for us from You one who will help."

ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ يُقَنتِلُونَ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ يُقَنتِلُونَ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ يُقَنتِلُونَ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱلطَّنغُوتِ فَقَنتِلُوٓاْ أَوْلِيَآءَ ٱلشَّيئطَنِ إِنَّ كَيْدَ ٱلشَّيئطَنِ كَانَ ضَعِيفًا ٢

Those who believe, fight in the Cause of Allâh, and those who disbelieve, fight in the cause of $T\hat{a}gh\hat{u}t$ (Satan, etc.). So fight you against the friends of $Shait\hat{a}n$ (Satan); Ever feeble indeed is the plot of $Shait\hat{a}n$ (Satan).

77.

أَلَىمُ تَرَ إِلَى اللَّذِينَ قِيلَ لَهُمُ كُفُّواْ أَيُدِيكُمُ وَأَقِيمُواْ الصَّلَوٰةَ وَاللَّهُ اللَّاسَ وَءَاتُواْ الزَّكُوٰةَ فَلَمَّا كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِمُ اللَّقِتَالُ إِذَا فَرِيقُ مِّنْهُمُ يَخْشُونَ النَّاسَ كَخَشْيَةِ اللَّهِ أَوُ أَشَدَّ خَشْيَةً وَقَالُواْ رَبَّنَا لِمَ كَتَبُتَ عَلَيْنَا اللَّقِتَالَ لَوُلاَ كَخَشْيَةِ اللَّهِ أَوُ أَشَدَّ خَشْيَةً وَقَالُواْ رَبَّنَا لِمَ كَتَبُتَ عَلَيْنَا اللَّقِتَالَ لَوُلاَ أَخَرُتُنَا إِلَى اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللْمُلْمُ الللللِهُ اللللللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللَ

Have you not seen those who were told to hold back their hands (from fighting) and perform As-Salât (IqâmatasSalât), and give Zakât, but when the fighting was ordained for them, behold! a section of them fear men as they fear Allâh or even more. They say: "Our Lord! Why have you ordained for us fighting? Would that you had granted us respite for a short period?" Say: "Short is the enjoyment of this world. The Hereafter is (far) better for him who fears Allâh, and you shall not be dealt with unjustly even equal to the Fatilâ (a scalish thread in the long slit of a datestone).

78.

أَيْنَمَا تَكُونُواْ يُدْرِككُمُ ٱلُمَوْتُ وَلَوُ كُنتُمُ فِى بُرُوجٍ مُّشَيَّدَةٍ وَإِن تُصِبُهُمُ سَيِّئَةٌ يَقُولُواْ تُصِبُهُمُ سَيِّئَةٌ يَقُولُواْ هَدذِهِ مِنْ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ وَإِن تُصِبُهُمُ سَيِّئَةٌ يَقُولُواْ هَدذِهِ مِنْ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ فَمَالِ هَنَوُلُا ٓ ٱلْقَوْمِ لَا يَكَادُونَ مَدنِهِ مِنْ عِندِكَ قُلُ كُلُّ مِّنُ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ فَمَالِ هَنَوُلُا ٓ ٱلْقَوْمِ لَا يَكَادُونَ يَفْقَهُونَ حَدِيثًا

"Wheresoever you may be, death will overtake you even if you are in fortresses built up strong and high!" And if some good reaches them, they say, "This is from Allâh," but if some evil befalls them, they say, "This is from you (O Muhammad SAW)." Say: "All things are from Allâh," so what is wrong with these people that they fail to understand any word?

79.

مَّا أَصَابَكَ مِنْ حَسَنَةٍ فَمِنَ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا أَصَابَكَ مِنْ حَسَنَةٍ فَمِنَ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا أَصَابَكَ مِن سَيِّئَةٍ فَمِن شَفْسِكَ وَأَرُسَلُنَكَ لِلنَّاسِ رَسُولًا وَكَفَىٰ بِٱللَّهِ شَهِيدًا



Whatever of good reaches you, is from Allâh, but whatever of evil befalls you, is from yourself. And We have sent you (O Muhammad SAW) as a Messenger to mankind, and Allâh is Sufficient as a Witness. []

80.

مَّن يُطِعِ ٱلرَّسُولَ فَقَدُ أَطَاعَ ٱللَّهُ وَمَن تَولَّىٰ فَمَ ٓ أَرُسَلُنَكَ عَلَيُهِمُ حَفِيظًا ۞

He who obeys the Messenger (Muhammad SAW), has indeed obeyed Allâh, but he who turns away, then we have not sent you (O Muhammad SAW) as a watcher over them. II

81.

وَيَقُولُونَ طَاعَةٌ فَا بَرَزُواْ مِنْ عِندِكَ بَيَّتَ طَآبِهَ قُمِّنُهُمُ عَنهُمُ وَتَوَكَّلُ عَيْدِكَ بَيَّتَ طَآبِهَمُ وَتَوَكَّلُ عَيْدُ اللَّهِ وَلَيَّةُ مِنْهُمُ وَتَوَكَّلُ عَلَى اللَّهِ وَكَفَىٰ بِٱللَّهِ وَكِيلًا ﴿

They say: "We are obedient," but when they leave you (Muhammad SAW), a section of them spend all night in planning other than what you say. But Allâh records their nightly (plots). So turn aside from them (do not punish them), and put your trust in Allâh. And Allâh is Ever AllSufficient as a Disposer of affairs.

82.

أَفَلَا يَتَدَبَّرُونَ ٱلْقُرُءَانَّ وَلَو كَانَ مِنْ عِندِ غَيْرِ ٱللَّهِ لَوَجَدُواْ فِيهِ ٱخُتِلَنفًا كَثِيرًا

Do they not then consider the Qur'ân carefully? Had it been from other than Allâh, they would surely have found therein much contradictions.

83.

وَإِذَا جَــآءَهُمُ أَمُــرُ مِّــنَ ٱلْأَمَــنِ أَوِ ٱلْخَــوُفِ أَذَاعُــواْ بِــهِ ۗ وَلَــوُ رَدُّوهُ إِلَى ٱلرَّسُولِ وَإِلَىٰٓ أُوْلِى ٱلْأَمَرِ مِنْهُمُ لَعَلِمَهُ ٱلَّذِينَ يَسُتَنَبِطُونَهُ و مِنْهُــمُ ۗ وَلَــوُلَا فَضَــلُ ٱللَّــهِ عَلَيْكُــمُ وَرَحُمَتُــهُ وَ لَاَتَّبَعُتُــمُ ٱلشَّــيُطَــنَ إِلَّا قَلِــيلًا ۚ

When there comes to them some matter touching (public) safety or fear, they make it known (among the people), if only they had referred it to the Messenger or to those charged with authority among them, the proper investigators would have understood it from them (directly). Had it not been for the Grace and Mercy of Allâh upon you, you would have followed *Shaitân* (Satan), save a few of you.

فَقَىٰتِلُ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ لَا تُكَلَّفُ إِلَّا نَفُسَكَۚ وَحَرِّضِ ٱلْمُؤَمِنِينَۗ عَسَى ٱللَّهُ أَن يَكُفَّ بَأْسَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواۚ وَٱللَّهُ أَشَدُّ بَأْسًا وَأَشَدُّ تَنكِيلًا

Then fight (O Muhammad SAW) in the Cause of Allâh, you are not tasked (held responsible) except for yourself, and incite the believers (to fight along with you), it may be that Allâh will restrain the evil might of the disbelievers. And Allâh is Stronger in Might and Stronger in punishing.

85.

مَّن يَشُفَعُ شَفَعَ شَفَعَةً حَسَنَةً يَكُن لَّهُ و نَصِيبٌ مِّنُهَا ۗ وَمَن يَشُفَعُ شَفَعَةً سَيِّئَةً يَكُن لَّهُ و كِفُلُ مِّنُهَا ۗ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ مُّقِيتًا ۞

Whosoever intercedes for a good cause will have the reward thereof, and whosoever intercedes for an evil cause will have a share in its burden. And Allâh is Ever All-Able to do (and also an All-Witness to) everything.

86.

وَإِذَا حُيِّيتُم بِتَحِيَّةٍ فَحَيُّواْ بِأَحُسَنَ مِنْهَآ أَوْ رُدُّوهَاًۗ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَئِءٍ حَسِيبًا

When you are greeted with a greeting, greet in return with what is better than it, or (at least) return it equally. Certainly, Allâh is Ever a Careful Account Taker of all things. \Box

87.

ٱللَّهُ لَآ إِلَىهَ إِلَّا هُوَۚ لَيَجُمَعَنَّكُمُ إِلَىٰ يَوُمِ ٱلُقِيَىمَةِ لَا رَيُبَ فِيهِۗ وَمَنُ أَصُدَقُ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ حَدِيثًا ۞

Allâh! Lâ ilâha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He). Surely, He will gather you together on the Day of Resurrection about which there is no doubt. And who is truer in statement than Allâh?

88.

Then what is the matter with you that you are divided into two parties about the hypocrites? Allâh has cast them back (to disbelief) because of what they have earned. Do you want to guide him whom Allâh has made to go astray? And he whom Allâh has made to go astray, you will never find for him any way (of guidance).

89.

وَدُّواْ لَوْ تَكُفُرُونَ كَمَا كَفَرُواْ فَتَكُونُونَ سَوَآءً فَلَا تَتَّخِذُواْ مِنْهُمُ أَولِيَآءَ حَتَّىٰ يُهَاجِرُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ فَإِن تَوَلَّواْ فَخُذُوهُمُ وَٱقْتُلُوهُمُ حَيثُ وَجَدتُّمُوهُمُّ وَلَا تَتَّخِذُواْ مِنْهُمُ وَلِيَّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا

They wish that you reject Faith, as they have rejected (Faith), and thus that you all become equal (like one another). So take not *Auliyâ'* (protectors or friends) from them, till they emigrate in the Way of Allâh (to Muhammad SAW). But if they turn back (from Islâm), take (hold) of them and kill them wherever you find them, and take neither *Auliyâ'* (protectors or friends) nor helpers from them.

90.

Except those who join a group, between you and whom there is a treaty (of peace), or those who approach you with their breasts restraining from fighting you as well as fighting their own people. Had Allâh willed, indeed He would have given them power over you, and they would have fought you. So if they withdraw from you, and fight not against you, and offer you peace, then Allâh has opened no way for you against them.

91

سَتَجِدُونَ ءَاخَرِينَ يُرِيدُونَ أَن يَأْمَنُو كُمُ وَيَأْمَنُواْ قَوْمَهُمُ كُلَّ مَا رُدُّوۤاْ إِلَى ٱلْفِتُنَةِ أُرُكِسُواْ فِيهَا ۚ فَإِن لَّمُ يَعُتَزِلُو كُمُ وَيُلُقُوۤاْ إِلَيْكُمُ ٱلسَّلَمَ وَيَكُفُّوۤاْ أَيُدِيَهُمُ فَخُذُوهُمُ وَٱقْتُلُوهُمْ حَيْثُ ثَقِفْتُمُ وهُمُ وَأُوْلَنَبِكُمُ وَيَكُفُّوۤاْ أَيُدِيَهُمُ فَخُذُوهُمُ وَٱقْتُلُوهُمْ حَيْثُ ثَقِفْتُمُ وهُمُ وَأُولَنَبِكُمُ جَعَلُنَا مُّبِينَا لَكُ مَ عَلَيْهِ مَ مُ سُلُطَنَا مُّبِينَا اللَّ

You will find others that wish to have security from you and security from their people. Every time they are sent back to temptation, they yield thereto. If they withdraw not from you, nor offer you peace, nor restrain their hands, take (hold) of them and kill them wherever you find them. In their case, We have provided you with a clear warrant against them.

92.

وَمَا كَانَ لِمُؤُمِنٍ أَن يَقُتُلَ مُؤُمِنًا إِلَّا خَطَعًا وَمَن قَتَلَ مُؤُمِنًا خَطَعًا فَتَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَةٍ مُّؤُمِنةٍ وَدِيَةٌ مُّسَلَّمَةٌ إِلَى أَهُلِهِ آ إِلَّا أَن يَصَّدَّقُوا فَإِن كَانَ مِن قَوْمٍ عَدُوِّ لَقَبَةٍ مُّؤُمِنةٍ وَدِيةٌ مُّسَلَّمَةٌ إِلَى أَهُلِهِ آ إِلَّا أَن يَصَّدَّقُوا فَإِن كَانَ مِن قَوْمٍ بَيْنَكُمُ وَبَيْنَهُم لَلَّكُمُ وَهُو مُؤُمِنٌ فَتَحُرِيرُ رَقَبَةٍ مُّؤُمِنة وإِن كَانَ مِن قَوْمٍ بَيْنَكُمُ وَبَيْنَهُم مِينَا لَكُمُ وَهُو مُؤُمِن فَتَحُرِيرُ رَقَبَةٍ مُّؤُمِنة فَوْمٍ بَيْنَكُمُ وَبَيْنَهُم مِينَا فَعُلِيمًا عَرْيِن وَقَبَةٍ مُّؤُمِنة فَوْمِ بَيْنَكُمُ وَبَيْنَهُم وَمُونَ فَوَا مِينَا لَهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا اللّه فَصِيامُ شَهُريُنِ مُتَتَابِعَيْنِ تَوْبَةً مِّنَ ٱللّه وَكَانَ ٱللّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا اللّهَ فَصِيامُ شَهُريُنِ مُتَتَابِعَيْنِ تَوْبَةً مِّنَ ٱللّه وَكَانَ ٱللّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا

It is not for a believer to kill a believer except (that it be) by mistake, and whosoever kills a believer by mistake, (it is ordained that) he must set free a believing slave and a compensation (blood money, i.e *Diya*) be given to the deceased's family, unless they remit it. If the deceased belonged to

a people at war with you and he was a believer; the freeing of a believing slave (is prescribed), and if he belonged to a people with whom you have a treaty of mutual alliance, compensation (blood money - *Diya*) must be paid to his family, and a believing slave must be freed. And whoso finds this (the penance of freeing a slave) beyond his means, he must fast for two consecutive months in order to seek repentance from Allâh. And Allâh is Ever AllKnowing, AllWise.

93.

وَمَن يَقُتُلُ مُؤْمِنًا مُّتَعَمِّدًا فَجَزَ آؤُهُ وجَهَنَّمُ خَلِدًا فِيهَا وَغَضِبَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَلَعَنَهُ وَأَعَدَّ لَهُ وعَذَابًا عَظِيمًا

And whoever kills a believer intentionally, his recompense is Hell to abide therein, and the Wrath and the Curse of Allâh are upon him, and a great punishment is prepared for him. I

94.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ إِذَا ضَرَبُتُمُ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ فَتَبَيَّنُواْ وَلَا تَقُولُواْ لِمَنُ

أَلُقَىٰ إِلَيْكُمُ ٱلسَّلَامَ لَسُتَ مُؤْمِنَا تَبُتَغُونَ عَرَضَ ٱلُحَيَوٰ قِ ٱلدُّنْيَا فَعِندَ

ٱللَّهِ مَغَانِمُ كَثِيرَةٌ كَذَلِكَ كُنتُم مِّن قَبُلُ فَمَنَّ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ فَتَبَيَّنُوٓا إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ

كَانَ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا

O you who believe! When you go (to fight) in the Cause of Allâh, verify (the truth), and say not to anyone who greets you (by embracing Islâm): "You are not a believer"; seeking the perishable goods of the worldly life. There are much more profits and booties with Allâh. Even as he is now, so were you yourselves before till Allâh conferred on you His Favours (i.e. guided you to Islâm), therefore, be cautious in discrimination. Allâh is Ever WellAware of what you do.

95.

لاَّ يَسُتَوِى ٱلْقَعِدُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ غَيْرُ أُوْلِى ٱلضَّرَرِ وَٱلْمُجَعِدُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ الضَّرَرِ وَٱلْمُجَعِدُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ بِأَمُو الهِمُ وَأَنفُسِهِمُ فَضَّلَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمُجَعِدِينَ بِأَمُو الهِمُ وَأَنفُسِهِمُ فَضَّلَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْحُسُنَى وَفَضَّلَ ٱللَّهُ وَأَنفُسِهِمُ عَلَى ٱلْقَعِدِينَ دَرَجَةً وَكُلَّا وَعَدَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْحُسُنَى وَفَضَّلَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمُجَعِدِينَ عَلَى ٱلْقَعِدِينَ أَجُرًا عَظِيمًا

ٱلْمُجَعِدِينَ عَلَى ٱلْقَعِدِينَ أَجُرًا عَظِيمًا

اللَّهُ عَلِي عَلَى ٱلْقَعِدِينَ أَجُرًا عَظِيمًا
اللَّهُ المُجَعِدِينَ عَلَى ٱلْقَعِدِينَ أَجُرًا عَظِيمًا
اللَّهُ اللهُ ا

Not equal are those of the believers who sit (at home), except those who are disabled (by injury or are blind or lame, etc.), and those who strive hard and fight in the Cause of Allâh with their wealth and their lives. Allâh has preferred in grades those who strive hard and fight with their wealth and their lives above those who sit (at home). Unto each, Allâh has promised good (Paradise), but Allâh has preferred those who strive hard and fight, above those who sit (at home) by a huge reward;

96.

Degrees of (higher) grades from Him, and Forgiveness and Mercy. And Allâh is Ever OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ تَوَقَّىٰهُمُ ٱلْمَلَتِ كَةُ ظَالِمِيٓ أَنفُسِهِمُ قَالُواْ فِيمَ كُنتُمُّ قَالُواْ كُنَّا مُستَضْعَفِينَ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ قَالُواْ أَلَمُ تَكُنُ أَرْضُ ٱللَّهِ وَسِعَةً فَتُهَاجِرُ واْ فِيهَا فَسُتَضْعَفِينَ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ قَالُواْ أَلَمُ تَكُنُ أَرْضُ ٱللَّهِ وَسِعَةً فَتُهَاجِرُ واْ فِيهَا فَسُلَّا فَيْكُنُ أَرْضُ ٱللَّهِ وَسِعَةً فَتُهَاجِرُ واْ فِيهَا فَالُواْ فِيهَا فَاللَّهُ وَسَاءَتُ مَصِيرًا اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ مَا جَهَنَّمُ وَسَاءَتُ مَصِيرًا

Verily! As for those whom the angels take (in death) while they are wronging themselves (as they stayed among the disbelievers even though emigration was obligatory for them), they (angels) say (to them): "In what (condition) were you?" They reply: "We were weak and oppressed on earth." They (angels) say: "Was not the earth of Allâh spacious enough for you to emigrate therein?" Such men will find their abode in Hell - What an evil destination!

98.

إِلَّا ٱلْمُسْتَضُعَفِينَ مِنَ ٱلرِّجَالِ وَٱلنِّسَآءِ وَٱلْوِلُدَنِ لَا يَسُتَطِيعُونَ حِيلَةً وَلَا يَهُتَدُونَ سَبِيلًا ۞

Except the weak ones among men, women and children who cannot devise a plan, nor are they able to direct their way.

99.

For these there is hope that Allâh will forgive them, and Allâh is Ever Oft Pardoning, Oft-Forgiving.

100

وَمَن يُهَاجِرُ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ يَجِدُ فِى ٱلْأَرْضِ مُرَاغَمًا كَثِيرًا وَسَعَةً وَمَن يَخُرُ جُ مِنْ بَيُتِهِ مُهَاجِرًا إِلَى ٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ عَثُمَّ يُدُرِ كُهُ ٱلْمَوْتُ فَقَدُ يَخُرُ جُ مِنْ بَيُتِهِ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا
 وَقَعَ أَجُرُهُ وَعَلَى ٱللَّهُ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا

He who emigrates (from his home) in the Cause of Allâh, will find on earth many dwelling places and plenty to live by. And whosoever leaves his home as an emigrant unto Allâh and His Messenger, and death overtakes him, his reward is then surely incumbent upon Allâh. And Allâh is Ever OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

101.

وَإِذَا ضَرَبُتُمُ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ فَلَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمُ جُنَاحٌ أَن تَقُصُرُواْ مِنَ ٱلصَّلَوٰةِ إِنَّ خِفْتُمُ أَن يَفْتِنَكُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓاْ إِنَّ ٱلْكَنفِرينَ كَانُواْ لَكُمُ عَدُوًّا مُّبِينًا



And when you (Muslims) travel in the land, there is no sin on you if you shorten your *Salât* (prayer) if you fear that the disbelievers may attack you, verily, the disbelievers are ever unto you open enemies.

وَإِذَا كُنتَ فِيهِمْ فَأَقَمُتَ لَهُمُ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ فَلُتَقُمُ طَآبِفَةٌ مِّنَهُم مَّعَكَ وَلُيَأُخُذُوۤا أَسُلِحَتَهُمُ فَإِذَا سَجَدُواْ فَلْيَكُونُواْ مِن وَرَآبِكُمْ وَلُتَأْتِ طَآبِفَةٌ أُخْرَىٰ لَمُ السَّلَوْةَ هُمُّ فَإِذَا سَجَدُواْ فَلْيَكُونُواْ مِن وَرَآبِكُمْ وَلُتَأْتِ طَآبِفَةٌ أُخْرَىٰ لَمَ يُصَلُّواْ فَلْيُصَلُّواْ فَعَكَ وَلْيَأَخُذُواْ حِذْرَهُم وَأَسُلِحَتَهُمُّ وَدَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ يُصَلُّواْ فَلْيُصَلُّواْ فَلَيْصَلُّواْ مَعَكَ وَلْيَأَخُذُواْ حِذْرَهُم وَأَسُلِحَتَهُمُّ وَدَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَوْ تَعَفَّلُونَ عَنَ أَسُلِحَتِكُم وَأَمُتِعَتِكُم فَيَمِيلُونَ عَلَيْكُم مَّيلَةً وَاحِدَةً وَلَا لَوْ تَعَفْلُونَ عَنَ أَسلِحَتِكُم أَوَا مَعِكَ مَ أَمُتِعَتِكُم فَيَمِيلُونَ عَلَيْكُم مَّيلَةً وَاحِدَةً وَلَا اللّه عَنْ السَلِحَتَكُم أَوْلَ عَنْ أَسلِحَتَكُم أَوْلَ عَنْ السَلِحَتَكُم أَوْلَ عَنْ اللّه وَالْمَا لَهُ وَالْمَالُونَ عَلَيْكُم مَّ وَالْمَعْوَا اللّه أَعَدَّ لِلْكَنفِرِينَ عَذَابًا مُّهِينًا عَلَى السَّالِ اللّهُ أَعَدَّ لِلْكَنفِرِينَ عَذَابًا مُهِينًا عَلَى اللّهُ الْمَالِونَ عَلَيْكُم أَوْلُونَ عَذَابًا مُهِينًا عَلَى اللّهُ أَعَدَّ لِلْكَنفِرِينَ عَذَابًا مُهِينًا عَلَى اللّه أَعَدَّ لِلْكَنفِرِينَ عَذَابًا مُهِينًا عَلَى اللّهُ الْمَالِونَ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ الْعَدَى اللّهُ الْمَالِونَ عَلَيْكُم مَا إِن كَانَ مِكُم أَلِنَا اللّه أَعَدَّ لِلْكَنفِرِينَ عَذَابًا مُهِينًا عَلَى اللّهُ الْمَلْلِحَتَكُم اللّهُ اللّه اللّه المَوالِقُولُ اللّه الْفَالِقُولُ الْمَالِكُونَ اللّهُ الْمَلْمُ اللّهُ الْمَالِولُ الْمَلِينَا عَلَيْكُمُ اللّهُ الْمَالِولُ اللّهُ الْمُعْلِقُ الْمُلْمِ اللّهُ الْمُعْتِعَا الْمَالِمُ الْمُؤْمِلُونَ عَلَيْكُمُ الْمَالِ اللّهُ الْمَالِقُولُ اللّهُ الْمُؤْمِلُونَ عَلَيْكُمُ اللّهُ الْمُؤْمِلُونَ الللّهُ الْمُؤْمِلُونَ اللّهُ الْمَالِقُولُ اللّهُ الْمُؤْمِلُولُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الْمُؤْمِلُولُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُو

When you (O Messenger Muhammad SAW) are among them, and lead them in *As-Salât* (the prayer), let one party of them stand up [in *Salât* (prayer)] with you taking their arms with them; when they finish their prostrations, let them take their positions in the rear and let the other party come up which has not yet prayed, and let them pray with you taking all the precautions and bearing arms. Those who disbelieve wish, if you were negligent of your arms and your baggage, to attack you in a single rush, but there is no sin on you if you put away your arms because of the inconvenience of rain or because you are ill, but take every precaution for yourselves. Verily, Allâh has prepared a humiliating torment for the disbelievers.

103.

فَإِذَا قَضَيُتُمُ ٱلصَّلَوْةَ فَٱذُكُرُواْ ٱللَّهَ قِيَدمًا وَقُعُودًا وَعَلَىٰ جُنُوبِكُمُّ فَإِذَا ٱطُمَأُننتُمُ فَأَقِيمُواْ ٱلصَّلَوْةَ إِنَّ ٱلصَّلَوْةَ كَانَتُ عَلَى ٱلمُؤَمِنِينَ كِتَدبًا مَّوَقُوتًا



When you have finished As-Salât (the prayer - congregational), remember Allâh standing, sitting down, and lying down on your sides, but when you are free from danger, perform As-Salât (Iqâmatas Salât). Verily, the prayer is enjoined on the believers at fixed hours.

104.

وَلَا تَهِئُ واْ فِ مَا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مَا لَا يَرُجُ واْ تَ اللَّهِ مَا لَا يَرُجُ واَ اللَّهُ وَكَانَ فَإِنَّهُمُ يَا أَلَمُونَ كَمَا تَا أَلَمُونَ وَتَرُجُ ونَ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ مَا لَا يَرُجُ ونَ وَكَانَ اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا

And don't be weak in the pursuit of the enemy; if you are suffering (hardships) then surely, they (too) are suffering (hardships) as you are suffering, but you have a hope from Allâh (for the reward, i.e. Paradise) that for which they hope not, and Allâh is Ever AllKnowing, AllWise.

105

إِنَّا أَنزَلُنَا إِلَيْكَ ٱلْكِتَنبَ بِالْحَقِّ لِتَحُكُمَ بَيُنَ اَلنَّاسِ بِالْحَقِّ لِتَحُكُمَ بَيُنَ اَلنَّاسِ بِمَا أَرَىٰكَ ٱللَّهُ وَلَا تَكُن لِّلُخَابِنِينَ خَصِيمًا ٢

Surely, We have sent down to you (O Muhammad SAW) the Book (this Qur'ân) in truth that you might judge between men by that which Allâh has shown you (i.e. has taught you through Divine

Inspiration), so be not a pleader for the treacherous. 106 وَٱسۡـتَغُفِرِ ٱللَّـهُۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّـهَ كَـانَ غَفُــورًا رَّحِيمًـا 🗃 And seek the Forgiveness of Allâh, $^{f \Pi}$ certainly, Allâh is Ever OftForgiving, Most Merciful. 107 وَلَا تُجَدِلُ عَنِ ٱلَّذِينَ يَخُتَانُونَ أَنفُسَهُم ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ مَن كَانَ خَوَّانًا And argue not on behalf of those who deceive themselves. Verily, Allâh does not like anyone who is a betrayer of his trust, and indulges in crime. 108 يَسُتَخُفُونَ مِنَ ٱلنَّاسِ وَلَا يَسُتَخُفُونَ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ وَهُوَ مَعَهُمُ إِذْ يُبَيِّتُونَ مَا لَا يَــرُ ضَيْ مِـنَ ٱلْقَـوُلُ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ بِمَا يَعُمَلُـونَ مُحِيطًا 📾 They may hide (their crimes) from men, but they cannot hide (them) from Allâh, for He is with them (by His Knowledge), when they plot by night in words that He does not approve, And Allâh ever encompasses what they do. 109 هَنَأنتُمُ هَنَؤُلآءَ جَندَلُتُمُ عَنُهُمُ فِي ٱلْحَيَواةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا فَمَن يُجَندِلُ ٱللَّهَ عَنُهُمُ يَوُمَ ٱلۡقِيَـٰمَةِ أَم مَّن يَكُونُ عَلَيْهِمُ وَ كِيلًا 🗃 Lo! You are those who have argued for them in the life of this world, but who will argue for them on the Day of Resurrection against Allâh, or who will then be their defender? 110. وَمَن يَعُمَلُ سُوٓءًا أَو يَظُلِمُ نَفُسَهُ وثُمَّ يَسُتَغُفِر ٱللَّهَ يَجِدِ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورًا And whoever does evil or wrongs himself but afterwards seeks Allâh's Forgiveness, he will find Allâh OftForgiving, Most Merciful. 111 بن يَكُسِبُ إِثُمًا فَإِنَّمَا يَكُسِبُهُ و عَلَىٰ نَفُسِهِ ۚ وَ كَانَ

And whoever earns sin, he earns it only against himself. And Allâh is Ever AllKnowing, AllWise.

وَمَن يَكُسِبُ خَطِيْتَةً أَو إِثْمًا ثُمَّ يَرُمِ بِهِ عَبرِيْتًا فَقَدِ ٱحُتَمَلَ بُهُتَننَا وَإِثْمًا مُّبِينًا ﴿

And whoever earns a fault or a sin and then throws it on to someone innocent, he has indeed burdened himself with falsehood and a manifest sin.

113.

وَلَــوُلَا فَضُــلُ ٱللَّـهِ عَلَيْــكَ وَرَحُمَتُـهُ ولَهَمَّـت طَّآبِفَـةٌ مِّنَهُــمُ أَن يُضِلُّـونَ وَمَا يُضِلُّـونَ إِلَّا أَنفُسَـهُمُ وَمَا يَضُـرُ ونَكَ مِـن شَــئ أَ أَن يُضِلُّـونَ وَمَا يُضِلُّـونَ إِلَّا أَنفُسَـهُمُ وَمَا يَضُـرُ ونَكَ مِـن شَــئ أَ أَن يُضِلُّـونَ وَكَانَ وَأَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْكَ ٱللَّكِتَنبَ وَٱلْحِكُمةَ وَعَلَّمَكَ مَا لَمُ تَكُن تَعُلَمُ وَكَانَ فَضَـلُ ٱللَّه عَلَيْكَ ٱللَّكِتَنبَ وَٱلْحِكُمةَ وَعَلَّمَكَ مَا لَمُ تَكُن تَعُلَمُ وَكَانَ فَضَـلُ ٱللَّه عَلَيْكَ عَظِيمًا عَلَيْ

Had not the Grace of Allâh and His Mercy been upon you (O Muhammad SAW), a party of them would certainly have made a decision to mislead you, but (in fact) they mislead none except their own selves, and no harm can they do to you in the least. Allâh has sent down to you the Book (The Qur'ân), and *AlHikmah* (Islâmic laws, knowledge of legal and illegal things i.e. the Prophet's *Sunnah* - legal ways), and taught you that which you knew not. And Ever Great is the Grace of Allâh unto you (O Muhammad SAW).

114.

 أَلَّا خَــيْرَ فِــى كَثِـيرٍ مِّـن نَّجُـونهُمُ إِلَّا مَـنُ أَمَـرَ بِصَدَقَـةٍ أَوُ مَعُرُوفٍ أَوْ إِصلَاحِ بَيُنَ ٱلنَّاسِ وَمَن يَفْعَلُ ذَلِكَ ٱبُتِغَاءَ مَرُ ضَاتِ ٱللَّهِ فَسَوُفَ نُؤْتِيهِ أَجُرًا عَظِيمًا

There is no good in most of their secret talks save (in) him who orders *Sadaqah* (charity in Allâh's Cause), or *Ma'rûf* (Islâmic Monotheism and all the good and righteous deeds which Allâh has ordained), or conciliation between mankind, and he who does this, seeking the good Pleasure of Allâh, We shall give him a great reward.

115.

وَمَــن يُشَــاقِقِ ٱلرَّسُـولَ مِـنْ بَعُـدِ مَـا تَبَيَّـنَ لَــهُ اللَّهُ دَىٰ وَيَتَّبِعُ غَـيْرَ سَـبِيلِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ نُـوَلِّهِ - مَا تَـوَلَّىٰ وَنُصُلِهِ - اللَّهُ دَىٰ وَيَتَّبِعُ غَـيْرَ سَـبِيلِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ نُـوَلِّهِ - مَا تَـوَلَّىٰ وَنُصُلِهِ - اللهُ عَمَا اللهُ عَـيْرَ السَّامَةُ وَسَآءَتُ مَصِيرًا السَّ

And whoever contradicts and opposes the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) after the right path has been shown clearly to him, and follows other than the believers' way. We shall keep him in the path he has chosen, and burn him in Hell - what an evil destination.

إِنَّ ٱللَّـهَ لَا يَغُفِـرُ أَن يُشُـرَكَ بِـهِـ وَيَغُفِـرُ مَا دُونَ ذَلِكَ لِمَن يَشَآءُ وَمَن يُشُـرِكُ بِٱللَّـهِ فَقَـدُ ضَـلَّ ضَلَـالَّا بَعِيـدًا

Verily! Allâh forgives not (the sin of) setting up partners in worship with Him, but He forgives whom he pleases sins other than that, and whoever sets up partners in worship with Allâh, has indeed strayed far away.

117.

They (all those who worship others than Allâh) invoke nothing but female deities besides Him (Allâh), and they invoke nothing but *Shaitân* (Satan), a persistent rebel!

118

Allâh cursed him. And he [Shaitân (Satan)] said: "I will take an appointed portion of your slaves;

119.

Verily, I will mislead them, and surely, I will arouse in them false desires; and certainly, I will order them to slit the ears of cattle, and indeed I will order them to change the nature created by Allâh." And whoever takes *Shaitân* (Satan) as a *Walî* (protector or helper) instead of Allâh, has surely suffered a manifest loss.

120

He [Shaitan (Satan)] makes promises to them, and arouses in them false desires; and Shaitan's (Satan) promises are nothing but deceptions.

121

The dwelling of such (people) is Hell, and they will find no way of escape from it.

122

وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَدِينَ سَنُدُخِلُهُمُ جَنَّدِ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنَهَدِرُ خَدلِدِينَ فِيهَا أَبَدَاً وَعُدَ ٱللَّهِ حَقَّا وَمَنَ أَصُدَقُ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ قِيلًا ﴿

But those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism) and do deeds of righteousness, We shall admit them to the Gardens under which rivers flow (i.e. in Paradise) to dwell therein forever. Allâh's Promise is the Truth, and whose words can be truer than those of

Allâh? (Of course, none).

123.

لَّيْسَ بِأَمَانِيِّكُمُ وَلاَّ أَمَانِيِّ أَهُلِ ٱلْكِتَنبُِّ مَن يَعْمَلُ سُوَّءًا يُجُزَ بِهِ وَلاَ يَجِدُ لَهُ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ وَلِيَّا وَلاَ نَصِيرًا ﴿

It will not be in accordance with your desires (Muslims), nor those of the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians), whosoever works evil, will have the recompense thereof, and he will not find any protector or helper besides Allâh.

124.

وَمَــن يَعُمَــلُ مِــنَ ٱلصَّلِحَــنتِ مِــن ذَكَــرٍ أَو أُنشَــٰى وَهُــوَ مُــؤُمِنُ فَأَوْلَنَبِكَ يَدُخُـلُونَ ٱلْجَنَّةَ وَلَا يُظُلِمُونَ نَقِـيرًا ﴿

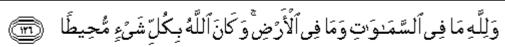
And whoever does righteous good deeds, male or female, and is a true believer in the Oneness of Allâh (Muslim), such will enter Paradise and not the least injustice, even to the size of a *Naqîra* (speck on the back of a datestone), will be done to them.

125

وَمَنُ أَحُسَنُ دِينًا مِّمَّنُ أَسُلَمَ وَجُهَهُ لِلَّهِ وَهُوَ مُحُسِنٌ وَٱتَّبَعَ مِلَّةَ إِبُرَ هِيمَ حَنِيفًا لَّ وَٱتَّخَذَ ٱللَّهُ إِبُرَ هِيمَ خَلِيلًا ﴿

And who can be better in religion than one who submits his face (himself) to Allâh (i.e. follows Allâh's Religion of Islâmic Monotheism); and he is a *Muhsin* (a good-doer - see V.2:112). And follows the religion of Ibrâhim (Abraham) *Hanifa* (Islâmic Monotheism - to worship none but Allâh Alone). And Allâh did take Ibrâhim (Abraham) as a *Khalil* (an intimate friend).

126



And to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. And Allâh is Ever Encompassing all things.

127.

وَيَسُتَفُتُونَكَ فِى ٱلنِّسَآءُ قُلِ ٱللَّهُ يُفْتِيكُمُ فِيهِنَّ وَمَا يُتُلَىٰ عَلَيْكُمُ فِيهِنَّ وَمَا يُتُكُمُ لَهُنَّ وَالنِّسَآءِ ٱلَّنتِي لَا تُؤُتُونَهُنَّ مَا كُتِبَ لَهُنَّ وَتَرُغَبُونَ أَن تَنكِحُوهُنَّ وَٱلْمُسْتَضْعَفِينَ مِنَ ٱلُولُدَنِ وَأَن تَقُومُ وأَ وَتَرُغَبُونَ أَن تَنكِحُوهُنَّ وَٱلْمُسْتَضْعَفِينَ مِنَ ٱلُولُدَنِ وَأَن تَقُومُ وأَ لِلْيَتَعَمَىٰ بِٱلْقِسُطِ وَمَا تَفْعَلُواْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ بِهِ - عَلِيمًا اللهَ لَلْيَتَعَمَىٰ بِٱلْقِسُطِ وَمَا تَفْعَلُواْ مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ بِهِ - عَلِيمًا اللهَ

They ask your legal instruction concerning women, say: Allâh instructs you about them, and about what is recited unto you in the Book concerning the orphan girls whom you give not the prescribed portions (as regards *Mahr* and inheritance) and yet whom you desire to marry, and (concerning) the children who are weak and oppressed, and that you stand firm for justice to orphans. And whatever good you do, Allâh is Ever AllAware of it.

وَإِنِ ٱمُرَ أَةٌ خَافَتُ مِنْ بَعُلِهَا نُشُورًا أَوْ إِعُرَاضًا فَلَا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِمَ ٓ أَن يُصلِحَا بَيْنَهُمَا صُلُحًا وَٱلصُّلُحُ خَيرُ ۗ وَأُحُضِرَتِ ٱلْأَنفُسُ ٱلشُّحَّ وَإِن يُصلِحَا بَيْنَهُمَا صُلُحًا وَٱلصُّلُحُ خَيرُ ۗ وَأُحُضِرَتِ ٱلْأَنفُسُ ٱلشُّحَّ وَإِن تُحُسِنُواْ وَتَتَّقُواْ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا ﴿

ثُحُسِنُواْ وَتَتَّقُواْ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا ﴿

And if a woman fears cruelty or desertion on her husband's part, there is no sin on them both if they make terms of peace between themselves; and making peace is better. And human inner-selves are swayed by greed. But if you do good and keep away from evil, verily, Allâh is Ever Well-Acquainted with what you do.

129

وَلَن تَسْتَطِيعُوٓاْ أَن تَعُدِلُواْ بَيُنَ ٱلنِّسَآءِ وَلَو حَرَصُتُمُۗ فَلَا تَمِيلُواْ كُلَّ ٱلْمَيْلِ فَتَذَرُوهَا كَٱلُمُعَلَّقَةِ وَإِن تُصلِحُواْ وَتَتَّقُواْ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ٣

You will never be able to do perfect justice between wives even if it is your ardent desire, so do not incline too much to one of them (by giving her more of your time and provision) so as to leave the other hanging (i.e. neither divorced nor married). And if you do justice, and do all that is right and fear Allâh by keeping away from all that is wrong, then Allâh is Ever OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

130

But if they separate (by divorce), Allâh will provide abundance for everyone of them from His Bounty. And Allâh is Ever AllSufficient for His creatures' need, AllWise.

131

وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِى ٱلسَّمَـوَتِ وَمَا فِى ٱلْأَرُضِّ وَلَقَدُ وَصَّيْنَا ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلُكِتَـبَ مِن قَبُلِكُمُ وَإِيَّاكُمُ أَنِ ٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَۚ وَإِن تَكُفُرُواْ فَإِنَّ لِلَّهِ مَا فِى ٱلسَّمَـوَتِ وَمَا فِى ٱلْأَرُضِ ۚ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ غَنِيًّا حَمِيدًا

And to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. And verily, We have recommended to the people of the Scripture before you, and to you (O Muslims) that you (all) fear Allâh, and keep your duty to Him, But if you disbelieve, then unto Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth, and Allâh is Ever Rich (Free of all wants), Worthy of all praise.

132

And to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. And Allâh is Ever All-Sufficient as a Disposer of affairs.

إِن يَشَأُّ يُذُهِبُكُمُ أَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ وَيَأْتِ بِئَاخَرِينَۚ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ ذَالِكَ قَدِيرًا



If He wills, He can take you away, O people, and bring others. And Allâh is Ever AllPotent over that.

134.

مَّن كَانَ يُرِيدُ ثَوَابَ ٱلدُّنْيَا فَعِندَ ٱللَّهِ ثَوَابُ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْأَخِرَةِۚ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ سَمِيعًا بَصِيرًا

Whoever desires a reward in this life of the world, then with Allâh (Alone and none else) is the reward of this worldly life and of the Hereafter. And Allâh is Ever AllHearer, AllSeer.

135.

O you who believe! Stand out firmly for justice, as witnesses to Allâh, even though it be against yourselves, or your parents, or your kin, be he rich or poor, Allâh is a Better Protector to both (than you). So follow not the lusts (of your hearts), lest you may avoid justice, and if you distort your witness or refuse to give it, verily, Allâh is Ever WellAcquainted with what you do. []

136.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ ءَامِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَٱلْكِتَىبِٱلَّذِى نَزَّلَ عَلَىٰ رَسُولِهِ وَٱلْكِتَىبِٱلَّذِى نَزَّلَ عَلَىٰ رَسُولِهِ وَٱلْكِتَىبِٱلَّذِى أَنزَلَ مِن قَبُلُّ وَمَن يَكُفُرُ بِٱللَّهِ وَمَلَيْبِكَتِهِ وَسُولِهِ وَٱلْكِتَبِ وَٱلْمَاكِ وَمَلَيْبِكَتِهِ وَكُتُبِهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَٱلْمَوْمِ ٱلْأَخِرِ فَقَدُ ضَلَّ ضَلَاللَّا بَعِيدًا ٢٠٠٠

O you who believe! Believe in Allâh, and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), and the Book (the Qur'ân) which He has sent down to His Messenger, and the Scripture which He sent down to those before (him), and whosoever disbelieves in Allâh, His Angels, His Books, His Messengers, and the Last Day, then indeed he has strayed far away.

137.

إِنَّ ٱلَّـذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ثُمَّ كَفَرُواْ ثُمَّ ءَامَنُواْ ثُمَّ كَفَرُواْ ثُمَّ ٱزُدَادُواْ كُفَرًا لَيَهُ وَلَا لِيَهُدِيَهُمُ سَبِيلًا ﴿

Verily, those who believe, then disbelieve, then believe (again), and (again) disbelieve, and go on increasing in disbelief; Allâh will not forgive them, nor guide them on the (Right) Way.

Give to the hypocrites Ω the tidings that there is for them a painful torment.

139

ٱلَّـذِينَ يَتَّخِــذُونَ ٱلْكَنفِـرِينَ أَوُلِيَـآءَ مِـن دُونِ ٱلْمُـؤُمِنِينَۚ أَيَبُتَغُــونَ عِندَهُمُ ٱلْعِـرَّةَ فَـإِنَّ ٱلْعِـرَّةَ لِلَّـهِ جَمِيعًا ﴿

Those who take disbelievers for *Auliyâ'* (protectors or helpers or friends) instead of believers, do they seek honour, power and glory with them? Verily, then to Allâh belongs all honour, power and glory.

140.

وَقَدُ نَزَّلَ عَلَيْكُمُ فِي ٱلْكِتَىٰبِ أَنَّ إِذَا سَمِعْتُمُ ءَايَىتِ ٱللَّهِ يُكُفَّرُ بِهَا وَيُسْتَهُزَ أُ بِهَا فَلَا تَقُعُدُواْ مَعَهُمُ حَتَّىٰ يَخُوضُواْ فِي حَدِيثٍ غَيرُهِ ۚ إِنَّكُمُ إِذَا مِّثُلُهُ مُّ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ جَامِعُ ٱلمُنَافِقِينَ وَٱلْكَافِرِينَ فِي جَهَنَّمَ جَمِيعًا



And it has already been revealed to you in the Book (this Qur'ân) that when you hear the Verses of Allâh being denied and mocked at, then sit not with them, until they engage in a talk other than that; (but if you stayed with them) certainly in that case you would be like them. Surely, Allâh will collect the hypocrites and disbelievers all together in Hell,

141.

ٱلَّذِينَ يَتَرَبَّصُونَ بِكُمْ فَإِن كَانَ لَكُمْ فَتُحُّمِّنَ ٱللَّهِ قَالُوٓاْ أَلَمُ نَكُن مَّعَكُمُ وَإِن كَانَ لِلْكَنِهِ مِنَ وَإِن كَانَ لِلْكَنِهِ رِينَ نَصِيبٌ قَالُوٓاْ أَلَمُ نَسُتَحُوِذُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَنَمُنَعُكُم مِّنَ اللَّهُ لِلْكَنفِرِينَ اللَّهُ لِلْكَنفِرِينَ اللَّهُ لِلْكَنفِرِينَ اللَّهُ لِلْكَنفِرِينَ عَلَى ٱلمُؤْمِنِينَ شَبِيلًا
عَلَى ٱلمُؤْمِنِينَ شَبِيلًا

Those (hyprocrites) who wait and watch about you; if you gain a victory from Allâh, they say: "Were we not with you," but if the disbelievers gain a success, they say (to them): "Did we not gain mastery over you and did we not protect you from the believers?" Allâh will judge between you (all) on the Day of Resurrection. And never will Allâh grant to the disbelievers a way (to triumph) over the believers.

142.

إِنَّ ٱلْمُنَىفِقِينَ يُخَدِعُونَ ٱللَّهَ وَهُوَ خَدِعُهُمُ وَإِذَا قَامُوٓا إِلَى ٱلصَّلَوٰةِ قَامُوا اللَّهَ وَهُو خَدِعُهُمُ وَإِذَا قَامُوٓا إِلَى ٱلصَّلَوٰةِ قَامُوا اللَّهَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهُ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿ اللَّهَ اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ

Verily, the hypocrites seek to deceive Allâh, but it is He Who deceives them. I And when they stand up for As-Salât (the prayer), they stand with laziness and to be seen of men, and they do not remember Allâh but little.

مُّذَبُذَبِينَ بَيُنَ ذَلِكَ لَآ إِلَىٰ هَتَوُّلَآءِ وَلَآ إِلَىٰ هَتَوُّلَآءِ وَمَن يُضُلِلِ ٱللَّهُ فَلَن تَجِدَ لَهُ وسَبِيلًا عَيْ

(They are) swaying between this and that, belonging neither to these nor to those, and he whom Allâh sends astray, you will not find for him a way (to the truth - Islâm).

144

O you who believe! Take not for *Auliyâ'* (protectors or helpers or friends) disbelievers instead of believers. Do you wish to offer Allâh a manifest proof against yourselves?

145.

Verily, the hyprocrites will be in the lowest depths (grade) of the Fire; no helper will you find for them. I

146.

Except those who repent (from hypocrisy), do righteous good deeds, hold fast to Allâh, and purify their religion for Allâh (by worshipping none but Allâh, and do good for Allâh's sake only, not to show-off), then they will be with the believers. And Allâh will grant to the believers a great reward.

147

Why should Allâh punish you if you have thanked (Him) and have believed in Him. And Allâh is Ever AllAppreciative (of good), AllKnowing.

148

Allâh does not like that the evil should be uttered in public except by him who has been wronged. And Allâh is Ever AllHearer, AllKnower.

إِن تُبُدُواْ خَيْرًا أَوَ تُخُفُوهُ أَوُ تَعَفُواْ عَن سُوٓءٍ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَفُوًّا قَدِيرًا



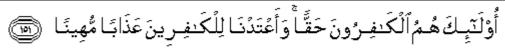
Whether you (mankind) disclose (by good words of thanks) a good deed (done to you in the form of a favour by someone), or conceal it, or pardon an evil, ... verily, Allâh is Ever OftPardoning, All-Powerful.

150.

إِنَّ ٱلَّــذِينَ يَكُفُرُونَ بِٱللَّـهِ وَرُسُـلِهِ - وَيُرِيــدُونَ أَن يُفَرِّقُـواْ بَيُـنَ ٱللَّـهِ وَرُسُلِهِ - وَيَقُولُونَ نُـؤُمِنُ بِبَعُضٍ وَنَكُفُرُ بِبَعْضٍ وَيُرِيدُونَ أَن يَتَّخِذُواْ بَيْنَ ذَلِكَ سَبِيلًا ۞

Verily, those who disbelieve in Allâh and His Messengers and wish to make distinction between Allâh and His Messengers (by believing in Allâh and disbelieving in His Messengers) saying, "We believe in some but reject others," and wish to adopt a way in between.

151



They are in truth disbelievers. And We have prepared for the disbelievers a humiliating torment.

152.

And those who believe in Allâh and His Messengers and make no distinction between any of them (Messengers), We shall give them their rewards, and Allâh is Ever OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

153.

يَسُكُلُكَ أَهُلُ اللَّكِتَابِ أَن تُكنَّزِلَ عَلَيْهِمُ كِتَابًا مِّنَ السَّمَآءِ فَقَدُ سَأَلُواْ مُوسَى أَكُبَرَ مِن ذَلِكَ فَقَالُوۤاْ أَرِنَا اللَّهَ جَهْرَةً فَأَخَذَتُهُمُ الصَّعِقَةُ بِظُلُمِهِمُ ثُمَّ اتَّخَذُواْ الْعِجُلَ مِنْ بَعُدِ مَا جَآءَتُهُمُ الْبَيِّنَاتُ فَعَفَوْنَا عَن ذَلِكَ وَءَاتَيْنَا مُوسَىٰ سُلُطَنَا مُّبِينًا



The people of the Scripture (Jews) ask you to cause a book to descend upon them from heaven. Indeed they asked Mûsa (Moses) for even greater than that, when they said: "Show us Allâh in public," but they were struck with thunder clap and lightning for their wickedness. Then they worshipped the calf even after clear proofs, evidences, and signs had come to them. (Even) so We forgave them. And We gave Mûsa (Moses) a clear proof of authority.

وَرَفَعُنَا فَوُقَهُمُ ٱلطُّورَ بِمِيثَنقِهِ مُ وَقُلُنَا لَهُ مُ ٱذَخُلُواْ ٱلبَابَ سُجَّدًا وَقُلُنَا لَهُمُ لَا تَعُدُواْ فِي ٱلسَّبَتِ وَأَخَذُنَا مِنْهُم مِّيثَنقًا غَلِيظًا عَ

And for their covenant, We raised over them the Mount and (on the other occasion) We said: "Enter the gate prostrating (or bowing) with humility;" and We commanded them: "Transgress not (by doing worldly works on) the Sabbath (Saturday)." And We took from them a firm covenant ...

155.

فَيِمَا نَقُضِهِم مِّيثَنقَهُمُ وَكُفُرِهِم بِعَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ وَقَتُلِهِمُ ٱلْأَنْبِيَآءَ بِغَيْرِ حَقٍّ وَقَولِهِمُ قُلُوبُنَا غُلُفُ ۚ بَلُ طَبَعَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهَا بِكُفُرهِمُ فَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا



Because of their breaking the covenant, and of their rejecting the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, and of their killing the Prophets unjustly, and of their saying: "Our hearts are wrapped (with coverings, i.e. we do not understand what the Messengers say)" - nay, Allâh has set a seal upon their hearts because of their disbelief, so they believe not but a little.

156

And because of their (Jews) disbelief and uttering against Maryam (Mary >C >) a grave false charge (that she has committed illegal sexual intercourse);

157

وَقَولِلهِمُ إِنَّا قَتَلُنَا ٱلمُسِيحَ عِيسَى ٱبُنَ مَرُيَمَ رَسُولَ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا قَتَلُوهُ وَمَا صَلَبُوهُ وَلَـٰكِن شُبِّهَ لَهُمُّ وَإِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱخُتَلَفُواْ فِيهِ لَفِى شَكِّ مِّنَهُ مَا لَهُم بِهِ ع مِنْ عِلُمٍ إِلَّا ٱتِّبَاعَ ٱلظَّنِّ وَمَا قَتَلُوهُ يَقِينًا ۞

And because of their saying (in boast), "We killed Messiah 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary), the Messenger of Allâh," - but they killed him not, nor crucified him, but the resemblance of 'lesa (Jesus) was put over another man (and they killed that man), and those who differ therein are full of doubts. They have no (certain) knowledge, they follow nothing but conjecture. For surely; they killed him not [i.e. 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary) >>>]:

158.

But Allâh raised him ['lesa (Jesus)] up (with his body and soul) unto Himself (and he >> is in the heavens). And Allâh is Ever AllPowerful, AllWise.

وَإِن مِّنُ أَهُلِ ٱلْكِتَىٰبِ إِلَّا لَيُؤُمِنَنَّ بِهِۦ قَبُلَ مَوُتِهِۦۗ وَيَوُمَ ٱلْقِيَامَةِ يَكُونُ عَلَيُهِـمُ شَـهِيدًا ﴿

And there is none of the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians), but must believe in him ['lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary), as only a Messenger of Allâh and a human being], $^{\Pi}$ before his ['lesa (Jesus) >> or a Jew's or a Christian's] death $^{\Pi}$ (at the time of the appearance of the angel of death). And on the Day of Resurrection, he ['lesa (Jesus)] will be a witness against them.

160

For the wrongdoing of the Jews, We made unlawful to them certain good foods which has been lawful to them, and for their hindering many from Allâh's Way;

161

And their taking of *Ribâ* (usury) though they were forbidden from taking it and their devouring of men's substance wrongfully (bribery, etc.). And We have prepared for the disbelievers among them a painful torment.

162

But those among them who are well-grounded in knowledge, and the believers, believe in what has been sent down to you (Muhammad SAW) and what was sent down before you, and those who perform AsSalât (Iqâmat-as-Salât), and give Zakât and believe in Allâh and in the Last Day, it is they to whom We shall give a great reward.

163.

Verily, We have inspired you (O Muhammad SAW) as We inspired Nûh (Noah) and the Prophets after him; We (also) inspired Ibrâhim (Abraham), Ismâ'il (Ishmael), Ishâque (Isaac), Ya'qûb (Jacob), and AlAsbât [the twelve sons of Ya'qûb (Jacob)], 'Iesa (Jesus), Ayub (Job), Yûnus (Jonah), Hârûn (Aaron), and Sulaimân (Solomon), and to Dawûd (David) We gave the Zabûr (Psalms).

وَرُسُ لِلَّا قَدُ قَصَصُنَهُ مُ عَلَيْ لَكَ مِن قَبُ لُ وَرُسُ لَلَّا نَقُصُصُهُمُ عَلَيْكَ وَكَلَّمَ ٱللَّهُ مُوسَىٰ تَكُلِيمًا 📆

And Messengers We have mentioned to you before, and Messengers We have not mentioned to you, - and to Mûsa (Moses) Allâh spoke directly.

165

Messengers as bearers of good news as well as of warning in order that mankind should have no plea against Allâh after the Messengers. And Allâh is Ever AllPowerful, AllWise.

166

But Allâh bears witness to that which He has sent down (the Qur'ân) unto you (O Muhammad <code>saw</code>), He has sent it down with His Knowledge, and the angels bear witness. And Allâh is All-Sufficient as a Witness.

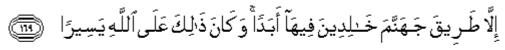
167

Verily, those who disbelieve [by concealing the truth about Prophet Muhammad SAW and his message of true Islâmic Monotheism written with them in the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] and prevent (mankind) from the Path of Allâh (Islâmic Monotheism), they have certainly strayed far away. (Tafsir Al-Qurtubî). (See V.7:157)

168

Verily, those who disbelieve and did wrong [by concealing the truth about Prophet Muhammad SAW and his message of true Islâmic Monotheism written with them in the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)], Allâh will not forgive them, nor will He guide them to any way, - (Tafsir Al-Qurtubí).

169



Except the way of Hell, to dwell therein forever, and this is ever easy for Allâh.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ قَدُ جَآءَكُمُ ٱلرَّسُولُ بِٱلْحَقِّ مِن رَّبِّكُمُ فَعَامِنُواْ خَيْرًا لَّكُمُ ۚ وَإِن تَكُفُرُواْ فَإِنَّ لِلَّهِ مَا فِى ٱلسَّمَنوَ ۚ قِٱلْأَرُضِ ۚ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ۞

O mankind! Verily, there has come to you the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) with the truth from your Lord, so believe in him, it is better for you. But if you disbelieve, then certainly to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and the earth. And Allâh is Ever AllKnowing, AllWise.

171.

يَنَا أَهُلَ ٱلْكِتَابِ لَا تَغُلُواْ فِي دِينِكُمْ وَلَا تَقُولُواْ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ إِلَّا الْحَقَّ إِنَّمَا ٱلْمَسِيحُ عِيسَى ٱبُنُ مَرُيَمَ رَسُولُ ٱللَّهِ وَكَلِمَتُهُ وَ ٱلْقَلَهَ آلِلَهُ مَرُيَمَ وَسُولُ ٱللَّهِ وَكَلِمَتُهُ وَ ٱلْقَلَهَ إِلَىٰ مَرُيَمَ وَرُوحُ مِّنُهُ فَا اللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَوَلَّ اللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَلَا تَقُولُواْ ثَلَاثَةُ أَانتَهُ وَاللَّهُ وَرَسُلِهِ وَوَلَا تَقُولُواْ ثَلَاثَةً أَانتَهُ وَاللَّهُ إِلَّا وَوَلَا تَقُولُواْ ثَلَاثَةً أَانتَهُ وَاللَّهُ إِلَّا اللَّهُ إِلَّا اللَّهُ إِلَّا اللَّهُ إِلَى اللَّهُ وَاحِدٌ لَّ سُبُحَانَهُ وَ أَن يَكُونَ لَهُ وَلَدُ لَّهُ لَهُ مَا اللَّهُ إِلَّهُ وَاحِدٌ لَّ شُبُحَانَهُ وَ أَن يَكُونَ لَهُ وَلَدُ لَهُ وَلَدُ لَهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ إِلَّا لَهُ وَكَاللَّ اللَّهُ إِللَّهُ وَلَا تَقُولُواْ قَلْكُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَكَاللَّا اللَّهُ وَكَاللَّهُ وَكَاللَّهُ وَكَاللَّهُ وَكَاللَّهُ وَكَاللَّهُ وَكَاللَّهُ وَكَالِلْ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَكَالِلَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَكَالِلْ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ إِللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَالْمَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Do not exceed the limits in your religion, nor say of Allâh aught but the truth. The Messiah 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary), was (no more than) a Messenger of Allâh and His Word, ("Be!" - and he was) which He bestowed on Maryam (Mary) and a spirit $(R\hat{u}h)^{\text{II}}$ created by Him; so believe in Allâh and His Messengers. Say not: "Three (trinity)!" Cease! (it is) better for you. For Allâh is (the only) One $Il\hat{a}h$ (God), Glory be to Him (Far Exalted is He) above having a son. To Him belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. And Allâh is AllSufficient as a Disposer of affairs. II

172

لَّن يَسُتَنكِفَ ٱلمُسِيحُ أَن يَكُونَ عَبُدًا لِّلَّهِ وَلَا ٱلْمَلَتَبِكَةُ ٱلْمُقَرَّبُونَ ۚ وَمَن يَسُتَنكِفُ عَنُ عِبَادَتِهِ - وَيَسُتَكُبِرُ فَسَيَحُشُرُهُمُ إِلَيْهِ جَمِيعًا سَ

The Messiah will never be proud to reject to be a slave to Allâh, nor the angels who are near (to Allâh). And whosoever rejects His worship and is proud, then He will gather them all together unto Himself.

173.

فَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَدتِ فَيُوَقِّيهِمُ أُجُورَهُمُ وَيَزِيدُهُم مِّن فَضُلِهِۦۗ وَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسُـتَنكَفُواْ وَٱسُـتَكُبَرُواْ فَيُعَذِّبُهُمُ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا وَلَا يَجِدُونَ لَهُم مِّن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ وَلِيَّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا ﴿ ﴾

So, as for those who believed (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism) and did deeds of righteousness, He will give their (due) rewards, and more out of His Bounty. But as for those who refuse His worship and were proud, He will punish them with a painful torment. And they will not find for themselves besides Allâh any protector or helper.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ قَدُ جَآءَكُم بُرُهَانُ مِّن رَّبِّكُمُ وَأَنزَلُنَآ إِلَيْكُمُ نُورًا مُّبِينًا



O mankind! Verily, there has come to you a convincing proof (Prophet Muhammad SAW) from your Lord, and We sent down to you a manifest light (this Qur'ân).

175

فَأَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱعْتَصَمُواْ بِهِ عَسَيْدُ خِلُهُمُ فِي رَحُمَةٍ مِّنُهُ وَفَضُلٍ وَيَهُدِيهِمُ إِلَيْهِ صِرَاطًا مُّسُتَقِيمًا اللَّهِ

So, as for those who believed in Allâh and held fast to Him, He will admit them to His Mercy and Grace (i.e. Paradise), and guide them to Himself by a Straight Path.

176.

يَسْتَفُتُونَكَ قُلِ ٱللَّهُ يُفْتِيكُمْ فِى ٱلْكَلَالَةِ إِنِ ٱمُرُوَّا هَلَكَ لَيْسَ لَهُ وَلَدُّ
وَلَهُ وَ أَخُتُ فَلَهَا نِصُفُ مَا تَرَكَ وَهُوَ يَرِثُهَا إِن لَّمْ يَكُن لَّهَا وَلَدُ فَإِن كَانَتَا
اَثْنَتَيُنِ فَلَهُمَا ٱلثُّلُثَانِ مِمَّا تَرَكَ وَإِن كَانُوٓا إِخُوَةً رِّجَالًا وَنِسَآءً فَلِلذَّكَرِ
مِثْلُ حَظِ ٱلأَنْشَيَيُنِ يُبِيِّنُ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمْ أَن تَضِلُّوا وَاللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ سَ

. They ask you for a legal verdict. Say: "Allâh directs (thus) about AlKalâlah (those who leave neither descendants nor ascendants as heirs). If it is a man that dies, leaving a sister, but no child, she shall have half the inheritance. If (such a deceased was) a woman, who left no child, her brother takes her inheritance. If there are two sisters, they shall have two-thirds of the inheritance; if there are brothers and sisters, the male will have twice the share of the female. (Thus) does Allâh makes clear to you (His Law) lest you go astray. And Allâh is the All-Knower of everything."

5. Al-Mâ'idah Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوْا أَوْفُوا بِٱلْعُقُودِ أُجِلَّتُ لَكُم بَهِيمَةُ ٱلْأَنْعَدِمِ إِلَّا مَا يُتُلَىٰ عَلَيْكُمْ غَيْرَ مُحِلِّى ٱلصَّيْدِ وَأَنتُمْ حُرُمُّ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَحُكُمُ مَا يُريدُ ۞

O you who believe! Fulfill (your) obligations. Lawful to you (for food) are all the beasts of cattle except that which will be announced to you (herein), game (also) being unlawful when you assume *lhrâm* for *Hajj* or '*Umrah* (pilgrimage). Verily, Allâh commands that which He wills.

عَنَّأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تُحِلُّواْ شَعَيْرِ ٱللَّهِ وَلَا ٱلشَّهُرَ ٱلنَّحَرَامَ وَلَا ٱلهَّدُى
 وَلَا ٱلْقَلَيْدِ وَلَا ءَآمِينَ ٱلْبَيْتَ ٱلْحَرَامَ يَبُتَغُونَ فَضَلًا مِّن رَّبِّهِمُ وَرِضُونَاً
 وَإِذَا حَلَلتُمُ فَاصطَادُواْ وَلَا يَجُرِمَتَّكُمُ شَنْتَانُ قَوْمٍ أَن صَدُّوكُمُ
 وَإِذَا حَلَلتُمُ فَاصطَادُواْ وَلَا يَجُرِمَتَّكُمُ شَنْتَانُ قَوْمٍ أَن صَدُّوكُمُ
 عَن ٱلمُسَجِدِ ٱلمُحَرَامِ أَن تَعْتَدُواْ وَتَعَاوَنُواْ عَلَى ٱلْبِرِ وَٱلتَّقُونَ وَلَا
 تَعَاوَنُواْ عَلَى ٱلْإِثُم وَٱلْعُدُونَ وَٱتَقُواْ ٱللَّهَ أَن ٱللَّهَ شَدِيدُ ٱلْعِقَابِ

O you who believe! Violate not the sanctity of the Symbols of Allâh, nor of the Sacred Month, nor of the animals brought for sacrifice, nor the garlanded people or animals, etc. [Marked by the garlands on their necks made from the outer part of the treestems (of Makkah) for their security], nor the people coming to the Sacred House (Makkah), seeking the bounty and good pleasure of their Lord. But when you finish the *Ihrâm* (of *Hajj* or '*Umrah*), you may hunt, and let not the hatred of some people in (once) stopping you from *AlMasjidalHarâm* (at Makkah) lead you to transgression (and hostility on your part). Help you one another in *AlBirr* and *AtTaqwa* (virtue, righteousness and piety); but do not help one another in sin and transgression. And fear Allâh. Verily, Allâh is Severe in punishment.

حُرِّمَتُ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْمَيْتَةُ وَٱلدَّمُ وَلَحُمُ ٱلْخِنزِيرِ وَمَاۤ أُهِلَّ لِغَيْرِ ٱللَّهِ بِهِ عَ وَٱلْمُنْخَنِقَةُ وَٱلْمُنْخَنِقَةُ وَٱلْمُنْخَنِقَةُ وَٱلْمُتَرَدِّيَةُ وَٱلنَّطِيحَةُ وَمَاۤ أَكَلَ ٱلسَّبُعُ إِلَّا مَا فَكَيْتُمُ وَمَا ذُبِحَ عَلَى ٱلنُّصُبِ وَأَن تَسْتَقُسِمُواْ بِٱلْأَزُلَمِ فَالِكُمُ فِسُقُّ لَا تَخْشَوُهُمُ وَٱخْشَونُ ٱلْيَوْمَ الْيُومَ لَيُ اللَّهُ وَالْخَشَونُ اللَّيُومَ اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللل

Forbidden to you (for food) are: *Al-Maytatah* (the dead animals - cattle-beast not slaughtered), blood, the flesh of swine, and the meat of that which has been slaughtered as a sacrifice for others than Allâh, or has been slaughtered for idols, etc., or on which Allâh's Name has not been mentioned while slaughtering, and that which has been killed by strangling, or by a violent blow, or by a headlong fall, or by the goring of horns - and that which has been (partly) eaten by a wild animal - unless you are able to slaughter it (before its death) and that which is sacrificed (slaughtered) on *AnNusub* (stone altars). (Forbidden) also is to use arrows seeking luck or decision, (all) that is *Fisqun* (disobedience of Allâh and sin). This day, those who disbelieved have given up all hope of your religion, so fear them not, but fear Me. This day, I have perfected your religion for you, completed My Favour upon you, and have chosen for you Islâm as your religion. But as for him who is forced by severe hunger, with no inclination to sin (such can eat these abovementioned meats), then surely, Allâh is OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

يَسُّ عَلُونَكَ مَاذَآ أُحِلَّ لَهُمُّ قُلُ أُحِلَّ لَكُمُ ٱلطَّيِّبَ ثُّ وَمَا عَلَّمُتُم مِّنَ ٱلُجَوَارِحِ مُكَلِّبِينَ تُعَلِّمُ ونَهُنَّ مِمَّا عَلَّمَكُمُ ٱللَّهُ فَكُلُواْ مِمَّاۤ أَمُسَكُنَ عَلَيْكُمُ وَٱذۡكُرُواْ ٱسُمَ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ سَرِيعُ ٱلْحِسَابِ



They ask you (O Muhammad SAW) what is lawful for them (as food). Say: "Lawful unto you are *At-Tayyibât* [all kind of *Halâl* (lawfulgood) foods which Allâh has made lawful (meat of slaughtered eatable animals, milk products, fats, vegetables and fruits, etc.)]. And those beasts and birds of prey which you have trained as hounds, training and teaching them (to catch) in the manner as directed to you by Allâh; so eat of what they catch for you, but pronounce the Name of Allâh over it, and fear Allâh. Verily, Allâh is Swift in reckoning."

آلُيَوْمَ أُحِلَّ لَكُمُ ٱلطَّيِّبَدِتُ وَطَعَامُ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُ واْ ٱلْكِتَدِبَ حِلُّ لَّهُمُّ وَٱلْمُحُصَنَتُ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنَدِ وَٱلْمُحُصَنَتُ لَكُمُ وَطَعَامُكُمْ حِلُّ لَّهُمُّ وَٱلْمُحُصَنَتُ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنَدِ وَٱلْمُحُصَنَتُ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنَدِ وَٱلْمُحُصَنَد مُ مِنَ ٱللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ مَا اللَّكِتَدِبَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ إِذَا ءَاتَيُتُمُ وهُنَّ مُصَافِحِينَ وَلَا مُتَّخِذِينَ أَخُدَانٍ وَمَن يَكُفُرُ اللَّهُ وَهُ وَ فِي ٱلْأَخِرَةِ مِن ٱلْخُدسِرينَ

إِنَّا لِيمَان فَقَدُ حَبِطَ عَمَلُهُ وَهُ وَ فِي ٱلْأَخِرَةِ مِنَ ٱلْخُدسِرينَ

إِنَّا لَا مِنَ ٱلْخُدسِرينَ
اللَّا الْإِيمَان فَقَدُ حَبِطَ عَمَلُهُ وَهُ وَ فِي ٱلْأَخِرَةِ مِنَ ٱلْخُدسِرينَ
اللَّا الْمُحَدِينَ وَلَا مُتَافِعَ مِنْ الْفَاسِرينَ الْمُ

Made lawful to you this day are *AtTayyibât* [all kinds of *Halâl* (lawful) foods, which Allâh has made lawful (meat of slaughtered eatable animals, etc., milk products, fats, vegetables and fruits, etc.). The food (slaughtered cattle, eatable animals, etc.) of the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) is lawful to you and yours is lawful to them. (Lawful to you in marriage) are chaste women from the believers and chaste women from those who were given the Scripture (Jews and Christians) before your time, when you have given their due *Mahr* (bridal money given by the husband to his wife at the time of marriage), desiring chastity (i.e. taking them in legal wedlock) not committing illegal sexual intercourse, nor taking them as girl-friends. And whosoever disbelieves in the Oneness of Allâh and in all the other Articles of Faith [i.e. His (Allâh's), Angels, His Holy Books, His Messengers, the Day of Resurrection and *AlQadar* (Divine Preordainments)], then fruitless is his work, and in the Hereafter he will be among the losers.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓا إِذَا قُمُتُمُ إِلَى ٱلصَّلَوٰةِ فَأَغُسِلُواْ وُجُوهَكُمُ وَأَيْدِيَكُمُ إِلَى ٱلْكَعْبَيُنِ إِلَى ٱلْمَسَحُواْ بِرُءُوسِكُمْ وَأَرْجُلَكُمْ إِلَى ٱلْكَعْبَيُنِ وَإِن كُنتُم مَّرُضَى اَوْ عَلَى سَفٍ اَوْ فَإِن كُنتُم مَّرُضَى اَوْ عَلَى سَفٍ اَوْ جَاءَ أَحَدُ مِّنكُم مِّنَ ٱلْغَالِطِ أَوْ لَى مَسْتُمُ ٱلنِّسَاءَ فَلَم تَجِدُواْ مَا اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ الهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ الله

مَا يُرِيدُ ٱللَّهُ لِيَجُعَلَ عَلَيْكُم مِّنُ حَرَجٍ وَلَـٰكِن يُرِيدُ لِيُطَهِّرَ كُمُ وَلِيُتِمَّ نِعْمَتَهُ ۚ عَلَيْكُمُ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَشُـكُرُونَ ۞

O you who believe! When you intend to offer *As-Salât* (the prayer), wash your faces and your hands (forearms) up to the elbows, rub (by passing wet hands over) your heads, and (wash) your feet up to ankles [I]. If you are in a state of *Janâba* (i.e. had a sexual discharge), purify yourself (bathe your whole body). But if you are ill or on a journey or any of you comes from answering the call of nature, or you have been in contact with women (i.e. sexual intercourse) and you find no water, then perform *Tayammum* with clean earth and rub therewith your faces and hands. [I] Allâh does not want to place you in difficulty, but He wants to purify you, and to complete His Favour on you that you may be thankful.

7.

وَٱذۡكُرُواْ نِعۡمَـةَ ٱللَّـهِ عَلَيُكُم وَمِيثَنقَـهُ ٱلَّـذِى وَاثَقَكُم بِهِ ٓ إِذۡ قُلُتُمُ سَمِعُنَا وَأَطَعُنَا ۗ وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ ٱلصُّدُور ۞

And remember Allâh's Favour upon you and His Covenant with which He bound you when you said: "We hear and we obey." And fear Allâh. Verily, Allâh is AllKnower of the secrets of (your) breasts.

8.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ كُونُواْ قَوَّمِينَ لِلَّهِ شُهَدَآءَ بِٱلُقِسُطِّ وَلَا يَجُرِ مَنَّكُمُ شَنَانُ قَوْمٍ عَلَىٰٓ أَلَّا تَعُدِلُواْ أَعُدِلُواْ هُوَ أَقُرَبُ لِلتَّقُوَىٰ ۖ وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ خَبِينُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ۞

O you who believe! Stand out firmly for Allâh and be just witnesses and let not the enmity and hatred of others make you avoid justice. Be just: that is nearer to piety, and fear Allâh. Verily, Allâh is WellAcquainted with what you do.

وَعَدَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَتِ لَهُم مَّغُفِرَةٌ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَتِ لَهُم مَّغُفِرةً وَأَجُر عَظِيمة ٢٠٠٠

Allâh has promised those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism) and do deeds of righteousness, that for them there is forgiveness and a great reward (i.e. Paradise).

10.

They who disbelieve and deny our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) are those who will be the dwellers of the Hellfire.

11.

O you who believe! Remember the Favour of Allâh unto you when some people desired (made a plan) to stretch out their hands against you, but (Allâh) withheld their hands from you. So fear Allâh. And in Allâh let believers put their trust.

12.

﴿ وَلَقَدُ أَخَذَ ٱللَّهُ مِيثَنَ مَعَكُمُ لَيِنَ إِسُرَ آعِيلَ وَبَعَثُنَا مِنْهُمُ ٱثُنَىُ عَشَرَ نَقِيبًا وَقَالَ ٱللَّهُ إِنِّى مَعَكُمُ لَيِنُ أَقَمُتُمُ ٱلصَّلَوٰ قَوَءَاتَيُتُمُ ٱلزَّكُوٰ قَوَءَامَنتُم اللَّهَ قَرُضًا حَسَنًا لَّأَكُفِّرَنَّ عَنكُمُ بِرُسُلِي وَعَزَّرُتُمُ وهُمُ وَأَقُرَضَتُمُ ٱللَّهَ قَرُضًا حَسَنًا لَّأَكُفِّرَنَّ عَنكُمُ سَيِّاتِكُمُ وَلَأَدُ خِلَتَكُمُ جَنَّنتٍ تَجُرِى مِن تَحْتِهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ فَمَن كَفَرَ بَعُدَ ذَالِكَ مِنكُمُ فَقَدُ ضَلَّ سَوَآءَ ٱلسَّبِيل ﴿

Indeed Allâh took the covenant from the Children of Israel (Jews), and We appointed twelve leaders among them. And Allâh said: "I am with you if you perform As-Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât) and give Zakât and believe in My Messengers; honour and assist them, and lend to Allâh a good loan. Verily, I will remit your sins and admit you to Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise). But if any of you after this, disbelieved, he has indeed gone astray from the Straight Path."

13.

فَيِمَا نَقُضِهِم مِّيثَنَقَهُمُ لَعَنَّنَهُمُ وَجَعَلُنَا قُلُوبَهُمُ قَنسِيَةً يُحَرِّفُونَ ٱلْكَلِمَ عَن مَّوَاضِعِهِ ۚ وَنَسُواْ حَظَّا مِّمَّا ذُكِّرُواْ بِهِ ۚ وَلَا تَزَالُ تَطَّلِعُ عَلَىٰ خَآبِنَةٍ مِّنُهُمُ مُ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِّنُهُم ۚ فَاعُفُ عَنْهُمُ وَٱصْفَحُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ ٣ So because of their breach of their covenant, We cursed them, and made their hearts grow hard. They change the words from their (right) places and have abandoned a good part of the Message that was sent to them. And you will not cease to discover deceit in them, except a few of them. But forgive them, and overlook (their misdeeds). Verily, Allâh loves *AlMuhsinûn* (gooddoers - see V.2:112).

14.

وَمِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُوٓا إِنَّا نَصَدرَىٰ أَخَذُنَا مِيثَنَقَهُمُ فَنَسُواْ حَظًّا مِيثَنَقَهُمُ فَنَسُواْ حَظًّا مِيثَنَقَهُمُ اللَّهُ مَا ذُكِّرُواْ بِهِ - فَأَغُرَيْنَا بَيُنَهُمُ ٱلْعَدَاوَةَ وَٱلْبَغُضَآءَ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ ٱلْقِيَدَمَةِ قَوَسَوُفَ يُنَبِّئُهُمُ ٱللَّهُ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَصُنَعُونَ

وَسَوُفَ يُنَبِّئُهُمُ اللَّهُ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَصُنعُونَ

وَسَوْفَ يُنَبِّئُهُمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْ

And from those who call themselves Christians, We took their covenant, but they have abandoned a good part of the Message that was sent to them. So We planted amongst them enmity and hatred till the Day of Resurrection (when they discarded Allâh's Book, disobeyed Allâh's Messengers and His Orders and transgressed beyond bounds in Allâh's disobedience), and Allâh will inform them of what they used to do.

15.

يَثَأَهُلَ ٱلۡكِتَىٰبِ قَدُ جَآءَكُمُ رَسُولُنَا يُبَيِّنُ لَكُمُ كَثِيرًا مِّمَّا كُنتُمُ تُخُفُونَ مِنَ ٱلۡكِتَىٰبِ وَيَعۡفُواْ عَن كَثِيرٍ ۚ قَدُ جَآءَكُم مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ نُورٌ وَكِتَنبُ مُّبِينٌ



O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Now has come to you Our Messenger (Muhammad SAW) explaining to you much of that which you used to hide from the Scripture and passing over (i.e. leaving out without explaining) much. Indeed, there has come to you from Allâh a light (Prophet Muhammad SAW) and a plain Book (this Qur'ân).

16.

يَهُدِى بِهِ ٱللَّهُ مَنِ ٱتَّبَعَ رِضُوَ اللَّهُ سُبُلَ ٱلسَّلَامِ وَيُخْرِجُهُم مِّنَ ٱلظُّلُمَنتِ إِلَى السَّلَامِ وَيُخْرِجُهُم مِّنَ ٱلظُّلُمَنتِ إِلَى النُّورِ بِإِذْنِهِ وَيَهُدِيهِمُ إِلَىٰ صِرَ الْمِ مُّسُتَقِيمٍ ۞

Wherewith Allâh guides all those who seek His Good Pleasure to ways of peace, and He brings them out of darkness by His Will unto light and guides them to a Straight Way (Islâmic Monotheism).

17.

لَّقَدُ كَفَرَ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُوٓا إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلْمَسِيحُ ٱبْنُ مَرُيَمَ قُلُ فَمَن يَمُلِكُ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ شَيْئًا إِنْ أَرَادَ أَن يُهُلِكَ ٱلْمَسِيحَ ٱبْنَ مَرُيَمَ وَأُمَّهُ وَمَن فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ اللَّهِ شَيْئًا إِنْ أَرَادَ أَن يُهُلِكَ ٱلْمَسِيحَ ٱبْنَ مَرُيَمَ وَأُمَّهُ وَمَن فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ جَمِيعًا وَلِلَّهِ مُلُكُ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا أَيخُلُقُ مَا يَشَآءُ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ هَ

Surely, in disbelief are they who say that Allâh is the Messiah, son of Maryam (Mary). Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Who then has the least power against Allâh, if He were to destroy the Messiah, son of Maryam (Mary), his mother, and all those who are on the earth together?" And to Allâh

belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them. He creates what He wills. And Allâh is Able to do all things.

18.

وَقَالَتِ ٱلْيَهُوهُ وَٱلنَّصَارَىٰ نَحُن أَبُنَنَوُ اللَّهِ وَأَحِبَّنَوُهُ وَقُل اللَّهِ وَأَحِبَّنَوُهُ وَقُل فَ فَلِمَ يُعَذِّبُكُم بِذُنُوبِكُم مِن اللَّهَ أَنتُم بَشَرُ مِّمَّنُ خَلَقَ يَغَفِرُ لِمَن يَشَآءُ وَيُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَآءُ وَلِلَّهِ مُلُكُ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَ أَوْ إِلَيْهِ ٱلْمُصِيرُ ﴿

And (both) the Jews and the Christians say: "We are the children of Allâh and His loved ones." Say: "Why then does He punish you for your sins?" Nay, you are but human beings, of those He has created, He forgives whom He wills and He punishes whom He wills. And to Allâh belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them, and to Him is the return (of all).

19.

يَثَأَهُلَ ٱلْكِتَىٰ ِقَدُ جَآءَكُمُ رَسُولُنَا يُبَيِّنُ لَكُمُ عَلَىٰ فَتُرَةٍ مِّنَ ٱلرُّسُٰلِ أَن تَقُولُواْ مَا جَآءَنَا مِنْ بَشِيرٍ وَلَا نَذِيرٍ ۖ فَقَدُ جَآءَكُم بَشِيرٌ وَنَذِيرٌ ۗ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ۚ

O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Now has come to you Our Messenger (Muhammad SAW) making (things) clear unto you, after a break in (the series of) Messengers, lest you say: "There came unto us no bringer of glad tidings and no warner. II" But now has come unto you a bringer of glad tidings and a warner. And Allâh is Able to do all things.

20.

وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَى لِقَومِهِ عَنقَومُ إِذْ قَالَ مُوسَى لِقَومُ إِذْ كُرواْ نِعُمَةَ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْكُم مُّلُوكًا وَءَاتَنكُم مَّا عَلَيْكُم مُّلُوكًا وَءَاتَنكُم مَّا لَكُم مَّا لُكُم مُّلُوكًا وَءَاتَنكُم مَّا لَمَ يُؤْتِ أَحَدًا مِّنَ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿

And (remember) when Mûsa (Moses) said to his people: "O my people! Remember the Favour of Allâh to you, when He made Prophets among you, made you kings, and gave you what He had not given to any other among the 'Alamîn' (mankind and jinns, in the past)."

21.

يَنقَوُمِ الدُّخُلُواْ اللَّرُضَ اللَّمُقَدَّسَةَ الَّتِسَ كَتَبَ اللَّهُ لَكُمَ وَلَا تَرُتَدُّواْ عَلَىٰٓ أَدُبَارِكُمْ فَتَنقَلِبُواْ خَسِرِينَ ﴿

"O my people! Enter the holy land (Palestine) which Allâh has assigned to you, and turn not back (in flight) for then you will be returned as losers."

قَالُواْ يَهُوسَنَى إِنَّ فِيهَا قَوْمًا جَبَّارِينَ وَإِنَّا لَن نَّدُخُلَهَا حَتَّىٰ يَخُرُجُواْ مِنُهَا فَإِن يَخُرُجُواْ مِنْهَا فَإِنَّا دَ خِلُونَ ٢

They said: "O Mûsa (Moses)! In it (this holy land) are a people of great strength, and we shall never enter it, till they leave it; when they leave, then we will enter."

23.

قَالَ رَجُلَانِ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَخَافُونَ أَنْعَمَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمَا ٱدْخُلُواْ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْبَابَ فَإِذَا دَخَلُتُمُوهُ فَإِنَّكُمُ غَلِبُونَ ۚ وَعَلَى ٱللَّهِ فَتَوَكَّلُوٓاْ إِن كُنتُم مُّؤُمِنِينَ



Two men of those who feared (Allâh and) on whom Allâh had bestowed His Grace [they were íæÔÚæßÇáÈ Yûsha' (Joshua) and Kâlab (Caleb)] said: "Assault them through the gate, for when you are in, victory will be yours, and put your trust in Allâh if you are believers indeed."

24.

قَالُواْ يَعمُوسَنَ إِنَّا لَن نَدَخُلَهَا آَبَدًا مَّا دَامُواْ فِيهَا ۖ فَٱذُهَبُ أَنتَ وَرَبُّكَ فَالُواْ يَعمُوسَنَ إِنَّا هَنهُنَا قَنعِدُونَ ٢

They said: "O Mûsa (Moses)! We shall never enter it as long as they are there. So go you and your Lord and fight you two, we are sitting right here."

25.

قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّى لَآ أَمُلِكُ إِلَّا نَفُسِى وَ أَخِيٌّ فَأَفُرُقُ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلْفَدسِقِينَ



He [Mûsa (Moses)] said: "O my Lord! I have power only over myself and my brother, so separate us from the people who are the *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious and disobedient to Allâh)!"

26.

قَالَ فَإِنَّهَا مُحَرَّمَةٌ عَلَيُهِمُّ أَرُبَعِينَ سَنَةٌ يَتِيهُونَ فِى ٱلْأَرُضِ ۚ فَلَا تَأْسَ عَلَى ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلْفَدسِقِينَ ۗ

(Allâh) said: "Therefore it (this holy land) is forbidden to them for forty years; in distraction they will wander through the land. So be not sorrowful over the people who are the *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious and disobedient to Allâh)."

27.

﴿ وَٱتُلُ عَلَيْهِمُ نَبَأَ ٱبُنَى ءَادَمَ بِٱلْحَقِّ إِذْ قَرَّبَا قُرُبَانَا فَتُقُبِّلَ مِنُ أَحَدِهِمَا وَلَا عُلَيْهِمُ نَبَأَ ٱبُنَى ءَادَمَ بِٱلْحَقِّ إِذْ قَرَّبَا قُرُبَانَا فَتُقَبِّلَ مِنَ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ وَلَى مَا يَتَقَبَّلُ ٱللَّهُ مِنَ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ



And (O Muhammad SAW) recite to them (the Jews) the story of the two sons of Adam [Hâbil (Abel) and Qâbil (Cain)] in truth; when each offered a sacrifice (to Allâh), it was accepted from the one but not from the other. The latter said to the former: "I will surely kill you. "I" The former said: "Verily, Allâh accepts only from those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2)."

28.

لَيِنْ بَسَطَتَ إِلَىَّ يَدَكَ لِتَقَتُّلَنِي مَّا أَنَاْ بِبَاسِطٍ يَدِيَ إِلَيْكَ لِأَقَّتُلَكَ ۗ إِنِّيَ أَخَافُ ٱللَّهَ رَبَّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ۞

"If you do stretch your hand against me to kill me, I shall never stretch my hand against you to kill you, for I fear Allâh; the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns, and all that exists)."

29.

إِنِّىٓ أُرِيدُ أَن تَبُوٓاً بِإِثْمِى وَإِثْمِكَ فَتَكُونَ مِنُ أَصُحَـبِ ٱلنَّارِ ۚ وَذَلِكَ جَـزَوَ أُلِكَ جَـزَوُ الظَّعلِمِيـنَ ٢

"Verily, I intend to let you draw my sin on yourself as well as yours, then you will be one of the dwellers of the Fire, and that is the recompense of the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrongdoers)."

30.

فَطَوَّعَتُ لَهُ ونَفُسُهُ وقَتُلَ أَخِيهِ فَقَتَلَهُ وفَأَصُبَحَ مِنَ ٱلْخَسِرِينَ

So the *Nafs* (self) of the other (latter one) encouraged him and made fairseeming to him the murder of his brother; he murdered him and became one of the losers.

31.

فَبَعَثَ ٱللَّهُ غُرَابًا يَبُحَثُ فِى ٱلْأَرْضِ لِيُرِيَهُ وَكَيْفَ يُوَرِى سَوُءَةَ أَخِيهِ قَالَ يَسُوعَثَ ٱللَّهُ غُرَابِ فَأُورِى سَوُءَةَ أَخِي قَالَ يَسُوعَتُ أَكُونَ مِثْلَ هَلَذَا ٱلْغُرَابِ فَأُورِى سَوُءَةَ أَخِي لَّ فَا أَصُبَحَ مِنَ ٱلنَّلِدِمِينَ

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Then Allâh sent a crow who scratched the ground to show him to hide the dead body of his brother. He (the murderer) said: "Woe to me! Am I not even able to be as this crow and to hide the dead body of my brother?" Then he became one of those who regretted.

32.

مِنْ أَجُلِ ذَلِكَ كَتَبْنَا عَلَىٰ بَنِىۤ إِسُرَ ٓءِيلَ أَنَّهُ مَن قَتَلَ نَفُسًا بِغَيْرِ نَفُسٍ أَوُ فَسَادٍ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَكَأَنَّمَا قَتَلَ ٱلنَّاسَ جَمِيعًا وَمَنْ أَحُيَاهَا فَكَأَنَّمَآ أَحُيَا ٱلنَّاسَ جَمِيعًا وَمَنْ أَحُيَاهَا فَكَأَنَّمَآ أَحُيَا ٱلنَّاسَ جَمِيعًا وَمَنْ أَحُياهَا فَكَأَنَّمَآ أَحُيا ٱلنَّاسَ جَمِيعًا وَمَنْ أَحُياهُم بَعُدَ ذَلِكَ فِي جَمِيعًا وَلَقَدُ جَآءَتُهُم رُسُلُنَا بِٱلْبَيِّنَدِتِ ثُمَّ إِنَّ كَثِيرًا مِّنْهُم بَعُدَ ذَلِكَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ لَمُسُرِ فُونَ ﴿

Because of that We ordained for the Children of Israel that if anyone killed a person not in retaliation of murder, or (and) to spread mischief in the land - it would be as if he killed all mankind, and if anyone saved a life, it would be as if he saved the life of all mankind. And indeed, there came to

them Our Messengers with clear proofs, evidences, and signs, even then after that many of them continued to exceed the limits (e.g. by doing oppression unjustly and exceeding beyond the limits set by Allâh by committing the major sins) in the land!.

I

33.

The recompense of those who wage war against Allâh and His Messenger and do mischief in the land is only that they shall be killed or crucified or their hands and their feet be cut off on the opposite sides, or be exiled from the land. That is their disgrace in this world, and a great torment is theirs in the Hereafter.

34.

إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ تَابُواْ مِن قَبُلِ أَن تَقُدِرُواْ عَلَيْهِمٍّ فَأَعُلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ



Except for those who (having fled away and then) came back (as Muslims) with repentance before they fall into your power; in that case, know that Allâh is OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

35.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَٱبُتَغُوٓاْ إِلَيْهِ ٱلْوَسِيلَةَ وَجَهِدُواْ فِي سَبِيلِهِ - لَعَلَّكُمُ تُفُلِحُونَ ﴿

O you who believe! Do your duty to Allâh and fear Him. Seek the means of approach to Him, and strive hard in His Cause as much as you can. So that you may be successful. f I

36.

Verily, those who disbelieve, if they had all that is in the earth, and as much again therewith to ransom themselves thereby from the torment on the Day of Resurrection, it would never be accepted of them, and theirs would be a painful torment. Π

37.

يُرِيدُونَ أَن يَخُرُجُواْ مِنَ ٱلنَّارِ وَمَا هُم بِخَرِجِينَ مِنْهَا وَلَهُم عَذَابٌ مُّقِيمٌ ﴿

They will long to get out of the Fire, but never will they get out therefrom, and theirs will be a lasting torment.

وَٱلسَّارِقُ وَٱلسَّارِقَةُ فَاقُطَعُوٓاْ أَيُدِيَهُمَا جَزَآءً بِمَا كَسَبَا نَكَالًا مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَٱللَّهُ عَزِيزُ حَكِيمٌ ٢٠٠٠

Cut off (from the wrist joint) the (right) hand of the thief, male or female, as a recompense for that which they committed, a punishment by way of example from Allâh. And Allâh is AllPowerful, All-Wise.

39.

فَمَن تَابَ مِنْ بَعُدِ ظُلُمِهِ ۽ وَ أَصلَحَ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَتُوبُ عَلَيُهِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمُ ۞

But whosoever repents after his crime and does righteous good deeds (by obeying Allâh), then verily, Allâh will pardon him (accept his repentance). Verily, Allâh is OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

40.

أَلَـمُ تَعَلَـمُ أَنَّ ٱللَّـهَ لَـهُ مُلُـكُ ٱلسَّـمَ وَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ يُعَـذِّبُ مَـن يَشَـاّءُ وَيَغُفِرُ لِمَن يَشَاءُ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَـىْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ۞

Know you not that to Allâh (Alone) belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth! He punishes whom He wills and He forgives whom He wills. And Allâh is Able to do all things.

41.

* يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلرَّسُولُ لَا يَحُزُنكَ ٱلَّذِينَ يُسَرِعُونَ فِي ٱلْكُفُرِ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُوٓا فَيَا الرَّسُولُ لَا يَحُزُنكَ ٱلَّذِينَ يُسَرِعُونَ فِي ٱلْكُفُرِ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ هَادُوا شَمَّعُونَ لِلْكَذِبِ ءَامَنًا بِأَفُوهِهِمُ وَلَمُ تُؤُمِّن قُلُوبُهُمُ وَمِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ هَادُوا شَمَّعُونَ لِلْكَذِبِ سَمَّعُونَ لِقَوْمِ ءَاخَرِينَ لَمْ يَأْتُوكَ يُحَرِّفُونَ ٱلْكَلِمَ مِنْ بَعَدِ مَوَاضِعِهِ مَّ سَمَّعُونَ لِقَوْمٍ ءَاخَرِينَ لَمْ يَأْتُوكَ يُحَرِّفُونَ ٱلْكَلِمَ مِنْ بَعَدِ مَوَاضِعِهِ مَّ يَقُولُونَ إِنْ أُوتِيتُمُ هَدِذَا فَخُذُوهُ وَإِن لَّمُ تُؤُتُوهُ فَاحُذَرُوا أَوْمَن يُرِدِ ٱللَّهُ يَقُولُونَ إِنْ أُوتِيتُمُ هَدَا فَخُذُوهُ وَإِن لَمْ تُؤْتَوهُ فَاحُذَرُوا أَوْمَن يُرِدِ ٱللَّهُ أَن يُطَهِّرَ فِتَنَتَهُ وَلَلْ اللّهِ شَيْعًا أُوْلَتَهِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ لَمْ يُرِدِ ٱللَّهُ أَن يُطَهِّرَ فَتُنْتَهُ وَلَلْ لَهُ مُ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا خِزَيُّ وَلَهُمْ فِي ٱلْأَخِرَةِ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ هَا فَاللّهُ مَا فِي ٱللّهُ مَا فِي ٱللّهُ مَا فِي ٱللّهُ مَا لَا عَمُ لِكُولَ مَا لَا لَهُ مَا فِي ٱللّهُ مَا فِي ٱللّهِ مَا لَا عَمُ لِي اللّهُ مَا فِي ٱللّهُ مَا فِي ٱللّهُ مَا فِي ٱللّهُ مَا فِي ٱللّهُ مَا لَا عَمْ لِي اللّهُ مَا فِي ٱللّهُ مَا فِي اللّهُ مَا فِي ٱللّهُ مَا فِي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فِي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فِي اللّهُ مَا فِي اللّهُ مَا فِي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فِي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فِي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فِي اللّهُ مَا فِي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فِي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فِي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فِي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مِلْ اللّهُ مَا فَي اللّهُ مُلْكُولُولُ اللّهُ مَا فَي الللّهُ مَا مُولِي الللّهُ مَا مُنْ مَا لَا الللهُ الْمَا مُنْ مِلْ الللّهُ الللّهُ مَا مُنْ الل

O Messenger (Muhammad SAW)! Let not those who hurry to fall into disbelief grieve you, of such who say: "We believe" with their mouths but their hearts have no faith. And of the Jews are men who listen much and eagerly to lies - listen to others who have not come to you. They change the words from their places; they say, "If you are given this, take it, but if you are not given this, then beware!" And whomsoever Allâh wants to put in *AlFitnah* [error, because of his rejecting the Faith], you can do nothing for him against Allâh. Those are the ones whose hearts Allâh does not want to purify (from disbelief and hypocrisy); for them there is a disgrace in this world, and in the Hereafter a great torment.

(They like to) listen to falsehood, to devour anything forbidden. So if they come to you (O Muhammad SAW), either judge between them, or turn away from them. If you turn away from them, they cannot hurt you in the least. And if you judge, judge with justice between them. Verily, Allâh loves those who act justly.

43.

وَكَــيُفَ يُحَــكِّمُونَكَ وَعِنــدَهُمُ ٱلتَّوْرَنــةُ فِيهَـا حُـكُمُ ٱللَّـهِ ثُـمَّ يَتَوَلَّـوُنَ مِـنُ بَعُـدِ ذَالِـكَ وَمَـآ أُوْلَتِيِـكَ بِـٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

But how do they come to you for decision while they have the Taurât (Torah), in which is the (plain) Decision of Allâh; yet even after that, they turn away. For they are not (really) believers.

44.

إِنَّاۤ أَنزَلُنَا ٱلتَّوۡرَنةَ فِيهَا هُدًى وَنُورٌ ۚ يَحُكُمُ بِهَا ٱلنَّبِيُّونَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَسُلَمُواْ لِلَّهِ لِلَّذِينَ هَادُواْ وَٱلرَّبَّنِيُّونَ وَٱلْأَحُبَارُ بِمَا ٱسۡتُحۡفِظُواْ مِن كِتَنبِٱللَّهِ لِلَّذِينَ هَادُواْ وَٱلرَّبَّنِيُّونَ وَٱلْأَحُبَارُ بِمَا ٱسۡتُحۡفِظُواْ مِن كِتَنبِٱللَّهِ وَكَانُواْ عَلَيْهِ شُهَدَآءَ فَلَا تَخُشَواْ ٱلنَّاسَ وَٱخۡشَواٰ وَلَا تَشُتَرُواْ بِعَايَنتِى وَكَانُواْ عَلَيْهِ شُهَدَآءَ فَلَا تَخُشَواْ ٱلنَّاسَ وَٱخۡشَواٰ وَلَا تَشُتَرُواْ بِعَايَنتِي وَكَانُواْ عَلَيْهِ شُهَدَآءَ فَلَا تَخُصُّمُ بِمَاۤ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ فَأُوْلَتَهِكَ هُمُ ٱلْكَنفِرُونَ وَمَن لَّمُ يَحُكُم بِمَاۤ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ فَأُولَتَهِكَ هُمُ ٱلْكَنفِرُونَ



Verily, We did send down the Taurât (Torah) [to Mûsa (Moses)], therein was guidance and light, by which the Prophets, who submitted themselves to Allâh's Will, judged the Jews. And the rabbis and the priests [too judged the Jews by the Taurât (Torah) after those Prophets] for to them was entrusted the protection of Allâh's Book, and they were witnesses thereto. Therefore fear not men but fear Me (O Jews) and sell not My Verses for a miserable price. And whosoever does not judge by what Allâh has revealed, such are the *Kâfirûn* (i.e. disbelievers - of a lesser degree as they do not act on Allâh's Laws^[]).

45.

وَكَتَبُنَا عَلَيْهِمُ فِيهَا أَنَّ ٱلنَّفُسَ بِٱلنَّفُسِ وَٱلْعَيُن وَٱلْأَنَىٰ وَٱلْأَنَىٰ وَٱلْأَنَىٰ وَٱلْأَنْ وَٱلسِّنِّ وَٱلْجُرُوحَ قِصَاصُّ فَمَن تَصَدَّقَ بِٱلْأَنْ فِٱلْجُرُوحَ قِصَاصُّ فَمَن تَصَدَّقَ بِٱلْأَنْ فِٱلْجُرُوحَ قِصَاصُّ فَمَن تَصَدَّقَ بِٱلْأَنْ فِٱلْبُونَ وَٱلسِّنِ وَٱلْجُرُوحَ قِصَاصُ فَمَن تَصَدَّقَ بِالسِّنِ وَٱلْجُرُوحَ قِصَاصُ فَمَن تَصَدَّقَ بِعَاللَّهُ فَأُولَتَ فِكُم بِمَا أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ فَأُولَتَ فِكُ هُمُ الظَّيلِمُونَ اللَّهُ فَأُولَتَ فِكَ هُمُ الظَّيلِمُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّ

And We ordained therein for them: "Life for life $^{\Pi}$, eye for eye, nose for nose, ear for ear, tooth for

tooth, and wounds equal for equal." But if anyone remits the retaliation by way of charity, it shall be for him an expiation. And whosoever does not judge by that which Allâh has revealed, such are the $Z\hat{a}lim\hat{u}n$ (polytheists and wrongdoers - of a lesser degree).

46.

وَقَفَّيُنَا عَلَى فَاشَى وَاشَى وِعِيسَى ابنِ مَرْيَمَ مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْ مَا مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْ مَ مُ اللَّوْرَ اللَّوَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ اللْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

And in their footsteps, We sent 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary) II , confirming the Taurât (Torah) that had come before him, and We gave him the Injeel (Gospel), in which was guidance and light and confirmation of the Taurât (Torah) that had come before it, a guidance and an admonition for *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

47.

وَلَيَحُكُمُ أَهُلُ ٱلْإِنجِيلِ بِمَاۤ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ فِيهِ ۚ وَمَن لَّمُ يَحُكُم بِمَاۤ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ فِيهِ ۚ وَمَن لَّمُ يَحُكُم بِمَاۤ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ فَا أُوْلَتَإِكَ هُمُ ٱلْفَدسِ قُونَ ۚ

Let the people of the Injeel (Gospel) judge by what Allâh has revealed therein. And whosoever does not judge by what Allâh has revealed (then) such (people) are the *Fâsiqûn* (the rebellious i.e. disobedient (of a lesser degree) to Allâh.

48.

وَأَنزَلُنَاۤ إِلَيْكَ ٱلْكِتَىبَ بِٱلْحَقِّ مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيُهِ مِنَ ٱلْكِتَىبِ وَمُهَيُمِنًا
عَلَيْهِ فَاحُكُم بَيْنَهُم بِمَاۤ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُ أَهُوٓ آءَهُمُ عَمَّا جَآءَكَ
مِنَ ٱلْحَقِّ لِكُلِّ جَعَلُنَا مِنكُم شِرْعَةً وَمِنْهَاجًا ۚ وَلَو شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ لَجَعَلَكُمُ
مِنَ ٱلْحَقِّ لِكُلِّ جَعَلُنَا مِنكُم شِرْعَةً وَمِنْهَاجًا ۚ وَلَو شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ لَجَعَلَكُمُ
مِنَ ٱلْحَقِّ لِكُلِّ جَعَلُنَا مِنكُم شِرُعَةً وَمِنْهَاجًا وَلَو شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ لَجَعَلَكُمُ
مُنَ ٱلْحَقِّ لِكُلِّ جَعَلُنَا مِنكُم شِرُعَةً وَمِنْهَا جَاهُونَ شَاءً وَلَو شَاءً وَلَو شَاءً وَلَو سَاءً وَلَو مُرْجِعُكُم جَمِيعًا فَيُنتِيِّكُم بِمَا كُنتُم فِيهِ تَخُتَلِفُونَ شَا

And We have sent down to you (O Muhammad SAW) the Book (this Qur'ân) in truth, confirming the Scripture that came before it and *Mohayminan* (trustworthy in highness and a witness) over it (old Scriptures). So judge between them by what Allâh has revealed, and follow not their vain desires, diverging away from the truth that has come to you. To each among you, We have prescribed a law and a clear way. If Allâh willed, He would have made you one nation, but that (He) may test you in what He has given you; so strive as in a race in good deeds. The return of you (all) is to Allâh; then He will inform you about that in which you used to differ.

. And so judge (you O Muhammad SAW) between them by what Allâh has revealed and follow not their vain desires, but beware of them lest they turn you (O Muhammad SAW) far away from some of that which Allâh has sent down to you. And if they turn away, then know that Allâh's Will is to punish them for some sins of theirs. And truly, most of men are *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious and disobedient to Allâh).

50.

أَفَحُكُمَ ٱللَّهِ حُكُمًا لِّقَوْمٍ يُوفِنُّ وَمَن أَحُسَن مِنَ ٱللَّهِ حُكُمًا لِّقَوْمٍ يُوقِنُونَ



Do they then seek the judgement of (the Days of) Ignorance? And who is better in judgement than Allâh for a people who have firm Faith.

51.

 إِنَّا أَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَتَّخِذُواْ ٱلْيَهُودَ وَٱلنَّصَـرَىٰۤ أَوْلِيَآء بَعُضُهُم أَوْلِيَآء بَعُضُهُم أَوْلِيَآء بَعُضِهُم أَوْلِيَآء بَعُضِه مَ أَوْلِيَآء بَعُضِه مَ اللَّه وَاللَّه اللَّه اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّه اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّه اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللللَّهُ الللللللللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللَّهُ

O you who believe! Take not the Jews and the Christians as *Auliyâ'* (friends, protectors, helpers, etc.), they are but *Auliyâ'* to one another. And if any amongst you takes them as *Auliyâ'*, then surely he is one of them. Verily, Allâh guides not those people who are the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers and unjust).

52.

فَتَرَى ٱلَّذِينَ فِى قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضٌ يُسَرِعُونَ فِيهِمُ يَقُولُونَ نَخُشَىٰۤ أَن تُصَرِعُونَ فِيهِمُ يَقُولُونَ نَخُشَىٰۤ أَن تُصُبِحُواْ تُصِيبَنَا دَآبِرَةٌ فَعَسَى ٱللَّهُ أَن يَأْتِى بِٱلْفَتُحِ أَوُ أَمُرٍ مِّنُ عِندِهِ عَنْصُبِحُواْ عَلَىٰ مَا أَسَرُّواْ فِى أَنفُسِهِمُ نَسَدِمِينَ عَلَىٰ مَا أَسَرُّواْ فِى أَنفُسِهِمُ نَسَدِمِينَ عَلَىٰ مَا أَسَرُّواْ فِى أَنفُسِهِمُ نَسَدِمِينَ عَلَىٰ

And you see those in whose hearts there is a disease (of hypocrisy), they hurry to their friendship, saying: "We fear lest some misfortune of a disaster may befall us." Perhaps Allâh may bring a victory or a decision according to His Will. Then they will become regretful for what they have been keeping as a secret in themselves.

53.

وَيَقُولُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوۤ أَهَدُوُلآ ءَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَقُسَمُواْ بِٱللَّهِ جَهُدَ أَيْمَنِهِ مُ اللَّهِ مَ المَعَكُمُ حَبِطَتُ أَعْمَنلُهُ مُ فَأَصْبَحُواْ خَسِرِينَ أَيْمَنِهِ مُ إِنَّهُ مُ لَمَعَكُمُ حَبِطَتُ أَعْمَنلُهُ مُ فَأَصْبَحُواْ خَسِرِينَ



And those who believe will say: "Are these the men (hypocrites) who swore their strongest oaths by Allâh that they were with you (Muslims)?" All that they did has been in vain (because of their hypocrisy), and they have become the losers.

54.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَن يَرُتَدَّ مِنكُمُ عَن دِينِهِ عَ فَسَوُفَ يَأَيِّى ٱللَّهُ بِقَوْمٍ يُحِبُّهُمُ وَيُحِبُّونَهُ وَ أَذِلَّةٍ عَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَعِزَّةٍ عَلَى ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ يُجَعِدُونَ فَحِبُّهُمُ وَيُحِبُّونَهُ وَ أَذِلَّةٍ عَلَى ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَعِزَّةٍ عَلَى ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ يُجَعِدُونَ فِح بَعُن يُحِبُّهُمُ وَيُحِبُّونَهُ وَلَا يَخَافُونَ لَوْمَةَ لَآيِمٍ ذَلِكَ فَضُلُ ٱللَّهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَن يَشَآءُ وَٱللَّهُ وَسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ اللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ اللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْتَهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمَالَةُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمَالُونَ الْمَالُونَ الْمَالَى اللَّهُ وَالْمَالُونَ اللَّهُ وَالْمَالُونَ اللَّهُ وَالْمَالُونَ الْمَالُونَ لَوْمَ اللَّهُ وَالْمَالُونُ اللَّهُ وَالْمَالُهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُلُونَ اللَّهُ وَالْمَالَّهُ وَالْمَالُونَ الْمَالُونَ اللَّهُ وَالْمِالُونَ اللَّهُ وَالْمَالُونُ اللَّهُ وَالْمَالِمُ اللَّهُ وَالْمَالَالَهُ وَالْمَالُونُ اللَّهُ وَالْمَالُونَ اللَّهُ وَالْمَالَالُهُ وَالْمَالِمُ الْمَالِمُ الْمَالُونَ الْمَالُونَ الْمَالِمُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُوالِمُ اللَّهُ وَالْمَالُونُ الْمَالُونَ الْمَالِمُ الْمَالُونَ الْمَالُولُونُ الْمَالَالُهُ وَالْمُوالَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمَالُونَ الْمَالَّةُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللْمُؤْمِولُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ

O you who believe! Whoever from among you turns back from his religion (Islâm), Allâh will bring a people whom He will love and they will love Him; humble towards the believers, stern towards the disbelievers, fighting in the Way of Allâh, and never afraid of the blame of the blamers. That is the Grace of Allâh which He bestows on whom He wills. And Allâh is AllSufficient for His creatures' needs, AllKnower.

55.

إِنَّمَا وَلِيُّكُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ يُقِيمُونَ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَيُؤَتُونَ ٱلرَّكُونَ الصَّلَوٰةَ وَيُؤَتُونَ ٱلرَّكُوٰةَ وَهُمُ رَ ٰكِعُونَ ۚ

Verily, your *Walî* (Protector or Helper) is Allâh, His Messenger, and the believers, - those who perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), and give *Zakât*, and they bow down (submit themselves with obedience to Allâh in prayer).

56.

وَمَن يَتَوَلَّ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ فَإِنَّ حِزُبَ ٱللَّهِ هُمُ ٱلْغَيلِبُونَ

And whosoever takes Allâh, His Messenger, and those who have believed, as Protectors, then the party of Allâh will be the victorious.

57.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَتَّخِذُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّخَذُواْ دِينَكُمُ هُزُوًا وَلَعِبًا مِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْكِتَنِ مِن قَبُلِكُمُ وَٱلْكُفَّارَ أَوْلِيَآءَ ۚ وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ إِن كُنتُم مُّؤُمِنِينَ ۞

O you who believe! Take not for *Auliyâ'* (protectors and helpers) those who take your religion for a mockery and fun from among those who received the Scripture (Jews and Christians) before you, nor from among the disbelievers; and fear Allâh if you indeed are true believers.

وَإِذَا نَادَيُتُمُ إِلَى ٱلصَّلَوا قِ ٱتَّخَذُوهَا هُزُوًا وَلَعِبًا ۚ ذَالِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ قَوُّمٌ لَّا يَعُقِلُونَ



And when you proclaim the call for As-Salât [call for the prayer (Adhân)], they take it (but) as a mockery and fun; that is because they are a people who understand not. []

59.

Say: "O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Do you criticize us for no other reason than that we believe in Allâh, and in (the revelation) which has been sent down to us and in that which has been sent down before (us), and that most of you are *Fâsiqûn* [rebellious and disobedient (to Allâh)]?"

60.

Say (O Muhammad SAW to the people of the Scripture): "Shall I inform you of something worse than that, regarding the recompense from Allâh: those (Jews) who incurred the Curse of Allâh and His Wrath, those of whom (some) He transformed into monkeys and swines, those who worshipped $T\hat{a}gh\hat{u}^{I}$ (false deities); such are worse in rank (on the Day of Resurrection in the Hellfire), and far more astray from the Right Path (in the life of this world)."

61.

When they come to you, they say: "We believe." But in fact they enter with (an intention of) disbelief and they go out with the same. And Allâh knows all what they were hiding.

62.

And you see many of them (Jews) hurrying for sin and transgression, and eating illegal things [as bribes and *Ribâ* (usury), etc.]. Evil indeed is that which they have been doing.

لَوُلَا يَنْهَنهُمُ ٱلرَّبَّنِيُّونَ وَٱلْأَحُبَارُ عَن قَوْلِهِمُ ٱلْإِثُمَ وَأَكُلِهِمُ ٱلسُّحُتَّ لَبِئَسَمَا كَانُواْ يَصُنَعُونَ ﴿

Why do not the rabbis and the religious learned men forbid them from uttering sinful words and from eating illegal things. Evil indeed is that which they have been performing.

64.

وَقَالَتِ ٱلْيَهُودُ يَدُ ٱللَّهِ مَغُلُولَةً غُلَّتُ أَيُدِيهِمُ وَلُعِنُواْ بِمَا قَالُواْ بَلُ يَدَاهُ مَبُسُ وطَتَانِ يُنفِقُ كَيْفَ يَشَآءٌ وَلَيَزِيدَنَّ كَثِيرًا مِّنُهُم مَّ ٓ أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِن رَّبِّكَ طُغُيننَا وَكُفُرًا وَ أَلْقَيْنَا بَيْنَهُمُ ٱلْعَدَوَةَ وَٱلْبَغُضَآءَ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ مِن رَّبِّكَ طُغُيننَا وَكُفُرًا وَ أَلْقَيْنَا بَيْنَهُمُ ٱلْعَدَوَةَ وَٱلْبَغُضَآءَ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ مِن رَّبِّكَ طُغُينَا وَكُفُرًا وَ أَلْقَيْنَا بَيْنَهُمُ ٱلْعَدَوَةَ وَٱلْبَغُضَآءَ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ اللّهِ مِن رَبِّكَ طُغُينَا أَوْقَدُواْ نَازًا لِلْحَرُبِ أَطُفَأَهَا ٱللّهُ وَيَسْعَونَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَسَادًا وَٱللّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُفْسِدِينَ عَلَى فَاللّهُ وَيَسْعَونَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ

The Jews say: "Allâh's Hand is tied up (i.e. He does not give and spend of His Bounty)." Be their hands tied up and be they accursed for what they uttered. Nay, both His Hands are widely outstretched. He spends (of His Bounty) as He wills. Verily, the Revelation that has come to you from Allâh increases in most of them their obstinate rebellion and disbelief. We have put enmity and hatred amongst them till the Day of Resurrection. Every time they kindled the fire of war, Allâh extinguished it; and they (ever) strive to make mischief on earth. And Allâh does not like the *Mufsidûn* (mischiefmakers).

65.

وَلَو أَنَّ أَهُلَ ٱلْكِتَنبِ ءَامَنُواْ وَٱتَّقَواْ لَكَفَّرُنَا عَنْهُمُ سَيِّءَاتِهِمُ وَلَأَدُخَلُنَىهُمُ جَــنَّدتِ ٱلنَّعِيــمِ

And if only the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) had believed (in Muhammad SAW) and warded off evil (sin, ascribing partners to Allâh) and had become *AlMuttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2) We would indeed have blotted out their sins and admitted them to Gardens of pleasure (in Paradise).

66.

وَلَـوُ أَنَّهُـمُ أَقَـامُواْ ٱلتَّوُرَكَةَ وَٱلْإِنجِـيلَ وَمَاۤ أُنـزِلَ إِلَيُهِـم مِّن رَّبِّهِـمُ لَاَ عَلَمُ أَنَّهُ مُ أُمَّةٌ مُّقُتَصِدَةٌ وَكَثِيرٌ لَا أَكُلُواْ مِن فَوقِهِمُ وَمِن تَحُـتِ أَرُجُلِهِمْ مِّنَهُمُ أُمَّةٌ مُّقُتَصِدَةٌ وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنْهُمُ سَآءَ مَا يَعْمَلُونَ ۚ

And if only they had acted according to the Taurât (Torah), the Injeel (Gospel), and what has (now) been sent down to them from their Lord (the Qur'ân), they would surely have gotten provision from above them and from underneath their feet. There are from among them people who are on the right course (i.e. they act on the revelation and believe in Prophet Muhammad SAW like 'Abdullâh bin Salâm radhiallahu anhu), but many of them do evil deeds.

O Messenger (Muhammad SAW)! Proclaim (the Message) which has been sent down to you from your Lord. And if you do not, then you have not conveyed His Message. Allâh will protect you from mankind. Verily, Allâh guides not the people who disbelieve.

68.

قُــلُ يَــَــاًهُلَ ٱلۡكِـــتَــبِ لَسُــتُمُ عَلَــىٰ شَــىُءٍ حَـــتَّىٰ تُقِيمُــواْ ٱلتَّوُرَىٰــةَ وَٱلۡإِنجِــيلَ وَمَـٓا أُنــزِلَ إِلَيُكُــم مِّـن رَّبِّكُـمُ ۗ وَلَـيَزِيدَنَّ كَثِيرًا مِّنْهُـم مَّـآ أُنــزِلَ إِلَيُكَ مِـن رَّبِّكَ طُغُيَـنـَا وَكُفُـرًا ۖ فَلَا تَـأَسَ عَلَى ٱلْقَـوُمِ ٱلْكَـنفِـرِينَ



Say (O Muhammad SAW) "O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! You have nothing (as regards guidance) till you act according to the Taurât (Torah), the Injeel (Gospel), and what has (now) been sent down to you from your Lord (the Qur'ân)." Verily, that which has been sent down to you (Muhammad SAW) from your Lord increases in many of them their obstinate rebellion and disbelief. So be not sorrowful over the people who disbelieve.

69.

إِنَّ ٱلَّــذِينَ ءَامَنُــواْ وَٱلَّــذِينَ هَـادُواْ وَٱلصَّـبِئُـونَ وَٱلنَّصَــرَىٰ مَـنُ ءَامَـنَ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَـوُمِ ٱلْأَخِرِ وَعَمِلَ صَلِحًا فَلَا خَوُفٌ عَلَيْهِمُ وَلَا هُمُ يَحُزَنُونَ



Surely, those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh, in His Messenger Muhammad SAW and all that was revealed to him from Allâh), those who are the Jews and the Sabians and the Christians, - whosoever believed in Allâh and the Last Day, and worked righteousness, on them shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve. I

70.

لَقَدُ أَخَذُنَا مِيثَلِقَ بَنِيَ إِسُرَ آءِيلَ وَأَرُسَلُنَا إِلَيُهِمُ رُسُلًا كُلَّمَا جَآءَهُمُ رَسُولُ بِمَا لَا تَهُوَىٰ أَنفُسُهُمُ فَرِيقًا كَذَّبُواْ وَفَرِيقًا يَقُتُلُونَ ۞

Verily, We took the covenant of the Children of Israel and sent them Messengers. Whenever there came to them a Messenger with what they themselves desired not - a group of them they called liars, and others among them they killed.

وَحَسِبُوٓاْ أَلَّا تَكُونَ فِتُنَةٌ فَعَمُواْ وَصَمُّواْ ثُمَّ تَابَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيُهِمُ ثُمَّ عَمُواْ وَصَمُّواْ كَثِيرٌ مِّنْهُمُ ۚ وَٱللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ ۞

They thought there will be no *Fitnah* (trial or punishment), so they became blind and deaf; after that Allâh turned to them (with Forgiveness); yet again many of them became blind and deaf. And Allâh is the AllSeer of what they do.

72.

Surely, they have disbelieved who say: "Allâh is the Messiah ['lesa (Jesus)], son of Maryam (Mary)." But the Messiah ['lesa (Jesus)] said: "O Children of Israel! Worship Allâh, my Lord and your Lord." Verily, whosoever sets up partners in worship with Allâh, then Allâh has forbidden Paradise for him, and the Fire will be his abode And for the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrongdoers) there are no helpers.

73.

لَّقَدُ كَفَرَ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُوٓا إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ ثَالِثُ ثَلَثَةٌ وَمَا مِنُ إِلَىهٍ إِلَّا ٓ إِلَّهُ وَحِدُ ۚ وَإِن لَّمُ يَنتَهُواْ عَمَّا يَقُولُونَ لَيَمَسَّنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِنْهُمْ عَذَابُ أَلِيمُ ۗ

Surely, disbelievers are those who said: "Allâh is the third of the three (in a Trinity)." But there is no *ilâh* (god) (none who has the right to be worshipped) but One *Ilâh* (God -Allâh). And if they cease not from what they say, verily, a painful torment will befall the disbelievers among them.

74.

أَفَلَا يَتُوبُ وِنَ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ وَيَسُتَغُفِرُ وِنَهُ ﴿ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ



Will they not repent to Allâh and ask His Forgiveness? For Allâh is OftForgiving, Most Merciful. $^{f I}$

75.

مَّا ٱلْمَسِيحُ ٱبُنِ مَرْيَمَ إِلَّا رَسُولُ قَدُ خَلَتُ مِن قَبَلِهِ ٱلرُّسُٰلُ وَأُمُّهُ وصِدِّيقَةٌ كَانَا يَأُكُلَانِ ٱلطَّعَامُّ ٱنظُرُ كَيُفَ نُبَيِّنُ لَهُمُ ٱلْأَيَىتِ ثُمَّ ٱنظُرُ أَنَّىٰ يُؤْفَكُونَ ۚ

The Messiah ['lesa (Jesus)], son of Maryam (Mary), was no more than a Messenger; many were the Messengers that passed away before him. His mother [Maryam (Mary)] was a *Siddiqah* [i.e. she believed in the words of Allâh and His Books (see Verse 66:12)]. They both used to eat food (as any other human being, while Allâh does not eat). Look how We make the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) clear to them, yet look how they are deluded away (from the truth).

قُلُ أَتَعُبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مَا لَا يَمُلِكُ لَكُمُ ضَرَّا وَلَا نَفُعًا ۚ وَٱللَّهُ هُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ۞

Say (O Muhammad SAW to mankind): "How do you worship besides Allâh something which has no power either to harm or to benefit you? But it is Allâh Who is the AllHearer, AllKnower."

77.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "O people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians)! Exceed not the limits in your religion (by believing in something) other than the truth, and do not follow the vain desires of people who went astray in times gone by, and who misled many, and strayed (themselves) from the Right Path."

78.

Those among the Children of Israel^[] who disbelieved were cursed by the tongue of Dawûd (David) and 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary). That was because they disobeyed (Allâh and the Messengers) and were ever transgressing beyond bounds.

79.

They used not to forbid one another from the *Munkar* (wrong, evildoing, sins, polytheism, disbelief, etc.) which they committed. Vile indeed was what they used to do.

80.

You see many of them taking the disbelievers as their *Auliyâ'* (protectors and helpers). Evil indeed is that which their ownselves have sent forward before them, for that (reason) Allâh's Wrath fell upon them and in torment they will abide.

81.

And had they believed in Allâh, and in the Prophet (Muhammad SAW) and in what has been revealed to him, never would they have taken them (the disbelievers) as *Auliyâ'* (protectors and helpers), but many of them are the *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

لَتَجِدَنَّ أَشَدَّ ٱلنَّاسِ عَدَوةً لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱلْيَهُودَ وَٱلَّذِينَ أَشُرَ كُواً وَلَتَجِدَنَّ أَقُربَهُم مَّوَدَّةً لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُوٓاْ إِنَّا نَصَدرَىٰ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّ وَلَتَجِدَنَّ أَقُربَهُم مَّوَدَّةً لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُوٓاْ إِنَّا نَصَدرَىٰ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّ وَلَتَجِدَنَ أَقُربَهُم وَنَ اللَّهُمُ لَا يَسُتَكُبِرُونَ اللَّهُمُ قِسِّيسِينَ وَرُهُبَانًا وَأَنَّهُمُ لَا يَسُتَكُبِرُونَ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ لَا يَسُتَكُبِرُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّذِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّالَةُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّلْ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلْمُ الل

Verily, you will find the strongest among men in enmity to the believers (Muslims) the Jews and those who are *Al-Mushrikûn* (see V.2:105), and you will find the nearest in love to the believers (Muslims) those who say: "We are Christians." That is because amongst them are priests and monks, and they are not proud.

83.

وَإِذَا سَمِعُواْ مَا أُنرِلَ إِلَى ٱلرَّسُولِ تَرَىٰ أَعُيُنَهُمُ تَفِيضُ مِنَ الدَّمُعِ مِمَّا عَرَفُواْ مِنَ ٱلُحَقِّ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَآ ءَامَنَّا فَٱكتُبُنَا مَعَ ٱلشَّهِدِينَ الدَّمُعِ مِمَّا عَرَفُواْ مِنَ ٱلُحَقِّ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَآ ءَامَنَّا فَٱكتُبُنَا مَعَ ٱلشَّهِدِينَ

And when they (who call themselves Christians) listen to what has been sent down to the Messenger (Muhammad SAW), you see their eyes overflowing with tears because of the truth they have recognised. They say: "Our Lord! We believe; so write us down among the witnesses.

84.

وَمَا لَنَا لَا نُـوُّمِنُ بِٱللَّـهِ وَمَا جَآءَنَا مِنَ ٱلْحَـقِّ وَنَطُمَـعُ أَن يُدُخِلَنَا رَبُّنَا مَعَ ٱلْقَومِ ٱلصَّلِحِينَ ۞

"And why should we not believe in Allâh and in that which has come to us of the truth (Islâmic Monotheism)? And we wish that our Lord will admit us (in Paradise on the Day of Resurrection) along with the righteous people (Prophet Muhammad SAW and his Companions radhiallahu anhuã)."

85.

فَأَثَىبَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ بِمَا قَالُواْ جَنَّنتٍ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنَهَــُرُ خَــَلِدِينَ فِيهَا وَذَلِكَ جَزَآءُ ٱلمُحُسِنِينَ ۞

So because of what they said, Allâh rewarded them Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise), they will abide therein forever. Such is the reward of gooddoers.

86.

But those who disbelieved and belied Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), they shall be the dwellers of the (Hell) Fire.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تُحَرِّمُواْ طَيِّبَنتِ مَٓا أَحَلَّ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمُ وَلَا تَعُتَدُوٓاْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ ٱلمُعُتَدِينَ ٢

O you who believe! Make not unlawful the *Taiyibât* (all that is good as regards foods, things, deeds, beliefs, persons, etc.) which Allâh has made lawful to you, and transgress not. Verily, Allâh does not like the transgressors.

88.

وَ كُلُواْ مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ ٱللَّهُ حَلَىلًا طَيِّبًاۚ وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ ٱلَّذِيَّ أَنتُم بِهِۦ مُؤَمِنُونَ



And eat of the things which Allâh has provided for you, lawful and good, and fear Allâh in Whom you believe.

89.

لَا يُؤَاخِذُكُمُ ٱللَّهُ بِٱللَّهُ وِفِى أَيْمَنِكُمْ وَلَنكِن يُؤَاخِذُكُم بِمَا عَقَّدتُّمُ ٱلأَيْمَنِ أَفَكَفَّرَتُهُ وَإِطْعَامُ عَشَرَةِ مَسَكِينَ مِنْ أَوْسَطِ مَا تُطُعِمُ ونَ أَهُلِيكُمْ أَوْ كِسُوتُهُمْ أَوْ تَحْرِيرُ رَقَبَةٍ فَمَن لَّمُ يَجِدُ فَصِيَامُ ثَلَثَة أَيَّامٍ ذَلِكَ كَفَّنرَة أَيْمَنِكُمْ إِذَا حَلَفُتُمْ وَٱحُفَظُوٓا أَيْمَننَكُمْ كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمْ ءَايَنِهِ - لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿

Allâh will not punish you for what is uninentional in your oaths, but He will punish you for your deliberate oaths; for its expiation (a deliberate oath) feed ten $Mas \hat{a} kin$ (poor persons), on a scale of the average of that with which you feed your own families; or clothe them; or manumit a slave. But whosoever cannot afford (that), then he should fast for three days. That is the expiation for the oaths when you have sworn Ω . And protect your oaths (i.e. do not swear much) Ω . Thus Allâh make clear to you His Ω (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) that you may be grateful.

90.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓ الْإِنَّمَا ٱلُخَمُّرُ وَٱلْمَيُسِرُ وَٱلْأَنصَابُ وَٱلْأَزَلَىمُ رِجُسُّ مِّنَ عَمَلِ ٱلشَّيُطَنِ فَٱجُتَنِبُوهُ لَعَلَّكُمُ تُفُلِحُونَ ۞

O you who believe! Intoxicants (all kinds of alcoholic drinks), gambling, $AlAns\hat{a}b^{II}$, and $AlAzl\hat{a}m$ (arrows for seeking luck or decision) are an abomination of $Shait\hat{a}n$'s (Satan) handiwork. So avoid (strictly all) that (abomination) in order that you may be successful II.

إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ ٱلشَّيُطَنُ أَن يُوقِعَ بَيُنَكُمُ ٱلْعَدَوَةَ وَٱلْبَغُضَآءَ فِي ٱلْخَمُرِ وَالْمَيْسِرِ وَيَصُدَّكُمُ عَن ذِكْرِ ٱللَّهِ وَعَنِ ٱلصَّلَوٰةِ فَهَلُ أَنتُم مُّنتَهُونَ ﴿

Shaitân (Satan) wants only to excite enmity and hatred between you with intoxicants (alcoholic drinks) and gambling, and hinder you from the remembrance of Allâh and from As-Salât (the prayer). So, will you not then abstain?

92.

وَ أَطِيعُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَ أَطِيعُواْ ٱلرَّسُولَ وَٱحُذَرُواْ فَإِن تَوَلَّيْتُمُ فَٱعۡلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّمَا عَلَىٰ رَسُولِنَا ٱلۡبَلَىغُ ٱلۡمُبِينُ

And obey Allâh and the Messenger (Muhammad SAW), and beware (of even coming near to drinking or gambling or *AlAnsâb*, or *AlAzlâm*, etc.) and fear Allâh. Then if you turn away, you should know that it is Our Messenger's duty to convey (the Message) in the clearest way.

93.

Those who believe and do righteous good deeds, there is no sin on them for what they ate (in the past), if they fear Allâh (by keeping away from His forbidden things), and believe and do righteous good deeds, and again fear Allâh and believe, and once again fear Allâh and do good deeds with *lhsân* (perfection). And Allâh loves the gooddoers.

94.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَيَبُلُونَكُمُ ٱللَّهُ بِشَئِءٍ مِّنَ ٱلصَّيْدِ تَنَالُهُ ۚ أَيُدِيكُمُ وَرِمَاحُكُمُ لِيَعُلَمَ ٱللَّهُ مَن يَخَافُهُ و بِٱلْغَيْبِۚ فَمَنِ ٱعْتَدَىٰ بَعْدَ ذَلِكَ فَلَهُ و عَذَابُ أَلِيمٌ ۞

O you who believe! Allâh will certainly make a trial of you with something in (the matter of) the game that is well within reach of your hands and your lances, that Allâh may test who fears Him unseen. Then whoever transgresses thereafter, for him there is a painful torment.

95.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَقَتُلُواْ ٱلصَّيْدَ وَأَنتُمْ حُرُمُّ وَمَن قَتَلَهُ مِنكُم مُّتَعَمِّدًا فَجَزَآءٌ مِّثُلُ مَا قَتَلَ مِنَ ٱلنَّعَمِ يَحُكُمُ بِهِ • ذَوَا عَدُلٍ مِّنكُمُ هَدُيًا بَلِغَ ٱلْكَعَبَةِ أَوْ كَفَّرَةٌ طَعَامُ مَسَدكِينَ أَوْ عَدُلُ ذَلِكَ صِيَامًا لِيّذُوقَ وَبَالَ أَمْرِهِ * عَفَا ٱللَّهُ عَمَّا سَلَفَ وَمَنُ عَادَ فَيَنتَقِمُ ٱللَّهُ مِنْهُ وَٱللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ ذُو ٱنتِقَامٍ O you who believe! Kill not game while you are in a state of *Ihrâm* for *Hajj* or '*Umrah* (pilgrimage), and whosoever of you kills it intentionally, the penalty is an offering, brought to the Ka'bah, of an eatable animal (i.e. sheep, goat, cow, etc.) equivalent to the one he killed, as adjudged by two just men among you; or, for expiation, he should feed *Masâkin* (poor persons), or its equivalent in *Saum* (fasting), that he may taste the heaviness (punishment) of his deed. Allâh has forgiven what is past, but whosoever commits it again, Allâh will take retribution from him. And Allâh is AllMighty, All-Able of Retribution.

96.

أُحِلَّ لَكُمُ صَيْدُ ٱلْبَحْرِ وَطَعَامُهُ مَتَنعًا لَّكُمُ وَلِلسَّيَّارَةِ وَحُرِّمَ عَلَيْكُمُ صَيْدُ ٱلْبَرِّ مَا دُمُتُمُ حُرُمًا ۗ وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ ٱلَّذِيۤ إِلَيْهِ تُحُشَرُونَ ۞

Lawful to you is (the pursuit of) watergame and its use for food - for the benefit of yourselves and those who travel, but forbidden is (the pursuit of) landgame as long as you are in a state of *Ihrâm* (for *Hajj* or '*Umrah*). And fear Allâh to Whom you shall be gathered back.

97.

جَعَلَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْكَعُبَةَ ٱلْبَيْتَ ٱلْحَرَامَ قِيَدِمًا لِلنَّاسِ وَٱلشَّهُرَ ٱلْحَرَامَ وَٱلْهَدُى وَٱلْهَدُى
 وَٱلْقَلَتَيِدَ ۚ ذَٰلِكَ لِتَعُلَمُوٓا أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَعُلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَـوَ بِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ
 ٱللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ

Allâh has made the Ka'bah, the Sacred House, an asylum of security and *Hajj* and '*Umrah* (pilgrimage) for mankind, and also the Sacred Month and the animals of offerings and the garlanded (people or animals, etc. marked with the garlands on their necks made from the outer part of the stem of the Makkah trees for their security), that you may know that Allâh has knowledge of all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth, and that Allâh is the AllKnower of each and everything.

98.

Know that Allâh is Severe in punishment and that Allâh is OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

99.

مَّا عَلَى ٱلرَّسُولِ إِلَّا ٱلْبَلَعِ فُ وَٱللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تُبُدُونَ وَمَا تَكُتُمُونَ

The Messenger's duty [i.e. Our Messenger Muhammad SAW whom We have sent to you, (O mankind)] is but to convey (the Message). And Allâh knows all that you reveal and all that you conceal.

100.

قُلل لَّا يَسُتَوِى ٱلْخَلِيثُ وَٱلطَّيِّبُ وَلَوْ أَعُجَلِكَ كَثُرَةُ لَا يَسُتَوِى ٱلْخَلِيثُ كَلْمُ وَلَوْ أَعُجَلِكَ كَثُرَةُ اللَّهَ يَثَأُولِى ٱلْأَلْبَلِ لِعَلَّكُمَ تُقْلِحُونَ ﴿

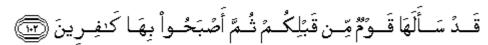
Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Not equal are AlKhabîth (all that is evil and bad as regards things, deeds, beliefs, persons, foods, etc.) and AtTaiyib (all that is good as regards things, deeds, beliefs, persons, foods, etc.), even though the abundance of Al-Khabîth (evil) may please you." So fear Allâh much [(abstain from all kinds of sins and evil deeds which He has forbidden) and love Allâh much (perform all kinds of good deeds which He has ordained)], O men of understanding in order that you may be successful.

101

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَسْعَلُواْ عَنْ أَشُيَآءَ إِن تُبُدَ لَكُمُ تَسُؤُكُمُ وَإِن تَسُعَلُواْ عَنْ أَشُيآءَ إِن تُبُدَ لَكُمْ عَفَا ٱللَّهُ عَنْهَا وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ تَسُعَلُواْ عَنْهَا وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ حَلِيمٌ هَ

O you who believe! Ask not about things which, if made plain to you, may cause you trouble. But if you ask about them while the Qur'ân is being revealed, they will be made plain to you. Allâh has forgiven that, and Allâh is OftForgiving, Most Forbearing.

102.



Before you, a community asked such questions, then on that account they became disbelievers.

103.

Allâh has not instituted things like *Bahîrah* (a shecamel whose milk was spared for the idols and nobody was allowed to milk it) or a *Sâ'ibah* (a shecamel let loose for free pasture for their false gods, e.g. idols, etc., and nothing was allowed to be carried on it), or a *Wasîlah* (a shecamel set free for idols because it has given birth to a shecamel at its first delivery and then again gives birth to a shecamel at its second delivery) or a *Hâm* (a stallioncamel freed from work for their idols, after it had finished a number of copulations assigned for it, all these animals were liberated in honour of idols as practised by pagan Arabs in the prelslâmic period). But those who disbelieve invent lies against Allâh, and most of them have no understanding.

104.

And when it is said to them: "Come to what Allâh has revealed and unto the Messenger (Muhammad SAW for the verdict of that which you have made unlawful)." They say: "Enough for us is that which we found our fathers following," even though their fathers had no knowledge whatsoever and no guidance.

105

O you who believe! Take care of your ownselves, [do righteous deeds, fear Allâh much (abstain from all kinds of sins and evil deeds which He has forbidden) and love Allâh much (perform all kinds of good deeds which He has ordained)]. If you follow the right guidance and enjoin what is right (Islâmic Monotheism and all that Islâm orders one to do) and forbid what is wrong (polytheism, disbelief and all that Islâm has forbidden) no hurt can come to you from those who are in error. The return of you all is to Allâh, then He will inform you about (all) that which you used to do.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا شَهَدة بيَنِكُم إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَد كُمُ إِنَّ الْمَوْتُ حِينَ ٱلُوصِيَّة ٱلنُنانِ ذَوَا عَدُلٍ مِّنكُم أَوُ ءَاخَرَانِ مِنْ غَيْرِ كُمْ إِنْ ٱلْمَوْتُ حِينَ ٱلُوصِيَّة ٱلنَّمُ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَأَصَدبَتُكُم مُّصِيبَة ٱلْمَوْتِ تَحْبِسُونَهُمَا أَنتُمْ ضَرَبتُمُ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَأَصَدبَتُكُم مُّصِيبَة ٱلْمَوْتِ تَحْبِسُونَهُمَا مَن بَعُد الصَّلُوةِ فَيُقُسِمَانِ بِٱللَّهِ إِنِ ٱرْتَبَتُم لَا نَشُتَرِى بِهِ عَنْ بَعُد الصَّلُوةِ فَيُقُسِمَانِ بِٱللَّهِ إِنِ ٱرْتَبَتُم لَا نَشُتَرِى بِهِ عَنْ اللَّهِ إِنْ الرَّتَبَتُ مُ لَا نَشُتَرِى بِهِ عَنْ اللَّهِ إِنَّ الْأَالِةِ إِنَّا إِذَا لَيْمِنَ ٱلْأَتْمِينَ السَّى فَعَنْ اللَّهِ إِنَّا إِذَا لَيْمِنَ ٱلْأَتْمِينَ السَّى فَعَنْ اللَّهِ إِنَّا إِذَا لَيْمِنَ ٱلْأَثِمِينَ السَّى اللَّهِ إِنَّا إِذَا لَيْمِنَ ٱلْأَثِمِينَ السَّى اللَّهُ إِنَّا إِذَا لَيْمِنَ ٱلْأَتْمِينَ السَّى السَّالُولَةِ فَيُعْمِينَ الْمَانَ ذَا قُرُبَى فَلَا نَكُتُمُ شَهَدَة ٱللَّهِ إِنَّا إِذَا لَيْمِنَ ٱلْأَثِمِينَ الْمَانَ ذَا قُرُبَى فَا لَا نَكُتُمُ شَهَدَة ٱللَّهِ إِنَّا إِذَا لَيْمِنَ ٱلْأَتْمِينَ الْمَانَ فَا قُرُبَى فَالْمُنْ فَا فَرُبَى فَا لَا مَا لَا اللَّهِ إِنَّا إِذَا لَيْمِنَ الْمُنَا وَلَوْ كَانَ ذَا قُرُبَى فَا لَا مَانَ فَا قُلُومُ اللَّهُ الْمَالُولُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُ لَا مَالَاتُهُ مِنَ الْمُ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمَالُولُ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمَالُولُ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمَالُولُ الْمَالُولُ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمَالُولُ الْمُعْتَاقُ اللَّهُ الْمِنَ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمَالَالُهُ الْمُعْمَالُولُولُ الْمَالُولُ الْمُعْمِينَ الْمَالُولُ الْمَالُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَى الْمُلْمُ الْمِي الْمِنْ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمَالُولُ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمَالَةُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمَالُولُ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمَالُولُ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمَالُولُ الْمَالُولُ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمِينَ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمَالُولُولُ الْمِنَا وَلَو الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمَالُولُ الْمُؤْمُ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمُعْمُ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمُؤْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمُؤْمِينَ الْمُؤْمِينَا وَلَامُ الْمُعْمُ الْمُؤْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِلُولُ الْمُؤْمُ الْمُؤْمِي الْمُ

O you who believe! When death approaches any of you, and you make a bequest, then take the testimony of two just men of your own folk or two others from outside, if you are travelling through the land and the calamity of death befalls you. Detain them both after *As-Salât* (the prayer), (then) if you are in doubt (about their truthfulness), let them both swear by Allâh (saying): "We wish not for any worldly gain in this, even though he (the beneficiary) be our near relative. We shall not hide Testimony of Allâh, for then indeed we should be of the sinful."

107.

فَإِنْ عُثِرَ عَلَىٰٓ أَنَّهُمَا ٱسُتَحَقَّا إِثْمًا فَاخَرَانِ يَقُومَانِ مَقَامَهُمَا مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسُتَحَقَّ إِثْمًا فَاخَرَانِ يَقُومَانِ مَقَامَهُمَا مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسُتَحَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْأُولَيَىنِ فَيُقُسِمَانِ بِٱللَّهِ لَشَهَىدَتُنَا أَحَقُ مِن شَهَىدَتِهِمَا وَمَا ٱعُتَدَيْنَا إِنَّا إِذًا لَّمِنَ ٱلظَّيلِمِينَ سَ

If then it gets known that these two had been guilty of sin, let two others stand forth in their places, nearest in kin from among those who claim a lawful right. Let them swear by Allâh (saying): "We affirm that our testimony is truer than that of both of them, and that we have not trespassed (the truth), for then indeed we should be of the wrongdoers."

108

ذَالِكَ أَدُنَىٰ أَن يَا أَتُواْ بِٱلشَّهَادَةِ عَلَىٰ وَجُهِهَاۤ أَوْ يَخَافُوۤاْ أَن تُرَدَّ أَيُمَانُ اللَّ فَالِكَ أَدُنَىٰ أَن يُمَانُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلْفَاسِقِينَ بَعُدَ أَيُمَانِهِمُ وَٱتَّقُومُ ٱلْفَاسِقِينَ



That should make it closer (to the fact) that their testimony would be in its true nature and shape (and thus accepted), or else they would fear that (other) oaths would be admitted after their oaths. And fear Allâh and listen (with obedience to Him). And Allâh guides not the people who are Al-Fâsiqûn (the rebellious and disobedient).

109

On the Day when Allâh will gather the Messengers together and say to them: "What was the response you received (from men to your teaching)? They will say: "We have no knowledge, verily, only You are the AllKnower of all that is hidden (or unseen, etc.)."

إِذْ قَالَ ٱللَّهُ يَنعِيسَى ٱبْنَ مَرُيَمَ ٱذْكُرُ نِعْمَتِى عَلَيْكَ وَعَلَىٰ وَلِدَتِكَ إِذْ أَيَّ دَتُكَ بِرُوجِ ٱلْقُدُسِ تُكَلِّمُ ٱلنَّاسَ فِى ٱلْمَهْدِ وَكَهُلَّا وَإِذْ عَلَّمْتُكَ ٱلْكِتَنبَ وَٱلْحِكُمَةَ وَٱلْتَوْرَنةَ وَٱلْإِنجِيلَ وَإِذْ تَخْلُقُ مِنَ ٱلطِّينِ كَهَيْئَةِ ٱلطَّيْرِ وَٱلْحِكُمَةَ وَٱلْأَبُرَ صَ بِإِذْنِي وَتُبُرِئُ ٱلْأَكُمة وَٱلْأَبُرَ صَ بِإِذْنِي وَتُبُرِئُ ٱلْأَكُمة وَٱلْأَبُرَ صَ بِإِذْنِي وَالْمَيْنِ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ إِذْنِي وَتُبُرِئُ ٱلْأَكُمة وَٱلْأَبُرَ صَ بِإِذْنِي وَإِذْ نَى قَتَنفُحُ فِيهَا فَتَكُونُ طَيْرًا بِإِذْنِي وَتُبْرِئُ ٱلْأَكُمة وَٱلْأَبُرَ صَ بِإِذْنِي وَإِذْ نَى وَاللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ عَنكَ إِذْ جِئتَهُم وَإِذْ تَحْدِرِ جُ ٱلْمَوْتَىٰ بِإِذْنِي وَإِذْ كَفَفْتُ بَنِي إِسْرَ آءِيلَ عَنكَ إِذْ جِئتَهُم فِي اللَّهِ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهِ مِن اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن الللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مُنْ الللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن الللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مِن الللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مِن اللْهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن الللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن الللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن الللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن الللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُو

(Remember) when Allâh will say (on the Day of Resurrection). "O 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary)! Remember My Favour to you and to your mother when I supported you with *RûhulQudus* [Jibrael (Gabriel)] so that you spoke to the people in the cradle and in maturity; and when I taught you writing, *AlHikmah* (the power of understanding), the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel); and when you made out of the clay, as it were, the figure of a bird, by My Permission, and you breathed into it, and it became a bird by My Permission, and you healed those born blind, and the lepers by My Permission, and when you brought forth the dead by My Permission; and when I restrained the Children of Israel from you (when they resolved to kill you) since you came unto them with clear proofs, and the disbelievers among them said: 'This is nothing but evident magic.' "

111.

وَإِذْ أَوْحَيْتُ إِلَى ٱلْحَوَارِيِّتِ أَنُ ءَامِنُواْ بِي وَبِرَسُولِي قَالُوٓاْ ءَامَنَا وَٱشَٰهَدُ بِأَنَّنَا مُسُلِمُونَ ﴿

And when I (Allâh) put in the hearts of *Al-Hawârîeen* (the disciples) [of 'lesa (Jesus)] to believe in Me and My Messenger, they said: "We believe. And bear witness that we are Muslims."

112

إِذْ قَالَ ٱلْحَوَارِيُّونَ يَنعِيسَى ٱبُنَ مَرُيَمَ هَلُ يَسْتَطِيعُ رَبُّكَ أَن يُنزِلَ عَلَيْنَا مَآبِدَةً مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ قَالَ ٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ إِن كُنتُم مُّؤْمِنِينَ ﴿

(Remember) when *Al-Hawârîûn* (the disciples) said: "O 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary)! Can your Lord send down to us a table spread (with food) from heaven?" 'lesa (Jesus) said: "Fear Allâh, if you are indeed believers."

113.

قَالُواْ نُرِيدُ أَن نَّأُكُلَ مِنْهَا وَتَطُمَيِنَّ قُلُوبُنَا وَنَعُلَمَ أَن قَدُ صَدَقُتَنَا وَنَكُونَ عَلَمُ أَن قَدُ صَدَقُتَنَا وَنَكُونَ عَلَيْهَا مِنَ ٱلشَّهِدِينَ سَ

They said: "We wish to eat thereof and to be stronger in Faith, and to know that you have indeed told us the truth and that we ourselves be its witnesses."

114

قَالَ عِيسَى ٱبئُ مَرُيَمَ ٱللَّهُمَّ رَبَّنَآ أَنزِلُ عَلَيْنَا مَآبِدَةً مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ تَكُونُ لَنَا عِيدًا لِّأَوَّلِنَا وَءَاخِرِنَا وَءَايَةً مِّنكَ ۖ وَٱرُزُقُنَا وَأَنتَ خَيْرُ ٱلرَّزِقِينَ ﴿

'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary), said: "O Allâh, our Lord! Send us from heaven a table spread (with food) that there may be for us - for the first and the last of us - a festival and a sign from You; and provide us sustenance, for You are the Best of sustainers."

115.

قَالَ ٱللَّهُ إِنِّى مُنَزِّلُهَا عَلَيْكُمْ فَمَن يَكُفُر بَعْدُ مِنكُمْ فَإِنِّي أُعَذِّبُهُ عَذَابًا لَآ أُعَذِّبُهُ وَ أَحَدًا مِّنَ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ

Allâh said: "I am going to send it down unto you, but if any of you after that disbelieves, then I will punish him with a torment such as I have not inflicted on anyone among (all) the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns)."

116.

And (remember) when Allâh will say (on the Day of Resurrection): "O 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary)! Did you say unto men: 'Worship me and my mother as two gods besides Allâh?' " He will say: "Glory be to You! It was not for me to say what I had no right (to say). Had I said such a thing, You would surely have known it. You know what is in my innerself though I do not know what is in Yours, truly, You, only You, are the AllKnower of all that is hidden and unseen.

117.

مَا قُلُتُ لَهُمُ إِلَّا مَآ أَمَرُ تَنِى بِهِ آَنِ آعُبُدُواْ ٱللَّهَ رَبِّى وَرَبَّكُمُ ۚ وَكُنتُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْهِمُ شَهِيدًا مَّا دُمُتُ فِيهِمُ ۚ فَلَمَّا تَوَقَيْتَنِى كُنتَ أَنتَ ٱلرَّقِيبَ عَلَيْهِمُ ۚ وَأَنتَ عَلَيْهِمُ ۚ وَأَنتَ عَلَيْهِمُ اللَّهِ مَ اللهِ عَلَيْهِمُ ۚ وَأَنتَ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهِ عَلَيْهِمُ ۚ وَأَنتَ عَلَيْ كُنتَ أَنتَ ٱلرَّقِيبَ عَلَيْهِمُ ۚ وَأَنتَ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهِ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهِ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهِ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهِ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهِ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهِ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ أَنتَ الرَّقِيبَ عَلَيْهِمُ أَنتَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهِمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللّ

"Never did I say to them aught except what You (Allâh) did command me to say: 'Worship Allâh, my Lord and your Lord.' And I was a witness over them while I dwelt amongst them, but when You took me up, You were the Watcher over them, and You are a Witness to all things. (This is a great admonition and warning to the Christians of the whole world).

118.

إِن تُعَذِّبُهُمْ فَاإِنَّهُمْ عِبَادُكَ وَإِن تَغُفِرُ لَهُمْ فَإِنَّكَ أَنتَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلْحَكِيمُ

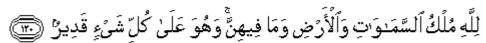


"If You punish them, they are Your slaves, and if You forgive them, verily You, only You are the All-Mighty, the AllWise II ."

قَالَ ٱللَّهُ هَدِذَا يَوُمُ يَنفَعُ ٱلصَّدِقِينَ صِدُقُهُمُّ لَهُمُ جَنَّتُ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنَهَرُ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَآ أَبَدًا ۚ رَّضِىَ ٱللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ وَرَضُواْ عَنْهُ ۚ ذَلِكَ ٱلْفَوُرُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ

Allâh will say: "This is a Day on which the truthful will profit from their truth: theirs are Gardens under which rivers flow (in Paradise) - they shall abide therein forever. Allâh is pleased with them and they with Him. That is the great success (Paradise).

120



To Allâh belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth and all that is therein, and He is Able to do all things.

6. Al-An'âm Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

الُحَـمُدُ لِلَّهِ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ وَجَعَلَ ٱلظُّلُمَدِتِ وَٱلنُّورَ الْأَدُنِ وَالنُّورَ الْ ثُمَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِرَبِّهِمُ يَعُدِلُونَ ۞

All praises and thanks be to Allâh, Who (Alone) created the heavens and the earth, and originated the darkness and the light, yet those who disbelieve hold others as equal with their Lord.

the darkness and the light, yet those who disbelieve hold others as equal with their Lord.

2.

هُوَ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَكُم مِّن طِينٍ ثُمَّ قَضَيْ أَجَلًا وَأَجَلُ مُّسَمَّى عِندَهُ ﴿ ثُمَّ أَنتُمُ تَمُتَرُونَ ۞

He it is Who has created you from clay, and then has decreed a stated term (for you to die). And there is with Him another determined term (for you to be resurrected), yet you doubt (in the Resurrection).

وَهُوَ ٱللَّهُ فِى ٱلسَّمَاوَ تِ وَفِى ٱلْأَرُضِّ يَعُلَمُ سِرَّ كُمُ وَجَهُرَ كُمُ وَيَعُلَمُ مَا تَكُسِبُونَ ۞

And He is Allâh (to be worshipped Alone) in the heavens and on the earth, He knows what you conceal and what you reveal, and He knows what you earn (good or bad).

وَمَا تَاتَّتِيهِم مِّنُ ءَايَةٍ مِّنُ ءَايَاتٍ رَبِّهِمُ إِلَّا كَانُواْ عَنُهَا مُعُرضِينَ ۞ مُعُرضِينَ ۞

And never an *Ayah* (sign) comes to them from the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of their Lord, but that they have been turning away from it.

فَقَـدُ كَذَّبُواْ بِٱلۡحَقِّ لَمَّا جَآءَهُمُّ فَسَوُفَ يَأَتِيهِمُ أَنْبَثَوُّاْ مَا كَانُواْ بِهِۦ يَسْتَهُرْءُونَ ۞

Indeed, they rejected the truth (the Qur'an and Muhammad SAW) when it came to them, but there will come to them the news of that (the torment) which they used to mock at.

أَلَــمُ يَــرَوُاْ كَــمُ أَهُلَكُنَـا مِــن قَبُلِهِــم مِّــن قَــرُنٍ مَّكُــنَّـنهُمُ فِــى ٱلْأَرُضِ مَا لَـمُ نُمَكِّـن لَّكُـمُ وَأَرُسَـلُنَا ٱلسَّـمَآءَ عَلَيْهِـم مِّـدُرَارًا وَجَعَلُنَا ٱلْأَنْهَــرَ تَجُرى مِن تَحْتِهِمْ فَأَهُلَكُنَـهُم بِذُنُـوبِهِمْ وَأَنشَأُنَا مِنْ بَعُـدِهِمْ

قَرُنًا ءَاخَرِينَ 🕲

Have they not seen how many a generation before them We have destroyed whom We had established on the earth such as We have not established you? And We poured out on them rain from the sky in abundance, and made the rivers flow under them. Yet We destroyed them for their sins, and created after them other generations.

وَلَوُ نَزَّ لُنَا عَلَيْكَ كِتَنبًا فِى قِرُطَاسٍ فَلَمَسُوهُ بِأَيُدِيهِمُ لَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓاْ إِنْ هَنذَآ إِلَّا سِحُرٌ مُّبِينٌ ۞

And even if We had sent down unto you (O Muhammad SAW) a Message written on paper so that they could touch it with their hands, the disbelievers would have said: "This is nothing but obvious magic!"

وَقَالُواْ لَوُلَآ أُنزِلَ عَلَيْهِ مَلَكُ ۗ وَلَو أَنزَلُنَا مَلَكًا لَّقُضِىَ ٱلْأَمَٰرُ ثُمَّ لَا يُنظَرُونَ



And they say: "Why has not an angel been sent down to him?" Had We sent down an angel, the matter would have been judged at once, and no respite would be granted to them.

9. وَلَوُ جَعَلُنَـهُ مَلَكًا لَّجَعَلُنَـهُ رَجُلًا وَلَلَبَسُنَا عَلَيْهِم مَّا يَلْبِسُونَ ۞

And had We appointed him an angel, We indeed would have made him a man, and We would have certainly caused them confusion in a matter which they have already covered with confusion (i.e. the Message of Prophet Muhammad SAW).

وَلَقَدِ ٱسُــــــُّهُٰزِئَ بِرُسُـــلٍ مِّـــن قَبُلِــكَ فَحَــاقَ بِــاَلَّذِينَ سَــخِرُواْ وَلَقَــدِ ٱسُـــــخُرُواْ

مِنْهُــم مَّـا كَـانُواْ بِــهِـ يَسُــتَهُزِءُونَ 🕲

And indeed (many) Messengers were mocked before you, but their scoffers were surrounded by the very thing that they used to mock at.

ا .11. قُلُ سِيرُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ ثُمَّ ٱنظُرُواْ كَيُفَ كَانَ عَنقِبَةُ ٱلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ﴿

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Travel in the land and see what was the end of those who rejected truth."

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "To whom belongs all that is in the heavens and the earth?" Say: "To Allâh. He has prescribed Mercy for Himself . Indeed He will gather you together on the Day of Resurrection, about which there is no doubt. Those who destroy themselves will not believe [in Allâh as being the only *Ilâh* (God), and Muhammad SAW as being one of His Messengers, and in Resurrection, etc.].

13.

And to Him belongs whatsoever exists in the night and the day, and He is the AllHearing, the All-Knowing."

14.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Shall I take as a *Walî* (helper, protector, etc.) any other than Allâh, the Creator of the heavens and the earth? And it is He Who feeds but is not fed." Say: "Verily, I am commanded to be the first of those who submit themselves to Allâh (as Muslims)." And be not you (O Muhammad SAW) of the *Mushrikûn* [polytheists, pagans, idolaters and disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh].

15.

Say: "I fear, if I disobey my Lord, the torment of a Mighty Day."

16.

Who is averted from (such a torment) on that Day, (Allâh) has surely been Merciful to him. And that would be the obvious success.

17.

And if Allâh touches you with harm, none can remove it but He, and if He touches you with good, then He is Able to do all things.

وَهُوَ ٱلْقَاهِرُ فَوُقَ عِبَادِهِۦ ۚ وَهُوَ ٱلْحَكِيمُ ٱلْخَبِيرُ ۞

And He is the Irresistible, above His slaves, and He is the All-Wise, WellAcquainted with all things.

19.

قُلُ أَىُّ شَىءٍ أَكُبَرُ شَهَدَةً قُلِ ٱللَّهُ شَهِيدٌ بَيْنِى وَبَيْنَكُمُ وَأُوحِىَ إِلَىَّ هَدَا ٱلْقُرَءَانُ لِأُندِرَكُم بِهِ وَمَنْ بَلَغَ أَبِنَّكُم لَتَشُهَدُونَ أَنَّ مَعَ ٱللَّهِ عَدَا ٱلْقُرَءَانُ لِأُندِرَكُم بِهِ وَمَنْ بَلَغَ أَبِنَّكُم لَتَشُهَدُونَ أَنَّ مَعَ ٱللَّهِ ءَالِهَ قَالَ إِنَّمَا هُوَ إِلَاهُ وَاحِدٌ وَإِنَّنِى بَرِيَّ مُّمَّا تُشُركُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ ال

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "What thing is the most great in witness?" Say: "Allâh (the Most Great!) is Witness between me and you; this Qur'ân has been revealed to me that I may therewith warn you and whomsoever it may reach. Can you verily bear witness that besides Allâh there are other alihâ (gods)?" Say "I bear no (such) witness!" Say: "But in truth He (Allâh) is the only one *llâh* (God). And truly I am innocent of what you join in worship with Him."

20.

ٱلَّـذِينَ ءَاتَيَننهُ مُ ٱلْكِـتَنبَ يَعُرِ فُونَهُ و كَمَا يَعُرِ فُونَ أَبُنَآءَهُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ خَسِرُ وٓا أَنفُسَهُمُ فَهُمُ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ۞

Those to whom We have given the Scripture (Jews and Christians) recognize him (i.e. Muhammad SAW as a Messenger of Allâh, and they also know that there is no *llah* (God) but Allâh and Islâm is Allâh's Religion), as they recognize their own sons. Those who destroy themselves will not believe II. (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*)

21.

وَمَنُ أَظُلَمُ مِمَّنِ ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ كَذِبًا أَوْ كَذَّبَ بِئَايَنتِهِ ۗ إِنَّهُ لَا يُفُلِحُ ٱلظَّنلِمُ ونَ ٢

And who does more wrong than he who invents a lie against Allâh or rejects His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, revelations, etc.)? Verily, the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.) shall never be successful.

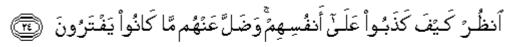
22.

وَيَوُمَ نَحُشُرُهُمُ جَمِيعًا ثُمَّ نَقُولُ لِلَّذِينَ أَشُرَ كُوٓاْ أَيُنَ شُرَ كَآؤُكُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ كُـنتُمُ تَزُعُمُونَ ۞

And on the Day when We shall gather them all together, We shall say to those who joined partners in worship (with Us): "Where are your partners (false deities) whom you used to assert (as partners in worship with Allâh)?"

There will then be (left) no *Fitnah* (excuses or statements or arguments) for them but to say: "By Allâh, our Lord, we were not those who joined others in worship with Allâh."

24.



Look! How they lie against themselves! But the (lie) which they invented will disappear from them.

25.

وَمِنُهُم مَّن يَسُتَمِعُ إِلَيُكَ وَجَعَلُنَا عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمُ أَكِنَّةً أَن يَفُقَهُوهُ وَفِيَ ءَاذَانِهِمُ وَقُرَأٌ وَإِن يَروا كُلَّ ءَايَةٍ لَّا يُؤْمِنُواْ بِهَا حَتَّى إِذَا جَآءُوكَ يُجَدِلُونَكَ يَقُولُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓاْ إِنْ هَدِذَآ إِلَّا أَسَلِطِيرُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿

And of them there are some who listen to you; but We have set veils on their hearts, so they understand it not, and deafness in their ears; if they see every one of the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) they will not believe therein; to the point that when they come to you to argue with you, the disbelievers say: "These are nothing but tales of the men of old."

26.



And they prevent others from him (from following Prophet Muhammad SAW) and they themselves keep away from him, and (by doing so) they destroy not but their ownselves, yet they perceive (it) not.

27.

If you could but see when they will be held over the (Hell) Fire! They will say: "Would that we were but sent back (to the world)! Then we would not deny the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, revelations, etc.) of our Lord, and we would be of the believers!"

28.

Nay, it has become manifest to them what they had been concealing before. But if they were returned (to the world), they would certainly revert to that which they were forbidden. And indeed they are liars.

And they said: "There is no (other life) but our (present) life of this world, and never shall we be resurrected (on the Day of Resurrection)."

30.

وَلَـوُ تَـرَى إِذُ وُقِفُـوا عَلَىٰ رَبِّهِم قَالَ أَلَيْسَ هَــذَا بِٱلْحَقِّ قَالُوا بَلَىٰ وَرَبِّنَا قَالَ فَذُوقُوا ٱللَّهَذَابَ بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَكُفُرُونَ ٢

If you could but see when they will be held (brought and made to stand) in front of their Lord! He will say: "Is not this (Resurrection and the taking of the accounts) the truth?" They will say: "Yes, by our Lord!" He will then say: "So taste you the torment because you used not to believe."

31.

قَـــدُ خَسِــرَ ٱلَّـــذِينَ كَذَبُــواْ بِلِقَــآءِ ٱللَّــةِ حَــتَّى إِذَا جَاءَتُهُمُ ٱلسَّاعَةُ بَغَتَـةً قَـالُواْ يَنحَسُرَتَنَا عَلَىٰ مَا فَرَّطُنَا فِيهَا وَهُمُ يَحَمُونَ السَّاعَةُ بَعُتَـةً قَـالُواْ يَنحَسُرَتَنَا عَلَىٰ مَا فَرَّطُنَا فِيهَا وَهُمُ يَحُمِلُونَ أَوْزَارَهُمُ عَلَىٰ ظُهُورِهِمُ أَلَا سَآءَ مَا يَزِرُونَ شَ

They indeed are losers who denied their Meeting with Allâh , until all of a sudden, the Hour (signs of death) is on them, and they say: "Alas for us that we gave no thought to it," while they will bear their burdens on their backs; and evil indeed are the burdens that they will bear!

32.

وَمَا ٱلُحَيَوٰةُ ٱلدُّنُيَآ إِلَّا لَعِبٌ وَلَهُ وُّ وَلَلدَّارُ ٱلْأَخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ لِّلَّذِينَ يَتَّقُونَّ أَفَلَا تَعُقِلُونَ ۞

And the life of this world is nothing but play and amusement. But far better is the house in the Hereafter for those who are *AlMuttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2). Will you not then understand?

33.

قَدُ نَعُلَمُ إِنَّهُ لَيَحُ زُنُكَ ٱلَّذِي يَقُولُونَ فَإِنَّهُمُ لَا يُكَذِّبُونَكَ وَلَكِنَّ ٱلظَّنلِمِينَ بِعَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ يَجُحَدُونَ ﴿

We know indeed the grief which their words cause you (O Muhammad SAW): it is not you that they deny, but it is the Verses (the Qur'ân) of Allâh that the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrongdoers) deny.

34.

وَلَقَدُ كُذِّبَتُ رُسُلُ مِّن قَبُلِكَ فَصَبَرُواْ عَلَىٰ مَا كُذِّبُواْ وَأُوذُواْ حَتَّىٰۤ أَتَنهُمُ نَصُرُنَاۚ وَلَا مُبَدِّلَ لِكَلِمَنتِ ٱللَّهِ ۚ وَلَقَدُ جَآءَكَ مِن نَّبَإِيْ ٱلْمُرُسَلِينَ ﴿

Verily, (many) Messengers were denied before you (O Muhammad SAW), but with patience they bore the denial, and they were hurt, till Our Help reached them, and none can alter the Words (Decisions) of Allâh. Surely there has reached you the information (news) about the Messengers (before you).

وَإِن كَانَ كَبُرَ عَلَيْكَ إِعْرَاضُهُمْ فَإِنِ ٱسْتَطَعَتَ أَن تَبْتَغِى نَفَقًا فِى ٱلْأَرْضِ أَوْ سُلَّمًا فِى ٱلسَّمَآءِ فَتَأْتِيَهُم بِعَايَةٍ وَلَوْ شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ لَجَمَعَهُمْ عَلَى ٱلْهُدَىٰ فَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلْجَهِلِينَ

If their aversion (from you, O Muhammad SAW and from that with which you have been sent) is hard on you, (and you cannot be patient from their harm to you), then if you were able to seek a tunnel in the ground or a ladder to the sky, so that you may bring them a sign (and you cannot do it, so be patient). And had Allâh willed, He could have gathered them together (all) unto true guidance, so be not you one of those who are *Al-Jâhilûn* (the ignorant).

36.

إِنَّمَا يَسُتَجِيبُ ٱلَّذِينَ يَسُمَعُونَ وَٱلْمَوْتَىٰ يَبُعَثُهُمُ ٱللَّهُ ثُمَّ إِلَّيهِ يُرُجَعُونَ
 إِلَيْهِ يُرُجَعُونَ

It is only those who listen (to the Message of Prophet Muhammad SAW), will respond (benefit from it), but as for the dead (disbelievers), Allâh will raise them up, then to Him they will be returned (for their recompense).

37.

وَقَالُواْ لَوُلَا نُزِّلَ عَلَيُهِ ءَايَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّهِ ۦ ۚ قُلُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ قَادِرٌ عَلَىٰٓ أَن يُنَزِّلَ ءَايَةً وَلَـٰكِـنَّ أَكُـثَرَهُمُ لَا يَعُلَمُـونَ

And they said: "Why is not a sign sent down to him from his Lord?" Say: "Allâh is certainly Able to send down a sign, but most of them know not."

38.

وَمَا مِن دَآبَّةٍ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ وَلَا طَنَبِرٍ يَطِيرُ بِجَنَاحَيُهِ إِلَّا أَمَمُّ أَمُثَالُكُمْ مَّا فَرَامِهُ مَا مَن دَآبَةٍ فِي ٱلْكِتَن ِ مِن شَيْءٍ ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمُ يُحُشَرُونَ ﴿

There is not a moving (living) creature on earth, nor a bird that flies with its two wings, but are communities like you. We have neglected nothing in the Book, then unto their Lord they (all) shall be gathered.

39.

وَٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِاَيَعِتِا صُمَّ وَبُكُمُ فِى ٱلظُّلُمَاتِ مَن يَشَا عُمُ فَى ٱلظُّلُمَاتِ مَن يَشَا يَجُعَلُهُ عَلَى مِرَطِ يَشَا يَجُعَلُهُ عَلَى مِرَطِ مَصْرَطِ مُسْتَقِيمٍ ﴿ اللَّهُ يُضُلِلُهُ وَمَن يَشَا أَيَجُعَلُهُ عَلَى مُ مِرَطٍ مُسْتَقِيمٍ ﴿

Those who reject Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) are deaf and dumb in darkness. Allâh sends astray whom He wills and He guides on the Straight Path whom He wills.

قُـلُ أَرَءَيُتَكُمُ إِنَّ أَتَنكُمُ عَـذَابُ ٱللَّـهِ أَو أَتَتُكُمُ ٱلسَّاعَةُ أَغَيُرَ ٱللَّهِ تَدُعُونَ إِن كُـنتُمُ صَــدِقِينَ ۞

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Tell me if Allâh's Torment comes upon you, or the Hour comes upon you, would you then call upon any one other than Allah? (Reply) if you are truthful!"

41.

بَلُ إِيَّاهُ تَدُعُونَ فَيَكُشِفُ مَا تَدُعُونَ إِلَيْهِ إِن شَآءَ وَتَنسَونَ مَا تُشُر كُونَ



Nay! To Him Alone you call, and, if He will, He would remove that (distress) for which you call upon Him, and you forget at that time whatever partners you joined with Him (in worship)!

42.

Verily, We sent (Messengers) to many nations before you (O Muhammad SAW). And We seized them with extreme poverty (or loss in wealth) and loss in health with calamities so that they might believe with humility.

43.

When Our Torment reached them, why then did they not believe with humility? But their hearts became hardened, and Shaitan (Satan) made fairseeming to them that which they used to do.

44.

So, when they forgot (the warning) with which they had been reminded, We opened to them the gates of every (pleasant) thing, until in the midst of their enjoyment in that which they were given, all of a sudden, We took them to punishment, and lo! They were plunged into destruction with deep regrets and sorrows.

45.

So the roots of the people who did wrong were cut off. And all the praises and thanks be to Allâh, the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns, and all that exists).

قُلُ أَرَءَيُتُمُ إِنْ أَخَذَ ٱللَّهُ سَمُعَكُمُ وَأَبُصَىرَ كُمُ وَخَتَمَ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِكُم مَّنُ إِلَّهَ غَيْرُ ٱللَّهِ يَأْتِيكُم بِهِ اللَّهِ نَظُرُ كَيْفَ نُصَرِّفُ ٱلْأَيَىتِ ثُمَّ هُمُ يَصُدِفُونَ



Say (to the disbelievers): "Tell me, if Allâh took away your hearing and your sight, and sealed up your hearts, who is there - an *ilâh* (a god) other than Allâh who could restore them to you?" See how variously We explain the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), yet they turn aside.

47.

قُلُ أَرَءَيُتَكُمُ إِنَّ أَتَنكُمُ عَذَابُ ٱللَّهِ بَغُتَةً أَوْ جَهُرَةً هَلُ يُهُلَكُ إِلَّا ٱلُقَوْمُ ٱلظَّنلِمُ وِنَ ٢

Say: "Tell me, if the punishment of Allâh comes to you suddenly (during the night), or openly (during the day), will any be destroyed except the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doing people)?"

48.

وَمَا نُرُسِلُ ٱلْمُرُسَلِينَ إِلَّا مُبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنذِرِينَّ فَمَنُ ءَامَنَ وَأَصُلَحَ فَلَا خَوُفُ عَلَيْهِمُ وَلَا هُمُ يَحُزَنُونَ ۞

And We send not the Messengers but as givers of glad tidings and as warners. So whosoever believes and does righteous good deeds, upon such shall come no fear, nor shall they grieve.

49.

وَٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُ وا بِاَيَعِنَا يَمَسُّهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَفُسُ قُونَ



But those who reject Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), the torment will touch them for their disbelief (and for their belying the Message of Muhammad SAW). [*Tafsir Al-Qurtubi*].

50.

قُل لا آ أَقُولُ لَكُمُ عِندِى خَزَآبِنُ ٱللَّهِ وَلا آَعُلَمُ ٱلْغَيْبَ وَلاَ أَقُولُ لَكُمُ إِنِّى مَلَكُّ إِنَّ أَتَّبِعُ إِلاَّ مَا يُوحَى إِلَّى قُل هَل يَسْتَوِى ٱلْأَعْمَىٰ وَٱلْبَصِيرُ ۚ أَفَلَا تَتَفَكَّرُونَ ۚ

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I don't tell you that with me are the treasures of Allâh, nor (that) I know the unseen; nor I tell you that I am an angel. I but follow what is revealed to me by inspiration." Say: "Are the blind and the one who sees equal? will you not then take thought?"

وَأَندِرُ بِهِ ٱلَّذِينَ يَخَافُونَ أَن يُحُشَرُوٓاْ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمُ لَيُسَ لَهُم مِّن وَأَندِرُ بِهِ مُ لَيُسَ لَهُم مِّن دُونِهِ عَ لَيْسَ لَهُم مِّن دُونِهِ عَ وَلِي عَلَيْهُ مُ يَتَّقُونَ هَا اللهِ عَلَيْهُ مُ يَتَّقُونَ هَا

And warn therewith (the Qur'ân) those who fear that they will be gathered before their Lord, when there will be neither a protector nor an intercessor for them besides Him, so that they may fear Allâh and keep their duty to Him (by abstaining from committing sins and by doing all kinds of good deeds which He has ordained).

52.

وَلَا تَطُّرُدِ ٱلَّذِينَ يَدُعُونَ رَبَّهُم بِٱلْغَدَوٰةِ وَٱلْعَشِيِّ يُرِيدُونَ وَجُهَهُ وَۗ مَا عَلَيْكِ يَرِيدُونَ وَجُهَهُ وَأَلَّا عَلَيْكِ عَلَيْهِم مِّن شَيْءٍ مَا عَلَيْكِ عَلَيْهِم مِّن شَيْءٍ فَمَا مِنْ حِسَابِكَ عَلَيْهِم مِّن شَيْءٍ فَمَا مِنْ حِسَابِكَ عَلَيْهِم مِّن شَيْءٍ فَمَا عَلَيْهِم مِّن شَيْءٍ فَمَا مِنْ حِسَابِكَ عَلَيْهِم مِّن شَيْءٍ فَتَكُونَ مِن أَلظَّ لِمِين قَ

And turn not away those who invoke their Lord, morning and afternoon seeking His Face. You are accountable for them in nothing, and they are accountable for you in nothing, that you may turn them away, and thus become of the *Zâlimûn* (unjust).

53.

وَكَذَالِكَ فَتَنَّا بَعُضَهُم بِبَعُضِ لِيَقُولُوٓاْ أَهَلَوُلَآءِ مَنَّ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيُهِم مِّنَٰ بَيُنِنَآ ۗ أَلَيْسَ ٱللَّهُ بِأَعُلَمَ بِٱلشَّــٰكِرِينَ ۞

Thus We have tried some of them with others, that they might say: "Is it these (poor believers) that Allâh has favoured from amongst us?" Does not Allâh know best those who are grateful?

54.

وَإِذَا جَآءَكَ ٱلَّذِينَ يُؤُمِنُونَ بِاَيَدِتِنَا فَقُلُ سَلَامٌ عَلَيْكُمُّ كَتَبَ رَبُّكُمُ عَلَىٰ نَفُسِهِ ٱلرَّحُمَةُ أَنَّهُ وَمَنْ عَمِلَ مِنكُمُ سُوٓءًا بِجَهَدلَةٍ ثُمَّ تَابَ مِنْ بَعُدِهِ عَ وَأَصْلَحَ فَأَنَّهُ وَغَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ

When those who believe in Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) come to you, say: "Salâmun 'Alaikum" (peace be on you); your Lord has written Mercy for Himself, so that, if any of you does evil in ignorance, and thereafter repents and does righteous good deeds (by obeying Allâh), then surely, He is OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

55.

And thus do We explain the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) in detail, that the way of the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, polytheists, sinners), may become manifest.

قُلُ إِنِّى نُهِيتُ أَنُ أَعُبُدَ ٱلَّذِينَ تَدُعُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِۚ قُل لَّا ٓ أَتَّبِعُ أَهُوٓ آءَ كُمُّ قَـدُ ضَلَلْتُ إِذَا وَمَـآ أَنَـاْ مِـنَ ٱلْمُهُتَـدِينَ ۞

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I have been forbidden to worship those whom you invoke (worship) besides Allâh." Say: "I will not follow your vain desires. If I did, I would go astray, and I would not be one of the rightly guided."

57.

قُلُ إِنِّى عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّى وَكَذَّبُتُم بِهِۦۚ مَا عِندِى مَا تَسُتَعُجِلُونَ بِهِۦٓ ۚ مَا عِندِى مَا تَسُتَعُجِلُونَ بِهِ ۚ أَلْفَ عَلَىٰ اللَّهِ مِن رَّبِّى وَكَذَّبُتُم بِهِ ۚ مَا عِندِى مَا تَسُتَعُجِلُونَ بِهِ ۚ إِلَّا لِلَّهِ مِن لَا لِلَّهِ مِن اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهِ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَا عَلَىٰ عَلَالْمُ عَلَىٰ عَلَى عَلَ

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I am on clear proof from my Lord (Islâmic Monotheism), but you deny (the truth that has come to me from Allâh). I have not gotten what you are asking for impatiently (the torment). The decision is only for Allâh, He declares the truth, and He is the Best of judges."

58.

قُل لَّوُ أَنَّ عِندِى مَا تَسْتَعُجِلُونَ بِهِ - لَقُضِىَ ٱلْأَمُرُ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمُّ وَٱللَّهُ أَعُلَمُ بِٱلظَّنلِمِينَ

Say: "If I had that which you are asking for impatiently (the torment), the matter would have been settled at once between me and you, but Allâh knows best the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.)."

59.

And with Him are the keys of the *Ghaib* (all that is hidden), none knows them but He. And He knows whatever there is in (or on) the earth and in the sea; not a leaf falls, but he knows it. There is not a grain in the darkness of the earth nor anything fresh or dry, but is written in a Clear Record.

60.

وَهُو ٱلَّذِى يَتَوَفَّنكُم بِٱلَّيْلِ وَيَعُلَمُ مَا جَرَحُتُم بِٱلنَّهَارِ ثُمَّ يَبُعَثُكُمُ فِيهِ لِيُقُضَى اَجَلُ مُّسَمَّى ثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ مَرْجِعُكُمُ ثُمَّ يُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَعُمَلُونَ

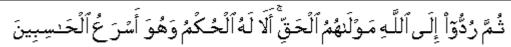


It is He, Who takes your souls by night (when you are asleep), and has knowledge of all that you have done by day, then he raises (wakes) you up again that a term appointed (your life period) be fulfilled, then in the end unto Him will be your return. Then He will inform you what you used to do.

وَهُو الْقَاهِرُ فَوْقَ عِبَادِهِ أَويُرُسِلُ عَلَيْكُمُ حَفَظَةً حَتَّنَ إِذَا جَآءَ أَحَدَكُمُ ٱلْمَوْتُ تَوَفَّتُهُ رُسُلُنَا وَهُمُ لَا يُفَرِّطُونَ ﴿

He is the Irresistible, Supreme over His slaves, and He sends guardians (angels guarding and writing all of one's good and bad deeds) over you^[], until when death approaches one of you, Our Messengers (angel of death and his assistants) take his soul, and they never neglect their duty.

62.





Then they are returned to Allâh, their *Maulâ* [True Master (God), the Just Lord (to reward them)]. Surely, His is the judgement and He is the Swiftest in taking account.

63.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Who rescues you from the darkness of the land and the sea (dangers like storms), when you call upon Him in humility and in secret (saying): If He (Allâh) only saves us from this (danger), we shall truly be grateful."

64.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Allâh rescues you from it and from all (other) distresses, and yet you worship others besides Allâh."

65.

Say: "He has power to send torment on you from above or from under your feet, or to cover you with confusion in party strife, and make you to taste the violence of one another." See how variously We explain the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), so that they may understand.

66.

But your people (O Muhammad SAW) have denied it (the Qur'ân) though it is the truth. Say: "I am not responsible for your affairs."

لِّكُلِّ نَبَاإٍ مُّسُتَقَرُّ ۚ وَسَوُّفَ تَعُلُّمُونَ ١

For every news there is a fact, i.e. for everything there is an appointed term (and it is also said that for every deed there is a recompense) and you will come to know.

68.

وَإِذَا رَأَيُتَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَخُوضُونَ فِيٓ ءَايَنتِنَا فَأَعُرِضُ عَنَّهُمُ حَتَّىٰ يَخُوضُواْ فِي وَإِذَا رَأَيُتَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَخُوضُواْ فِي وَإِمَّا يُنسِيَنَّكَ ٱلشَّيُطَنِ فَلَا تَقَعُدُ بَعُدَ ٱلذِّكُرَىٰ فَى حَدِيثٍ غَيْرِهِ ۚ وَإِمَّا يُنسِيَنَّكَ ٱلشَّيُطَنِ فَلَا تَقَعُدُ بَعُدَ ٱلذِّكُرَىٰ مَعَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ اللَّهَ عَلَى الشَّيْفِ الْقَوْمِ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ اللَّهَ عَلَى اللَّهَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللْهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللْهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللْهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللْهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللْهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ ع

And when you (Muhammad SAW) see those who engage in a false conversation about Our Verses (of the Qur'ân) by mocking at them, stay away from them till they turn to another topic. And if Shaitân (Satan) causes you to forget, then after the remembrance sit not you in the company of those people who are the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.).

69.

وَمَا عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ يَتَّقُونَ مِنُ حِسَابِهِم مِّن شَيْءٍ وَلَـٰكِن ذِكُرَىٰ لَعَلَّهُمُ



Those who fear Allâh, keep their duty to Him and avoid evil are not responsible for them (the disbelievers) in any case, but (their duty) is to remind them, that they may avoid that (mockery at the Qur'ân). [The order of this Verse was cancelled (abrogated) by the Verse 4:140].

70.

وَذَرِ ٱلَّـــذِينَ ٱتَّخَـــذُواْ دِينَهُــمُ لَعِبًا وَلَهُــوًا وَغَــرَّتُهُمُ ٱلْحَــيَوةُ وَذَكِرُ بِـهِ مَ أَن تُبُسَـلَ نَفُسُ بِمَا كَسَبَتُ لَيُسَ لَهَا مِن دُونِ ٱلدُّنيَا وَذَكِرُ بِـهِ مَ أَن تُبُسَلَ نَفُسُ بِمَا كَسَبَتُ لَيُسَ لَهَا مِن دُونِ ٱلدُّنيَا وَلَا شَفِيعُ وَإِن تَعَـدِلُ كُـلَّ عَـدُلِ لاَّ يُؤَخَـذُ مِنْهَا أَوْلَآبِكَ ٱللَّهِ وَلِي قَوْلَا شَفِيعُ وَإِن تَعَـدِلُ كُـلَّ عَـدُلٍ لاَ يُؤْخَـذُ مِنْهَا أَوْلَآبِكَ اللهِ وَلِي اللهُ مِن أَجْمِيمٍ وَعَذَابُ أَلِيمُ بِمَا اللهُ مِن أَجْمِيمٍ وَعَذَابُ أَلِيمُ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكُفُرُونَ ٢

And leave alone those who take their religion as play and amusement, and are deceived by the life of this world. But remind (them) with it (the Qur'ân) lest a person be given up to destruction for that which he has earned, when he will find for himself no protector or intercessor besides Allâh, and even if he offers every ransom, it will not be accepted from him. Such are they who are given up to destruction because of that which they have earned. For them will be a drink of boiling water and a painful torment because they used to disbelieve.

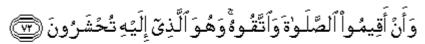
71.

قُلُ أَنَدُعُواْ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مَا لَا يَنفَعُنَا وَلَا يَضُرُّنَا وَنُرَدُّ عَلَىٰٓ أَعُقَابِنَا بَعُدَ إِذْ هَدَننَا ٱللَّهُ كَٱلَّذِى ٱسُتَهُوَتُهُ ٱلشَّيَنطِينُ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ حَيْرَانَ لَعُدَ إِذْ هَدَننَا ٱللَّهُ كَٱلَّذِى ٱسُتَهُوَتُهُ ٱلشَّيَنطِينُ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ حَيْرَانَ لَلهُ وَاللَّهِ هُوَ ٱللَّهُ دَى ٱللَّهِ هُوَ ٱللَّهُ دَى ٱللَّهِ هُوَ ٱللَّهُ دَى ٱللَّهِ هُوَ ٱللَّهُ دَى آلَالهِ هُوَ ٱللَّهُ دَى آلَالهُ مُو اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ ا

وَأُمِرُنَا لِنُسُلِمَ لِرَبِّ ٱلْعَالَمِينَ 🐨

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Shall we invoke others besides Allâh (false deities), that can do us neither good nor harm, and shall we turn on our heels after Allâh has guided us (to true Monotheism)? - like one whom the *Shayâtin* (devils) have made to go astray, confused (wandering) through the earth, his companions calling him to guidance (saying): 'Come to us.' " Say: "Verily, Allâh's Guidance is the only guidance, and we have been commanded to submit (ourselves) to the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists);

72.



And to perform As-Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât)", and to be obedient to Allâh and fear Him, and it is He to Whom you shall be gathered.

73.

وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ بِٱلْحَقِّ وَيَوُمَ يَقُولُ كُن فَيَكُونُ قَولُهُ ٱلْحَقُّ وَيُومَ يَقُولُهُ اللَّمَلُكُ يَوْمَ يُنفَحُ فِى ٱلصُّورِ ۚ عَلِمُ ٱلْغَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَدَةِ ۚ وَهُوَ ٱلْحَكِيمُ ٱلْخَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَدَةِ ۚ وَهُوَ ٱلْحَكِيمُ ٱلْخَبِيرُ ۞

It is He Who has created the heavens and the earth in truth, and on the Day (i.e. the Day of Resurrection) He will say: "Be!", - and it shall become. His Word is the truth. His will be the dominion on the Day when the trumpet will be blown. AllKnower of the unseen and the seen. He is the All-Wise, Well-Aware (of all things).

74.

And (remember) when Ibrâhim (Abraham) said to his father Azar: "Do you take idols as *âlihâ* (gods)? Verily, I see you and your people in manifest error. []"

75.

Thus did we show Ibrâhim (Abraham) the kingdom of the heavens and the earth that he be one of those who have Faith with certainty.

76.

When the night covered him over with darkness he saw a star. He said: "This is my lord." But when it set, he said: "I like not those that set."

فَلَمَّا رَءَا ٱلْقَمَرَ بَازِغًا قَالَ هَدذَا رَبِّى فَلَمَّٱ أَفَلَ قَالَ لَبِن لَّمُ يَهُدِنِي رَبِّي لَأَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلْقَوَمِ ٱلضَّآلِينَ ۞

When he saw the moon rising up, he said: "This is my lord." But when it set, he said: "Unless my Lord guides me, I shall surely be among the erring people."

78.

فَلَمَّا رَءَا ٱلشَّمُسَ بَازِغَةً قَالَ هَدذَا رَبِّى هَدذَآ أَكُبَرُ ۖ فَلَمَّاۤ أَفَلَتُ قَالَ يَدقَوُمِ إِنِّى بَرِيَّ مُمَّا تُشُر كُونَ ۞

When he saw the sun rising up, he said: "This is my lord. This is greater." But when it set, he said: "O my people! I am indeed free from all that you join as partners in worship with Allâh.

79.

إِنِّى وَجَّهُتُ وَجُهِيَ لِلَّذِي فَطَرَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ حَنِيفًا ۗ وَمَاۤ أَنَاْ مِنَ ٱلۡمُشُرِكِينَ ۞

Verily, I have turned my face towards Him Who has created the heavens and the earth *Hanifa* (Islâmic Monotheism, i.e. worshipping none but Allâh Alone) and I am not of *Al-Mushrikûn* (see V.2:105)".

80.

وَحَآجَّهُ وَقُومُهُ وَقَالَ أَتُحَرَّجُ وَنِي فِي ٱللَّهِ وَقَدُ هَدَنِيْ وَمَا اللَّهِ وَقَدُ هَدَنِيْ وَكَآ وَلَآ أَخَافُ مَا تُشُرِ كُونَ بِهِ يَ إِلَّآ أَن يَشَآءَ رَبِّي شَيْئًا وَسِعَ رَبِّي كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عِلْمًا الْفَلَا تَتَذَكَّرُونَ ۚ

His people disputed with him. He said: "Do you dispute with me concerning Allâh while He has guided me, and I fear not those whom you associate with Allâh in worship. (Nothing can happen to me) except when my Lord (Allâh) wills something. My Lord comprehends in His Knowledge all things. Will you not then remember?

81.

وَكَيْفَ أَخَافُ مَا أَشُرَكُتُمُ وَلَا تَخَافُونَ أَنَّكُمُ أَشُرَكُتُم بِٱللَّهِ مَا لَمُ يُنَزِّلُ بِهِ عَلَيْكُمُ سُلُطَنَأَ فَأَيُّ ٱلْفَرِيقَيْنِ أَحَـقٌ بِٱلْأَمَٰنِ ۖ إِن كُنتُمُ تَعَلَمُونَ



And how should I fear those whom you associate in worship with Allâh (though they can neither benefit nor harm), while you fear not that you have joined in worship with Allâh things for which He has not sent down to you any authority. (So) which of the two parties has more right to be in security? If you but know."

ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَلَمَ يَلُبِسُوٓاْ إِيمَانَهُم بِظُلُمٍ أُوْلَآبِكَ لَهُمُ ٱلْأَمَٰنُ وَهُم مُّهُتَدُونَ ﴿

It is those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh and worship none but Him Alone) and confuse not their belief with *Zulm* (wrong i.e. by worshipping others besides Allâh), for them (only) there is security and they are the guided. I

83.

And that was Our Proof which We gave Ibrâhim (Abraham) against his people. We raise whom We will in degrees. Certainly your Lord is AllWise, AllKnowing.

84.

And We bestowed upon him Ishâque (Isaac) and Ya'qûb (Jacob), each of them We guided, and before him, We guided Nûh (Noah), and among his progeny Dawûd (David), Sulaimân (Solomon), Ayub (Job), Yûsuf (Joseph), Mûsa (Moses), and Hârûn (Aaron). Thus do We reward the gooddoers.

85.

And Zakariyâ (Zachariya), and Yahya (John) and 'lesa (Jesus) and Iliyâs (Elias), each one of them was of the righteous.

86.

And Ismâ'il (Ishmael) and Al-Yas'â (Elisha), and Yûnus (Jonah) and Lout (Lot), and each one of them We preferred above the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns) (of their times).

87.

And also some of their fathers and their progeny and their brethren, We chose them, and We guided them to a Straight Path.

ذَالِكَ هُدَى ٱللَّهِ يَهُدِى بِهِ مَن يَشَآءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ ۚ وَلَو أَشُرَكُواْ لَحَبِطَ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ ﴿

This is the Guidance of Allâh with which He guides whomsoever He will of His slaves. But if they had joined in worship others with Allâh, all that they used to do would have been of no benefit to them.

89.

أُوْلَنَبِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيُنَنهُمُ ٱلْكِتنبَ وَٱلْحُكُمَ وَٱلنُّبُوَّةَ ۚ فَإِن يَكُفُرُ بِهَا هِنَوُلَا يُنبُونَ ۚ فَا لِيَعُمُ لَ يَكُفُرُ بِهَا هِكَنفِرِينَ ۗ

They are those whom We gave the Book, *AlHukm* (understanding of the religious laws), and Prophethood. But if these disbelieve therein (the Book, *AlHukm* and Prophethood), then, indeed We have entrusted it to a people (such as the Companions of Prophet Muhammad SAW) who are not disbelievers therein.

90.

أُوْلَتَبِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ هَدَى ٱللَّهُۗ فَبِهُدَىٰهُمُ ٱقُتَدِةً قُل لَّا ٓ أَسَّۡلُكُمُ عَلَيُهِ أَجُرًا ۗ إِنَّ هُوَ إِلَّا ذِكْرَىٰ لِلُعَىٰلَمِينَ ۞

They are those whom Allâh had guided. So follow their guidance. Say: "No reward I ask of you for this (the Qur'ân). It is only a reminder for the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns)."

91.

وَمَا قَدَرُواْ ٱللَّهَ حَقَّ قَدُرِهِ ۚ إِذْ قَالُواْ مَاۤ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ بَشَرٍ مِّن شَيُّ عُلَىٰ مَن أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ بَشَرٍ مِّن شَي عُ قَلُ مَن أَنزَلَ ٱلْكِتَابَ ٱلَّذِى جَاءَ بِهِ مُوسَىٰ نُورًا وَهُدًى لِلنَّاسُ تَجْعَلُونَهُ وَقَرَاطِيسَ تُبُدُونَهَا وَتُخُفُونَ كَثِيرًا وَعُلِّمُتُم مَّا لِلنَّاسُ تَجْعَلُونَهُ وَقَراطِيسَ تُبُدُونَهَا وَتُخُفُونَ كَثِيرًا وَعُلِّمُتُم مَّا لَلنَّاسُ تَجْعَلُونَهُ وَقَراطِيسَ تُبُدُونَهَا وَتُخُفُونَ كَثِيرًا وَعُلِّمُتُم مَّا لَللَّا اللَّهُ ثُمَ قَولَ كَثِيرًا وَعُلِمُتُ مَا لَللَّهُ ثُم تَعْلَمُ وَالْ آفَتُم وَلَا عَابَا وَكُمْ قُل اللَّهُ ثُم قَلْ اللَّهُ ثُم قَل اللَّهُ ثُم قَل اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عُلَىٰ فَي خَوْضِهِمُ يَلْعَبُونَ ١

They (the Jews, Quraish pagans, idolaters, etc.) did not estimate Allâh with an estimation due to Him when they said: "Nothing did Allâh send down to any human being (by inspiration)." Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Who then sent down the Book which Mûsa (Moses) brought, a light and a guidance to mankind which you (the Jews) have made into (separate) papersheets, disclosing (some of it) and concealing (much). And you (believers in Allâh and His Messenger Muhammad SAW), were taught (through the Qur'ân) that which neither you nor your fathers knew." Say: "Allâh (sent it down)." Then leave them to play in their vain discussions. (*Tafsir Al-Qurtubî*, Vol.7, Page 37).

وَهَلَذُ الكِتَلَّ أَنزَلُنَكُ مُبَارَكُ مُّصَدِّقُ ٱلَّذِى بَيُنَ يَدَيُهِ وَلِتُنذِرَ أُمَّ ٱلْقُرَىٰ وَمَنْ حَوِّلَهَا ۚ وَٱلَّذِينَ يُؤُمِنُونَ بِٱلْأَخِرَةِ يُؤُمِنُونَ بِهِ ۗ وَهُمُ عَلَىٰ صَلَاتِهِمُ يُحَافِظُونَ ۞

And this (the Qur'ân) is a blessed Book which We have sent down, confirming (the revelations) which came before it, so that you may warn the Mother of Towns (i.e. Makkah) and all those around it. Those who believe in the Hereafter believe in (the Qur'ân), and they are constant in guarding their Salât (prayers).

93.

وَمَنُ أَظُلَمُ مِمَّنِ ٱفَتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ كَذِبًا أَوْ قَالَ أُوحِىَ إِلَىَّ وَلَمُ يُوحَ إِلَيْهِ شَيْءٌ وَمَن قَالَ سَأُنزِلُ مِثْلَ مَا أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ وَلَوْ تَرَى إِذِ إِلَيْهِ شَيْءٌ وَمَن قَالَ سَأُنزِلُ مِثْلَ مَا أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ وَلَوْ تَرَى إِذِ الطَّالِمُونَ فِي غَمَرَتِ ٱلْمَوْتِ وَٱلْمَلَيْكِكَةُ بَاسِطُوٓاْ أَيُدِيهِمُ أَخُرِجُوٓاْ أَنفُسَكُمُ ٱلْيُومِ وَمَ عَمَرَتِ ٱلْمُونِ بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَقُولُونَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ غَيْرَ أَنفُسَكُمُ ٱلْيُومُ عَنْ ءَايَنتِهِ عَنْ اللَّهِ غَيْرَ الْحَقِّ وَكُنتُمُ عَنْ ءَايَنتِهِ عَنْ اللَّهِ غَيْرَ اللَّهِ عَيْرَ الْحَقِّ وَكُنتُم عَنْ ءَايَنتِهِ عَنْ اللَّهِ عَيْرَ وَنَ هَا لُلْحَقِّ وَكُنتُم عَنْ ءَايَنتِهِ عَنْ اللَّهِ عَيْرَ اللَّهُ الْخَقِ وَكُنتُم عَنْ ءَايَنتِهِ عَنْ اللَّهِ عَيْرَ اللَّهُ عَيْرَ

And who can be more unjust than he who invents a lie against Allâh, or says: "I have received inspiration," whereas he is not inspired in anything; and who says, "I will reveal the like of what Allâh has revealed." And if you could but see when the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.) are in the agonies of death, while the angels are stretching forth their hands (saying): "Deliver your souls! This day you shall be recompensed with the torment of degradation because of what you used to utter against Allâh other than the truth. And you used to reject His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) with disrespect! []"

94.

وَلَقَدُ جِئْتُمُونَا فُرَ وَىٰ كَمَا خَلَقُنَدكُمُ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ وَتَرَكَّتُم مَّا خَوَّلُنَدكُمُ وَرَآءَ ظُهُورِ كُمُّ وَمَا نَرَىٰ مَعَكُمُ شُفَعَآءَ كُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ زَعَمُتُمُ أَنَّهُمُ فِيكُمُ شُرَكَتَوُأْ لَقَد تَّقَطَّعَ بَيْنَكُمُ وَضَلَّ عَنكُم مَّا كُنتُمُ تَزُعُمُونَ ۗ

And truly you have come unto Us alone (without wealth, companions or anything else) as We created you the first time. You have left behind you all that which We had bestowed on you. We see not with you your intercessors whom you claimed to be partners with Allâh. Now all relations between you and them have been cut off, and all that you used to claim has vanished from you.

95.

إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ فَالِقُ ٱلنَّحَبِّ وَٱلنَّوَى لَيُخْرِجُ ٱلْحَيَّ مِنَ ٱلْمَيِّتِ وَمُخْرِجُ ٱلْمَيِّتِ
 مِنَ ٱلْحَيِّ ذَالِكُمُ ٱللَّهُ فَا أَنَّىٰ تُؤُفَكُونَ

Verily! It is Allâh Who causes the seedgrain and the fruitstone (like datestone, etc.) to split and sprout. He brings forth the living from the dead, and it is He Who brings forth the dead from the living. Such is Allâh, then how are you deluded away from the truth?

فَالِقُ ٱلْإِصْبَاحِ وَجَعَلَ ٱلَّيُلَ سَكَنَا وَٱلشَّمْسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ حُسُبَانَا ذَالِكَ تَقُدِيرُ ٱلْعَزِيزِ ٱلْعَلِيم ۞

(He is the) Cleaver of the daybreak. He has appointed the night for resting, and the sun and the moon for reckoning. Such is the measuring of the AllMighty, the AllKnowing.

97.

وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِى جَعَلَ لَكُمُ ٱلنُّجُومَ لِتَهُتَدُواْ بِهَا فِي ظُلُمَنتِ ٱلْبَرِّ وَٱلْبَحُرُِّ قَدُ فَصَّلْنَا ٱلْأَيَنتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَعُلَمُونَ ﴿

It is He Who has set the stars for you, so that you may guide your course with their help through the darkness of the land and the sea. We have (indeed) explained in detail Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, Revelations, etc.) for people who know.

98.

وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِي ٓ أَنشَا أَكُم مِّن نَّفُسٍ وَ حِدَةٍ فَمُسُتَقَرُّ وَمُسُتَوُدَ ثُحُّ قَدُ فَصَّلْنَا ٱلْأَيَنتِ لِقَوْمِ يَفُقَهُونَ ۞

It is He Who has created you from a single person (Adam), and has given you a place of residing (on the earth or in your mother's wombs) and a place of storage [in the earth (in your graves) or in your father's loins]. Indeed, We have explained in detail Our revelations (this Qur'ân) for people who understand.

99.

وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِى أَنزَلَ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مَآءً فَأَخُرَجُنَا بِهِ مِنَاتَ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ فَأَخُرَجُنَا مِنُهُ خَضِرًا تُخُرِجُ مِنْهُ حَبًّا مُّتَرَاكِبًا وَمِنَ ٱلنَّخُلِ مِن طَلُعِهَا قِنُوَانُ دَانِيَةٌ مِنْهُ خَضِرًا تُخُرِجُ مِنْهُ حَبًّا مُّتَرَاكِبًا وَمِنَ ٱلنَّخُلِ مِن طَلُعِهَا قِنُوَانُ دَانِيَةٌ وَجَنَّتِ مِن طَلُعِهَا قِنُوانُ دَانِيَةٌ وَجَنَّتِ مِن طَلُعِهَا قِنُوانُ دَانِيَةٌ وَجَنَّتِ مِن طَلُعِهَا وَغَيْرَ مُتَشَعِيةٍ ٱنظُرُوا وَجَنَّتٍ مِن أَعْنَابٍ وَٱلرَّيُتُونَ وَٱلرُّمَّانَ مُشْتَبِهًا وَغَيْرَ مُتَشَعِيةٍ ٱنظُرُوا اللهُ ثَمَرِهِ عَ إِذَا أَثُمَرَ وَيَنْعِهِ عَ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكُم لَا يَعِيلُ لَقُومٍ يُؤْمِنُونَ اللهُ إِلَىٰ ثَمَرِهِ عَلَيْكُم لَا يَعِيلُ لَقَوم مِيُؤُمِنُونَ ا

It is He Who sends down water (rain) from the sky, and with it We bring forth vegetation of all kinds, and out of it We bring forth green stalks, from which We bring forth thick clustered grain. And out of the datepalm and its spathe come forth clusters of dates hanging low and near, and gardens of grapes, olives and pomegranates, each similar (in kind) yet different (in variety and taste). Look at their fruits when they begin to bear, and the ripeness thereof. Verily! In these things there are signs for people who believe.

100.

وَجَعَلُواْ لِلَّهِ شُرَكَآءَ ٱلُجِنَّ وَخَلَقَهُمُّ وَخَرَقُواْ لَهُ وبَنِينَ وَبَنَدِجٍ بِغَيْرِ عِلُمِ شَبُحَدِنَهُ و وَتَعَدَلَىٰ عَمَّا يَصِفُ ونَ ۞

Yet, they join the jinns as partners in worship with Allâh, though He has created them (the jinns), and they attribute falsely without knowledge sons and daughters to Him. Be He Glorified and Exalted above (all) that they attribute to Him.

101

بَدِيعُ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ أَنَّىٰ يَكُونُ لَهُ وَلَدُ وَلَـدُ وَلَـمُ السَّمَونِ لَـهُ وَلَـدُ وَلَـمُ ا تَكُن لَّـهُ وَمَنحِبَةً وَخَلَقَ كُلَّ شَئَءٍ وَهُو بِكُلِّ شَئَءٍ عَلِيمٌ



He is the Originator of the heavens and the earth. How can He have children when He has no wife? He created all things and He is the All-Knower of everything I .

102.

Such is Allâh, your Lord! *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the Creator of all things. So worship Him (Alone), and He is the *Wakîl* (Trustee, Disposer of affairs, Guardian, etc.) over all things.

103

No vision can grasp Him, but His Grasp is over all vision. He is the Most Subtle and Courteous, WellAcquainted with all things.

104

Verily, proofs have come to you from your Lord, so whosoever sees, will do so for (the good of) his ownself, and whosoever blinds himself, will do so to his own harm, and I (Muhammad SAW) am not a watcher over you.

105.



Thus We explain variously the Verses so that they (the disbelievers) may say: "You have studied (the Books of the people of the Scripture and brought this Qur'ân from that)" and that We may make the matter clear for the people who have knowledge.

106



Follow what has been inspired to you (O Muhammad SAW) from your Lord, Lâ ilâha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He) and turn aside from Al-Mushrikûn. \Box

107

وَلَوُ شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ مَآ أَشُرَ كُوأٌ وَمَا جَعَلُنَكَ عَلَيْهِمُ حَفِيظًا وَمَآ أَنتَ عَلَيْهِم بِوَكِيلٍ

Had Allâh willed, they would not have taken others besides Him in worship. And We have not made you a watcher over them nor are you set over them to dispose of their affairs.

108

وَلَا تَسُـبُّواْ ٱلَّـذِينَ يَدُعُـونَ مِـن دُونِ ٱللَّـهِ فَيَسُـبُّواْ ٱللَّـهَ عَـدُوَّا بِغَـيْرِ عِلْمِ ٱللَّهُ مَ دُونِ ٱللَّـهِ فَيَسُـبُّواْ ٱللَّـهَ عَـدُوَّا بِغَـيْرِ عِلْمِ مَّرُجِعُهُمُ اللَّهُ مَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَ اللَّهُ مَ اللَّهُ مَ اللَّهُ مَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَمُ اللْلِلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

And insult not those whom they (disbelievers) worship besides Allâh, lest they insult Allâh wrongfully without knowledge. Thus We have made fairseeming to each people its own doings; then to their Lord is their return and He shall then inform them of all that they used to do.

109

وَأَقُسَمُواْ بِٱللَّهِ جَهُدَ أَيُمَنِهِمُ لَبِن جَاءَتُهُمُ ءَايَةٌ لَّيُوَمِئنَّ بِهَا قُصَّا يُشَعِرُكُمُ أَنَّهَا إِذَا جَاءَتُ لَا بِهَا قُصُر كُمُ أَنَّهَا إِذَا جَاءَتُ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ وَمَا يُشُعِرُكُمُ أَنَّهَا إِذَا جَاءَتُ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللْعَلَى الْعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْ

And they swear their strongest oaths by Allâh, that if there came to them a sign, they would surely believe therein. Say: "Signs are but with Allâh and what will make you (Muslims) perceive that (even) if it (the sign) came, they will not believe?"

110.

وَنُقَلِّبُ أَفَّئِدَتَهُمُ وَأَبُصَدرَهُمُ كَمَا لَمُ يُؤُمِنُواْ بِهِۦٓ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ وَنَذَرُهُمُ فِى طُغۡيَىنِهِـمُ يَعۡمَهُـونَ

And We shall turn their hearts and their eyes away (from guidance), as they refused to believe therein for the first time, and We shall leave them in their trespass to wander blindly.

111.

﴿ وَلَو أَنَّنَا نَزَّلُنَآ إِلَيْهِمُ ٱلْمَلَتِبِكَةَ وَكَلَّمَهُمُ ٱلْمَوْتَىٰ وَحَشَرُنَا عَلَيْهِمُ كُلَّ شَئِءٍ قُبُلًا مَّا كَانُواْ لِيُؤْمِنُوٓاْ إِلَّاۤ أَن يَشَآءَ ٱللَّهُ وَلَنكِنَّ أَكُثَرَهُمُ يَجُهَلُونَ ۚ

And even if We had sent down unto them angels, and the dead had spoken unto them, and We had gathered together all things before their very eyes, they would not have believed, unless Allâh willed, but most of them behave ignorantly.

وَكَذَالِكَ جَعَلُنَا لِكُلِّ نَبِيٍّ عَدُوًّا شَيَىطِينَ ٱلْإِنسِ وَٱلُجِنِّ يُوحِى بَعُضُهُمُ إِلَىٰ بَعُضِ زُخُرُفَ ٱلُقَوُلِ غُرُورًا ۚ وَلَوُ شَآءَ رَبُّكَ مَا فَعَلُوهٌ ۖ فَذَرُهُمُ وَمَا يَفُتَرُونَ ۚ

And so We have appointed for every Prophet enemies - *Shayâtin* (devils) among mankind and jinns, inspiring one another with adorned speech as a delusion (or by way of deception). If your Lord had so willed, they would not have done it, so leave them alone with their fabrications. (*Tafseer Qurtubi*, Vol.7, Page 67)

113.

وَلِتَصِّغَلَى إِلَيْهِ أَفَيِدَةُ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤُمِنُونَ بِاللَّخِرَةِ وَلِيرَضُوهُ وَلِيرَضُوهُ وَلِيرَضُوهُ وَلِيرَضُوهُ وَلِيرَضُوهُ وَلِيتَمُّتَرِفُونَ ﴿

(And this is in order) that the hearts of those who disbelieve in the Hereafter may incline to such (deceit), and that they may remain pleased with it, and that they may commit what they are committing (all kinds of sins and evil deeds, etc.).

114.

أَفَغَيْرَ ٱللَّهِ أَبُتَغِى حَكَمًا وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَنزَلَ إِلَيْكُمُ ٱلْكِتَنبَ مُفَصَّلًا وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيُنَكُهُمُ ٱلْكِتَنبَ يَعُلَمُونَ أَنَّهُ مُنزَّ لُّ مِّن رَّبِّكَ بِٱلْحَقِّ فَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلْمُمُتَرِينَ ٢

[Say (O Muhammad SAW)] "Shall I seek a judge other than Allâh while it is He Who has sent down unto you the Book (The Qur'ân), explained in detail." Those unto whom We gave the Scripture [the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] know that it is revealed from your Lord in truth. So be not you of those who doubt.

115.

وَتَمَّتُ كَلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ صِدُقًا وَعَدُلًا لَّا مُبَدِّلَ لِكَلِمَىتِهِۦۚۚ وَهُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ

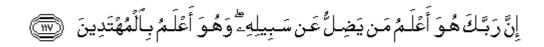


And the Word of your Lord has been fulfilled in truth and in justice. None can change His Words. And He is the AllHearer, the AllKnower.

116.

وَإِن تُطِعُ أَكُثَرَ مَن فِى ٱلْأَرُضِ يُضِلُّوكَ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِۚ إِن يَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا ٱلظَّنَّ وَإِنَّ هُمُ إِلَّا يَخُرُصُونَ ۚ

And if you obey most of those on earth, they will mislead you far away from Allâh's Path. They follow nothing but conjectures, and they do nothing but lie.



Verily, your Lord! It is He Who knows best who strays from His Way, and He knows best the rightly guided ones.

118.

So eat of that (meat) on which Allâh's Name has been pronounced (while slaughtering the animal), if you are believers in His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.).

119

وَمَا لَكُمُ أَلَّا تَأُكُلُواْ مِمَّا ذُكِرَ ٱسُمُ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَقَدُ فَصَّلَ لَكُم مَّا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمُ إِلَّا مَا ٱضُطُرِرُتُمُ إِلَيْهِ وَإِنَّ كَثِيرًا لَّيُضِلُّونَ بِأَهُوَآبِهِم بِغَيْرِ عِلُمِّ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ أَعُلَمُ بِٱلْمُعُتَدِينَ ﴿

And why should you not eat of that (meat) on which Allâh's Name has been pronounced (at the time of slaughtering the animal), while He has explained to you in detail what is forbidden to you, except under compulsion of necessity? And surely many do lead (mankind) astray by their own desires through lack of knowledge. Certainly your Lord knows best the transgressors.

120

Leave (O mankind, all kinds of) sin, open and secret. Verily, those who commit sin will get due recompense for that which they used to commit.

121

وَلَا تَأُكُلُواْ مِمَّا لَمُ يُذُكِرِ ٱسُمُ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَإِنَّهُ ۗ لَفِسُقُّ وَإِنَّ ٱلشَّيَنطِينَ لَيُوحُونَ إِلَىٰٓ أَوْلِيَآيِهِمُ لِيُجَدِلُو كُمُّ وَإِنَّ أَطَعْتُمُوهُمُ إِنَّكُمُ لَمُشُرِ كُونَ



Eat not (O believers) of that (meat) on which Allâh's Name has not been pronounced (at the time of the slaughtering of the animal), for sure it is *Fisq* (a sin and disobedience of Allâh). And certainly, the *Shayâtin* (devils) do inspire their friends (from mankind) to dispute with you, and if you obey them [I] [by making *AlMaytatah* (a dead animal) legal by eating it], then you would indeed be *Mushrikûn* (polytheists) [because they (devils and their friends) made lawful to you to eat that which Allâh has made unlawful to eat and you obeyed them by considering it lawful to eat, and by doing so you worshipped them, and to worship others besides Allâh is polytheism].

أَوَمَــن كَــانَ مَيُّتَــا فَأَحُيَيْنَــهُ وَجَعَلُنَـا لَــهُ و نُــورًا يَمُشِــى بِــه وَجَعَلُنَـا لَــه و نُــورًا يَمُشِــى بِــه و فِــى ٱلظُّلُمَـــتِ لَيْسَ بِخَــارِجٍ مِن مَّقَلُــه و فِــى ٱلظُّلُمَـــتِ لَيْسَ بِخَــارِجٍ مِنْهَا كَذَالِكَ زُيِّنَ لِلْكَنفِرِينَ مَا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ عَلَى اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ عَلَيْ اللهُ اللهَ اللهُ اللهُ

Is he who was dead (without Faith by ignorance and disbelief) and We gave him life (by knowledge and Faith) and set for him a light (of Belief) whereby he can walk amongst men, like him who is in the darkness (of disbelief, polytheism and hypocrisy) from which he can never come out? Thus it is made fairseeming to the disbelievers that which they used to do.

123

وَكَذَالِكَ جَعَلُنَا فِي كُلِّ قَرْيَةٍ أَكَسِرَ مُجُرِمِيهَا لِيَمُكُرُواْ فِيهَا ۗ وَمَا يَمُكُرُواْ فِيهَا وَمَا يَمُكُرُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَرُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَرُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَرُونَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّا عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَّ عَلَى اللّ

And thus We have set up in every town great ones of its wicked people to plot therein. But they plot not except against their ownselves, and they perceive (it) not.

124.

وَإِذَا جَآءَتُهُمُ ءَايَةٌ قَالُواْ لَن نُؤُمِنَ حَتَّىٰ نُؤُتَىٰ مِثْلَ مَٓا أُوتِىَ رُسُلُ ٱللَّهِ ٱللَّهِ أَعُلَمُ حَيْثُ يَجُعَلُ رِسَالَتَهُ مُّ سَيُصِيبُ ٱلَّذِينَ أَجُرَمُواْ صَغَارٌ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ وَعَذَابُ شَدِيدٌ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَمْكُرُونَ اللَّهِ

And when there comes to them a sign (from Allâh) they say: "We shall not believe until we receive the like of that which the Messengers of Allâh had received." Allâh knows best with whom to place His Message. Humiliation and disgrace from Allâh and a severe torment will overtake the criminals (polytheists, sinners, etc.) for that which they used to plot.

125.

فَمَن يُودِ ٱللَّهُ أَن يَهُدِيَهُ ويَشُرَحُ صَدُرَهُ ولِلْإِسُلَامِ وَمَن يُودُ أَن يُضِلَّهُ ويَجُعَلُ صَدُرَهُ وضَيِّقًا حَرَجًا كَأَنَّمَا يَصَّعَدُ فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ كَذَلِكَ يَجُعَلُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلرِّجُ سَ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ٢

And whomsoever Allâh wills to guide, He opens his breast to Islâm, and whomsoever He wills to send astray, He makes his breast closed and constricted, as if he is climbing up to the sky. Thus Allâh puts the wrath on those who believe not. I

126

وَهَلَذَا صِرَاطُ رَبِّكَ مُسُتَقِيمًا ۗقَدُ فَصَّلْنَا ٱلْأَيَلِتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَذَّكَّرُونَ ﷺ

And this is the Path of your Lord (the Qur'ân and Islâm) leading Straight. We have detailed Our Revelations for a people who take heed.

لَهُ مُ دَارُ ٱلسَّلَمِ عِندَ رَبِّهِ مُ وَهُ وَ وَلِيُّهُ م بِمَا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ إِنَّا

For them will be the home of peace (Paradise) with their Lord. And He will be their *Walî* (Helper and Protector) because of what they used to do.

128.

وَيَوْمَ يَحُشُرُهُمُ جَمِيعًا يَهمَعُشَرَ ٱلْجِنِّ قَدِ ٱسۡتَكُثَرُتُم مِّنَ ٱلۡإِنسِ ۗ وَقَالَ اَوۡتَالَ اَوۡتَا اَلّٰذِيۤ اَوۡتَالَ اَوۡتَالَ اَوۡتَالَ اَوۡتَالَ اَوۡتَا اَلّٰذِيۤ اَوۡتَالَ اَوۡتَا اَلۡاَ اَوۡتَ لَنَا أَوۡلَا اَلۡاَ اللّٰهُ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ حَكِيمً اللّٰهُ إِنّا مَا شَآءَ ٱللّٰهُ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ حَكِيمً عَلَيْهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰ اللّٰ اللّٰهُ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ حَكِيمً عَلَيْهِ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰ اللّٰ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰ اللّٰهُ اللّٰمُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰلَٰ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰهُ اللّٰلِلْمُ اللّٰهُ الللّٰ اللّٰلِلْمُ اللّٰلِمُ اللّٰلِلْمُ اللّٰلَٰ الللّٰلِمُ اللّٰلِي الللّٰلِمُ الللّٰلِمُ الللّٰلِمُ اللّٰلِمُ اللّٰلِمُ الللّٰلِمُ اللّٰلِمُ الللّٰلِمُ الللللّٰلِمُ الللّٰلِمُ اللّٰلِمُ الللللّٰلُولُمُ اللللّٰلِمُ الللّٰلِمُ الللللّٰلِمُ اللّٰلَّالُمُ الللللّٰلِلْمُ الللّٰلَ

And on the Day when He will gather them (all) together (and say): "O you assembly of jinns! Many did you mislead of men," and their *Auliyâ*' (friends and helpers, etc.) amongst men will say: "Our Lord! We benefited one from the other, but now we have reached our appointed term which You did appoint for us." He will say: "The Fire be your dwellingplace, you will dwell therein forever, except as Allâh may will. Certainly your Lord is AllWise, AllKnowing."

129

And thus We do make the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.) *Auliyâ'* (supporters and helpers) one to another (in committing crimes etc.), because of that which they used to earn.

130

يَدَمَعُشَرَ ٱلَّجِنِّ وَٱلْإِنسِ أَلَمُ يَأْتِكُمُ رُسُلُّ مِّنكُمُ يَقُصُّونَ عَلَيْكُمُ ءَايَدتِى وَيُنذِرُونَكُمُ لِقَاءَ يَـوُمِكُمُ هَدذَاْ قَالُواْ شَهِدُنَا عَلَىٰۤ أَنفُسِنَا وَغَرَّتُهُمُ ٱلْحَيَوٰةُ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَشَهِدُواْ عَلَىٰۤ أَنفُسِهِمُ أَنَّهُمُ كَانُواْ كَنفِرينَ ﴿

O you assembly of jinns and mankind! "Did not there come to you Messengers from amongst you, reciting unto you My Verses and warning you of the meeting of this Day of yours?" They will say: "We bear witness against ourselves." It was the life of this world that deceived them. And they will bear witness against themselves that they were disbelievers.

131.

This is because your Lord would not destroy the (populations of) towns for their wrongdoing (i.e. associating others in worship along with Allâh) while their people were unaware (so the Messengers were sent).

For all there will be degrees (or ranks) according to what they did. And your Lord is not unaware of what they do.

133.

And your Lord is Rich (Free of all wants), full of Mercy, if He will, He can destroy you, and in your place make whom He will as your successors, as He raised you from the seed of other people.

134

Surely, that which you are promised will verily come to pass, and you cannot escape (from the Punishment of Allâh).

135.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "O my people! Work according to your way, surely, I too am working (in my way), and you will come to know for which of us will be the (happy) end in the Hereafter. Certainly the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.) will not be successful."

136

And they assign to Allâh a share of the tilth and cattle which He has created, and they say: "This is for Allâh according to their pretending, and this is for our (Allâh's socalled) partners." But the share of their (Allâh's socalled) "partners" reaches not Allâh, while the share of Allâh reaches their (Allâh's socalled) "partners"! Evil is the way they judge!

137.

وَكَذَالِكَ زَيَّنَ لِكَثِيرٍ مِّنَ ٱلْمُشُرِكِينَ قَتُلَ أَوُلَدِهِمُ شُرَكَّاَؤُهُمُ لِيُرُدُوهُمُ
وَلِيَلْبِسُواْ عَلَيْهِمُ دِينَهُمُّ وَلَـوُ شَآءَ ٱللَّـهُ مَا فَعَلُـوهُ فَذَرُهُمُ وَمَا
يَفُتَرُونَ ۚ

And so to many of the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists - see V.2:105) their (Allâh's socalled) "partners" have made fair-seeming the killing of their children, in order to lead them to their own destruction and cause confusion in their religion. And if Allâh had willed they would not have done so. So leave them

وَقَالُواْ هَدِذِهِ ۚ أَنْعَدُمُ وَحَرُثُ حِجُرُ لَا يَطُعَمُهَاۤ إِلَّا مَن نَّشَآءُ بِزَعُمِهِمُ
وَأَنْعَدمُ حُرِّمَتُ ظُهُورُهَا وَأَنْعَدمُ لَّا يَذُكُرُونَ ٱسُمَ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْهَا ٱفُتِرَآءً
عَلَيْهِ سَيَجُزِيهِم بِمَا كَانُواْ يَفُتَرُونَ ﴿

عَلَيْهِ اللّهِ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ الْكُواْ عَلَيْهِ الْمَا الْكُولُونَ ﴿

عَلَيْهِ اللّهِ عَلَيْهِ اللّهِ عَلَيْهِ اللّهِ الْعَلَى الْمُثَالِقُونَ الْمَا اللّهِ عَلَيْهِ الْمُؤْونَ الْمُا اللّهِ عَلَيْهِ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّ

And according to their pretending, they say that such and such cattle and crops are forbidden, and none should eat of them except those whom we allow. And (they say) there are cattle forbidden to be used for burden or any other work, and cattle on which (at slaughtering) the Name of Allâh is not pronounced; lying against Him (Allâh). He will recompense them for what they used to fabricate.

139.

وَقَالُواْ مَا فِي بُطُونِ هَدِهِ ٱلْأَنْعَدِمِ خَالِصَةٌ لِّذُكُورِنَا وَمُحَرَّمُّ عَلَىٰٓ أَزُوَ ﴿جِنَّا ۗ وَإِن يَكُن مَّيُتَةً فَهُمُ فِيهِ شُرَ كَآءٌ ۚ سَيَجُزِيهِمُ وَصُفَهُمُ ۚ إِنَّهُ ۚ حَكِيمٌ عَلِيمٌ



And they say: "What is in the bellies of such and such cattle (milk or foetus) is for our males alone, and forbidden to our females (girls and women), but if it is born dead, then all have shares therein." He will punish them for their attribution (of such false orders to Allâh). Verily, He is AllWise, All-Knower. (*Tafsir AtTabarî*, Vol. 8, Page 49).

140.

قَـدُ خَسِـرَ ٱلَّـذِينَ قَتَلُـوٓا أَولَـدَهُمُ سَـفَهَا بِغَـيُرِ عِلْـمٍ وَحَـرَّمُواْ مَا رَزَقَهُ مُ ٱللَّـهُ ٱفَـتِرَآءً عَلَـى ٱللَّـهِ قَـدُ ضَلُّـواْ وَمَا كَانُواْ مُهُتَـدِينَ



Indeed lost are they who have killed their children, from folly, without knowledge, and have forbidden that which Allâh has provided for them, inventing a lie against Allâh. They have indeed gone astray and were not guided.

141.

﴿ وَهُ وَ ٱلَّذِي ٓ أَنشَا ۚ جَنَّتِ مَّعُرُوشَ بِ وَغَيْرَ مَعُرُوشَ بِ وَٱلنَّخُلَ وَٱللَّهُ وَٱلنَّفُ لَ وَٱللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ا

And it is He Who produces gardens trellised and untrellised, and datepalms, and crops of different shape and taste (its fruits and its seeds) and olives, and pomegranates, similar (in kind) and different (in taste). Eat of their fruit when they ripen, but pay the due thereof (its *Zakât*, according to Allâh's Orders 1/10th or 1/20th) on the day of its harvest, and waste not by extravagance. Verily, He likes not *Al-Musrifûn* (those who waste by extravagance),

وَمِنَ ٱلْأَنْعَدِمِ حَمُولَةً وَفَرُشًا ۚ كُلُواْ مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُواْ خُطُوَتِ ٱلشَّيْطَدِنِ ۚ إِنَّهُ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُواْ خُطُوَتِ ٱلشَّيْطَدِنِ ۚ إِنَّهُ وَلَكُمُ عَدُقٌ مُّبِينٌ ۚ

And of the cattle (are some) for burden (like camels etc.) and (some are) small (unable to carry burden like sheep, goats etc. for food, meat, milk, wool etc.). Eat of what Allâh has provided for you, and follow not the footsteps of *Shaitân* (Satan). Surely he is to you an open enemy.

143.

ثَمَننِيَةَ أَزُوَ ﴿ حَجَّمِ نَ ٱلضَّأُنِ ٱثَنْيُنِ وَمِنَ ٱلْمَعُزِ ٱثُنَيُنِ قُلُ ءَآلذَّ كَرَيُنِ حَرَّمَ أَمِ ٱلْأُنْثَيَيُنِ أَمَّا ٱشُتَمَلَتُ عَلَيْهِ أَرُحَامُ ٱلْأُنْثَيَيُنِ أَنَيِّ نَبِّئُونِي بِعِلْمِ إِن كُنتُمُ صَدِقِينَ ﴿ عَلَيْهِ أَرْحَامُ ٱلْأُنْثَيَيُنِ أَنَّ عَلَيْهِ أَرْحَامُ ٱلْأُنْثَيَيُنِ أَ

Eight pairs; of the sheep two (male and female) [], and of the goats two (male and female). Say: "Has He forbidden the two males or the two females, or (the young) which the wombs of the two females enclose? Inform me with knowledge if you are truthful."

144.

And of the camels two (male and female), and of oxen two (male and female). Say: "Has He forbidden the two males or the two females or (the young) which the wombs of the two females enclose? Or were you present when Allâh ordered you such a thing? Then who does more wrong than one who invents a lie against Allâh, to lead mankind astray without knowledge. Certainly Allâh guides not the people who are *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.)."

145.

قُل لا آَجِدُ فِى مَا أُوحِى إِلَى مُحَرَّمًا عَلَىٰ طَاعِمٍ يَطُعَمُهُ وَإِلَّا أَن يَكُونَ مَيْتَةً أَوْ دَمًا مَّسُفُوحًا أَوْ لَحُمَ خِنزِيرٍ فَإِنَّهُ ورِجُسُّ أَوْ فِسُقًا يَكُونَ مَيْتَةً أَوْ دَمًا مَّسُفُوحًا أَوْ لَحُمَ خِنزِيرٍ فَإِنَّهُ ورِجُسُّ أَوْ فِسُقًا أَهِلَّ لِغَيْرِ اللَّهِ بِهِ قَلَمَ نِ اصْطُر ّ غَيْرَ بَا غٍ وَلَا عَادٍ فَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ غَفُورٌ رَجِيمٌ اللَّهِ بِهِ قَلَمَ نِ اصْطُر ّ غَيْرَ بَا غٍ وَلَا عَادٍ فَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ غَفُورٌ رَجِيمٌ اللَّهِ فِي اللَّهِ فِي اللَّهِ فَا فَا اللَّهِ فِي اللَّهِ فَا مَن السَّالِ اللَّهِ فِي اللَّهِ فِي اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ فِي اللَّهُ فِي اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ فِي اللَّهُ فَا الْمَا الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمَالُ وَلِهُ اللَّهُ فِي الْمُؤْلِقُولُ الْمَالُولُ الْمَالِقُولُ الْمِنْ فَا الْمِنْ اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ فِي اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ فَالْمُ اللَّهُ فَا الْمُؤْلُولُ اللَّهُ فَا لَهُ اللَّهُ فَا ال

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I find not in that which has been inspired to me anything forbidden to be eaten by one who wishes to eat it, unless it be *Maytatah* (a dead animal) or blood poured forth (by slaughtering or the like), or the flesh of swine (pork, etc.) for that surely is impure, or impious (unlawful) meat (of an animal) which is slaughtered as a sacrifice for others than Allâh (or has been slaughtered for idols, etc., or on which Allâh's Name has not been mentioned while slaughtering). But whosoever is forced by necessity without wilful disobedience, nor transgressing due limits, (for him) certainly, your Lord is OftForgiving, Most Merciful."

وَعَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ هَادُواْ حَرَّمُنَا كُلَّ ذِى ظُفُرٍ ۗ وَمِنَ ٱلْبَقَرِ وَٱلْغَنَمِ حَرَّمُنَا عَلَيْهِمُ شُ عَلَيْهِمُ شُحُومَهُمَاۤ إِلَّا مَا حَمَلَتُ ظُهُورُهُمَاۤ أَوِ ٱلْحَوَايَاۤ أَوْ مَا ٱخُتَلَطَّ بِعَظُمٍ ذَلِكَ جَزَيْنَهُم بِبَغْيِهِمُّ وَإِنَّا لَصَدِقُونَ ۚ

And unto those who are Jews, We forbade every (animal) with undivided hoof, and We forbade them the fat of the ox and the sheep except what adheres to their backs or their entrails, or is mixed up with a bone. Thus We recompensed them for their rebellion [committing crimes like murdering the Prophets, eating of *Ribâ* (usury), etc.]. And verily, We are Truthful.

147.

فَإِن كَذَّبُوكَ فَقُل رَّبُّكُمُ ذُو رَحُمَةٍ وَسِعَةٍ وَلَا يُرَدُّ بَأُسُهُ عَنِ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلْمُجُرمِينَ ۞

If they (Jews) belie you (Muhammad SAW) say you: "Your Lord is the Owner of Vast Mercy, and never will His Wrath be turned back from the people who are *Mujrimûn* (criminals, polytheists, sinners, etc.)."

148.

سَيَقُولُ ٱلَّذِينَ أَشُرَكُواْ لَوُ شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ مَآ أَشُرَكُنَا وَلَآ ءَابَآؤُنَا وَلَا حَرَّمُنَا مِن شَيُءٍ ۚ كَذَلِكَ كَذَّبَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِهِم حَتَّىٰ ذَاقُواْ بَأُسَنَا ۚ قُلُ هَلُ عِندَكُم مِّنُ عِلْمٍ فَتُخُرِجُوهُ لَنَا ۗ إِن تَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا ٱلظَّنَّ وَإِنْ أَنتُمُ إِلَّا تَخُرُصُونَ ﴿

Those who took partners (in worship) with Allâh will say: "If Allâh had willed, we would not have taken partners (in worship) with Him, nor would our fathers, and we would not have forbidden anything (against His Will)." Likewise belied those who were before them, (they argued falsely with Allâh's Messengers), till they tasted of Our Wrath. Say: "Have you any knowledge (proof) that you can produce before us? Verily, you follow nothing but guess and you do nothing but lie."

149

Say: "With Allâh is the perfect proof and argument, (i.e. the Oneness of Allâh, the sending of His Messengers and His Holy Books, etc. to mankind), had He so willed, He would indeed have guided you all."

150.

قُلُ هَلُمَّ شُهَدَآءَ كُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ يَشُهَدُونَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ حَرَّمَ هَدَذَا فَإِن شَهِدُواْ فَلَا تَشُهَدُ مَعَهُمُ وَلَا تَتَبِعُ أَهُوَآءَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِاَيَعِتِنَا وَٱلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤُمِنُونَ بِاللَّهَدُ مَعَهُمُ وَلَا تَتَبِعُ أَهُوَآءَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِاَيَعِتِنَا وَٱلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤُمِنُونَ بِاللَّهَ مِ بِرَبِّهِمُ يَعُدِلُونَ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ عَلَيْكُونَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونَ الْعَلَيْكُونَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونَ الْكُونَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونَ الْمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ اللَّهُ الْكُولُونُ اللَّهُ اللَّه

Say: "Bring forward your witnesses, who can testify that Allâh has forbidden this. Then if they testify, testify not you (O Muhammad SAW) with them. And you should not follow the vain desires of such as treat Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) as falsehoods, and such as believe not in the Hereafter, and they hold others as equal (in worship) with their Lord."

قُلُ التَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْلِلْمُ اللَّهُ اللْلِهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ ال

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Come, I will recite what your Lord has prohibited you from: Join not anything in worship with Him; be good and dutiful to your parents; kill not your children because of poverty - We provide sustenance for you and for them; come not near to *Al-Fawâhish* (shameful sins, illegal sexual intercourse, etc.) whether committed openly or secretly, and kill not anyone whom Allâh has forbidden, except for a just cause (according to Islâmic law). This He has commanded you that you may understand.

152.

وَلَا تَقُرَبُواْ مَالَ ٱلْيَتِيمِ إِلَّا بِٱلَّتِي هِىَ أَحُسَنُ حَتَّىٰ يَبُلُغَ أَشُدَّهُ ۗ وَأُوفُواْ الْكَيْلَ وَٱلْمِيزَانَ بِٱلْقِسُطِ لَا نُكَلِّفُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسُعَهَا وَإِذَا قُلْتُمُ فَاعُدِلُواْ وَلَكَيْلَ وَٱلْمِيزَانَ بِٱلْقِسُطِ لَا نُكَلِّفُ نَفْسًا إِلَّا وُسُعَهَا وَإِذَا قُلْتُمُ فَاعُدِلُواْ وَلَكَيْلُ وَاللّهِ مَا لَا يُكَلّفُ مَ وَصَّلَكُم بِهِ عَلَيْكُمُ وَلَا قُرْبَى وَاللّهِ اللّهِ أَوْفُوا أَذَلِكُم وَصَّلَكُم بِهِ عَلَيْكُم تَذَكّرُونَ هَا تَذَكّرُونَ هَا اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهُ

"And come not near to the orphan's property, except to improve it, until he (or she) attains the age of full strength; and give full measure and full weight with justice. We burden not any person, but that which he can bear. And whenever you give your word (i.e. judge between men or give evidence, etc.), say the truth even if a near relative is concerned, and fulfill the Covenant of Allâh, This He commands you, that you may remember.

153.

وَأَنَّ هَدْذَا صِرَ طِى مُسْتَقِيمًا فَٱتَّبِعُوهٌ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُواْ ٱلسُّبُلَ فَتَفَرَّقَ بِكُمْ عَن سَبِيلِهِۦۚ ذَٰلِكُمُ وَصَّدَكُم بِهِۦ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَتَّقُونَ ۗ

"And verily, this (i.e. Allâh's Commandments mentioned in the above two Verses 151 and 152) is my Straight Path, so follow it, and follow not (other) paths, for they will separate you away from His Path. This He has ordained for you that you may become *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2)."

154.

ثُـمَّ ءَاتَيُنَـا مُوسَـى ٱلْكِـتَـنِ تَمَامًا عَلَـى ٱلَّـذِيّ أَحُسَـنَ وَتَفُصِـيلًا لِّكُـلِّ شَـىُءٍ وَهُـدًى وَرَحُمَةً لَّعَلَّهُـم بِلِقَآءِ رَبِّهِمُ يُؤُمِنُونَ ۗ

Then, We gave Mûsa (Moses) the Book [the Taurât (Torah)], to complete (Our Favour) upon those who would do right, and explaining all things in detail and a guidance and a mercy that they might believe in the meeting with their Lord.

وَهَلِذَا كِلتَلِبُّ أَنزَ لُنَكِهُ مُبَارَكُ فَاتَّبِعُوهُ وَٱتَّقُواْ لَعَلَّكُمُ تُرَحَمُونَ



And this is a blessed Book (the Qur'ân) which We have sent down, so follow it and fear Allâh (i.e. do not disobey His Orders), that you may receive mercy (i.e. saved from the torment of Hell).

156.

أَن تَقُولُوٓ الْإِنَّمَ ٓ أُنــزِلَ ٱلْكِــتَنبُ عَلَــىٰ طَـ آبِفَتَيُنِ مِن قَبُلِنَا وَإِن كُنَّا عَن دَرَاسَتِهِمُ لَغَنفِلِينَ
هَن دِرَاسَتِهِمُ لَغَنفِلِينَ هَا

Lest you (pagan Arabs) should say: "The Book was only sent down to two sects before us (the Jews and the Christians), and for our part, we were in fact unaware of what they studied."

157.

أَوُ تَقُولُواْ لَوُ أَنَّا أُنزِلَ عَلَيْنَا ٱلْكِتَىبُ لَكُنَّا أَهُدَىٰ مِنْهُمُّ فَقَدُ جَآءَكُم بَيِّنَةُ مِّن رَّبِّكُمُ وَهُدًى وَرَحُمَةُ فَمَنُ أَظُلَمُ مِمَّن كَذَّبَ بِعَايَىتِ ٱللَّهِ وَصَدَفَ عَنْهَاً سَنَجُزِى ٱلَّذِينَ يَصُدِفُونَ عَنْ ءَايَنتِنَا سُوٓءَ ٱلْعَذَابِ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَصُدِفُونَ ۚ

Or lest you (pagan Arabs) should say: "If only the Book had been sent down to us, we would surely have been better guided than they (Jews and Christians)." So now has come unto you a clear proof (the Qur'ân) from your Lord, and a guidance and a mercy. Who then does more wrong than one who rejects the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh and turns away therefrom? We shall requite those who turn away from Our *Ayât* with an evil torment, because of their turning away (from them). [*Tafsir At-Tabari*, Vol. 8, Page 95]

158

هَلُ يَنظُرُونَ إِلاَّ أَن تَأْتِيَهُمُ ٱلْمَلَآئِكَةُ أَوْ يَأْتِيَ رَبُّكَ أَوُ يَأْتِي بَعُضُ ءَايَنتِ رَبِّكَ يَوْمَ يَأْتِي بَعُضُ ءَايَنتِ رَبِّكَ لَا يَنفَعُ نَفْسًا إِيمَننُهَا لَمُ تَكُنُ ءَامَنَتُ مِن قَبُلُ أَوْ كَسَبَتُ فِي إِيمَنِهَا خَيْرًا ۗ قُلِ ٱنتَظِرُوۤا ۚ إِنَّا مُنتَظِرُونَ ۚ

Do they then wait for anything other than that the angels should come to them, or that your Lord should come, or that some of the Signs of your Lord should come (i.e. portents of the Hour e.g., arising of the sun from the west)! The day that some of the Signs of your Lord do come, no good will it do to a person to believe then, if he believed not before, nor earned good (by performing deeds of righteousness) through his Faith. Say: "Wait you! we (too) are waiting."

159.

إِنَّ ٱلَّـذِينَ فَرَّقُـواْ دِينَهُـمُ وَكَانُواْ شِـيَعًا لَّسُـتَ مِنْهُـمُ فِـى شَـىُءٍۚ إِنَّمَاۤ أَمُرُهُمُ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ ثُمَّ يُنَبِّئُهُم بِمَا كَانُواْ يَفْعَلُونَ ۗ

Verily, those who divide their religion and break up into sects (all kinds of religious sects)^[], you (O Muhammad SAW) have no concern in them in the least. Their affair is only with Allâh, Who then will

tell them what they used to do.

160.

مَن جَآءَ بِٱلْحَسَنَةِ فَلَهُ عَشُرُ أَمُثَالِهَا وَمَن جَآءَ بِٱلسَّيِّئَةِ فَلَا يُجُزَى إِلَّا مِثْلَهَا وَهُمُ لَا يُظُلَمُونَ عَشَرُ أَمُثَالِهَا وَهُمُ لَا يُظُلَمُونَ عَشَ

Whoever brings a good deed (Islâmic Monotheism and deeds of obedience to Allâh and His Messenger SAW) shall have ten times the like thereof to his credit, and whoever brings an evil deed (polytheism, disbelief, hypocrisy, and deeds of disobedience to Allâh and His Messenger SAW) shall have only the recompense of the like thereof, and they will not be wronged.

161

قُلُ إِنَّنِى هَدَننِى رَبِّى إِلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُّسُتَقِيمٍ دِينًا قِيَمًا مِّلَّةَ إِلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُّسُتَقِيمٍ دِينًا قِيَمًا مِّلَّةَ إِبُرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُشُركِينَ ﴿

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Truly, my Lord has guided me to a Straight Path, a right religion, the religion of Ibrâhim (Abraham), *Hanifa* [i.e. the true Islâmic Monotheism - to believe in One God (Allâh i.e. to worship none but Allâh, Alone)] and he was not of *Al-Mushrikûn* (see V.2:105)."

162

قُــلُ إِنَّ صَلَاتِــى وَنُسُــكِى وَمَحُيَــاىَ وَمَمَــاتِى لِلَّــهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَـٰلَمِيــنَ

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Verily, my *Salât* (prayer), my sacrifice, my living, and my dying are for Allâh, the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

163

"He has no partner. And of this I have been commanded, and I am the first of the Muslims."

164.

قُلُ أَغَيْرَ ٱللَّهِ أَبُغِى رَبَّا وَهُوَ رَبُّ كُلِّ شَىءٍ ۚ وَلَا تَكُسِبُ كُلُّ نَفُسٍ إِلَّا عَلَيْهَا وَهُو رَبُّ كُلِّ شَىءٍ ۚ وَلَا تَكُسِبُ كُلُّ نَفُسٍ إِلَّا عَلَيْهَا ۚ وَلَا تَكِسُبُ كُلُّ فَعُنَبِّئُكُم عَلَيْهَا ۚ وَلَا تَزِرُ وَازِرَةٌ وِزُرَ أُخُرَىٰ ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكُم مَّرُ جِعُكُمُ فَيُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا كُنتُمُ فِيهِ تَخْتَلِفُونَ ۗ

Say: "Shall I seek a lord other than Allâh, while He is the Lord of all things? No person earns any (sin) except against himself (only), and no bearer of burdens shall bear the burden of another. Then unto your Lord is your return, so He will tell you that wherein you have been differing."

165

وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِى جَعَلَكُمُ خَلَيْهِ ٱلْأَرُضِ وَرَفَعَ بَعُضَكُمُ فَوُقَ بَعُضِ دَرَجَيتٍ لِّيَبُلُوَ كُمُ فِي مَا ءَاتَنكُمُ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ سَرِيعُ ٱلْعِقَابِ وَإِنَّهُ لَغَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ



And it is He Who has made you generations coming after generations, replacing each other on the

earth. And He has raised you in ranks, some above others that He may try you in that which He has bestowed on you. Surely your Lord is Swift in retribution, and certainly He is OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

7. Al-A'râf Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful, الْمَـــِضَ 🛈 AlifLâmMîmSâd. [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings] 2. كِتَنبُ أَنزلَ إِلَيْكَ فَلَا يَكُن فِي صَدُركَ حَرَ يُج مِّنُهُ لِتُنذِرَ بِهِ، وَذِكْرَىٰ (This is the) Book (the Qur'ân) sent down unto you (O Muhammad SAW), so let not your breast be narrow therefrom, that you warn thereby, and a reminder unto the believers 3. ٱتَّبِعُواْ مَاۤ أَنزِلَ إِلَيْكُم مِّن رَّبِّكُمُ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُواْ مِن دُونِهِۦٓ أَوُلِيٓآءً ۗ قَلِيلًا مَّا تَذَكُّرُونَ ٣ [Say (O Muhammad SAW) to these idolaters (pagan Arabs) of your folk:] Follow what has been sent down unto you from your Lord (the Qur'ân and Prophet Muhammad's Sunnah), and follow not any Auliyâ' (protectors and helpers, etc. who order you to associate partners in worship with Allâh), besides Him (Allâh). Little do you remember! 4. وَكُم مِّن قَرُيَةٍ أَهُلَكُننهَا فَجَآءَهَا بَأْسُنَا بَيَنتًا أَوُ هُمُ قَآبِلُونَ ٦ And a great number of towns (their population) We destroyed (for their crimes). Our torment came upon them (suddenly) by night or while they were sleeping for their afternoon rest. 5. فَمَا كَانَ دَعُونِهُمُ إِذُ جَآءَهُم بَأْسُنَآ إِلَّآ أَن قَالُوٓاْ إِنَّا كُنَّا ظَلِمِينَ ﴿ No cry did they utter when Our Torment came upon them but this: "Verily, we were Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.)". 6. فَلَنَسُ عَلَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ أَرُسِلَ إِلَيْهِمُ وَلَنَسُ عَلَنَّ ٱلْمُرُ سَلِينَ 🟐 Then surely, We shall question those (people) to whom it (the Book) was sent and verily, We shall question the Messengers 7. فَلَنَقُصَّنَّ عَلَيُهِم بِعِلُمُّ وَمَا كُنَّا غَآبِبِينَ ۞

Then surely, We shall narrate unto them (their whole story) with knowledge, and indeed We were

not absent.

وَٱلَّـوَزُنُ يَوُمَبِـذٍ ٱلَّحَـقُّ فَمَـن ثَقُلَـتُ مَوَ رِينُهُۥ فَأُوْلَنَبِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُفُلِحُونَ



And the weighing on that day (Day of Resurrection) will be the true (weighing) II . So as for those whose scale (of good deeds) will be heavy, they will be the successful (by entering Paradise).

9.

And as for those whose scale will be light, they are those who will lose their ownselves (by entering Hell) because they denied and rejected Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.).

10.



And surely, We gave you authority on the earth and appointed for you therein provisions (for your life). Little thanks do you give.

11.

And surely, We created you (your father Adam) and then gave you shape (the noble shape of a human being), then We told the angels, "Prostrate to Adam", and they prostrated, except *Iblîs* (Satan), he refused to be of those who prostrate.

12.

(Allâh) said: "What prevented you (O *Iblîs*) that you did not prostrate, when I commanded you?" *Iblîs* said: "I am better than him (Adam), You created me from fire, and him You created from clay."

13.

(Allâh) said: "(O *Iblîs*) get down from this (Paradise), it is not for you to be arrogant here. Get out, for you are of those humiliated and disgraced."

قَالَ أَنظِرُ نِنَ إِلَىٰ يَوُمِ يُبُعَثُونَ ١

(Iblîs) said: "Allow me respite till the Day they are raised up (i.e. the Day of Resurrection)."

15.

(Allâh) said: "You are of those allowed respite."

16.

(*Iblîs*) said: "Because You have sent me astray, surely I will sit in wait against them (human beings) on Your Straight Path.

17.

Then I will come to them from before them and behind them, from their right and from their left, and You will not find most of them as thankful ones (i.e. they will not be dutiful to You)."

18.

(Allâh) said (to *Iblîs*) "Get out from this (Paradise) disgraced and expelled. Whoever of them (mankind) will follow you, then surely I will fill Hell with you all."

19.

"And O Adam! Dwell you and your wife in Paradise, and eat thereof as you both wish, but approach not this tree otherwise you both will be of the *Zâlimûn* (unjust and wrongdoers)."

20.

فَوَسُوسَ لَهُمَا ٱلشَّيُطَنُ لِيُبُدِى لَهُمَا مَا وُورِى عَنْهُمَا مِن سَوُءَ تِهِمَا وَقَالَ مَا نَهُكُمَا مَا وَعَنهُمَا مِن سَوُءَ تِهِمَا وَقَالَ مَا نَهَدُكُمَا رَبُّكُمَا عَنْ هَدِذِهِ ٱلشَّجَرَةِ إِلَّا أَن تَكُونَا مَلَكَيْنِ أَوْ تَكُونَا مَلَكَيْنِ أَوْ تَكُونَا مِلْكَيْنِ أَوْ تَكُونَا مِلْ اللهِينَ اللهَ اللهِينَ اللهَ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ

Then Shaitân (Satan) whispered suggestions to them both in order to uncover that which was hidden from them of their private parts (before); he said: "Your Lord did not forbid you this tree save you should become angels or become of the immortals."

And he [Shaitân (Satan)] swore by Allâh to them both (saying): "Verily, I am one of the sincere well-wishers for you both."

22.

فَدَلَّنَهُمَا بِغُرُورٍ فَلَمَّا ذَاقَا ٱلشَّجَرَةَ بَدَتُ لَهُمَا سَوُءَتُهُمَا وَطَفِقَا يَخُصِفَانِ عَلَيْهِمَا مِن وَرَقِ ٱلْجَنَّةِ وَنَادَنَهُمَا رَبُّهُمَّ ٱللَّمُ أَنَهُكُمَا عَن تِلُكُمَا ٱلشَّجَرَةِ وَلَقَيْهِمَا مِن وَرَقِ ٱلْجَنَّةِ وَنَادَنَهُمَا رَبُّهُمَّ ٱلْمُ أَنَهُكُمَا عَن تِلُكُمَا ٱلشَّجَرَةِ وَأَقُل لَكُمَا عَدُقٌ مُّبِينٌ ٢

So he misled them with deception. Then when they tasted of the tree, that which was hidden from them of their shame (private parts) became manifest to them and they began to stick together the leaves of Paradise over themselves (in order to cover their shame). And their Lord called out to them (saying): "Did I not forbid you that tree and tell you: Verily, *Shaitân* (Satan) is an open enemy unto you?"

23.

They said: "Our Lord! We have wronged ourselves. If You forgive us not, and bestow not upon us Your Mercy, we shall certainly be of the losers."

24.

(Allâh) said: "Get down, one of you an enemy to the other [i.e. Adam, Hawwa (Eve), and *Shaitân* (Satan), etc.]. On earth will be a dwellingplace for you and an enjoyment, - for a time."

25.

He said: "Therein you shall live, and therein you shall die, and from it you shall be brought out (i.e.resurrected)."

26.

O Children of Adam! We have bestowed raiment upon you to cover yourselves (screen your private parts, etc.) and as an adornment, and the raiment of righteousness, that is better. Such are among the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, that they may remember (i.e. leave falsehood and follow truth^[]).

يَدبَنِىٓ ءَادَمَ لَا يَفُتِنَنَّكُمُ ٱلشَّيُطَنِ كَمَآ أَخُرَ جَ أَبَوَيُكُم مِّنَ ٱلْجَنَّةِ يَنزِ عُ عَنُهُمَا لِبَاسَهُمَا لِيُرِيَهُمَا سَوَّءَ تِهِمَّ إِنَّهُ و يَرَكْكُمُ هُوَ وَقَبِيلُهُ و مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا تَرَوُنَهُمُّ إِنَّا جَعَلُنَا ٱلشَّيَعِطِينَ أَوْلِيَآءَ لِلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ٢

O Children of Adam! Let not *Shaitân* (Satan) deceive you, as he got your parents [Adam and Hawwa (Eve)] out of Paradise, stripping them of their raiments, to show them their private parts. Verily, he and *Qabîluhu* (his soldiers from the jinns or his tribe) see you from where you cannot see them. Verily, We made the *Shayâtin* (devils) *Auliyâ'* (protectors and helpers) for those who believe not.

28.

وَإِذَا فَعَلُواْ فَنحِشَةً قَالُواْ وَجَدُنَا عَلَيْهَآ ءَابَآءَنَا وَٱللَّهُ أَمَرَنَا بِهَا ۗ قُلُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يَأْمُرُ بِٱلْفَحُشَآءِ ۗ أَتَقُولُونَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعُلَمُونَ ۞

And when they commit a *Fâhisha* (evil deed, going round the Ka'bah in naked state, every kind of unlawful sexual intercourse, etc.), they say: "We found our fathers doing it, and Allâh has commanded us of it." Say: "Nay, Allâh never commands of *Fâhisha*. Do you say of Allâh what you know not?

29.

قُلُ أَمَرَ رَبِّى بِٱلْقِسُطِّ وَأَقِيمُواْ وُجُوهَكُمْ عِندَ كُلِّ مَسُجِدٍ وَٱدْعُوهُ مُخْلِصِينَ لَهُ ٱلدِّينَ ۚ كَمَا بَدَأَكُمُ تَعُودُونَ ﴿

Say (O Muhammad SAW): My Lord has commanded justice and (said) that you should face Him only (i.e. worship none but Allâh and face the *Qiblah*, i.e. the Ka'bah at Makkah during prayers) in each and every place of worship, in prayers (and not to face other false deities and idols), and invoke Him only making your religion sincere to Him by not joining in worship any partner to Him and with the intention that you are doing your deeds for Allâh's sake only. As He brought you (into being) in the beginning, so shall you be brought into being (on the Day of Resurrection) [in two groups, one as a blessed one (believers), and the other as a wretched one (disbelievers)].

30.

فَرِيقًا هَدَىٰ وَفَرِيقًا حَقَّ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلضَّلَالَةَ ۚ إِنَّهُمُ ٱتَّخَذُواْ ٱلشَّيَاطِينَ أَوْلِيَآءَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ وَيَحُسَبُونَ أَنَّهُم مُّهُتَدُونَ ۞

A group He has guided, and a group deserved to be in error; (because) surely they took the *Shayâtin* (devils) as *Auliyâ'* (protectors and helpers) instead of Allâh, and consider that they are guided.

31.

 فينبني قَادَمَ خُدُواْ زِينَتَكُم عِندَ كُلِّ مَسْجِدٍ وَكُلُواْ وَلَا تُسْرِفِينَ قَالَمُ لَا يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُسُرِفِينَ قَالَا تُسُرِفُواْ إِنَّــ هُ وَلَا يُحِبِّ ٱلْمُسُرِفِينَ قَالَا اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى الل

O Children of Adam! Take your adornment (by wearing your clean clothes), while praying and going round (the *Tawâf* of) the Ka'bah, and eat and drink but waste not by extravagance, certainly He (Allâh) likes not *Al-Musrifûn* (those who waste by extravagance).

قُلُ مَنْ حَرَّمَ زِينَةَ ٱللَّهِ ٱلَّتِينَ أَخُرَ جَ لِعِبَادِهِ - وَٱلطَّيِّبَنتِ مِنَ ٱلرِّزُقَّ قُلُ هِيَ لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ فِي ٱلْحَيَوٰةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا خَالِصَةً يَوُمَ ٱلْقِيَعِمَةُّ كَذَٰلِكَ نُفَصِّلُ ٱلْأَيَىٰتِ لِقَوْم يَعُلَمُونَ ٣

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Who has forbidden the adoration with clothes given by Allâh, which He has produced for his slaves, and At-Taiyibât [all kinds of Halâl (lawful) things] of food?" Say: "They are, in the life of this world, for those who believe, (and) exclusively for them (believers) on the Day of Resurrection (the disbelievers will not share them)." Thus We explain the Ayât (Islâmic laws) in detail for people who have knowledge.

33.

قُلُ إِنَّمَا حَرَّمَ رَبِّي ٱلْفَوَ حِشَ مَا ظَهَرَ مِنْهَا وَمَا بَطَنَ وَٱلَّإِثُمَ وَٱلَّبِعُي بِغَيْر ٱلْحَقّ وَأَن تُشُر كُواْ بِٱللَّهِ مَا لَمُ يُنَزّ لُ بِهِ ع سُلُطَننًا وَأَن تَقُولُواْ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعُلَّمُونَ ٣

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "(But) the things that my Lord has indeed forbidden are AIFawâhish (great evil sins, every kind of unlawful sexual intercourse, etc.) whether committed openly or secretly, sins (of all kinds), unrighteous oppression, joining partners (in worship) with Allâh for which He has given no authority, and saying things about Allâh of which you have no knowledge."

And every nation has its appointed term; when their term is reached, neither can they delay it nor can they advance it an hour (or a moment).

35.

ءَايَنتِي فَمَن ٱتَّقَيٰ وَأَصُلَحَ فَلَا خَوُفُّ عَلَيْهِمُ وَلَا هُمُ يَحُزَنُونَ

O Children of Adam! If there come to you Messengers from amongst you, reciting to you, My Verses, then whosoever becomes pious and righteous, on them shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve.

36.

But those who reject Our Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and treat them with arrogance, they are the dwellers of the (Hell) Fire, they will abide therein forever.

فَمَنُ أَظُلَمُ مِمَّنِ ٱفُتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ كَذِبًا أَوْ كَذَّبَ بِغَايَنتِهِ مَّ أُوْلَتَ لِكَ يَتَالُهُم نَصِيبُهُ مِمِّنَ ٱلْكِتَنبِ حَتَّى إِذَا جَآءَتُهُم رُسُلُنَا يَتَوَقَّوْنَهُم يَنَالُهُم نَصِيبُهُ مِمِّنَ ٱلْكِتَنبِ حَتَّى إِذَا جَآءَتُهُم رُسُلُنَا يَتَوَقَّوْنَهُم قَالُواْ فَاللَّهُ مَا كُنتُم تَدُعُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ قَالُواْ ضَلُّواْ عَنَّا وَشَهِدُواْ عَلَى أَنفُسِهِم أَنَّهُم كَانُواْ كَنفِرِينَ اللَّهِ قَالُواْ ضَلُّواْ عَنَّا وَشَهِدُواْ عَلَى أَنفُسِهِم أَنَّهُم كَانُواْ كَنفِرِينَ اللَّ

Who is more unjust than one who invents a lie against Allâh or rejects His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.)? For such their appointed portion (good things of this worldly life and their period of stay therein) will reach them from the Book (of Decrees) until, when Our Messengers (the angel of death and his assistants) come to them to take their souls, they (the angels) will say: "Where are those whom you used to invoke and worship besides Allâh," they will reply, "They have vanished and deserted us." And they will bear witness against themselves, that they were disbelievers.

38.

قَالَ اَدْخُلُواْ فِيَ أُمَمِ قَدُ خَلَتُ مِن قَبْلِكُم مِّنَ ٱلْجِنِّ وَٱلْإِنسِ فِي النَّارِ كُلَّمَا دَخَلَتُ أُمَّةُ لَّعَنَتُ أُخُتَهَ أَحَتَى إِذَا اَدَّارَ كُواْ فِيهَا جَمِيعًا قَالَتُ أُخُرَنهُمُ لِأُولَنهُمُ رَبَّنَا هَنَوُلاَءَ أَضَلُّونَا فَعَاتِهِمُ عَذَابًا ضِعُفَا مِّنَ النَّارِ قَالَ لِكُلِّ ضِعُفٌ وَلَدكِن لا تَعْلَمُونَ

النَّارِ قَالَ لِكُلِّ ضِعُفٌ وَلَدكِن لا تَعْلَمُونَ اللهَ

(Allâh) will say: "Enter you in the company of nations who passed away before you, of men and jinns, into the Fire." Every time a new nation enters, it curses its sister nation (that went before), until they will be gathered all together in the Fire. The last of them will say to the first of them: "Our Lord! These misled us, so give them a double torment of the Fire." He will say: "For each one there is double (torment), but you know not."

39.

وَقَالَتُ أُولَنهُمُ لِأُخُرَنهُمُ فَمَا كَانَ لَكُمُ عَلَيْنَا مِن فَضُلٍ فَذُوقُواْ ٱلْعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَكُسِبُونَ ٢

The first of them will say to the last of them: "You were not better than us, so taste the torment for what you used to earn."

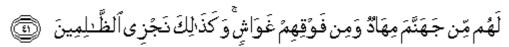
40.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِاَيَعِنَا وَٱسُتَكُبَرُواْ عَنُهَا لَا تُفَتَّحُ لَهُمُ أَبُوَبُ ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَلَا يَدُخُلُونَ ٱلْجَنَّةَ حَتَّىٰ يَلِجَ ٱلْجَمَلُ فِي سَمِّ ٱلْخِيَاطِ وَكَذَلِكَ نَجُزِي ٱلْمُجُرمِينَ
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Verily, those who belie Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and treat them with arrogance, for them the gates of heaven will not be opened, and they will not enter

Paradise until the camel goes through the eye of the needle (which is impossible). Thus do We recompense the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, polytheists, sinners, etc.).

41.



Theirs will be a bed of Hell (Fire), and over them coverings (of Hell-fire). Thus do We recompense the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.).

42.

But those who believed (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism), and worked righteousness - We tax not any person beyond his scope, such are the dwellers of Paradise. They will abide therein.

43.

وَنَزَعُنَا مَا فِى صُدُورِهِم مِّنُ غِلِّ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهِمُ ٱلْأَنَهَ لَّ وَقَالُواْ ٱلْحَمَدُ لِلَّهِ ٱلْأَنَهُ لَوَلاً أَنَ وَقَالُواْ ٱلْحَمَدُ لِلَّهِ ٱلَّذِي هَدَنَا لِهَ لَهَ الْوَمَا كُنَّا لِنَهُ تَدِي لَوْلاً أَنَ هَدَنَا اللَّهَ لَا لَهُ لَا لَا لَهُ لَا أَنَ لَا لَا لَهُ لَا أَنَ لَكُمُ ٱلْجَنَّةُ هُدَنَا ٱللَّهُ لَقَدُ جَآءَتُ رُسُلُ رَبِّنَا بِٱلْحَقِّ وَنُودُوٓاْ أَن تِلْكُمُ ٱلْجَنَّةُ أُورِ ثُتُمُوهَا بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَعُمَلُونَ ﴿ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللللَّالَةُ اللللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّ

And We shall remove from their breasts any (mutual) hatred or sense of injury (which they had, if at all, in the life of this world); rivers flowing under them, and they will say: "All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, Who has guided us to this, never could we have found guidance, were it not that Allâh had guided us! Indeed, the Messengers of our Lord did come with the truth." And it will be cried out to them: "This is the Paradise which you have inherited for what you used to do."

44.

And the dwellers of Paradise will call out to the dwellers of the Fire (saying): "We have indeed found true what our Lord had promised us; have you also found true, what your Lord promised (warnings, etc.)?" They shall say: "Yes." Then a crier will proclaim between them: "The Curse of Allâh is on the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.),"

45.

ٱلَّذِينَ يَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَيَبُّغُونَهَا عِوَجًا وَهُم بِٱلْأَخِرَةِ كَنفِرُونَ



Those who hindered (men) from the Path of Allâh, and would seek to make it crooked, and they were disbelievers in the Hereafter.

And between them will be a barrier screen and on AlA'râf (a wall with elevated places) will be men (whose good and evil deeds would be equal in scale), who would recognise all (of the Paradise and Hell people), by their marks (the dwellers of Paradise by their white faces and the dwellers of Hell by their black faces), they will call out to the dwellers of Paradise, "Salâmun 'Alaikûm" (peace be on you), and at that time they (men on Al-A'râf) will not yet have entered it (Paradise), but they will hope to enter (it) with certainty.

47.

And when their eyes will be turned towards the dwellers of the Fire, they will say: "Our Lord! Place us not with the people who are *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers)."

48.

And the men on *AlA'rât* (the wall) will call unto the men whom they would recognise by their marks, saying: "Of what benefit to you were your great numbers (and hoards of wealth), and your arrogance against Faith?"

49.

Are they those, of whom you swore that Allâh would never show them mercy. (Behold! It has been said to them): "Enter Paradise, no fear shall be on you, nor shall you grieve."

50.

And the dwellers of the Fire will call to the dwellers of Paradise: "Pour on us some water or anything that Allâh has provided you with." They will say: "Both (water and provision) Allâh has forbidden to the disbelievers."

ٱللَّــذِينَ ٱتَّخَـــذُواْ دِينَهُــمُ لَهُــوًا وَلَعِبًا وَغَـرَّتُهُمُ ٱلُحَــيَوَٰةُ ٱلدُّنُيَـا فَاللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ كَمَا نَسُـواْ لِقَـآءَ يَـوُمِهِمُ هَــذَا وَمَا كَانُواْ بِاَيَــتِنَا يَجُحَـدُونَ
عَجُحَـدُونَ

"Who took their religion as an amusement and play, and the life of the world deceived them." So this Day We shall forget them as they forgot their meeting of this Day, and as they used to reject Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.).

52.

وَلَقَــدُ جِــئُنَاهُم بِكِــتَابٍ فَصَّلُنَاهُ عَلَــنَ عِلُــمٍ هُــدَى وَرَحُمَــةً لِّقَـــوُم يُؤُمِنُــونَ ۞

Certainly, We have brought to them a Book (the Qur'ân) which We have explained in detail with knowledge, - a guidance and a mercy to a people who believe.

53.

هَلُ يَنظُرُونَ إِلَّا تَأُوِيلَهُ ﴿ يَوُمَ يَأُتِى تَأُوِيلُهُ ﴿ يَقُولُ ٱلَّذِينَ نَسُوهُ مِن قَبُلُ قَدُ جَآءَتُ رُسُلُ رَبِّنَا بِٱلْحَقِّ فَهَل لَّنَا مِن شُفَعَآءَ فَيَشُفَعُواْ لَنَآ أَوُ نُرَدُّ قَدُ جَآءَتُ رُسُلُ رَبِّنَا بِٱلْحَقِّ فَهَل لَّنَا مِن شُفَعَآءَ فَيَشُفَعُواْ لَنَآ أَوُ نُرَدُّ فَنَعُمَلَ غَيْرَ ٱلَّذِى كُنَّا نَعْمَلُ قَدُ خَسِرُ وَا أَنفُسَهُمُ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفُتَوُونَ عَنَى اللَّذِي كُنَّا نَعْمَلُ قَدُ خَسِرُ وَا أَنفُسَهُمُ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفُتَرُونَ عَنَاهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفْتَرُونَ عَنْ

Await they just for the final fulfillment of the event? On the Day the event is finally fulfilled (i.e. the Day of Resurrection), those who neglected it before will say: "Verily, the Messengers of our Lord did come with the truth, now are there any intercessors for us that they might intercede on our behalf? Or could we be sent back (to the first life of the world) so that we might do (good) deeds other than those (evil) deeds which we used to do?" Verily, they have lost their ownselves (i.e. destroyed themselves) and that which they used to fabricate (invoking and worshipping others besides Allâh) has gone away from them.

54.

إِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ فِى سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ ٱسْتَوَىٰ عَلَى الْعَرُشِ يُغُشِى ٱلَّيْلَ ٱلنَّهَارَ يَطَلُبُهُ وحَثِيثًا وَٱلشَّمْسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ وَٱلنُّجُومَ مُسَخَّرَ شِيغُشِى ٱلَّيْلَ ٱلنَّهُ ٱلْخَلُقُ وَٱلْأَمُرُ تَبَارَكَ ٱللَّهُ رَبُّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ
مُسَخَّرَ شِبِأَمُرِهِ مَ اللَّهَ ٱلْخَلُقُ وَٱلْأَمُرُ تَبَارَكَ ٱللَّهُ رَبُّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ
مُسَخَّرَ شِبِاللَّهُ وَبُّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ هَا اللَّهُ اللْعُلِمُ اللَّهُ اللْمُلِلْمُو

Indeed your Lord is Allâh, Who created the heavens and the earth in Six Days, and then He *Istawâ* (rose over) the Throne (really in a manner that suits His Majesty). He brings the night as a cover over the day, seeking it rapidly, and (He created) the sun, the moon, the stars subjected to His Command. Surely, His is the Creation and Commandment. Blessed be Allâh, the Lord of the *'Alamîn* (mankind, jinns and all that exists)!

ٱدُعُواْ رَبَّكُمُ تَضَرُّعًا وَخُفْيَةً إِنَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُعُتَدِينَ ٢

Invoke your Lord with humility and in secret. He likes not the aggressors.

56.

وَلَا تُفُسِدُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ بَعُدَ إِصلَنجِهَا وَٱدُعُوهُ خَوْفًا وَطَمَعًا إِنَّ رَحُمَتَ اللَّهِ قَرِيبٌ مِّنَ ٱلمُحُسِنِينَ
اللَّهِ قَرِيبٌ مِّنَ ٱلمُحُسِنِينَ

And do not do mischief on the earth, after it has been set in order, and invoke Him with fear and hope; Surely, Allâh's Mercy is (ever) near unto the gooddoers.

57.

وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِى يُرُسِلُ ٱلرِّيَعَ بُشُرُّا بَيُنَ يَدَى رَحُمَتِهِ مُّ حَتَّى إِذَا اللَّهَ وَٱللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهَ وَاللَّهَ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُوالِمُوالِمُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُوالِمُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُوالِمُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ الللْمُوا

And it is He Who sends the winds as heralds of glad tidings, going before His Mercy (rain). Till when they have carried a heavyladen cloud, We drive it to a land that is dead, then We cause water (rain) to descend thereon. Then We produce every kind of fruit therewith. Similarly, We shall raise up the dead, so that you may remember or take heed.

58.

The vegetation of a good land comes forth (easily) by the Permission of its Lord, and that which is bad, brings forth nothing but a little with difficulty. Thus do We explain variously the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) for a people who give thanks.

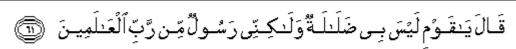
59.

Indeed, We sent Nûh (Noah) to his people and he said: "O my people! Worship Allâh! You have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him. (*Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh*: none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh). Certainly I fear for you the torment of a Great Day!"

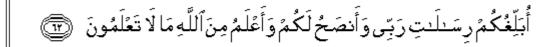
60.

The leaders of his people said: "Verily, we see you in plain error."

61.



[Nûh (Noah)] said: "O my people! There is no error in me, but I am a Messenger from the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists)!



"I convey unto you the Messages of my Lord and give sincere advice to you. And I know from Allâh what you know not.

63.

"Do you wonder that there has come to you a Reminder from your Lord through a man from amongst you, that he may warn you, so that you may fear Allâh and that you may receive (His) Mercy?"

64.

But they belied him, so We saved him and those along with him in the ship, and We drowned those who belied Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.). They were indeed a blind people.

65.

And to 'Ad (people, We sent) their brother Hûd. He said: "O my people! Worship Allâh! You have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him. (*Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh*: none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh). Will you not fear (Allâh)?"

66.

The leaders of those who disbelieved among his people said: "Verily, we see you in foolishness, and verily, we think you are one of the liars."

67.

(Hûd) said: "O my people! There is no foolishness in me, but (I am) a Messenger from the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists)!

68.

"I convey unto you the Messages of my Lord, and I am a trustworthy adviser (or wellwisher) for you.

"Do you wonder that there has come to you a Reminder (and an advice) from your Lord through a man from amongst you that he may warn you? And remember that He made you successors after the people of Nûh (Noah), and increased you amply in stature. So remember the graces (bestowed upon you) from Allâh, so that you may be successful."

70.

قَالُوٓاْ أَجِئَتَنَا لِنَعُبُدَ ٱللَّهَ وَحُدَهُ وَنَذَرَ مَا كَانَ يَعُبُدُ ءَابَآؤُنَا فَأُتِنَا بِمَا تَعِدُنَا إِن كُنتَ مِنَ ٱلصَّدِقِينَ ٢

They said: "You have come to us that we should worship Allâh Alone and forsake that which our fathers used to worship. So bring us that wherewith you have threatened us if you are of the truthful."

71.

قَالَ قَدُ وَقَعَ عَلَيْكُم مِّن رَّبِّكُمُ رِجُسٌ وَغَضَبُّ أَتُجَدِلُونَنِي فِيَ أَسُمَآءٍ سَمَّيْتُمُوهَآ أَنتُمُ وَءَابَ آؤُكُم مَّا نَزَّلَ ٱللَّهُ بِهَا مِن سُلُطَنٍ فَ فَٱنتَظِرُوٓا إِنِّى مَعَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْمُنتَظِرِينَ ۚ

(Hûd) said: "Torment and wrath have already fallen on you from your Lord. Dispute you with me over names which you have named - you and your fathers, with no authority from Allâh? Then wait, am with you among those who wait."

72.

فَأَنجَيُنَنهُ وَٱلَّذِينَ مَعَهُ وبِرَحُمَةِ مِّنَّا وَقَطَعُنَا دَابِرَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِاَيَنتِنَا ۗ وَمَا كَانُواْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

So We saved him and those who were with him by a Mercy from Us, and We cut the roots of those who belied Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), and they were not believers.

73.

وَإِلَىٰ ثَمُوهَ أَخَاهُمُ صَلِحًا قَالَ يَنقَوُمُ اعْبُدُواْ ٱللَّهَ مَا لَكُم مِّنُ إِلَىهٍ غَيْرُهُ ﴿ قَدُ جَآءَتُكُم بَيِّنَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمُ هَدِذِهِ عَنَاقَةُ ٱللَّهِ لَكُمُ ءَايَةً فَذَرُوهَا تَأْكُلُ فِي أَرُضِ ٱللَّهِ وَلَا تَمَسُّوهَا بِسُوَءٍ فَيَا خُذَكُمُ عَذَابٌ أَلِيهُ ﴾ And to Thamûd (people, We sent) their brother Sâlih (Saleh). He said: "O my people! Worship Allâh! You have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him. (*Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh*: none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh). Indeed there has come to you a clear sign (the miracle of the coming out of a huge shecamel from the midst of a rock) from your Lord. This shecamel of Allâh is a sign unto you; so you leave her to graze in Allâh's earth, and touch her not with harm, lest a painful torment should seize you.

74.

وَٱذُكُ لَوُوْا إِذْ جَعَلَكُمُ خُلَفَآءَ مِنْ بَعَدِ عَادٍ وَبَوَّا أَكُمُ فَالَّا مِنْ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهِ وَالاَ تَعُثُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مُفْسِدِينَ ﴿

"And remember when He made you successors after 'Ad (people) and gave you habitations in the land, you build for yourselves palaces in plains, and carve out homes in the mountains. So remember the graces (bestowed upon you) from Allâh, and do not go about making mischief on the earth."

75.

قَالَ ٱلْمَلَا ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسۡتَكُبَرُوا مِن قَوۡمِهِ ۦ لِلَّذِينَ ٱسۡتُضۡعِفُوا لِمَنۡ ءَامَنَ مِنْهُمُ أَلَدُهِنَ ٱسۡتُصۡعِفُوا لِمَنۡ ءَامَنَ مِنْهُمُ أَتَعۡلَمُونَ أَنَّ صَلِحًا مُّرُسَلُ مِن رَّبِهِ ۦ قَالُوۤا إِنَّا بِمَۤۤ أُرۡسِلَ بِهِ ۦ مُؤۡمِنُونَ أَتَعۡلَمُونَ أَنَّ صَلِحًا مُّرُسَلُ مِن رَّبِهِ ۦ قَالُوۤا إِنَّا بِمَٓۤ أُرۡسِلَ بِهِ ۦ مُؤۡمِنُونَ



The leaders of those who were arrogant among his people said to those who were counted weak - to such of them as believed: "Know you that Sâlih (Saleh) is one sent from his Lord." They said: "We indeed believe in that with which he has been sent."

76.

Those who were arrogant said: "Verily, we disbelieve in that which you believe in."

77.

So they killed the shecamel and insolently defied the Commandment of their Lord, and said: "O Sâlih (Saleh)! Bring about your threats if you are indeed one of the Messengers (of Allâh)."

78.

So the earthquake seized them, and they lay (dead), prostrate in their homes.

فَتَوَلَّىٰ عَنَّهُمُ وَقَالَ يَنقَوُم لَقَدُ أَبُلَغُتُكُمُ رِسَالَةَ رَبِّي وَنَصَحُتُ لَكُمُ وَلَنكِن لَّا تُحِبُّونَ ٱلنَّنصِحِينَ 🐨 Then he [Sâlih (Saleh)] turned from them, and said: "O my people! I have indeed conveyed to you the Message of my Lord, and have given you good advice but you like not good advisers.' 80. وَلُوطًا إِذْ قَالَ لِقَومِهِ مَ أَتَأْتُونَ ٱلْفَنحِشَةَ مَا سَبَقَكُم بِهَا مِنُ أَحَدٍ مِّنَ ٱلُعَىٰلَمِينَ ٦ And (remember) Lout (Lot), when he said to his people: "Do you commit the worst sin such as none preceding you has committed in the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns)? إِنَّكُمُ لَتَأْتُونَ ٱلرِّجَالَ شَهُوَةً مِّن دُون ٱلنِّسَآء ۚ بَلَ أَنتُمُ قَوَّمٌ مُّسُر فُونَ "Verily, you practise your lusts on men instead of women. Nay, but you are a people transgressing beyond bounds (by committing great sins)." 82. وَمَا كَانَ جَوَابَ قَوُمِهِ ۚ إِلَّا أَن قَالُوٓا أَخُر جُوهُم مِّن قَرُيَتِكُمُّ إِنَّهُمُ أُنَاسٌ يَتَطَهَّرُ ونَ 🔝 And the answer of his people was only that they said: "Drive them out of your town, these are indeed men who want to be pure (from sins)!" 83. فَأَنجَيْنَكُ وَأَهْلَــهُ ۚ إِلَّا ٱمُرَأَتَــهُ ۚ كَــانَتُ مِــنَ ٱلْغَلــبِرِينَ 🕝 Then We saved him and his family, except his wife; she was of those who remained behind (in the 84. وَ أَمُطَرُ نَا عَلَيُهِم مَّطَرًا ۗ فَٱنظُرُ كَيُفَ كَانَ عَنقِبَةُ ٱلْمُجُرِمِينَ ﴿ And We rained down on them a rain (of stones). Then see what was the end of the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, polytheists, sinners, etc.) 85. وَ إِلَىٰ مَدُيَنَ أَخَاهُمُ شُعَيئًا قَالَ يَنقَوُم ٱعُبُدُواْ ٱللَّهَ مَا لَكُم مِّنَ إِلَنهِ غَيرُهُ ﴿

وَإِلَىٰ مَدُينَ أَخَاهُمُ شُعَيْبًا قَالَ يَنقَوُمِ اعْبُدُواْ اللَّهَ مَا لَكُم مِّنُ إِلَنهٍ غَيْرُهُ ﴿
قَدُ جَآءَتُكُم بَيِّنَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمُ فَأَوْفُواْ الْكَيْلَ وَالْمِيزَانَ وَلَا تَبْخَسُواْ
النَّاسَ أَشُيزَاهَ وَلَا تُغُسِدُواْ فِي الْأَرْضِ بَعُدَ إِصلنجِهَا ذَلِكُمُ خَيْرُ
لَكُمْ إِن كُنتُم مُّ وَلِا تُغُسِدُواْ فِي الْأَرْضِ بَعُدَ إِصلنجِهَا ذَلِكُمُ خَيْرُ
لَكُمْ إِن كُنتُم مُّ وَلِمِنِينَ

And to (the people of) Madyan (Midian), (We sent) their brother Shu'aib. He said: "O my people! Worship Allâh! You have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him. [*Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh* (none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh)]." Verily, a clear proof (sign) from your Lord has come unto you; so give full measure and full weight and wrong not men in their things, and do not mischief on the earth after it has been set in order, that will be better for you, if you are believers.

86.

وَلَا تَقَعُدُواْ بِكُلِّ صِرَاطٍ تُوعِدُونَ وَتَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ مَنُ ءَامَنَ بِهِ عَ وَتَبُعُونَهَا عِوَجًا ۚ وَٱذْكُرُ وَٱ إِذْ كُنتُمُ قَلِيلًا فَكَثَّرَ كُمُّ وَٱنظُرُواْ كَيُفَ كَانَ عَنقِبَةُ ٱلْمُفْسِدِينَ

"And sit not on every road, threatening, and hindering from the Path of Allâh those who believe in Him. and seeking to make it crooked. And remember when you were but few, and He multiplied you. And see what was the end of the *Mufsidûn* (mischief-makers, corrupts, liars).

87.

وَإِن كَانَ طَآيِفَةٌ مِّنكُمُ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱلَّذِيّ أُرُسِلُتُ بِهِ ۽ وَطَآيِفَةٌ لَّمُ يُؤُمِنُواْ فَاصِيرُواْ حَتَّىٰ يَحُكُمَ ٱللَّهُ بَيُنَنَا ۚ وَهُوَ خَيْرُ ٱلْحَدِكِمِينَ ﴿

"And if there is a party of you who believes in that with which I have been sent and a party who do not believe, so be patient until Allâh judges between us, and He is the Best of judges."

88.

قَالَ ٱللَّهُ ٱللَّذِينَ ٱستَكُبَرُواْ مِن قَوْمِهِ مَلَخُرِ جَنَّكَ يَنشُعَيُبُ
 وَٱللَّذِينَ ءَامَنُ واْ مَعَ كَ مِن قَرْيَتِنَا أَوْ لَتَعُ ودُنَّ فِي مِلْتِنَا قَالَ أَوْ لَتَعُ ودُنَّ فِين هَرَيَتِنَا قَالَ أَوْلَو كُنَّا كَرهِينَ هَيْ

The chiefs of those who were arrogant among his people said: "We shall certainly drive you out, O Shu'aib, and those who have believed with you from our town, or else you (all) shall return to our religion." He said: "Even though we hate it!

89.

قَدِ ٱفْتَرَيْنَا عَلَى ٱللَّهِ كَذِبًا إِنْ عُدُنَا فِي مِلَّتِكُم بَعُدَ إِذْ نَجَّنَا ٱللَّهُ مِنْهَا وَمَا يَكُونُ لَنَا أَن نَّعُودَ فِيهَا إِلَّا أَن يَشَآءَ ٱللَّهُ رَبُّنَا وَسِعَ رَبُّنَا كُلَّ شَيْءٍ عِلُمًا عَلَى ٱللَّهِ تَوَكَّلُنَا رَبَّنَا ٱفْتَحُ بَيُنَنَا وَبَيُنَ قَوْمِنَا بِٱلْحَقِّ وَأَنتَ خَيْرُ ٱلْفَنتِحِينَ

"We should have invented a lie against Allâh if we returned to your religion, after Allâh has rescued us from it. And it is not for us to return to it unless Allâh, our Lord, should will. Our Lord comprehends all things in His Knowledge. In Allâh (Alone) we put our trust. Our Lord! Judge between us and our people in truth, for You are the Best of those who give judgment."

وَقَالَ ٱلَّمَلَا ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِن قَوُمِهِ - لَيِنِ ٱتَّبَعْتُمُ شُعَيِّبًا إِنَّكُمُ إِذًا

The chiefs of those who disbelieved among his people said (to their people): "If you follow Shu'aib, be sure then you will be the losers!"

91.

So the earthquake seized them and they lay (dead), prostrate in their homes.

92.

Those who belied Shu'aib, became as if they had never dwelt there (in their homes). Those who belied Shu'aib, they were the losers.

93.

Then he (Shu'aib) turned from them and said: "O my people! I have indeed conveyed my Lord's Messages unto you and I have given you good advice. Then how can I sorrow for the disbelieving people's (destruction)."

94.

And We sent no Prophet unto any town (and they denied him), but We seized its people with suffering from extreme poverty (or loss in wealth) and loss of health and calamities, so that they might humiliate themselves (and repent to Allâh)

95.

Then We changed the evil for the good, until they increased in number and in wealth, and said: "Our fathers were touched with evil (loss of health and calamities) and with good (prosperity, etc.)." So We seized them of a sudden while they were unaware.

وَلَـو أَنَّ أَهُـلَ ٱلْقُـرَىٰ ءَامَنُـواْ وَٱتَّقَـواْ لَفَتَحُنَـا عَلَيْهِـم بَرَكَنتِ مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَٱلأَرُضِ وَلَـكِـن كَذَّبُـواْ فَأَخَذُننهُم بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكُسِبُونَ ۗ

And if the people of the towns had believed and had the *Taqwâ* (piety), certainly, We should have opened for them blessings from the heaven and the earth, but they belied (the Messengers). So We took them (with punishment) for what they used to earn (polytheism and crimes, etc.).

97.

Did the people of the towns then feel secure against the coming of Our Punishment by night while they are asleep?

98.

Or, did the people of the towns then feel secure against the coming of Our Punishment in the forenoon while they play?

99.

Did they then feel secure against the Plan of Allâh. None feels secure from the Plan of Allâh except the people who are the losers.

100

Is it not clear to those who inherit the earth in succession from its (previous) possessors, that had We willed, We would have punished them for their sins. And We seal up their hearts so that they hear not?

101.

Those were the towns whose story We relate unto you (O Muhammad SAW). And there came indeed to them their Messengers with clear proofs, but they were not such as to believe in that which they had rejected before. Thus Allâh does seal up the hearts of the disbelievers (from each and every kind of religious guidance).

وَمَا وَجَدُنَا لِأَكُثَرِهِم مِّنُ عَهُدٍ ۗ وَإِن وَجَدُنَآ أَكُثَرَهُمُ لَفَسِقِينَ



And most of them We found not (true) to their covenant, but most of them We found indeed *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

103

Then after them We sent Mûsa (Moses) with Our Signs to Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his chiefs, but they wrongfully rejected them. So see how was the end of the *Mufsidûn* (mischief-makers, corrupts, etc.).

104

And Mûsa (Moses) said: "O Fir'aun (Pharaoh)! I am a Messenger from the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

105

"Proper it is for me that I say nothing concerning Allâh but the truth. Indeed I have come unto you from your Lord with a clear proof. So let the Children of Israel depart along with me."

106

[Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] said: "If you have come with a sign, show it forth, - if you are one of those who tell the truth."

107

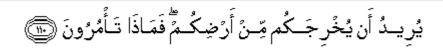
Then [Mûsa (Moses)] threw his stick and behold! it was a serpent, manifest!

108

And he drew out his hand, and behold! it was white (with radiance) for the beholders.

109

The chiefs of the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "This is indeed a well-versed sorcerer;

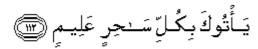


"He wants to get you out of your land, so what do you advise?"

111

They said: "Put him and his brother off (for a time), and send callers (men) to the cities to collect (and) -

112



"That they bring up to you all well-versed sorcerers."

113

And so the sorcerers came to Fir'aun (Pharaoh). They said: "Indeed there will be a (good) reward for us if we are the victors."

114

He said: "Yes, and moreover you will (in that case) be of the nearest (to me)."

115

They said: "O Mûsa (Moses)! Either you throw (first), or shall we have the (first) throw?"

116



He [Mûsa (Moses)] said: "Throw you (first)." So when they threw, they bewitched the eyes of the people, and struck terror into them, and they displayed a great magic.

117.

And We inspired Mûsa (Moses) (saying): "Throw your stick," and behold! It swallowed up straight away all the falsehoods which they showed.

118

Thus truth was confirmed, and all that they did was made of no effect.

فَغُلِبُ وا هُنَالِكَ وَٱنقَلَبُ واْ صَنغِ رِينَ 📆

So they were defeated there and then, and were returned disgraced.

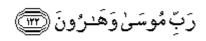
120

And the sorcerers fell down prostrate.

121

They said: "We believe in the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

122



"The Lord of Mûsa (Moses) and Hârûn (Aaron)."

123

Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "You have believed in him [Mûsa (Moses)] before I give you permission. Surely, this is a plot which you have plotted in the city to drive out its people, but you shall come to know.

124

"Surely, I will cut off your hands and your feet on opposite sides, then I will crucify you all."

125

They said: "Verily, we are returning to our Lord.

126

"And you take vengeance on us only because we believed in the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, etc.) of our Lord when they reached us! Our Lord! pour out on us patience, and cause us to die as Muslims."

وَقَــالَ ٱلُــمَلَأُ مِــن قَــوُمِ فِرُعَــوُنَ أَتَـذَرُ مُوسَــن وَقَوُمَـهُ لِيُفْسِدُواْ فِــى ٱلْأَرُضِ وَيَـذَرَكَ وَءَالِهَتَكَ قَالَ سَنُقَتِّلُ أَبُنَآءَهُمُ وَنَسُتَحُي ـ نِسَآءَهُمُ وَإِنَّا فَــوُقَهُمُ قَنهِـرُونَ ۚ

The chiefs of Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people said: "Will you leave Mûsa (Moses) and his people to spread mischief in the land, and to abandon you and your gods?" He said: "We will kill their sons, and let live their women, and we have indeed irresistible power over them."

128

قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لِقَوَمِهِ ٱستَعِينُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱصْبِرُوٓاۚ إِنَّ ٱلْأَرُضَ لِلَّهِ يُورِثُهَا مَن يَشَآءُ مِنُ عِبَادِهِۦؖ وَٱلُعَنقِبَةُ لِلمُتَّقِينَ سَ

Mûsa (Moses) said to his people: "Seek help in Allâh and be patient. Verily, the earth is Allâh's. He gives it as a heritage to whom He will of His slaves, and the (blessed) end is for the *Muttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2)."

129

قَالُوٓا أُوذِينَا مِن قَبُلِ أَن تَأْتِيَنَا وَمِنْ بَعُدِ مَا جِئْتَنَا وَمِنْ بَعُدِ مَا جِئْتَنَا قَالَ عَسَىٰ رَبُّكُمُ أَن يُهُلِكَ عَدُوَّ كُمُ وَيَسُتَخُلِفَكُمُ فِي الْأَرْضِ فَيَنظُرَ كَيْفَ تَعْمَلُونَ اللهَا

They said: "We (Children of Israel) had suffered troubles before you came to us, and since you have come to us." He said: "It may be that your Lord will destroy your enemy and make you successors on the earth, so that He may see how you act?"

130.

وَلَقَدُ أَخَذُنَا ءَالَ فِرُعَونَ بِٱلسِّنِينَ وَنَقُصٍ مِّنَ ٱلثَّمَرَ تِ لَعَلَّهُمُ يَذَّكُّرُونَ

w

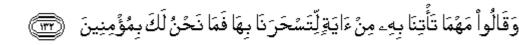
And indeed We punished the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) with years of drought and shortness of fruits (crops, etc.), that they might remember (take heed).

131

فَإِذَا جَآءَتُهُمُ ٱلْحَسَنَةُ قَالُواْ لَنَا هَدِهِ قَ وَإِن تُصِبُهُمُ سَيِّئَةٌ يَطَّيَّرُواْ بِمُوسَىٰ وَمَن مَّعَهُ قُ أَلاَ إِنَّمَا طَنْبِرُهُمُ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ وَلَنكِنَّ أَكُثَرَهُمُ لَا يَعُلَمُونَ



But whenever good came to them, they said: "Ours is this." And if evil afflicted them, they ascribed it to evil omens connected with Mûsa (Moses) and those with him. Be informed! Verily, their evil omens are with Allâh but most of them know not.



They said [to Mûsa (Moses)]: "Whatever *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) you may bring to us, to work therewith your sorcery on us, we shall never believe in you."

133.

فَأَرُسَلُنَا عَلَيُهِمُ ٱلطُّوفَانَ وَٱلُجَرَادَ وَٱلْقُمَّلَ وَٱلضَّفَادِ عَ وَٱلدَّمَ ءَايَنتِ مُّفَصَّلَنتِ فَٱسُتَكُبَرُواْ وَكَانُواْ قَوْمًا مُّجُرِمِينَ ﴿

So We sent on them: the flood, the locusts, the lice, the frogs, and the blood: (as a succession of) manifest signs, yet they remained arrogant, and they were of those people who were *Mujrimûn* (criminals, polytheists, sinners, etc.).

134.

وَلَمَّا وَقَاعَ عَلَيُهِمُ ٱلرِّجُ زُ قَالُواْ يَنمُوسَى ٱدُعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ بِمَا عَهِدَ عِندَكَ لَبِن كَشَفْتَ عَنَّا ٱلرِّجُزَ لَنُؤُمِنَنَّ لَكَ وَلَنُرُسِلَنَّ مَعَكَ بِنِمَ إِسُرَ آعِيلَ ﴿

And when the punishment fell on them they said: "O Mûsa (Moses)! Invoke your Lord for us because of His Promise to you. If you will remove the punishment from us, we indeed shall believe in you, and we shall let the Children of Israel go with you."

135

فَلَمَّا كَشَفْنَا عَنُهُمُ ٱلرِّجُزِ إِلَى أَجَلٍ هُم بَالِغُوهُ إِذَا هُمُ يَنكُثُونَ ﴿

But when We removed the punishment from them to a fixed term, which they had to reach, behold! They broke their word!

136

فَانتَقَمُنَا مِنْهُمُ فَأَغُرَقُنَنهُمُ فِي ٱلْيَمِّ بِأَنَّهُمُ كَذَّبُواْ بِاَيَنتِنَا وَكَانُواْ عَنُهَا غَنفِلِينَ ٣

So We took retribution from them. We drowned them in the sea, because they belied Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and were heedless about them.

137.

وَأُورَثُنَا ٱلُقَوْمَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَانُواْ يُسْتَضْعَفُونَ مَشَدِقَ ٱلْأَرُضِ وَمَغَدِبَهَا ٱلَّتِي بَرَ كُنَا فِيهَ وَتَمَّتُ كَلِمَتُ رَبِّكَ ٱلْحُسُنَىٰ عَلَىٰ بَنِيَ إِسُرَ آءِيلَ بِمَا صَبَرُوا اللهُ عَلَىٰ بَنِيَ إِسُرَ آءِيلَ بِمَا صَبَرُوا اللهُ وَمَا كُنُواْ يَعُرِشُونَ وَقَوْمُهُ وَمَا كَانُواْ يَعُرِشُونَ سَ وَدَمَّرُنَا مَا كَانُواْ يَعُرِشُونَ سَ

And We made the people who were considered weak to inherit the eastern parts of the land and the western parts thereof which We have blessed. And the fair Word of your Lord was fulfilled for the

Children of Israel, because of their endurance. And We destroyed completely all the great works and buildings which Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his people erected.

138.

وَجَنوَزُنَا بِبَنِيْ إِسُرَ آءِيلَ ٱلْبَحْرَ فَأَتَوا عَلَىٰ قَوْمٍ يَعُكُفُونَ عَلَىٰۤ أَصْنَامٍ لَّهُمُّ قَالُواْ يَنمُوسَى ٱجُعَل لَّنَآ إِلَىهَا كَمَا لَهُمُ ءَالِهَةٌ قَالَ إِنَّكُمُ قَوَّمٌ تَجُهَلُونَ قَالُواْ يَنمُوسَى ٱجُعَل لَّنَآ إِلَىهَا كَمَا لَهُمْ ءَالِهَةٌ قَالَ إِنَّكُمُ قَوَّمٌ تَجُهَلُونَ



And We brought the Children of Israel (with safety) across the sea, and they came upon a people devoted to some of their idols (in worship). They said: "O Mûsa (Moses)! Make for us an *ilâhan* (a god) as they have *âliha* (gods)." He said: "Verily, you are a people who know not (the Majesty and Greatness of Allâh and what is obligatory upon you, i.e. to worship none but Allâh Alone, the One and the Only God of all that exists)."

139

[Mûsa (Moses) added:] "Verily, these people will be destroyed for that which they are engaged in (idols-worship). And all that they are doing is in vain."

140.

قَالَ أَغَيرُ ٱللَّهِ أَبُغِيكُمُ إِلَهًا وَهُو فَضَّلَكُمُ عَلَى ٱلْعَلَمِينَ

He said: "Shall I seek for you an *Ilâhan* (a God) other than Allâh, while He has given you superiority over the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns of your time)."

141.

وَإِذْ أَنجَـــيُنَكُم مِّـــنُ ءَالِ فِرَعَــونَ يَسُــومُونَكُمُ سُــوٓءَ ٱلْعَــذَابِّ يُقَتِّلُـــونَ أَبُنَـــآءَ كُمُ وَيَسُـــتَحُيُونَ نِسَــآءَ كُمُۚ وَفِـــى ذَلِكُــم بَلَآءٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُم عَظِيمٌ ۚ

And (remember) when We rescued you from Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people, who were afflicting you with the worst torment, killing your sons and letting your women live. And in that was a great trial from your Lord.

142.

And We appointed for Mûsa (Moses) thirty nights and added (to the period) ten (more), and he completed the term, appointed by his Lord, of forty nights. And Mûsa (Moses) said to his brother Hârûn (Aaron): "Replace me among my people, act in the Right Way (by ordering the people to obey Allâh and to worship Him Alone) and follow not the way of the *Mufsidûn* (mischief-makers)."

وَلَمَّا جَاءَ مُوسَى لِمِيقَنتِنا وَكَلَّمَهُ ورَبُّهُ وَقَال رَبِّ أَرِنِي وَلَيكِنِ النظُرُ إِلَى الْجَبَلِ فَإِنِ اسْتَقَرَّ أَنظُرُ إِلَى الْجَبَلِ فَإِنِ اسْتَقَرَّ مَكَانَهُ وَفَسَوُفَ قَرَننِي فَلَمَّا تَجَلَّىٰ رَبُّهُ وَلِلْجَبَلِ جَعَلَهُ وَكَا وَخَرَّ مُكَانَهُ وَفَسَوُفَ قَرَننِي فَلَمَّا تَجَلَّىٰ رَبُّهُ وَلِلْجَبَلِ جَعَلَهُ وَكَّا وَخَرَّ مُكَانَهُ وَفَسَوُفَ قَرَننِي فَلَمَّا تَجَلَّىٰ رَبُّهُ وَلِلْجَبَلِ جَعَلَهُ وَكَا وَخَرَّ مُوسَىٰ صَعِقًا فَلَمَّا أَفَاقَ قَالَ سُبُحَننَكَ تُبُتُ إِلَيْكَ وَأَنا أَوَّلُ مُوسَىٰ صَعِقًا فَلَمَّا أَفَاقَ قَالَ سُبُحَننَكَ تُبُتُ إِلَيْكَ وَأَنا أَوَّلُ اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ سَا اللّهُ عَنْ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ ا

And when Mûsa (Moses) came at the time and place appointed by Us, and his Lord spoke to him, he said: "O my Lord! Show me (Yourself), that I may look upon You." Allâh said: "You cannot see Me, but look upon the mountain if it stands still in its place then you shall see Me." So when his Lord appeared to the mountain II, He made it collapse to dust, and Mûsa (Moses) fell down unconscious. Then when he recovered his senses he said: "Glory be to You, I turn to You in repentance and I am the first of the believers."

144.

قَالَ يَعمُوسَنَي إِنِّى ٱصُطَفَيَتُكَ عَلَى ٱلنَّاسِ بِرِ سَعلَىتِى وَبِكَلَمِى فَخُذُ مَآ ءَاتَيَتُكَ وَكُن مِّنَ ٱلشَّعكِرِينَ عَلَى النَّاسِ بِرِ سَعلَىتِى وَبِكَلَمِى فَخُذُ مَآ

(Allâh) said: "O Mûsa (Moses) I have chosen you above men by My Messages, and by My speaking (to you). So hold that which I have given you and be of the grateful."

145.

وَكَتَبُنَا لَا اللهُ وَ فِ لَ الْأَلُواجِ مِ نَ كُلِّ شَلَيْ مَ وَعِظَةً وَتَفُصِيلًا لِّكُلِّ شَلَيْ مَّوْعِظَةً وَتَفُصِيلًا لِلْكُلِّ شَلَيْ فَخُذُهَا بِقُوقَةٍ وَأُمُن قُومَكَ يَأُخُذُواْ بِأَحْسَنِهَا لَّ سَلُوْ رِيكُمُ دَارَ ٱلْفَسِقِينَ هَا اللهَ

And We wrote for him on the Tablets the lesson to be drawn from all things and the explanation of all things (and said): Hold unto these with firmness, and enjoin your people to take the better therein. I shall show you the home of *Al-Fâsigûn* (the rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

146.

سَأَصُرِفُ عَنُ ءَايَنتِى ٱلَّذِينَ يَتَكَبَّرُونَ فِى ٱلْأَرُضِ بِغَيْرِ ٱلْحَقِّ وَإِن يَرَوُاْ كُلَّ ءَايَةٍ لَّا يُؤُمِنُواْ بِهَا وَإِن يَرَوُاْ سَبِيلَ ٱلرُّشُدِ لَا يَتَّخِذُوهُ سَبِيلًا وَإِن يَرَوُاْ سَبِيلَ ٱلْغَيِّ يَتَّخِذُوهُ سَبِيلًا ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ كَذَّبُواْ بِاَيَنتِنَا وَكَانُواْ عَنُهَا غَنِهِلِينَ
عَنَا وَكَانُواْ عَنُهَا غَنِهِلِينَ عَنَى اللَّهِ عَنْهِلِينَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَنْهَا غَنِهِلِينَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَنْهَا غَنِهْلِينَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَنْهَا عَنْهَا غَنْهِلِينَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَنْهَا عَنْهَا غَنْهَا عَنْهَا عَنْهَا عَنْهَا عَنْهُا عَنْهَا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهَا عَنْهَا عَنْهُا عَنْهَا عَنْهَا عَنْهَا عَنْهَا عَنْهُا لَهُ عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهَا عَنْهُا عَنْهَا عَنْهُا عَنْهَا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهَا عَنْهَا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهَا عَنْهُا عَنْهُ عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهَا عَنْهُا عَالَوْلُ عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهُ الْمُ لَا عَنْهُا عَالَا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَالَاقُواْ عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَلَيْكُ فَا عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَالَاقُواْ عَنْهُا عَالَاقُواْ عَنْهُا عَنْهُا عَالَاقُواْ عَنْهُا عَلَيْكُوا لِي الْعَلَالُولُوا عَنْهُا عَلَيْكُوا عَلَى الْعَلَالُولُوا عَنْهُا عَلَا عَلَاهُا عَلَاهُا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَى عَلَالُولُوا عَلَا عَلَا عَلَاهُا عَلَا عَلَاهُا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَى عَلَاهُا عَلَاهُا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاهُا عَلَا عَالَاكُوا عَلَاهُا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاهُا عَلَالْمُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَا عَلَالَعُلَا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاهُا عَلَاكُوا عَلَا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُوا عَلَا عَلَاكُوا عَلَاكُو

I shall turn away from My *Ayât* (verses of the Qur'ân) those who behave arrogantly on the earth, without a right, and (even) if they see all the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), they will not believe in them. And if they see the way of righteousness (monotheism, piety, and good deeds), they will not adopt it as the Way, but if they see the way of error (polytheism, crimes and evil deeds), they will adopt that way, that is because they have

rejected Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and were heedless (to learn a lesson) from them.

147.

وَٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِئَايَنتِنَا وَلِقَآءِ ٱلْأَخِرَةِ حَبِطَتُ أَعُمَنلُهُمُّ هَلَ يُجُزَوُنَ إِلَّا مَا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ ۞

Those who deny Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and the Meeting in the Hereafter (Day of Resurrection,), vain are their deeds. Do they expect to be rewarded with anything except what they used to do?

148.

And the people of Mûsa (Moses) made in his absence, out of their ornaments, the image of a calf (for worship). It had a sound (as if it was mooing). Did they not see that it could neither speak to them nor guide them to the way? They took it for worship and they were *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers).

149

And when they regretted and saw that they had gone astray, they (repented and) said: "If our Lord have not mercy upon us and forgive us, we shall certainly be of the losers."

150.

وَلَمَّا رَجَعَ مُوسَىْ إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ عَضْبَن أَسِفًا قَالَ بِئُسَمَا خَلَفُتُمُونِى مِنَ بَعُدِيْ أَعَد بَرَأُسِ أَخِيهِ يَجُرُّهُ وَبَعُدِيْ أَعَد بَرَأُسِ أَخِيهِ يَجُرُّهُ وَبَعْدِي أَعَد بَرَأُسِ أَخِيهِ يَجُرُّهُ وَإِلَّهُ مَ إِلَّا لَهُ مَا رَبِّكُم أَو أَلْقَى ٱلْأَلُواحَ وَأَخَذ بِرَأُسِ أَخِيهِ يَجُرُّهُ وَ إِلَيْهِ قَالَ أَبُن أُمَّ إِنَّ ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱسْتَضْعَفُونِي وَكَادُواْ يَقُتُلُونَنِي فَلَا تُشْمِتُ بِي اللَّه عَلَي اللَّه عَلَي مَع ٱلْقَوْم ٱلظَّلِمِينَ عَلَى اللَّه عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّه عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّه عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّه عَلَي اللَّه عَلَي اللَّه عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّه عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ الْعَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّعْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ ا

And when Mûsa (Moses) returned to his people, angry and grieved, he said: "What an evil thing is that which you have done (i.e. worshipping the calf) during my absence. Did you hasten and go ahead as regards the matter of your Lord (you left His worship)?" And he threw down the Tablets and seized his brother by (the hair of) his head and dragged him towards him. Hârûn (Aaron) said: "O son of my mother! Indeed the people judged me weak and were about to kill me, so make not the enemies rejoice over me, nor put me amongst the people who are *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers)."

151.

Mûsa (Moses) said: "O my Lord! Forgive me and my brother, and make us enter into Your Mercy, for you are the Most Merciful of those who show mercy."

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّخَذُواْ ٱلُعِجُلَ سَيَنَالُهُمُ غَضَبٌ مِّن رَّبِّهِمُ وَذِلَّةٌ فِي ٱلْحَيَوٰةِ ٱلدُّنْيَاۚ وَكَذَٰلِكَ نَجُرِى ٱلْمُفْتَرِينَ ۞

Certainly, those who took the calf (for worship), wrath from their Lord and humiliation will come upon them in the life of this world. Thus do We recompense those who invent lies.

153.

وَٱلَّــذِينَ عَمِلُــوا ٱلسَّــيِّ عَاتِ ثُــمَّ تَــابُوا مِــنَ بَعُدِهَــا وَءَامَنُــوٓا إِنَّ رَبَّـكَ مِـنَ بَعُدِهَـا وَءَامَنُــوٓا إِنَّ رَبَّـكَ مِـنَ بَعُدِهَـا لَغَفُــورٌ رَّحِـيمٌ عَنِي

But those who committed evil deeds and then repented afterwards and believed, verily, your Lord after (all) that is indeed Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

154

وَلَمَّا سَكَتَ عَن مُّوسَى ٱلُغَضَبُ أَخَذَ ٱلْأَلُواحَ ۗ وَفِى نُسُخَتِهَا هُدًى وَرَحُمَةٌ لِّلَّذِينَ هُمُ لِرَبِّهِمُ يَرُهَبُونَ

And when the anger of Mûsa (Moses) was appeased, he took up the Tablets, and in their inscription was guidance and mercy for those who fear their Lord.

155

وَٱخۡتَارَ مُوسَىٰ قَوۡمَهُ وسَبُعِينَ رَجُلًا لِّمِيقَنتِنَا ۚ فَلَمَّا أَخَاذَتُهُمُ ٱلرَّجُفَةُ قَالَ رَبِّ لَـوُ شِئْتَ أَهُلَكُتَهُم مِّن قَبُلُ وَإِيَّنَى ۚ أَتُهُلِكُنَا بِمَا فَعَلَ ٱلسُّفَهَآءُ مِنَّا ۚ إِنْ هِى إِلَّا فِتُنتُكَ تُضِلُّ بِهَا مَن تَشَآءُ وَتَهُدِى مَن تَشَآءً أَنتَ وَلِيُّنَا فَاعُفِرُ لَنَا وَٱرْحَمُنَا ۗ وَأَنتَ خَيْرُ ٱلْغَنفِرِينَ



And Mûsa (Moses) chose out of his people seventy (of the best) men for Our appointed time and place of meeting, and when they were seized with a violent earthquake, he said: "O my Lord, if it had been Your Will, You could have destroyed them and me before; would You destroy us for the deeds of the foolish ones among us? It is only Your Trial by which You lead astray whom You will, and keep guided whom You will. You are our *Walî* (Protector), so forgive us and have Mercy on us, for You are the Best of those who forgive.

156.

 « وَٱكُ تُبُ لَنَا فِی هَد ذِهِ ٱلدُّنْیَا حَسَنَةً وَفِی ٱلْاََخِ رَةِ إِنَّا هُدُنَاۤ إِلَیْكَ قَالَ عَذَابِیٓ أُصِیبُ بِهِ مَنۡ أَشَآءً وَرَحُمَتِی وَسِعَتُ كُلَّ شَیۡءٍ فَسَأَكُتُبُهَا لِلَّا خِینَ یَتَّقُونَ وَیُؤْتُ وِنَ ٱلزَّ كَوْةَ وَٱلَّـذِینَ هُـم بِاَیَنتِنَا یُؤْمِنُونَ لِلَّا ذِینَ هُـم بِاَیَنتِنَا یُؤْمِنُونَ لِلَّا ذِینَ هُـم بِاَیَنتِنَا یُؤْمِنُونَ



And ordain for us good in this world, and in the Hereafter. Certainly we have turned unto You." He said: (As to) My Punishment I afflict therewith whom I will and My Mercy embraces all things. That (Mercy) I shall ordain for those who are the *Muttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2), and give *Zakât*; and those who believe in Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs and revelations, etc.);

157.

ٱلَّذِينَ يَتَّبِعُونَ ٱلرَّسُولَ ٱلنَّبِيَّ ٱلْأُمِّيَّ ٱلَّذِي يَجِدُونَهُ وَمَكُتُوبًا عِندَهُمُ فِي ٱلنَّوْرَ نَةِ وَٱلْإِنجِيلِ يَأْمُرُهُم بِٱلْمَعُرُوفِ وَيَنْهَنهُمْ عَنِ ٱلْمُنكرِ وَيُحِلُّ لَهُمُ ٱلطَّيِّبَدِتِ وَيُحَرِّمُ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْخَبَتَيِثَ وَيَضَعُ عَنْهُمُ إِصْرَهُمْ وَٱلْأَغُلَالَ ٱلَّتِي ٱلطَّيِّبَدِتِ وَيُحَرِّمُ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْخَبَتَيِثَ وَيَضَعُ عَنْهُمُ إِصْرَهُمْ وَٱلْأَغُلَالَ ٱلَّتِي كَانَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ أَلُمُنُواْ بِهِ وَعَزَّرُوهُ وَنَصَرُوهُ وَٱتَّبَعُواْ ٱلنُّورَ ٱلَّذِي كَانَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ أَلْمُفْلِحُونَ عَلَيْهِمُ أَنْ اللَّهُورَ ٱلَّذِي اللَّهُ اللَّذِي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللِهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

Those who follow the Messenger, the Prophet who can neither read nor write (i.e.Muhammad SAW) whom they find written with them in the Taurât (Torah) (Deut, xviii, 15) and the Injeel (Gospel) (John xiv, 16) , - he commands them for *Al-Ma'rûf* (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and all that Islâm has ordained); and forbids them from *Al-Munkar* (i.e. disbelief, polytheism of all kinds, and all that Islâm has forbidden); he allows them as lawful *At-Taiyibât* [(i.e. all good and lawful) as regards things, deeds, beliefs, persons, foods, etc.], and prohibits them as unlawful *Al-Khabâ'ith* (i.e. all evil and unlawful as regards things, deeds, beliefs, persons, foods, etc.), he releases them from their heavy burdens (of Allâh's Covenant), and from the fetters (bindings) that were upon them. So those who believe in him (Muhammad SAW), honour him, help him, and follow the light (the Qur'ân) which has been sent down with him, it is they who will be successful .

158

قُلُ يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ إِنِّى رَسُولُ ٱللَّهِ إِلَيْكُمُ جَمِيعًا ٱلَّذِى لَهُ مَلُكُ ٱلسَّمَـوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِّ لَآ إِلَـهَ إِلَّا هُوَ يُحْيِ ـ وَيُمِيتُ فَعَامِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ٱلنَّبِيِّ ٱلْأُمِّيِ ٱلَّذِى يُؤْمِنُ بِٱللَّهِ وَكَلِمَـتِهِ ـ وَٱتَّبِعُـوهُ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَهُتَـدُونَ

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "O mankind! Verily, I am sent to you all as the Messenger of Allâh - to Whom belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth. *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He); It is He Who gives life and causes death. So believe in Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), the Prophet who can neither read nor write (i.e. Muhammad SAW) who believes in Allâh and His Words [(this Qur'ân), the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel) and also Allâh's Word: "Be!" - and he was, i.e. 'lesa (Jesus) son of Maryam (Mary), >Ç>], and follow him so that you may be guided. []"

159.

وَمِن قَوْمٍ مُوسَى أُمَّةٌ يَهُدُونَ بِٱلْحَقِّ وَبِهِ عَدِلُونَ وَمِن وَبِهِ عَدِلُونَ

And of the people of Mûsa (Moses) there is a community who lead (the men) with truth and establish justice therewith (i.e. judge men with truth and justice).

وَقَطَّعُنَدِهُمُ اَثُنَتَى عَشُرَةَ أَسُبَاطًا أُمَمَّا وَأَوْحَيُنَا إِلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ إِذِ اَسُتَسَقَدُ قَوْمُهُ وَ أَنِ اَضُرِب بِعَصَاكَ الْحَجَرِ فَانْبَجَسَتُ مِنْهُ اَثُنْتَا عَشُرَةَ عَيُنَا قَدُ قَوْمُهُ وَ أَنِ اَضُرِب بِعَصَاكَ الْحَجَرِ فَانْبَجَسَتُ مِنْهُ اَثُنْتَا عَشُرَةَ عَيُنَا قَدُ عَلِم كُلُّ أُنَاسٍ مَّشُرَبَهُم وَظَلَّلُنَا عَلَيْهِمُ اللَّهَ مَا مَ وَأَنزَلُنَا عَلَيْهِمُ اللَّمَنَ عَلَيْهِمُ اللَّمَنَ وَالسَّلُوى فَي اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا عَلَيْهِمُ اللَّهُ وَمَا ظَلَمُونَا وَلَدَكِن كَانُواْ وَلَدَكِن كَانُواْ أَنفُسَهُمُ يَظُلِمُونَ هَا مَن طَيِّبَدِتِ مَا رَزَقُنْنكُم فَومَا ظَلَمُونَا وَلَدَكِن كَانُواْ أَنفُسَهُمُ يَظُلِمُونَ هَا فَلَمُونَا وَلَدَكِن كَانُواْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُونَا وَلَدَكِن كَانُواْ اللَّهُ الْمُ اللَّهُ اللِلْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّلَالُولَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُ

And We divided them into twelve tribes (as distinct) nations. We directed Mûsa (Moses) by inspiration, when his people asked him for water, (saying): "Strike the stone with your stick", and there gushed forth out of it twelve springs: each group knew its own place for water. We shaded them with the clouds and sent down upon them *Al-Manna* and the quails (saying): "Eat of the good things with which We have provided you." They harmed Us not but they used to harm themselves.

161

وَإِذْ قِيلَ لَهُمُ السَّكُنُواْ هَدِدِهِ ٱلْقَرِيَةَ وَكُلُواْ مِنْهَا حَيْثُ شِئْتُمُ وَقُولُواْ حِطَّةٌ وَٱدْخُلُواْ ٱلْبَابَ سُجَّدًا نَّغُفِرُ لَكُمْ خَطِيْئَدِيكُمُ سَنزِيدُ ٱلمُحُسِنِينَ شَ

And (remember) when it was said to them: "Dwell in this town (Jerusalem) and eat therefrom wherever you wish, and say, '(O Allâh) forgive our sins'; and enter the gate prostrate (bowing with humility). We shall forgive you your wrong-doings. We shall increase (the reward) for the good-doers."

162

فَبَدَّلَ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مِنْهُمُ قَولًا غَيْرَ ٱلَّذِي قِيلَ لَهُمُ فَأَرُسَلُنَا عَلَيْهِمُ رِجُزًا مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَظُلِمُونَ شَ

But those among them who did wrong changed the word that had been told to them. So We sent on them a torment from heaven in return for their wrong-doings. I

163.

And ask them (O Muhammad SAW) about the town that was by the sea, when they transgressed in the matter of the Sabbath (i.e. Saturday): when their fish came to them openly on the Sabbath day, and did not come to them on the day they had no Sabbath. Thus We made a trial of them for they used to rebel (see the Qur'ân: V.4:154).

وَإِذْ قَالَتُ أُمَّةٌ مِّنُهُمُ لِـمَ تَعِظُـونَ قَوْمًا ٱللَّـهُ مُهُلِكُـهُمُ أَوْ مُعَـذِّبُهُمُ عَذَابًا شَـدِيدًا قَالُواْ مَعَـٰذِرَةً إِلَـىٰ رَبِّكُـمُ وَلَعَلَّهُمُ يَتَّقُونَ ۚ

And when a community among them said: "Why do you preach to a people whom Allâh is about to destroy or to punish with a severe torment?" (The preachers) said: "In order to be free from guilt before your Lord (Allâh), and perhaps they may fear Allâh."

165

So when they forgot the remindings that had been given to them, We rescued those who forbade evil, but We seized those who did wrong with a severe torment because they used to rebel (disobey Allâh).

166

So when they exceeded the limits of what they were prohibited, We said to them: "Be you monkeys, despised and rejected." (It is a severe warning to the mankind that they should not disobey what Allâh commands them to do, and be far away from what He prohibits them). Π

167.

And (remember) when your Lord declared that He would certainly keep on sending against them (i.e. the Jews), till the Day of Resurrection, those who would afflict them with a humiliating torment. Verily, your Lord is Quick in Retribution (for the disobedient, wicked) and certainly He is OftForgiving, Most Merciful (for the obedient and those who beg Allâh's Forgiveness).

168.

And We have broken them (i.e. the Jews) up into various separate groups on the earth, some of them are righteous and some are away from that. And We tried them with good (blessings) and evil (calamities) in order that they might turn (to Allâh's Obedience).

169.

فَخَلَفَ مِنْ بَعُدِهِمُ خَلُفٌ وَرِثُواْ ٱلْكِتَنبَ يَأْخُذُونَ عَرَضَ هَدذَا ٱلْأَدُنَىٰ وَيَقُولُونَ سَيُغُفَرُ لَنَا وَإِن يَأْتِهِمُ عَرَضٌ مِّثُلُهُ وَيَأْخُذُوهٌ أَلَمُ يُؤُخَذُ عَلَيْهِم وَيَقُولُونَ سَيُغُفَرُ لَنَا وَإِن يَأْتِهِمُ عَرَضٌ مِّثُلُهُ و يَأْخُذُوهٌ أَلَمُ يُؤُخَذُ عَلَيْهِم مِي شَلُهُ وَيَأْخُذُوهٌ أَلَمُ يُؤُخَذُ عَلَيْهِم مِي شَيْتُ وَالْكَارُ مِي اللّهِ إِلّا ٱلْحَقَّ وَدَرَسُواْ مَا فِيهٍ وَٱلدَّارُ مِي اللّهِ إِلّا ٱلْحَقَّ وَدَرَسُواْ مَا فِيهٍ وَٱلدَّارُ اللّهِ عِلْمُ وَنَ هُولُواْ عَلَى ٱللّهِ إِلّا ٱلْحَقَّ وَدَرَسُواْ مَا فِيهٍ وَٱلدَّارُ اللّهِ اللّهِ عَلَى اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهِ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهِ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلَا عَلَا عَلَمُ اللّهُ عَلَا عَلَمُ عَلَا عَلَا عَلَا عَلَا عَلَا عَلَا عَلَا عَلَهُ عَلَا اللّهُ عَلَا ا

Then after them succeeded an (evil) generation, which inherited the Book, but they chose (for themselves) the goods of this low life (evil pleasures of this world) saying (as an excuse): "(Everything) will be forgiven to us." And if (again) the offer of the like (evil pleasures of this world) came their way, they would (again) seize them (would commit those sins). Was not the covenant of the Book taken from them that they would not say about Allâh anything but the truth? And they have studied what is in it (the Book). And the home of the Hereafter is better for those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2). Do not you then understand?

170.

And as to those who hold fast to the Book (i.e. act on its teachings) and perform As-Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât), certainly, We shall never waste the reward of those who do righteous deeds.

171

And (remember) when We raised the mountain over them as if it had been a canopy, and they thought that it was going to fall on them. (We said): "Hold firmly to what We have given you [i.e. the Taurât (Torah)], and remember that which is therein (act on its commandments), so that you may fear Allâh and obey Him."

172

And (remember) when your Lord brought forth from the Children of Adam, from their loins, their seed (or from Adam's loin his offspring) and made them testify as to themselves (saying): "Am I not your Lord?" They said: "Yes! We testify," lest you should say on the Day of Resurrection: "Verily, we have been unaware of this."

173.

Or lest you should say: "It was only our fathers afortime who took others as partners in worship along with Allâh, and we were (merely their) descendants after them; will You then destroy us because of the deeds of men who practised *Al-Bâtil* (i.e. polytheism and committing crimes and sins, invoking and worshipping others besides Allâh)?" (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*).

174.

Thus do We explain the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) in detail, so that they may turn (unto the truth).

وَٱتُلُ عَلَيْهِمُ نَبَأَ ٱلَّذِي ءَاتَيْنَهُ ءَايَئِنَهُ ءَايَئِنَا فَٱنسَلَخَ مِنُهَا فَأَتُبَعَهُ ٱلشَّيْطَنُ فَكَانَ مِنَ ٱلْغَاوِينَ ٢

And recite (O Muhammad SAW) to them the story of him to whom We gave Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), but he threw them away, so *Shaitân* (Satan) followed him up, and he became of those who went astray.

176.

وَلَـوُ شِـئَنَا لَرَفَعُنَـهُ بِهَا وَلَـكِنَّـهُ وَأَخُـلَدَ إِلَـى ٱلْأَرُضِ وَٱتَّبَـعَ هَوَلَهُ فَمَثَلُهُ وَكَمَثَلِ ٱلْكَلْبِ إِن تَحُمِلُ عَلَيْهِ يَلُهَثُ أَوُ تَتُرُكُهُ يَلُهَثُ هَوَلَهُ فَمَثَلُهُ وَكَمَثَلِ ٱلْكَلْبِ إِن تَحُمِلُ عَلَيْهِ يَلُهَثُ أَوُ تَتُرُكُهُ يَلُهَثُ هُوَلَا فَاقَصُصِ ٱلْقَصَصَ لَعَلَّهُمُ ذَالِكَ مَثَـلُ ٱلْقَـوُمِ ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَنتِنَا فَاقَصُصِ ٱلْقَصَصَ لَعَلَّهُمُ يَتَفَكَّرُونَ اللهَ مَاللهُ مَا يَتَفَكَّرُونَ اللهَ اللهُ اللهُ مَا يَتَفَكَّرُونَ اللهُ الله

And had We willed, We would surely have elevated him therewith but he clung to the earth and followed his own vain desire. So his description is the description of a dog: if you drive him away, he lolls his tongue out, or if you leave him alone, he (still) lolls his tongue out. Such is the description of the people who reject Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.). So relate the stories, perhaps they may reflect.

177

Evil is the likeness of the people who reject Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses and signs, etc.), and used to wrong their ownselves.

178

Whomsoever Allâh guides, he is the guided one, and whomsoever He sends astray, those! They are the losers.

179

وَلَقَدُ ذَرَأُنَا لِجَهَنَّمَ كَثِيرًا مِّنَ ٱلُجِنِّ وَٱلْإِنسِ ۖ لَهُمُ قُلُوبُ لَّا يَفُقَهُونَ بِهَا وَلَهُمُ ءَاذَانٌ لَّا يَسْمَعُونَ بِهَا أَوْلَتَبِكَ كَٱلْأَنْعَيمِ وَلَهُمُ ءَاذَانٌ لَّا يَسْمَعُونَ بِهَا أَوْلَتَبِكَ كَٱلْأَنْعَيمِ بَلَهُمُ أَعُيُنٌ لَّا يُسْمَعُونَ بِهَا أَوْلَتَبِكَ كَٱلْأَنْعَيمِ بَلَهُمُ أَضَلُ أَوْلَتَبِكَ هُمُ ٱلنَّعَلِفُونَ عَلَى اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ ال

And surely, We have created many of the jinns and mankind for Hell. They have hearts wherewith they understand not, they have eyes wherewith they see not, and they have ears wherewith they hear not (the truth). They are like cattle, nay even more astray; those! They are the heedless ones

وَلِلَّهِ ٱلْأَسُمَآءُ ٱلْحُسُنَىٰ فَٱدْعُوهُ بِهَا ۗ وَذَرُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ يُلُحِدُونَ فِيَّ أَسُمَنَبِهِۦۚ سَيُجُزَوُنَ مَا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ ﴿

And (all) the Most Beautiful Names belong to Allâh $^{\Pi}$, so call on Him by them, and leave the company of those who belie or deny (or utter impious speech against) His Names. They will be requited for what they used to do.

181

And of those whom We have created, there is a community who guides (others) with the truth, and establishes justice therewith.

182

Those who reject Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), We shall gradually seize them with punishment in ways they perceive not.

183

And I respite them; certainly My Plan is strong.

184

Do they not reflect? There is no madness in their companion (Muhammad SAW). He is but a plain warner.

185

Do they not look in the dominion of the heavens and the earth and all things that Allâh has created, and that it may be that the end of their lives is near. In what message after this will they then believe?

186.



Whomsoever Allâh sends astray, none can guide him; and He lets them wander blindly in their transgressions.

يَسُــنَّلُونَكَ عَــنِ ٱلسَّــاعَةِ أَيَّــانَ مُرُسَــنهَا قُــلُ إِنَّمَـا عِلْمُهَـا عِنــدَ رَبِّــ لَا يُجَلِّيهَا لِوَقُتِهَا إِلَّا هُوَ ثَقُلُتُ فِى ٱلسَّمَـوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ لَا تَأْتِيكُمُ إِلَّا بَغُتَـةً يَسُــتَلُونَكَ كَـأَنَّكَ حَـفِيُّ عَنْهَ القُـلُ إِنَّمَـا عِلْمُهَـا عِنـدَ ٱللَّـهِ وَلَــكِنَّ أَكُثَرَ ٱلنَّاسِ لَا يَعُلَمُونَ سَ

They ask you about the Hour (Day of Resurrection): "When will be its appointed time?" Say: "The knowledge thereof is with my Lord (Alone). None can reveal its time but He. Heavy is its burden through the heavens and the earth. It shall not come upon you except all of a sudden." They ask you as if you have a good knowledge of it. Say: "The knowledge thereof is with Allâh (Alone) but most of mankind know not."

188.

قُل لاَّ أَمُلِكُ لِنَفُسِى نَفُعًا وَلَا ضَرَّا إِلَّا مَا شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ وَلَو كُنتُ أَعُلَمُ ٱلُغَيُبَ لَاَسَ تَكُثَرُتُ مِنَ ٱلنَّهِ وَبَشِيرٌ لَاَسُونَ أَنِا إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ وَبَشِيرٌ لَاَسُونَ أَنَا إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ وَبَشِيرٌ لِنَّا اللَّهُ وَءُ إِنْ أَنَا إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ وَبَشِيرٌ لِنَّا اللَّهُ وَءُ إِنْ أَنَا إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ وَبَشِيرٌ لِللَّا فَا إِنْ أَنَا إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ وَبَشِيرٌ لِللَّا فَا إِلَّا مَا مَسَّنِى ٱلسُّوَءُ إِنْ أَنَا إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ وَبَشِيرٌ لَا اللَّهُ وَمُ يُؤْمِنُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَو اللَّهُ وَلَو اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَوْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I possess no power of benefit or hurt to myself except as Allâh wills. If I had the knowledge of the *Ghaib* (unseen), I should have secured for myself an abundance of wealth, and no evil should have touched me. I am but a warner, and a bringer of glad tidings unto people who believe."

189.

هُوَ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَكُم مِّن نَّفُسٍ وَ حِدَةٍ وَجَعَلَ مِنُهَا زَوْجَهَا لِيَسُكُنَ إِلَيُهَا فَلَمَّا تَغَشَّنهَا حَمَلَتُ حَمَلًا خَفِيفًا فَمَرَّتُ بِهِ مُّ فَلَمَّا أَثُقَلَت دَّعَوَا ٱللَّهَ رَبَّهُمَا لَيَ مَلَا خَفِيفًا فَمَرَّتُ بِهِ مُّ فَلَمَّا أَثُقَلَت دَّعَوَا ٱللَّهَ رَبَّهُمَا لَي اللَّهَ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَي اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعَلِّمُ اللَّهُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ اللَّهُ الْكُولُولُولُولُولُكُمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ الْعُلْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعَلِمُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّ

It is He Who has created you from a single person (Adam), and (then) He has created from him his wife [Hawwa (Eve)], in order that he might enjoy the pleasure of living with her. When he had sexual relation with her, she became pregnant and she carried it about lightly. Then when it became heavy, they both invoked Allâh, their Lord (saying): "If You give us a *Sâlih* (good in every aspect) child, we shall indeed be among the grateful."

190

فَلَمَّآ ءَاتَنهُمَا صَلِحًا جَعَلَا لَهُ وشُرَكَآءَ فِيمَآ ءَاتَنهُمَاۚ فَتَعَلَى ٱللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُرِكُونَ ۚ

But when He gave them a *Sâlih* (good in every aspect) child, they ascribed partners to Him (Allâh) in that which He has given to them. High be Allâh, Exalted above all that they ascribe as partners to Him. (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*, Vol.9, Page 148).

أَيُشًر كُونَ مَا لَا يَخُلُقُ شَيًّا وَهُمُ يُخُلَقُونَ ١

Do they attribute as partners to Allâh those who created nothing but they themselves are created?

192

No help can they give them, nor can they help themselves.

193

And if you call them to guidance, they follow you not. It is the same for you whether you call them or you keep silent.

194.

Verily, those whom you call upon besides Allâh are slaves like you. So call upon them and let them answer you if you are truthful.

195

Have they feet wherewith they walk? Or have they hands wherewith they hold? Or have they eyes wherewith they see? Or have they ears wherewith they hear? Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Call your (so-called) partners (of Allâh) and then plot against me, and give me no respite!

196

"Verily, my *Walî* (Protector, Supporter, and Helper, etc.) is Allâh Who has revealed the Book (the Qur'ân), and He protects (supports and helps) the righteous.

197



"And those whom you call upon besides Him (Allâh) cannot help you nor can they help themselves."

وَإِن تَدُعُوهُمُ إِلَى ٱلْهُدَىٰ لَا يَسُمَعُواۚ وَتَرَنهُمُ يَنظُرُونَ إِلَيْكَ وَهُمُ لَا يُبُصِرُونَ ﷺ

And if you call them to guidance, they hear not and you will see them looking at you, yet they see not.

199

Show forgiveness, enjoin what is good, and turn away from the foolish (i.e. don't punish them).

200

And if an evil whisper comes to you from *Shaitân* (Satan) then seek refuge with Allâh. Verily, He is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

201.

Verily, those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2), when an evil thought comes to them from *Shaitân* (Satan), they remember (Allâh), and (indeed) they then see (aright).

202

But (as for) their brothers (the devils) they (i.e. the devils) plunge them deeper into error, and they never stop short.

203

And if you do not bring them a miracle [according to their (i.e. Quraish-pagans') proposal], they say: "Why have you not brought it?" Say: "I but follow what is revealed to me from my Lord. This (the Qur'ân) is nothing but evidences from your Lord, and a guidance and a mercy for a people who believe."

204

So, when the Qur'ân is recited, listen to it, and be silent that you may receive mercy. [i.e. during the compulsory congregational prayers when the *Imâm* (of a mosque) is leading the prayer (except *Sûrat Al-Fâtiha*), and also when he is delivering the Friday-prayer *Khutbah*]. [*Tafsir At-Tabari*, Vol.9, Pages 162-4]

وَٱذْكُر رَّبَّكَ فِي نَفُسِكَ تَضَرُّعًا وَخِيفَةً وَدُونَ ٱلْجَهْرِ مِنَ ٱلْقَوَّلِ بِٱلْغُدُوِّ وَٱلْأَصَالِ وَلَا تَكُن مِّنَ ٱلْغَنفِلِينَ

And remember your Lord by your tongue and within yourself, humbly and with fear without loudness in words in the mornings, and in the afternoons and be not of those who are neglectful. Π

206.

Surely, those who are with your Lord (angels) are never too proud to perform acts of worship to Him, but they glorify His Praise and prostrate before Him.

8. Al-Anfâl Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

يَسُئَلُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلْأَنفَالِ قُلِ ٱلْأَنفَالُ لِلَّهِ وَٱلرَّسُولِ فَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَأَصُلِحُواْ ذَاتَ بَيُنِكُمُ مُّ وَأَطِيعُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَإِن كُنتُم مُّؤُمِنِينَ ۞

They ask you (O Muhammad SAW) about the spoils of war. Say: "The spoils are for Allâh and the Messenger." So fear Allâh and adjust all matters of difference among you, and obey Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), if you are believers.

2.

إِنَّمَا ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ٱلَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُكِرَ ٱللَّهُ وَجِلَتُ قُلُوبُهُمُ وَإِذَا تُلِيَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ ءَايَنتُهُ وَزَادَتُهُمُ إِيمَننَا وَعَلَىٰ رَبِّهِمُ يَتَوَكَّلُونَ ۞

The believers are only those who, when Allâh is mentioned, feel a fear in their hearts and when His Verses (this Qur'ân) are recited unto them, they (i.e. the Verses) increase their Faith; and they put their trust in their Lord (Alone);

3.

Who perform As-Salât (IqâmatasSalât) and spend out of that We have provided them.

4.

أُوْلَتَبِكَ هُـمُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُـونَ حَقَّا لَّهُـمَ دَرَجَـنتُ عِنـدَ رَبِّهِـمُ وَمَغُفِـرَةٌ وَرِزُقٌ كَرِيمٌ ۞

It is they who are the believers in truth. For them are grades of dignity with their Lord, and Forgiveness and a generous provision (Paradise).

5.

As your Lord caused you (O Muhammad SAW) to go out from your home with the truth, and verily, a party among the believers disliked it;

6.

Disputing with you concerning the truth after it was made manifest, as if they were being driven to death, while they were looking (at it).

وَإِذُ يَعِـدُكُمُ ٱللَّـهُ إِحـُـدَى ٱلطَّـآبِفَتَيُنِ أَنَّهَـا لَكُـمُ وَتَـوَدُّونَ أَنَّ غَـيُرَ ذَاتِ ٱلشَّوَكَةِ تَكُونُ لَكُمُ وَيُرِيدُ ٱللَّهُ أَن يُحِقَّ ٱلْحَقَّ بِكَلِمَتِهِ ـ وَيَقُطَعَ ذَاتِ ٱلشَّوُكَةِ تَكُونُ لَكُمُ وَيُرِيدُ ٱللَّهُ أَن يُحِقَّ ٱلْحَقَّ بِكَلِمَتِهِ ـ وَيَقُطَعَ ذَابِـرَ ٱلْكَنفِـرِينَ ۞

And (remember) when Allâh promised you (Muslims) one of the two parties (of the enemy i.e. either the army or the caravan) that it should be yours, you wished that the one not armed (the caravan) should be yours, but Allâh willed to justify the truth by His Words and to cut off the roots of the disbelievers (i.e. in the battle of Badr).

8.

That He might cause the truth to triumph and bring falsehood to nothing, even though the *Mujrimûn* (disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, criminals, etc.) hate it.

9.

(Remember) when you sought help of your Lord and He answered you (saying): "I will help you with a thousand of the angels each behind the other (following one another) in succession."

10

Allâh made it only as glad tidings, and that your hearts be at rest therewith. And there is no victory except from Allâh. Verily, Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

11.

(Remember) when He covered you with a slumber as a security from Him, and He caused water (rain) to descend on you from the sky, to clean you thereby and to remove from you the *Rijz* (whispering, evil-suggestions, etc.) of *Shaitân* (Satan), and to strengthen your hearts, and make your feet firm thereby.

إِذْ يُوحِـــى رَبُّــكَ إِلَـــى ٱلْمَلَآئِكِــةِ أَنِّــى مَعَكُــمُ فَثَبِّتُــواْ الَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ الَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ الَّذِينَ عَامَنُواْ الْسَوْعَبَ فَاضُرِبُواْ فَـوَقَ ٱلْأَعْنَاقِ وَٱضُرِبُواْ مِنْهُمُ كُلَّ بَنَانٍ

قَــوَقَ ٱلْأَعْنَاقِ وَٱضُرِبُواْ مِنْهُمُ كُلَّ بَنَانٍ

(Remember) when your Lord inspired the angels, "Verily, I am with you, so keep firm those who have believed. I will cast terror into the hearts of those who have disbelieved, so strike them over the necks, and smite over all their fingers and toes."

13.

ذَالِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ شَآقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ ۚ وَمَن يُشَاقِقِ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ ۗ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ شَدِيدُ ٱلُعِقَابِ ۚ

This is because they defied and disobeyed Allâh and His Messenger. And whoever defies and disobeys Allâh and His Messenger, then verily, Allâh is Severe in punishment.

14.

This is the torment, so taste it, and surely for the disbelievers is the torment of the Fire.

15.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓا إِذَا لَقِيتُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ زَحُفًا فَلَا تُوَلُّوهُمُ ٱلأَدُبَارَ



O you who believe! When you meet those who disbelieve, in a battle-field, never turn your backs to them.

16.

وَمَــن يُــولِّهِمُ يَوُمَيِــذِ دُبُــرَهُ وَ إِلَّا مُتَحَرِّفَـا لِّقِتَـالٍ أَوُ مُتَحَرِّفَـا لِيقِتَـالٍ أَوُ مُتَحَرِّفَـا لِلَّهِ وَمَأُولَـهُ جَـهَنَّمُ مُتَحَيِّزًا إِلَـىٰ فِئَـةٍ فَقَـدُ بَـآءَ بِغَضَـبٍ مِّـنَ ٱللَّـهِ وَمَأُولَـهُ جَـهَنَّمُ وَبِئُسَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ
وَبِئُسَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ
اللَّهُ اللِلْمُلِلْمُ الْمُولِلَّةُ الْمُلْعُلِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

And whoever turns his back to them on such a day - unless it be a stratagem of war, or to retreat to a troop (of his own), - he indeed has drawn upon himself wrath from Allâh. And his abode is Hell, and worst indeed is that destination!

17.

فَلَمُ تَقَتُلُوهُمُ وَلَدِكِنَّ ٱللَّهَ قَتَلَهُمُ وَمَا رَمَيُتَ إِذْ رَمَيُتَ وَلَدِكِنَّ ٱللَّهَ رَمَىٰ وَلِيُبُلِىَ ٱلْمُؤمِنِينَ مِنْهُ بَلَآءً حَسَنَا إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ ۗ

You killed them not, but Allâh killed them. And you (Muhammad SAW) threw not when you did throw but Allâh threw, that He might test the believers by a fair trial from Him. Verily, Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

ذَالِكُمُ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ مُوهِنُ كَيُدِ ٱللَّكَافِرِينَ ١

This (is the fact) and surely, Allâh weakens the deceitful plots of the disbelievers.

19.

إِن تَسْتَفُتِحُواْ فَقَدُ جَآءَكُمُ ٱلْفَتُحُ وَإِن تَنتَهُ واْ فَهُ وَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمُّ وَإِن تَنتَهُ واْ فَهُ وَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمُّ وَإِن تَعَدُوهُ وَا نَعُدُ وَلَن تُغُنِى عَنكُمُ فِئَتُكُمُ شَيئًا وَلَوْ كَثُرَتُ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ مَعَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ
اللَّهُ وَمِنِينَ

(O disbelievers) if you ask for a judgement, now has the judgement come unto you and if you cease (to do wrong), it will be better for you, and if you return (to the attack), so shall We return, and your forces will be of no avail to you, however numerous it be, and verily, Allâh is with the believers.

20.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓا أَطِيعُوا ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَلَا تَوَلَّوا عَنْهُ وَأَنتُمُ تَسُمَعُونَ ۞

O you who believe! Obey Allâh and His Messenger, and turn not away from him (i.e. Messenger Muhammad SAW) while you are hearing.

21.

And be not like those who say: "We have heard," but they hear not.

22.

Verily! The worst of (moving) living creatures with Allâh are the deaf and the dumb, those who understand not (i.e. the disbelievers).

23.

وَلَوُ عَلِمَ ٱللَّهُ فِيهِمُ خَيْرًا لَّأَسُمَعَهُمُّ وَلَو أَسُمَعَهُمُ لَتَوَلُّواْ وَّهُم مُّعُرِضُونَ



Had Allâh known of any good in them, He would indeed have made them listen, and even if He had made them listen, they would but have turned away, averse (to the truth).

24.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱستَجِيبُواْ لِلَّهِ وَلِلرَّسُولِ إِذَا دَعَاكُمُ لِمَا يُتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱستَجِيبُواْ لِلَّهِ وَلِلرَّسُولِ إِذَا دَعَاكُمُ لِمَا يُحُينَ ٱلْمَرَءِ وَقَلْبِهِ وَأَنَّهُ وَ إِلَيْهِ يُحُينَ ٱلْمَرَءِ وَقَلْبِهِ وَأَنَّهُ وَ إِلَيْهِ يُحُينَ ٱلْمَرَءِ وَقَلْبِهِ وَأَنَّهُ وَ إِلَيْهِ يُحُشِرُونَ عَلَيْهِ مَا أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَحُولُ بَيْنَ ٱلْمَرَءِ وَقَلْبِهِ وَأَنَّهُ وَ إِلَيْهِ تُحُشَرُونَ عَلَيْهِ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ يَحُولُ بَيْنَ ٱلْمَرَءِ وَقَلْبِهِ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ يَحُولُ بَيْنَ ٱللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِ

O you who believe! Answer Allâh (by obeying Him) and (His) Messenger when he (SAW) calls you^[] to that which will give you life, ^[] and know that Allâh comes in between a person and his heart (i.e. He prevents an evil person to decide anything). And verily to Him you shall (all) be gathered.

25.

وَاتَّقُواْ فِتُنَةً لَّا تُصِيبَنَّ الَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مِنكُمُ خَاَصَّةً وَاَعُلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّ اَللَّهَ شَدِيدُ اَلْعِقَابِ

And fear the *Fitnah* (affliction and trial, etc.) which affects not in particular (only) those of you who do wrong (but it may afflict all the good and the bad people), and know that Allâh is Severe in punishment.

26.

وَٱذۡكُرُوٓا إِذۡ أَنتُمۡ قَلِيلٌ مُّسۡتَضَعَفُونَ فِى ٱلۡأَرۡضِ تَخَافُونَ أَن يَتَخَطَّفَكُمُ وَٱذۡكُرُوٓا إِذۡ أَنتُمُ قَلِيلٌ مُّسۡتَضُعَفُونَ فِى ٱلۡأَرۡضِ تَخَافُونَ أَلطَّيِّبَنتِ لَعَلَّكُمُ النَّاسُ فَعَاوَىٰكُمُ وَأَيَّدَكُم بِنَصُرِهِ - وَرَزَقَكُم مِّنَ ٱلطَّيِّبَنتِ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَشُكُرُونَ ۚ اللَّيِّبَنتِ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَشُكُرُونَ ۚ اللَّا اللَّيِّبَنتِ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَشْكُرُونَ ۚ اللَّا اللَّيِّبَنتِ لَعَلَّكُمُ وَنَ اللَّهُ اللْ

And remember when you were few and were reckoned weak in the land, and were afraid that men might kidnap you, but He provided a safe place for you, strengthened you with His Help, and provided you with good things so that you might be grateful.

27.

O you who believe! Betray not Allâh and His Messenger, nor betray knowingly your *Amânât* (things entrusted to you, and all the duties which Allâh has ordained for you). I

28.

And know that your possessions and your children are but a trial and that surely with Allâh is a mighty reward.

29.

O you who believe! If you obey and fear Allâh, He will grant you *Furqân* a criterion [(to judge between right and wrong), or (*Makhraj*, i.e. making a way for you to get out from every difficulty)], and will expiate for you your sins, and forgive you, and Allâh is the Owner of the Great Bounty.

وَإِذُ يَمُكُرُ بِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لِيُثْبِتُوكَ أَوْ يَقُتُلُوكَ أَوْ يُخُرِجُوكَ ۚ وَيَمُكُرُونَ وَيَمُكُرُ ٱللَّهُ وَٱللَّهُ خَيرُ ٱلْمَنكِرِينَ ۞

And (remember) when the disbelievers plotted against you (O Muhammad SAW) to imprison you, or to kill you, or to get you out (from your home, i.e. Makkah); they were plotting and Allâh too was planning, and Allâh is the Best of the planners.

31.

And when Our Verses (of the Qur'ân) are recited to them, they say: "We have heard this (the Qur'ân); if we wish we can say the like of this. This is nothing but the tales of the ancients."

32.

And (remember) when they said: "O Allâh! If this (the Qur'ân) is indeed the truth (revealed) from You, then rain down stones on us from the sky or bring on us a painful torment."

33.

And Allâh would not punish them while you (Muhammad SAW) are amongst them, nor will He punish them while they seek (Allâh's) Forgiveness.

34.

And why should not Allâh punish them while they stop (men) from *Al-Masjid-al-Harâm*, and they are not its guardians? None can be its guardian except *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2), but most of them know not.

35.

Their Salât (prayer) at the House (of Allâh, i.e. the Ka'bah at Makkah) was nothing but whistling and clapping of hands. Therefore taste the punishment because you used to disbelieve.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ يُنفِقُونَ أَمُوالَهُمُ لِيَصُدُّواْ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ فَسَيُنفِقُونَهَا ثُلَيْ اللَّهِ فَسَيُنفِقُونَهَا ثُلُمَّ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ فَاللَّهِ فَاللَّهِ فَاللَّهِ فَا اللَّهِ فَاللَّهِ فَا اللَّهِ فَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ اللَّ

Verily, those who disbelieve spend their wealth to hinder (men) from the Path of Allâh, and so will they continue to spend it; but in the end it will become an anguish for them. Then they will be overcomed. And those who disbelieve will be gathered unto Hell.

37.

لِيَمِيزَ ٱللَّهُٱلْخَبِيثَ مِنَ ٱلطَّيِّبِ وَيَجُعَلَ ٱلْخَبِيثَ بَعُضَهُ وعَلَىٰ بَعُضِهُ وعَلَىٰ بَعُضِهُ وعَلَىٰ بَعُضِ فَيَرُ كُمَهُ وجَمِيعًا فَيَجُعَلَهُ وفِي جَهَنَّمَ أُوْلَتَبِكَ هُمُ ٱلْخَدسِرُونَ



In order that Allâh may distinguish the wicked (disbelievers, polytheists and doers of evil deeds) from the good (believers of Islâmic Monotheism and doers of righteous deeds), and put the wicked (disbelievers, polytheists and doers of evil deeds) one on another, heap them together and cast them into Hell. Those! it is they who are the losers.

38.

قُل لِّلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓاْ إِن يَنتَهُواْ يُغُفَرُ لَهُم مَّا قَدُ سَلَفَ وَإِن يَعُودُواْ فَقَدُ مَضَتُ سُنَّتُ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ۞

Say to those who have disbelieved, if they cease (from disbelief) their past will be forgiven. But if they return (thereto), then the examples of those (punished) before them have already preceded (as a warning).

39.

وَقَىٰتِلُوهُمُ حَـتَّىٰ لَا تَكُونَ فِتُنَةٌ وَيَكُونَ ٱلدِّينُ كُلُّهُ لِلَّهِ فَإِنِ ٱنتَهَوَا ۗ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِمَا يَعُمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿

And fight them until there is no more *Fitnah* (disbelief and polytheism: i.e. worshipping others besides Allâh) and the religion (worship) will all be for Allâh Alone [in the whole of the world $^{\Pi}$]. But if they cease (worshipping others besides Allâh), then certainly, Allâh is All-Seer of what they do. $^{\Pi}$

40.

وَإِن تَوَلَّـوا فَا فَاعُلَمُوۤا أَنَّ ٱللَّـهَ مَـوالَدكُمُ نِعُـمَ ٱلْمَـوالَىٰ وَنِعُـمَ ٱلنَّصِيرُ ۞

And if they turn away, then know that Allâh is your *Maulâ* (Patron, Lord, Protector and Supporter, etc.), (what) an Excellent *Maulâ*, and (what) an Excellent Helper!

﴿ وَٱعۡلَمُوٓا ۚ أَنَّمَا غَنِمُتُم مِّن شَيْءٍ فَأَنَّ لِلَّهِ خُمُسَهُ وَلِلرَّسُولِ وَلِذِى ٱلْقُرُبَىٰ وَٱعُلَمُوٓا أَنَّمَا غَنِمُتُم مِّن شَيْءٍ فَأَنَّ لِلَّهِ خُمُسَهُ وَلِلرَّسُولِ وَلِذِى ٱلْقُرُبَىٰ وَٱلْيَتَنمَىٰ وَٱلْمَسَدِكِينِ وَٱبُنِ ٱلسَّبِيلِ إِن كُنتُمُ ءَامَنتُم بِٱللَّهِ وَمَآ أَنزَلُنَا عَلَىٰ عَبُدِنَا يَوْمَ ٱلْفُرُقَانِ يَوْمَ ٱلْتَقَى ٱلْجَمُعَانِ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرً عَلَىٰ عَبُدِنَا يَوْمَ ٱلْفُرُقَانِ يَوْمَ ٱلْتَقَى ٱلْجَمُعَانِ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرً



And know that whatever of war-booty that you may gain, verily one-fifth (1/5th) of it is assigned to Allâh, and to the Messenger, and to the near relatives [of the Messenger (Muhammad SAW)], (and also) the orphans, *Al-Masâkin* (the poor) and the wayfarer, if you have believed in Allâh and in that which We sent down to Our slave (Muhammad SAW) on the Day of criterion (between right and wrong), the Day when the two forces met (the battle of Badr) - And Allâh is Able to do all things.

42.

إِذْ أَنتُم بِٱلْعُدُوةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَهُم بِٱلْعُدُوةِ ٱلْقُصُوىٰ وَٱلرَّكُبُ أَسُفَلَ مِنكُمُ ۚ وَلَوُ تَوَاعَدتُّمُ لَاَخُتَلَفْتُمُ فِى ٱلْمِيعَدِدِ ۗ وَلَدكِن لِّيَقْضِىَ ٱللَّهُ أَمُرًا كَانَ مَفْعُولًا لِيَهُلِكَ مَنْ هَلَكَ عَنْ بَيِّنَةٍ وَيَحُيَىٰ مَنْ حَىَّ عَنْ بَيِّنَةٍ وَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَسَمِيعٌ عَلِيمً



(And remember) when you (the Muslim army) were on the near side of the valley, and they on the farther side, and the caravan on the ground lower than you. Even if you had made a mutual appointment to meet, you would certainly have failed in the appointment, but (you met) that Allâh might accomplish a matter already ordained (in His Knowledge); so that those who were to be destroyed (for their rejecting the Faith) might be destroyed after a clear evidence, and those who were to live (i.e. believers) might live after a clear evidence. And surely, Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

43.

إِذْ يُرِيكَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ فِي مَنَامِكَ قَلِيلًا وَلَوْ أَرَنكَهُمُ كَثِيرًا لَّفَشِلْتُمُ وَلَوْ أَرَنكَهُمُ كَثِيرًا لَّفَشِلْتُمُ وَلَتَننزَعُتُمُ فِي ٱلْأَمْرِ وَلَنكِنَّ ٱللَّهَ سَلَّمَ إِنَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ ٱلصُّدُورِ ﴿

(And remember) when Allâh showed them to you as few in your (i.e. Muhammad's SAW) dream, if He had shown them to you as many, you would surely have been discouraged, and you would surely have disputed in making a decision. But Allâh saved (you). Certainly, He is the All-Knower of what is in the breasts.

44

وَإِذْ يُرِيكُمُوهُمُ إِذِ ٱلْتَقَيَّتُمُ فِيَ أَعُيُنِكُمُ قَلِيلًا وَيُقَلِّلُكُمُ فِيَ أَعُيُنِهِمُ لِيَقُضِ لِيَقُضِىَ ٱللَّهُ أَمْرًا كَانَ مَفْعُولًا وَإِلَى ٱللَّهِ تُرُجَعُ ٱلْأُمُورُ ۗ

And (remember) when you met (the army of the disbelievers on the Day of the battle of Badr), He showed them to you as few in your eyes and He made you appear as few in their eyes, so that Allâh might accomplish a matter already ordained (in His Knowledge), and to Allâh return all matters (for decision).

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓا إِذَا لَقِيتُمْ فِئَةً فَٱثَبُتُواْ وَٱذْكُرُواْ ٱللَّهَ كَثِيرًا لَّعَلَّكُمُ تُفُلِحُونَ ۞

O you who believe! When you meet (an enemy) force, take a firm stand against them and remember the Name of Allâh much (both with tongue and mind), so that you may be successful.

46

And obey Allâh and His Messenger, and do not dispute (with one another) lest you lose courage and your strength depart, and be patient. Surely, Allâh is with those who are *As-Sâbirin* (the patient ones, etc.).

47.

And be not like those who come out of their homes boastfully and to be seen of men, and hinder (men) from the Path of Allâh. and Allâh is *Muhîtun* (encircling and thoroughly comprehending) all that they do.

48.

And (remember) when *Shaitân* (Satan) made their (evil) deeds seem fair to them and said, "No one of mankind can overcome you this Day (of the battle of Badr) and verily, I am your neighbour (for each and every help)." But when the two forces came in sight of each other, he ran away and said "Verily, I have nothing to do with you. Verily! I see what you see not. Verily! I fear Allâh for Allâh is Severe in punishment."

49

When the hypocrites and those in whose hearts was a disease (of disbelief) said: "These people (Muslims) are deceived by their religion." But whoever puts his trust in Allâh, then surely, Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

And if you could see when the angels take away the souls of those who disbelieve (at death), they smite their faces and their backs, (saying): "Taste the punishment of the blazing Fire."

51.

"This is because of that which your hands had forwarded. And verily, Allâh is not unjust to His slaves."

52.

Similar to the behaviour of the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh), and of those before them; they rejected the *Ayât* (proofs, verses, etc.) of Allâh, so Allâh punished them for their sins. Verily, Allâh is All-Strong, Severe in punishment.

53.

That is so because Allâh will never change a grace which He has bestowed on a people until they change what is in their ownselves. And verily, Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

54.

Similar to the behaviour of the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh), and those before them. They belied the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), of their Lord, so We destroyed them for their sins, and We drowned the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) for they were all *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.).

55.

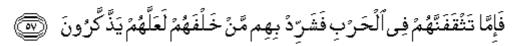
Verily, The worst of moving (living) creatures before Allâh are those who disbelieve Π , - so they shall not believe.

ٱلَّذِينَ عَنهَدتَّ مِنْهُمُ ثُمَّ يَنقُضُونَ عَهُدَهُمُ فِى كُلِّ مَرَّةٍ وَهُمُ لَا يَتَّقُونَ



They are those with whom you made a covenant, but they break their covenant every time and they do not fear Allâh.

57.



So if you gain the mastery over them in war, punish them severely in order to disperse those who are behind them, so that they may learn a lesson.

58.

If you (O Muhammad SAW) fear treachery from any people throw back (their covenant) to them (so as to be) on equal terms (that there will be no more covenant between you and them). Certainly Allâh likes not the treacherous.

59.

And let not those who disbelieve think that they can outstrip (escape from the punishment). Verily, they will never be able to save themselves (from Allâh's Punishment).

60.

وَأَعِــدُّواْ لَهُــم مَّــا ٱسَــتَطَعُتُم مِّــن قُــوَّةٍ وَمِــن رِّبَـاطِ ٱلُخَــيُلِ

تُرُهِبُونَ بِهِ عَدُوَّ ٱللَّهِ وَعَدُوَّ كُمُ وَءَاخَرِينَ مِن دُونِهِمُ لَا تَعُلَمُونَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ

يَعُلَمُهُمُ وَمَا تُنفِقُواْ مِـن شَــى عِ فِـى سَـبِيلِ ٱللَّـهِ يُـوَفَّ إِلَيْكُم وَأَنتُمُ

لَا تُظُلَمُـونَ ۚ

And make ready against them all you can of power, including steeds of war (tanks, planes, missiles, artillery, etc.) to threaten the enemy of Allâh and your enemy, and others besides whom, you may not know but whom Allâh does know. And whatever you shall spend in the Cause of Allâh shall be repaid unto you, and you shall not be treated unjustly.

61.

But if they incline to peace, you also incline to it, and (put your) trust in Allâh. Verily, He is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower.

وَإِن يُرِيدُوْا أَن يَخُدَعُوكَ فَاإِنَّ حَسُبَكَ ٱللَّهُ هُ ٱلَّـــذِيَّ أَيَّـــدَكَ بنَصُــرهِ - وَبِــاللَّمُؤُمِنِينَ شَ

And if they intend to deceive you, then verily, Allâh is All-Sufficient for you. He it is Who has supported you with His Help and with the believers.

63.

وَأَلَّفَ بَينَ نَ قُلُوبِهِمْ لَو أَنفَقُتَ مَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا مَّاۤ أَلَّفُتَ بَيْنَ قُلُوبِهِمُ وَلَنكِنَّ ٱللَّهَ أَلَّفَ بَيْنَهُمُّ إِنَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ٣

And He has united their (i.e. believers') hearts. If you had spent all that is in the earth, you could not have united their hearts, but Allâh has united them. Certainly He is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

O Prophet (Muhammad SAW)! Allâh is Sufficient for you and for the believers who follow you.

65.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّبِيُّ حَرِّضِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَى ٱلْقِتَالِ ۚ إِن يَكُن مِّنكُمُ عِشْرُونَ صَـبِرُونَ يَغُلِبُواْ مِاْئَتَيُنْ وَإِن يَكُن مِّنكُم مِّاْئَةٌ يَغُلِبُوٓا أَلْفًا مِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِأَنَّهُمُ قَوَّهُ لَّا يَفُقَهُونَ ١٠٠٠

O Prophet (Muhammad <code>SAW</code>)! Urge the believers to fight. If there are twenty steadfast persons amongst you, they will overcome two hundred, and if there be a hundred steadfast persons they will overcome a thousand of those who disbelieve, because they (the disbelievers) are people who do not

66.

ٱلْتَكِنَ خَفَّفَ ٱللَّهُ عَنكُمُ وَعَلِمَ أَنَّ فِيكُمُ ضَعُفًا ۚ فَإِن يَكُن مِّنكُم مِّاٰئَةٌ صَابِرَةٌ يَغُلِبُواْ مِاْئَتَيُنْ وَإِن يَكُن مِّنكُمُ أَلْفٌ يَغُلِبُوٓاْ أَلْفَيُن بِإِذُن ٱللَّهِ ۗ وَٱللَّهُ مَعَ ٱلصَّدبِرِينَ 📆

Now Allâh has lightened your (task), for He knows that there is weakness in you. So if there are of you a hundred steadfast persons, they shall overcome two hundred, and if there are a thousand of you, they shall overcome two thousand with the Leave of Allâh. And Allâh is with As-Sâbirin (the patient ones, etc.)

67.

مَا كَانَ لِنَبِيّ أَن يَكُونَ لَهُ وَ أُسُرَىٰ حَتَّىٰ يُثُخِنَ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ تُريدُونَ عَرَضَ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱللَّهُ يُرِيدُ ٱلْأَخِرَةَ وَٱللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ۞

It is not for a Prophet that he should have prisoners of war (and free them with ransom) until he had made a great slaughter (among his enemies) in the land. You desire the good of this world (i.e. the

money of ransom for freeing the captives), but Allâh desires (for you) the Hereafter. And Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

68.

Were it not a previous ordainment from Allâh, a severe torment would have touched you for what you took.

69.

So enjoy what you have gotten of booty in war, lawful and good, and be afraid of Allâh. Certainly, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

70.

O Prophet! Say to the captives that are in your hands: "If Allâh knows any good in your hearts, He will give you something better than what has been taken from you, and He will forgive you, and Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful."

|71

But if they intend to betray you (O Muhammad SAW), they have already betrayed Allâh before. So He gave (you) power over them. And Allâh is All-Knower, All-Wise.

72.

إِنَّ ٱلَّــذِينَ ءَامَنُـواْ وَهَـاجَرُواْ وَجَــهَدُواْ بِـاَمُوَالِهِمُ وَاَنفُسِـهِمُ فِـى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَاوَواْ وَنَصَرُوٓاْ أُوْلَنَيِكَ بَعْضُهُمُ أَوُلِيَآءُ بَعْضٍ ۚ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَلَمُ يُهَاجِرُواْ مَا لَكُم مِّن وَلَايَتِهِم مِّن شَيءٍ حَتَّىٰ يُهَاجِرُواْ وَاللَّهُ عِلَى كُم مِّن وَلَايَتِهِم مِّن شَيءٍ حَتَّىٰ يُهَاجِرُواْ وَاللَّهُ عِلَى كُم مِّن وَلَايَتِهِم مِّن شَيءٍ حَتَّىٰ يُهَاجِرُواْ وَاللَّهُ عِلَى كُم مِّن وَلَايَتِهِم مِّن شَيءٍ حَتَّىٰ يُهَاجِرُواْ وَاللَّهُ عِلْ وَلَايَتِهِم مِّن شَيءٍ حَتَّىٰ يُهَاجِرُواْ وَاللَّهُ عِلْ عَلَيْكُم مِّن وَلَايَتِهِم مِّن شَيءً عَلَى كُم مِّن وَلَايَتِهِم مِّن شَيءً عَلَى كُم مُ النَّصُر وَ إِلَّا عَلَى كُم مَ النَّصُولُ وَاللَّهُ عِلَى كُم مِّن وَلَايَتِهِم مِين وَلَا عَلَى كُم مُ النَّصُولُ وَلَا اللَّهُ عِلَى اللَّهُ عِلَى اللَّهُ عِمَا لُونَ بَصِيرٌ وَاللَّهُ عِلَى اللَّهُ عِمَا لُونَ بَصِيرٌ وَاللَّهُ عِلَى اللَّهُ عِمَا لَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُمُ النَّهُ مِينَ اللَّهُ عِلَى اللَّهُ عِمَا لَا اللَّهُ عِلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عِلْمُ اللَّهُ عِلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ مُ النَّهُ مِينَا عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللْعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى ا

Verily, those who believed, and emigrated and strove hard and fought with their property and their lives in the Cause of Allâh as well as those who gave (them) asylum and help, - these are (all) allies

to one another. And as to those who believed but did not emigrate (to you O Muhammad SAW), you owe no duty of protection to them until they emigrate , but if they seek your help in religion, it is your duty to help them except against a people with whom you have a treaty of mutual alliance, and Allâh is the All-Seer of what you do.

73.

وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بَعُضُهُمُ أَولِيَآءُ بَعُضٍ إِلَّا تَفُعَلُوهُ تَكُن فِتُنَةٌ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ وَفَسَادُ كَبِيرٌ ٣

And those who disbelieve are allies to one another, (and) if you (Muslims of the whole world collectively) do not do so (i.e. become allies, as one united block with one *Khalifah* - chief Muslim ruler for the whole Muslim world to make victorious Allâh's Religion of Islâmic Monotheism), there will be *Fitnah* (wars, battles, polytheism, etc.) and oppression on earth, and a great mischief and corruption (appearance of polytheism).

74.

وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَهَاجَرُواْ وَجَهَدُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَاوَواْ وَكَالَّذِينَ ءَاوَواْ وَنَصَرُوٓاْ أَوْلَنَبٍكَ هُمُ ٱلمُؤمِنُونَ حَقًّا لَّهُم مَّغَفِرَةٌ وَرِزَقٌ كَرِيمٌ عَلَيْ

And those who believed, and emigrated and strove hard in the Cause of Allâh (*Al-Jihâd*), as well as those who gave (them) asylum and aid; - these are the believers in truth, for them is forgiveness and *Rizqun Karîm* (a generous provision i.e. Paradise).

75.

وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنْ بَعُدُ وَهَاجَرُواْ وَجَنهَدُواْ مَعَكُمُ فَأُوْلَتَبِكَ مِنكُمُّ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَعَكُمُ فَأُولَتِكَ مِنكُمُّ وَأُولُواْ ٱلْأَرْحَامِ بَعُضُهُمُ أَولَىٰ بِبَعْضِ فِي كِتَنبِ ٱللَّهِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ عَلِيمٌ عَلِيمٌ عَلِيمٌ عَلِيمٌ عَلَيْهُ

And those who believed afterwards, and emigrated and strove hard along with you, (in the Cause of Allâh) they are of you. But kindred by blood are nearer to one another regarding inheritance in the decree ordained by Allâh. Verily, Allâh is the All-Knower of everything.

9. At-Taubah

Introduction to this Surat.

بَـــرَآءَةٌ مِّـــنَ ٱللَّــــهِ وَرَسُـــولِهِۦٓ إِلَــــى ٱلَّـــذِينَ عَنهَـــدتُّم مِّـــنَ ٱلۡمُشَـر كِينَ ۞

Freedom from (all) obligations (is declared) from Allâh and His Messenger (SAW) to those of the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists, pagans, idolaters, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh), with whom you made a treaty.

فَسِيحُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ أَرُبَعَةَ أَشُهُرٍ وَٱعُلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّكُمُ غَيْرُ مُعُجِزِي ٱللَّهِ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ مُخُزِي ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ ۞

So travel freely (O *Mushrikûn* - see V.2:105) for four months (as you will) throughout the land, but know that you cannot escape (from the Punishment of) Allâh, and Allâh will disgrace the disbelievers.

وَأَذَنُ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ۚ إِلَى ٱلنَّاسِ يَوُمَ ٱلُحَيِّحِ ٱلْأَكْبَرِ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ بَرِىٓ مُّ مِّنَ ٱلْمُشُرِ كِينَ ۗ وَرَسُولُهُ ۚ فَإِن تُبُتُمُ فَهُ وَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمَّ وَإِن تَوَلَّيُتُمُ فَٱعُلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّكُمُ غَيْرُ مُعْجِزى ٱللَّهِ ۗ وَبَشِّر ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِعَذَابٍ ٱلِيم ۞

And a declaration from Allâh and His Messenger to mankind on the greatest day (the 10th of Dhul-Hijjah - the 12th month of Islâmic calendar) that Allâh is free from (all) obligations to the *Mushrikûn* (see V.2:105) and so is His Messenger. So if you (*Mushrikûn*) repent, it is better for you, but if you turn away, then know that you cannot escape (from the Punishment of) Allâh. And give tidings (O Muhammad SAW) of a painful torment to those who disbelieve.

إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ عَنهَدتُّم مِّنَ ٱلْمُشُرِ كِينَ ثُمَّ لَمُ يَنقُصُو كُمُ شَيْئًا وَلَمُ يُظَنهِرُواْ عَلَيْكُمُ أَحَدًا فَأَتِمُّوٓاْ إِلَيْهِمُ عَهُدَهُمُ إِلَىٰ مُدَّتِهِمُۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ



Except those of the *Mushrikûn* with whom you have a treaty, and who have not subsequently failed you in aught, nor have supported anyone against you. So fulfill their treaty to them to the end of their term. Surely Allâh loves *Al- Mattaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

فَإِذَا ٱنسَلَخَ ٱلْأَشْهُرُ ٱلْحُرُمُ فَٱقَتُلُواْ ٱلْمُشُرِكِينَ حَيْثُ وَجَدتُّمُوهُمُ وَخُذُوهُمُ وَٱحُصُرُوهُمُ وَٱقَعُدُواْ لَهُمَ كُلَّ مَرُصَدٍ فَإِن تَابُواْ وَأَقَامُواْ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَءَاتَوُاْ ٱلزَّكُوٰةَ فَخَلُّواْ سَبِيلَهُمُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ۞

Then when the Sacred Months (the Ist, 7th, 11th, and 12th months of the Islâmic calendar) have passed, then kill the *Mushrikûn* (see V.2:105) wherever you find them, and capture them and besiege them, and prepare for them each and every ambush. But if they repent and perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), and give *Zakât*, then leave their way free. Verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

6.

وَإِنْ أَحَدُّ مِّنَ ٱلْمُشُرِكِينَ ٱسُتَجَارَكَ فَأَجِرُهُ حَتَّىٰ يَسُمَعَ كَلَىمَ ٱللَّهِ ثُمَّ أَبُلِغُهُ مَأْمَنَهُ ﴿ كَلَامَ ٱللَّهِ ثُمَّ أَبُلِغُهُ مَأْمَنَهُ ﴿ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ قَوْمٌ لَا يَعُلَمُونَ ۞

And if anyone of the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists, idolaters, pagans, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh) seeks your protection then grant him protection, so that he may hear the Word of Allâh (the Qur'ân), and then escort him to where he can be secure, that is because they are men who know not.

7.

كَيُفَ يَكُونُ لِلْمُشُرِكِينَ عَهُدُّ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ وَعِندَ رَسُولِهِ ۚ إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ عَنهَدتُّمُ
عِندَ ٱلمُسَّجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ فَمَا ٱستَقَدمُواْ لَكُمُ فَٱستَقِيمُواْ لَهُمُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُحِبُّ
ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ ۞

How can there be a covenant with Allâh and with His Messenger for the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists, idolaters, pagans, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh) except those with whom you made a covenant near *Al-Masjid-al-Harâm* (at Makkah)? So long, as they are true to you, stand you true to them. Verily, Allâh loves *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

8.

كَيُفَ وَإِن يَظُهَرُواْ عَلَيُكُمُ لَا يَرُقُبُواْ فِيكُمُ إِلَّا وَلَا ذِمَّةَ يُرُضُونَكُم بِـــأَفُوَ هِهِمُ وَتَـــأُبَىٰ قُلُــوبُهُمُ وَأَكُـــثَرُهُمُ فَــسِــقُونَ ۞

How (can there be such a covenant with them) that when you are overpowered by them, they regard not the ties, either of kinship or of covenant with you? With (good words from) their mouths they please you, but their hearts are averse to you, and most of them are *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

9.

ٱشُـــتَرَوُاْ بِئَــايَنتِ ٱللَّــهِ ثَمَنًـا قَلِــيلًا فَصَــدُّواْ عَــن سَــبِيلِهِ ۚ ۚ إِنَّهُــمُ سَــآءَ مَـا كَـانُواْ يَعُمَلُــونَ ۞

They have purchased with the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh a little gain, and they hindered men from His Way; evil indeed is that which they used to do.

لَا يَرُقُبُونَ فِي مُؤَمِنٍ إِلَّا وَلَا ذِمَّةً وَأُوْلَتِ إِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُعُتَدُونَ ۞

With regard to a believer, they respect not the ties, either of kinship or of covenant! It is they who are the transgressors.

11.

But if they repent, perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*) and give *Zakât*, then they are your brethren in religion. (In this way) We explain the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) in detail for a people who know.

12.

But if they violate their oaths after their covenant, and attack your religion with disapproval and criticism then fight (you) the leaders of disbelief (chiefs of Quraish - pagans of Makkah) - for surely their oaths are nothing to them - so that they may stop (evil actions).

13.

أَلَا تُقَنتِلُ ونَ قَوْمًا نَّكَثُواْ أَيُمَننَهُ مُ وَهَمُّواْ بِإِخْرَاجِ ٱلرَّسُولِ وَهُم بَدَءُو كُمُ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ أَتَخُشَونَهُمُّ فَٱللَّهُ أَحَقُّ أَن تَخُشَوهُ إِن كُنتُم مُّؤْمِنِينَ



Will you not fight a people who have violated their oaths (pagans of Makkah) and intended to expel the Messenger, while they did attack you first? Do you fear them? Allâh has more right that you should fear Him, if you are believers.

14.

Fight against them so that Allâh will punish them by your hands and disgrace them and give you victory over them and heal the breasts of a believing people,

15.



And remove the anger of their (believers') hearts. Allâh accepts the repentance of whom He wills. Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

أَمُ حَسِبْتُمُ أَن تُتُرَكُواْ وَلَمَّا يَعُلَمِ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ جَنهَدُواْ مِنكُمُ وَلَمُ يَتَّخِذُواْ مِن مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ وَلَا رَسُولِهِ - وَلَا ٱلمُؤْمِنِينَ وَلِيجَةً وَٱللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ



Do you think that you shall be left alone while Allâh has not yet tested those among you who have striven hard and fought and have not taken *Walîjah* [(*Batanah* - helpers, advisors and consultants from disbelievers, pagans, etc.) giving openly to them their secrets] besides Allâh and His Messenger, and the believers. Allâh is Well-Acquainted with what you do.

17.

مَا كَانَ لِلْمُشُرِكِينَ أَن يَعُمُرُواْ مَسَنجِدَ ٱللَّهِ شَنهِدِينَ عَلَىٰٓ أَنفُسِهِم بِٱلۡكُفُر ۚ أُوْلَنَبِكَ حَبِطَتُ أَعُمَالُهُ مُ وَفِي ٱلنَّارِ هُمَ خَلِدُونَ ۗ

It is not for the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists, idolaters, pagans, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh), to maintain the Mosques of Allâh (i.e. to pray and worship Allâh therein, to look after their cleanliness and their building, etc.), while they witness against their ownselves of disbelief. The works of such are in vain and in Fire shall they abide.

18.

إِنَّمَا يَعُمُّرُ مَسَنجِدَ ٱللَّهِ مَنُ ءَامَنَ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوُمِ ٱلْأَخِرِ وَأَقَامَ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَءَاتَى النَّمَا يَعُمُّرُ مَسَنجِدَ ٱللَّهِ مَنُ ءَامَنَ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوُمِ ٱلْأَخِرِ وَأَقَامَ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَءَاتَى اللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ فَعَسَىٰۤ أُوْلَنَبِكَ أَن يَكُونُواْ مِنَ ٱلْمُهُتَدِينَ ۖ

The Mosques of Allâh shall be maintained only by those who believe in Allâh and the Last Day; perform As-Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât), and give Zakât and fear none but Allâh. It is they who are expected to be on true guidance.

19.

أَجَعَلُتُمُ سِقَايَةَ ٱلْحَآجِ وَعِمَارَةَ ٱلْمَسُجِدِ ٱلْحَرَامِ كَمَنُ ءَامَنَ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ الْجَعَلُتُمُ سِقَايَةَ ٱللَّهِ وَٱللَّهِ لَا يَسُتَوُ مِنَ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ وَٱللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلْظَّعِلِمِينَ
 الظَّعلِمِينَ

Do you consider the providing of drinking water to the pilgrims and the maintenance of *Al-Masjid-al-Harâm* (at Makkah) as equal to the worth of those who believe in Allâh and the Last Day, and strive hard and fight in the Cause of Allâh? They are not equal before Allâh. And Allâh guides not those people who are the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers).

20.

ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَهَاجَرُواْ وَجَهَدُواْ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ بِأَمُوَالِهِمُ وَأَنفُسِهِمُ اللَّهِ مِأَمُوا فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ بِأَمُوالِهِمُ وَأَنفُسِهِمُ أَعْظَ مُ دَرَجَةً عِندَ ٱللَّهِ وَأُولَتَ لِكَهُمُ ٱلْفَآبِرُونَ ٢

Those who believed (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism) and emigrated and strove hard and fought in Allâh's Cause with their wealth and their lives are far higher in degree with Allâh. They are the successful. Π

يُبَشِّــ رُهُمُ رَبُّهُــم بِرَحُمَــةِ مِّنُــهُ وَرِضُــوَنِ وَجَــنَّنتٍ لَّهُــمُ فِيهَـا نَعِيــمُ مُقِيمً ۞

Their Lord gives them glad tidings of a Mercy from Him, and that He is pleased (with them), and of Gardens (Paradise) for them wherein are everlasting delights.

22.

They will dwell therein forever. Verily, with Allâh is a great reward.

23.

O you who believe! Take not for *Auliyâ'* (supporters and helpers) your fathers and your brothers if they prefer disbelief to Belief. And whoever of you does so, then he is one of the *Zâlimûn* (wrongdoers, etc.).

24.

قُلُ إِن كَانَ ءَابَ آؤُكُمُ وَأَبُنَ آؤُكُمُ وَإِخُونَكُمُ وَأَزُوَ ﴿ كُمُ وَعَشِيرَ تُكُمُ وَعَشِيرَ تُكُمُ وَ أَمُولَ أَا وَتَجَرَةٌ تَخُشَونَ كَسَادَهَا وَمَسَلِكِنُ تَرُضَونَهَ آ فَا مُولِكُمُ وَاللَّهُ وَرَسُولِهِ وَجِهَادٍ فِي سَبِيلِهِ وَفَتَرَبَّصُواْ حَتَّىٰ يَأْتِيَ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولِهِ وَجِهَادٍ فِي سَبِيلِهِ وَفَتَرَبَّصُواْ حَتَّىٰ يَأْتِيَ اللَّهُ بِأَمُرِهِ ۗ وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى النَّهَ وَمَ الْفَلِسِقِينَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى الْقَوْمَ الْفَلِسِقِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى الْقَوْمَ الْفَلِسِقِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى الْقَوْمَ الْفَلِسِقِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى الْفَالِدِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى الْفَالِدِ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ لَا يَهُ إِلَى اللَّهُ اللَّه

Say: If your fathers, your sons, your brothers, your wives, your kindred, the wealth that you have gained, the commerce in which you fear a decline, and the dwellings in which you delight ... are dearer to you than Allâh and His Messenger, and striving hard and fighting in His Cause , then wait until Allâh brings about His Decision (torment). And Allâh guides not the people who are *Al-Fâsiqûn* (the rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

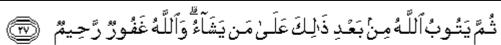
25.

Truly Allâh has given you victory on many battle fields, and on the Day of Hunain (battle) when you rejoiced at your great number but it availed you naught and the earth, vast as it is, was straitened for you, then you turned back in flight.

ثُمَّ أَنَـزَلَ ٱللَّـهُ سَـكِينَتَهُ عَلَـن رَسُولِهِ وَعَلَـى ٱلْمُـؤُمِنِينَ وَأَنـزَلَ اللَّـهُ وَذَلِكَ جَـزَآءُ وَأَنـزَلَ جُـنُودًا لَّـمُ تَرَوُهَا وَعَـذَّبَ ٱلَّـذِينَ كَفَـرُوا ۚ وَذَلِكَ جَـزَآءُ ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ ۚ

Then Allâh did send down His *Sakînah* (calmness, tranquillity and reassurance, etc.) on the Messenger (Muhammad SAW), and on the believers, and sent down forces (angels) which you saw not, and punished the disbelievers. Such is the recompense of disbelievers.

27.



Then after that Allâh will accept the repentance of whom He will. And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

28.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ إِنَّمَا ٱلْمُشُرِ كُونَ نَجَسُّ فَلَا يَقُرَبُواْ ٱلْمَسُجِدَ ٱلْحَرَامَ بَعُدَ عَامِهِمُ هَدِذَاْ وَإِنْ خِفْتُمُ عَيْلَةً فَسَوُفَ يُغُنِيكُمُ ٱللَّهُ مِن فَضُلِهِ ٓ إِن شَآءً إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ

O you who believe (in Allâh's Oneness and in His Messenger (Muhammad SAW)! Verily, the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists, pagans, idolaters, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh, and in the Message of Muhammad SAW) are *Najasun* (impure)^[]. So let them not come near *Al-Masjid-al-Harâm* (at Makkah) after this year, and if you fear poverty, Allâh will enrich you if He will, out of His Bounty. Surely, Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

29.

Fight against those who (1) believe not in Allâh, (2) nor in the Last Day, (3) nor forbid that which has been forbidden by Allâh and His Messenger (4) and those who acknowledge not the religion of truth (i.e. Islâm) among the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians), until they pay the *Jizyah* with willing submission, and feel themselves subdued.

30.

وَقَالَتِ ٱلْيَهُودُ عُزَيُرُ ٱبُنُ ٱللَّهِ وَقَالَتِ ٱلنَّصَدرَى ٱلْمَسِيحُ ٱبُنُ ٱللَّهِ ۖ ذَلِكَ قَولُهُم بِأَفُو هِهِمٍّ يُضَعِهِ وَنَ قَولُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِن قَبُلُّ قَعْتَلَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ أَنَّىٰ يُؤْفَكُونَ ۞

And the Jews say: 'Uzair (Ezra) is the son of Allâh, and the Christians say: Messiah is the son of

Allâh. That is a saying from their mouths. They imitate the saying of the disbelievers of old. Allâh's Curse be on them, how they are deluded away from the truth!

31.

ٱتَّخَذُقَا أَحُبَارَهُمُ وَرُهُبَننَهُمُ أَرْبَابًا مِّن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ وَٱلْمَسِيحَ ٱبنَ مَرُيَمَ وَمَآ أُمِرُوٓا إِلَّا لِيَعُبُدُوٓا إِلَىهَا وَرِحِدًا ۗ لَآ إِلَىهَ إِلَّا هُوۤ ۚ سُبُحَىنَهُ مَعًا يُشُر كُونَ



They (Jews and Christians) took their rabbis and their monks to be their lords besides Allâh (by obeying them in things which they made lawful or unlawful according to their own desires without being ordered by Allâh), and (they also took as their Lord) Messiah, son of Maryam (Mary), while they (Jews and Christians) were commanded [in the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)) to worship none but One *Ilâh* (God - Allâh) *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He)^{II}. Praise and glory be to Him, (far above is He) from having the partners they associate (with Him)."

32.

يُرِيدُونَ أَن يُطُفِئُواْ نُورَ ٱللَّهِ بِأَفُوَ هِهِمُ وَيَأْبَى ٱللَّهُ إِلَّآ أَن يُتِمَّ نُورَهُ ۗ وَلَو كَرِهَ ٱلْكَنفِرُونَ ۞

They (the disbelievers, the Jews and the Christians) want to extinguish Allâh's Light (with which Muhammad SAW has been sent - Islâmic Monotheism) with their mouths, but Allâh will not allow except that His Light should be perfected even though the *Kâfirûn* (disbelievers) hate (it).

33.

هُــوَ ٱلَّــذِی أَرُسَــلَ رَسُــولَهُ وبِـالُهُدَىٰ وَدِيــنِ ٱلْحَــقِّ لِيُظُهِــرَهُ وعَلَى اللهِ مَا اللهُ اللهِـرَهُ عَلَى الدِّينِ كُلِّهِ وَلَـوُ كَرِهَ ٱلْمُشُـرِ كُونَ ﴿

It is He Who has sent His Messenger (Muhammad SAW) with guidance and the religion of truth (Islâm), to make it superior over all religions even though the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists, pagans, idolaters, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh) hate (it).

34.

قَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ إِنَّ كَثِيرًا مِّنَ ٱلْأَحُبَارِ وَٱلرُّهُبَانِ لَيَأُكُلُونَ أَمُولَ

 آلنَّاسِ بِٱلنِّنطِلِ وَيَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَٱلَّذِينَ يَكُنِزُونَ ٱلذَّهَبَ النَّاسِ بِٱلنَّامِ فِاللَّهِ وَٱللَّذِينَ يَكُنِزُونَ ٱلذَّهَبَ وَٱلْفِضَّةَ وَلَا يُنفِقُونَهَا فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ فَبَشِّرُهُم بِعَذَابٍ ٱلِيمٍ

 وَٱلْفِضَّةَ وَلَا يُنفِقُونَهَا فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ فَبَشِّرُهُم بِعَذَابٍ ٱلِيمٍ

O you who believe! Verily, there are many of the (Jewish) rabbis and the (Christian) monks who devour the wealth of mankind in falsehood, and hinder (them) from the Way of Allâh (i.e. Allâh's Religion of Islâmic Monotheism). And those who hoard up gold and silver [Al-Kanz: the money, the Zakât of which has not been paid], and spend it not in the Way of Allâh, -announce unto them a painful torment.

يَـوُمَ يُحُـمَىٰ عَلَيُهَا فِـى نَـارِ جَـهَنَّمَ فَتُكُـوَىٰ بِهَا جِبَـاهُهُمُ وَجُـنُوبُهُمُ وَظُهُورُهُمُّ هَـنذَا مَا كَنَزُتُمُ لِأَنفُسِكُمُ فَذُوقُواْ مَا كُنتُمُ تَكُنِزُونَ ۗ

On the Day when that (*Al-Kanz*: money, gold and silver, etc., the *Zakât* of which has not been paid) will be heated in the Fire of Hell and with it will be branded their foreheads, their flanks, and their backs, (and it will be said unto them):-"This is the treasure which you hoarded for yourselves. Now taste of what you used to hoard."

36.

إِنَّ عِدَّةَ ٱلشُّهُورِ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ ٱثُنَا عَشَرَ شَهُرًا فِي كِتَنبِ ٱللَّهِ يَوُمَ خَلَقَ السَّمَنوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ مِنْهَآ أَرْبَعَةُ حُرُمُّ ذَلِكَ ٱلدِّينُ ٱلْقَيِّمُ فَلَا تَظُلِمُواْ فِيهِنَّ أَلسَّمَنوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ مِنْهَآ أَرْبَعَةُ حُرُمُّ ذَلِكَ ٱلدِّينُ ٱلْقَيِّمُ فَلَا تَظُلِمُواْ فِيهِنَ أَنفُسَكُمُ وَقَنتِلُواْ ٱلمُشُرِ كِينَ كَآفَةً كَمَا يُقَنتِلُونَكُمُ كَآفَةً وَٱعُلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ مَعَ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ
مَعَ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ
مَعَ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ

Verily, the number of months with Allâh is twelve months (in a year), so was it ordained by Allâh on the Day when He created the heavens and the earth; of them four are Sacred, (i.e. the 1st, the 7th, the 11th and the 12th months of the Islâmic calendar). That is the right religion, so wrong not yourselves therein, and fight against the $Mushrik\hat{u}n$ (polytheists, pagans, idolaters, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh) collectively I, as they fight against you collectively. But know that Allâh is with those who are $Al-Muttaq\hat{u}n$ (the pious - see V.2:2).

37.

إِنَّمَا ٱلنَّسِىنَ عُ زِيَادَةُ فِى ٱلْكُفُرِّ يُضَالُ بِهِ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُونَهُ عَامًا لِيُواطِئُواْ عِدَّةَ مَا حَرَّمَ كَفَرُونَهُ عَامًا لِيُواطِئُواْ عِدَّةَ مَا حَرَّمَ ٱللَّهُ وَعَامًا لِيُواطِئُواْ عِدَّةَ مَا حَرَّمَ ٱللَّهُ وَيُحرِّ مُونَهُ عَامًا لِيُواطِئُواْ عِدَّةَ مَا حَرَّمَ ٱللَّهُ وَيُعرِينَ لَهُمُ سُوّءُ أَعُمَىلِهِمُ وَٱللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى ٱلْقَوْمُ ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ ﴿

The postponing (of a Sacred Month) is indeed an addition to disbelief: thereby the disbelievers are led astray, for they make it lawful one year and forbid it another year in order to adjust the number of months forbidden by Allâh, and make such forbidden ones lawful. The evil of their deeds seems pleasing to them. And Allâh guides not the people, who disbelieve.

38.

O you who believe! What is the matter with you, that when you are asked to march forth in the Cause of Allâh (i.e. *Jihâd*) you cling heavily to the earth? Are you pleased with the life of this world rather than the Hereafter? But little is the enjoyment of the life of this world as compared with the Hereafter.

إِلَّا تَنفِرُواْ يُعَذِّبُكُمُ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا وَيَسُتَبُدِلُ قَوْمًا غَيْرَ كُمُ وَلَا تَضُرُّوهُ شَيئًا ۗ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ۞

If you march not forth, He will punish you with a painful torment and will replace you by another people, and you cannot harm Him at all, and Allâh is Able to do all things.

40.

إِلَّا تَنصُرُوهُ فَقَدُ نَصَرَهُ ٱللَّهُ إِذْ أَخُرَجَهُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ فَانِي ٱثْنَيْنِ إِذْ هُمَا فِي ٱلْغَارِ إِذْ يَقُولُ لِصَحِبِهِ الْا تَحُزَنُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ مَعَنَا فَا أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ سَكِينَتَهُ وَعَلَيْهِ وَأَيَّدَهُ وِبِجُنُودٍ لَّمُ تَرَوُهَا مَعَنَا فَا أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ سَكِينَتَهُ وَعَلَيْهِ وَأَيَّدَهُ وِبِجُنُودٍ لَّمُ تَرَوُهَا وَجَعَلَ كَلِمَةَ ٱللَّهِ هِيَ ٱلْعُلْيَا وَٱللَّهُ وَجَعَلَ كَلِمَةَ ٱللَّهِ هِيَ ٱلْعُلْيَا وَٱللَّهُ وَكِلِمَةُ ٱللَّهِ هِيَ ٱلْعُلْيَا وَٱللَّهُ عَزِيلَ كَلَمَةً ٱللَّهِ هِيَ ٱلْعُلْيَا وَٱللَّهُ عَزِيلَ كَلَمَةً ٱللَّهِ هِيَ ٱلْعُلْيَا وَٱللَّهُ عَزِيلَ كَلَمَةً وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَكَلِمَةُ ٱللَّهِ هِيَ ٱلْعُلْيَا وَٱللَّهُ عَزِيلَ كَلَهُ وَكَلِمَةً وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ وَكِلِمَةً وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهُ وَكَلِمَةً وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَكُلِمَةُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَكُلِمَةً وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَكُلِمَةً وَاللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُ وَكُلِمَةً وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْكُونُ وَكُلُهُ مَا أَلْكُولُوا اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْلُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْكُ وَكُلِمَةً وَاللّهُ عَلَيْ وَاللّهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَلَوْلُولُولُوا اللّهُ عَلَيْلُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَلَيْهُ وَاللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَا عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا اللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا الللّهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا اللّهُ عَلَا عَلَا عَلَيْكُولُوا اللّهُ عَلَاكُوا الللّهُ عَلَالُهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَالُهُ عَلَيْكُولُوا

If you help him (Muhammad SAW) not (it does not matter), for Allâh did indeed help him when the disbelievers drove him out, the second of two, when they (Muhammad SAW and Abu Bakr radhiallahu'anhu) were in the cave, and he (SAW) said to his companion (Abu Bakr radhiallahu'anhu): "Be not sad (or afraid), surely Allâh is with us." Then Allâh sent down His Sakînah (calmness, tranquillity, peace, etc.) upon him, and strengthened him with forces (angels) which you saw not, and made the word of those who disbelieved the lowermost, while it was the Word of Allâh that became the uppermost, and Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

41.

ٱنفِرُواْ خِفَافًا وَثِقَالًا وَجَهِدُواْ بِأَمُوالِكُمُ وَأَنفُسِكُمُ فِي سَبِيلِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ

March forth, whether you are light (being healthy, young and wealthy) or heavy (being ill, old and poor), strive hard with your wealth and your lives in the Cause of Allâh. This is better for you, if you but knew.

42.

لَـو كَانَ عَرَضًا قَرِيبًا وَسَفرًا قَاصِدًا الْآتَبَعُوكَ وَلَاكِنَ بَعُدَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلشُّقَّةُ وَسَيَحُلِفُونَ بِٱللَّـهِ لَـو ٱسُتَطَعْنَا لَخَرَجُنَا مَعَكُمُ يُهُلِكُونَ أَنفُسَهُمُ وَٱللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ إِنَّهُمُ لَكَنذِبُونَ ۞

Had it been a near gain (booty in front of them) and an easy journey, they would have followed you, but the distance (Tabuk expedition) was long for them, and they would swear by Allâh, "If we only could, we would certainly have come forth with you." They destroy their ownselves, and Allâh knows that they are liars.

عَفَا ٱللَّهُ عَنكَ لِمَ أَذِنتَ لَهُمُ حَتَّىٰ يَتَبَيَّنَ لَكَ ٱلَّذِينَ صَدَقُواْ وَتَعَلَمَ ٱلۡكَـــذِبِينَ ۞

May Allâh forgive you (O Muhammad SAW). Why did you grant them leave (for remaining behind, you should have persisted as regards your order to them to proceed on *Jihâd*), until those who told the truth were seen by you in a clear light, and you had known the liars?

44.

Those who believe in Allâh and the Last Day would not ask your leave to be exempted from fighting with their properties and their lives, and Allâh is the All-Knower of *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

45.

It is only those who believe not in Allâh and the Last Day and whose hearts are in doubt that ask your leave (to be exempted from *Jihâd*). So in their doubts they waver.

46.

And if they had intended to march out, certainly, they would have made some preparation for it, but Allâh was averse to their being sent forth, so He made them lag behind, and it was said (to them), "Sit you among those who sit (at home)."

47.

Had they marched out with you, they would have added to you nothing except disorder, and they would have hurried about in your midst (spreading corruption) and sowing sedition among you, and there are some among you who would have listened to them. And Allâh is the All-Knower of the $Z\hat{a}lim\hat{u}n$ (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.).

48.

Verily, they had plotted sedition before, and had upset matters for you, - until the truth (victory) came and the Decree of Allâh (His Religion, Islâm) became manifest though they hated it.

وَمِنْهُم مَّن يَقُولُ ٱئَذُن لِّى وَلَا تَفُتِنِّيَّ أَلَا فِى ٱلْفِتُنَةِ سَقَطُواً وَإِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ لَمُحِيطَةُ أَبِٱلْكَنفِرِينَ ٢

And among them is he who says: "Grant me leave (to be exempted from *Jihâd*) and put me not into trial." Surely, they have fallen into trial. And verily, Hell is surrounding the disbelievers.

50.

إِن تُصِبُكَ حَسَنَةٌ تَسُؤُهُمُ ۗ وَإِن تُصِبُكَ مُصِيبَةٌ يَقُولُواْ قَدُ أَخَذُنَا ٓ أَمُرَنَا مِن قَبُلُ وَيَتَوَلُواْ قَدُ أَخَذُنَا ٓ أَمُرَنَا مِن قَبُلُ وَيَتَوَلُواْ وَهُمُ فَرِحُونَ ۞

If good befalls you (O Muhammad SAW), it grieves them, but if a calamity overtakes you, they say: "We took our precaution beforehand," and they turn away rejoicing.

51.

قُللً للله يُصِيبَنَا إِلَّا مَا كَتَبَ ٱللَّهُ لَنَا هُوَ مَولَلنَا وَعَلَى ٱللَّهِ فَلَيَتَو مَولَلنَا وَعَلَى ٱللَّهِ فَلَيَتَو كَل ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ۞

Say: "Nothing shall ever happen to us except what Allâh has ordained for us. He is our *Maulâ* (Lord, Helper and Protector)." And in Allâh let the believers put their trust.

52.

قُلُ هَلُ تَرَبَّصُ ونَ بِنَاۤ إِلَّاۤ إِحُدَى ٱلْحُسُنَيَيُنِۗ وَنَحُنُ نَــَّتَرَبَّصُ بِكُمُ أَن يُصِيبَكُمُ ٱللَّــهُ بِعَـــذَابٍ مِّــنُ عِنـــدِهِ ٤ أَوْ بِأَيُدِينَــاً فَــتَرَبَّصُوٓاْ إِنَّـا مَعَكُــم مُّـتَرَبِّصُونَ ۞

Say: "Do you wait for us (anything) except one of the two best things (martyrdom or victory); while we await for you either that Allâh will afflict you with a punishment from Himself or at our hands. So wait, we too are waiting with you."

53.

قُلُ أَنفِقُواْ طَوعًا أَو كُرُهَا لَّن يُتَقَبَّلَ مِنكُمٍّ إِنَّكُمْ كُنتُمْ قَوْمًا فَسِقِينَ

Say: "Spend (in Allâh's Cause) willingly or unwillingly, it will not be accepted from you. Verily, you are ever a people who are *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh)."

54.

وَمَا مَنَعَهُمُ أَن تُقُبَلَ مِنْهُمُ نَفَقَىتُهُمُ إِلَّا أَنَّهُمُ كَفَرُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَبِرَسُولِهِ وَلَا يَأْتُونَ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ إِلَّا وَهُمُ كُسَالَىٰ وَلَا يُنفِقُونَ إِلَّا وَهُمُ كَدرهُونَ ۞

And nothing prevents their contributions from being accepted from them except that they disbelieved in Allâh and in His Messenger (Muhammad SAW); and that they came not to *As-Salât* (the prayer) except in a lazy state [1]; and that they offer not contributions but unwillingly.

فَلَا تُعُجِـــبُكَ أَمُـــوَالُهُمُ وَلَا ٓ أَوُلَـــدُهُمُ ۚ إِنَّمَــا يُرِيــدُ ٱللَّــهُ لِيُعَـذِبَهُم بِهَا فِي ٱلْحَــيَوٰةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَتَـزُهَقَ أَنفُسُهُمُ وَهُم كَنفِرُونَ



So let not their wealth or their children amaze you (O Muhammad SAW); in reality Allâh's Plan is to punish them with these things in the life of the this world, and that their souls shall depart (die) while they are disbelievers.

56.

They swear by Allâh that they are truly of you while they are not of you, but they are a people (hypocrites) who are afraid (that you may kill them).

57.

Should they find a refuge, or caves, or a place of concealment, they would turn straightway thereto with a swift rush.

58.

And of them are some who accuse you (O Muhammad $_{\rm SAW}$) in the matter of (the distribution of) the alms. If they are given part thereof, they are pleased, but if they are not given thereof, behold! They are enraged! I

59.

Would that they were contented with what Allâh and His Messenger (SAW) gave them and had said: "Allâh is Sufficient for us. Allâh will give us of His Bounty, and (also) His Messenger (from alms, etc.). We implore Allâh (to enrich us)."

60.

إِنَّمَا ٱلصَّدَقَعَ لِلْفُقَرَآءِ وَٱلْمَسَعَينِ وَٱلْعَعْلِينَ عَلَيْهَا وَٱلْمُؤَلَّفَةِ وَالْمَا ٱلصَّدَقَعَ لِلْفُقَرَآءِ وَٱلْمَسَعَينِ وَٱلْعَعْلِينَ عَلَيْهَا وَٱلْمُؤَلَّفَةِ قُلُوبُهُمُ وَفِى ٱلرِّقَابِ وَٱلْغَيْرِ مِينَ وَفِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَٱبْنِ ٱلسَّبِيلِ فَرِيضَةً قُلُوبُهُمُ وَفِى ٱلرِّقَابِ وَٱلنَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ هَي مَنَ ٱللَّهِ وَٱللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ هَـ

As-Sadaqât (here it means Zakât) are only for the Fuqarâ [1] (poor), and Al-Masâkin [1] (the poor) and those employed to collect (the funds); and for to attract the hearts of those who have been inclined (towards Islâm); and to free the captives; and for those in debt; and for Allâh's Cause (i.e. for Mujâhidûn - those fighting in the holy wars), and for the wayfarer (a traveller who is cut off from everything); a duty imposed by Allâh. And Allâh is All-Knower, All-Wise.

61.

وَمِنْهُ مُ ٱلَّذِينَ يُسؤُذُونَ ٱلنَّيِسَّ وَيَقُولُونَ هُسوَ أُذُنُّ قُسلً أُذُنُ خَسيَرٍ لَّكُم يُسؤُمِنُ بِٱللَّهِ وَيُسؤُمِنُ لِلْمُسؤُمِنِينَ وَرَحُمَةً لِّلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنكُمُّ وَٱلَّذِينَ يُؤذُونَ رَسُولَ ٱللَّهِ لَهُمُ عَذَابُ أَلِيمٌ



And among them are men who hurt the Prophet (Muhammad SAW) and say: "He is (lending his) ear (to every news)." Say: "He listens to what is best for you; he believes in Allâh; has faith in the believers; and is a mercy to those of you who believe." But those who hurt Allâh's Messenger (Muhammad SAW) will have a painful torment.

62.

يَحُلِفُونَ بِٱللَّهِ لَكُمُ لِيُرُضُو كُمُ وَٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ ۚ أَحَقُّ أَن يُرُضُوهُ إِن كَانُواْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ۚ

They swear by Allâh to you (Muslims) in order to please you, but it is more fitting that they should please Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), if they are believers.

63.

أَلَمُ يَعُلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّهُ مَن يُحَادِدِ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وفَأَنَّ لَهُ ونَارَ جَهَنَّمَ خَلِدًا فِيهَا ذَلِكَ ٱلُخِزُىُ ٱلُعَظِيمُ ۞

Know they not that whoever opposes and shows hostility to Allâh (swt) and His Messenger (SAW), certainly for him will be the Fire of Hell to abide therein. That is extreme disgrace.

64.

يَحُــذَرُ ٱلْمُنَىفِقُــونَ أَن تُــنَزَّلَ عَلَيُهِــمُ سُــورَةٌ تُنَبِّئُــهُم بِمَـا فِــى قُلُوبِهِمُ قُلُ ٱسۡتَهُزِءُوۤاْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ مُخُرِ يُّجُمَّا تَحُذَرُونَ ۗ

The hypocrites fear lest a *Sûrah* (chapter of the Qur'ân) should be revealed about them, showing them what is in their hearts. Say: "(Go ahead and) mock! But certainly Allâh will bring to light all that you fear."

65.

وَلَيِن سَالَاتُهُمُ لَيَقُولُنَّ إِنَّمَا كُنَّا نَخُوضُ وَنَلُعَبُّ قُللُ أَبِٱللَّهِ وَءَايَنتِهِ ۽ وَرَسُولِهِ ۽ كُنتُمُ تَسُتَهُزِءُونَ ا

If you ask them (about this), they declare: "We were only talking idly and joking." Say: "Was it at Allâh (swt), and His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and His Messenger (SAW) that you were mocking?"

لَا تَعُتَذِرُواْ قَدُ كَفَرَتُم بَعُدَ إِيمَنِكُمُ إِن نَّعُفُ عَن طَآبِفَةٍ مِّنكُم نُعَذِّبُ طَآبِفَةً بِأَنَّهُمُ كَانُواْ مُجُرمِينَ

Make no excuse; you have disbelieved after you had believed. If We pardon some of you, We will punish others amongst you because they were *Mujrimûn* (disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, criminals, etc.).

67.

ٱلمُنَىفِقُونَ وَٱلمُنَىفِقَىتُ بَعُضُهُم مِّنَ بَعُضِ مَّنَ المَّضِ يَأْمُوونَ بِٱلْمُنكَرِ وَيَنْهَونَ عَنِ ٱلمُنكِفِقِينَ عَنِ ٱلمُنَعِقِينَ عَنِ ٱلمُعُرُوفِ وَيَقبِضُونَ أَيَدِيَهُمُ نَسُواْ ٱللَّهَ فَنَسِيَهُمُ إِنَّ ٱلمُنتفِقِينَ هُـمُ ٱلْفَعِسِقُونَ ٢

The hypocrites, men and women, are from one another, they enjoin (on the people) *Al-Munkar* (i.e. disbelief and polytheism of all kinds and all that Islâm has forbidden), and forbid (people) from *Al-Ma'rûf* (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and all that Islâm orders one to do), and they close their hands [from giving (spending in Allâh's Cause) alms, etc.]. They have forgotten Allâh, so He has forgotten them. Verily, the hypocrites are the *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

68.

وَعَدَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمُنَعِقِينَ وَٱلْمُنعِقِينَ وَٱلْمُنعِقِينَ وَٱلْمُنعِقِينَ وَٱلْمُنعِقِينَ وَٱلْمُنعِقِينَ وَٱلْمُنعِقِينَ وَٱلْمُنعِقِينَ وَٱللَّهُ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُّقِيمٌ ﴿

Allâh has promised the hypocrites; men and women, and the disbelievers, the Fire of Hell, therein shall they abide. It will suffice them. Allâh has cursed them and for them is the lasting torment.

69.

كَالَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِكُمْ كَانُوٓاْ أَشَدَّ مِنكُمْ قُوَّةً وَأَكُثَرَ أَمُوَالَا وَأَوْلَدَا فَأَسُتَمُتَعُواْ بِخَلَىقِهُمْ كَمَا ٱسُتَمُتَعَ ٱلَّذِينَ فَأَسُتَمُتَعُتُم بِخَلَىقِكُمْ كَمَا ٱسُتَمُتَعَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِكُم بِخَلَىقِهُمْ وَخُصْتُمْ كَٱلَّذِى خَاضُوٓا أَوْلَيَلِكَ حَبِطَتُ مَعَ لَلَّذِى خَاضُوٓا أَوْلَيَلِكَ حَبِطَتُ أَعْمَىلُهُمْ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْأَخِرَةً وَأُولَيَلِكَ هُمُ ٱلْخَسِرُونَ

اللهُمُ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْأَخِرَةً وَأُولَيَلِكَ هُمُ ٱلْخَسِرُونَ
اللهُمْ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْأَخِرَةً وَأُولَيَلِكَ هُمُ ٱلْخَسِرُونَ اللهُ اللهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا وَٱلْأَخِرَةً وَأُولَيْلِكَ هُمُ ٱلْخَسِرُونَ اللهَ

Like those before you, they were mightier than you in power, and more abundant in wealth and children. They had enjoyed their portion awhile, so enjoy your portion awhile as those before you enjoyed their portion awhile; and you indulged in play and pastime (and in telling lies against Allâh and His Messenger Muhammad SAW) as they indulged in play and pastime. Such are they whose deeds are in vain in this world and in the Hereafter. Such are they who are the losers.

70.

 Has not the story reached them of those before them? - The people of Nûh (Noah), 'Ad, and Thamûd, the people of Ibrahîm (Abraham), the dwellers of Madyan (Midian) and the cities overthrown [i.e. the people to whom Lout (Lot) preached], to them came their Messengers with clear proofs. So it was not Allâh Who wronged them, but they used to wrong themselves.

71.

وَٱلْمُؤُمِنُ وِنَ وَٱلْمُ ؤُمِنَاتُ بَعُضُهُ مُ أَوْلِيَآءُ بَعُضِ ۚ يَأُمُرُونَ بِٱلْمَعُرُوفِ وَيَنْهَوُنَ عَنِ ٱلْمُنكَرِ وَيُقِيمُونَ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَيُؤْتُونَ ٱلزَّكَوٰةَ وَيُطِيعُونَ ٱللَّهَ وَيَنْهَوُنَ ٱلزَّكَوٰةَ وَيُطِيعُونَ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ ۚ أَوْلَكَ سَيَرُ حَمُهُمُ ٱللَّهُ ۗ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ۞

The believers, men and women, are *Auliyâ'* (helpers, supporters, friends, protectors) of one another, they enjoin (on the people) *Al-Ma'rûf* (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and all that Islâm orders one to do), and forbid (people) from *Al-Munkar* (i.e. polytheism and disbelief of all kinds, and all that Islâm has forbidden); they perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*) and give the *Zakât*, and obey Allâh and His Messenger. Allâh will have His Mercy on them. Surely Allâh is All-Mighty, All-Wise.

72.

وَعَدَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ جَنَّيتٍ تَجُرِى مِن تَحْتِهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا وَمَسَاكِنَ طَيِّبَةً فِي جَنَّيتِ عَدُنٍ وَرِضُونَ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ أَكْبَرُ أَذَٰلِكَ هُو ٱلْفَوُرُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ﴿

Allâh has promised to the believers -men and women, - Gardens under which rivers flow to dwell therein forever, and beautiful mansions in Gardens of 'Adn (Eden Paradise). But the greatest bliss is the Good Pleasure of Allâh. That is the supreme success.

73.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّبِىُّ جَهِدِ ٱلْكُفَّارَ وَٱلْمُنْنِفِقِينَ وَٱغُلُظُ عَلَيْهِمُّ وَمَأُونِهُمُ جَهِنَّمُ ۗ وَبِئُـسِسَ ٱلْمَصِـيرُ ۞

O Prophet (Muhammad SAW)! Strive hard against the disbelievers and the hypocrites, and be harsh against them, their abode is Hell, - and worst indeed is that destination.

74.

يَحُلِفُونَ بِٱللَّهِ مَا قَالُواْ وَلَقَدُ قَالُواْ كَلِمَةَ ٱلْكُفُرِ وَكَفَرُواْ بَعُدَ إِسُلَمِهِمُ وَهَمُّواْ بِمَا لَمُ يَنَالُواْ وَمَا نَقَمُوٓاْ إِلَّآ أَنْ أَغُنَنهُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ مِن فَضُلِهِ عَ فَضُلِهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَذَابًا لَيمًا فِي ٱلدُّنيَا فَإِن يَتُولُواْ يُعَذِّبُهُمُ ٱللَّهُ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا فِي ٱلدُّنيَا وَٱلاَّخِرَةِ وَمَا لَهُمُ فِي ٱلأَرْضِ مِن وَلِيِّ وَلَا نَصِيرِ

وَٱلْاَخِرَةِ وَمَا لَهُمُ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مِن وَلِيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرِ

وَٱلْاَخِرَةِ وَمَا لَهُمُ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ مِن وَلِيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرِ

They swear by Allâh that they said nothing (bad), but really they said the word of disbelief, and they disbelieved after accepting Islâm, and they resolved that (plot to murder Prophet Muhammad SAW) which they were unable to carry out, and they could not find any cause to do so except that Allâh and His Messenger had enriched them of His Bounty. If then they repent, it will be better for them, but if they turn away, Allâh will punish them with a painful torment in this worldly life and in the Hereafter. And there is none for them on earth as a *Walî* (supporter, protector) or a helper.

And of them are some who made a covenant with Allâh (saying): "If He bestowed on us of His Bounty, we will verily, give *Sadaqâh* (*Zakât* and voluntary charity in Allâh's Cause) and will be certainly among those who are righteous."

76.

Then when He gave them of His Bounty, they became niggardly [refused to pay the Sadaqâh (Zakât or voluntary charity)], and turned away, averse.

77.

So He punished them by putting hypocrisy into their hearts till the Day whereon they shall meet Him, because they broke that (covenant with Allâh) which they had promised Him and because they used to tell lies.

78.

Know they not that Allâh knows their secret ideas, and their *Najwa* (secret counsels), and that Allâh is the All-Knower of the unseen.

79.

Those who defame such of the believers who give charity (in Allâh's Cause) voluntarily, and those who could not find to give charity (in Allâh's Cause) except what is available to them, so they mock at them (believers), Allâh will throw back their mockery on them, and they shall have a painful torment.

80.

ٱسۡتَغُفِرُ لَهُمُ أَوُ لَا تَسُتَغُفِرُ لَهُمُ إِن تَسُتَغُفِرُ لَهُمُ سَبُعِينَ مَرَّةً فَلَن يَغُفِرُ لَهُمُ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولِهِ ۖ وَٱللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى يَغُفِرَ ٱللَّهُ لَهُمُ كَفَرُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ۗ وَٱللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱللَّهُ لَهُ مَ أَذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ كَفَرُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ۗ وَٱللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱللَّهُ لَهُ مَا اللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى

Whether you (O Muhammad SAW) ask forgiveness for them (hypocrites) or ask not forgiveness for them ... (and even) if you ask seventy times for their forgiveness ... Allâh will not forgive them, because they have disbelieved in Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW). And Allâh guides not those people who are *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

81.

فَرِحَ ٱلْمُخَلَّفُونَ بِمَقَّعَدِهِمُ خِلَافَ رَسُولِ ٱللَّهِ وَكَرِهُوٓاْ أَن يُجَاهِدُواْ بِأَمُوَ لِهِمُ وَأَنفُسِهِمُ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَقَالُواْ لَا تَنفِرُواْ فِى ٱلْحَرِّ قُلُ نَارُ جَهَنَّمَ أَشَدُّ حَرَّا لَّوُ كَانُواْ يَفْقَهُونَ ۗ

Those who stayed away (from Tabuk expedition) rejoiced in their staying behind the Messenger of Allâh; they hated to strive and fight with their properties and their lives in the Cause of Allâh, and they said: "March not forth in the heat." Say: "The Fire of Hell is more intense in heat", if only they could understand!

82.

So let them laugh a little and (they will) cry much as a recompense of what they used to earn (by committing sins).

83.

فَإِن رَّجَعَكَ ٱللَّهُ إِلَىٰ طَآبِفَةِ مِّنَهُمُ فَٱسۡتَءُذَنُوكَ لِلُخُرُوجِ فَقُل لَّن تَخُرُجُواْ فَإِن رَّجَعَكَ ٱللَّهُ إِلَىٰ طَآبِفَةِ مِّنَهُمُ فَٱسۡتَءُذَنُوكَ لِلُخُرُوجِ فَقُل لَّن تَخُرُجُواْ مَعِى عَدُوًّا ۖ إِنَّكُمُ رَضِيتُم بِٱلْقُعُودِ مَعِ اللَّهُعُودِ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ فَٱقَعُدُواْ مَعَ ٱلْخَدلِفِينَ ﴾

أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ فَٱقَعُدُواْ مَعَ ٱلْخَدلِفِينَ ﴿

If Allâh brings you back to a party of them (the hypocrites), and they ask your permission to go out (to fight), say: "Never shall you go out with me, nor fight an enemy with me; you agreed to sit inactive on the first occasion, then you sit (now) with those who lag behind."

84.

And never (O Muhammad SAW) pray (funeral prayer) for any of them (hypocrites) who dies, nor stand at his grave. Certainly they disbelieved in Allâh and His Messenger, and died while they were Fâsiqûn (rebellious, - disobedient to Allâh and His Messenger SAW).

85.

وَلَا تُعُجِبُكَ أَمُوالُهُمُ وَأُولَدُهُمُ إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ ٱللَّهُ أَن يُعَذِّبَهُم بِهَا فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَتَرُهَقَ أَنفُسُهُمُ وَهُمْ كَنفِرُونَ ۗ

And let not their wealth or their children amaze you. Allâh's Plan is to punish them with these things in this world, and that their souls shall depart (die) while they are disbelievers.

وَإِذَآ أُنزِلَتُ سُورَةٌ أَنَّ ءَامِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَجَنهِدُواْ مَعَ رَسُولِهِ ٱسُتَّذَنَكَ أُوْلُواْ ٱلطَّوُّلِ مِنْهُمُ وَقَالُواْ ذَرُنَا نَكُن مَّعَ ٱلْقَنعِدِينَ ۞

And when a *Sûrah* (chapter from the Qur'ân) is revealed, enjoining them to believe in Allâh and to strive hard and fight along with His Messenger, the wealthy among them ask your leave to exempt them (from *Jihâd*) and say, "Leave us (behind), we would be with those who sit (at home)."

87.

رَضُواْ بِأَن يَكُونُواْ مَعَ ٱلَّخَوَالِفِ وَطُبِعَ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمٌ فَهُمُ لَا يَفُقَهُونَ



They are content to be with those (the women) who sit behind (at home). Their hearts are sealed up (from all kinds of goodness and right guidance), so they understand not.

88.

لَكِنِ ٱلرَّسُولُ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَعَهُ عَهِدُواْ بِأَمُوَ لِهِمُ وَأَنفُسِهِمُ وَأُوْلَتَيِكَ لَهُمُ ٱلُخَيرَ تُ وَأُوْلَتَيِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُفْلِحُونَ

But the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) and those who believed with him (in Islâmic Monotheism) strove hard and fought with their wealth and their lives (in Allâh's Cause). Such are they for whom are the good things, and it is they who will be successful.

89.

أَعَدَّ ٱللَّـهُ لَهُـمُ جَـنَّتِ تَجُـرِي مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنَهَـرُ خَـلِدِينَ فِيهَا ۚ ذَلِكَ ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ۞

For them Allâh has got ready Gardens (Paradise) under which rivers flow, to dwell therein forever. That is the supreme success.

90.

وَجَاءَ ٱلْمُعَـذِرُونَ مِنَ ٱلْأَعُـرَابِ لِيُـؤُذَنَ لَهُـمُ وَقَعَـدَ ٱلَّـذِينَ

كَذَبُـواْ ٱللَّـهَ وَرَسُـولَهُ أَسَـيُصِيبُ ٱلَّـذِينَ كَفَـرُواْ مِنْهُـمُ

عَـذَابُ أَلِيـمُ ۞

And those who made excuses from the bedouins came (to you, O Prophet SAW) asking your permission to exempt them (from the battle), and those who had lied to Allâh and His Messenger sat at home (without asking the permission for it); a painful torment will seize those of them who disbelieve.

لَّيْسَ عَلَى ٱلضُّعَفَ آءِ وَلَا عَلَى ٱلُمَّرُ ضَىٰ وَلَا عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَجِـدُونَ مَا يُنفِقُونَ حَرَجُ إِذَا نَصَحُواْ لِلَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِۦ مَا عَلَى ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ مِن سَبِيلٍ يَّافِقُونَ حَرَجُ إِذَا نَصَحُواْ لِلَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ـ مَا عَلَى ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ مِن سَبِيلٍ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُونَ حَرَجُ إِذَا نَصَحُواْ لِلَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ـ مَا عَلَى ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ مِن سَبِيلٍ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُونَ حَرَجُ إِذَا نَصَحُواْ لِلَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ـ أَمَا عَلَى ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ مِن سَبِيلٍ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُونَ رَّحِيمٌ ﴾

There is no blame on those who are weak or ill or who find no resources to spend [in holy fighting (Jihâd)], if they are sincere and true (in duty) to Allâh and His Messenger. No ground (of complaint) can there be against the *Muhsinûn* (good-doers - see the footnote of V.9:120). And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

92.

Nor (is there blame) on those who came to you to be provided with mounts, and when you said: "I can find no mounts for you," they turned back, while their eyes overflowing with tears of grief that they could not find anything to spend (for *Jihâd*).

93.

إِنَّمَا ٱلسَّبِيلُ عَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ يَسُتَعُذِنُونَكَ وَهُمُ أَغُنِيَآءٌ رَضُواْ بِأَن يَكُونُواْ
 مَعَ ٱلُخَوَالِفِ وَطَبَعَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمُ فَهُمُ لَا يَعُلَمُونَ

The ground (of complaint) is only against those who are rich, and yet ask exemption []. They are content to be with (the women) who sit behind (at home) and Allâh has sealed up their hearts (from all kinds of goodness and right guidance) so that they know not (what they are losing).

94.

يَعُتَ فِرُونَ إِلَيْكُ مُ إِذَا رَجَ عُتُمُ إِلَيْهِ مَ قُل لاَ تَعُتَ فِرُواْ لِيَهِ مَ قُل لاَ تَعُتَ فِرُواْ لَل فَي اللّه مِن أَخْبَارِ كُمْ وَسَيرَى ٱللّه عَلْ اللّه مِن أَخْبَارِ كُمْ وَسَيرَى ٱللّه عَمَلَكُم وَرَسُولُهُ وَثُمَّ تُرَدُّونَ إِلَىٰ عَلِمِ ٱلْغَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَدَةِ فَيُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا كُنتُم تَعُمَلُونَ هَا اللهَ عَلِمِ ٱلْغَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَدَةِ فَيُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا كُنتُم تَعُمَلُونَ هَا اللهَ عَلْمَ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْمِ اللّهَ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللللللللّهُ الللللللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللللللللللمُلّم

They (the hypocrites) will present their excuses to you (Muslims), when you return to them. Say (O Muhammad SAW) "Present no excuses, we shall not believe you. Allâh has already informed us of the news concerning you. Allâh and His Messenger will observe your deeds. In the end you will be brought back to the All-Knower of the unseen and the seen, then He (Allâh) will inform you of what you used to do." [*Tafsir At-Tabari*]

سَيَحُلِفُونَ بِٱللَّهِ لَكُمُ إِذَا ٱنقَلَبُتُمُ إِلَيْهِمُ لِتُعُرِضُواْ عَنْهُمُّ فَأَعُرِضُواْ عَنْهُمُّ إ إِنَّهُمُ رِجُسُّ وَمَأُونِهُمُ جَهَنَّمُ جَزَآءَ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكُسِبُونَ ۗ

They will swear by Allâh to you (Muslims) when you return to them, that you may turn away from them. So turn away from them. Surely, they are *Rijsun* [i.e. *Najasun*¹] (impure) because of their evil deeds], and Hell is their dwelling place, - a recompense for that which they used to earn.

96.

They (the hypocrites) swear to you (Muslims) that you may be pleased with them, but if you are pleased with them, certainly Allâh is not pleased with the people who are *Al-Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

97.

The bedouins are the worst in disbelief and hypocrisy, and more likely to be in ignorance of the limits (Allâh's Commandments and His Legal Laws, etc.) which Allâh has revealed to His Messenger. And Allâh is All-Knower, All-Wise.

98.

And of the bedouins there are some who look upon what they spend (in Allâh's Cause) as a fine and watch for calamities for you, on them be the calamity of evil. And Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

99.

And of the bedouins there are some who believe in Allâh and the Last Day, and look upon what they spend in Allâh's Cause as approaches to Allâh, and a cause of receiving the Messenger's invocations. Indeed these (spendings in Allâh's Cause) are an approach for them. Allâh will admit them to His Mercy. Certainly Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

100

وَٱلسَّنبِقُونَ ٱلْأُوَّلُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُهَنجِرِينَ وَٱلْأَنصَارِ وَٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّبَعُوهُم بِإِحْسَنِ
رَّضِىَ ٱللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ وَرَضُواْ عَنْهُ وَأَعَدَّ لَهُمْ جَنَّنتٍ تَجُرِى تَحُتَهَا ٱلْأَنْهَارُ
خَلِدِينَ فِيهَآ أَبَدًا ۚ ذَٰلِكَ ٱلْفَورُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ

And the first to embrace Islâm of the *Muhâjirûn* (those who migrated from Makkah to Al-Madinah) and the *Ansâr* (the citizens of Al-Madinah who helped and gave aid to the *Muhâjirûn*) and also those who followed them exactly (in Faith). Allâh is well-pleased with them as they are well-pleased with Him. He has prepared for them Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise), to dwell therein forever. That is the supreme success.

101.

وَمِمَّنُ حَـوُلَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْأَعُـرَابِ مُنَعِقُـونَ وَمِـنُ أَهُـلِ ٱلْمَدِينَـةِ مَـرَدُواْ عَلَـم ٱلنِّفَـاقِ لَا تَعُلَمهُ مُّ نَحُـنُ نَعُلَمهُ مُّ سَنُعَذِّبُهُم مَّـرَّتَيُنِ مُـرَدُواْ عَلَـم ٱلنِّفَـاقِ لَا تَعُلَمهُ مُّ نَحُـنُ نَعُلَمهُ مُّ سَنُعَذِّبُهُم مَّـرَّتَيُنِ ثُعُلَمهُ مُّ سَنُعَذِّبُهُم مَّرَّتَيْنِ ثُعُلَمهُ مُ اللهُ عَلَيم اللهُ عَظِيمٍ اللهُ اللهُ عَظِيمٍ اللهُ اللهُ عَظِيمٍ اللهُ اللهُ عَذَابٍ عَظِيمٍ اللهُ اللهُ عَذَابٍ عَظِيمٍ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَذَابٍ عَظِيمٍ اللهُ الل

And among the bedouins round about you, some are hypocrites, and so are some among the people of Al-Madinah, they exaggerate and persist in hypocrisy, you (O Muhammad SAW) know them not, We know them. We shall punish them twice, and thereafter they shall be brought back to a great (horrible) torment.

102.

And (there are) others who have acknowledged their sins, they have mixed a deed that was righteous with another that was evil. Perhaps Allâh will turn unto them in forgiveness. Surely, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful^[].

103.

Take Sadaqah (alms) from their wealth in order to purify them and sanctify them with it, and invoke Allâh for them. Verily! Your invocations are a source of security for them, and Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

104

Know they not that Allâh accepts repentance from His slaves and takes the *Sadaqât* (alms, charities) and that All&achrc;h Alone is the One Who forgives and accepts repentance, Most Merciful?

105

وَقُلِ ٱعُمَلُواْ فَسَيَرَى ٱللَّهُ عَمَلَكُمْ وَرَسُولُهُ وَٱلْمُؤُمِنُونَ ۗ وَسَتُرَدُّونَ إِلَىٰ عَلَيْمِ اللَّهُ عَمَلَكُمْ وَرَسُولُهُ وَٱلْمُؤُمِنُونَ ۗ وَسَتُرَدُّونَ إِلَىٰ عَلِمِ ٱلْغَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَدَةِ فَيُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا كُنتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ۗ

And say (O Muhammad SAW) "Do deeds! Allâh will see your deeds, and (so will) His Messenger and the believers. And you will be brought back to the All-Knower of the unseen and the seen. Then He will inform you of what you used to do."

106

وَءَاخَـرُونَ مُرُجَـوُنَ لِأَمَـرِ ٱللَّـهِ إِمَّا يُعَـذِّبُهُمُ وَإِمَّا يَتُـوبُ عَلَيُهِـمُّ وَٱللَّـهُ عَلِيــمُّ حَــكِيمُ ﷺ

And others await Allâh's Decree, whether He will punish them or will forgive them. And Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

107.

وَٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّخَذُواْ مَسُجِدًا ضِرَارًا وَكُفُرًا وَتَفُرِيقًا بَيُنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَإِرُصَادًا لِّمَنُ حَارَبَ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ مِن قَبُلُ ۚ وَلَيَحُلِفُنَّ إِنَّ أَرَدُنَاۤ إِلَّا ٱلْحُسُنَىٰ ۗ وَٱللَّهُ يَشُهَدُ إِنَّهُمُ لَكَنذِبُونَ ۚ

And as for those who put up a mosque by way of harming and disbelief, and to disunite the believers, and as an outpost for those who warred against Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW) aforetime, they will indeed swear that their intention is nothing but good. Allâh bears witness that they are certainly liars.

108.

لَا تَقُمُ فِيهِ أَبَدَا لَّمَسُجِدُ أُسِّسَ عَلَى ٱلتَّقُوَىٰ مِن أَوَّلِ يَومٍ أَحَقُّ أَن تَقُومَ فِيهِ فِيهِ رِجَالٌ يُحِبُّونَ أَن يَتَطَهَّرُوا ۚ وَٱللَّهُ يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُطَّهِّرِينَ



Never stand you therein. Verily, the mosque whose foundation was laid from the first day on piety is more worthy that you stand therein (to pray). In it are men who love to clean and to purify themselves. And Allâh loves those who make themselves clean and pure (i.e. who clean their private parts with dust [i.e. to be considered as soap) and water from urine and stools, after answering the call of nature].

109.

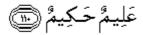
أَفَمَنُ أَسَّسَ بُنُيَنَهُ وَعَلَىٰ تَقُوىٰ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ وَرِضُوَنٍ خَيْرٌ أَم مَّنُ أَسَّسَ بُنُيَنَهُ وَعَلَىٰ تَقُوىٰ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ وَرِضُونٍ خَيْرٌ أَم مَّنُ أَسَّسَ بُنُيَننَهُ وَعَلَىٰ شَفَا جُرُفٍ هَارٍ فَٱنْهَارَ بِهِ عَلَى نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ وَٱللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ
اللَّهُ وَمَ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ

Is it then he, who laid the foundation of his building on piety to Allâh and His Good Pleasure, better, or he who laid the foundation of his building on an undetermined brink of a precipice ready to crumble down, so that it crumbled to pieces with him into the Fire of Hell. And Allâh guides not the

people who are the Zâlimûn (cruel, violent, proud, polytheist and wrong-doer).

110.

لَا يَزَالُ بُنْيَانُهُمُ ٱلَّذِي بَنَوا لريبَةً فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ إِلَّا آَن تَقَطَّعَ قُلُوبُهُمٌّ وَٱللَّهُ



The building which they built will never cease to be a cause of hypocrisy and doubt in their hearts, unless their hearts are cut to pieces. (i.e. till they die). And Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

111.

إنَّ ٱللَّهَ ٱشْتَرَىٰ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤمنِينَ أَنفُسَهُمُ وَأَمُوالَهُم بِأَنَّ لَهُمُ ٱلْجَنَّةَ يُعْتِلُونَ وَعُدًا عَلَيْهِ حَقًّا فِي ٱلتَّوْرَنةِ يُقَنتِلُونَ وَعُدًّا عَلَيْهِ حَقًّا فِي ٱلتَّوْرَنةِ وَأَلْإِنجِيلِ وَٱلْقُرُءَانِ وَمَن أَوْفَىٰ بِعَهُدِهِ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ فَٱسْتَبُشِرُوا بِبَيْعِكُمُ وَٱلْإِنجِيلِ وَٱلْقُرُءَانِ وَمَن أَوْفَىٰ بِعَهُدِهِ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ فَٱسْتَبُشِرُوا بِبَيْعِكُمُ ٱللَّذِي بَايَعْتُم بِهِ ۚ وَذَالِكَ هُو ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ
 ٱلَّذِي بَايَعْتُم بِهِ ۚ وَذَالِكَ هُو ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ

Verily, Allâh has purchased of the believers their lives and their properties; for the price that theirs shall be the Paradise. They fight in Allâh's Cause, so they kill (others) and are killed. It is a promise in truth which is binding on Him in the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel) and the Qur'ân. And who is truer to his covenant than Allâh? Then rejoice in the bargain which you have concluded. That is the supreme success .

112.

ٱلتَّنَيِبُ ونَ ٱلُعَىٰبِ دُونَ ٱلُحَــــمِدُونَ ٱلسَّــنَيِحُونَ ٱلرَّاكِعُــونَ ٱلسَّـــجِدُونَ ٱلتَّـــةِ ف ٱلْأَمِـرُونَ بِــٱلْمَعُرُوفِ وَٱلنَّاهُونَ عَنِ ٱلْمُنكَـرِ وَٱلُحَـــنفِظُونَ لِحُـدُودِ ٱللَّــةٍ ۗ وَبَشِّــرِ ٱلْمُــؤُمِنِينَ ۞

(The believers whose lives Allâh has purchased are) those who repent to Allâh (from polytheism and hypocrisy, etc.), who worship Him, who praise Him, who fast (or go out in Allâh's Cause), who bow down (in prayer), who prostrate themselves (in prayer), who enjoin (people) for *Al-Ma'rûf* (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and all what Islâm has ordained) and forbid (people) from *Al-Munkar* (i.e. disbelief, polytheism of all kinds and all that Islâm has forbidden), and who observe the limits set by Allâh (do all that Allâh has ordained and abstain from all kinds of sins and evil deeds which Allâh has forbidden). And give glad tidings to the believers.

113.

مَا كَانَ لِلنَّبِيِّ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓا أَن يَسُتَغُفِرُواْ لِلْمُشُرِكِينَ وَلَوُ كَانُوٓاْ أُوْلِى قُلرَبَىٰ مِنْ بَعُدِ مَا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُمُ أَنَّهُمُ أَصْحَدبُ ٱلْجَحِيمِ ﴿

It is not (proper) for the Prophet and those who believe to ask Allâh's Forgiveness for the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists, idolaters, pagans, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh) even though they be of kin, after it has become clear to them that they are the dwellers of the Fire (because they died in a state of disbelief).

114

وَمَا كَانَ ٱسَٰ يَغُفَارُ إِبُ رَهِيمَ لِأَبِيهِ إِلَّا عَن مَّوُعِدَةٍ وَعَدَهَاۤ إِيَّاهُ فَلَمَّا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُ ۚ أَنَّهُ ۗ عَدُوُّ لِّلَّهِ تَبَرَّاً مِنْهُۚ إِنَّ إِبْرَهِيمَ لَأَوَّهُ حَلِيمٌ ۗ

And [Ibrahîm's (Abraham)] invoking (of Allâh) for his father's forgiveness was only because of a promise he [Ibrahîm (Abraham)] had made to him (his father). But when it became clear to him [Ibrahîm (Abraham)] that he (his father) is an enemy to Allâh, he dissociated himself from him. Verily Ibrahîm (Abraham) was *Al-Awwah* (has fifteen different meanings but the correct one seems to be that he used to invoke Allâh with humility, glorify Him and remember Him much), and was forbearing. (*Tafsir Al-Qurtubî*). I

115.

وَمَا كَانَ ٱللَّهُ لِيُضِلَّ قَوُمَّا بَعُدَ إِذْ هَدَنهُمُ حَتَّىٰ يُبَيِّنَ لَهُم مَّا يَتَّقُونَۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيهُ ﴿

And Allâh will never lead a people astray after He has guided them until He makes clear to them as to what they should avoid. Verily, Allâh is the All-Knower of everything. Π

116.

إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَهُ مَلُكُ ٱلسَّمَنوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِّ يُحْيِ وَيُمِيثُ وَمَا لَكُم مِّن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مِن وَلِيِّ وَلَا نَصِيرِ

Verily, Allâh! Unto Him belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth, He gives life and He causes death. And besides Allâh you have neither any *Walî* (protector or guardian) nor any helper.

117.

لَّقَد تَّابَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَى ٱلنَّبِيِّ وَٱلْمُهَا جِرِينَ وَٱلْأَنصَارِ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّبَعُوهُ فِي سَاعَةِ ٱلْعُسُرَةِ مِنْ بَعُدِ مَا كَادَ يَزِيغُ قُلُوبُ فَرِيقٍ مِّنْهُمُ ثُمَّ تَابَ عَلَيهِمُ إِنَّهُ وَ ٱلْعُسُرَةِ مِنْ بَعُدِ مَا كَادَ يَزِيغُ قُلُوبُ فَرِيقٍ مِّنْهُمُ ثُمَّ تَابَ عَلَيهِمُ إِنَّهُ وَ الْعُسُرَةِ مِنْ بَعُدِ مَا كَادَ يَزِيغُ قُلُوبُ فَرِيقٍ مِّنْهُمُ ثُمَّ تَابَ عَلَيهِمُ إِنَّهُ وَ اللهُ عَلَيهُ مَا تَابَ عَلَيهُم أَنِهُ مَا اللهُ عَلَيهُ مِنْ اللهُ عَلَيهُ مَا اللهُ عَلَيهُ مَا اللهُ عَلَيهُ مَا اللهُ عَلَيهُ مِنْ إِنَّهُ عَلَيهُ مِنْ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ مَا لَهُ مَا اللّهُ عَلَيهُ مَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا لَا عَلَيْهُ مَا لَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ مَا إِنّهُ إِنّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ إِنّهُ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا لَا عَلَيْهُ مَا لَهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا لَهُ عَلَيْهُ مِنْ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا لَا عَلَيْهُ مَا لَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ مَا إِنّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا لَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا لَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا لَا عَلَيْهُ مَا اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا عَلَيْهُ مَا لَا عَلَيْهُ مَا لَا عَلَيْهُمُ مُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهِ مَا إِنّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا عَلَيْهُ مِلْ مَا عَلَيْكِ عَلَيْكُوبُ فَيْ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْكُوبُ عَلَيْكُوبُ عَلَيْكُمْ مَا عَلَيْكُوبُ عَلَيْكُوبُ عَلَيْكُمُ مُنْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمْ إِنَّهُ عَلَيْكُوبُ عَلَيْكُولُونُ عَلَيْكُوبُ عَلَيْكُوبُ عَلَيْكُوبُ عَلَيْكُوبُ عَلَيْكُوبُ عَلَيْكُوبُ عَلَيْكُوا عَلَيْكُوبُ عَلَيْكُوبُ عَلَيْكُوا عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُوا عَلَيْكُوا عَلَيْكُوا عَلَيْكُوا عَلَيْكُوا عَلَيْكُوا عَلَيْكُوا ع

Allâh has forgiven the Prophet (SAW), the *Muhajirûn* (Muslim emigrants who left their homes and came to Al-Madinah) and the *Ansar* (Muslims of Al-Madinah) who followed him (Muhammad SAW) in the time of distress (Tabûk expedition, etc.), after the hearts of a party of them had nearly deviated (from the Right Path), but He accepted their repentance. Certainly, He is unto them full of Kindness, Most Merciful.

118.

وَعَلَى الثَّلَاثَ قَلَ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهُ الْفُواْ حَاتَى إِذَا ضَاقَتُ عَلَيُهِمُ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهَ عَلَيُهِمُ أَنفُسُهُمُ وَظَنُّواْ أَن لَّا مَلُجَأَ الْأَرْضُ بِمَا رَحُبَتُ وَضَاقَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ أَنفُسُهُمُ وَظَنُّواْ أَن لَّا مَلُجَأَ مِن اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهَ اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللَا

And (He did forgive also) the three [who did not join the Tabûk expedition (whom the Prophet SAW)]

left (i.e. he did not give his judgement in their case, and their case was suspended for Allâh's Decision) till for them the earth, vast as it is, was straitened and their ownselves were straitened to them, and they perceived that there is no fleeing from Allâh, and no refuge but with Him. Then, He accepted their repentance, that they might repent (unto Him). Verily, Allâh is the One Who accepts repentance, Most Merciful.

119.

O you who believe! Be afraid of Allâh, and be with those who are true (in words and deeds) $^{f l}$

120.

مَا كَانَ لِأَهُلِ ٱلْمَدِينَةِ وَمَنُ حَوِّلَهُم مِّنَ ٱلْأَعُرَابِ أَن يَتَخَلَّفُواْ عَن رَّسُولِ اللَّهِ وَلَا يَرْغَبُواْ بِأَنفُسِهِمْ عَن نَّفُسِهِ ۚ ذَٰ لِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ لَا يُصِيبُهُمْ ظَمَّأُ وَلَا نَصَبُ وَلَا يَرُغَبُواْ بِأَنفُسِهِمْ عَن نَّفُسِهِ ۚ ذَٰ لِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ لَا يُصِيبُهُمْ ظَمَّأُ وَلَا نَصَبُ وَلَا مَخُمَصَةٌ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَلَا يَطَعُونَ مَوْطِئًا يَغِيظُ ٱلْكُفَّارَ وَلَا نَصَبُ وَلَا مَخُمَصَةٌ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَلَا يَطَعُونَ مَوْطِئًا يَغِيظُ ٱلْكُفَّارَ وَلَا يَنَالُونَ مِنْ عَدُوٍّ نَّيُلًا إِلَّا كُتِبَ لَهُم بِهِ عَمَلُ صَلِحٌ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُضِيعُ اللَّهُ لَا يُضِيعُ أَجُرَ ٱلمُحُسِنِينَ ﴿

It was not becoming of the people of Al-Madinah and the bedouins of the neighbourhood to remain behind Allâh's Messenger (Muhammad SAW when fighting in Allâh's Cause) and (it was not becoming of them) to prefer their own lives to his life. That is because they suffer neither thirst nor fatigue, nor hunger in the Cause of Allâh, nor they take any step to raise the anger of disbelievers nor inflict any injury upon an enemy but is written to their credit as a deed of righteousness. Surely, Allâh wastes not the reward of the *Muhsinûn* of the *Muhsin*

121.

Nor do they spend anything (in Allâh's Cause) - small or great - nor cross a valley, but is written to their credit, that Allâh may recompense them with the best of what they used to do (i.e. Allâh will reward their good deeds according to the reward of their best deeds which they did in the most perfect manner).

[]

122

﴿ وَمَا كَانَ ٱلْمُؤُمِنُونَ لِيَنفِرُواْ كَآفَةً فَلَولاً نَفَرَ مِن كُلِّ فِرُقَةٍ مِّنَهُمُ طَآبِفَةٌ لِيَتَفَقَّهُواْ فِي ٱلدِّينِ وَلِيُنذِرُواْ قَوْمَهُمُ إِذَا رَجَعُوٓاْ إِلَيْهِمُ لَعَلَّهُمُ يَحُذَرُونَ ٣

And it is not (proper) for the believers to go out to fight (*Jihâd*) all together. Of every troop of them, a party only should go forth, that they (who are left behind) may get instructions in (Islâmic) religion, and that they may warn their people when they return to them, so that they may beware (of evil).

123

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ قَنتِلُواْ ٱلَّذِينَ يَلُونَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْكُفَّارِ وَلُيَجِدُواْ فِيكُمُ غِلُظَةً وَٱعۡلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ مَعَ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ ٣

O you who believe! Fight those of the disbelievers who are close to you, and let them find harshness in you, and know that Allâh is with those who are the *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

124

And whenever there comes down a *Sûrah* (chapter from the Qur'ân), some of them (hypocrites) say: "Which of you has had his Faith increased by it?" As for those who believe, it has increased their Faith, and they rejoice.

125.

But as for those in whose hearts is a disease (of doubt, disbelief and hypocrisy), it will add suspicion and doubt to their suspicion, disbelief and doubt, and they die while they are disbelievers.

126

See they not that they are tried once or twice every year (with different kinds of calamities, disease, famine, etc.)? Yet, they turn not in repentance, nor do they learn a lesson (from it).

127.

And whenever there comes down a *Sûrah* (chapter from the Qur'ân), they look at one another (saying): "Does any one see you?" Then they turn away. Allâh has turned their hearts (from the light) because they are a people that understand not.

128.

Verily, there has come unto you a Messenger (Muhammad SAW) from amongst yourselves (i.e. whom you know well). It grieves him that you should receive any injury or difficulty. He (Muhammad SAW) is anxious over you (to be rightly guided, to repent to Allâh, and beg Him to pardon and forgive your sins, in order that you may enter Paradise and be saved from the punishment of the Hell-fire), for the believers (he SAW is) full of pity, kind, and merciful.

فَإِن تَوَلَّواْ فَقُلُ حَسُبِىَ ٱللَّهُ لَآ إِلَـٰهَ إِلَّا هُوَّ عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلُتُّ وَهُوَ رَبُّ ٱلْعَرُشِ ٱلْعَظِيمِ

. But if they turn away, say (O Muhammad SAW): "Allâh is sufficient for me. *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), in Him I put my trust and He is the Lord of the Mighty Throne."

Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

Alif-Lâm-Râ. [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings]. These are the Verses of the Book (the Qur'ân) Al-Hakîm [showing lawful and unlawful things, explaining Allâh's (Divine) Laws for mankind, leading them to eternal happiness by ordering them to follow the true Islâmic Monotheism, - worshipping none but Allâh Alone - that will guide them to Paradise and save them from Hell].

2.

أَكَانَ لِلنَّاسِ عَجَبًا أَنُ أَوْحَيُنَا إِلَىٰ رَجُلٍ مِّنُهُمُ أَنُ أَن ذِرِ ٱلنَّاسَ وَبَشِّرِ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ أَنَّ لَهُمُ قَدَمَ صِدُقٍ عِندَ رَبِّهِمُ قَالَ ٱلْكَنفِرُونَ إِنَّ هَسَذَا لَسَسْحِرُ مُّبِيسَنُّ ۞

Is it wonder for mankind that We have sent Our Inspiration to a man from among themselves (i.e. Prophet Muhammad SAW) (saying): "Warn mankind (of the coming torment in Hell), and give good news to those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh and in His Prophet Muhammad SAW) that they shall have with their Lord the rewards of their good deeds?" (But) the disbelievers say: "This is indeed an evident sorcerer (i.e. Prophet Muhammad SAW and the Qur'ân)!

3.

إِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ فِى سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ السَّعَوَةِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ اللَّمَ اللَّهُ وَيُ اللَّهُ مِنْ بَعُدِ ثُمَّ اللَّهُ وَيُ اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمُ فَاعُبُدُوهُ أَفَلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ ﴿

Surely, your Lord is Allâh Who created the heavens and the earth in six Days and then *Istawâ* (rose over) the Throne (really in a manner that suits His Majesty), disposing the affair of all things. No intercessor (can plead with Him) except after His Leave. That is Allâh, your Lord; so worship Him (Alone). Then, will you not remember?

4.

إِلَيْهِ مَرُجِعُكُمُ جَمِيعًا وَعُدَ ٱللَّهِ حَقًّا إِنَّهُ ويَبُدَؤُا ٱلْخَلُقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ و لِيَجُزِىَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَاتِ بِٱلْقِسُطِ ۚ وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَهُمُ شَرَابٌ مِّنُ حَمِيمٍ وَعَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكُفُرُونَ ۞

To Him is the return of all of you. The Promise of Allâh is true. It is He Who begins the creation and then will repeat it, that He may reward with justice those who believed (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism) and did deeds of righteousness. But those who disbelieved will have a drink of boiling fluids and painful torment because they used to disbelieve.

هُوَ ٱلَّذِى جَعَلَ ٱلشَّمُسَ ضِيَآءً وَٱلْقَمَرَ نُورًا وَقَدَّرَهُ مَنَازِلَ لِتَعُلَمُواْ عَدَدَ ٱلسِّنِينَ وَٱلْحِسَابَ مَا خَلَقَ ٱللَّهُ ذَلِكَ إِلَّا بِٱلْحَقِّ يُفَصِّلُ ٱلْأَيَىتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَعُلَمُونَ ۞

It is He Who made the sun a shining thing and the moon as a light and measured out its (their) stages, that you might know the number of years and the reckoning. Allâh did not create this but in truth. He explains the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) in detail for people who have knowledge.

6.

Verily, in the alternation of the night and the day and in all that Allâh has created in the heavens and the earth are *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) for those people who keep their duty to Allâh, and fear Him much.

7.

Verily, those who hope not for their meeting with Us, but are pleased and satisfied with the life of the present world, and those who are heedless of Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.),

8.

Those, their abode will be the Fire, because of what they used to earn.

9.

Verily, those who believe [in the Oneness of Allâh along with the six articles of Faith, i.e. to believe in Allâh, His Angels, His Books, His Messengers, Day of Resurrection, and *Al-Qadar* (Divine Preordainments) - Islâmic Monotheism], and do deeds of righteousness, their Lord will guide them through their Faith; under them will flow rivers in the Gardens of delight (Paradise).

10.

Their way of request therein will be *Subhânaka Allâhumma* (Glory to You, O Allâh!) and *Salâm* (peace, safe from each and every evil) will be their greetings therein (Paradise)! and the close of their request will be: *Al-Hamdu Lillâhi Rabbil-'Alamîn* [All the praises and thanks are to Allâh, the

Lord of 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists)].

11.

﴿ وَلَوْ يُعَجِّلُ ٱللَّهُ لِلنَّاسِ ٱلشَّرَّ ٱستِعُجَالَهُم بِٱلْخَيْرِ لَقُضِىَ إِلَيُهِمُّ أَجَلُهُمُّ فَنَذَرُ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَرُجُونَ لِقَآءَنَا فِي طُغُيَىٰنِهِ مُ يَعُمَهُونَ ﴿

And were Allâh to hasten for mankind the evil (they invoke for themselves and for their children, etc. while in a state of anger) as He hastens for them the good (they invoke) then they would have been ruined. So We leave those who expect not their meeting with Us, in their trespasses, wandering blindly in distraction. (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*; Vol. 11, Page 91)

12.

وَإِذَا مَسَّ ٱلْإِنسَــــــــنَ ٱلضُّـــرُّ دَعَانَــــا لِجَـــنْبِهِ ۚ أَوُ قَـــاعِدًا أَوْ قَلَامَ سَلَّ الْمَسْرِ فَعَانَا عَنْهُ ضُـرَّ هُ وَ مَـرَّ كَانُ لَّـمُ يَدُعُنَا إلَى ضُـرِّ مَا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ ﴿ كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ ﴿ مَا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ ﴾

And when harm touches man, he invokes Us, lying down on his side, or sitting or standing. But when We have removed his harm from him, he passes on his way as if he had never invoked Us for a harm that touched him! Thus it seems fair to the $Musrif\hat{u}n^{\prod}$ that which they used to do.

13.

وَلَقَدُ أَهُلَكُنَا ٱلْقُرُونَ مِن قَبُلِكُمُ لَمَّا ظَلَمُوا ۗ وَجَآءَتُهُمُ رُسُلُهُم بِٱلۡبَيِّنَـٰتِ وَمَا كَانُواْ لِيُؤْمِنُواۚ كَذَٰلِكَ نَجُرى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلۡمُجُرمِينَ ۚ

And indeed, We destroyed generations before you, when they did wrong while their Messengers came to them with clear proofs, but they were not such as to believe! Thus do We requite the people who are *Mujrimûn* (disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, criminals, etc.).

14.

Then We made you follow after them, generations after generations in the land, that We might see how you would work!

15.

وَإِذَا تُتُلَىٰ عَلَيْهِمُ ءَايَاتُنَا بَيِّنَدِ قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَرُجُونَ لِقَآءَنَا ٱثُتِ بِقُرُءَانٍ غَيْرِ هَدِذَآ أَوُ بَدِّلُهُ قُلُ مَا يَكُونُ لِتَ أَنُ أُبَدِّلَهُ مِن تِلُقَآيِ نَفُسِيَ ۗ غَيْرِ هَدِذَآ أَوُ بَدِّلُهُ قُلُ مَا يَكُونُ لِتَ أَنُ أُبَدِّلَهُ مِن تِلُقَآيِ نَفُسِيَ ۗ إِنْ أَتَبِعُ إِلَّا مَا يُوحَى إِلَى إِلَى آَنِ اللَّا إِنْ عَصَيْتُ رَبِّى عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ إِنْ أَتَّبِعُ إِلَّا مَا يُوحَى إِلَى آَلِي آَنِي آخَانُ إِنْ عَصَيْتُ رَبِّى عَذَابَ يَوْمٍ عَظِيمٍ

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And when Our Clear Verses are recited unto them, those who hope not for their meeting with Us, say: Bring us a Qur'ân other than this, or change it. "Say (O Muhammad SAW): "It is not for me to change it on my own accord; I only follow that which is revealed unto me. Verily, I fear if I were to disobey my Lord, the torment of the Great Day (i.e. the Day of Resurrection)."

قُل لَّوُ شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ مَا تَلَوُتُهُ عَلَيْكُمُ وَلاَّ أَدُرَىٰكُم بِهِۦۗ فَقَدُ لَبِثَتُ فِيكُمُ عُمُرًا مِّن قَبْلِهِۦٓ أَفَلَا تَعُقِلُونَ ۚ

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "If Allâh had so willed, I should not have recited it to you nor would He have made it known to you. Verily, I have stayed amongst you a life time before this. Have you then no sense?"

17.

فَمَنُ أَظُلَمُ مِمَّنِ ٱفُتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ كَذِبًا أَوْ كَذَّبَ بِئَايَنتِهِ ۚ إِنَّهُ ۗ لَا يُفُلِحُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِي

So who does more wrong than he who forges a lie against Allâh or denies His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.)? Surely, the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, sinners, disbelievers and polytheists) will never be successful!

18.

وَيَعُبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مَا لَا يَضُرُّهُمُ وَلَا يَنفَعُهُمُ وَيَقُولُونَ هَنَوُلَآءِ شُفَعَنَوُنا عِندَ ٱللَّهِ قُللُ أَتُنبِّئُونَ ٱللَّهَ بِمَا لَا يَعُلَمُ فِي ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَلَا فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ شُبِحَننَهُ وَتَعَلل عَمَّا يُشُرِكُونَ هَ

And they worship besides Allâh things that hurt them not, nor profit them, and they say: "These are our intercessors with Allâh." Say: "Do you inform Allâh of that which He knows not in the heavens and on the earth?" Glorified and Exalted be He above all that which they associate as partners with Him!

19.

وَمَا كَانَ ٱلنَّاسُ إِلَّا ٓ أُمَّةً وَ حِدةً فَا خُتَلَفُوا ۚ وَلَـولَا كَلِمَةٌ سَبَقَتُ مِن رَّبِكَ لَقُضِى بَيْنَهُمُ فِيمَا فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ
هِن رَّبِكَ لَقُضِى بَيْنَهُمُ فِيمَا فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ
هِ

Mankind were but one community (i.e. on one religion - Islâmic Monotheism), then they differed (later), and had not it been for a Word that went forth before from your Lord, it would have been settled between them regarding what they differed [].

20.

وَيَقُولُونَ لَـوُلا آأُنرِلَ عَلَيْهِ ءَايَـةٌ مِّن رَّبِّهِ ۗ فَقُلُ إِنَّمَا ٱلْغَيْبُ لِلَّهِ فَٱنتَظِرُوٓا إِنِّى مَعَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْمُنتَظِرِينَ ۞

And they say: "How is it that not a sign is sent down on him from his Lord?" Say: "The unseen belongs to Allâh Alone, so wait you, verily I am with you among those who wait (for Allâh's Judgement)."

وَإِذَآ أَذَقُنَا ٱلنَّاسَ رَحُمَةً مِّنَ بَعُدِ ضَرَّآءَ مَسَّتُهُمُ إِذَا لَهُم مَّكُرُ وَإِذَا أَذَقُنَا ٱلنَّامَ مَّكُرُونَ فِي عَلَيْ اللَّهُ أَسُرَعُ مَكُرًا ۚ إِنَّ رُسُلَنَا يَكُتُبُونَ مَا تَمُكُرُونَ



And when We let mankind taste of mercy after some adversity has afflicted them, behold! They take to plotting against Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.)! Say: "Allâh is more Swift in planning!" Certainly, Our Messengers (angels) record all of that which you plot. []

22.

هُ وَ ٱلنَّهُ وَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَ جَرَيْنَ بِهِم بِرِيحٍ طَيِّبَةٍ وَفَرِحُواْ بِهَا جَآءَتُهَا كُنتُمُ فِى ٱلْفُلُكِ وَجَرَيْنَ بِهِم بِرِيحٍ طَيِّبَةٍ وَفَرِحُواْ بِهَا جَآءَتُهَا رُيخً عَاصِفٌ وَجَآءَهُمُ ٱلْمَوْ جُمِن كُلِّ مَكَانٍ وَظَنُّوٓاْ أَنَّهُمُ أُحِيطَ بِهِمُ رِيخً عَاصِفٌ وَجَآءَهُمُ ٱلْمَوْ جُمِن كُلِّ مَكَانٍ وَظَنُّوٓاْ أَنَّهُمُ أُحِيطَ بِهِمُ وَعَوْا ٱللَّهَ مُخُلِصِينَ لَهُ ٱلدِّينَ لَبِنُ أَنجَيْتَنَا مِنْ هَدِهِ مَ لَنكُونَنَّ مِن ٱلشَّدِينَ لَيِنْ أَنجَيْتَنَا مِنْ هَدِهِ مَ لَنكُونَنَّ مِن ٱلشَّدِينَ اللَّهُ مَحْلِينَ اللَّهُ الدِّينَ لَيِن أَنجَيْتَنَا مِنْ هَدِهِ مَ لَنكُونَنَ مِن ٱلشَّدِينَ اللَّهُ مَحْلِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَحْلِينَ اللَّهُ الْعَالَةُ اللَّهُ اللَّه

He it is Who enables you to travel through land and sea, till when you are in the ships and they sail with them with a favourable wind, and they are glad therein, then comes a stormy wind and the waves come to them from all sides, and they think that they are encircled therein, they invoke Allâh, making their Faith pure for Him Alone, saying: "If You (Allâh) deliver us from this, we shall truly be of the grateful."

23.

فَلَمَّآ أَنجَىهُمُ إِذَا هُمُ يَبُغُونَ فِي ٱلأَرُضِ بِغَيْرِ ٱلْحَقِّ يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ إِنَّمَا بَغَيُكُم بَغَيُكُمْ عَلَىٰٓ أَنفُسِكُمُ مَّتَنعَ ٱلْحَيَوْةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا ۖ ثُمَّ إِلَيْنَا مَرُجِعُكُمُ فَنُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَعُمَلُونَ ۚ

But when He delivered them, behold! They rebel (disobey Allâh) in the earth wrongfully. O mankind! Your rebellion (disobedience to Allâh) is only against your ownselves, - a brief enjoyment of this worldly life, then (in the end) unto Us is your return, and We shall inform you that which you used to do.

24.

إِنَّمَا مَثَلُ ٱلْحَيَوٰةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا كَمَآءٍ أَنزَلُنَهُ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ فَٱخْتَلَطَ بِهِ مَنَاتُ اللَّمَ مَ اللَّرُضِ مِمَّا يَا أُكُلُ ٱلنَّاسُ وَٱلْأَنْعَهِمُ حَتَّىٰ إِذَاۤ أَخَذَتِ ٱلْأَرْضُ رُخُرُفَهَا وَٱلْأَرْضِ مِمَّا يَا كُلُ ٱلنَّاسُ وَٱلْأَنْعَهِمُ حَتَّىٰ إِذَاۤ أَخَذَتِ ٱلْأَرْضُ رُخُرُفَهَا وَٱرَّيَّنَتُ وَظَنَّ أَهُلُهَاۤ أَنَّهُمُ قَدِرُونَ عَلَيْهَاۤ أَتَنهاۤ أَمُرُنَا لَيُلًا أَوْ نَهَارًا وَارَّيَّنَتُ وَظَنَّ أَهُلُهاۤ أَنَّهُم قَدِرُونَ عَلَيْهاۤ أَتَنهاۤ أَمُرُنَا لَيُلًا أَوْ نَهارًا فَوَجَعَلُنَها حَصِيدًا كَأَن لَم تَغُن بِٱلْأَمُسِ كَذَلِكَ نُفَصِّلُ ٱلْأَيَدِتِ لَقَوْمُ يَتَفَكُّرُونَ اللَّهُ مُا لَاللَّهُ مَا تَعُن بِٱلْأَمُسِ كَذَلِكَ نُفَصِّلُ ٱلْأَيَدِتِ لِقَامَ اللَّهُ مَا يَعْلَى اللَّهُ مُنْ بِٱلْأَمُسِ كَذَلِكَ نُفَصِّلُ ٱلْآيَدِتِ لِقَوْم يَتَفَكَّرُونَ اللَّهُ مَا يَعْلُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا يَعْلَى اللَّهُ مَا عَنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللّهُ مَا يَعْلَى اللَّهُ مَا يَعْلَى اللَّهُ مَا يَعْلَى اللّهُ مَا يَعْلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ مَا يُعْلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ مَا يَعْلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ مَا يُعْلَى اللّهُ عَلَيْهَا اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ اللللّهُ اللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللللّهُ الللللللّهُ اللللللّهُ اللللّ

Verily the likeness of (this) worldly life is as the water (rain) which We send down from the sky, so by it arises the intermingled produce of the earth of which men and cattle eat until when the earth is clad with its adornments and is beautified, and its people think that they have all the powers of disposal over it, Our Command reaches it by night or by day and We make it like a clean-mown harvest, as if it had not flourished yesterday! Thus do We explain the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, laws, etc.) in detail for the people who reflect.

25.

وَٱللَّـهُ يَدُعُـوٓاْ إِلَـىٰ دَارِ ٱلسَّلَمِ وَيَهُدِى مَن يَشَاءُ إِلَىٰ صِرَاطِ مُّسُتَقِيمٍ ﴿

Allâh calls to the home of peace (i.e. Paradise, by accepting Allâh's religion of Islâmic Monotheism and by doing righteous good deeds and abstaining from polytheism and evil deeds) and guides whom He wills to a Straight Path.

26.

إِلَّا فِينَ أَحُسَنُواْ ٱلْحُسُنَىٰ وَزِيَادَةً وَلَا يَرُهَقُ وُجُوهَهُمُ قَتَرُ وَلَا يَرُهَقُ وُجُوهَهُمُ قَتَرُ وَلَا فِينَا أَحُسَنُواْ ٱلْحُسَنَىٰ وَزِيَادَةً وَلَا يَرُهَقُ وُجُوهَهُمُ قَتَرُ وَلَا ذِلَّةً أُوْلَتَ إِلَى اللَّهُ مَا فِيهَا خَدِلُدُونَ

For those who have done good is the best (reward, i.e. Paradise) and even more (i.e. having the honour of glancing at the Countenance of Allâh swt) Neither darkness nor dust nor any humiliating disgrace shall cover their faces. They are the dwellers of Paradise, they will abide therein forever.

27.

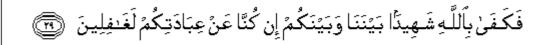
وَٱلَّذِينَ كَسَبُواْ ٱلسَّيِّاتِ جَزَآءُ سَيِّئَةٍ بِمِثْلِهَا وَتَرُهَقُهُمُ ذِلَّةٌ مَّا لَهُم مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ مِنْ عَاصِمٍ كَأَنَّمَآ أُغُشِيَتُ وُجُوهُهُمُ قِطَعًا مِّنَ ٱلَّيُلِ مُظُلِمًاۚ أُوْلَتَ لِكَ أَصْحَبُ ٱلنَّارِ هُمُ فِيهَا خَلِدُونَ ۚ

And those who have earned evil deeds, the recompense of an evil deed is the like thereof, and humiliating disgrace will cover them (their faces). No defender will they have from Allâh. Their faces will be covered, as it were, with pieces from the darkness of night. They are dwellers of the Fire, they will abide therein forever.

28.

وَيَــوُمَ نَحُشُــرُهُمُ جَمِيعًا ثُــمَّ نَقُــولُ لِلَّــذِينَ أَشُــرَ كُواْ مَكَانَكُمُ أَنتُــمُ وَقَــالَ شُــرَكَآؤُهُم مَّــا أَنتُــمُ وَقَــالَ شُــرَكَآؤُهُم مَّــا كُـنتُمُ إِيَّانَا تَعَبُدُونَ ۚ

And the Day whereon We shall gather them all together, then We shall say to those who did set partners in worship with Us: "Stop at your place! You and your partners (whom you had worshipped in the worldly life)." then We shall separate them, and their (Allâh's so-called) partners shall say: "It was not us that you used to worship."



"So sufficient is Allâh for a witness between us and you, that We indeed knew nothing of your worship of us."

30.

هُنَالِكَ تَبُلُواْ كُلُّ نَفُسٍ مَّآ أَسُلَفَتُ وَرُدُّوۤاْ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ مَوُلَنهُمُ ٱلْحَقِّ وَضَلَّ عَنهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفُتَرُونَ ﴿

There! Every person will know (exactly) what (all) he had earned before, and they will be brought back to Allâh, their rightful Lord (*Maula*), and their invented false deities will vanish from them.

31.

قُلُ مَن يَرُزُقُكُم مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ أَمَّن يَمُلِكُ ٱلسَّمْعَ وَٱلْأَبُصَدرَ وَمَن يُخُرِجُ ٱلْمَيِّتَ مِنَ ٱلْحَيِّ وَمَن يُدَبِّرُ ٱلْأَمَّرَ ۚ يُخُرِجُ ٱلْمَيِّتَ مِنَ ٱلْحَيِّ وَمَن يُدَبِّرُ ٱلْأَمَّرَ ۚ فَصَيَقُولُونَ ٱللَّهُ فَقُلُ أَفَلَا تَتَّقُونَ ۚ ۚ

Say (O Muhammadsaw): "Who provides for you from the sky and from the earth? Or who owns hearing and sight? And who brings out the living from the dead and brings out the dead from the living? And who disposes the affairs?" They will say: "Allâh." Say: "Will you not then be afraid of Allâh's Punishment (for setting up rivals in worship with Allâh)?"

32.

فَذَالِكُمُ ٱللَّهُ رَبُّكُمُ ٱللَّحَقُّ فَمَاذَا بَعُدَ ٱللَّحَقِّ إِلَّا ٱلضَّلَالُّ فَأَنَّىٰ تُصُرَفُونَ

Such is Allâh, your Lord in truth. So after the truth, what else can there be, save error? How then are you turned away?

33.

Thus is the Word of your Lord justified against those who rebel (disobey Allâh) that they will not believe (in the Oneness of Allâh and in Muhammad SAW as the Messenger of Allâh).

34.

قُلُ هَلُ مِن شُرَ كَآبِكُم مَّن يَبُدَؤُا ٱلْخَلُقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ ۚ قُلِ ٱللَّهُ يَبُدَؤُا ٱلْخَلُقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ ۚ قُلِ ٱللَّهُ يَبُدَؤُا ٱلْخَلُقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ ۚ قُلِ ٱللَّهُ يَبُدَؤُا ٱلْخَلُقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ ۚ فَأَنَّىٰ تُؤُفَكُونَ ﴾

Say: "Is there of your (Allâh's so-called) partners one that originates the creation and then repeats it?" Say: "Allâh originates the creation and then He repeats it. Then how are you deluded away (from the truth)?"

قُلُ هَلُ مِن شُرَكَآيِكُم مَّن يَهُدِىۤ إِلَى ٱلُحَقِّ قُلِ ٱللَّهُ يَهُدِى لِلُحَقِّ أَفَلَ ٱللَّهُ يَهُدِى لِلُحَقِّ أَفَمَن يَهُدِىٓ إِلَى ٱلْحَقِّ أَن يُقَرِّى إِلَّا أَن يُهُدَى ۖ فَمَا لَكُمُ لَا يَهِدِّىۤ إِلَّا أَن يُهُدَى ۖ فَمَا لَكُمُ كَيْفَ تَحُـكُمُونَ ۗ

Say: "Is there of your (Allâh's so-called) partners one that guides to the truth?" Say: "It is Allâh Who guides to the truth. Is then He, Who gives guidance to the truth, more worthy to be followed, or he who finds not guidance (himself) unless he is guided? Then, what is the matter with you? How judge you?"

36.

وَمَا يَتَّبِعُ أَكُثَرُهُمُ إِلَّا ظَنَّاۚ إِنَّ ٱلظَّنَّ لَا يُغُنِى مِنَ ٱلْحَقِّ شَيئًاۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلِيمُ بِمَا يَفْعَلُونَ ٢

And most of them follow nothing but conjecture. Certainly, conjecture can be of no avail against the truth. Surely, Allâh is All-Aware of what they do.

37.

وَمَا كَانَ هَدِذَا ٱلْقُرُءَانُ أَن يُفُتَرَىٰ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ وَلَدَكِن تَصُدِيقَ ٱلَّذِي بَيْنَ يَدَيُهِ وَتَفُصِيلَ ٱلْكِتَدِ لِلَارَيْبَ فِيهِ مِن رَّبِّ ٱلْعَدَلَمِينَ

And this Qur'ân is not such as could ever be produced by other than Allâh (Lord of the heavens and the earth), but it is a confirmation of (the revelation) which was before it [i.e. the Taurât (Torah), and the Injeel (Gospel), etc.], and a full explanation of the Book (i.e. laws and orders, etc, decreed for mankind) - wherein there is no doubt from the the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns, and all that exists).

38.

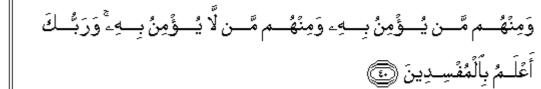
أَمْ يَقُولُونَ ٱفۡتَرَـٰهُۗ قُلُ فَأَتُواْ بِسُورَةٍ مِّثُلِهِۦ وَٱدۡعُواْ مَنِ ٱسۡتَطَعۡتُم مِّن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ إِن كُنتُمُ صَـدِقِينَ ۞

Or do they say: "He (Muhammad SAW) has forged it?" Say: "Bring then a *Sûrah* (chapter) like unto it, and call upon whomsoever you can, besides Allâh, if you are truthful!"

39.

بَلُ كَذَّبُواْ بِمَا لَمُ يُحِيطُواْ بِعِلُمِهِ - وَلَمَّا يَأْتِهِمُ تَأُوِيلُهُ ﴿ كَذَلِكَ كَذَّبَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبَلِهِ مُ ۚ فَٱنظُرُ كَيُفَ كَانَ عَنقِبَةُ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ ۚ

Nay, they deny that; the knowledge whereof they could not compass and whereof the interpretation has not yet come unto them. Thus those before them did deny. Then see what was the end of the $Z\hat{a}lim\hat{u}n$ (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.)!



And of them there are some who believe therein, and of them there are some who believe not therein, and your Lord is All-Aware of the *Mufsidûn* (evil-doers, liars, etc.).

41.

And if they belie you, say: "For me are my deeds and for you are your deeds! You are innocent of what I do, and I am innocent of what you do!"

42.



And among them are some who listen to you, but can you make the deaf to hear, even though they apprehend not?

43.

And among them are some who look at you, but can you guide the blind, even though they see not?

44.

Truly! Allâh wrongs not mankind in aught; but mankind wrong themselves.

45.

And on the Day when He shall gather (resurrect) them together, (it will be) as if they had not stayed (in the life of this world and graves, etc.) but an hour of a day. They will recognise each other. Ruined indeed will be those who denied the meeting with Allâh, and were not guided.

Whether We show you (in your lifetime, O Muhammad SAW) some of what We promise them (the torment), - or We cause you to die, - still unto Us is their return, and moreover Allâh is Witness over what they used to do.

47.

And for every Ummah (a community or a nation), there is a Messenger; when their Messenger comes, the matter will be judged between them with justice, and they will not be wronged.

48.

And they say: "When will be this promise (the torment or the Day of Resurrection), - if you speak the truth?"

49.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I have no power over any harm or profit to myself except what Allâh may will. For every Ummah (a community or a nation), there is a term appointed; when their term is reached, neither can they delay it nor can they advance it an hour (or a moment)." (Tafsir Al-Qurtubî)

50.

Say: "Tell me, - if His torment should come to you by night or by day, - which portion thereof would the Mujrimûn (disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, criminals) hasten on ?"

51.

Is it then, that when it has actually befallen, that you will believe in it? What! Now (you believe)? And you used (aforetime) to hasten it on!"

52

ثُمَّ قِيلَ لِلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ ذُوقُواْ عَذَابَ ٱلْخُلْدِ هَلُ تُجُزَوُنَ إِلَّا بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَكُسِبُونَ ٢

Then it will be said to them who wronged themselves: "Taste you the everlasting torment! Are you recompensed (aught) save what you used to earn?"

53.

* وَيَسُتَنْبِئُونَكَ أَحَقُّ هُوَّ قُلُ إِي وَرَبِّنَ إِنَّهُ ولَحَقٌّ وَمَآ أَنتُم بِمُعُجِزينَ



And they ask you (O Muhammad SAW) to inform them (saying): "Is it true (i.e. the torment and the establishment of the Hour; - the Day of Resurrection)?" Say: "Yes! By my Lord! It is the very truth! and you cannot escape from it!"

54.

وَلَوُ أَنَّ لِكُلِّ نَفُسٍ ظَلَمَتُ مَا فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ لَاَفْتَدَتُ بِهِ ۗ وَأَسَرُّ واْ ٱلنَّدَامَةَ لَمَّا رَأُواْ ٱلغَدَامَةَ لَمَّا رَأُواْ ٱلغَدَابِ فَعُمُ لَا يُظُلَمُونَ ۗ

And if every person who had wronged (by disbelieving in Allâh and by worshipping others besides Allâh), possessed all that is on earth, and sought to ransom himself therewith (it will not be accepted), and they would feel in their hearts regret when they see the torment, and they will be judged with justice, and no wrong will be done unto them.

55.

No doubt, surely, all that is in the heavens and the earth belongs to Allâh. No doubt, surely, Allâh's Promise is true. But most of them know not.

56.

It is He Who gives life, and causes death, and to Him you (all) shall return.

57.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ قَدُ جَآءَتُكُم مَّوُعِظَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمُ وَشِفَآءٌ لِّمَا فِى ٱلصُّدُورِ وَهُدًى وَرَحُمَةٌ لِّلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

O mankind! There has come to you a good advice from your Lord (i.e. the Qur'an, ordering all that is good and forbidding all that is evil), and a healing for that (disease of ignorance, doubt, hypocrisy and differences, etc.) in your breasts, - a guidance and a mercy (explaining lawful and unlawful things, etc.) for the believers.

قُلُ بِفَضُٰلِ ٱللَّهِ وَبِرَحُمَتِهِۦ فَبِذَالِكَ فَلْيَفُرَحُواْ هُوَ خَيْرٌ مِّمَّا يَجُمَعُونَ



Say: "In the Bounty of Allâh, and in His Mercy (i.e. Islâm and the Qur'ân); -therein let them rejoice." That is better than what (the wealth) they amass.

59.

Say (O Muhammad SAW to these polytheists): "Tell me, what provision Allâh has sent down to you! And you have made of it lawful and unlawful." Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Has Allâh permitted you (to do so), or do you invent a lie against Allâh?"

60.

And what think those who invent lies against Allâh, on the Day of Resurrection? [i.e. Do they think that they will be forgiven and excused! Nay, they will have an eternal punishment in the Fire of Hell]. Truly, Allâh is full of Bounty to mankind, but most of them are ungrateful.

61.

وَمَا تَكُونُ فِى شَأْنٍ وَمَا تَتَلُواْ مِنْهُ مِن قُرُءَانٍ وَلَا تَعْمَلُونَ مِنْ عَمَلٍ إِلَّا كُنَّا عَلَي كُمَ شُهُودًا إِذْ تُفِيضُونَ فِيهِ وَمَا يَعْزُبُ عَن رَّبِّكَ مِن مِّثْقَالِ ذَرَّةٍ فِى عَلَيْكُمُ شُهُودًا إِذْ تُفِيضُونَ فِيهِ وَمَا يَعْزُبُ عَن رَّبِّكَ مِن مِّثْقَالِ ذَرَّةٍ فِى الشَّمَآءِ وَلَا أَصُغَرَ مِن ذَلِكَ وَلَا أَكْبَرَ إِلَّا فِي كِتَنبٍ مُّبِينِ



Whatever you (O Muhammad SAW) may be doing, and whatever portion you may be reciting from the Qur'ân, - and whatever deed you (mankind) may be doing (good or evil), We are Witness thereof, when you are doing it. And nothing is hidden from your Lord (so much as) the weight of an atom (or small ant) on the earth or in the heaven. Not what is less than that or what is greater than that but is (written) in a Clear Record. (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*. Vol.11, Page 129).

62.

No doubt! Verily, the *Auliyâ'* of Allâh [i.e. those who believe in the Oneness of Allâh and fear Allâh much (abstain from all kinds of sins and evil deeds which he has forbidden), and love Allâh much (perform all kinds of good deeds which He has ordained)], no fear shall come upon them nor shall they grieve [I].

Those who believed (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism), and used to fear Allâh much (by abstaining from evil deeds and sins and by doing righteous deeds).

64.

For them are glad tidings, in the life of the present world \Box (i.e. righteous dream seen by the person himself or shown to others), and in the Hereafter. No change can there be in the Words of Allâh, this is indeed the supreme success.

65.

And let not their speech grieve you (O Muhammad SAW), for all power and honour belong to Allâh. He is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower.

66.

No doubt! Verily, to Allâh belongs whosoever is in the heavens and whosoever is in the earth. And those who worship and invoke others besides Allâh, in fact they follow not the (Allâh's so-called) partners, they follow only a conjecture and they only invent lies.

67.

He it is Who has appointed for you the night that you may rest therein, and the day to make things visible (to you). Verily, in this are *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) for a people who listen (i.e. those who think deeply).

68.

قَالُواْ ٱتَّخَذَ ٱللَّهُ وَلَدَّا مُّبُحَنَهُ ﴿ هُوَ ٱلْغَنِيُّ لَهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَمَا فِي اللَّهَ مَا لَكَ وَلَا أَنَّ لَهُ مَا فِي ٱللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعُلَمُونَ ٱلْأَرْضِ إِنْ عِندَكُم مِّن سُلُطَنِ بِهَدذَا ۚ أَتَقُولُونَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعُلَمُونَ اللَّهِ مَا لَا تَعُلَمُونَ



They (Jews, Christians and pagans) say: "Allâh has begotten a son (children)." Glory be to Him! He is Rich (Free of all wants). His is all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. No warrant you have for this. Do you say against Allâh what you know not. []

Say: "Verily, those who invent lie against Allâh will never be successful" -

70.

مَتَكُعُ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا ثُمَّ إِلَيْنَا مَرُجِعُهُمُ ثُمَّ نُذِيقُهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابَ ٱلشَّدِيدَ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكُفُرُونَ ۞

A brief enjoyment in this world! - and then unto Us will be their return, then We shall make them taste the severest torment because they used to disbelieve [in Allâh, belie His Messengers, deny and challenge His *Ayât* (proofs, signs, verses, etc.)].

71.

﴿ وَٱتُلُ عَلَيْهِمُ نَبَأَ نُوحٍ إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ - يَنقَوُمِ إِن كَانَ كَبُرَ عَلَيْكُم مَّقَامِی وَتَذُكِيرِی بِئَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ فَعَلَی ٱللَّهِ تَـوَكَّلُتُ فَاَجُمِعُوٓاْ أَمُرَكُمُ وَشُرَكَآءَكُمُ ثُمَّ لَا يَكُنُ أَمُرُكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ غُمَّةً ثُمَّ ٱقُضُوٓاْ إِلَىَّ وَلَا تُنظِرُون ۞

And recite to them the news of Nûh (Noah). When he said to his people: "O my people, if my stay (with you), and my reminding (you) of the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh is hard on you, then I put my trust in Allâh. So devise your plot, you and your partners, and let not your plot be in doubt for you. Then pass your sentence on me and give me no respite.

72.

فَاإِن تَولَّيُتُمُ فَمَا سَأَلُتُكُم مِّنُ أَجُرٍ إِنَّ أَجُرِ إِنَّ أَجُرِى إِلَّا عَلَى اللَّهِ وَلَى اللَّ اللَّهِ وَأُمِرُتُ أَنُ أَكُونَ مِنَ اللَّمُسُلِمِينَ ۞

"But if you turn away [from accepting my doctrine of Islâmic Monotheism, i.e. to worship none but Allâh], then no reward have I asked of you, my reward is only from Allâh, and I have been commanded to be one of the Muslims (those who submit to Allâh's Will)."

73.

فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَنَجَّيُنَهُ وَمَن مَّعَهُ وفِي ٱلْفُلُكِ وَجَعَلْنَهُمُ خَلَيْفِ وَأَغُرَقُنَا ٱلْفُلُكِ وَجَعَلْنَهُمُ خَلَيْفِ وَأَغُرَقُنَا ٱللَّذِينَ كَذَّبُ وا بِاَيَعِتِنَا فَٱنظُر كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقِبَةُ ٱلْمُنذَرِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّه

They denied him, but We delivered him, and those with him in the ship, and We made them generations replacing one after another, while We drowned those who belied Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.). Then see what was the end of those who were warned.

ثُمَّ بَعَثُنَا مِنْ بَعُدِهِ وَسُلًا إِلَىٰ قَوْمِهِمُ فَجَآءُوهُم بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ فَمَا كَانُواْ لِيُؤْمِنُواْ بِمَا كَذَّبُواْ بِهِ مِن قَبُلُّ كَذَّالِكَ نَطُبَعُ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِ ٱلْمُعْتَدِينَ ﴿

Then after him We sent Messengers to their people, they brought them clear proofs, but they would not believe what they had already rejected beforehand. Thus We seal the hearts of the transgressors (those who disbelieve in the Oneness of Allâh and disobey Him).

75.

Then after them We sent Mûsa (Moses) and Hârûn (Aaron) to Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his chiefs with Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.). But they behaved arrogantly and were *Mujrimûn* (disbelievers, sinners, polytheists, criminals, etc.) folk.

76.

So when came to them the truth from Us, they said: "This is indeed clear magic."

77.

Mûsa (Moses) said: "Say you (this) about the truth when it has come to you? Is this magic? But the magicians will never be successful."

78.

They said: "Have you come to us to turn us away from that (Faith) we found our fathers following, - and that you two may have greatness in the land? We are not going to believe you two!"

79.

And Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "Bring to me every well-versed sorcerer."

80.

And when the sorcerers came, Mûsa (Moses) said to them: "Cast down what you want to cast!"

فَلَمَّآ أَلُقَواْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ مَا جِئتُم بِهِ ٱلسِّحُرُّ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ سَيُبُطِلُهُ ۗ إِنَّ إِنَّ اللَّهَ المَيْطِلُهُ ۗ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُصَلِحُ عَمَالَ ٱلمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿

Then when they had cast down, Mûsa (Moses) said: "What you have brought is sorcery, Allâh will surely make it of no effect. Verily, Allâh does not set right the work of *Al-Mufsidûn* (the evil-doers, corrupts, etc.).

82.

"And Allâh will establish and make apparent the truth by His Words, however much the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, etc.) may hate it."

83.

But none believed in Mûsa (Moses) except the offspring of his people, because of the fear of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his chiefs, lest they should persecute them; and verily, Fir'aun (Pharaoh) was arrogant tyrant on the earth, he was indeed one of the *Musrifûn* (polytheists, sinners and transgressors, those who give up the truth and follow the evil, and commit all kinds of great sins).

84.

And Mûsa (Moses) said: "O my people! If you have believed in Allâh, then put your trust in Him if you are Muslims (those who submit to Allâh's Will)."

85.

They said: "In Allâh we put our trust. Our Lord! Make us not a trial for the folk who are Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrong-doing) (i.e. do not make them overpower us).

86.

"And save us by Your Mercy from the disbelieving folk."

87.

And We inspired Mûsa (Moses) and his brother (saying): "Take dwellings for your people in Egypt, and make your dwellings as places for your worship, and perform As-Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât), and give glad tidings to the believers."

وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ رَبَّنَاۤ إِنَّكَ ءَاتَيُتَ فِرُعَونَ وَمَلَأَهُ وِينَةً وَأَمُوالًا فِي ٱلْحَيَوٰةِ وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ ءَاتَيُتَ فِرُعَونَ وَمَلَأَهُ وِينَةً وَأَمُوالًا فِي ٱلْحَيَوٰةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا رَبَّنَا لِيُضِلُّواْ عَن سَبِيلِكَ رَبَّنَا ٱطُمِسُ عَلَىٰۤ أَمُوالِهِمُ وَٱشُدُدُ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمُ فَلَا يُؤْمِنُواْ حَتَّىٰ يَرَوُا ٱلْعَذَابَ ٱلْأَلِيمَ

And Mûsa (Moses) said: "Our Lord! You have indeed bestowed on Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his chiefs splendour and wealth in the life of this world, our Lord! That they may lead men astray from Your Path. Our Lord! Destroy their wealth, and harden their hearts, so that they will not believe until they see the painful torment."

89.

قَالَ قَدُ أُجِيبَت دَّعُوتُكُمًا فَأَسُتَقِيمَا وَلَا تَتَّبِعَآنٌ سَبِيلَ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ



Allâh said: "Verily, the invocation of you both is accepted. So you both keep to the Straight Way (i.e. keep on doing good deeds and preaching Allâh's Message with patience), and follow not the path of those who know not (the truth i.e. to believe in the Oneness of Allâh, and also to believe in the Reward of Allâh: Paradise, etc.)."

90.

وَجَنوَزُنَا بِبَنِي إِسُرَ آءِيلَ ٱلْبَحُرَ فَأَتْبَعَهُمُ فِرُعَونُ وَجُنُودُهُ وبَغُيًا
 وَعَدُوَّا حَتَّىٰ إِذَآ أَدُرَكَهُ ٱلُغَرَقُ قَالَ ءَامَنتُ أَنَّهُ و لَا ٓ إِلَنهَ إِلَّا ٱلَّذِي ءَامَنتُ
 بِهِ عَنُواْ إِسُرَ آءِيلَ وَأَنَاْ مِنَ ٱلْمُسُلِمِينَ

And We took the Children of Israel across the sea, and Fir'aun (Pharaoh) with his hosts followed them in oppression and enmity, till when drowning overtook him, he said: "I believe that *Lâ ilâha illa (Huwa)*: (none has the right to be worshipped but) He," in Whom the Children of Israel believe, and I am one of the Muslims (those who submit to Allâh's Will)."

91.

Now (you believe) while you refused to believe before and you were one of the *Mufsidûn* (evil-doers corrupts, etc.).

92.

فَالْيَوُمَ نُنَجِّيكَ بِبَدَنِكَ لِتَكُونَ لِمَنْ خَلْفَكَ ءَايَةً وَإِنَّ كَثِيرًا مِّنَ ٱلنَّاسِ عَنْ ءَايَنتِنَا لَغَنفِلُونَ ٢

So this day We shall deliver your (dead) body (out from the sea) that you may be a sign to those who come after you! And verily, many among mankind are heedless of Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.).

وَلَقَدُ بَوَّأُنَا بَنِىٓ إِسُرَ آءِيلَ مُبَوَّاً صِدُقٍ وَرَزَقُنَىهُم مِّنَ ٱلطَّيِّبَدِتِ فَمَا ٱخُتَلَفُواْ حَتَّىٰ جَآءَهُمُ ٱلُعِلُمُۚ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ يَقُضِى بَيْنَهُمُ يَوُمَ ٱلُقِيَىمَةِ فِيمَا كَانُواْ فِيهِ يَخُتَلِفُونَ ۗ

And indeed We settled the Children of Israel in an honourable dwelling place (Shâm and Misr), and provided them with good things, and they differed not until the knowledge came to them. Verily, Allâh will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection in that in which they used to differ.

94.

فَانِ كُنتَ فِى شَاكِّ مِّمَّا أَنزَ لُنَا إِلَيُكَ فَسُالِ مَّمَّا أَنزَ لُنَا إِلَيُكَ فَسُالِ فَالَا الَّذِينَ يَقُرَءُونَ ٱلْكِتَابَ مِن قَبُلِكَ لَقَدُ جَاءَكَ ٱلْحَقُّ مِن رَّبِّكَ فَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلْمُمُتَرِينَ ٢

So if you (O Muhammad SAW) are in doubt concerning that which We have revealed unto you, [i.e. that your name is written in the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] then ask those who are reading the Book [the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] before you. Verily, the truth has come to you from your Lord. So be not of those who doubt (it).

95.

And be not one of those who belie the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, for then you shall be one of the losers.

96.

Truly! Those, against whom the Word (Wrath) of your Lord has been justified, will not believe.

97.

Even if every sign should come to them, - until they see the painful torment.

98.

Was there any town (community) that believed (after seeing the punishment), and its Faith (at that moment) saved it (from the punishment)? (The answer is none,) - except the people of Yûnus (Jonah); when they believed, We removed from them the torment of disgrace in the life of the (present) world, and permitted them to enjoy for a while.

وَلَوُ شَآءَ رَبُّكَ لَأَمَنَ مَن فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ كُلُّهُمُ جَمِيعًاۚ أَفَأَنتَ تُكُرِهُ ٱلنَّاسَ حَتَّىٰ يَكُونُواْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ٢

And had your Lord willed, those on earth would have believed, all of them together. So, will you (O Muhammad SAW) then compel mankind, until they become believers.

100

It is not for any person to believe, except by the Leave of Allâh, and He will put the wrath on those who are heedless.

101.

Say: "Behold all that is in the heavens and the earth," but neither *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) nor warners benefit those who believe not.

102

Then do they wait for (anything) save for (destruction) like the days of the men who passed away before them? Say: "Wait then, I am (too) with you among those who wait."

103

Then (in the end) We save Our Messengers and those who believe! Thus it is incumbent upon Us to save the believers

104.

قُلُ يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ إِن كُنتُمُ فِي شَكِّ مِّن دِينِي فَلاَّ أَعُبُدُ ٱلَّذِينَ تَعُبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ اللَّهَ اللَّهُ أَمُونَ مِنَ اللَّهَ اللَّهُ وَالْمِرْتُ أَنُ أَكُونَ مِنَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْوَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُواللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْ

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "O you mankind! If you are in doubt as to my religion (Islâm), then (know that) I will never worship those whom you worship, besides Allâh. But I worship Allâh Who causes you to die, I am commanded to be one of the believers.

وَ أَنَّ أَقِمُ وَجُهَكَ لِلدِّينِ حَنِيفًا وَلَا تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ٢

"And (it is inspired to me): Direct your face (O Muhammad SAW) entirely towards the religion *Hanifa* (Islâmic Monotheism, i.e. to worship none but Allâh Alone), and never be one of the *Mushrikûn* (those who ascribe partners to Allâh, polytheists, idolaters, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh, and those who worship others along with Allâh).

106.

وَلَا تَدُعُ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مَا لَا يَنفَعُكَ وَلَا يَضُرُّكَ فَإِن فَعَلْتَ فَإِنَّكَ إِذَا مِّنَ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ

"And invoke not besides Allâh, any that will neither profit you, nor hurt you, but if (in case) you did so, you shall certainly be one of the $Z\hat{a}lim\hat{u}n$ (polytheists and wrong-doers). Π "

107.

وَإِن يَمُسَسُكَ ٱللَّهُ بِضُرِّ فَلَا كَاشِفَ لَهُ ۚ إِلَّا هُوَّ وَإِن يُرِدُكَ بِخَيْرٍ فَلَا رَآدَّ لِفَعْر لِفَضْلِهِۦۚ يُصِيبُ بِهِۦ مَن يَشَآءُ مِنُ عِبَادِهِۦۚ وَهُوَ ٱلْغَفُورُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ۞

And if Allâh touches you with hurt, there is none who can remove it but He; and if He intends any good for you, there is none who can repel His Favour which He causes it to reach whomsoever of His slaves He will. And He is the Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

108

قُلُ يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ قَدُ جَآءَكُمُ ٱلْحَقُّ مِن رَّبِّكُمُّ فَمَنِ ٱهُتَدَىٰ فَإِنَّمَا يَهُتَدِى لِنَفُسِهِ - وَمَن ضَلَّ فَإِنَّمَا يَضِلُّ عَلَيْهَ أَوَمَاۤ أَنَاْ عَلَيْكُم بِوَكِيلٍ ٢

. Say: "O you mankind! Now truth (i.e. the Qur'ân and Prophet Muhammad SAW), has come to you from your Lord. So whosoever receives guidance, he does so for the good of his own self, and whosoever goes astray, he does so to his own loss, and I am not (set) over you as a *Wakîl* (disposer of affairs to oblige you for guidance)."

109.

وَٱتَّبِعُ مَا يُوحَنَّ إِلَيْكَ وَٱصبِرُ حَتَّىٰ يَحُكُمَ ٱللَّهُ وَهُوَ خَيْرُ ٱلْحَدكِمِينَ

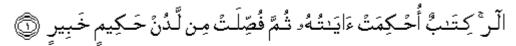


And (O Muhammad SAW), follow the inspiration sent unto you, and be patient till Allâh gives judgement. And He is the Best of judges.

11. Hûd Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.



Alif-Lâm-Râ. [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings].

(This is) a Book, the Verses whereof are perfected (in every sphere of knowledge, etc.), and then explained in detail from One (Allâh), Who is All-Wise and Well-Acquainted (with all things).

2.

(Saying) worship none but Allâh. Verily, I (Muhammad SAW) am unto you from Him a warner and a bringer of glad tidings.

3.

وَأَنِ ٱسۡتَغُفِرُواْ رَبَّكُمُ ثُمَّ تُوبُوٓاْ إِلَيْهِ يُمَتِّعُكُم مَّتَنعًا حَسَنًا إِلَىٰۤ أَجَلٍ مَّسَمَّى وَيُؤُتِ كُلَّ ذِى فَصْلٍ فَصُلَهُ ﴿ وَإِن تَوَلَّوُاْ فَإِنِّىۤ أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَذَابَ مَّسَمَّى وَيُؤُتِ كُلَّ ذِى فَصْلٍ فَصُلَهُ ﴿ وَإِن تَوَلَّوُاْ فَإِنِّىۤ أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَذَابَ مَعُومٍ كَبِيرٍ ﴾ يَومُ كَبِيرٍ ۞

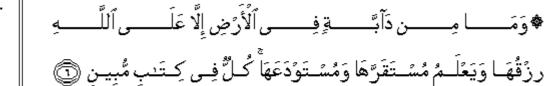
And (commanding you): "Seek the forgiveness of your Lord, and turn to Him in repentance, that He may grant you good enjoyment, for a term appointed, and bestow His abounding Grace to every owner of grace (i.e. the one who helps and serves needy and deserving, physically and with his wealth, and even with good words). But if you turn away, then I fear for you the torment of a Great Day (i.e. the Day of Resurrection).

4.

To Allâh is your return, and He is Able to do all things."

5.

No doubt! They did fold up their breasts, that they may hide from Him. Surely, even when they cover themselves with their garments, He knows what they conceal and what they reveal. Verily, He is the All-Knower of the (innermost secrets) of the breasts.



And no (moving) living creature is there on earth but its provision is due from Allâh. And He knows its dwelling place and its deposit (in the uterous, grave, etc.). all is in a Clear Book (*Al-Lauh Al-Mahfûz* - the Book of Decrees with Allâh).

7.

وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ فِي سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ وَكَانَ عَرُشُهُ عَلَى ٱلُمَآءِ لِيَبُلُوَكُمُ أَيُّكُمُ أَحُسَنُ عَمَلًا وَلَيِن قُلْتَ إِنَّكُم مَّبُعُوثُونَ مِنْ بَعُدِ ٱلْمَوْتِ لَيَقُولَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوۤاْ إِنْ هَدِذَآ إِلَّا سِحُرُ مُّبِينٌ ۞

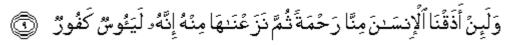
And He it is Who has created the heavens and the earth in six Days and His Throne was on the water, that He might try you, which of you is the best in deeds. But if you were to say to them: "You shall indeed be raised up after death," those who disbelieve would be sure to say, "This is nothing but obvious magic. Π "

8.

وَلَبِنُ أَخَّرُنَا عَنُهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابَ إِلَىٰۤ أُمَّةِ مَّعُدُودَةٍ لِّيَقُولُنَّ مَا يَحُبِسُهُ ۗ أَلَا يَـوُمَ يَــأُتِيهِمُ لَيْسَ مَصُرُوفًا عَنُهُمُ وَحَـاقَ بِهِـم مَّا كَانُواْ بِـهِـ يَسْتَهُزِءُونَ ۞

And if We delay the torment for them till a determined term, they are sure to say, "What keeps it back?" Verily, on the day it reaches them, nothing will turn it away from them, and they will be surrounded by (fall in) that at which they used to mock!

9.



And if We give man a taste of Mercy from Us, and then withdraw it from him, verily! He is despairing, ungrateful.

10.

وَلَبِنَ أَذَقُنَـُهُ نَعُمَآءَ بَعُدَ ضَرَّآءَ مَسَّتُهُ لَيَقُولَنَّ ذَهَبَ ٱلسَّيِّاتُ عَنِّىٓ إِنَّهُ وَلَ لَفَـر حُ فَخُـورٌ ۞

But if We let him taste good (favour) after evil (poverty and harm) has touched him, he is sure to say: "Ills have departed from me." Surely, he is exultant, and boastful (ungrateful to Allâh).

إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ صَبَرُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَدِتِ أُوْلَتَبِكَ لَهُم مَّغُفِرَةٌ وَأَجُرٌ كَبِيرٌ



Except those who show patience and do righteous good deeds, those: theirs will be forgiveness and a great reward (Paradise).

12.

فَلَعَلَّكَ تَارِكُ بَعُضَمَا يُوحَى إِلَيْكَ وَضَآبِقُ بِهِ صَدُرُكَ أَن يَقُولُواْ لَوُلَآ أُنزِلَ عَلَيْهِ كَنزُ أَوْ جَآءَ مَعَهُ مَلَكُ إِنَّمَآ أَنتَ نَذِيرٌ ۚ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَكِيلٌ ۚ

So perchance you (Muhammad SAW) may give up a part of what is revealed unto you, and that your breast feels straitened for it because they say, "Why has not a treasure been sent down unto him, or an angel has come with him?" But you are only a warner. And Allâh is a *Wakîl* (Disposer of affairs, Trustee, Guardian, etc.) over all things.

13.

أَمُ يَقُولُونَ ٱفْتَرَىٰ أُه قُلُ فَأْتُواْ بِعَشْرِ سُوَرٍ مِّثْلِهِ مَفْتَرَيَىتٍ وَٱدْعُواْ مَنِ ٱسْتَطَعْتُم مِّن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ إِن كُنتُمُ صَدِقِينَ ﴿

Or they say, "He (Prophet Muhammad SAW) forged it (the Qur'an)." Say: "Bring you then ten forged Sûrah (chapters) like unto it, and call whomsoever you can, other than Allâh (to your help), if you speak the truth!"

14.

فَ إِلَّمُ يَسُتَجِيبُواْ لَكُمُ فَاعُلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّمَاۤ أُنزِلَ بِعِلْمِ ٱللَّهِ وَأَن لَّآ إِلَـهَ إِلَّا هُوَ ۚ فَهَلَ أَنتُم مُّسُلِمُونَ ۞

If then they answer you not, know then that the Revelation (this Qur'ân) is sent down with the Knowledge of Allâh and that *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa*: (none has the right to be worshipped but He)! Will you then be Muslims (those who submit to Islâm)?

15.

مَن كَانَ يُرِيدُ ٱللَّحَيَوْةَ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَزِينَتَهَا نُوَفِّ إِلَيْهِمُ أَعُمَالَهُمُ فِيهَا وَهُمُ فِيهَا لَا يُبُخَسُونَ ۞

Whosoever desires the life of the world and its glitter; to them We shall pay in full (the wages of) their deeds therein, and they will have no diminution therein.

أُوْلَنَيِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ لَيْسَ لَهُمُ فِي ٱلْأَخِرَةِ إِلَّا ٱلنَّارُّ وَحَيِطَ مَا صَنَعُواْ فِيهَا وَبَنْطِلُ مَّا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ ۞

They are those for whom there is nothing in the Hereafter but Fire; and vain are the deeds they did therein. And of no effect is that which they used to do.

17.

أَفَمَن كَانَ عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّهِ وَيَتُلُوهُ شَاهِدٌ مِّنُهُ وَمِن قَبُلِهِ عَكَفُرُ بِهِ كَتَنبُ مُوسَىٰ إِمَامًا وَرَحُمَةً أُوْلَنَبِكَ يُؤُمِنُونَ بِهِ قَوْمَن يَكُفُرُ بِهِ عَن اللَّاحُ زَابِ فَٱلنَّارُ مَوْعِدُهُ قَلَا تَكُ فِي مِرُيَةٍ مِّنُهُ إِنَّهُ ٱلْحَقُّ مِن رَبِّكَ وَلَىٰ كَانَ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُ الللْمُ اللَّهُ الللْمُ اللِلْمُ الللِمُ الللِّهُ اللَّهُ

Can they (Muslims) who rely on a clear proof (the Qur'ân) from their Lord, and whom a witness [Prophet Muhammad SAW through Jibrael (Gabriel] from Him follows it (can they be equal with the disbelievers); and before it, came the Book of Mûsa (Moses), a guidance and a mercy, they believe therein, but those of the sects (Jews, Christians and all the other non-Muslim nations) that reject it (the Qur'ân), the Fire will be their promised meeting-place. So be not in doubt about it (i.e. those who denied Prophet Muhammad SAW and also denied all that which he brought from Allâh, surely, they will enter Hell). Verily, it is the truth from your Lord, but most of the mankind believe not I.

18.

وَمَـنُ أَظُلَـمُ مِمَّنِ ٱفَـتَرَىٰ عَلَـى ٱللَّـهِ كَذِبًا أُوْلَتَبِكَ يُعُرَضُونَ عَلَىٰ رَبِّهِمُ أَلَا لَعُنَةُ رَبِّهِمُ وَيَقُـولُ ٱلْأَشَـهَدُ هَتَـوُلَآءِ ٱلَّـذِينَ كَذَبُواْ عَلَىٰ رَبِّهِمُ أَلَا لَعُنَةُ ٱللَّهِ عَلَى ٱلظَّيلِمِيـنَ ﴿

And who does more wrong than he who invents a lie against Allâh. Such wi,I be brought before their Lord, and the witnesses will say, "These are the ones who lied against their Lord!" No doubt! the curse of Allâh is on the $Z\hat{a}lim\hat{u}n$ (polytheists, wrong-doers, oppressors, etc.)

19.

ٱلَّذِينَ يَصُدُّونَ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَيَبُغُونَهَا عِوَجًا وَهُم بِٱلْأَخِرَةِ هُمُ كَنفِرُونَ ٣

Those who hinder (others) from the Path of Allâh (Islâmic Monotheism), and seek a crookedness therein, while they are disbelievers in the Hereafter.

20.

أُوْلَتَ إِلَّ مَ يَكُونُ وا مُعُجِ زِينَ فِى الْأَرُضِ وَمَا كَانَ لَهُ مِ مِّن دُونِ اللَّهِ مِنْ أَوْلِيَا ءَ يُضَعَفُ لَهُ مُ الْعَذَابُ مَا كَانُواْ يَسَتَطِيعُونَ دُونِ اللَّهِ مِنْ أَوْلِيَا ءَ يُضَعَفُ لَهُ مُ الْعَذَابُ مَا كَانُواْ يَسَتَطِيعُونَ السَّمْعَ وَمَا كَانُواْ يُبُصِرُونَ اللَّ

By no means will they escape (from Allâh's Torment) on earth, nor have they protectors besides Allâh! Their torment will be doubled! They could not bear to hear (the preachers of the truth) and they used not to see (the truth because of their severe aversin, inspite of the fact that they had the 21. أُوْلَنَبِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ خَسِرُ وٓاْ أَنفُسَهُمُ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفُتَرُونَ ٣ They are those who have lost their ownselves, and their invented false deities will vanish from them. 22. لَا جَــــرَمَ أَنَّهُــــمُ فِــــــى ٱلْأَخِـــرَةِ هُــــمُ ٱلْأَخْسَـــرُونَ ٣ Certainly, they are those who will be the greatest losers in the Hereafter. 23. إِنَّ ٱلَّــذِينَ ءَامَنُــواْ وَعَمِلُـواْ ٱلصَّلِحَــنتِ وَأَخُــبَتُوٓاْ إِلَــن رَبِّهــمُ أُوْلَنَبِكَ أَصُحَـبُ ٱلْجَنَّةِ هُمُ فِيهَا خَـلِدُونَ ٣ Verily, those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, and humble themselves (in repentance and obedience) before their Lord, - they will be dwellers of Paradise to dwell therein forever. 24. مَثَلُ ٱلْفَرِيقَيْنِ كَٱلْأَعُمَىٰ وَٱلْأَصَمّ وَٱلْبَصِيرِ وَٱلسَّمِيعِ هَلُ يَسُتَوِيَانِ مَـــــثَلًا أَفَلَا تَذَكَّــــر ونَ 📆 The likeness of the two parties is as the blind and the deaf and the seer and the hearer. Are they equal when compared? Will you not then take heed? 25. وَلَقَدُ أَرُسَلُنَا نُوحًا إِلَىٰ قَوُمِهِ } إِنِّي لَكُمُ نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينُّ ٣ And indeed We sent Nûh (Noah) to his people (and he said): "I have come to you as a plain warner." 26. أَن لَّا تَعَبُدُوٓا إِلَّا ٱللَّهَ ٓ إِنِّىٓ أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابَ يَوُم أَلِيم ﴿ That you worship none but Allâh, surely, I fear for you the torment of a painful Day." 27. فَقَالَ ٱلْمَلَأُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِن قَوْمِهِ عَا نَرَنْكَ إِلَّا بَشَرًا مِّثْلَنَا وَمَا نَرَىٰكَ ٱتَّبَعَكَ إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ هُمُ أَرَاذِلُنَا بَادِىَ ٱلرَّأْيِ وَمَا نَرَىٰ لَكُمُ عَلَيْنَا مِن فَضُلِ بَلُ نَظُنُّكُم كَد ذِبِينَ 🐨

The chiefs of the disbelievers among his people said: "We see you but a man like ourselves, nor do we see any follow you but the meanest among us and they (too) followed you without thinking. And we do not see in you any merit above us, in fact we think you are liars."

قَالَ يَنقَوُمِ أَرَءَيُتُمُ إِن كُنتُ عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّى وَءَاتَننِى رَحُمَةً مِّنُ عِندِهِ عَندِهِ فَعُمِّيَتُ عَلَيْكُمُ أَنُلُز مُكُمُوهَا وَأَنتُمُ لَهَا كَنرهُ وَنَ ﴿

He said: "O my people! Tell me, if I have a clear proof from my Lord, and a Mercy (Prophethood, etc.) has come to me from Him, but that (Mercy) has been obscured from your sight. Shall we compel you to accept it (Islâmic Monotheism) when you have a strong hatred for it?

29.

وَيَنقَوُمِ لَا أَسُئُكُمُ عَلَيْهِ مَالًا إِنْ أَجُرِى إِلَّا عَلَى ٱللَّهِ وَيَنقَومَ أَنَا بِطَارِدِ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓ أَ إِنَّهُم مُّلَنقُواْ رَبِّهِمُ وَلَنكِنِّى أَرَنكُمُ قَومًا تَجُهَلُونَ ﴿

"And O my people! I ask of you no wealth for it, my reward is from none but Allâh. I am not going to drive away those who have believed. Surely, they are going to meet their Lord, but I see that you are a people that are ignorant.

30.

"And O my people! Who will help me against Allâh, if I drove them away? Will you not then give a thought?

31.

وَلاّ أَقُولُ لَكُمُ عِندِى خَزَآبِنُ ٱللَّهِ وَلاّ أَعُلَمُ ٱلُغَيْبَ وَلاّ أَقُولُ إِنِّى مَلَكُ وَلاّ أَقُولُ لِلَّذِينَ تَزُدَرِى أَعُيُنُكُمُ لَن يُؤْتِيَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ خَيْرًا ۗ ٱللَّهُ أَعُلَمُ بِمَا فِي آنفُسِهِمُ ۚ إِنِّي إِذَا لَّمِنَ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ ۚ

"And I do not say to you that with me are the Treasures of Allâh, "Nor that I know the *Ghaib* (unseen);"nor do I say I am an angel, and I do not say of those whom your eyes look down upon that Allâh will not bestow any good on them. Allâh knows what is in their inner-selves (as regards belief, etc.). In that case, I should, indeed be one of the *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers, oppressors, etc.)."

32.

قَالُواْ يَعنُوحُ قَدُ جَعدَلُتَنَا فَأَكُثَرُتَ جِدَالَنَا فَأُتِنَا بِمَا تَعِدُنَاۤ إِن كُنتَ مِنَ الصَّعدِقِينَ ٣٠٠ الصَّعدِقِينَ ٣٠٠

They said: "O Nûh (Noah)! You have disputed with us and much have you prolonged the dispute with us, now bring upon us what you threaten us with, if you are of the truthful."

33.

He said: "Only Allâh will bring it (the punishment) on you, if He will, and then you will escape not.

وَلَا يَنفَعُكُمُ نُصِّحِتَ إِنَّ أَرَدتُّ أَنْ أَنصَحَ لَكُمُ إِن كَانَ ٱللَّــهُ يُريــدُ أَن يُغُــوِيَكُمُ هُــوَ رَبُّكُـمُ وَإِلَيْـهِ تُرْجَـعُونَ ﴿

"And my advice will not profit you, even if I wish to give you good counsel, if Allâh's Will is to keep you astray. He is your Lord! and to Him you shall return."

35.

Or they (the pagans of Makkah) say: "He (Muhammad SAW) has fabricated it (the Qur'ân)." Say: "If I have fabricated it, upon me be my crimes, but I am innocent of (all) those crimes which you commit."

36.

And it was inspired to Nûh (Noah): "None of your people will believe except those who have believed already. So be not sad because of what they used to do.

37.

"And construct the ship under Our Eyes and with Our Inspiration, and address Me not on behalf of those who did wrong; they are surely to be drowned."

38.

And as he was constructing the ship, whenever the chiefs of his people passed by him, they made a mockery of him. He said: "If you mock at us, so do we mock at you likewise for your mocking.

39.

"And you will know who it is on whom will come a torment that will cover him with disgrace and on whom will fall a lasting torment."

حَتَّنَى إِذَا جَآءَ أَمُرُنَا وَفَارَ ٱلتَّنُّورُ قُلُنَا ٱحُمِلُ فِيهَا مِن كُلِّ زَوْجَيُنِ ٱثُنَيُنِ وَأَهُلَكَ إِلَّا مَن سَبَقَ عَلَيْهِ ٱلْقَوْلُ وَمَنْ ءَامَنَ وَمَاۤ ءَامَنَ مَعَهُ ۚ إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ ۞

(So it was) till then there came Our Command and the oven gushed forth (water like fountains from the earth). We said: "Embark therein, of each kind two (male and female), and your family, except him against whom the Word has already gone forth, and those who believe. And none believed with him, except a few."

41.



And he [Nûh (Noah) >>] said: "Embark therein, in the Name of Allâh will be its moving course and its resting anchorage. Surely, my Lord is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful." (*Tafsir At-Tabarî*, Vol. 12, Page 43)

42.

So it (the ship) sailed with them amidst the waves like mountains, and Nûh (Noah) called out to his son, who had separated himself (apart), "O my son! Embark with us and be not with the disbelievers."

43.

The son replied: "I will betake myself to a mountain, it will save me from the water." Nûh (Noah) said: "This day there is no saviour form the Decree of Allâh except him on whom He has mercy." And a wave came in between them, so he (the son) was among the drowned.

44.

And it was said: "O earth! Swallow up your water, and O sky! Withhold (your rain)." And the water was diminished (made to subside) and the Decree (of Allâh) was fulfilled (i.e. the destruction of the people of Nûh (Noah). And it (the ship) rested on Mount Judi, and it was said: "Away with the people who are *Zalimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doing)!"

وَنَادَىٰ نُوحٌ رَّبَّهُ وَفَقَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّ ٱبنِي مِنْ أَهُلِى وَإِنَّ وَعُدَكَ ٱلُحَقُّ وَأَنتَ أَحُكَمُ ٱلُحَكِمِينَ ۞

And Nûh (Noah) called upon his Lord and said, "O my Lord! Verily, my son is of my family! And certainly, Your Promise is true, and You are the Most Just of the judges."

46.

He said: "O Nûh (Noah)! Surely, he is not of your family; verily, his work is unrighteous, so ask not of Me that of which you have no knowledge! I admonish you, lest you be one of the ignorants."

47.

Nûh (Noah) said: "O my Lord! I seek refuge with You from asking You that of which I have no knowledge. And unless You forgive me and have Mercy on me, I would indeed be one of the losers."

48.

It was said: "O Nûh (Noah)! Come down (from the ship) with peace from Us and blessings on you and on the people who are with you (and on some of their off spring), but (there will be other) people to whom We shall grant their pleasures (for a time), but in the end a painful torment will reach them from Us."

49.

This is of the news of the unseen which We reveal unto you (O Muhammad SAW), neither you nor your people knew them before this. So be patient. Surely, the (good) end is for the *Muttaqûn* (pious see V.2:2)

50.

And to 'Ad (people We sent) their brother Hûd. He said, "O my people! Worship Allâh! You have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him. Certainly, you do nothing but invent (lies)!

يَنقَوُمِ لَآ أَسُئَلُكُمُ عَلَيْهِ أَجُرًا ۚ إِنْ أَجُرِىَ إِلَّا عَلَى ٱلَّذِى فَطَرَنِيٓ ۚ أَفَلَا تَعُقِلُونَ ۞

"O my people I ask of you no reward for it (the Message). My reward is only from Him, Who created me. Will you not then understand?

52.

وَيَنقَوُمِ ٱسۡتَغُفِرُواْ رَبَّكُمُ ثُمَّ تُوبُوٓاْ إِلَيْهِ يُرُسِلِ ٱلسَّمَآءَ عَلَيْكُم مِّدُرَارَا وَيَزِدُكُمُ قُوَّةً إِلَىٰ قُوَّتِكُمُ وَلَا تَتَوَلَّواْ مُجُرمِينَ

"And O my people! Ask forgiveness of your Lord and then repent to Him, He will send you (from the sky) abundant rain, and add strength to your strength, so do not turn away as *Mujrimûn* (criminals, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh)."

53.

قَالُواْ يَنهُودُ مَا جِئَتَنَا بِبَيِّنَةٍ وَمَا نَحُنُ بِتَارِكِيْ ءَالِهَتِنَا عَن قَوُلِكَ وَمَا نَحُنُ لَكَ بِمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

They said: "O Hûd! No evidence have you brought us, and we shall not leave our gods for your (mere) saying! And we are not believers in you.

54.

إِن نَّقُولُ إِلَّا ٱعُتَرَىٰكَ بَعُضُ ءَالِهَتِنَا بِسُوٓءً قَالَ إِنِّيٓ أُشُهِدُ ٱللَّهَ وَٱشُهَدُوٓاْ أَنِّى بَرِيۡءُ مِّمًا تُشُرِكُونَ

الله عَالَمُ الله عَامُ الله عَامُ الله عَالَهُ الله عَالَمُ الله عَلَيْ

"All that we say is that some of our gods (false deities) have seized you with evil (madness)." He said: "I call Allâh to witness and bear you witness that I am free from that which you ascribe as partners in worship, -

55.

With Him (Allâh). So plot against me, all of you, and give me no respite.

56.

إِنِّى تَوَكَّلُتُ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ رَبِّى وَرَبِّكُمْ مَّا مِن دَآبَّةٍ إِلَّا هُوَ ءَاخِذُ بِنَاصِيَتِهَأَ إِنَّ رَبِّى عَلَىٰ صِرَ طِ مُّسُتَقِيمٍ ۞

"I put my trust in Allâh, my Lord and your Lord! There is not a moving (living) creature but He has grasp of its forelock. Verily, my Lord is on the Straight Path (the truth).

فَإِن تَوَلَّواْ فَقَدُ أَبُلَغُتُكُم مَّآ أُرُسِلُتُ بِهِۦٓ إِلَيْكُمُّ وَيَسُتَخُلِفُ رَبِّى قَوُمًا غَيْرَ كُمُ وَلَا تَضُرُّونَهُ و شَيئاً إِنَّ رَبِّى عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ حَفِيظٌ ۞

"So if you turn away, still I have conveyed the Message with which I was sent to you. My Lord will make another people succeed you, and you will not harm Him in the least. Surely, my Lord is Guardian over all things."

58.

And when Our Commandment came, We saved Hûd and those who believed with him by a Mercy from Us, and We saved them from a severe torment.

59.

وَتِلُكَ عَادُّ جَحَدُواْ بِاَيَىتِ رَبِّهِمُ وَعَصَواْ رُسُلَهُ وَاَتَّبَعُوۤاْ أَمُرَ كُلِّ جَبَّارٍ عَنِيدٍ

Such were 'Ad (people). They rejected the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of their Lord and disobeyed His Messengers, and followed the command of every proud obstinate (oppressor of the truth, from their leaders).

60.

وَأُتُبِعُواْ فِى هَدِدِهِ ٱلدُّنْيَا لَعُنَةً وَيَوْمَ ٱلُقِيَدَمَةِ أَلاَ إِنَّ عَادًا كَفَرُواْ رَبَّهُمُّ أَلَا بُعُدًا لِّعَادِ قَوْم هُودِ ۞

And they were pursued by a curse in this world and (so they will be) on the Day of Resurrection. No doubt! Verily, 'Ad disbelieved in their Lord. So away with 'Ad, the people of Hûd.

61.

﴿ وَإِلَىٰ ثَمُوهَ أَخَاهُمُ صَلِحًا قَالَ يَنقَوُمِ اعْبُدُواْ ٱللَّهَ مَا لَكُم مِّنُ إِلَىهٍ غَيْرُهُ ﴿ هُوَ أَنشَأَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ وَٱسْتَعُمْرَ كُمُ فِيهَا فَٱسْتَغُفِرُوهُ ثُمَّ تُوبُوْاْ إِلَيْهِ ۚ إِنَّ رَبِّى قَرِيبٌ مُّجِيبٌ ۞

And to Thamûd (people, We sent) their brother Sâlih (Saleh). He said: "O my people! Worship Allâh, you have no other *llâh* (God) but Him. He brought you forth from the earth and settled you therein, then ask forgiveness of Him and turn to Him in repentance. Certainly, my Lord is Near (to all by His Knowledge), Responsive."

قَالُواْ يَنصَلِحُ قَدُ كُنتَ فِينَا مَرُجُوًّا قَبُلَ هَنذَآ ۗ أَتَنُهَننَآ أَن نَّعُبُدَ مَا يَعُبُدُ ءَابَآؤُنَا وَإِنَّنَا لَفِي شَكِّ مِّمَّا تَدُعُونَآ إِلَيْهِ مُرِيبٍ

They said: "O Sâlih (Saleh)! You have been among us as a figure of good hope (and we wished for you to be our chief), till this [new thing which you have brought; that we leave our gods and worship your God (Allâh) Alone]! Do you (now) forbid us the worship of what our fathers have worshipped? But we are really in grave doubt as to that which you invite us to (monotheism)."

63.

قَالَ يَنقَومُ أَرَءَيُتُمُ إِن كُنتُ عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّى وَءَاتَننِى مِنْهُ رَحُمَةً فَمَن يَنطُوبُ وَعَاتَننِى مِنْهُ رَحُمَةً فَمَن يَنصُرُ نِي مِنَ ٱللَّهِ إِنْ عَصَيتُهُ وَ فَمَا تَزِيدُونَنِي غَيْرَ تَخُسِيرِ ﴿

He said: "O my people! Tell me, if I have a clear proof from my Lord, and there has come to me a Mercy (Prophethood, etc.) from Him, who then can help me against Allâh, if I were to disobey Him? Then you increase me not but in loss.

64.

وَيَنقَوُمِ هَنذِهِ عَاقَةُ ٱللَّهِ لَكُمْ ءَايَةً فَذَرُوهَا تَأُكُلُ فِي ٓ أَرُضِ ٱللَّهِ وَلَا تَمَسُّوهَا بِسُوٓءٍ فَيَأُخُذَكُمُ عَذَابٌ قَرِيبٌ ﴿

"And O my people! This she-camel of Allâh is a sign to you, leave her to feed on Allâh's earth, and touch her not with evil, lest a near torment will seize you."

65.

فَعَقَرُوهَا فَقَالَ تَمَتَّعُواْ فِي دَارِكُمُ ثَلَاثَةَ أَيَّامٍّ ذَالِكَ وَعُدُّ غَيْرُ مَكُذُوبٍ



But they killed her. So he said: "Enjoy yourselves in your homes for three days. This is a promise (i.e. a threat) that will not be belied."

66.

فَلَمَّا جَآءَ أَمُرُنَا نَجَّيُنَا صَلِحًا وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَعَهُ وبِرَحُمَةٍ مِّنَّا وَمِنُ خِزُي يَوُمِيٍذٍ ۗ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ ٱلْقَوِيُّ ٱلْعَزيزُ ۚ

So when Our Commandment came, We saved Sâlih (Saleh) and those who believed with him by a Mercy from Us, and from the disgrace of that Day. Verily, your Lord, He is the All-Strong, the All-Mighty.

67.

And As-Saîhah (torment - awful cry, etc.) overtook the wrong-doers, so they lay (dead), prostrate in their homes, -

As if they had never lived there. No doubt! Verily, Thamûd disbelieved in their Lord. So away with Thamûd!

69.

And verily, there came Our Messengers to Ibrahîm (Abraham) with glad tidings. They said: Salâm (greetings or peace!) He answered, Salâm (greetings or peace!) and he hastened to entertain them with a roasted calf.

70.

But when he saw their hands went not towards it (the meal), he felt some mistrust of them, and conceived a fear of them. They said: "Fear not, we have been sent against the people of Lout (Lot)."

71.

And his wife was standing (there), and she laughed (either, because the Messengers did not eat their food or for being glad for the destruction of the people of Lout (Lot). But We gave her glad tidings of Ishâque (Isaac), and after him, of Ya'qûb (Jacob).

72.

She said (in astonishment): "Woe unto me! Shall I bear a child while I am an old woman, and here is my husband, an old man? Verily! This is a strange thing!"

73.

They said: "Do you wonder at the Decree of Allâh? The Mercy of Allâh and His Blessings be on you, O the family [of Ibrahîm (Abraham)]. Surely, He (Allâh) is All-Praiseworthy, All-Glorious."

فَلَمَّا ذَهَبَ عَنُ إِبُرَ هِيمَ ٱلرَّوْعُ وَجَآءَتُهُ ٱلْبُشُرَىٰ يُجَدِلُنَا فِي قَوْم لُوطٍ



Then when the fear had gone away from (the mind of) Ibrahîm (Abraham), and the glad tidings had reached him, he began to plead with Us (Our Messengers) for the people of Lout (Lot).

75.

Verily, Ibrahîm (Abraham) was, without doubt, forbearing, used to invoke Allâh with humility, and was repentant (to Allâh all the time, again and again).

76.

"O Ibrahîm (Abraham)! Forsake this. Indeed, the Commandment of your Lord has gone forth. Verily, there will come a torment for them which cannot be turned back."

77.

And when Our Messengers came to Lout (Lot), he was grieved on their account and felt himself straitened for them (lest the town people should approach them to commit sodomy with them). He said: "This is a distressful day."

78.

And his people came rushing towards him, and since aforetime they used to commit crimes (sodomy, etc.), he said: "O my people! Here are my daughters (i.e. the daughters of my nation), they are purer for you (if you marry them lawfully). So fear Allâh and degrade me not as regards my guests! Is there not among you a single right-minded man?"

79.

They said: "Surely you know that we have neither any desire nor in need of your daughters, and indeed you know well what we want!"

He said: "Would that I had strength (men) to overpower you, or that I could betake myself to some powerful support (to resist you)."

81.

قَالُواْ يَعْلُوطُ إِنَّا رُسُلُ رَبِّكَ لَن يَصِلُوٓاْ إِلَيْكَ فَأَسُرِ بِأَهُلِكَ بِقِطُعٍ مِّنَ ٱلَّيُلِ وَلَا يَلْتَفِتُ مِنكُمُ أَحَدُّ إِلَّا ٱمُرَ أَتَكَ إِنَّهُ وَمُصِيبُهَا مَآ أَصَابَهُمُ إِنَّ مَوْعِدَهُمُ ٱلصُّبُحُ أَلَيْسَ ٱلصُّبُحُ بِقَرِيبٍ

They (Messengers) said: "O Lout (Lot)! Verily, we are the Messengers from your Lord! They shall not reach you! So travel with your family in a part of the night, and let not any of you look back, but your wife (will remain behind), verily, the punishment which will afflict them, will afflict her. Indeed, morning is their appointed time. Is not the morning near?"

82.

So when Our Commandment came, We turned (the towns of Sodom in Palestine) upside down, and rained on them stones of baked clay, piled up;

83.

Marked from your Lord, and they are not ever far from the Zâlimûn (polytheists, evil-doers, etc.)

84.

قُو إِلَـــنَ مَــدُيْنَ أَخَــاهُمُ شُـعَيْبًا قَــالَ يَنقَــوُمِ اَعُبُـدُواْ اللَّــة مَــا لَكُــم مِّــنُ إِلَىــهِ غَــيُرُهُ وَلا تَنقُصُــواْ اللَّمِكَيَــالَ وَالْمِــيزَانَ أَي الكُـم مِّـن إلَى اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُـم عَـذَابَ يَــوم مُّحِـيطٍ إِنِّــيّ أَخَـافُ عَلَيْكُـم عَـذَابَ يَــوم مُّحِـيطٍ



And to the Madyan (Midian) people (We sent) their brother Shu'aib. He said: "O my people! Worship Allâh, you have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him, and give not short measure or weight, I see you in prosperity; and verily I fear for you the torment of a Day encompassing.

85.

"And O my people! Give full measure and weight in justice and reduce not the things that are due to the people, and do not commit mischief in the land, causing corruption.

بَقِيَّتُ ٱللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمُ إِن كُنتُم مُّؤُمِنِينَۚ وَمَاۤ أَنَاْ عَلَيْكُم بِحَفِيظٍ



"That which is left by Allâh for you (after giving the rights of the people) is better for you, if you are believers. And I am not set over you as a guardian.

87.

قَالُواْ يَنشُعَيْبُ أَصَلَوْتُكَ تَأُمُّرُكَ أَن نَّتُرُكَ مَا يَعُبُدُ ءَابَآؤُنَآ أَوُ أَن نَّفُعَلَ فِيَ أَمُوَالِنَا مَا نَشَيَوُ أَ إِنَّكَ لَأَنتَ ٱلُحَلِيمُ ٱلرَّشِيدُ ﴿

They said: "O Shu'aib! Does your *Salât* (prayer) (i.e. the prayers which you offer has spoiled your mind, so you) command that we leave off what our fathers used to worship, or that we leave off doing what we like with our property? Verily, you are the forbearer, right-minded!" (They said this sarcastically).

88.

قَالَ يَنقَوُمِ أَرَءَيُتُمُ إِن كُنتُ عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّى وَرَزَقَنِى مِنْهُ رِزُقًا حَسَنَاۚ وَمَا أَرْعِيهُ وَرَزَقَنِى مِنْهُ رِزُقًا حَسَنَاۚ وَمَا أَرْيِيدُ إِلَّا ٱلْإِصلَيةِ وَمَا أَرْيِيدُ إِلَّا ٱلْإِصلَيةِ مَا ٱستَطَعَتُ وَمَا تَوُفِيقِنَ إِلَّا بِٱللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلُتُ وَإِلَيْهِ أُنِيبُ ﴾
مَا ٱستَطَعَتُ وَمَا تَوُفِيقِنَ إِلَّا بِٱللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلُتُ وَإِلَيْهِ أُنِيبُ ﴾

He said: "O my people! Tell me, if I have a clear evidence from my Lord, and He has given me a good sustenance from Himself (shall I corrupt it by mixing it with the unlawfully earned money). I wish not, in contradiction to you, to do that which I forbid you. I only desire reform so far as I am able, to the best of my power. And my guidance cannot come except from Allâh, in Him I trust and unto Him I repent.

89.

وَيَنقَوُمِ لَا يَجُرِمَنَّكُمُ شِقَاقِىٓ أَن يُصِيبَكُم مِّثُلُ مَاۤ أَصَابَ قَوُمَ نُوحٍ أَوُ قَوْمَ هُودٍ أَو قَوْمَ صَلِحٍ وَمَا قَوْمُ لُوطٍ مِّنكُم بِبَعِيدٍ ﴿

"And O my people! Let not my $Shiq\hat{a}q^{II}$ cause you to suffer the fate similar to that of the people of Nûh (Noah) or of Hûd or of Sâlih (Saleh), and the people of Lout (Lot) are not far off from you!

90.

"And ask forgiveness of your Lord and turn unto Him in repentance. Verily, my Lord is Most Merciful, Most Loving."

91.

قَالُواْ يَنشُعَيُبُ مَا نَفُقَهُ كَثِيرًا مِّمَّا تَقُولُ وَإِنَّا لَنَرَىٰكَ فِينَا ضَعِيفًا ۗ وَلَوُلَا رَهُطُكَ لَرَجَمُنَنكَ ۗ وَمَآ أَنتَ عَلَيْنَا بِعَزِيزِ ۞

They said: "O Shu'aib! We do not understand much of what you say, and we see you a weak (man, it is said that he was a blind man) among us. Were it not for your family, we should certainly have stoned you and you are not powerful against us."

قَالَ يَنقَوُمِ أَرَهُطِىٓ أَعَزُّ عَلَيْكُم مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَٱتَّخَذُتُمُوهُ وَرَآءَ كُمُ ظِهُرِيًّا ۖ إِنَّ رَبِّى بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ مُحِيطٌ ۗ

He said: "O my people! Is then my family of more weight with you than Allâh? And you have cast Him away behind your backs. Verily, my Lord is surrounding all that you do.

93.

"And O my people! Act according to your ability and way, and I am acting (on my way). You will come to know who it is on whom descends the torment that will cover him with ignominy, and who is a liar! And watch you! Verily, I too am watching with you."

94.

And when Our Commandment came, We saved Shu'aib and those who believed with him by a Mercy from Us. And *As-Saîhah* (torment - awful cry, etc.) seized the wrong-doers, and they lay (dead) prostrate in their homes.

95.

As if they had never lived there! So away with Madyan (Midian)! As away with Thamud! (All these nations were destroyed).

96.

And indeed We sent Mûsa (Moses) with Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and a manifest authority;

97.

To Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his chiefs, but they followed the command of Fir'aun (Pharaoh), and the command of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) was no right guide.

98.

He will go ahead of his people on the Day of Resurrection, and will lead them into the Fire, and evil indeed is the place to which they are led.

وَأُتُّبِعُواْ فِي هَدِذِهِ - لَعَنَةً وَيَوْمَ ٱللَّقِيَامَةَ بِئِّسَ ٱلرَّفَدُ ٱلْمَرُفُودُ



They were pursued by a curse in this (deceiving life of this world) and (so they will be pursued by a curse) on the Day of Resurrection. How bad is the curse (in this world) pursued by another curse (in the Hereafter).

100

These are some of the news of the (population of) towns which We relate unto you (O Muhammad SAW); of them, some are standing, and some have been (already) reaped.

101

We wronged them not, but they wronged themselves. So their *âliha* (gods), other than Allâh, whom they invoked, profited them naught when there came the Command of your Lord, nor did they add aught (to their lot) but destruction.

102



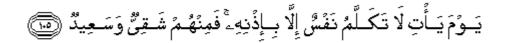
Such is the Seizure of your Lord when He seizes the (population of) towns while they are doing wrong. Verily, His Seizure is painful, and severe I .

103.

Indeed in that (there) is a sure lesson for those who fear the torment of the Hereafter. That is a Day whereon mankind will be gathered together, and that is a Day when all (the dwellers of the heavens and the earth) will be present.

104

And We delay it only for a term (already) fixed.



On the Day when it comes, no person shall speak except by His (Allâh's) Leave. Some among them will be wretched and (others) blessed.

106

As for those who are wretched, they will be in the Fire, sighing in a high and low tone.

107

They will dwell therein for all the time that the heavens and the earth endure, except as your Lord wills. Verily, your Lord is the doer of what He wills.

108.

And those who are blessed, they will be in Paradise, abiding therein for all the time that the heavens and the earth endure, except as your Lord will, a gift without an end.

109



So be not in doubt (O Muhammad SAW) as to what these (pagans and polytheists) men worship. They worship nothing but what their fathers worshipped before (them). And verily, We shall repay them in full their portion without diminution.

110.

Indeed, We gave the Book to Mûsa (Moses), but differences arose therein, and had it not been for a Word that had gone forth before from your Lord, the case would have been judged between them, and indeed they are in grave doubt concerning it (this Qur'ân).

111

وَإِنَّ كُلًّا لَّمَّا لَيُ وَفِّيَنَّهُمُ رَبُّكَ أَعُمَالَهُ مَّ إِنَّهُ وبِمَا يَعُمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ



And verily, to each of them your Lord will repay their works in full. Surely, He is All-Aware of what they do.

112

فَالسَّتَقِمُ كَمَآ أُمِرُتَ وَمَن تَابَ مَعَكَ وَلَا تَطُغَوا۟ ۚ إِنَّهُ مِبِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ



So stand (ask Allâh to make) you (Muhammad SAW) firm and straight (on the religion of Islâmic Monotheism) as you are commanded and those (your companions) who turn in repentance (unto Allâh) with you, and transgress not (Allâh's legal limits). Verily, He is All-Seer of what you do.

113.

And incline not toward those who do wrong, lest the Fire should touch you, and you have no protectors other than Allâh, nor you would then be helped I .

114.

And perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), at the two ends of the day and in some hours of the night [i.e. the five compulsory *Salât* (prayers)]. Verily, the good deeds remove the evil deeds (i.e. small sins). That is a reminder (an advice) for the mindful (those who accept advice).

115

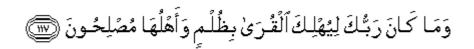
And be patient; verily, Allâh loses not the reward of the good-doers.

116.

فَلَوُلَا كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْقُرُونِ مِن قَبُلِكُمُ أُوْلُواْ بَقِيَّةٍ يَنُهَوُنَ عَنِ ٱلْفَسَادِ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِّمَّنُ أَنجَيْنَا مِنْهُمُّ وَٱتَّبَعَ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مَآ أُتُرِفُواْ فِيهِ وَكَانُواْ مُجُرِمِينَ ﴿

If only there had been among the generations before you, persons having wisdom, prohibiting (others) from *Al-Fasâd* (disbelief, polytheism, and all kinds of crimes and sins) in the earth, except a few of those whom We saved from among them. Those who did wrong pursued the enjoyment of good things of (this worldly) life, and were *Mujrimûn* (criminals, disbelievers in Allâh, polytheists, sinners, etc.).

117



And your Lord would never destroy the towns wrongfully, while their people were right-doers.

118

And if your Lord had so willed, He could surely have made mankind one *Ummah* [nation or community (following one religion only i.e. Islâm)], but they will not cease to disagree,-

119.

Except him on whom your Lord has bestowed His Mercy (the follower of truth - Islâmic Monotheism) and for that did He create them. And the Word of your Lord has been fulfilled (i.e. His Saying): "Surely, I shall fill Hell with jinns and men all together."

120

And all that We relate to you (O Muhammad SAW) of the news of the Messengers is in order that We may make strong and firm your heart thereby. And in this (chapter of the Qur'an) has come to you the truth, as well as an admonition and a reminder for the believers.

121

And say to those who do not believe: "Act according to your ability and way, We are acting (in our way).

122

And you wait! We (too) are waiting."

123

And to Allâh belongs the *Ghaib* (unseen) of the heavens and the earth, and to Him return all affairs (for decision). So worship Him (O Muhammad SAW) and put your trust in Him. And your Lord is not unaware of what you (people) do."

12. Yûsuf Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful, الِّرِ قِلُكَ ءَايَدِ تُ ٱلْكِتَدِ ٱلْمُبِينِ أَلَّهُ وَالْكِينَ اللهُ الْمُبِينِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ Alif-Lâm-Râ. [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'an, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings]. These are the Verses of the Clear Book (the Qur'an that makes clear the legal and illegal things, legal laws, a guidance and a blessing) 2. إِنَّآ أَنزَ لُنَنهُ قُرُءَانًا عَرَبيًّا لَّعَلَّكُمُ تَعُقِلُونَ ۞ Verily, We have sent it down as an Arabic Qur'ân in order that you may understand. 3. نَحُنُ نَقُصُّ عَلَيْكَ أَحُسَنَ ٱلْقَصَصِ بِمَا أَوْحَيُنَا إِلَيْكَ هَدِذَا ٱلْقُرُءَانَ وَإِن كُنتَ من قَبُلِهِ ۽ لَمِنَ ٱلْغَنفِلِينَ ﴿ We relate unto you (Muhammad SAW) the best of stories through Our Revelations unto you, of this Qur'ân. And before this (i.e. before the coming of Divine Inspiration to you), you were among those who knew nothing about it (the Qur'ân). إِذْ قَالَ يُوسُفُ لِأَبِيهِ يَثَأَبَتِ إِنِّى رَأَيُتُ أَحَدَ عَشَرَ كَو كَبًا وَٱلشَّمُسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ رَأَيْتُهُمُ لِي سَنجِدِينَ ٢ (Remember) when Yûsuf (Joseph) said to his father: "O my father! Verily, I saw (in a dream) eleven stars and the sun and the moon, I saw them prostrating themselves to me." 5. قَالَ يَنبُنَىَّ لَا تَقُصُصُ رُءُيَاكَ عَلَىٰٓ إِخُوتِكَ فَيَكِيدُواْ لَكَ كَيُدًّا إِنَّ إِ ٱلشَّيْطَىنَ لِلْإِنسَىنِ عَدُوُّ مُّبِينٌ ۞ He (the father) said: "O my son! Relate not your vision to your brothers, lest they arrange a plot against you. Verily! Shaitan (Satan) is to man an open enemy! 6. وَ كَذَالِكَ يَجُتَبِيكَ رَبُّكَ وَيُعَلِّمُكَ مِن تَأُويل ٱلْأَحَادِيثِ وَيُتِمُّ نِعُمَتَهُ -عَلَيْكَ وَعَلَىٰٓ ءَالِ يَعُقُوبَ كَمَآ أَتَمَّهَا عَلَىٰٓ أَبَوَيُكَ مِن قَبُلُ إِبُرَهِيمَ وَإِسُحَنقَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ ۞

"Thus will your Lord choose you and teach you the interpretation of dreams (and other things) and perfect His Favour on you and on the offspring of Ya'qûb (Jacob), as He perfected it on your fathers, Ibrahîm (Abraham) and Ishâque (Isaac) aforetime! Verily, your Lord is All-Knowing, All-Wise." ﴾ لَّقَدُ كَانَ فِي يُوسُفَ وَإِخُوتِهِ ٤ ءَايَنتُ لِّلسَّآبِلِينَ ۞ Verily, in Yûsuf (Joseph) and his brethren, there were Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) for those who ask. 8. إِذْ قَالُواْ لَيُوسُفُ وَأَخُوهُ أَحَبُّ إِلَىْ أَبِينَا مِنَّا وَنَحُنُ عُصَّبَةً إِنَّ أَبَانَا لَفِي ضَلال مُّبِين 🚳 When they said: "Truly, Yûsuf (Joseph) and his brother (Benjamin) are loved more by our father than we, but we are 'Usbah (a strong group). Really, our father is in a plain error. 9. ٱقُتُلُواْ يُوسُفَ أَو ٱطُرَحُوهُ أَرُضًا يَخُلُ لَكُمْ وَجُهُ أَبِيكُمْ وَتَكُونُواْ مِنْ بَعُدِهِ ۽ قَوْمًا صَلِحِينَ 🕥 "Kill Yûsuf (Joseph) or cast him out to some (other) land, so that the favour of your father may be given to you alone, and after that you will be righteous folk (by intending repentance before committing the sin). 10. قَالَ قَابِلٌ مِّنْهُمُ لَا تَقَتُلُواْ يُوسُفَ وَأَلْقُوهُ فِي غَيَابَتِ ٱلْجُبِّ يَلْتَقِطُهُ بَعُضُ ٱلسَّيَّارَةِ إِن كُنتُمُ فَنعِلِينَ ۞ One from among them said: "Kill not Yûsuf (Joseph), but if you must do something, throw him down to the bottom of a well, he will be picked up by some caravan of travellers." 11. قَالُواْ يَكَأَبَانَا مَا لَكَ لَا تَأَمُّنَّا عَلَىٰ يُوسُفَ وَإِنَّا لَهُ ۚ لَنَعْصِحُونَ ٣ They said: "O our father! Why do you not trust us with Yûsuf (Joseph), - when we are indeed his well-wishers?" 12. أرُسِــلُهُ مَعَنَــا غَــدًا يَــرُتَعُ وَيَلُعَــبُ وَإِنَّــا لَــهُ و لَحَــنفِظُونَ "Send him with us tomorrow to enjoy himself and play, and verily, we will take care of him."

قَالَ إِنِّى لَيَحُزُنُنِينَ أَن تَذُهَبُواْ بِهِ عَ وَأَخَافُ أَن يَأْكُلَهُ ٱلذِّئُبُ وَأَنتُمُ عَنْهُ

He [Ya'qûb (Jacob)] said: "Truly, it saddens me that you should take him away. I fear lest a wolf should devour him, while you are careless of him."

14.

They said: "If a wolf devours him, while we are 'Usbah (a strong group) (to guard him), then surely, we are the losers."

15.

So, when they took him away, they all agreed to throw him down to the bottom of the well, and We inspired in him:"Indeed, you shall (one day) inform them of this their affair, when they know (you)

16.

And they came to their father in the early part of the night weeping.

17.

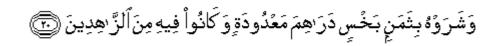
They said:"O our father! We went racing with one another, and left Yûsuf (Joseph) by our belongings and a wolf devoured him; but you will never believe us even when we speak the truth."

18.

And they brought his shirt stained with false blood. He said: "Nay, but your ownselves have made up a tale. So (for me) patience is most fitting. And it is Allâh (Alone) Whose help can be sought against that which you assert.'

19.

And there came a caravan of travellers; they sent their water-drawer, and he let down his bucket (into the well). He said: "What good news! Here is a boy." So they hid him as merchandise (a slave). And Allah was the All-Knower of what they did.



And they sold him for a low price, - for a few Dirhams (i.e. for a few silver coins). And they were of those who regarded him insignificant.

21.

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِى ٱشْتَرَىٰهُ مِن مِّصُرَ لِامْرَ أَتِهِ ٓ أَكُرِ مِى مَثُونَهُ عَسَىٰۤ أَن يَنفَعَنَاۤ أَوُ نَتَخِذَهُ وَلَنعُلِّمَهُ مِن مَّكَنَّا لِيُوسُفَ فِى ٱلْأَرُضِ وَلِنُعَلِّمَهُ مِن تَأُويلِ نَتَّخِذَهُ وَلَنعُلِّمَهُ مِن تَأُويلِ اللَّهَ عَلَيْهُ وَلَى مَكَّنَّا لِيُوسُفَ فِى ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلِنُعَلِّمَهُ مِن تَأُويلِ اللَّهُ عَالِبٌ عَلَيْ أَمُرِهِ وَلَيكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ ٱلنَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ اللَّهُ عَالِبٌ عَلَيْ أَمُرِهِ وَلَيكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ ٱلنَّاسِ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ اللَّهُ عَالِبٌ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَالِبٌ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ الْعَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْعَلِيْ اللَّهُ الْعَلِيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَيْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ الْعُلِيْ اللْعَلِيْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ اللِيْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِيْ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللْعُلِيْ الْمُعْلِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللْعُلِيْ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْمُؤْلِقُ الْ

And he (the man) from Egypt who bought him, said to his wife: "Make his stay comfortable, may be he will profit us or we shall adopt him as a son." Thus did We establish Yûsuf (Joseph) in the land, that We might teach him the interpretation of events. And Allâh has full power and control over His Affairs, but most of men know not.

22.

وَلَمَّا بَلَغَ أَشُدَّهُ وَ ءَاتَيُنَكُ حُكُمًا وَعِلُمًا ۚ وَكَذَالِكَ نَجُرِى ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ



And when he [Yûsuf (Joseph)] attained his full manhood, We gave him wisdom and knowledge (the Prophethood), thus We reward the *Muhsinûn* (doers of good - see V.2:112).

23.

وَرَ وَدَتُهُ ٱلَّتِى هُوَ فِى بَيْتِهَا عَن نَّفُسِهِ - وَغَلَّقَتِ ٱلْأَبُوَ بَ وَقَالَتُ هَيْتَ لَكَ قَالَ مَعَاذَ ٱللَّهِ إِنَّهُ و رَبِّى ٓ أَحُسَنَ مَثُوَاى ۗ إِنَّهُ و لَا يُفُلِحُ ٱلظَّ لِمُونَ ۗ

And she, in whose house he was, sought to seduce him (to do an evil act), she closed the doors and said: "Come on, O you." He said: "I seek refuge in Allâh (or Allâh forbid)! Truly, he (your husband) is my master! He made my stay agreeable! (So I will never betray him). Verily, the Zâlimûn (wrong and evil-doers) will never be successful."

24.

وَلَقَدُ هَمَّتُ بِهِ قَ وَهَمَّ بِهَا لَوْلاَ أَن رَّءَا بُرهَنَ رَبِّهِ قَ كَذَلِكَ لِنَصُرِ فَ عَنْهُ ٱلسُّوَءَ وَٱلْفَحُشَآءَ ۚ إِنَّهُ و مِنُ عِبَادِنَا ٱلْمُخُلَصِينَ



And indeed she did desire him and he would have inclined to her desire, had he not seen the evidence of his Lord. Thus it was, that We might turn away from him evil and illegal sexual intercourse. Surely, he was one of Our chosen, guided slaves.

وَٱسۡتَبَقَا ٱلۡبَابَ وَقَدَّتُ قَمِيصَهُ و مِن دُبُر وَ أَلۡفَيَا سَيِّدَهَا لَدَا ٱلۡبَابِۚ قَالَتُ مَا جَزَآءُ مَنُ أَرَادَ بِأَهُلِكَ سُوٓءًا إِلَّا أَن يُسْجَنَ أَوْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ۖ

So they raced with one another to the door, and she tore his shirt from the back. They both found her lord (i.e. her husband) at the door. She said: "What is the recompense (punishment) for him who intended an evil design against your wife, except that he be put in prison or a painful torment?"

26.

قَالَ هِيَ رَ وَدَتُنِي عَن نَّفُسِيُّ وَشَهِدَ شَاهِدٌ مِّنُ أَهُلِهَٱ إِن كَانَ قَمِيصُهُ - قُدًّ مِن قُبُلِ فَصَدَقَتُ وَهُوَ مِنَ ٱلْكَنذِبِينَ ﴿

He [Yûsuf (Joseph)] said: "It was she that sought to seduce me," - and a witness of her household bore witness (saying): "If it be that his shirt is torn from the front, then her tale is true and he is a liar!

27.

وَإِن كَانَ قَمِيصُهُ و قُدَّ مِن دُبُرٍ فَكَذَبَتُ وَهُوَ مِنَ ٱلصَّدِقِينَ

"But if it be that his shirt is torn from the back, then she has told a lie and he is speaking the truth!"

28.

فَلَمَّا رَءَا قَمِيصَهُ و قُدَّ مِن دُبُر قَالَ إِنَّهُ و مِن كَيُدِكُنَّ ۗ إِنَّ كَيُدَكُنَّ عَظِيمٌ 📆

So when he (her husband) saw his [(Yûsuf's (Joseph)] shirt torn at the back; (her husband) said: "Surely, it is a plot of you women! Certainly mighty is your plot!

29.

يُوسُفُ أَعُرضُ عَنُ هَدِذَا ۚ وَٱسۡتَغُفِرى لِذَنۡبِكِۗ إِنَّكِ كُنتِ مِنَ ٱلۡخَاطِئِينَ

"O Yûsuf (Joseph)! Turn away from this! (O woman!) Ask forgiveness for your sin. Verily, you were of the sinful."

30.

﴾ وَقَالَ نِسُوةٌ فِي ٱلْمَدِينَةِ ٱمُرَ أَتُ ٱلْعَرِيرِ تُرَ وهُ فَتَنهَا عَن نَّفُسِهِ ۗ قَدُ شَغَفَهَا حُبًّا إِنَّا لَنَرَ لَهَا فِي ضَلَالٍ مُّبِين ﴿

And women in the city said: "The wife of Al-'Azîz is seeking to seduce her (slave) young man, indeed she loves him violently; verily we see her in plain error."

فَلَمَّا سَمِعَتُ بِمَكُرِهِنَّ أَرُسَلَتُ إِلَيْهِنَّ وَأَعْتَدَتُ لَهُنَّ مُتَّكَتًا

وَءَاتَتُ كُلَّ وَحِدَةٍ مِّنْهُنَّ سِكِينًا وَقَالَتِ ٱخُرُجُ عَلَيْهِنَّ فَلَمَّا رَأَيْنَهُ وَ

أَكُبَرُنَهُ وَقَطَّعُنَ أَيُدِيَهُنَّ وَقُلُنَ حَدشَ لِلَّهِ مَا هَدذَا بَشَرًا إِنْ هَدذَآ إِلَّا مَلَكُ كُرِيمُ

مَلَكُ كُرِيمُ اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ الله

So when she heard of their accusation, she sent for them and prepared a banquet for them; she gave each one of them a knife (to cut the foodstuff with), and she said [(to Yûsuf (Joseph)]: "Come out before them." Then, when they saw him, they exalted him (at his beauty) and (in their astonishment) cut their hands. They said: "How perfect is Allâh (or Allâh forbid)! No man is this! This is none other than a noble angel!"

32.

قَالَتُ فَذَالِكُنَّ ٱلَّذِى لُمُتُنَّنِى فِيهِ وَلَقَدُ رَاوَدتُّهُ عَن نَّفُسِهِ فَٱسُتَعُصَمَّ وَالَتَ فَرَوَدتُّهُ عَن نَّفُسِهِ فَٱسُتَعُصَمَّ وَلَيَكُونَا مِّنَ ٱلصَّنغِرِينَ ﴿

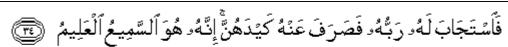
She said: "This is he (the young man) about whom you did blame me (for his love), and I did seek to seduce him, but he refused. And now if he refuses to obey my order, he shall certainly be cast into prison, and will be one of those who are disgraced."

33.

قَالَ رَبِّ ٱلسِّجُنُ أَحَبُّ إِلَىَّ مِمَّا يَدُعُونَنِىۤ إِلَيْهِ ۗ وَإِلَّا تَصُرِفُ عَنِي كَيُدَهُنَّ أَصُبُ إِلَيْهِ وَ إِلَّا تَصُرِفُ عَنِي كَيُدَهُنَّ أَصُبُ إِلَيْهِ وَ أَكُن مِّنَ ٱلْجَهِلِينَ ﴿

He said:"O my Lord! Prison is more to my liking than that to which they invite me. Unless You turn away their plot from me, I will feel inclined towards them and be one (of those who commit sin and deserve blame or those who do deeds) of the ignorants."

34.



So his Lord answered his invocation and turned away from him their plot. Verily, He is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower.

35.

Then it appeared to them, after they had seen the proofs (of his innocence) to imprison him for a time.

36.

وَدَخَلَ مَعَهُ ٱلسِّجُنَ فَتَيَانِ قَالَ أَحَدُهُمَاۤ إِنِّىۤ أَرَىٰنِىٓ أَعْصِرُ خَمُرًاۗ وَقَالَ الْأَخَرُ إِنِّىۤ أَرَىٰنِىٓ أَعْصِرُ خَمُرًاۗ وَقَالَ اللَّاحَرُ إِنِّى أَرَىٰنِىٓ أَرَىٰنِىٓ أَحُمِلُ فَوْقَ رَأُسِى خُبُزًا تَأُكُلُ ٱلطَّيْرُ مِنَهُۗ نَبِّئُنَا بِتَأْوِيلِهِ ۚ إِنَّا نَرَىٰكَ مِنَ ٱلمُحُسِنِينَ ۚ

And there entered with him two young men in the prison. One of them said: "Verily, I saw myself (in a dream) pressing wine." The other said: "Verily, I saw myself (in a dream) carrying bread on my head and birds were eating thereof." (They said): "Inform us of the interpretation of this. Verily, we think you are one of the *Muhsinûn* (doers of good - see V.2:112)."

37.

قَالَ لَا يَأْتِيكُمَا طَعَامُ تُرُزَقَانِهِ } إِلَّا نَبَّأْتُكُمَا بِتَأُويلِهِ عَبْلَ أَن يَأْتِيَكُمَا ذَلِكُمَا مِمَّا عَلَّمَنِى رَبِّى ۚ إِنِّى تَرَكُتُ مِلَّةَ قَوْمٍ لَّا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَهُم بِٱلْأَخِرَةِ هُمُ كَنفِرُونَ ۞

He said: "No food will come to you (in wakefulness or in dream) as your provision, but I will inform (in wakefulness) its interpretation before it (the food) comes. This is of that which my Lord has taught me. Verily, I have abandoned the religion of a people that believe not in Allâh and are disbelievers in the Hereafter (i.e. the *Kan'âniûn* of Egypt who were polytheists and used to worship sun and other false deities).

38.

وَٱتَّبَعُتُ مِلَّةَ ءَابَآءِ قَ إِبُرَ هِيمَ وَإِسُحَنقَ وَيَعُقُوبَ مَا كَانَ لَنَآ أَن نُّشُرِكَ وَٱلتَّبَعُتُ مِلْ مَا كَانَ لَنَآ أَن نُّشُرِكَ بِٱللَّهِ مِن شَيْءٍ ذَٰلِكَ مِن فَضُلِ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْنَا وَعَلَى ٱلنَّاسِ وَلَنكِنَّ أَكْثَرَ ٱلنَّاسِ لَا يَشُـكُرُونَ ٢٠٠٠ لَا يَشُـكُرُونَ ٢٠٠٠

"And I have followed the religion of my fathers [I], - Ibrahîm (Abraham), Ishâque (Isaac) and Ya'qûb (Jacob) [>ã>], and never could we attribute any partners whatsoever to Allâh. This is from the Grace of Allâh to us and to mankind, but most men thank not (i.e. they neither believe in Allâh, nor worship Him).

39.

"O two companions of the prison! Are many different lords (gods) better or Allâh, the One, the Irresistible?

40.

"You do not worship besides Him but only names which you have named (forged), you and your fathers, for which Allâh has sent down no authority. The command (or the judgement) is for none but Allâh. He has commanded that you worship none but Him (i.e. His Monotheism), that is the (true) straight religion, but most men know not.

يَنصَنحِبَى ٱلسِّجُن أَمَّآ أَحَدُكُمَا فَيَسُقِى رَبَّهُ وخَمُرًا ۗ وَأَمَّا ٱلْأَخَرُ فَيُصُلَّبُ فَتَأُكُلُ ٱلطَّيْرُ مِن رَّ أُسِهِۦۚ قُضِيَ ٱلْأَمُرُ ٱلَّذِي فِيهِ تَسُتَفُتِيَان ١

"O two companions of the prison! As for one of you, he (as a servant) will pour out wine for his lord (king or master) to drink; and as for the other, he will be crucified and birds will eat from his head. Thus is the case judged concerning which you both did inquire."

42.

وَقَالَ لِلَّذِي ظَنَّ أَنَّهُ مِ نَاجِ مِّنُهُمَا ٱذْكُرُنِي عِندَ رَبِّكَ فَأَنسَنهُ ٱلشَّيُطَينُ ذِكُرَ رَبِّهِۦ فَلَبِثَ فِي ٱلسِّجُن بِضُعَ سِنِينَ ۞

And he said to the one whom he knew to be saved: "Mention me to your lord (i.e. your king, so as to get me out of the prison)." But Shaitân (Satan) made him forget to mention it to his Lord [or Satan made [(Yûsuf (Joseph)] to forget the remembrance of his Lord (Allâh) as to ask for His Help, instead of others]. So [Yûsuf (Joseph)] stayed in prison a few (more) years

43.

وَقَالَ ٱلْمَلِكُ إِنِّى أَرَىٰ سَبُّعَ بَقَرَ تِ سِمَان يَأْكُلُهُنَّ سَبُّعُ عِجَافٌ وَسَبُّعَ سُنْبُلَنتٍ خُضْر وَأُخَرَ يَابِسَنتٍ يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلْمَلَا أُفَتُونِي فِي رُءُيَنيَ إِن كُنتُمُ لِلرُّءُيَا تَعُبُرُ ونَ 📆

And the king (of Egypt) said: "Verily, I saw (in a dream) seven fat cows, whom seven lean ones were devouring - and of seven green ears of corn, and (seven) others dry. O notables! Explain to me my dream, if it be that you can interpret dreams."

قَالُوٓا أَضُغَدَتُ أَحُلَم وَمَا نَحُن بِتَأُويل ٱلْأَحُلَم بِعَالِمِينَ

They said: "Mixed up false dreams and we are not skilled in the interpretation of dreams."

45.

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِي نَجَا مِنْهُمَا وَٱدَّكَرَ بَعُدَ أُمَّةٍ أَنَا أُنَبِّئُكُم بِتَأُويلِهِ، فَأَرْسِلُون



Then the man who was released (one of the two who were in prison), now at length remembered and said: "I will tell you its interpretation, so send me forth."

يُوسُفُ أَيُّهَا ٱلصِّدِّيقُ أَفَتِنَا فِى سَبُعِ بَقَرَ تٍ سِمَانِ يَأَكُلُهُنَّ سَبُعٌ عِجَافُ وَسَبُعِ سُنْبُلَدتٍ خُضُر وَأُخَرَ يَابِسَدتٍ لَّعَلِّيٓ أَرُجِعُ إِلَى ٱلنَّاسِ لَعَلَّهُمُ يَعُلمُونَ 📆

(He said): "O Yûsuf (Joseph), the man of truth! Explain to us (the dream) of seven fat cows whom seven lean ones were devouring, and of seven green ears of corn, and (seven) others dry, that I may return to the people, and that they may know."

47.

قَالَ تَزُرَعُونَ سَبَعَ سِنِينَ دَأَبًا فَمَا حَصَدتُّمٌ فَذَرُوهُ فِي سُنُبُلِهِ } إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِّمَّا تَأُكُلُونَ ﴾

[(Yûsuf (Joseph)] said: "For seven consecutive years, you shall sow as usual and that (the harvest) which you reap you shall leave in ears, (all) - except a little of it which you may eat.

48.

ثُمَّ يَاأُتِي مِنْ بَعُدِ ذَالِكَ سَبِعُ شِدَادٌ يَا أُكُلُنَ مَا قَدَّمُتُمُ لَهُنَّ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا مِّمَّا تُحُصِنُونَ ﴿

"Then will come after that, seven hard (years), which will devour what you have laid by in advance for them, (all) except a little of that which you have guarded (stored).

49.

ثُمَّ يَا أَتِي مِنْ بَعُدِ ذَالِكَ عَامٌ فِيهِ يُغَاثُ ٱلنَّاسُ وَفِيهِ يَعُصِرُونَ

"Then thereafter will come a year in which people will have abundant rain and in which they will press (wine and oil)."

50.

وَقَالَ ٱلْمَلِكُ ٱنَّتُونِى بِهِ ۗ فَلَمَّا جَآءَهُ ٱلرَّسُولُ قَالَ ٱرُجِعُ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ فَسُئَلُهُ مَا بَالُ ٱلنِّسُوَةِ ٱلَّاتِى قَطَّعُنَ أَيُدِيَهُنَّ إِنَّ رَبِّى بِكَيُدِهِنَّ عَلِيمٌ



And the king said: "Bring him to me." But when the messenger came to him, [Yûsuf (Joseph)] said: "Return to your lord and ask him, 'What happened to the women who cut their hands? Surely, my Lord (Allâh) is Well-Aware of their plot.'"

51

قَــالَ مَـا خَــطُبُكُنَّ إِذْ رَوَدتُّـنَّ يُوسُــفَ عَــن نَّفُسِـهِـ ۚ قُلُــنَ حَــسَ لِلَّـهِ مَـا عَلِمُنَا عَلَيُـهِ مِـن سُـوٓءٍ قَـالَتِ ٱمُـرَ أَتُ ٱلْعَزِيــزِ ٱلْئَــنَ حَصُحَـصَ ٱلْحَــقُّ أَنـاْ رَوَدتُّـهُ و عَــن نَّفُسِـهِـ وَإِنَّــهُ و لَمِــنَ ٱلصَّـــدِقِينَ

(The King) said (to the women): "What was your affair when you did seek to seduce Yûsuf (Joseph)?" The women said: "Allâh forbid! No evil know we against him!" The wife of Al-'Azîz said: "Now the truth is manifest (to all), it was I who sought to seduce him, and he is surely of the truthful."

52

ذَلِكَ لِيَعْلَمَ أَنِّى لَمُ أَخُنُهُ بِالْغَيْبِ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يَهُدِى كَيُدَ ٱلْخَآبِنِينَ ۞

[Then Yûsuf (Joseph) said: "I asked for this enquiry] in order that he (Al-'Azîz) may know that I betrayed him not in secret. And, verily! Allâh guides not the plot of the betrayers. II

53.

"And I free not myself (from the blame). Verily, the (human) self is inclined to evil, except when my Lord bestows His Mercy (upon whom He wills). Verily, my Lord is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful."

54.

And the king said: "Bring him to me that I may attach him to my person." Then, when he spoke to him, he said: "Verily, this day, you are with us high in rank and fully trusted."

55.

[Yûsuf (Joseph)] said: "Set me over the storehouses of the land; I will indeed guard them with full knowledge" (as a minister of finance in Egypt, in place of Al-'Aziz who was dead at that time).

56.

Thus did We give full authority to Yûsuf (Joseph) in the land, to take possession therein, as when or where he likes. We bestow of Our Mercy on whom We please, and We make not to be lost the reward of *Al-Muhsinûn* (the good doers - see V.2:112).

57.

And verily, the reward of the Hereafter is better for those who believe and used to fear Allâh and keep their duty to Him (by abstaining from all kinds of sins and evil deeds and by performing all kinds of righteous good deeds).

58.



And Yûsuf's (Joseph) brethren came and they entered unto him, and he recognized them, but they recognized him not.

And when he had furnished them forth with provisions (according to their need), he said: "Bring me a brother of yours from your father; (he meant Benjamin). See you not that I give full measure, and that I am the best of the hosts?

60.

"But if you bring him not to me, there shall be no measure (of corn) for you with me, nor shall you come near me."

61.

They said: "We shall try to get permission (for him) from his father, and verily, we shall do it."

62.

And [Yûsuf (Joseph)] told his servants to put their money (with which they had bought the corn) into their bags, so that they might know it when they go back to their people, in order that they might come back.

63.

So, when they returned to their father, they said: "O our father! No more measure of grain shall we get (unless we take our brother). So send our brother with us, and we shall get our measure and truly we will guard him."

64.

He said: "Can I entrust him to you except as I entrusted his brother [Yûsuf (Joseph)] to you aforetime? But Allâh is the Best to guard, and He is the Most Merciful of those who show mercy."

65.

And when they opened their bags, they found their money had been returned to them. They said: "O our father! What (more) can we desire? This, our money has been returned to us, so we shall get (more) food for our family, and we shall guard our brother and add one more measure of a camel's load. This quantity is easy (for the king to give)."

66.

قَالَ لَنُ أُرُسِلَهُ مَعَكُمُ حَتَّىٰ تُؤْتُونِ مَوْثِقًا مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ لَتَأَتُنَّنِي بِهِ ٓ إِلَّآ أَن يُحَاطَ بِكُمُ فَلَمَّ آءَاتَوهُ مَوْثِقَهُمُ قَالَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مَا نَقُولُ وَكِيلٌ ۞

He [Ya'qûb (Jacob)] said: "I will not send him with you until you swear a solemn oath to me in Allâh's Name, that you will bring him back to me unless you are yourselves surrounded (by enemies, etc.)," And when they had sworn their solemn oath, he said: "Allâh is the Witness over what we have said."

67.

وَقَالَ يَنبَنِى لَا تَدُخُلُواْ مِنْ بَابِ وَحِدٍ وَادُخُلُواْ مِنْ بَابِ وَحِدٍ وَادُخُلُواْ مِنْ بَابِ وَحِدٍ وَادُخُلُواْ مِنْ أَبُوبِ مُّتَفَرِّقَةٍ وَمَاۤ أُغُنِى عَنكُم مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ مِن شَيْءٍ إِن ٱلحُكُمُ إِلَّا مِنْ أَبُوبِ مُّتَفَرِّقَةٍ وَمَآ أُغُنِى عَنكُم مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ مِن شَيْءٍ إِن ٱلْحُكُمُ إِلَّا لَا اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ تَو كَلُونَ عَلَيْهِ فَلْيَتَو كَالِ ٱلْمُتَو كِلُونَ هَا

And he said: "O my sons! Do not enter by one gate, but enter by different gates, and I cannot avail you against Allâh at all. Verily! The decision rests only with Allâh. In him, I put my trust and let all those that trust, put their trust in Him."

68.

وَلَمَّا دَخَلُواْ مِنَ حَيْثُ أَمَرَهُمُ أَبُوهُم مَّا كَانَ يُغُنِى عَنُهُم مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ مِن شَيَءٍ إِلَّا حَاجَةً فِى نَفُسِ يَعُقُوبَ قَضَنهَا ۚ وَإِنَّهُ ۗ لَذُو عِلْمٍ لِّمَا عَلَّمُنَنهُ وَلَنكِنَّ إِلَّا حَاجَةً فِى نَفُسِ يَعُقُوبَ قَضَنها ۚ وَإِنَّهُ ۗ لَذُو عِلْمٍ لِّمَا عَلَّمُننهُ وَلَنكِنَّ أَكُثَرَ ٱلنَّاسِ لَا يَعُلَمُونَ ۚ

And when they entered according to their father's advice, it did not avail them in the least against (the Will of) Allâh, it was but a need of Ya'qûb's (Jacob) inner-self which he discharged. And verily, he was endowed with knowledge because We had taught him, but most men know not.

69.

وَلَمَّا دَخَلُواْ عَلَىٰ يُوسُفَ ءَاوَىٰۤ إِلَيْهِ أَخَالَهُ قَالَ إِنِّىۤ أَنَاْ أَخُوكَ فَلَا تَبُتَبِسُ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ ٢

And when they went in before Yûsuf (Joseph), he betook his brother (Benjamin) to himself and said: "Verily!I am your brother, so grieve not for what they used to do."

70.

فَلَمَّا جَهَّزَهُم بِجَهَازِهِمُ جَعَلَ ٱلسِّقَايَةَ فِي رَحُلِ أَخِيهِ ثُمَّ أَذَّنَ مُؤَذِّنُّ أَيَّتُهَا ٱلُعِيرُ إِنَّكُمُ لَسَــْرِقُونَ ۞

So when he had furnished them forth with their provisions, he put the (golden) bowl into his brother's bag, then a crier cried: "O you (in) the caravan! Surely, you are thieves!"

71

قَالُواْ وَأَقُبَلُواْ عَلَيُهِم مَّاذَا تَفَقِدُونَ ١

They, turning towards them, said: "What is it that you have missed?"

72.

قَالُواْ نَفْقِدُ صُوَاعَ ٱلملِكِ وَلِمَن جَآءَ بِهِ عِمْلُ بَعِيرٍ وَأَنَاْ بِهِ وَزِعِيمٌ



They said: "We have missed the (golden) bowl of the king and for him who produces it is (the reward of) a camel load; I will be bound by it."

73.

قَـالُواْ تَٱللَّـهِ لَقَـدُ عَلِمُتُـم مَّـا جِئْنَـا لِنُفُسِـدَ فِـى ٱلْأَرَضِ وَمَـا كُنَّـا سِرقِينَ سَ

They said: "By Allâh! Indeed you know that we came not to make mischief in the land, and we are no thieves!"

74.

They [Yûsuf's (Joseph) men] said: "What then shall be the penalty of him, if you are (proved to be) liars."

75.

They [Yûsuf's (Joseph) brothers] said: "The penalty should be that he, in whose bag it is found, should be held for the punishment (of the crime). Thus we punish the *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers, etc.)!"

76.

فَبَدَأَ بِأَوُعِيَتِهِمُ قَبُلَ وِعَآءِ أَخِيهِ ثُمَّ ٱسُتَخُرَجَهَا مِن وِعَآءِ أَخِيهٍ كَذَالِكَ كِدُنَا لِيُوسُفَّ مَا كَانَ لِيَأَخُذَ أَخَاهُ فِى دِينِ ٱلْمَلِكِ إِلَّا أَن يَشَآءَ ٱللَّهُۚ نَرُ فَعُ دَرَجَنتٍ مَّن نَّشَآءًۗ وَفَوْقَ كُلِّ ذِى عِلْمٍ عَلِيمٌ ۞

So he [Yûsuf (Joseph)] began (the search) in their bags before the bag of his brother. Then he brought it out of his brother's bag. Thus did We plan for Yûsuf (Joseph). He could not take his brother by the law of the king (as a slave), except that Allâh willed it. (So Allâh made the brothers to bind themselves with their way of "punishment, i.e. enslaving of a thief.") We raise to degrees whom We please, but over all those endowed with knowledge is the All-Knowing (Allâh).

*قَالُوٓاْ إِن يَسُرِقُ فَقَدُ سَرَقَ أَخُ لَّهُ مِن قَبُلُ فَأَسَرَّهَا يُوسُفُ فِي نَفُسِهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللّهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى

وَلَمُ يُبُدِهَا لَهُمَ قَالَ أَنتُمُ شَرٌّ مَّكَانًا ۗ وَٱللَّهُ أَعُلَمُ بِمَا تَصِفُونَ ۞

They [(Yûsuf's (Joseph) brothers] said: "If he steals, there was a brother of his [Yûsuf (Joseph)] who did steal before (him)." But these things did Yûsuf (Joseph) keep in himself, revealing not the secrets to them. He said (within himself): "You are in worst case, and Allâh knows best the truth of what you assert!"

78.

قَالُواْ يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلْعَزِيرُ إِنَّ لَهُ وَ أَبَّا شَيْخًا كَبِيرًا فَخُذُ أَحَدَنَا مَكَانَهُ وَ اللهُ وَ أَبَّا شَيْخًا كَبِيرًا فَخُذُ أَحَدَنَا مَكَانَهُ وَ إِنَّا نَرَ نِكَ مِنَ ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ ﴿

They said: "O ruler of the land! Verily, he has an old father (who will grieve for him); so take one of us in his place. Indeed we think that you are one of the *Muhsinûn* (good-doers - see V.2:112)."

79.

قَالَ مَعَاذَ ٱللَّهِ أَن نَّا خُذَ إِلَّا مَن وَجَدُنَا مَتَعَنَا عِندَهُ ۚ إِنَّاۤ إِذًا لَّطَعلِمُونَ ٢

He said: "Allâh forbid, that we should take anyone but him with whom we found our property. Indeed (if we did so), we should be *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers)."

80.

فَلَمَّا ٱسۡتَيۡعَسُواْ مِنْهُ خَلَصُواْ نَجِيَّا قَالَ كَبِيرُهُمُ أَلَمُ تَعۡلَمُوۤاْ أَنَّ أَبَاكُمُ قَدُ أَخَذَ عَلَيْكُم مَّوُثِقًا مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَمِن قَبُلُ مَا فَرَّطتُمُ فِي يُوسُفَ فَلَنُ أَبْرَ حَ ٱلْأَرْضَ حَتَّىٰ يَأَذَنَ لِيٓ أَبِىٓ أَوْ يَحُكُمَ ٱللَّهُ لِي وَهُوَ خَيْرُ ٱلْحَدِكِمِينَ هَا

So, when they despaired of him, they held a conference in private. The eldest among them said: "Know you not that your father did take an oath from you in Allâh's Name, and before this you did fail in your duty with Yûsuf (Joseph)? Therefore I will not leave this land until my father permits me, or Allâh decides my case (by releasing Benjamin) and He is the Best of the judges.

81.

ٱرْجِعُوٓاْ إِلَــنَ أَبِيكُـمُ فَقُولُـواْ يَنَأَبَانَـاۤ إِنَّ ٱبنَـكَ سَـرَقَ وَمَـا شَـهِدُنَاۤ إِلَّا بِمَا عَلِمُنَا وَمَا كُنَّا لِلُغَيُـبِ حَـنفِظِينَ ﴿

"Return to your father and say, 'O our father! Verily, your son (Benjamin) has stolen, and we testify not except according to what we know, and we could not know the unseen!

82.

وَسُئَلِ ٱلْقَرُيَةَ ٱلَّتِي كُنَّا فِيهَا وَٱلْعِيرَ ٱلَّتِيَّ أَقُبَلُنَا فِيهَا ۖ وَإِنَّا لَصَدِقُونَ ﴿

"And ask (the people of) the town where we have been, and the caravan in which we returned, and indeed we are telling the truth."

قَالَ بَلُ سَوَّلَتُ لَكُمُ أَنفُسُكُمُ أَمُرًا ۖ فَصَبُرُ جَمِيلٌ عَسَى ٱللَّهُ أَن يَأْتِيَنِي بِهِمُ جَمِيعًا ۚ إِنَّهُ وهُوَ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ٱلْحَكِيمُ ۞

He [Ya'qûb (Jacob)] said: "Nay, but your ownselves have beguiled you into something. So patience is most fitting (for me). May be Allâh will bring them (back) all to me. Truly He! only He is All-Knowing, All-Wise."

84.

And he turned away from them and said: "Alas, my grief for Yûsuf (Joseph)!" And he lost his sight because of the sorrow that he was suppressing.

85.

They said: "By Allâh! You will never cease remembering Yûsuf (Joseph) until you become weak with old age, or until you be of the dead."

86.

He said: "I only complain of my grief and sorrow to Allâh, and I know from Allâh that which you know not.

87.

"O my sons! Go you and enquire about Yûsuf (Joseph) and his brother, and never give up hope of Allâh's Mercy. Certainly no one despairs of Allâh's Mercy, except the people who disbelieve."

88.

Then, when they entered unto him [Yûsuf (Joseph)], they said: "O ruler of the land! A hard time has hit us and our family, and we have brought but poor capital, so pay us full measure and be charitable to us. Truly, Allâh does reward the charitable."

89.

He said: "Do you know what you did with Yûsuf (Joseph) and his brother, when you were ignorant?"

قَالُوٓاْ أَءِنَّكَ لَأَنتَ يُوسُفُّ قَالَ أَنَاْ يُوسُفُ وَهَدَذَاۤ أَخِىَّ قَدُ مَنَّ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْنَٓ ۗ إِنَّهُ مَن يَتَّقِ وَيَصُبِرُ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُضِيعُ أَجُرَ ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ ۞

They said: "Are you indeed Yûsuf (Joseph)?" He said: "I am Yûsuf (Joseph), and this is my brother (Benjamin). Allâh has indeed been gracious to us. Verily, he who fears Allâh with obedience to Him (by abstaining from sins and evil deeds, and by performing righteous good deeds), and is patient, then surely, Allâh makes not the reward of the *Muhsinûn* (good-doers - see V.2:112) to be lost."

91.

They said: "By Allâh! Indeed Allâh has preferred you above us, and we certainly have been sinners."

92.

He said: "No reproach on you this day, may Allâh forgive you, and He is the Most Merciful of those who show mercy! f I

93.

"Go with this shirt of mine, and cast it over the face of my father, he will become clear-sighted, and bring to me all your family."

94.

(E)

And when the caravan departed, their father said: "I do indeed feel the smell of Yûsuf (Joseph), if only you think me not a dotard (a person who has weakness of mind because of old age)."

95.

They said: "By Allâh! Certainly, you are in your old error."

96.

Then, when the bearer of the glad tidings arrived, he cast it (the shirt) over his face, and he became clear-sighted. He said: "Did I not say to you, 'I know from Allâh that which you know not.' "

قَالُواْ يَكَأَبَانَا ٱسُتَغُفِرُ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَآ إِنَّا كُنَّا خَعِطِئِينَ ١

They said: "O our father! Ask forgiveness (from Allâh) for our sins, indeed we have been sinners."

98.

He said: "I will ask my Lord for forgiveness for you, verily He! Only He is the Oft-Forgiving, the Most Merciful."

99.

فَلَمَّا دَخَلُواْ عَلَىٰ يُوسُفَ ءَاوَىٰ إِلَيْهِ أَبَوَيُهِ وَقَالَ ٱدُخُلُواْ مِصُرَ إِن شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ ءَامِنِينَ

Then, when they entered unto Yûsuf (Joseph), he betook his parents to himself and said: "Enter Egypt, if Allâh wills, in security."

100.

وَرَفَعَ أَبَوَيُهِ عَلَى ٱلْعَرُشِ وَخَرُّواْ لَهُ مُ سُجَّدًا ۗ وَقَالَ يَثَأَبَتِ هَدَا تَأُويلُ رُعِينَ مِن قَبُلُ قَدُ جَعَلَهَا رَبِّى حَقَّا ۗ وَقَدُ أَحُسَنَ بِيَ إِذُ أَخُرَجَنِى رُعُيَى مِن السِّجُنِ وَجَامَ يَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْبَدُو مِنْ بَعُدِ أَن نَّزَعَ ٱلشَّيُطَن بَعُد مِن السِّجُنِ وَجَاءَ بِكُم مِّنَ ٱلْبَدُو مِنْ بَعُدِ أَن نَّزَعَ ٱلشَّيُطَن بَعَد اللهِ عَلَيم الطيفُ لِّمَا يَشَآءُ إِنَّهُ وَهُو ٱلْعَلِيمُ ٱلْحَكِيمُ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَ إِخُوتِيَ إِنَّ رُبِّى لَطِيفٌ لِيّمَا يَشَآءُ إِنَّهُ وَهُو ٱلْعَلِيمُ ٱلْحَكِيمُ



And he raised his parents to the throne and they fell down before him prostrate. And he said: "O my father! This is the interpretation of my dream aforetime! My Lord has made it come true! He was indeed good to me, when He took me out of the prison, and brought you (all here) out of the bedouin-life, after *Shaitân* (Satan) had sown enmity between me and my brothers. Certainly, my Lord is the Most Courteous and Kind unto whom He will. Truly He! Only He is the All-Knowing, the All-Wise.

101

 «رَبِّ قَدُ ءَاتَيْتَنِدِ مِ مِ نَ ٱلْمُلُكِ وَعَلَّمُتَنِ مِ مِ نَ تَ أُويلِ اللهِ وَعَلَّمُتَنِ مِ مِ نَ تَ أُويلِ اللهِ وَعَلَّمُ اللهِ وَعَلَّمُ اللهِ وَالْأَرْضِ أَنستَ وَلِ مِ وَ اللهَ عَلِي اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ ال

"My Lord! You have indeed bestowed on me of the sovereignty, and taught me the interpretation of dreams; The (only) Creator of the heavens and the earth! You are my *Walî* (Protector, Helper, Supporter, Guardian, etc.) in this world and in the Hereafter, cause me to die as a Muslim (the one submitting to Your Will), and join me with the righteous."

102

ذَلِكَ مِنْ أَنْبَآءِ ٱلْغَيْبِ نُوحِيهِ إِلَيْكَ ۗ وَمَا كُنتَ لَدَيْهِمُ إِذُ أَجُمَعُوٓاْ أَمُرَهُمُ وَهُمۡ يَمۡكُرُونَ ۞

This is of the news of the *Ghaib* (unseen) which We reveal by Inspiration to you (O Muhammad SAW). You were not (present) with them when they arranged their plan together, and (also, while) they were plotting.

103

And most of mankind will not believe even if you desire it eagerly.

104

And no reward you (O Muhammad SAW) ask of them (those who deny your Prophethood) for it, it(the Qur'ân) is no less than a Reminder and an advice unto the 'Alamîn (men and jinns).

105.

And how many a sign in the heavens and the earth they pass by, while they are averse therefrom.

106

And most of them believe not in Allâh except that they attribute partners unto Him [i.e. they are *Mushrikûn* -polytheists - see Verse 6: 121].

107

Do they then feel secure from the coming against them of the covering veil of the Torment of Allâh, or of the coming against them of the (Final) Hour, all of a sudden while they perceive not?

108.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "This is my way; I invite unto Allâh (i.e. to the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism) with sure knowledge, I and whosoever follows me (also must invite others to Allâh i.e to the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism) with sure knowledge. And Glorified and Exalted be Allâh (above all that they associate as partners with Him). And I am not of the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists, pagans, idolaters and disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh; those who worship others

along with Allâh or set up rivals or partners to Allâh)."

109.

And We sent not before you (as Messengers) any but men, whom We inspired from among the people of townships. Have they not travelled through the earth and seen what was the end of those who were before them? And verily, the home of the Hereafter is the best for those who fear Allâh and obey Him (by abstaining from sins and evil deeds, and by performing righteous good deeds). Do you not then understand?

110.

حَتَّىٰۤ إِذَا ٱسۡتَيَّسَ ٱلرُّسُلُ وَظَنُّوٓا أَنَّهُمُ قَدُ كُذِبُواْ جَآءَهُمُ نَصُرُنَا فَنُجِّىَ مَن نَّشَآءً ۗ وَلَا يُرَدُّ بَأَسُنَا عَنِ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلْمُجُرِمِينَ ۚ

(They were reprieved) until, when the Messengers gave up hope and thought that they were denied (by their people), then came to them Our Help, and whomsoever We willed were delivered. And Our Punishment cannot be warded off from the people who are *Mujrimûn* (criminals, disobedients to Allâh, sinners, disbelievers, polytheists).

111.

لَقَدُ كَانَ فِي قَصَصِهِمُ عِبْرَةٌ لِّأُوْلِي ٱلْأَلْبَبِّ مَا كَانَ حَدِيثًا يُفْتَرَىٰ وَلَدكِن تَصُدِيقَ اللَّهُ وَمَعْ فَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ الْعَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ الْمَا عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَل

Indeed in their stories, there is a lesson for men of understanding. It (the Qur'an) is not a forged statement but a confirmation of the Allâh's existing Books [the Taurât (Torah), the Injeel (Gospel) and other Scriptures of Allâh] and a detailed explanation of everything and a guide and a Mercy for the people who believe. I

13. Ar-Ra'd Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

الْهَرْ تِلُكَ ءَايَكِتُ ٱلْكِتَنِبِ وَٱلَّذِي أُنزِلَ إِلَيْكَ مِن رَّبِّكَ ٱلْحَقُّ وَلَكِنَّ أَكُثَرَ ٱلنَّاسِ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ۞

Alif-Lâm-Mîm-Râ.

[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings].

These are the Verses of the Book (the Qur'ân), and that which has been revealed unto you (Muhammad SAW) from your Lord is the truth, but most men believe not.

2.

ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِى رَفَعَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ بِغَيْرِ عَمَدٍ تَرَوُنَهَا ثُمَّ ٱسُتَوَىٰ عَلَى ٱلْعَرُشِّ وَسَخَّرَ ٱلشَّمْسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ ۚ كُلُّ يَجُرِى لِأَجَلِ مُّسَمَّى يُدَبِّرُ ٱلْأَمَرَ يُفَصِّلُ ٱلْأَيَدِ لَعَلَّكُم بِلِقَآءِ رَبِّكُمْ تُوقِنُونَ ۞

Allâh is He Who raised the heavens without any pillars that you can see. Then, He *Istawâ* (rose above) the Throne (really in a manner that suits His Majesty). He has subjected the sun and the moon (to continue going round)! Each running (its course) for a term appointed. He regulates all affairs, explaining the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) in detail, that you may believe with certainty in the meeting with your Lord.

3.

وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِى مَدَّ ٱلْأَرُضَ وَجَعَلَ فِيهَا رَوَسِىَ وَأَنْهَدَرًا ۗ وَمِن كُلِّ ٱلثَّمَرَتِ جَعَلَ فِيهَا رَوَسِىَ وَأَنْهَدَرًا ۗ وَمِن كُلِّ ٱلثَّمَرَتِ جَعَلَ فِيهَا زَوُجَيْنِ ٱثْنَيُ لِيَّ يُغُشِى ٱلَّيُلَ ٱلنَّهَارَ ۚ إِنَّ فِى ذَلِكَ لَأَيَدتٍ لِيَّا فِيهَا زَوُجَيْنِ ٱثْنَيُ لِيَّ يُغُشِى ٱلَّيُلَ ٱلنَّهَارَ ۚ إِنَّ فِى ذَلِكَ لَأَيَدتٍ لِلَّا لَيَّا فَعُرْمِ يَتَفَكَّ رُونَ ﴾ لِقَوْمِ يَتَفَكَّ رُونَ ﴾

And it is He Who spread out the earth, and placed therein firm mountains and rivers and of every kind of fruits He made *Zawjain Ithnaîn* (two in pairs - may mean two kinds or it may mean: of two sorts, e.g. black and white, sweet and sour, small and big, etc.) He brings the night as a cover over the day. Verily, in these things, there are *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, etc.) for people who reflect.

4.

وَفِى ٱلْأَرْضِ قِطَّعُ مُّتَجَوِرَتُ وَجَنَّتُ مِّنُ أَعُنَىبٍ وَزَرٌ عُ وَنَخِيلٌ وَفِي ٱلْأَرْضِ قِطَعُ مُّتَجَوِرَتُ وَجَنَّتُ مِّنُ أَعُنَىبٍ وَزَرٌ عُ وَنَخِيلٌ صِنُوَانٌ وَغَيْرُ صِنُوَانٍ يُسُقَىٰ بِمَآءٍ وَحِدٍ وَنُفَضِّلُ بَعْضَهَا عَلَىٰ بَعْضِ فِي صِنُوَانٌ وَغَيْرُ صِنُوانٍ يُسُقَىٰ بِمَآءٍ وَحِدٍ وَنُفَضِّلُ بَعْضَهَا عَلَىٰ بَعْضِ فِي اللهِ اللهَ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ

And in the earth are neighbouring tracts, and gardens of vines, and green crops (fields etc.), and date-palms, growing out two or three from a single stem root, or otherwise (one stem root for every palm), watered with the same water, yet some of them We make more excellent than others to eat. Verily, in these things, there are *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs) for the people who understand.

 « وَإِن تَعُجَبُ فَعَجَبُ قَولُهُمُ أَءِذَا كُنَّا تُرَبًا أَءِنَّا لَفِي خَلُقٍ جَدِيدٍ اللهِ مُ أَءِذَا كُنَّا تُرَبًا أَءِنَّا لَفِي خَلُقٍ جَدِيدٍ اللهِ أَوْلَتَ إِلهَ أَوْلَتَ إِلهُ أَوْلَتَ إِلهُ أَوْلَتَ إِلهُ أَوْلَتَ إِلهُ أَوْلَتَ إِلهُ أَوْلَتُ إِلهُ أَوْلَتَ إِلهُ أَوْلَتَ إِلهُ إِلْهُ إِلْ إِلْهُ إِلْه

And if you (O Muhammad SAW) wonder (at these polytheists who deny your message of Islâmic Monotheism and have taken besides Allâh others for worship who can neither harm nor benefit), then wondrous is their saying: "When we are dust, shall we indeed then be (raised) in a new creation?" They are those who disbelieve in their Lord! They are those who will have iron chains tying their hands to their necks. They will be dwellers of the Fire to abide therein.

وَيَسُــتَعُجِلُونَكَ بِٱلسَّــيِّئَةِ قَبُــلَ ٱلْحَسَـنَةِ وَقَــدُ خَــلَتُ مِـن قَبُلِهِـمُ ٱلْمَثُلَـــتُ وَإِنَّ رَبَّــكَ لَـــذُو مَغُفِــرَةٍ لِّلنَّـاسِ عَلَــىٰ ظُلُمِهِــمُ وَإِنَّ رَبَّـكَ لَشَـدِيدُ ٱلْعِقَـاب ۞

They ask you to hasten the evil before the good, yet (many) exemplary punishments have indeed occurred before them. But verily, your Lord is full of Forgiveness for mankind inspite of their wrongdoing. And verily, your Lord is (also) Severe in punishment.

وَيَقُولُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَوُلَآ أُنزِلَ عَلَيْهِ ءَايَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّهِ ۗ ۚ إِنَّمَآ أَنتَ مُنذِرُ ۗ وَلِكُلِّ قَوُم هَادٍ ۞

And the disbelievers say: "Why is not a sign sent down to him from his Lord?" You are only a warner, and to every people there is a guide.

اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تَحْمِلُ كُلُّ أُنثَىٰ وَمَا تَغِيضُ الْأَرُحَامُ وَمَا تَزُدَادُ ۗ وَكُلُّ شَيْءٍ اللَّهُ يَعْلَمُ مَا تَحْمِلُ كُلُّ شَيْءٍ عِندَهُ و بِمِقَدَار ۞

Allâh knows what every female bears, and by how much the wombs fall short (of their time or number) or exceed. Everything with Him is in (due) proportion.

عَلِــمُ ٱلْغَيُــبِ وَٱلشَّــهَدَةِ ٱلْكَبِــيرُ ٱلْمُتَعَـالِ ۞

All-Knower of the unseen and the seen, the Most Great, the Most High.

سَوَآهُ مِّنكُم مَّنُ أُسَرَّ ٱلْقَولُ وَمَن جَهَرَ بِهِ - وَمَنُ هُوَ مُسُتَخُفٍ بِٱلَّيْل وَسَارِبُّ بِٱلنَّهَارِ ﴿

It is the same (to Him) whether any of you conceal his speech or declare it openly, whether he be hid by night or go forth freely by day.

11.

لَهُ و مُعَقِّبَ لَتُ مِّنْ بَيْنِ يَدَيُهِ وَمِنْ خَلُفِهِ ع يَحُفَظُونَهُ و مِنْ أَمُر ٱللَّهِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُغَيِّرُ مَا بِقَوم حَتَّىٰ يُغَيِّرُواْ مَا بِأَنفُسِهِمُّ وَإِذَآ أَرَادَ ٱللَّهُ بِقَوم سُوٓءًا فَلَا مَرَدَّ لَهُ وَ وَمَا لَهُم مِّن دُونِهِ عِن وَالِ 🟐

For each (person), there are angels in succession, before and behind him. Π They guard him by the Command of Allah. Verily! Allah will not change the good condition of a people as long as they do not change their state of goodness themselves (by committing sins and by being ungrateful and disobedient to Allâh). But when Allâh wills a people's punishment, there can be no turning back of it, and they will find besides Him no protector.

12.

It is He who shows you the lightning, as a fear (for travellers) and as a hope (for those who wait for rain). And it is He Who brings up (or originates) the clouds, heavy (with water).

13.

And Ar- $Ra'a^{f I}$ (thunder) glorifies and praises Him, and so do the angels because of His Awe, He sends the thunderbolts, and therewith He strikes whom He wills, yet they (disbelievers) dispute about Allâh. And He is Mighty in strength and Severe in punishment.

14.

لَهُ و ذَعُوَةُ ٱللَّحَقُّ وَٱلَّذِينَ يَدُعُونَ مِن دُونِهِ - لَا يَسۡتَجِيبُونَ لَهُم بِشَيْءٍ إِلَّا كَبَىسِطِ كَفَّيُّهِ إِلَى ٱلْمَآءِ لِيَبُلُّغَ فَاهُ وَمَا هُوَ بِبَلِغِهِۦۚ وَمَا دُعَآءُ ٱلْكَنفِرينَ إِلَّا فِي ضَلَدلِ ۞

For Him (Alone) is the Word of Truth (i.e. none has the right to be worshipped but He). And those whom they (polytheists and disbelievers) invoke, answer them no more than one who stretches forth his hand (at the edge of a deep well) for water to reach his mouth, but it reaches him not, and the invocation of the disbelievers is nothing but an error (i.e. of no use).

15

وَلِلَّهِ يَسُجُدُ مَن فِي ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ طَوْعًا وَكَرُهًا وَكَرُهًا وَطَلَالُهُم بِٱلْغُدُوِّ وَٱلْأَصَالِ اللهِ هَا

And unto Allâh (Alone) falls in prostration whoever is in the heavens and the earth, willingly or unwillingly, and so do their shadows in the mornings and in the afternoons.

16.

قُلُ مَن رَّبُ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ قُلِ ٱللَّهُ قُلُ أَفَاتَّخَذُتُم مِّن دُونِهِ ٓ أُولِيَآءَ لَا يَمُلِكُونَ لِأَنفُسِهِمُ نَفْعًا وَلَا ضَرَّا قُلُ هَلُ يَسُتَوِى ٱلْأَعُمَىٰ وَٱلْبَصِيلُ أَمُ هَلُ يَمُلِكُونَ لِأَنفُسِهِمُ نَفْعًا وَلَا ضَرَّا قُلُ هَلُ يَسُتَوِى ٱلْأَعُمَىٰ وَٱلْبَصِيلُ أَمُ هَلُ تَمُلِكُونَ لِأَنفُسِهِمُ نَفْعًا وَلَا ضَرَّا قُلُ هَلُ يَسُتَوِى ٱلْأَعُمَىٰ وَٱلْبَصِيلُ أَمُ هَلَ تَسَنتوى ٱلظُّلُمَنتُ وَٱلنُّورُ أَمَّ جَعَلُواْ لِلَّهِ شُرَكَآءَ خَلَقُواْ كَخَلُقِهِ وَ فَتَشَنبَهَ النَّهُ مَا لَا لَهُ خَلِق كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَهُ وَ ٱلْوَاحِدُ ٱلْقَهَّىلُ شَلَا اللَّهُ خَلِق كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَهُ وَ ٱلْوَاحِدُ ٱلْقَهَّىلُ شَلَى اللَّهُ خَلِق كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَهُ وَ ٱلْوَاحِدُ ٱلْقَهَىلُ اللَّهُ خَلِق كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَهُ وَ ٱلْوَاحِدُ ٱلْقَهَىلُ شَلَ

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Who is the Lord of the heavens and the earth?" Say: "(It is) Allâh." Say: "Have you then taken (for worship) *Auliyâ'* (protectors, etc.) other than Him, such as have no power either for benefit or for harm to themselves?" Say: "Is the blind equal to the one who sees? Or darkness equal to light? Or do they assign to Allâh partners who created the like of His creation, so that the creation (which they made and His creation) seemed alike to them." Say: "Allâh is the Creator of all things, He is the One, the Irresistible."

17.

أُنزَلَ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مَآءً فَسَالَتُ أُودِيَةٌ بِقَدَرِهَا فَاحُتَمَلَ ٱلسَّيُلُ زَبَدًا
رَّابِيًا وَمِمَّا يُوقِدُونَ عَلَيْهِ فِي ٱلنَّارِ ٱبُتِغَآءَ حِلْيَةٍ أَوُ مَتَنعٍ زَبَدُ مِّثُلُهُ أَ
كَذَٰ لِكَ يَضُرِبُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلُحَقَّ وَٱلۡبَعْطِلَ فَأَمَّا ٱلزَّبَدُ فَيَذُهَبُ جُفَآءً وَأَمَّا كَذَٰ لِكَ يَضُرِبُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلأَمَّثَالَ مَا يَنفَعُ ٱلنَّاسَ فَيَمُكُثُ فِي ٱلأَرْضِ كَذَٰ لِكَ يَضُرِبُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلأَمَّثَالَ مَا يَنفَعُ ٱلنَّاسَ فَيَمُكُثُ فِي ٱلأَرْضِ كَذَٰ لِكَ يَضُرِبُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلأَمَّثَالَ



He sends down water (rain) from the sky, and the valleys flow according to their measure, but the flood bears away the foam that mounts up to the surface, and (also) from that (ore) which they heat in the fire in order to make ornaments or utensils, rises a foam like unto it, thus does Allâh (by parables) show forth truth and falsehood I. Then, as for the foam it passes away as scum upon the banks, while that which is for the good of mankind remains in the earth. Thus Allâh sets forth parables (for the truth and falsehood, i.e. Belief and disbelief).

18.

لِلَّذِينَ ٱستَجَابُواْ لِرَبِّهِمُ ٱلْحُسُنَىٰۚ وَٱلَّذِينَ لَمُ يَسْتَجِيبُواْ لَهُ ولَو أَنَّ لَهُم مَّا فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ جَمِيعًا وَمِثْلَهُ ومَعَهُ ولَافَتَدَواْ بِهِ ۚ أُوْلَآبِكَ لَهُمُ سُوّءُ ٱلْحِسَابِ وَمَأُونِهُمُ جَهَنَّمُ وَبِئُسَ ٱلْمِهَادُ ۞

For those who answered their Lord's Call [believed in the Oneness of Allâh and followed His Messenger Muhammad SAW i.e. Islâmic Monotheism] is *Al-Husna* (i.e. Paradise). But those who

answered not His Call (disbelieved in the Oneness of Allâh and followed not His Messenger Muhammad SAW), if they had all that is in the earth together with its like, they would offer it in order to save themselves (from the torment, it will be in vain). For them there will be the terrible reckoning.

Their dwelling place will be Hell; - and worst indeed is that place for rest. $^{f L}$

19.

Shall he then who knows that what has been revealed unto you (O Muhammad SAW) from your Lord is the truth be like him who is blind? But it is only the men of understanding that pay heed.

20.

Those who fulfill the Covenant of Allâh and break not the Mîthâq (bond, treaty, covenant);

21.

Those who join that which Allâh has commanded to be joined (i.e. they are good to their relatives and do not sever the bond of kinship), fear their Lord, and dread the terrible reckoning (i.e. abstain from all kinds of sins and evil deeds which Allâh has forbidden and perform all kinds of good deeds which Allâh has ordained).

22.

And those who remain patient, seeking their Lord's Countenance, perform As-Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât), and spend out of that which We have bestowed on them, secretly and openly, and defend evil with good, for such there is a good end;

23.

'Adn (Eden) Paradise (everlasting Gardens), which they shall enter and (also) those who acted righteously from among their fathers, and their wives, and their offspring. And angels shall enter unto them from every gate (saying):

24.

"Salâmun 'Alaikum (peace be upon you) for that you persevered in patience! Excellent indeed is the final home!"

And those who break the Covenant of Allâh, after its ratification, and sever that which Allâh has commanded to be joined (i.e. they sever the bond of kinship and are not good to their relatives), and work mischief in the land, on them is the curse (i.e. they will be far away from Allâh's Mercy); And for them is the unhappy (evil) home (i.e. Hell).

26.

Allâh increases the provision for whom He wills, and straitens (it for whom He wills), and they rejoice in the life of the world, whereas the life of this world as compared with the Hereafter is but a brief passing enjoyment.

27.

And those who disbelieve say: "Why is not a sign sent down to him (Muhammad SAW) from his Lord?" Say: "Verily, Allâh sends astray whom He wills and guides unto Himself those who turn to Him in repentance."

28.

Those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism), and whose hearts find rest in the remembrance of Allâh, Verily, in the remembrance of Allâh do hearts find rest I .

29.



Those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism), and work righteousness, $T\hat{u}b\hat{a}$ (it means all kinds of happiness or name of a tree in Paradise) is for them and a beautiful place of (final) return.

كَذَالِكَ أَرُسَلُنَكَ فِي أُمَّةٍ قَدُ خَلَتُ مِن قَبُلِهَاۤ أُمَمُ لِّتَتُلُواْ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلَّذِيّ أَوْحَيُنَاۤ إِلَيْكَ وَهُمُ يَكُفُرُونَ بِٱلرَّحُمَنِ قُلُ هُوَ رَبِّى لَآ إِلَنهَ إِلَّا هُوَ عَلَيْهِ تَوَكَّلُتُ وَإِلَيْهِ مَتَابِ ﴿

Thus have We sent you (O Muhammad SAW) to a community before whom other communities have passed away, in order that you might recite unto them what We have inspired to you, while they disbelieve in the Most Beneficient (Allâh) Say: "He is my Lord! *Lâ ilâha illâ Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He)! In Him is my trust, and to Him will be my return with repentance."

31.

وَلَو أَنَّ قُرُءَانَا سُيِّرَتُ بِهِ ٱلْجِبَالُ أَوْ قُطِّعَتُ بِهِ ٱلْأَرْضُ أَو كُلِّمَ بِهِ ٱلْمَوْتَىُ ۚ بَل لِلَّهِ ٱلْأَمْرُ جَمِيعً ۗ أَفَلَمُ يَاْيُعَسِ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوۤاْ أَن لَّو يَشَآءُ ٱللَّهُ لَهَدَى ٱلنَّاسَ جَمِيعً ۗ وَلَا يَزَالُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ تُصِيبُهُم بِمَا صَنَعُواْ قَارِعَةٌ أَوْ تَحُلُّ قَرِيبًا مِّن دَارِهِمُ حَتَّىٰ يَأْتِي وَعُدُ ٱللَّهِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُخُلِفُ ٱلمُعِيعَادَ ۚ هَنِ

And if there had been a Qur'ân with which mountains could be moved (from their places), or the earth could be cloven asunder, or the dead could be made to speak (it would not have been other than this Qur'ân). But the decision of all things is certainly with Allâh. Have not then those who believe yet known that had Allâh willed, He could have guided all mankind? And a disaster will not cease to strike those who disbelieve because of their (evil) deeds or it (i.e. the disaster) settle close to their homes, until the Promise of Allâh comes to pass. Certainly, Allâh does not fail in His Promise.

32

وَلَقَدِ ٱسۡتُهُزِئَ بِرُسُلٍ مِّن قَبُلِكَ فَأَمُلَيْتُ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ ثُمَّ أَخَذُتُهُمُۗ فَ فَكَــيُفَ كَـانَ عِقَـابِ ﴿

And indeed (many) Messengers were mocked at before you (O Muhammad SAW), but I granted respite to those who disbelieved, and finally I punished them. Then how (terrible) was My Punishment!

33.

أَفَمَنُ هُوَ قَآيِمٌ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ نَفُسٍ بِمَا كَسَبَتُّ وَجَعَلُواْ لِلَّهِ شُرَكَآءَ قُلُ سَمُّوهُمُّ أَمُ تُنَبِّئُونَهُ وِبِمَا لَا يَعُلَمُ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ أَم بِظَنهِرٍ مِّنَ ٱلْقَولُ بَلُ زُيِّنَ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مَكُرُهُمُ وَصُدُّواْ عَنِ ٱلسَّبِيلِِّ وَمَن يُضْلِلِ ٱللَّهُ فَمَا لَهُ ومِنُ هَادٍ



Is then He (Allâh) Who takes charge (guards, maintains, provides, etc.) of every person and knows all that he has earned (like any other deities who know nothing)? Yet they ascribe partners to Allâh. Say: "Name them! Is it that you will inform Him of something He knows not in the earth or is it (just) a show of false words." Nay! To those who disbelieve, their plotting is made fairseeming, and they have been hindered from the Right Path, and whom Allâh sends astray, for him, there is no guide.

لَّهُمُ عَذَابٌ فِي ٱلْحَيَوْةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا ۗ وَلَعَذَابُ ٱلْأَخِرَةِ أَشَقُّ وَمَا لَهُم مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ مِن وَاقِ

For them is a torment in the life of this world, and certainly, harder is the torment of the Hereafter. And they have no protector against Allâh.

35.

The description of the Paradise which the *Muttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2): have been promised! - Underneath it rivers flow, its provision is eternal and so is its shade, this is the end (final destination) of the *Muttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2), and the end (final destination) of the disbelievers is Fire. (See Verse 47:15)

36.

Those to whom We have given the Book (such as 'Abdullâh bin Salâm and other Jews who embraced Islâm), rejoice at what has been revealed unto you (i.e. the Qur'ân), but there are among the Confederates (from the Jews and pagans) those who reject a part thereof. Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I am commanded only to worship Allâh (Alone) and not to join partners with Him. To Him (Alone) I call and to Him is my return."

37.

And thus have We sent it (the Qur'ân) down to be a judgement of authority in Arabic. Were you (O Muhammad SAW) to follow their (vain) desires after the knowledge which has come to you, then you will not have any *Walî* (protector) or defender against Allâh.

38.

And indeed We sent Messengers before you (O Muhammad SAW), and made for them wives and offspring. And it was not for a Messenger to bring a sign except by Allâh's Leave. (For) each and every matter there is a Decree (from Allâh).

Allâh blots out what He wills and confirms (what He wills). And with Him is the Mother of the Book (*Al-Lauh Al-Mahfûz*)

40.

Whether We show you (O Muhammad SAW) part of what We have promised them or cause you to die, your duty is only to convey (the Message) and on Us is the reckoning.

41.

See they not that We gradually reduce the land (of disbelievers, by giving it to the believers, in war victories) from its outlying borders. And Allâh judges, there is none to put back His Judgement and He is Swift at reckoning.

42.

And verily, those before them did devise plots, but all planning is Allâh's. He knows what every person earns, and the disbelievers will know who gets the good end (final destination).

43.

And those who disbelieve, say: "You (O Muhammad SAW) are not a Messenger." Say: "Sufficient for a witness between me and you is Allâh and those too who have knowledge of the Scripture (such as 'Abdullâh bin Salâm and other Jews and Christians who embraced Islâm)."

14. Ibrahîm Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

Alif-Lâm-Râ.

[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings].

(This is) a Book which We have revealed unto you (O Muhammad SAW) in order that you might lead mankind out of darkness (of disbelief and polytheism) into light (of belief in the Oneness of Allâh and Islâmic Monotheism) by their Lord's Leave to the Path of the All-Mighty, the Owner of all Praise.

2.

Allâh to Whom belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth! And woe unto the disbelievers from a severe torment.

3.

Those who prefer the life of this world instead of the Hereafter, and hinder (men) from the Path of Allâh (i.e.Islâm) and seek crookedness therein - They are far astray.

4.

And We sent not a Messenger except with the language of his people, in order that he might make (the Message) clear for them. Then Allâh misleads whom He wills and guides whom He wills. And He is the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

وَلَقَدُ أَرُسَلُنَا مُوسَىٰ بِعَايَىتِنَآ أَنَّ أَخُرِجُ قَوْمَكَ مِنَ ٱلظُّلُمَىتِ إِلَى ٱلنُّورِ وَذَكِّرُهُم بِأَيَّامِ ٱللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّ فِى ذَلِكَ لَآيَىتٍ لِّكُلِّ صَبَّارٍ شَكُورٍ ۞

And indeed We sent Mûsa (Moses) with Our *Ayât* (signs, proofs, and evidences) (saying): "Bring out your people from darkness into light, and make them remember the annals of Allâh. Truly, therein are evidences, proofs and signs for every patient, thankful (person)."

6.

وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لِقَوْمِهِ ٱذْكُرُواْ نِعُمَةَ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمُ إِذْ أَنجَىٰكُم مِّنُ ءَالِ فِرُعَوْنَ يَسُومُونَكُمُ سُوٓءَ ٱلْعَذَابِ وَيُذَبِّحُونَ أَبُنَآءَكُمُ وَيَسُتَحُيُونَ نِسَآءَكُمُ ۚ وَفِى ذَلِكُم بَلَآءٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمُ عَظِيمٌ ۞

And (remember) when Mûsa (Moses) said to his people: "Call to mind Allâh's Favour to you, when He delivered you from Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people who were afflicting you with horrible torment, and were slaughtering your sons and letting your women alive, and in it was a tremendous trial from your Lord."

7.

And (remember) when your Lord proclaimed: "If you give thanks (by accepting Faith and worshipping none but Allâh), I will give you more (of My Blessings), but if you are thankless (i.e. disbelievers), verily! My Punishment is indeed severe."

8

وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ إِن تَكُفُرُوٓا أَنتُمُ وَمَن فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ جَمِيعًا فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَغَنِيُّ حَمِيدً
حَمِيدً

And Mûsa (Moses) said: "If you disbelieve, you and all on earth together, then verily! Allâh is Rich (Free of all wants), Owner of all Praise."

9.

أَلَمُ يَأْتِكُمُ نَبَوُّا ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِكُمُ قَوْمِ نُوحٍ وَعَادٍ وَثَمُودَ وَٱلَّذِينَ مِنَ بَعُدِهِمُ لاَ يَعُلَمُهُمُ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ جَآءَتُهُمُ رُسُلُهُم بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ فَرَدُّوٓا أَيُدِيَهُمُ فِيۤ بَعُدِهِمُ لاَ يَعُلَمُهُمُ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُ جَآءَتُهُمُ رُسُلُهُم بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ فَرَدُّوٓا أَيُدِيَهُمُ فِيۤ أَفُو هِهِمُ وَقَالُوٓا إِنَّا كَفَرُنَا بِمَآ أُرُسِلُتُم بِهِۦ وَإِنَّا لَفِي شَكِّ مِّمَّا تَدُعُونَنَا إِلَيْهِمُ رِيبٍ ۞

Has not the news reached you, of those before you, the people of Nûh (Noah), and 'Ad, and Thamud? And those after them? None knows them but Allâh. To them came their Messengers with clear proofs, but they put their hands in their mouths (biting them from anger) and said: "Verily, we disbelieve in that with which you have been sent, and we are really in grave doubt as to that to which

*قَالَتُ رُسُلُهُمُ أَفِى ٱللَّهِ شَكُّ فَاطِرِ ٱلسَّمَنوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِّ يَدُعُو كُمُ لِيَغُفِرَ لَكُم مِّن ذُنُوبِكُمُ وَيُؤَخِّرَ كُمُ إِلَىٰٓ أَجَلٍ مُّسَمَّىٰۤ قَالُوۤاْ إِنُ أَنتُمُ إِلَّا بَشَرُّ مِّتُلُنَا تُرِيدُونَ أَن تَصُدُّونَا عَمَّا كَانَ يَعُبُدُ ءَابَآؤُنَا فَأَتُونَا بِسُلُطَنِ مُّبِينٍ



Their Messengers said: "What! Can there be a doubt about Allâh, the Creator of the heavens and the earth? He calls you (to Monotheism and to be obedient to Allâh) that He may forgive you of your sins and give you respite for a term appointed." They said: "You are no more than human beings like us! You wish to turn us away from what our fathers used to worship. Then bring us a clear authority i.e. a clear proof of what you say)."

11.

قَالَتُ لَهُمُ رُسُلُهُمُ إِن نَّحُنُ إِلَّا بَشَرُ مِّثُلُكُمُ وَلَـكِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَمُنُّ عَلَىٰ مَن يَشَآءُ مِـنُ عِبَـادِهِ ۗ وَمَـا كَـانَ لَنَـآ أَن نَّـاتًتِيَكُم بِسُـلُطَـنِ إِلَّا بِـإِذْنِ ٱللَّـهِ وَعَلَـى ٱللَّـهِ فَلُيَتَـوَكَّل ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ۞

Their Messengers said to them: "We are no more than human beings like you, but Allâh bestows His Grace to whom He wills of His slaves. It is not ours to bring you an authority (proof) except by the Permission of Allâh. And in Allâh (Alone) let the believers put their trust.

12.

وَمَا لَنَآ أَلَّا نَتَوَكَّلَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ وَقَدُ هَدَننَا سُبُلَنَاۚ وَلَنَصُبِرَنَّ عَلَىٰ مَا لَنَا سُبُلَنَاۚ وَلَنَصُبِرَنَّ عَلَىٰ مَا ءَاذَيْتُمُونَا ۚ وَعَلَى ٱللَّهِ فَلْيَتَوَكِّلُ ٱلْمُتَوَكِّلُونَ ۚ

"And why should we not put our trust in Allâh while He indeed has guided us our ways. And we shall certainly bear with patience all the hurt you may cause us, and in Allâh (Alone) let those who trust, put their trust."

13.

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لِرُسُلِهِمُ لَنُخُرِجَنَّكُم مِّنُ أَرُضِنَا ۚ أَو لَتَعُودُنَّ فِي مِلَّتِنَا ۗ فَأَوْحَنَ إِلَيْهِمُ رَبُّهُمُ مُ لَنُهُلِكَنَّ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ ۚ

And those who disbelieved, said to their Messengers: "Surely, we shall drive you out of our land, or you shall return to our religion." So their Lord inspired them: "Truly, We shall destroy the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, disbelievers and wrong-doers.).

14.

وَلَنُسُكِنَنَّكُمُ ٱلْأَرُّضَ مِنْ بَعُدِهِمْ ۚ ذَلِكَ لِمَنْ خَافَ مَقَامِى وَخَافَ وَعِيدٍ



"And indeed, We shall make you dwell in the land after them. This is for him who fears standing before Me (on the Day of Resurrection or fears My Punishment) and also fears My Threat."

وَٱسۡتَفۡتَحُواْ وَخَابَ كُلُّ جَبَّارِ عَنِيدٍ ١

But they (the Messengers) sought victory and help [from their Lord (Allâh)], and every obstinate, arrogant dictator (who refuses to believe in the Oneness of Allâh) was brought to a complete loss and destruction.

16.

In front of him (every obstinate, arrogant dictator) is Hell, and he will be made to drink boiling, festering water.

17.

He will sip it unwillingly, and he will find a great difficulty to swallow it down his throat , and death will come to him from every side, yet he will not die and in front of him, will be a great torment.

18.

مَّثَلُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِرَبِّهِمُّ أَعُمَالُهُمُ كَرَمَادٍ ٱشُتَدَّتُ بِهِ ٱلرِّيحُ فِي يَوُم عَاصِفٍ ۗ لَا يَقُدِرُونَ مِمَّا كَسَبُواْ عَلَىٰ شَيَّءٍ ۚ ذَلِكَ هُوَ ٱلظَّلَالُ ٱلْبَعِيدُ



The parable of those who disbelieve in their Lord is that their works are as ashes, on which the wind blows furiously on a stormy day, they shall not be able to get aught of what they have earned. That is the straying, far away (from the Right Path).

19.

Do you not see that Allâh has created the heavens and the earth with truth? If He will, He can remove you and bring (in your place) a new creation!

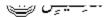
20.

And for Allâh that is not hard or difficult (i.e. very easy for Allâh).

21.

وَبَرَزُواْ لِلَّهِ جَمِيعًا فَقَالَ ٱلضُّعَفَدَوُاْ لِلَّذِينَ ٱسۡتَكُبَرُوۤاْ إِنَّا كُنَّا لَكُمُ تَبَعًا فَهَلُ أَنتُم مُّغُنُونَ عَنَّا مِنْ عَذَابِ ٱللَّهِ مِن شَيْءٍ قَالُواْ لَوُ هَذَننَا ٱللَّهُ لَهَدَيُنَكُمُ مَّ سَوَآءٌ عَلَيْنَاۤ أَجَزِعُنَاۤ أَمُ صَبَرُنَا مَا لَنَا مِن





And they all shall appear before Allâh (on the Day of Resurrection) then the weak will say to those who were arrogant (chiefs): "Verily, we were following you; can you avail us anything from Allâh's Torment?" They will say: "Had Allâh guided us, we would have guided you. It makes no difference to us (now) whether we rage, or bear (these torments) with patience, there is no place of refuge for us."

22.

وَقَالَ ٱلشَّيْطَنُ لَمَّا قُضِى ٱلْأَمُرُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ وَعَدَكُمُ وَعُدَ ٱلْحَقِّ وَوَعَدَتُكُمُ فَأَسُتَجَبُتُمُ فَأَفُتُكُمُ فَأَسُتَجَبُتُمُ فَأَفُتُكُمُ فَأَسُتَجَبُتُمُ فَأَفُتُكُمْ فَأَسُتَجَبُتُمُ لِللَّهَ وَمَا كَانَ لِى عَلَيْكُم مِّن سُلُطَنٍ إِلَّا أَن دَعَوْتُكُمُ فَأَسُتَجَبُتُمُ لِللَّهَ فَاللَّتَكُم فَاسَتَجَبُتُم لِللَّهَ فَاللَّهُ وَمَا آنَتُ مِ لِللَّهُ فَلَا تَلُومُ ونِى وَلُومُ وَا أَنفُسَكُم مَّا آنَا بِمُصْرِ خِكُمُ وَمَا آنتُ م لِللَّهُ فَاللَّهُ مَا أَنتُ مِ مُصَرِ خِكُمُ وَمَا أَنتُ م بِمُصَرِ خِكُمُ وَمَا أَنتُ مَا أَنتُ مُ وَمَا أَنْ اللَّهُ وَمَا أَنْ اللَّهُ مَا أَنْ اللَّهُ مَا أَنْ اللَّهُ مَا أَنْ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ

And *Shaitân* (Satan) will say when the matter has been decided: "Verily, Allâh promised you a promise of truth. And I too promised you, but I betrayed you. I had no authority over you except that I called you, so you responded to me. So blame me not, but blame yourselves. I cannot help you, nor can you help me. I deny your former act in associating me (Satan) as a partner with Allâh (by obeying me in the life of the world). Verily, there is a painful torment for the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.)."

23.

And those who believed (in the Oneness of Allâh and His Messengers and whatever they brought) and did righteous deeds, will be made to enter Gardens under which rivers flow, - to dwell therein forever (i.e.in Paradise), with the permission of their Lord. Their greeting therein will be: *Salâm* (peace!)

24.

See you not how Allâh sets forth a parable? - A goodly word as a goodly tree, whose root is firmly fixed, and its branches (reach) to the sky (i.e. very high).

25.

Giving its fruit at all times, by the Leave of its Lord and Allâh sets forth parables for mankind in order that they may remember.

26

وَمَثَلُ كَلِمَةٍ خَبِيثَةٍ كَشَجَرَةٍ خَبِيثَةٍ ٱجُتُثَّتُ مِن فَوُقِ ٱلْأَرُضِ مَا لَهَا مِن قَرَارِ ۚ

And the parable of an evil word is that of an evil tree uprooted from the surface of earth having no stability.

27.

يُثَبِّتُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُ وأبِ الْقَولِ ٱلثَّابِتِ فِي ٱلْحَيواةِ الثَّابِةِ فِي ٱلْحَيواةِ الثَّابُ اللَّهُ مَا يَشَآءُ الدُّنْيَا وَفِي ٱلْأَخِرَةِ وَيُضِلُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ وَيَفْعَلُ ٱللَّهُ مَا يَشَآءُ



Allâh will keep firm those who believe, with the word that stands firm in this world (i.e. they will keep on worshipping Allâh Alone and none else), and in the Hereafter. And Allâh will cause to go astray those who are *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.), and Allâh does what He wills.

28.

* أَلَمُ تَرَ إِلَى ٱلَّذِينَ بَدَّلُواْ نِعُمَتَ ٱللَّهِ كُفُرًا وَأَحَلُّواْ قَوْمَهُمُ دَارَ ٱلبّوَارِ



Have you not seen those who have changed the Blessings of Allâh into disbelief (by denying Prophet Muhammad SAW and his Message of Islâm), and caused their people to dwell in the house of destruction?

29

Hell, in which they will burn, - and what an evil place to settle in!

30.

And they set up rivals to Allâh, to mislead (men) from His Path! Say: "Enjoy (your brief life)! But certainly, your destination is the (Hell) Fire!"

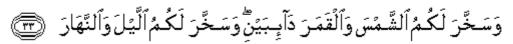
31.

Say (O Muhammad SAW) to '*Ibâdî* (My slaves) who have believed, that they should perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), and spend in charity out of the sustenance We have given them, secretly and openly, before the coming of a Day on which there will be neither mutual bargaining nor befriending.

ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ وَأَنزَلَ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مَآءً فَأَخُرَ جَبِهِ عَلَى اللَّهَ ٱلْفُلُكَ لِتَجُرِىَ فِى ٱلْبَحْرِ بِأَمُرِهِ عَلَى الشَّمَرَتِ رِزُقًا لَّكُمُ أَلْفُلُكَ لِتَجُرِىَ فِى ٱلْبَحْرِ بِأَمُرِهِ عَلَى السَّمَ ٱلْأَنْهَ رَبَي اللَّهُ الْفُلُكَ لِتَجُرِىَ فِى ٱلْبَحْرِ بِأَمُرِهِ عَلَى السَّاسَ وَسَخَّرَ لَكُمُ ٱلْأَنْهَ رَبَي

Allâh is He Who has created the heavens and the earth and sends down water (rain) from the sky, and thereby brought forth fruits as provision for you; and He has made the ships to be of service to you, that they may sail through the sea by His Command; and He has made rivers (also) to be of service to you.

33.



And He has made the sun and the moon, both constantly pursuing their courses, to be of service to you; and He has made the night and the day, to be of service to you.

34.

And He gave you of all that you asked for, and if you count the Blessings of Allâh, never will you be able to count them. Verily! Man is indeed an extreme wrong-doer, - a disbeliever (an extreme ingrate, denies Allâh's Blessings by disbelief, and by worshipping others besides Allâh, and by disobeying Allâh and His Prophet Muhammad SAW).

35.

And (remember) when Ibrâhim (Abraham) said: "O my Lord! Make this city (Makkah) one of peace and security, and keep me and my sons away from worshipping idols.

36.

"O my Lord! They have indeed led astray many among mankind. But whoso follows me, he verily is of me. And whoso disobeys me, - still You are indeed Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

37.

رَّبَّنَاۤ إِنِّىٓ أَسُكَنتُ مِن ذُرِّيَّتِى بِوَادٍ غَيْرِ ذِى زَرُ عِ عِندَ بَيُتِكَ ٱلْمُحَرَّمِ

رَبَّنَا لِيُقِيمُواْ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ فَٱجُعَلُ أَفُئِدَةً مِّنَ ٱلنَّاسِ تَهُوىۤ إِلَيْهِمُ وَٱرُزُقُهُم مِّنَ

ٱلثَّمَرَاتِ لَعَلَّهُمُ يَشُكُرُونَ ۚ

"O our Lord! I have made some of my offspring to dwell in an uncultivable valley by Your Sacred

House (the Ka'bah at Makkah); in order, O our Lord, that they may perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), so fill some hearts among men with love towards them, and (O Allâh) provide them with fruits so that they may give thanks.

38.

"O our Lord! Certainly, You know what we conceal and what we reveal. Nothing on the earth or in the heaven is hidden from Allâh.

39.

"All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, Who has given me in old age Ismâ'il (Ishmael) and Ishâque (Isaac). Verily! My Lord is indeed the All-Hearer of invocations.

40.

"O my Lord! Make me one who performs As-Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât), and (also) from my offspring, our Lord! And accept my invocation.

41

"Our Lord! Forgive me and my parents, and (all) the believers on the Day when the reckoning will be established."

42.

Consider not that Allâh is unaware of that which the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrong-doers, etc.) do, but He gives them respite up to a Day when the eyes will stare in horror.

43.

(They will be) hastening forward with necks outstretched, their heads raised up (towards the sky), their gaze returning not towards them and their hearts empty (from thinking because of extreme fear).

44

وَأَنذِرِ ٱلنَّاسَ يَوُمَ يَأُتِيهِمُ ٱلُعَذَابُ فَيَقُولُ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ رَبَّنَآ أَخِّرُنَآ إِلَىٰٓ أَجَلٍ قَرِيبٍ نُّجِبُ دَعُوتَكَ وَنَتَّبِعِ ٱلرُّسُلِّ أَوَلَمُ تَكُونُوٓاْ أَقُسَمُتُم مِّن قَبُلُ مَا لَكُم مِّن زَوَالٍ ۞ And warn (O Muhammad SAW) mankind of the Day when the torment will come unto them; then the wrong-doers will say: "Our Lord! Respite us for a little while, we will answer Your Call and follow the Messengers!" (It will be said): "Had you not sworn aforetime that you would not leave (the world for the Hereafter).

45.

"And you dwelt in the dwellings of men who wronged themselves, and it was clear to you how We had dealt with them. And We put forth (many) parables for you."

46.

Indeed, they planned their plot, and their plot was with Allâh, though their plot was a great (one, still) it would never be able to remove the mountains (real mountains or the Islâmic law) from their places (as it is of no importance) [*Tafsir Ibn Kathir*, Vol. 2, Page 597]. [It is said by some interpreters regarding this Verse that the Quraish pagans plotted against Prophet Muhammad SAW to kill him but they failed and were unable to carry out their plot which they plotted].

47.

So think not that Allâh will fail to keep His Promise to His Messengers. Certainly, Allâh is All-Mighty, -

48.



On the Day when the earth will be changed to another earth and so will be the heavens, and they (all creatures) will appear before Allâh, the One, the Irresistible.

49.

And you will see the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism, polytheists, disobedient to Allâh, etc.) that Day bound together in fetters; [*Muqarranûn* in fetters; mean:- with their hands and feet tied to their necks with chains.]

50.

Their garments will be of pitch, and fire will cover their faces.

51.

That Allâh may requite each person according to what he has earned. Truly, Allâh is Swift at reckoning.

هَدِذَا بَلَدِغُ لِلنَّاسِ وَلِيُنذَرُواْ بِهِ ۽ وَلِيَعُلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّمَا هُوَ إِلَـهُ وَ حِدُ وَلِيَذَّكَرَ أُوْلُواْ ٱلْأَلَبَبِ ۞

This (Qur'ân) is a Message for mankind (and a clear proof against them), in order that they may be warned thereby, and that they may know that He is the only One *Ilâh* (God - Allâh) - (none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh), and that men of understanding may take heed.

15. Al-Hijr Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

Alif-Lâm-Râ. [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings].

These are the Verses of the Book, and a plain Qur'an.

2.

Perhaps (often) will those who disbelieve wish that they were Muslims [those who have submitted themselves to Allâh's Will in Islâm Islâmic Monotheism, this will be on the Day of Resurrection when they will see the disbelievers going to Hell and the Muslims going to Paradise]. I

3.

Leave them to eat and enjoy, and let them be preoccupied with (false) hope. They will come to know!

4.

And never did We destroy a township but there was a known decree for it.

5.

No nation can anticipate its term, nor delay it.

6.

And they say: "O you (Muhammad SAW) to whom the *Dhikr* (the Qur'ân) has been sent down! Verily, you are a mad man.

7.

"Why do you not bring angels to us if you are of the truthful ones?"

8.

We send not the angels down except with the truth (i.e. for torment, etc.), and in that case, they (the disbelievers) would have no respite!

Verily We: It is We Who have sent down the *Dhikr* (i.e. the Qur'ân) and surely, We will guard it (from corruption) $^{f I}$.

10.

Indeed, We sent Messengers before you (O Muhammad SAW) amongst the sects (communities) of old.

11.

And never came a Messenger to them but they did mock him.

12.

Thus do We let it (polytheism and disbelief) enter into the hearts of the *Mujrimûn* [criminals, polytheists, pagans, etc. (because of their mockery at the Messengers)].

13.

They would not believe in it (the Qur'ân), and already the example of (Allâh's punishment of) the ancients (who disbelieved) has gone forth.

14.

And even if We opened to them a gate from the heaven and they were to continue ascending thereto,

15

They would surely say: "Our eyes have been (as if) dazzled. Nay, we are a people bewitched."

16.

And indeed, We have put the big stars in the heaven and We beautified it for the beholders. $^{f l}$

17.

And We have guarded it (near heaven) from every outcast Shaitân (devil).

18.

Except him (devil) that gains hearing by stealing, he is pursued by a clear flaming fire.

19



And the earth We spread out, and placed therein firm mountains, and caused to grow therein all kinds of things in due proportion.

20.

And We have provided therein means of living, for you and for those whom you provide not [moving (living) creatures, cattle, beasts, and other animals].

21.



And there is not a thing, but with Us are the stores thereof. And We send it not down except in a known measure.

22.

And We send the winds fertilizing (to fill heavily the clouds with water), then caused the water (rain) to descend from the sky, and We gave it to you to drink, and it is not you who are the owners of its stores [i.e. to give water to whom you like or to withhold it from whom you like].

23.

And certainly We! We it is Who give life, and cause death $^{f I}$, and We are the Inheritors.

24.

And indeed, We know the first generations of you who had passed away, and indeed, We know the present generations of you (mankind), and also those who will come afterwards.

25

And verily, your Lord will gather them together. Truly, He is All-Wise, All-Knowing.

26.

And indeed, We created man from sounding clay of altered black smooth mud.

27

And the jinn, We created aforetime from the smokeless flame of fire.

28.



And (remember) when your Lord said to the angels: "I am going to create a man (Adam) from sounding clay of altered black smooth mud.

29.

"So, when I have fashioned him completely and breathed into him (Adam) the soul which I created for him, then fall (you) down prostrating yourselves unto him."

30.

So, the angels prostrated themselves, all of them together.

31.

Except Iblîs (Satan), - he refused to be among the prostrators.

32

(Allâh) said: "O Iblîs (Satan)! What is your reason for not being among the prostrators?"

33.

[Iblîs (Satan)] said: "I am not the one to prostrate myself to a human being, whom You created from sounding clay of altered black smooth mud."

34.

(Allâh) said: "Then, get out from here, for verily, you are *Rajîm* (an outcast or a cursed one)." [*Tafsîr At-Tabarî*]

35

"And verily, the curse shall be upon you till the Day of Recompense (i.e. the Day of Resurrection)."

قَالَ رَبِّ فَأَنظِرُ نِنَ إِلَىٰ يَـوُم يُبُعَثُونَ ٦

[Iblîs (Satan)] said: "O my Lord! Give me then respite till the Day they (the dead) will be resurrected."

37.

Allâh said: "Then, verily, you are of those reprieved,

38.

"Till the Day of the time appointed."

39.

[Iblîs (Satan)] said: "O my Lord! Because you misled me, I shall indeed adorn the path of error for them (mankind) on the earth, and I shall mislead them all.

40.

"Except Your chosen, (guided) slaves among them."

41.

(Allâh) said: "This is the Way which will lead straight to Me."

42.

"Certainly, you shall have no authority over My slaves, except those who follow you of the *Ghâwîn* (*Mushrikûn* and those who go astray, criminals, polytheists, and evil-doers, etc.).

43

"And surely, Hell is the promised place for them all.

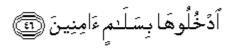
44.

"It (Hell) has seven gates, for each of those gates is a (special) class (of sinners) assigned.

45

"Truly! The *Muttaqûn* (pious and righteous persons - see V.2:2) will be amidst Gardens and water-springs (Paradise).

46



"(It will be said to them): 'Enter therein (Paradise), in peace and security.'

47.



"And We shall remove from their breasts any sense of injury (that they may have), (So they will be like) brothers facing each other on thrones.

48.

"No sense of fatigue shall touch them, nor shall they (ever) be asked to leave it."

49.

Declare (O Muhammad SAW) unto My slaves, that truly, I am the Oft-Forgiving, the Most-Merciful.

50.

And that My Torment is indeed the most painful torment.

51.

And tell them about the guests (the angels) of Ibrâhim (Abraham).

52.

When they entered unto him, and said: Salâman (peace)! [Ibrâhim (Abraham)] said: "Indeed! We are afraid of you."

53.

They (the angels) said: "Do not be afraid! We give you glad tidings of a boy (son) possessing much knowledge and wisdom."

54.

[Ibrâhim (Abraham)] said: "Do you give me glad tidings (of a son) when old age has overtaken me? Of what then is your news?"

قَالُواْ بَشَّرُ نَكَ بِٱلْحَقِّ فَلَا تَكُن مِّنَ ٱلْقَنظِينَ ﴿

They (the angels) said: "We give you glad tidings in truth. So be not of the despairing ones."

56.



[Ibrâhim (Abraham)] said: "And who despairs of the Mercy of his Lord except those who are astray?"

57.

[Ibrâhim (Abraham) again] said: "What then is the business on which you have come, O Messengers?"

58.

They (the angels) said: "We have been sent to a people who are *Mujrimûn* (criminals, disbelievers, polytheists, sinners).

59.

"(All) except the family of Lout (Lot). Them all we are surely going to save (from destruction).

60.

"Except his wife, of whom We have decreed that she shall be of those who remain behind (i.e. she will be destroyed)."

61.

Then, when the Messengers (the angels) came unto the family of Lout (Lot).

62.

He said: "Verily! You are people unknown to me."

63.

They said: "Nay, we have come to you with that (torment) which they have been doubting.

64

"And we have brought to you the truth (the news of the destruction of your nation) and certainly, we tell the truth.

65.

"Then travel in a part of the night with your family, and you go behind them in the rear, and let no one amongst you look back, but go on to where you are ordered."

66.



And We made known this decree to him, that the root of those (sinners) was to be cut off in the early morning.

67.

And the inhabitants of the city came rejoicing (at the news of the young men's arrival).

68.

[Lout (Lot)] said: "Verily! these are my guests, so shame me not.

69.

"And fear Allâh and disgrace me not."

70.

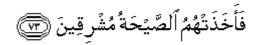
They (people of the city) said: "Did we not forbid you to entertain (or protect) any of the 'Alamîn (people, foreigners, strangers, etc. from us)?"

71.

[Lout (Lot)] said: "These (the girls of the nation) are my daughters (to marry lawfully), if you must act (so)."

72.

Verily, by your life (O Muhammad SAW), in their wild intoxication, they were wandering blindly.



So As-Saîhah (torment - awful cry, etc.) overtook them at the time of sunrise;

74

And We turned (the towns of Sodom in Palestine) upside down and rained down on them stones of baked clay.

75.

Surely! In this are signs, for those who see (or understand or learn the lessons from the Signs of Allâh).

76.

And verily! They (the cities) were right on the highroad (from Makkah to Syria i.e. the place where the Dead Sea is now) II .

77.

Surely! Therein is indeed a sign for the believers.

78.

And the dwellers in the wood [i.e. the people of Madyan (Midian) to whom Prophet Shu'aib (>>) was sent by Allâh), were also *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.).

79.

So, We took vengeance on them. They are both on an open highway, plain to see.

80.

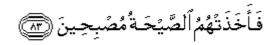
And verily, the dwellers of Al-Hijr (the rocky tract) denied the Messengers.

81

And We gave them Our Signs, but they were averse to them.

82.

And they used to hew out dwellings from the mountains (feeling themselves) secure.



But As-Saîhah (torment - awful cry etc.) overtook them in the early morning (of the fourth day of their promised punishment days).

84.

And all that which they used to earn availed them not.

85.

And We created not the heavens and the earth and all that is between them except with truth, and the Hour is surely coming, so overlook (O Muhammad SAW), their faults with gracious forgiveness. [This was before the ordainment of Jihâd holy fighting in Allâh's Cause].

86.

Verily, your Lord is the All-Knowing Creator.

87.

And indeed, We have bestowed upon you seven of *Al-Mathâni* (the seven repeatedly recited Verses). (i.e. $S\hat{u}$ rat Al- $F\hat{a}$ tiha) and the Grand Qur'ân D.

88.

Look not with your eyes ambitiously at what We have bestowed on certain classes of them (the disbelievers), nor grieve over them. And lower your wings for the believers (be courteous to the fellow-believers).

89.

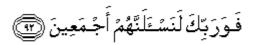
And say: "I am indeed a plain warner."

90.

As We have sent down on the dividers, (Quraish pagans or Jews and Christians).

91

Who have made the Qur'ân into parts. (i.e. believed in a part and disbelieved in the other).



So, by your Lord (O Muhammad SAW), We shall certainly call all of them to account.

93.

For all that they used to do.

94

Therefore proclaim openly (Allâh's Message Islâmic Monotheism) that which you are commanded, and turn away from *Al-Mushrikûn* (polytheists, idolaters, and disbelievers, etc. - see V.2:105).

95.

Truly! We will suffice you against the scoffers.

96

Who set up along with Allâh another ilâh (god), they will come to know.

97.

Indeed, We know that your breast is straitened at what they say.

98.

So glorify the praises of your Lord and be of those who prostrate themselves (to Him).

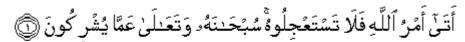
99.

And worship your Lord until there comes unto you the certainty (i.e. death). $^{
m II}$

16. An-Nahl Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.



The Event (the Hour or the punishment of disbelievers and polytheists or the Islâmic laws or commandments), ordained by Allâh will come to pass, so seek not to hasten it. Glorified and Exalted be He above all that they associate as partners with Him.

2.

He sends down the angels with inspiration of His Command to whom of His slaves He pleases (saying): "Warn mankind that *Lâ ilâha illa Ana* (none has the right to be worshipped but I), so fear Me (by abstaining from sins and evil deeds).

3.

He has created the heavens and the earth with truth. High be He Exalted above all they associate as partners with Him.

4.

He has created man from *Nutfah* (mixed drops of male and female sexual discharge), then behold, this same (man) becomes an open opponent.

5.

And the cattle, He has created them for you; in them there is warmth (warm clothing), and numerous benefits, and of them you eat.

6.

And wherein is beauty for you, when you bring them home in the evening, and as you lead them forth to pasture in the morning.

7.

And they carry your loads to a land that you could not reach except with great trouble to yourselves. Truly, your Lord is full of Kindness, Most Merciful.

وَٱلْخَيْلَ وَٱلبِغَالَ وَٱلْحَمِيرَ لِتَرُكَبُوهَا وَزِينَةً وَيَخُلُقُ مَا لَا تَعُلَمُونَ



And (He has created) horses, mules and donkeys, for you to ride and as an adornment. And He creates (other) things of which you have no knowledge.

9.

And upon Allâh is the responsibility to explain the Straight Path (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism for mankind i.e. to show them legal and illegal, good and evil things, etc. so, whosoever accepts the guidance, it will be for his own benefit and whosoever goes astray, it will be for his own destruction), but there are ways that turn aside (such as Paganism, Judaism, Christianity, etc.). And had He willed, He would have guided you all (mankind).

10.

He it is Who sends down water (rain) from the sky; from it you drink and from it (grows) the vegetation on which you send your cattle to pasture;

11.

With it He causes to grow for you the crops, the olives, the date-palms, the grapes, and every kind of fruit. Verily! In this is indeed an evident proof and a manifest sign for people who give thought.

12.

And He has subjected to you the night and the day, the sun and the moon; and the stars are subjected by His Command. Surely, in this are proofs for people who understand.

13.



And whatsoever He has created for you on this earth of varying colours [and qualities from vegetation and fruits, etc. (botanical life) and from animal (zoological life)]. Verily! In this is a sign for people who remember.

وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِى سَخَّرَ ٱلْبَحُرَ لِتَأْكُلُواْ مِنْهُ لَحُمًا طَرِيًّا وَتَسُتَخُرِجُواْ مِنْهُ حِلْيَةً تَلْبَسُونَهَا وَتَرَى ٱلْفُلُكَ مَوَاخِرَ فِيهِ وَلِتَبْتَغُواْ مِن فَصُلِهِ - وَلَعَلَّكُمُ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴾

And He it is Who has subjected the sea (to you), that you eat thereof fresh tender meat (i.e. fish), and that you bring forth out of it ornaments to wear. And you see the ships ploughing through it, that you may seek (thus) of His Bounty (by transporting the goods from place to place) and that you may be grateful.

15.

وَ أَلُقَىٰ فِى ٱلْأَرُضِ رَوَسِىَ أَن تَمِيدَ بِكُمُ وَأَنْهَىٰرًا وَسُبُلًا لَّعَلَّكُمُ تَهُتَدُونَ



And He has affixed into the earth mountains standing firm, lest it should shake with you, and rivers and roads, that you may guide yourselves.

16.

And landmarks (signposts, etc. during the day) and by the stars (during the night), they (mankind) guide themselves.

17.

Is then He, Who creates as one who creates not? Will you not then remember?

18.



And if you would count the graces of Allâh, never could you be able to count them. Truly! Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

19.

And Allâh knows what you conceal and what you reveal.

20.

Those whom they ($\emph{Al-Mushrikûn}^{\coprod}$) invoke besides Allâh have not created anything, but are themselves created.

أَمُ وَتُّ غَيْرُ أَحُيَاآءٍ وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ أَيَّانَ يُبُعَثُونَ ٢

(They are) dead, lifeless, and they know not when they will be raised up.

22.

Your *Ilâh* (God) is One *Ilâh* (God Allâh, none has the right to be worshipped but He). But for those who believe not in the Hereafter, their hearts deny (the faith in the Oneness of Allâh), and they are proud.

23.

Certainly, Allâh knows what they conceal and what they reveal. Truly, He likes not the proud.

24.

And when it is said to them: "What is it that your Lord has sent down (unto Muhammad SAW)?" They say: "Tales of the men of old!"

25.

They will bear their own burdens in full on the Day of Resurrection, and also of the burdens of those whom they misled without knowledge. Evil indeed is that which they shall bear!

26.

Those before them indeed plotted, but Allâh struck at the foundation of their building, and then the roof fell down upon them, from above them, and the torment overtook them from directions they did not perceive.

27.

ثُمَّ يَوْمَ ٱلُقِيَعَمَةِ يُخُرِيهِمُ وَيَقُولُ أَيْنَ شُرَ كَآءِى ٱلَّذِينَ كُنتُمُ تُشَنَقُُونَ فِيهِمُّ قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْعِلْمَ إِنَّ ٱلْخِزُى ٱلْيَوْمَ وَٱلسُّوٓءَ عَلَى ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ



Then, on the Day of Resurrection, He will disgrace them and will say: "Where are My (so called)

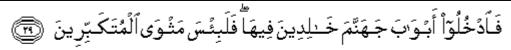
'partners' concerning whom you used to disagree and dispute (with the believers, by defying and disobeying Allâh)?" Those who have been given the knowledge (about the Torment of Allâh for the disbelievers) will say: "Verily! Disgrace this Day and misery are upon the disbelievers.

28.

ٱلَّذِينَ تَتَوَفَّنَهُمُ ٱلمَّلَيِّكَةُ ظَالِمِي أَنفُسِهِمُ فَأَلُقُواْ ٱلسَّلَمَ مَا كُنَّا نَعُمَلُ مِن سُوَءٍ بَلَيْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَعُمَلُونَ ﴿

"Those whose lives the angels take while they are doing wrong to themselves (by disbelief and by associating partners in worship with Allâh and by committing all kinds of crimes and evil deeds)." Then, they will make (false) submission (saying): "We used not to do any evil." (The angels will reply): "Yes! Truly, Allâh is All-Knower of what you used to do.

29.



"So enter the gates of Hell, to abide therein $^{f I}$, and indeed, what an evil abode will be for the arrogant."

30.

And (when) it is said to those who are the *Muttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2) "What is it that your Lord has sent down?" They say: "That which is good." For those who do good in this world, there is good, and the home of the Hereafter will be better. And excellent indeed will be the home (i.e. Paradise) of the *Muttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2).

31.

'Adn (Eden) Paradise (Gardens of Eternity) which they will enter, under which rivers flow, they will have therein all that they wish. Thus Allâh rewards the Muttagûn (pious - see V.2:2).

32.

Those whose lives the angels take while they are in a pious state (i.e. pure from all evil, and worshipping none but Allâh Alone) saying (to them): Salâmun 'Alaikum (peace be on you) enter you Paradise, because of (the good) which you used to do (in the world)."

33.

هَــلُ يَنظُــرُونَ إِلَّا أَن تَــأُتِيَهُمُ ٱلْمَلَيْبِكَــةُ أَوْ يَــأُتِى أَمُــرُ رَبِّــكَ كَذَالِكَ فَعَـلَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبْلِهِمُ وَمَا ظَلَمَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَلَــكِن كَانُوٓا أَنفُسَهُمُ يَظُلِمُونَ ٣ Do they (the disbelievers and polytheists) await but that the angels should come to them [to take away their souls (at death)], or there should come the command (i.e. the torment or the Day of Resurrection) of your Lord? Thus did those before them. And Allâh wronged them not, but they used to wrong themselves.

34.

فَأَصَابَهُمُ سَيِّاتُ مَا عَمِلُواْ وَحَاقَ بِهِم مَّا كَانُواْ بِهِ عَيسُتَهُزِءُونَ عَيْ

Then, the evil results of their deeds overtook them, and that at which they used to mock surrounded them.

35.

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَشُرَ كُواْ لَوُ شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ مَا عَبَدُنَا مِن دُونِهِ ـ مِن شَيَّءٍ نَّحُنُ وَلَاّ ءَابَآؤُنَا وَلَا حَرَّمُنَا مِن دُونِهِ ـ مِن شَيَّءٍ ۚ كَذَالِكَ فَعَلَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبَلِهِمُ ۚ فَهَلَّ عَلَى ٱلرُّسُلِ إِلَّا ٱلْبَلَى خُ ٱلْمُبِينَ ۖ

And those who join others in worship with Allâh say: "If Allâh had so willed, neither we nor our fathers would have worshipped aught but Him, nor would we have forbidden anything without (Command from) Him." So did those before them. Then! Are the Messengers charged with anything but to convey clearly the Message?

36.

وَلَقَدُ بَعَثُنَا فِ مَ كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ رَّسُولًا أَنِ اَعُبُدُواْ اللَّهُ وَمِنْهُ م مَّنُ هَدَى اللَّهُ وَمِنْهُ م مَّنُ حَقَّتُ اللَّهُ وَمِنْهُ م مَّنُ هَدَى اللَّهُ وَمِنْهُ م مَّنُ حَقَّتُ عَلَيْهِ الطَّنِفُ مَ مَّنُ حَقَّتُ عَلَيْهِ الطَّنِفُ مَ الطَّنِفُ مَا الطَّنِفُ مَا اللَّهُ وَمِنْهُ مَ مَانَ عَنقِبَة عُلَيْهِ الطَّلَاوُ الْكَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقِبَة المُعْلَيْهِ الطَّلَادَةُ فَسِيرُ واْ فِي اللَّارُضِ فَانظُرُ واْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقِبَة المُمْكَذِبِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللللَّةُ اللَّهُ الْ

And verily, We have sent among every *Ummah* (community, nation) a Messenger (proclaiming): "Worship Allâh (Alone), and avoid (or keep away from) *Tâghût*^[] (all false deities, etc. i.e. do not worship *Tâghût* besides Allâh)." Then of them were some whom Allâh guided and of them were some upon whom the straying was justified. So travel through the land and see what was the end of those who denied (the truth).

37.



If you (O Muhammad SAW) covet for their guidance [], then verily Allâh guides not those whom He makes to go astray (or none can guide him whom Allâh sends astray). And they will have no helpers.

وَ أَقُسَمُواْ بِٱللَّهِ جَهُدَ أَيُمَنِهِمُ لَا يَبُعَثُ ٱللَّهُ مَن يَمُوتُ بَلَىٰ وَعُدًا عَلَيْهِ حَقًّا وَلَـٰكِنَّ أَكُثَرَ ٱلنَّاسِ لَا يَعُلَمُونَ ۞

And they swear by Allâh their strongest oaths, that Allâh will not raise up him who dies. Yes, (He will raise them up), a promise (binding) upon Him in truth, but most of mankind know not.

39.

In order that He may make manifest to them the truth of that wherein they differ, and that those who disbelieved (in Resurrection, and in the Oneness of Allâh) may know that they were liars.

40.

Verily! Our Word unto a thing when We intend it, is only that We say unto it: "Be!" and it is.

41.

And as for those who emigrated for the Cause of Allâh, after suffering oppression, We will certainly give them goodly residence in this world, but indeed the reward of the Hereafter will be greater, if they but knew!

42.

(They are) those who remained patient (in this world for Allâh's sake), and put their trust in their Lord (Allâh Alone).

43.

And We sent not (as Our Messengers) before you (O Muhammad SAW) any but men, whom We inspired, (to preach and invite mankind to believe in the Oneness of Allâh). So ask of those who know the Scripture [learned men of the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)], if you know not.

44.

With clear signs and Books (We sent the Messengers). And We have also sent down unto you (O Muhammad SAW) the reminder and the advice (the Qur'ân), that you may explain clearly to men what is sent down to them, and that they may give thought.

أَفَأَمِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ مَكَرُواْ ٱلسَّيِّنَاتِ أَن يَخُسِفَ ٱللَّهُ بِهِمُ ٱلْأَرْضَ أَو يَأْتِيَهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُمِنُ حَيئتُ لَا يَشُعُرُونَ ٢

Do then those who devise evil plots feel secure that Allâh will not sink them into the earth, or that the torment will not seize them from directions they perceive not?

46.

Or that He may catch them in the midst of their going to and fro (in their jobs), so that there be no escape for them (from Allâh's Punishment)?

47.

Or that He may catch them with gradual wasting (of their wealth and health). Truly! Your Lord is indeed full of Kindness, Most Merciful?

48.

Have they not observed things that Allâh has created, (how) their shadows incline to the right and to the left, making prostration unto Allâh, and they are lowly?

49.

And to Allâh prostate all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth, of the live moving creatures and the angels, and they are not proud [i.e. they worship their Lord (Allâh) with humility].

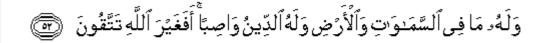
50.

They fear their Lord above them, and they do what they are commanded.

51.



And Allâh said (O mankind!): "Take not *ilâhaîn* (two gods in worship, etc.). Verily, He (Allâh) is (the) only One *llâh* (God). Then, fear Me (Allâh swt) much [and Me (Alone), i.e. be away from all kinds of sins and evil deeds that Allâh has forbidden and do all that Allâh has ordained and worship none but Allâh]^[].

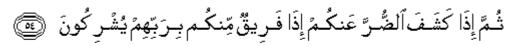


To Him belongs all that is in the heavens and (all that is in) the earth and *Ad-Din Wasiba* is His [(i.e. perpetual sincere obedience to Allâh is obligatory). None has the right to be worshipped but Allâh)]. Will you then fear any other than Allâh?

53.

And whatever of blessings and good things you have, it is from Allâh. Then, when harm touches you, unto Him you cry aloud for help.

54.



Then, when He has removed the harm from you, behold! Some of you associate others in worship with their Lord (Allâh).

55.

So (as a result of that) they deny (with ungratefulness) that (Allâh's Favours) which We have bestowed on them! Then enjoy yourselves (your short stay), but you will come to know (with regrets).

56.

And they assign a portion of that which We have provided them unto what they know not (false deities). By Allâh, you shall certainly be questioned about (all) that you used to fabricate.

57.

And they assign daughters unto Allâh! Glorified (and Exalted) be He above all that they associate with Him! . And unto themselves what they desire;

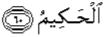
58.

And when the news of (the birth of) a female (child) is brought to any of them, his face becomes dark, and he is filled with inward grief!

59.

He hides himself from the people because of the evil of that whereof he has been informed. Shall he keep her with dishonour or bury her in the earth^[]? Certainly, evil is their decision.

لِلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤُمِنُونَ بِٱلْآخِرَةِ مَثَلُ ٱلسَّوُءِ ۗ وَلِلَّهِ ٱلْمَثَلُ ٱلْأَعُلَىٰۚ وَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ



For those who believe not in the Hereafter is an evil description, and for Allâh is the highest description. And He is the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

61.

وَلَـوُ يُؤَاخِـذُ ٱللَّـهُ ٱلنَّـاسَ بِظُلُمِهِـم مَّا تَـرَكَ عَلَيْهَا مِـن دَآبَّةٍ وَلَـكِن يُؤَخِّرُهُمُ إِلَـنَ أَجَـلٍ مُّسَمَّى فَإِذَا جَآءَ أَجَلُهُمُ لَا يَستَعُخِرُونَ سَاعَةً وَلَا يَسْتَعُخِرُونَ سَاعَةً وَلَا يَسْـتَقُدِمُونَ شَ

And if Allâh were to seize mankind for their wrong-doing, He would not leave on it (the earth) a single moving (living) creature, but He postpones them for an appointed term and when their term comes, neither can they delay nor can they advance it an hour (or a moment).

62.

وَيَجُعَلُونَ لِلَّهِ مَا يَكُرَهُونَ وَتَصِفُ أَلُسِنَتُهُمُ ٱلۡكَذِبَ أَنَّ لَهُمُ ٱلۡحُسُنَىٰۗ لَا جَرَمَ أَنَّ لَهُمُ ٱلنَّارَ وَأَنَّهُم مُّفْرَطُونَ ﴿

They assign to Allâh that which they dislike (for themselves), and their tongues assert the falsehood that the better things will be theirs. No doubt for them is the Fire, and they will be the first to be hastened on into it, and left there neglected. (*Tafsir Al-Qurtubî*, Vol.10, Page 121)

63.

تَٱللَّهِ لَقَدُ أَرُسَلُنَآ إِلَىٰٓ أُمَمٍ مِّن قَبُلِكَ فَزَيَّنَ لَهُمُ ٱلشَّيُطَنُ أَعُمَلَهُمُ فَهُوَ وَلِيُّهُمُ ٱلْيَوْمَ وَلَهُمُ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿

By Allâh, We indeed sent (Messengers) to the nations before you (O Muhammad SAW), but *Shaitân* (Satan) made their deeds fair-seeming to them. So he (Satan) is their *Wali* (helper) today (i.e. in this world), and theirs will be a painful torment.

64.

وَمَاۤ أَنزَلُنَا عَلَيُكَ ٱللَّكِتَنبَ إِلَّا لِتُبَيِّنَ لَهُمُ ٱلَّذِى ٱخُتَلَفُواْ فِيهِ ۗ وَهُدًى وَمَآ أَنزَلُنَا عَلَيُكَ ٱللَّكِتَنبَ إِلَّا لِتُبَيِّنَ لَهُمُ ٱلَّذِى ٱخُتَلَفُواْ فِيهِ ۗ وَهُدًى وَرَحُمَةً لِّقَوْمِ يُؤْمِنُونَ ۗ

And We have not sent down the Book (the Qur'an) to you (O Muhammad SAW), except that you may explain clearly unto them those things in which they differ, and (as) a guidance and a mercy for a folk who believe.

وَٱللَّهُ أَنزَلَ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مَآءً فَأَحُيَا بِهِ ٱلْأَرُضَ بَعُدَ مَوُتِهَآ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَأَيَةً لِّقَوْمِ يَسُمَعُونَ ٢

And Allâh sends down water (rain) from the sky, then He revives the earth therewith after its death. Verily, in this is a sign (clear proof) for people who listen (obey Allâh).

66.

And verily! In the cattle, there is a lesson for you. We give you to drink of that which is in their bellies, from between excretions and blood, pure milk; palatable to the drinkers.

67.

And from the fruits of date-palms and grapes, you derive strong drink (this was before the order of the prohibition of the alcoholic drinks) and a goodly provision. Verily, therein is indeed a sign for people who have wisdom.

68.

And your Lord inspired the bee, saying: "Take you habitations in the mountains and in the trees and in what they erect.

69.

"Then, eat of all fruits, and follow the ways of your Lord made easy (for you)." There comes forth from their bellies, a drink of varying colour wherein is healing for men. Verily, in this is indeed a sign for people who think.

70.

And Allâh has created you and then He will cause you to die, and of you there are some who are sent back to senility, so that they know nothing after having known (much). Truly! Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Powerful.

وَٱللَّهُ فَضَّلَ بَعُضَكُمُ عَلَىٰ بَعُضِ فِى ٱلرِّزُقِّ فَمَا ٱلَّذِينَ فُضِّلُواْ بِرَآدِّى رِزُقِهِمُ عَلَىٰ مَا مَلَكَتُ أَيُمَـننُهُمُ فَهُمُ فِيهِ سَوَآءٌ أَفَبِنِعُمَةِ ٱللَّهِ يَجُحَدُونَ



And Allâh has preferred some of you above others in wealth and properties. Then, those who are preferred will by no means hand over their wealth and properties to those (slaves) whom their right hands possess, so that they may be equal with them in respect thereof [I]. Do they then deny the Favour of Allâh?

72.

وَٱللَّــهُ جَــعَلَ لَكُــم مِّــنُ أَنفُسِــكُمُ أَزُوَ ﴿ جَـا وَجَـعَلَ لَكُــم مِّــنُ أَزُوَ ﴿ جَـا وَجَـعَلَ لَكُــم مِّــنُ أَنفُسِـكُمُ أَزُوَ ﴿ جَـكُم بَنِينَ وَحَـفَدَةً وَرَزَقَكُم مِّـنَ ٱلطَّيِّبَــٰتِ ۚ أَفَيِٱلْبَـٰطِلِ يُؤْمِنُونَ وَبِيعُمَــتِ ٱللَّـهِ هُـمُ يَكُفُــرُونَ ﴿ قَ

And Allâh has made for you wives of your own kind, and has made for you, from your wives, sons and grandsons, and has bestowed on you good provision. Do they then believe in false deities and deny the Favour of Allâh (by not worshipping Allâh Alone).

73.

وَيَعُبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مَا لَا يَمُلِكُ لَهُمُ رِزُقًا مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَــُوَ ۚ وَٱلْأَرُضِ شَيَّا وَلَا يَسُــتَطِيعُونَ ۚ

And they worship others besides Allâh, such as do not and cannot own any provision for them from the heavens or the earth.

74.

So put not forward similitudes for Allâh (as there is nothing similar to Him, nor He resembles anything). Truly! Allâh knows and you know not.

75.

Allâh puts forward the example (of two men a believer and a disbeliever); a slave (disbeliever) under the possession of another, he has no power of any sort, and (the other), a man (believer) on whom We have bestowed a good provision from Us, and He spends thereof secretly and openly. Can they be equal? (By no means, not). All the praises and thanks be to Allâh. Nay! (But) most of them know not.

وَضَــرَبَٱللَّــهُ مَــثَلَّا رَّجُــلَيْنِ أَحَدُهُمَــآ أَبُكَــمُ لَا يَقُــدِرُ عَلَـىٰ شَــيُءٍ
وَهُو كَلُّ عَلَىٰ مَوُلَنهُ أَيُنَمَا يُوَجِّهةٌ لَا يَأْتِ بِخَيْرٍ ۗ هَلُ يَسُتَوِى هُوَ وَمَن
يَأْمُرُ بِٱلْعَدُلِ وَهُو عَلَـىٰ صِـرَاطٍ مُّسُتَقِيمٍ

And Allâh puts forward (another) example of two men, one of them dumb, who has no power over anything (disbeliever), and he is a burden to his master, whichever way he directs him, he brings no good. Is such a man equal to one (believer in the Islâmic Monotheism) who commands justice, and is himself on a Straight Path?

77.

وَلِلَّهِ غَيْهِ السَّمَوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ ۚ وَمَا أَمُ رُ السَّاعَةِ إِلَّا كَلَّ سَرُ ٱلسَّاعَةِ إِلَّا كَلَّ كَلَمُحِ ٱلْبَصَرِ أَوْ هُو أَقُرَبُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرُ وَ لَا اللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيءٍ قَدِيرُ السَّاسَةِ عَلَىٰ اللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيءٍ قَدِيرُ السَّاسَةِ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

And to Allâh belongs the unseen of the heavens and the earth. And the matter of the Hour is not but as a twinkling of the eye, or even nearer. Truly! Allâh is Able to do all things.

78.

وَٱللَّهُ أَخۡرَجَكُم مِّنَ بُطُونِ أُمَّهَنتِكُمُ لَا تَعُلَمُونَ شَيَّا وَجَعَلَ لَكُمُ ٱلسَّمْعَ وَاللَّهُ أَخُرَجَكُم مِّنَ بُطُونِ أُمَّهَنتِكُمُ لَا تَعُلَمُونَ شَيَّا وَجَعَلَ لَكُمُ ٱلسَّمْعَ وَٱلْأَبُصَـرَ وَٱلْأَفَئِدَةُ لَعَلَّكُم تَشُـكُرُونَ ۚ

And Allâh has brought you out from the wombs of your mothers while you know nothing. And He gave you hearing, sight, and hearts that you might give thanks (to Allâh).

79.

أَلَمُ يَرَوُاْ إِلَى ٱلطَّيْرِ مُسَخَّرَتٍ فِى جَوِّ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مَا يُمُسِكُهُنَّ إِلَّا ٱللَّهُۗ إِنَّ فِى ذَالِكَ لَآيَىتٍ لِّقَوْمِ يُؤْمِنُونَ ۞

Do they not see the birds held (flying) in the midst of the sky? None holds them but Allâh [none gave them the ability to fly but Allâh]. Verily, in this are clear proofs and signs for people who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh).

80.

وَٱللَّهُ جَعَلَ لَكُم مِّنَ بُيُوتِكُمُ سَكَنَا وَجَعَلَ لَكُم مِّن جُلُودِ ٱلْأَنْعَدمِ بُيُوتَا تَسُتَخِفُّونَهَا يَـوُمَ ظَعُنِكُمُ وَيَـوُمَ إِقَامَتِكُمُ وَمِن أَصُوافِهَا وَأَوْبَارِهَا وَأَشَـعَارِهَا وَأَشَـعَارِهَا أَثَنتَا وَمَتَعَا إِلَىٰ حِينٍ

And Allâh has made for you in your homes an abode, and made for you out of the hides of the cattle (tents for) dwelling, which you find so light (and handy) when you travel and when you stay (in your travels), and of their wool, fur, and hair (sheep wool, camel fur, and goat hair), a furnishing and articles of convenience (e.g. carpets, blankets, etc.), a comfort for a while.

وَٱللَّـهُ جَـعَلَ لَكُـم مِّمَّا خَلَقَ ظِلَـللَا وَجَعَلَ لَكُـم مِّنَا فَلَا وَجَعَلَ لَكُـم مِّنَ وَاللَّه ٱلْجِبَالِ أَكْنَانَا وَجَعَلَ لَكُم سَرَ بِيلَ تَقِيكُم ٱلْحَرَّ وَسَرَ بِيلَ تَقِيكُم ٱلْحَرَّ وَسَرَ بِيلَ تَقِيكُم اللَّحَرَّ وَسَرَ بِيلَ تَقِيكُم اللَّحَرَّ وَسَرَ بِيلَ تَقِيكُم اللَّهُ وَنَ لَيْكُم اللَّهُ وَلَا يُتِم يُعْمَتَهُ وَعَلَيْكُم الْعَلَّكُم اللَّهُ وَلَا يَتِم يُعْمَتَهُ وَعَلَيْكُم الْعَلَّكُم اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَّاكُ مَ اللَّه اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَى اللَّهُ الْعِلْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنَ اللَّهُ الْعِلْمُ الْمُعْلَى الْمُلْمُ الْمُعْلَى الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُعْلَى الْمُعْلَى الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلَى الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَى الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلِمُ الْمُعْلَمُ ال



And Allâh has made for you out of that which He has created shades, and has made for you places of refuge in the mountains, and has made for you garments to protect you from the heat (and cold), and coats of mail to protect you from your (mutual) violence. Thus does He perfect His Grace unto you, that you may submit yourselves to His Will (in Islâm).

82.

Then, if they turn away, your duty (O Muhammad SAW) is only to convey (the Message) in a clear way.

83.

They recognise the Grace of Allâh, yet they deny it (by worshipping others besides Allâh) and most of them are disbelievers (deny the Prophethood of Muhammad SAW).

84.

And (remember) the Day when We shall raise up from each nation a witness (their Messenger), then, those who have disbelieved will not be given leave (to put forward excuses), nor will they be allowed (to return to the world) to repent and ask for Allâh's Forgiveness (of their sins, etc.).

85.

And when those who did wrong (the disbelievers) will see the torment, then it will not be lightened unto them, nor will they be given respite.

86.

And when those who associated partners with Allâh see their (Allâh's so-called) partners, they will say: "Our Lord! These are our partners whom we used to invoke besides you." But they will throw back their word at them (and say): "Surely! You indeed are liars!"

And they will offer (their full) submission to Allâh (Alone) on that Day, and their invented false deities [all that they used to invoke besides Allâh, e.g. idols, saints, priests, monks, angels, jinns, Jibrael (Gabriel), Messengers, etc.] will vanish from them.

88.

Those who disbelieved and hinder (men) from the Path of Allâh, for them We will add torment over the torment; because they used to spread corruption [by disobeying Allâh themselves, as well as ordering others (mankind) to do so].

89.

And (remember) the Day when We shall raise up from every nation a witness against them from amongst themselves. And We shall bring you (O Muhammad SAW) as a witness against these. And We have sent down to you the Book (the Qur'an) as an exposition of everything, a guidance, a mercy, and glad tidings for those who have submitted themselves (to Allâh as Muslims).

90.

Verily, Allâh enjoins *Al-Adl* (i.e. justice and worshipping none but Allâh Alone - Islâmic Monotheism) and *Al-Ihsân* [i.e. to be patient in performing your duties to Allâh, totally for Allâh's sake and in accordance with the *Sunnah* (legal ways) of the Prophet SAW in a perfect manner], and giving (help) to kith and kin^[] (i.e. all that Allâh has ordered you to give them e.g., wealth, visiting, looking after them, or any other kind of help, etc.): and forbids *Al-Fahshâ'* (i.e all evil deeds, e.g. illegal sexual acts, disobedience of parents, polytheism, to tell lies, to give false witness, to kill a life without right, etc.), and *Al-Munkar* (i.e all that is prohibited by Islâmic law: polytheism of every kind, disbelief and every kind of evil deeds, etc.), and *Al-Baghy* (i.e. all kinds of oppression), He admonishes you, that you may take heed.

91.

And fulfill the Covenant of Allâh (*Bai'a*: pledge for Islâm) when you have covenanted, and break not the oaths after you have confirmed them, and indeed you have appointed Allâh your surety. Verily! Allâh knows what you do.

And be not like her who undoes the thread which she has spun after it has become strong, by taking your oaths a means of deception among yourselves, lest a nation may be more numerous than another nation. Allâh only tests you by this [i.e who obeys Allâh and fulfills Allâh's Covenant and who disobeys Allâh and breaks Allâh's Covenant]. And on the Day of Resurrection, He will certainly make clear to you that wherein you used to differ [i.e. a believer confesses and believes in the Oneness of Allâh and in the Prophethood of Prophet Muhammad SAW which the disbeliever denies it and that was their difference amongst them in the life of this world].

93.

وَلَوُ شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ لَجَعَلَكُمُ أُمَّةً وَحِدَةً وَلَـٰكِن يُضِلُّ مَن يَشَآءُ وَيَهُدِى مَن يَشَآءُ وَيَهُدِى مَن يَشَآءُ وَيَهُدِى مَن يَشَآءُ وَلَـُكُن يُضِلُّ مَن يَشَآءُ وَيَهُدِى مَن يَشَآءُ وَلَتُسُعَلُنَّ عَمَّا كُنتُمُ تَعْمَلُونَ ۗ

And had Allâh willed, He could have made you (all) one nation, but He sends astray whom He wills and guides whom He wills. But you shall certainly be called to account for what you used to do.

94.

وَلَا تَتَّخِذُوٓا أَيُمَننَكُمُ دَخَلًا بَيْنَكُمُ فَتَزِلَّ قَدَمُ البَعْدَ ثُبُوتِهَا وَلَا تَتَخِذُوٓا أَيُمَننَكُمُ عَذَابُ عَظِيمٌ وَتَذُوقُوا ٱلسُّوٓءَ بِمَا صَدَدتُّمُ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَلَكُمُ عَذَابُ عَظِيمٌ



And make not your oaths, a means of deception among yourselves, lest a foot may slip after being firmly planted, and you may have to taste the evil (punishment in this world) of having hindered (men) from the Path of Allâh (i.e. Belief in the Oneness of Allâh and His Messenger, Muhammad SAW), and yours will be a great torment (i.e. the Fire of Hell in the Hereafter).

95.

وَلَا تَشُـتَرُواْ بِعَهُدِ ٱللَّهِ ثَمَنَا قَلِيلًا إِنَّمَا عِندَ ٱللَّهِ هُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمُ إِن كُنتُمُ تَعُلَمُونَ اللَّ

And purchase not a small gain at the cost of Allâh's Covenant. Verily! What is with Allâh is better for you if you did but know.

مَا عِندَكُمُ يَنفَدُّ وَمَا عِندَ ٱللَّهِ بَاقِّ وَلَنَجُ زِيَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ صَبَرُوٓاْ أَجُرَهُم بِأَحُسَنِ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ ۗ

Whatever is with you, will be exhausted, and whatever with Allâh (of good deeds) will remain. And those who are patient, We will certainly pay them a reward in proportion to the best of what they used to do [1].

97.

Whoever works righteousness, whether male or female, while he (or she) is a true believer (of Islâmic Monotheism) verily, to him We will give a good life (in this world with respect, contentment and lawful provision), and We shall pay them certainly a reward in proportion to the best of what they used to do (i.e. Paradise in the Hereafter).

98.

So when you want to recite the Qur'ân, seek refuge with Allâh from Shaitân (Satan), the outcast (the cursed one).

99.

Verily! He has no power over those who believe and put their trust only in their Lord (Allâh).

100

His power is only over those who obey and follow him (Satan), and those who join partners with Him (Allâh) [i.e. those who are *Mushrikûn* - polytheists - see Verse 6:121].

101

And when We change a Verse [of the Qur'ân, i.e. cancel (abrogate) its order] in place of another, and Allâh knows the best of what He sends down, they (the disbelievers) say: "You (O Muhammad SAW) are but a *Muftarī*! (forger, liar)." Nay, but most of them know not.

قُلُ نَزَّلَهُ ورُوحُ ٱلْقُدُسِ مِن رَّبِّكَ بِٱلْحَقِّ لِيُثَبِّتَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَهُدَى وَبُشُرَىٰ لِلْمُسَلِمِينَ ﴿

Say (O Muhammad SAW) *Ruh-ul-Qudus* [Jibrael (Gabriel)] has brought it (the Qur'an) down from your Lord with truth, that it may make firm and strengthen (the Faith of) those who believe and as a guidance and glad tidings to those who have submitted (to Allâh as Muslims).

103.

And indeed We know that they (polytheists and pagans) say: "It is only a human being who teaches him (Muhammad SAW)." The tongue of the man they refer to is foreign, while this (the Qur'ân) is a clear Arabic tongue.

104

Verily! Those who believe not in the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, Allâh will not guide them and theirs will be a painful torment.

105

It is only those who believe not in the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, who fabricate falsehood, and it is they who are liars.

106

Whoever disbelieved in Allâh after his belief, except him who is forced thereto and whose heart is at rest with Faith but such as open their breasts to disbelief, on them is wrath from Allâh, and theirs will be a great torment.

107

That is because they loved and preferred the life of this world over that of the Hereafter. And Allâh guides not the people who disbelieve.

108

أُوْلَنَيِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ طَبَعَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمُ وَسَمُعِهِمُ وَأَبُصَىرِ هِمٍّ وَأُوْلَنَيِكَ هُمُ الْ ٱلْغَنفِلُونَ

They are those upon whose hearts, hearing (ears) and sight (eyes) Allâh has set a seal. And they are the heedless!

109

No doubt, in the Hereafter, they will be the losers.

110

ثُـــمَّ إِنَّ رَبَّــكَ لِلَّـــذِينَ هَــاجَرُواْ مِــنْ بَعُـدِ مَــا فُتِنُـواْ ثُـمَّ جَــهُ وُرُ رَّحِـيمُ فُتِنُـواْ ثُـمَّ جَــهُ وُرُ رَّحِـيمُ فَتِنُـواْ ثُـمَّ جَــهُ وُرُ رَّحِـيمُ

Then, verily! Your Lord for those who emigrated after they had been put to trials and thereafter strove hard and fought (for the Cause of Allâh) and were patient, verily, your Lord afterward is, Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

111.

(Remember) the Day when every person will come up pleading for himself, and every one will be paid in full for what he did (good or evil, belief or disbelief in the life of this world) and they will not be dealt with unjustly.

112.

وَضَرَبَ ٱللَّهُ مَثَلًا قَرُيَةً كَانَتُ ءَامِنَةً مُّطُمَيِنَّةً يَأْتِيهَا رِزُقُهَا رَغَدًا مِن كُلِّ مَكَانٍ فَكَفَرَتُ بِأَنْعُمِ ٱللَّهِ فَأَذَقَهَا ٱللَّهُ لِبَاسَ ٱلْجُوعِ وَٱلْخَوْفِ بِمَا كُلِّ مَكَانٍ فَكَفَرَتُ بِأَنْعُمِ ٱللَّهِ فَأَذَقَهَا ٱللَّهُ لِبَاسَ ٱلْجُوعِ وَٱلْخَوْفِ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَصُنَعُونَ اللهَ اللهُ اللهُ لِبَاسَ ٱلْجُوعِ وَٱلْخَوْفِ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَصُنَعُونَ اللهَ اللهُ ال

And Allâh puts forward the example of a township (Makkah), that dwelt secure and well content; its provision coming to it in abundance from every place, but it (its people) denied the Favours of Allâh (with ungratefulness). So Allâh made it taste the extreme of hunger (famine) and fear, because of that (evil, i.e. denying Prophet Muhammad SAW) which they (its people) used to do [].

113.



And verily, there had come unto them a Messenger (Muhammad SAW) from among themselves, but they denied him, so the torment overtook them while they were *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-

doers, etc.)

114

فَكُلُواْ مِمَّا رَزَقَكُمُ ٱللَّهُ حَلَلًا طَيِّبًا وَٱشُكُرُواْ نِعْمَتَ ٱللَّهِ إِن كُنتُمُ إِيَّاهُ تَعْبُدُونَ ﴿

So eat of the lawful and good food \Box which Allâh has provided for you. And be grateful for the Graces of Allâh, if it is He Whom you worship.

115.

إِنَّمَا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْمَيْتَةَ وَٱلدَّمَ وَلَحُمَ ٱلْخِنزِيرِ وَمَاۤ أُهِلَّ لِغَيْرِ ٱللَّهِ بِهِۦۗ فَمَنِ ٱضْطُرَّ غَيْرَ بَاغٍ وَلَا عَادٍ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ۗ

He has forbidden you only *Al-Maytatah* (meat of a dead animal), blood, the flesh of swine, and any animal which is slaughtered as a sacrifice for others than Allâh (or has been slaughtered for idols etc. or on which Allâh's Name has not been mentioned while slaughtering). But if one is forced by necessity, without wilful disobedience, and not transgressing, then, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

116.

وَلَا تَقُولُوا لِمَا تَصِفُ أَلُسِنَتُكُمُ ٱلُكَذِبَ هَدِذَا حَلَلُ وَهَدذَا حَرَامٌ لِتَفُتَرُواْ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ ٱلْكَذِبَ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَفْتَرُونَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ ٱلْكَذِبَ لَا يُفْلِحُونَ شَ

And say not concerning that which your tongues put forth falsely: "This is lawful and this is forbidden," so as to invent lies against Allâh. Verily, those who invent lies against Allâh will never prosper.

117.

A passing brief enjoyment (will be theirs), but they will have a painful torment.

118.

وَعَلَى ٱلَّذِينَ هَادُواْ حَرَّمُنَا مَا قَصَصُنَا عَلَيْكَ مِن قَبُلُّ وَمَا ظَلَمُنَاهُمُ وَلَا عَلَيْكَ مِن قَبُلُّ وَمَا ظَلَمُناهُمُ وَلَا عَلَيْكَ مِن قَبُلُّ وَمَا ظَلَمُناهُمُ وَلَاكِن كَانُوٓاْ أَنفُسَهُمُ يَظُلِمُونَ ﴿

And unto those who are Jews, We have forbidden such things as We have mentioned to you (O Muhammad SAW) before [in *Sûrat-Al-An'am*, (The Cattle), see Verse 6:146]. And We wronged them not, but they used to wrong themselves.

119

ثُمَّ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لِلَّذِينَ عَمِلُواْ ٱلسُّوٓءَ بِجَهَالَةِ ثُمَّ تَابُواْ مِنْ بَعَدِ فُمَّ اللَّهُ وَ عَبِ فَاللَّهُ وَدُّ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿

Then, verily! Your Lord for those who do evil (commit sins and are disobedient to Allâh) in ignorance and afterward repent and do righteous deeds, verily, your Lord thereafter, (to such) is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

Verily, Ibrâhim (Abraham) was an *Ummah* (a leader having all the good righteous qualities), or a nation, obedient to Allâh, *Hanifa* (i.e. to worship none but Allâh), and he was not one of those who were *Al-Mushrikûn* (polytheists, idolaters, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh, and those who joined partners with Allâh).

121

(He was) thankful for His (Allâh's) Graces. He (Allâh) chose him (as an intimate friend) and guided him to a Straight Path (Islâmic Monotheism, neither Judaism nor Christianity IJ).

122.



And We gave him good in this world, and in the Hereafter he shall be of the righteous.

123.



Then, We have inspired you (O Muhammad SAW saying): "Follow the religion of Ibrâhim (Abraham) Hanifa (Islâmic Monotheism^[] - to worship none but Allâh) and he was not of the Mushrikûn (polytheists, idolaters, disbelievers, etc.).

124

The Sabbath was only prescribed for those who differed concerning it, and verily, your Lord will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection about that wherein they used to differ.

125

ٱدُّ عُ إِلَىٰ سَبِيلِ رَبِّكَ بِٱلْحِكُمَةِ وَٱلْمَوْعِظَةِ ٱلْحَسَنَةِ وَجَدِلُهُم بِٱلَّتِي هِيَ أَحُسَنُ ۚ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ أَعُلَمُ بِمَن ضَلَّ عَن سَبِيلِهِ ۗ وَهُوَ أَعُلَمُ بِٱلْمُهُتَدِينَ



Invite (mankind, O Muhammad SAW) to the Way of your Lord (i.e. Islâm) with wisdom (i.e. with the Divine Inspiration and the Qur'ân) and fair preaching, and argue with them in a way that is better. Truly, your Lord knows best who has gone astray from His Path, and He is the Best Aware of those who are guided.

وَإِنُّ عَاقَبَتُمُ فَعَاقِبُواْ بِمِثَٰلِ مَا عُوقِبَتُم بِهِۦۗ وَلَبِن صَبَرَّتُمُ لَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لِّلصَّـبِرِينَ ﴿ ﴾ لِلصَّـبِرِينَ ﴿ ﴾

And if you punish (your enemy, O you believers in the Oneness of Allâh), then punish them with the like of that with which you were afflicted. But if you endure patiently, verily, it is better for *As-Sâbirin* (the patient ones, etc.)¹.

127.

And endure you patiently (O Muhammad SAW), your patience is not but from Allâh. And grieve not over them (polytheists and pagans, etc.), and be not distressed because of what they plot.

128

Truly, Allâh is with those who fear Him (keep their duty unto Him) $^{\rm II}$, and those who are *Muhsinûn* (good-doers, - see the footnote of V.9:120).

17. Al-Isrâ' Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

Glorified (and Exalted) be He (Allâh) [above all that (evil) they associate with Him] [*Tafsir Qurtubî*, Vol. 10, Page 204]

Who took His slave (Muhammad SAW) for a journey by night from *Al-Masjid-al-Harâm* (at Makkah) to the farthest mosque (in Jerusalem), the neighbourhood whereof We have blessed, in order that We might show him (Muhammad SAW) of Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, etc.). Verily, He is the All-Hearer, the All-Seer .

2.

وَ وَاتَيُنَا مُوسَى ٱلْكِتَنِ وَجَعَلْنَهُ هُدًى لِبَنِي إِسُرَ آوِيلَ أَلَّا تَتَّخِذُواْ مِن دُونِي وَكِيلًا ﴿

And We gave Mûsa (Moses) the Scripture and made it a guidance for the Children of Israel (saying): "Take not other than Me as (your) Wakîl (Protector, Lord, or Disposer of your affairs, etc).

3.

"O offspring of those whom We carried (in the ship) with Nûh (Noah)! Verily, he was a grateful slave."

4.

And We decreed for the Children of Israel in the Scripture, that indeed you would do mischief on the earth twice and you will become tyrants and extremely arrogant!

5.

So, when the promise came for the first of the two, We sent against you slaves of Ours given to terrible warfare. They entered the very innermost parts of your homes. And it was a promise (completely) fulfilled.

ثُمَّ رَدَدُنَا لَكُمُ ٱلْكُرَّةَ عَلَيُهِمُ وَأَمُدَدُنَنكُم بِأَمُوَالِ وَبَنِينَ وَجَعَلُنَنكُمُ أُكُثُورَ نَهِيرًا 📆

Then We gave you once again, a return of victory over them. And We helped you with wealth and children and made you more numerous in man power.

7.

إِنَّ أَحُسَنتُمُ أَحُسَنتُمُ لِأَنفُسِكُمُّ وَإِنَّ أَسَأْتُمُ فَلَهَا ۚ فَإِذَا جَآءَ وَعُدُ ٱلْأَخِرَةِ لِيَسُّوُواْ وُجُوهَكُمُ وَلِيَدُخُلُواْ ٱلْمَسُجِدَ كَمَا دَخَلُوهُ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ وَلِيُتَبّرُواْ مَا عَلُواْ تَتُبِيرًا ۞

(And We said): "If you do good, you do good for your ownselves, and if you do evil (you do it) against yourselves." Then, when the second promise came to pass, (We permitted your enemies) to make your faces sorrowful and to enter the mosque (of Jerusalem) as they had entered it before, and to destroy with utter destruction all that fell in their hands.

8.



[And We said in the Taurât (Torah)]: "It may be that your Lord may show mercy unto you, but if you return (to sins), We shall return (to Our Punishment). And We have made Hell a prison for the disbelievers.

9.

Verily, this Qur'ân guides to that which is most just and right and gives glad tidings to the believers (in the Oneness of Allâh and His Messenger, Muhammad ${ t SAW}$, etc.). who work deeds of righteousness, that they shall have a great reward (Paradise).

10.

And that those who believe not in the Hereafter (i.e. they disbelieve that they will be recompensed for what they did in this world, good or bad, etc.), for them We have prepared a painful torment (Hell)

11.

And man invokes (Allâh) for evil as he invokes (Allâh) for good and man is ever hasty [i.e., if he is angry with somebody, he invokes (saying): "O Allâh! Curse him, etc." and that one should not do, but one should be patient].

وَجَعَلُنَا ٱلَّيْلَ وَٱلنَّهَارَ ءَايَتَيُنِّ فَمَحَوُنَآ ءَايَةَ ٱلَّيُلِ وَجَعَلُنَآ ءَايَةَ ٱلنَّهَارِ مُبُصِرَةً لِّتَبُتَغُواْ فَضُلًا مِّن رَّبِّكُمُ وَلِتَعُلَمُواْ عَدَدَ ٱلسِّنِينَ وَٱلْحِسَابَۚ وَكُلَّ شَئِءٍ فَصَّلُنَهُ تَفُصِيلًا ﴿

And We have appointed the night and the day as two *Ayât* (signs etc.). Then, We have made dark the sign of the night while We have made the sign of day illuminating, that you may seek bounty from your Lord, and that you may know the number of the years and the reckoning. And We have explained everything (in detail) with full explanation.

13.

وَكُلَّ إِنسَنِ أَلُزَمُنَنهُ طَنَيِرَهُ وفِي عُنُقِهِ ۗ وَنُخُرِ جُلَهُ ويَوُمَ ٱلُقِيَنمَةِ كِتَنبًا يَلُقَنهُ مَنشُورًا ﴿

And We have fastened every man's deeds \Box to his neck, and on the Day of Resurrection, We shall bring out for him a book which he will find wide open.

14.



(It will be said to him): "Read your book. You yourself are sufficient as a reckoner against you this Day."

15.

مَّنِ ٱهْتَدَىٰ فَإِنَّمَا يَهُتَدِى لِنَفُسِهِ ۗ وَمَن ضَلَّ فَإِنَّمَا يَهُتَدِى لِنَفُسِهِ ۗ وَمَن ضَلَّ فَإِنَّمَا يَهُتَدِي لِنَفُسِهِ ۗ وَمَن ضَلَّ فَإِنَّمَا يَعْتَ يَضِلُّ عَلَيْهَا مُعَذِّبِينَ حَتَّىٰ نَبُعَثَ يَضِلُّ عَلَيْهَا مُعَذِّبِينَ حَتَّىٰ نَبُعَثَ رَسُولًا اللهَ عَلَيْهَا مُعَذِّبِينَ حَتَّىٰ نَبُعَثَ رَسُولًا اللهَ

Whoever goes right, then he goes right only for the benefit of his ownself. And whoever goes astray, then he goes astray to his own loss. No one laden with burdens can bear another's burden. And We never punish until We have sent a Messenger (to give warning).

16.

And when We decide to destroy a town (population), We (first) send a definite order (to obey Allâh and be righteous) to those among them [or We (first) increase in number those of its population] who are given the good things of this life. Then, they transgress therein, and thus the word (of torment) is justified against it (them). Then We destroy it with complete destruction.

وَكَمُ أَهُلَكُنَا مِنَ ٱلْقُرُونِ مِنْ بَعُدِ نُوجٍ ۗ وَكَفَىٰ بِرَبِّكَ بِذُنُوبِ عِبَادِهِۦ خَبِيرًا بَصِيرًا ۞

And how many generations have We destroyed after Nûh (Noah)! And Sufficient is your Lord as an All-Knower and All-Beholder of the sins of His slaves.

18.

Whoever wishes for the quick-passing (transitory enjoyment of this world), We readily grant him what We will for whom We like. Then, afterwards, We have appointed for him Hell, he will burn therein disgraced and rejected, (far away from Allâh's Mercy).

19.

And whoever desires the Hereafter and strives for it, with the necessary effort due for it (i.e. do righteous deeds of Allâh's Obedience) while he is a believer (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism), then such are the ones whose striving shall be appreciated, thanked and rewarded (by Allâh).

20.

(T)

To each these as well as those We bestow from the Bounties of your Lord. And the Bounties of your Lord can never be forbidden.

21.

See how We prefer one above another (in this world) and verily, the Hereafter will be greater in degrees and greater in preference.

22.

Set not up with Allâh any other *ilâh* (god), (O man)! (This verse is addressed to Prophet Muhammad saw, but its implication is general to all mankind), or you will sit down reproved, forsaken (in the Hell-fire).

﴿ وَقَضَىٰ رَبُّكَ أَلَّا تَعُبُدُوٓا إِلَّا إِيَّاهُ وَبِٱلُوَلِدَيُنِ إِحُسَنَاۚ إِمَّا يَبُلُغَنَّ عِندَكَ ٱلۡكِبَرَ أَحَدُهُمَاۤ أَوۡ كِلَاهُمَا فَلَا تَقُلل لَّهُمَاۤ أُفِّ وَلَا تَنْهَرُهُمَا وَقُل لَّهُمَا قَولًا كَرِيمًا ۞

And your Lord has decreed that you worship none but Him. And that you be dutiful to your parents. If one of them or both of them attain old age in your life, say not to them a word of disrespect, nor shout at them but address them in terms of honour.

24.

And lower unto them the wing of submission and humility through mercy, and say: "My Lord! Bestow on them Your Mercy as they did bring me up when I was small."

25.

Your Lord knows best what is in your inner-selves. If you are righteous, then, verily, He is Ever Most Forgiving to those who turn unto Him again and again in obedience, and in repentance.

26.

And give to the kindred his due and to the $Miskîn^{[]}$ (poor) and to the wayfarer. But spend not wastefully (your wealth) in the manner of a spendthrift []. [$Tafsir. At-Tabar\hat{i}$, Vol. 10, Page 158 (Verse 9: 60)].

27.

Verily, spendthrifts are brothers of the *Shayatîn* (devils), and the *Shaitân* (Devil Satan) is ever ungrateful to his Lord.

28.

And if you (O Muhammad SAW) turn away from them (kindred, poor, wayfarer, etc. whom We have ordered you to give their rights, but if you have no money at the time they ask you for it) and you are awaiting a mercy from your Lord for which you hope, then, speak unto them a soft kind word (i.e. Allâh will give me and I shall give you).

And let not your hand be tied (like a miser) to your neck, nor stretch it forth to its utmost reach (like a spendthrift), so that you become blameworthy and in severe poverty.

30.

Truly, your Lord enlarges the provision for whom He wills and straitens (for whom He wills). Verily, He is Ever All-Knower, All-Seer of His slaves.

31.

And kill not your children for fear of poverty. We provide for them and for you. Surely, the killing of them is a great sin.

32.

And come not near to the unlawful sexual intercourse. Verily, it is a Fâhishah [i.e. anything that transgresses its limits (a great sin)], and an evil way (that leads one to Hell unless Allah forgives him).

33.

And do not kill anyone which Allâh has forbidden, except for a just cause. And whoever is killed (intentionally with hostility and oppression and not by mistake), We have given his heir the authority [(to demand Qisâs, Law of Equality in punishment or to forgive, or to take Diya (blood money)]. But let him not exceed limits in the matter of taking life (i.e he should not kill except the killer only). Verily, he is helped (by the Islâmic law) $^{\Pi}$.

34.

And come not near to the orphan's property except to improve it, until he attains the age of full strength. And fulfil (every) covenant. Verily! the covenant, will be questioned about.

وَ أَوْفُواْ ٱلْكَيْلَ إِذَا كِلْتُمُ وَزِنُواْ بِٱلْقِسُطَاسِ ٱلْمُسْتَقِيمِ ۚ ذَٰلِكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَحُسَنُ تَأُويلًا ۞

And give full measure when you measure, and weigh with a balance that is straight. That is good (advantageous) and better in the end.

36.

And follow not (O man i.e., say not, or do not or witness not, etc.) that of which you have no knowledge (e.g. one's saying: "I have seen," while in fact he has not seen, or "I have heard," while he has not heard). Verily! The hearing, and the sight, and the heart, of each of those you will be questioned (by Allâh).

37.

And walk not on the earth with conceit and arrogance. Verily, you can neither rend nor penetrate the earth, nor can you attain a stature like the mountains in height.

38.

All the bad aspects of these (the above mentioned things) are hateful to your Lord.

39.

This is (part) of *Al-Hikmah* (wisdom, good manners and high character, etc.) which your Lord has inspired to you (O Muhammad SAW). And set not up with Allâh any other *ilâh* (god) lest you should be thrown into Hell, blameworthy and rejected, (from Allâh's Mercy).

40.

Has then your Lord (O pagans of Makkah) preferred for you sons, and taken for Himself from among the angels daughters. Verily! You utter an awful saying, indeed.

41.

And surely, We have explained [Our Promises, Warnings and (set forth many) examples] in this Qur'ân that they (the disbelievers) may take heed, but it increases them in naught save aversion.

قُل لَّوُ كَانَ مَعَهُ وَ عَالِهَةٌ كَمَا يَقُولُونَ إِذًا لَّابُّتَغَوَّا إِلَىٰ ذِي ٱلْعَرُشِ سَبِيلًا

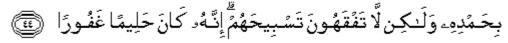


Say (O Muhammad SAW to these polytheists, pagans, etc.): "If there had been other *âliha* (gods) along with Him as they assert, then they would certainly have sought out a way to the Lord of the Throne (seeking His Pleasures and to be near to Him).

43.

Glorified and High be He! From 'Uluwan Kabîra (the great falsehood) that they say! (i.e.forged statements that there are other gods along with Allâh, but He is Allâh, the One, the Self-Sufficient Master, whom all creatures need. He begets not, nor was He begotten, and there is none comparable or coequal unto Him).

44.



The seven heavens and the earth and all that is therein, glorify Him and there is not a thing but glorifies His Praise. But you understand not their glorification. Truly, He is Ever Forbearing, Oft-Forgiving.

45.

And when you (Muhammad SAW) recite the Qur'ân, We put between you and those who believe not in the Hereafter, an invisible veil (or screen their hearts, so they hear or understand it not).

46.

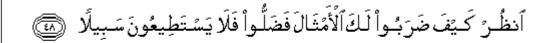
And We have put coverings over their hearts lest, they should understand it (the Qur'ân), and in their ears deafness. And when you make mention of your Lord Alone [*Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh* (none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh) Islâmic Monotheism (>>)] in the Qur'ân, they turn on their backs, fleeing in extreme dislikeness.

47.

نَّحُن أَعُلَم بِمَا يَسُتَمِعُونَ بِهِ ۚ إِذْ يَسُتَمِعُونَ إِلَيْكَ وَإِذْ هُمَ نَجُوَى إِذْ يَقُولُ ٱلظَّلِمُ ونَ إِن تَتَّبِعُ ونَ إِلَّا رَجُلًا مَّسُحُورًا هُم نَجُوَى إِذْ يَقُولُ ٱلظَّلِمُ ونَ إِن تَتَّبِعُ ونَ إِلَّا رَجُلًا مَّسُحُورًا



We know best of what they listen to, when they listen to you. And when they take secret counsel, behold, the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.) say: "You follow none but a bewitched man."



See what examples they have put forward for you. So they have gone astray, and never can they find a way.

49.

And they say: "When we are bones and fragments (destroyed), should we really be resurrected (to be) a new creation?"

50.

Say (O Muhammad SAW) "Be you stones or iron,"

51.

أَوُ خَلُقًا مِّمَّا يَكُبُرُ فِي صُدُورِ كُمُّ فَسَيَقُولُونَ مَن يُعِيدُنَا قُلِ ٱلَّذِي فَطَرَ كُمُ أَوَسَهُمُ وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَىٰ هُوَ قُلُ فَطَرَ كُمُ أَوَّلَ مَرَّةٍ فَلَسَيُنُغِضُونَ إِلَيْكَ رُءُوسَهُمُ وَيَقُولُونَ مَتَىٰ هُوَ قُلُ عَسَىٰ أَن يَكُونَ مَتَىٰ هُوَ اللَّهُ عَسَىٰ أَن يَكُونَ قَرِيبًا ۞

"Or some created thing that is yet greater (or harder) in your breasts (thoughts to be resurrected, even then you shall be resurrected)" Then, they will say: "Who shall bring us back (to life)?" Say: "He Who created you first!" Then, they will shake their heads at you and say: "When will that be?" Say: "Perhaps it is near!"

52.

On the Day when He will call you, and you will answer (His Call) with (words of) His Praise and Obedience, and you will think that you have stayed (in this world) but a little while!

53.

And say to My slaves (i.e. the true believers of Islâmic Monotheism) that they should (only) say those words that are the best. (Because) *Shaitân* (Satan) verily, sows disagreements among them. Surely, *Shaitân* (Satan) is to man a plain enemy.

54.

Your Lord knows you best, if He will, He will have mercy on you, or if He will, He will punish you. And We have not sent you (O Muhammad SAW) as a guardian over them.

55

وَرَبُّكَ أَعُلَمُ بِمَن فِي ٱلسَّمَـوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرُضِّ وَلَقَدُ فَضَّلْنَا بَعُضَ ٱلنَّبِيِّ نَ عَلَىٰ بَعُضٍ وَءَاتَيُنَا دَاوُ وهَ زَبُورًا ﴿

And your Lord knows best all who are in the heavens and the earth. And indeed, We have preferred some of the Prophets above others, and to Dawûd (David) We gave the Zabûr (Psalms).

56.

قُلِ اَدُعُواْ اللَّذِينَ زَعَمُتُم مِّن دُونِهِ عَ فَلَا يَمُلِكُونَ كَشُفَ الضُّرِّ عَنكُمُ وَلَا تَحُولِلًا

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Call unto those besides Him whom you pretend [to be gods like angels, lesâ (Jesus), 'Uzair (Ezra), etc.]. They have neither the power to remove the adversity from you nor even to shift it from you to another person."

57.

أُوْلَنَيِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَدُعُونَ يَبُتَغُونَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمُ ٱلُوَسِيلَةَ أَيُّهُمُ أَقُرَبُ وَيَرُجُونَ رَحُمَتَهُ وَيَخَافُونَ عَذَابَهُ وَ إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبِّكَ كَانَ مَحُذُورًا ﴿

Those whom they call upon [like 'lesa (Jesus) son of Maryam (Mary), 'Uzair (Ezra), angel, etc.] desire (for themselves) means of access to their Lord (Allâh), as to which of them should be the nearest and they ['lesa (Jesus), 'Uzair (Ezra), angels, etc.] hope for His Mercy and fear His Torment. Verily, the Torment of your Lord is something to be afraid of!

58.

وَإِن مِّن قَرُيَةٍ إِلَّا نَحُنُ مُهُلِكُوهَا قَبُلَ يَوُمِ ٱلْقِيَدمَةِ أَوُ مُعَذِّبُوهَا عَذَابًا شَـدِيدًا ۚ كَانَ ذَلِكَ فِـى ٱلْكِـتَـــ مَسُـطُورًا

And there is not a town (population) but We shall destroy it before the Day of Resurrection, or punish it with a severe torment. That is written in the Book (of our Decrees) II

59.

وَمَا مَنَعَنَا أَن نُّرُسِلَ بِٱلْأَيَنتِ إِلَّا أَن كَذَّبَ بِهَا ٱلْأَوَّلُونَ وَءَاتَيُنَا ثَمُودَ ٱلنَّاقَةَ مُبُصِرَةً فَظَلَمُواْ بِهَا وَمَا نُرُسِلُ بِٱلْأَيَنتِ إِلَّا تَخُويفًا ۞

And nothing stops Us from sending the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, signs) but that the people of old denied them. And We sent the she-camel to Thamûd as a clear sign, but they did her wrong. And We sent not the signs except to warn, and to make them afraid (of destruction).

60.

وَإِذْ قُلْنَا لَكَ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ أَحَاطَ بِٱلنَّاسِ ۚ وَمَا جَعَلْنَا ٱلرُّءُيَا ٱلَّتِيٓ أَرَيُنَكَ إِلَّا فِتُنَةً لِّلنَّاسِ وَٱلشَّجَرَةَ ٱلْمَلُعُونَةَ فِي ٱلْقُرُءَانِ ۚ وَنُخَوِّفُهُمُ فَمَا يَزِيدُهُمُ إِلَّا طُغُيَننَا كَبِيرًا

And (remember) when We told you: "Verily! Your Lord has encompassed mankind (i.e. they are in

His Grip)." And We made not the vision which we showed you (O Muhammad as an actual eyewitness and not as a dream on the night of *Al-Isrâ* (1) but a trial for mankind, and likewise the accursed tree (*Zaqqûm*, mentioned) in the Qur'ân. We warn and make them afraid but it only increases them in naught save great disbelief, oppression and disobedience to Allâh.

61.

وَإِذُ قُلُنَا لِلمَلَنَيِكَةِ ٱسُجُدُواْ لِأَدَمَ فَسَجَدُواْ إِلَّآ إِبلِيسَ قَالَ ءَأَسُجُدُ لِمَنَ خَلَقُت طِينًا

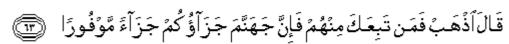
And (remember) when We said to the angels: "Prostrate unto Adam." They prostrated except *lblîs* (Satan). He said: "Shall I prostrate to one whom You created from clay?"

62.

قَالَ أَرَءَيُقَاكَ هَاذَا ٱلَّذِي كَرَّمُتَ عَلَىَّ لَبِنُ أَخَّرُقَنِ إِلَىٰ يَوْمُ أَخَّرُقَنِ إِلَىٰ يَوْم يَوْم ٱلُقِيَهِ قَلَا لَأَحُتَنِكَنَّ ذُرِّيَّتَهُ ۚ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﴿

[*Iblîs* (Satan)] said: "See? This one whom You have honoured above me, if You give me respite (keep me alive) to the Day of Resurrection, I will surely seize and mislead his offspring (by sending them astray) all but a few!"

63.



(Allâh) said: "Go, and whosoever of them follows you, surely! Hell will be the recompense of you (all) an ample recompense.

64.

وَٱسۡتَفۡزِرُ مَنِٱسۡتَطَعۡتَ مِنَهُم بِصَوۡتِكَ وَٱجۡلِبُ عَلَيُهِم بِخَيُلِكَ وَرَجِلِكَ وَشَارِ كُهُمُ فِي ٱلۡأَمُولَ وَٱلۡأَوۡلَـدِ وَعِدُهُمُ وَمَا يَعِدُهُمُ ٱلشَّيُطَـنُ إِلَّا غُرُورًا



"And *Istafziz* [literally means: befool them gradually] those whom you can among them with your voice (i.e. songs, music, and any other call for Allâh's disobedience), make assaults on them with your cavalry and your infantry, mutually share with them wealth and children (by tempting them to earn money by illegal ways usury, etc., or by committing illegal sexual intercourse, etc.), and make promises to them." But Satan promises them nothing but deceit.

65.

"Verily! My slaves (i.e the true believers of Islâmic Monotheism), you have no authority over them. And All-Sufficient is your Lord as a Guardian."

رَّبُّكُمُ ٱلَّـذِى يُزُجِـى لَكُـمُ ٱلْفُلُـكَ فِى ٱلْبَحُـرِ لِتَبُتَغُـواْ مِن فَصُلِـهِۦٓٓ إِنَّـهُۥ كَانَ بِكُـمُ رَحِيمًا ۞

Your Lord is He Who drives the ship for you through the sea, in order that you may seek of His Bounty. Truly! He is Ever Most Merciful towards you.

67.

وَإِذَا مَسَّكُمُ ٱلضُّرُّ فِى ٱلْبَحُرِ ضَلَّ مَن تَدُعُونَ إِلَّا ٓ إِيَّاهُۗ فَلَمَّا نَجَّىٰكُمُ إِلَى الله ٱلْبَرِّ أَعُرَضُتُمُ ۚ وَكَانَ ٱلْإِنسَينُ كَفُورًا ۞

And when harm touches you upon the sea, those that you call upon besides Him vanish from you except Him (Allâh Alone). But when He brings you safely to land, you turn away (from Him). And man is ever ungrateful ...

68.

أَفَا مِنتُمُ أَن يَخُسِفَ بِكُمْ جَانِبَ ٱللّبَرِّ أَوْ يُرُسِلَ عَلَيْكُمُ حَاصِبًا ثُمَّ لَا تَجِدُواْ لَكُمْ وَكِيلًا اللهِ

Do you then feel secure that He will not cause a side of the land to swallow you up, or that He will not send against you a violent sand-storm? Then, you shall find no *Wakîl* (guardian one to guard you from the torment).

69.

أَمُ أَمِنتُمُ أَن يُعِيدَكُمُ فِيهِ تَارَةً أُخُرَىٰ فَيُرْسِلَ عَلَيْكُمُ قَاصِفًا مِّنَ ٱلرِّيجِ فَيُعْرِسِلَ عَلَيْكُمُ قَاصِفًا مِّنَ ٱلرِّيجِ فَيُغُرِقَكُم بِمَا كَفَرُتُمُ ثُمَّ لَا تَجِدُواْ لَكُمُ عَلَيْنَا بِهِ ـ تَبِيعًا ۗ

Or do you feel secure that He will not send you back a second time to sea and send against you a hurricane of wind and drown you because of your disbelief, then you will not find any avenger therein against Us?

70.

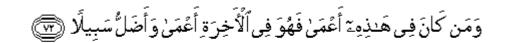
﴿ وَلَقَدُ كَرَّمُنَا بَنِي ءَادَمَ وَحَمَلُنَاهُمُ فِي ٱلْبَرِّ وَٱلْبَحُرِ وَرَزَقُنَاهُم فِي ٱلْبَرِّ وَٱلْبَحُرِ وَرَزَقُنَاهُم مِّنَ ٱلطَّيِّبَاتِ وَفَضَّلُنَاهُمُ عَلَىٰ كَثِيرٍ مِّمَّنُ خَلَقُنَا تَفُضِيلًا ۞

And indeed We have honoured the Children of Adam, and We have carried them on land and sea, and have provided them with *At-Taiyibât* (lawful good things), and have preferred them above many of those whom We have created with a marked preference.

71.

يَوُمَ نَدُعُواْ كُلَّ أُنَاسٍ بِإِمَعِهِمُّ فَمَنُ أُوتِىَ كِتَعبَهُ وبِيَمِينِهِ عَفَّوْلَتَبِكَ يَقُرَءُونَ كِتَعبَهُمُ وَلَا يُظُلَمُونَ فَتِيلًا ۞

(And remember) the Day when We shall call together all human beings with their (respective) *Imâm* [their Prophets, or their records of good and bad deeds, or their Holy Books like the Qur'ân, the Taurât (Torah), the Injeel (Gospel), etc.]. So whosoever is given his record in his right hand, such will read their records, and they will not be dealt with unjustly in the least.

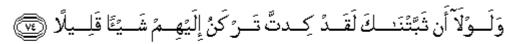


And whoever is blind in this world (i.e., does not see Allâh's Signs and believes not in Him), will be blind in the Hereafter, and more astray from the Path.

73.

Verily, they were about to tempt you away from that which We have revealed (the Qur'ân) unto you (O Muhammad SAW), to fabricate something other than it against Us, and then they would certainly have taken you a friend!

74.



And had We not made you stand firm, you would nearly have inclined to them a little.

75.

In that case, We would have made you taste a double portion (of punishment) in this life and a double portion (of punishment) after death. And then you would have found none to help you against Us.

76.

And Verily, they were about to frighten you so much as to drive you out from the land. But in that case they would not have stayed (therein) after you, expcept for a little while.

77.

(This was Our) Sunnah (rule or way) with the Messengers We sent before you (O Muhammad SAW), and you will not find any alteration in Our Sunnah (rule or way, etc.).

78.

Perform AsSalât (Iqamât-as-Salât)^[] from mid-day till the darkness of the night (i.e. the Zuhr, 'Asr, Maghrib, and 'Ishâ' prayers), and recite the Qur'ân in the early dawn (i.e. the morning prayer). Verily,

the recitation of the Qur'ân in the early dawn is ever witnessed (attended by the angels in charge of mankind of the day and the night) $^{\Pi}$.

79.

وَمِنَ ٱلَّيْلِ فَتَهَجَّدُ بِهِ - نَافِلَةً لَّكَ عَسَىٰۤ أَن يَبُعَثَكَ رَبُّكَ مَقَامًا مَّحُمُودًا



And in some parts of the night (also) offer the *Salât* (prayer) with it (i.e. recite the Qur'an in the prayer), as an additional prayer (Tahajjud optional prayer *Nawâfil*) for you (O Muhammad SAW). It may be that your Lord will raise you to *Maqâman Mahmûda* (a station of praise and glory, i.e. the highest degree in Paradise!).

80.

وَقُل رَّبِّ أَدُخِلُنِى مُدُخَلَ صِدُقٍ وَ أَخُرِ جُنِى مُخُرَ جَ صِدُقٍ وَٱجُعَل لِّى مِن لَّدُنكَ سُلُطَىنًا نَّصِيرًا ۞

And say (O Muhammad SAW): My Lord! Let my entry (to the city of Al-Madinah) be good, and likewise my exit (from the city of Makkah) be good. And grant me from You an authority to help me (or a firm sign or a proof).

81.

وَقُل جَآءَ ٱللَّحَقُّ وَزَهَ قَ ٱلْبَاطِلْ ۚ إِنَّ ٱلْبَاطِلَ كَانَ زَهُوقًا



And say: "Truth (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism or this Qur'ân or *Jihâd* against polytheists) has come and *Bâtil* (falsehood, i.e. Satan or polytheism, etc.) has vanished. Surely! *Bâtil* is ever bound to vanish."

82.

And We send down from the Qur'ân that which is a healing and a mercy to those who believe (in Islâmic Monotheism and act on it), and it increases the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers) nothing but loss.

83.

And when We bestow Our Grace on man (the disbeliever), he turns away and becomes arrogant, far away from the Right Path. And when evil touches him he is in great despair.

84.

Say (O Muhammad SAW to mankind): "Each one does according to Shakilatihi (i.e. his way or his religion or his intentions, etc.), and your Lord knows best of him whose path (religion, etc.) is right.'

وَيَسُئَلُونَكَ عَنِ ٱلرُّوحِ قُلُ ٱلرُّوحُ مِنُ أَمْرِ رَبِّى وَمَاۤ أُوتِيتُم مِّنَ ٱلْعِلْمِ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا ﷺ

And they ask you (O Muhammad SAW) concerning the $R\hat{u}h$ (the Spirit); Say: "The $R\hat{u}h$ (the Spirit): it is one of the things, the knowledge of which is only with my Lord. And of knowledge, you (mankind) have been given only a little."

86.

وَلَيِن شِئْنَا لَنَذُهَبَنَّ بِٱلَّذِي أَوْحَيُنَا إِلَيْكَ ثُمَّ لَا تَجِدُ لَكَ بِهِ عَلَيْنَا وَكِيلًا

And if We willed We could surely take away that which We have revealed to you by inspiration (i.e. this Qur'ân). Then you would find no protector for you against Us in that respect.

87.

Except as a Mercy from your Lord. Verily! His Grace unto you (O Muhammad SAW) is ever great.

88.

Say: "If the mankind and the jinns were together to produce the like of this Qur'ân, they could not produce the like thereof, even if they helped one another."

89.

And indeed We have fully explained to mankind, in this Qur'an, every kind of similitude, but most mankind refuse (the truth and accept nothing) but disbelief.

90.

And they say: "We shall not believe in you (O Muhammad SAW), until you cause a spring to gush forth from the earth for us:

أَوْ تَكُـونَ لَـكَ جَنَّـةٌ مِّـن نَّخِـيلٍ وَعِنَـبٍ فَتُفَجِّـرَ ٱلْأَنَّهَـرَ خِلَالَهَا تَفُجِـيرًا

"Or you have a garden of date-palms and grapes, and cause rivers to gush forth in their midst abundantly;

92.

أَوُ تُسُقِطَ ٱلسَّمَآءَ كَمَا زَعَمُتَ عَلَيْنَا كِسَفًا أَوْ تَأْتِىَ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْمَلَآبِكَةِ قَبِيلًا



"Or you cause the heaven to fall upon us in pieces, as you have pretended, or you bring Allâh and the angels before (us) face to face;

93.

أَوْ يَكُونَ لَكَ بَيئتُ مِّن زُخُرُفٍ أَوْ تَرُقَىٰ فِى ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَلَن نُّؤُمِنَ لِرُقِيِّكَ حَتَّىٰ تُنزِّلَ عَلَيْنَا كِتَنبًا نَّقُرَؤُهُ ۚ قُلُ سُبْحَانَ رَبِّى هَلُ كُنتُ إِلَّا بَشَرًا رَّسُولًا

رَّسُولًا

اللهُ عَلَيْ اللهُ ال

"Or you have a house of adornable materials (like silver and pure gold, etc.), or you ascend up into the sky, and even then we will put no faith in your ascension until you bring down for us a Book that we would read." Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Glorified (and Exalted) be my Lord (Allâh) above all that evil they (polytheists) associate with Him! Am I anything but a man, sent as a Messenger?"

94.

And nothing prevented men from believing when the guidance came to them, except that they said: "Has Allâh sent a man as (His) Messenger?"

95.

Say: "If there were on the earth, angels walking about in peace and security, We should certainly have sent down for them from the heaven an angel as a Messenger."

96.

Say: "Sufficient is Allâh for a witness between me and you. Verily! He is the All-Knower, the All-Seer of His slaves."

وَمَـــن يَهُـــدِ ٱللَّـــهُ فَهُـــوَ ٱلْمُهُتَـــدِ وَمَـــن يُضَلِـــل فَلَـــن تَجِـــدَ لَهُـــم أَوْلِيَـــآءَ مِـــن دُونِـــهِ وَ وَنَحُشُـــرهُم يَــــومَ تَجِــدَ لَهُـــم أَوْلِيَــآءَ مِـــن دُونِـــه وَ وَنَحُشُـــرهُم يَـــومَ الْقِينَامَة عَلَىٰ وُجُـوهِهِم عُمُيًا وَبُكُمًا وَصُمَّاً مَّا أَوَنهُم جَـهَنَّمُ كُلَّمَا فَصُمَّا مَّا أَوْنهُم جَـهَنَّمُ كُلَّمَا خَـبَتُ زَدُننهُم شَعِيرًا

And he whom Allâh guides, he is led aright; but he whom He sends astray for such you will find no *Auliyâ'* (helpers and protectors, etc.), besides Him, and We shall gather them together on the Day of Resurrection on their faces , blind, dumb and deaf, their abode will be Hell; whenever it abates, We shall increase for them the fierceness of the Fire.

98.

That is their recompense, because they denied Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and said: "When we are bones and fragments, shall we really be raised up as a new creation?"

99.

See they not that Allâh, Who created the heavens and the earth, is Able to create the like of them. And He has decreed for them an appointed term, whereof there is not doubt. But the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.) refuse (the truth the Message of Islâmic Monotheism, and accept nothing) but disbelief.

100.

Say (to the disbelievers): "If you possessed the treasure of the Mercy of my Lord (wealth, money, provision, etc.), then you would surely hold back (from spending) for fear of (being exhausted), and man is ever miserly!"

وَلَقَدُ ءَاتَيُنَا مُوسَىٰ تِسْعَ ءَايَىتٍ بَيِّنَىتٍ فَسَّئَلُ بَنِيَّ إِسُرَ آءِيلَ إِذُ جَآءَهُمُ فَقَالَ لَهُ وفِرُ عَوْنُ إِنِّي لَأَظُنُّكَ يَهِ مُوسَىٰ مَسْحُورًا ۞

And indeed We gave to Mûsa (Moses) nine clear signs. Ask then the Children of Israel, when he came to them, then Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said to him: "O Mûsa (Moses)! I think you are indeed bewitched."

102

[Mûsa (Moses)] said: "Verily, you know that these signs have been sent down by none but the Lord of the heavens and the earth as clear (evidences i.e. proofs of Allâh's Oneness and His Omnipotence, etc.). And I think you are, indeed, O Fir'aun (Pharaoh) doomed to destruction (away from all good)!"

103

So he resolved to turn them out of the land (of Egypt). But We drowned him and all who were with him.

104.

And We said to the Children of Israel after him: "Dwell in the land, then, when the final and the last promise comes near [i.e. the Day of Resurrection or the descent of Christ ['lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary) >>> on the earth]. We shall bring you altogether as mixed crowd (gathered out of various nations).[*Tafsir Al-Qurtubî*, Vol. 10, Page 338]

105

And with truth We have sent it down (i.e. the Qur'ân), and with truth it has descended. And We have sent you (O Muhammad SAW) as nothing but a bearer of glad tidings (of Paradise, for those who follow your Message of Islâmic Monotheism), and a warner (of Hell-fire for those who refuse to follow your Message of Islâmic Monotheism).

106

And (it is) a Qur'ân which We have divided (into parts), in order that you might recite it to men at intervals. And We have revealed it by stages. (in 23 years).

قُلُ ءَامِنُواْ بِهِۦٓ أَوُ لَا تُؤْمِنُوٓاْ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْعِلْمَ مِن قَبُلِهِ؞ٓ إِذَا يُتُلَىٰ

عَلَيْهِمُ يَخِرُّونَ لِلْأَذُقَانِ سُجَّدًا 🐷

Say (O Muhammad SAW to them): "Believe in it (the Qur'ân) or do not believe (in it). Verily! Those who were given knowledge before it (the Jews and the Christians like 'Abdullâh bin Salâm and Salmân Al-Farisî), when it is recited to them, fall down on their faces in humble prostration."

108

And they say: "Glory be to our Lord! Truly, the Promise of our Lord must be fulfilled."

109

And they fall down on their faces weeping and it adds to their humility.

110

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Invoke Allâh or invoke the Most Beneficent (Allâh), by whatever name you invoke Him (it is the same), for to Him belong the Best Names. And offer your *Salât* (prayer) neither aloud nor in a low voice, but follow a way between.

111.

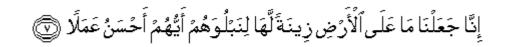
And say: "All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, Who has not begotten a son (nor an offspring), and Who has no partner in (His) Dominion, nor He is low to have a *Walî* (helper, protector or supporter). And magnify Him with all the magnificence, [*Allâhu-Akbar* (Allâh is the Most Great)]."

18. Al-Kahf Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful, ٱلْحَدَّدُ لِلَّهِ ٱلَّذِي أَنزَلَ عَلَىٰ عَبُدِهِ ٱلْكِتَابَ وَلَمُ يَجُعَل لَّهُ All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, Who has sent down to His slave (Muhammad SAW) the Book (the Qur'an), and has not placed therein any crookedness. 2. قَيِّمًا لِّيُنذِرَ بَأَسًا شَدِيدًا مِّن لَّدُنَّهُ وَيُبَشِّرَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَعُمَلُونَ ٱلصَّالِحَاتِ أَنَّ لَهُمُ أَجُرًا حَسَنًا ۞ (He has made it) Straight to give warning (to the disbelievers) of a severe punishment from Him, and to give glad tidings to the believers (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism), who work righteous deeds, that they shall have a fair reward (i.e. Paradise). 3. مَّنكِثينَ فِيهِ أَبَدًا ٣ They shall abide therein forever. 4. وَيُنذِرَ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُواْ ٱتَّخَذَ ٱللَّهُ وَلَدًا ۞ And to warn those (Jews, Christians, and pagans) who say, "Allâh has begotten a son (or offspring or children).' 5. مَّا لَهُم بِهِۦ مِنْ عِلْمٍ وَلَا لِأَبَآبِهِمُّ كَبُرَتُ كَلِمَةً تَخُرُ جُ مِنْ أَفُوَ هِهِمُّ إِن يَقُولُونَ إِلَّا كَذِبًا ١ No knowledge have they of such a thing, nor had their fathers. Mighty is the word that comes out of their mouths [i.e. He begot (took) sons and daughters]. They utter nothing but a lie. 6. فَلَعَلَّكَ بَنخِ مُ نَّفُسَكَ عَلَىٰ ءَاثَنرِهِمُ إِن لَّمُ يُؤُمِنُواْ بِهَنذَا ٱلْحَدِيثِ

Perhaps, you, would kill yourself (O Muhammad SAW) in grief, over their footsteps (for their turning

away from you), because they believe not in this narration (the Qur'ân).



Verily! We have made that which is on earth as an adornment for it, in order that We may test them (mankind) as to which of them are best in deeds. [i.e.those who do good deeds in the most perfect manner, that means to do them (deeds) totally for Allâh's sake and in accordance to the legal ways of the Prophet SAW].

8.

And verily! We shall make all that is on it (the earth) a bare dry soil (without any vegetation or trees, etc.).

9.

Do you think that the people of the Cave and the Inscription (the news or the names of the people of the Cave) were a wonder among Our Signs?

10.

(Remember) when the young men fled for refuge (from their disbelieving folk) to the Cave, they said: "Our Lord! Bestow on us mercy from Yourself, and facilitate for us our affair in the right way!"

11.

Therefore We covered up their (sense of) hearing (causing them, to go in deep sleep) in the Cave for a number of years.

12.

Then We raised them up (from their sleep), that We might test which of the two parties was best at calculating the time period that they had tarried.

13.

We narrate unto you (O Muhammad SAW) their story with truth: Truly! They were young men who believed in their Lord (Allâh), and We increased them in guidance.

وَرَبَطُنَا عَلَى قُلُوهِمُ إِذْ قَامُواْ فَقَالُواْ رَبُّنَا رَبُّ اللَّهَا وَرَبَطُنَا وَبُّنَا رَبُّ اللَّهَا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

And We made their hearts firm and strong (with the light of Faith in Allâh and bestowed upon them patience to bear the separation of their kith and kin and dwellings, etc.) when they stood up and said: "Our Lord is the Lord of the heavens and the earth, never shall we call upon any *ilâh* (god) other than Him; if we did, we should indeed have uttered an enormity in disbelief.

15.

هَنَوُّلاَءَ قَوْمُنَا ٱتَّخَذُواْ مِن دُونِهِ ٓ ءَالِهَ ۚ لَّوُلَا يَأْتُونَ عَلَيُهِم بِسُلُطَننِ بَيِّنَ ۗ فَمَنُ أَظُلَمُ مِمَّنِ ٱفُـتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ كَذِبًا ۞

"These our people have taken for worship *âliha* (gods) other than Him (Allâh). Why do they not bring for them a clear authority? And who does more wrong than he who invents a lie against Allâh.

16.

وَإِذِ ٱعُـتَزَلَٰتُمُوهُمُ وَمَا يَعُبُدُونَ إِلَّا ٱللَّهَ فَأُوّا ۚ إِلَى ٱلْكَهُفِ يَنشُرُ لَكُمُ رَبُّكُم مِّن رَّحُمَتِهِۦ وَيُهَيِّئُ لَكُم مِّنُ أَمْرٍ كُم مِّرُ فَقًا ۞

(The young men said to one another): "And when you withdraw from them, and that which they worship, except Allâh, then seek refuge in the Cave, your Lord will open a way for you from His Mercy and will make easy for you your affair (i.e. will give you what you will need of provision, dwelling, etc.)."

17.

﴿ وَتَرَى ٱلشَّمُسَ إِذَا طَلَعَت تَّزَ وَرُ عَن كَهُفِهِمُ ذَاتَ ٱلْيَمِينِ وَإِذَا غَرَبَت تَّقُرِ ضُهُمُ ذَاتَ ٱلشِّمَالِ وَهُمُ فِي فَجُوةٍ مِّنُهُ ذَلِكَ مِنْ ءَايَــتِ ٱللَّهِ مَن يَهُدِ ٱللَّهُ فَهُوَ ٱلْمُهُتَدِّ وَمَن يُصُلِلُ فَلَن تَجِدَ لَهُ وَلِيَّا مُّرُشِدًا

And you might have seen the sun, when it rose, declining to the right from their Cave, and when it set, turning away from them to the left, while they lay in the midst of the Cave. That is (one) of the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, signs) of Allâh. He whom Allâh guides, is rightly guided; but he whom He sends astray, for him you will find no *Walî* (guiding friend) to lead him (to the right Path).

18.

وَتَحُسَّبُهُمُ أَيُقَاظًا وَهُمُ رُقُودُ ۚ وَنُقَلِّبُهُمُ ذَاتَ ٱلْيَمِينِ وَذَاتَ ٱلشِّمَالِۗ وَكَلَّبُهُم بَسِطٌ ذِرَاعَيُهِ بِٱلْوَصِيدِ ۚ لَوِ ٱطَّلَعُتَ عَلَيْهِمُ لَوَلَّيْتَ مِنْهُمُ فِرَارًا وَلَمُلِئَتَ مِنْهُمُ رُعُبًا ۞

And you would have thought them awake, while they were asleep. And We turned them on their right and on their left sides, and their dog stretching forth his two forelegs at the entrance [of the Cave or in the space near to the entrance of the Cave (as a guard at the gate)]. Had you looked at

them, you would certainly have turned back from them in flight, and would certainly have been filled with awe of them.

19.

Likewise, We awakened them (from their long deep sleep) that they might question one another. A speaker from among them said: "How long have you stayed (here)?" They said: "We have stayed (perhaps) a day or part of a day." They said: "Your Lord (Alone) knows best how long you have stayed (here). So send one of you with this silver coin of yours to the town, and let him find out which is the good lawful food, and bring some of that to you. And let him be careful and let no man know of you.

20.

إِنَّهُمُ إِن يَظُهَرُواْ عَلَيْكُمُ يَرُجُمُوكُمُ أَوْ يُعِيدُوكُمُ فِي مِلَّتِهِمُ وَلَن تُفْلِحُونَ أَوْ يُعِيدُوكُمُ فِي مِلَّتِهِمُ وَلَن تُفْلِحُونَ إِذًا أَبَدًا

"For if they come to know of you, they will stone you (to death or abuse and harm you) or turn you back to their religion, and in that case you will never be successful."

21.

وَكَدذَالِكَ أَعُثَرُنَا عَلَيُهِمُ لِيَعُلَمُ وَا أَنَّ وَعُدَ ٱللَّهِ حَتَّ وَا أَنَّ وَعُدَ ٱللَّهِ حَتَّ وَأَنَّ ٱلسَّاعَةَ لَا رَيُبَ فِيهَا إِذْ يَتَنَازَعُونَ بَيْنَهُمُ أَمُرَهُمُ فَقَالُواْ السَّاعَةَ لَا رَيُبُ فِيهَا إِذْ يَتَنازَعُونَ بَيْنَهُمُ أَمُرَهُمُ فَقَالُواْ الْبُنُواْ عَلَيْهِم بُنْيَانًا رَّبُّهُمُ أَعُلَمُ بِهِمْ قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ غَلَبُواْ عَلَىٰ الْبُواْ عَلَىٰ الْبُواْ عَلَىٰ وَاعْلَىٰ وَاعْلَىٰ اللهُ ا

And thus We made their case known to the people, that they might know that the Promise of Allâh is true, and that there can be no doubt about the Hour. (Remember) when they (the people of the city) disputed among themselves about their case, they said: "Construct a building over them, their Lord knows best about them," (then) those who won their point said (most probably the disbelievers): "We verily shall build a place of worship over them."

22.

سَيَقُولُونَ ثَلَنثَةٌ رَّابِعُهُمُ كَلَّبُهُمُ وَيَقُولُونَ خَمُسَةٌ سَادِسُهُمُ كَلَّبُهُمُ رَجُمَّا بِاللَّهُ مُ لَابُهُمُ لَا يَعْدُ فَلَ رَّبِّى أَعْلَمُ بِعِدَّتِهِم مَّا بِاللَّغَيْبِ وَيَقُولُونَ سَبُعَةٌ وَثَامِنُهُمُ كَلَّبُهُمُ قُلُ رَّبِّى أَعْلَمُ بِعِدَّتِهِم مَّا يَعْلَمُهُمُ إِلَّا مَرَآءً ظَنهِرًا وَلَا تَسْتَفُتِ فِيهِم مِّنْهُمُ يَعْلَمُهُمُ إِلَّا مِرَآءً ظَنهِرًا وَلَا تَسْتَفُتِ فِيهِم مِّنْهُمُ



(Some) say they were three, the dog being the fourth among them; (others) say they were five, the dog being the sixth, guessing at the unseen; (yet others) say they were seven, the dog being the eighth. Say (O Muhammad SAW): "My Lord knows best their number; none knows them but a few." So debate not (about their number, etc.) except with the clear proof (which We have revealed to you). And consult not any of them (people of the Scripture, Jews and Christians) about (the affair of) the people of the Cave.

23.

And never say of anything, "I shall do such and such thing tomorrow."

24.

Except (with the saying), "If Allâh will!" And remember your Lord when you forget and say: "It may be that my Lord guides me unto a nearer way of truth than this."

25.

And they stayed in their Cave three hundred (solar) years, and add nine (for lunar years).

26.

Say: "Allâh knows best how long they stayed. With Him is (the knowledge of) the unseen of the heavens and the earth. How clearly He sees, and hears (everything)! They have no *Walî* (Helper, Disposer of affairs, Protector, etc.) other than Him, and He makes none to share in His Decision and His Rule."

27.

And recite what has been revealed to you (O Muhammad SAW) of the Book (the Qur'ân) of your Lord (i.e. recite it, understand and follow its teachings and act on its orders and preach it to men). None can change His Words, and none will you find as a refuge other than Him.

28.

And keep yourself (O Muhammad SAW) patiently with those who call on their Lord (i.e. your

companions who remember their Lord with glorification, praising in prayers, etc., and other righteous deeds, etc.) morning and afternoon, seeking His Face, and let not your eyes overlook them, desiring the pomp and glitter of the life of the world; and obey not him whose heart We have made heedless of Our Remembrance, one who follows his own lusts and whose affair (deeds) has been lost.

29.

And say: "The truth is from your Lord." Then whosoever wills, let him believe, and whosoever wills, let him disbelieve. Verily, We have prepared for the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.), a Fire whose walls will be surrounding them (disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh). And if they ask for help (relief, water, etc.) they will be granted water like boiling oil, that will scald their faces. Terrible the drink, and an evil *Murtafaqâ* (dwelling, resting place, etc.)!

30.

إِنَّ ٱلَّــذِينَ ءَامَنُــواْ وَعَمِلُــواْ ٱلصَّلِحَــنِ إِنَّـا لَا نُضِيــعُ أَجُــرَ مَـنُ أَحُسَـنَ عَـمَلًا ﴿

Verily! As for those who believe and do righteous deeds, certainly! We shall not suffer to be lost the reward of anyone who does his (righteous) deeds in the most perfect manner.

31.

أُوْلَكَيِكَ لَهُمُ جَنَّتُ عَدُنِ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهِمُ ٱلْأَنَهَ رُ يُحَلَّوُنَ فِيهَا مِنُ أَسَاوِرَ مِن ذَهَبٍ وَيَلْبَسُونَ ثِيَابًا خُضْرًا مِّن سُندُسٍ وَإِسُتَبُرَقٍ مُّتَّكِئِينَ فِيهَا عَلَى ٱلْأَرَآبِكِ نِعُمَ ٱلثَّوَابُ وَحَسُنَتُ مُرُتَفَقًا ۞

These! For them will be 'Adn (Eden) Paradise (everlasting Gardens); wherein rivers flow underneath them, therein they will be adorned with bracelets of gold, and they will wear green garments of fine and thick silk. They will recline therein on raised thrones. How good is the reward, and what an excellent *Murtafaqâ* (dwelling, resting place, etc.)!

32.

﴿ وَٱضُرِبُ لَهُ م مَّ ثَلًا رَّجُ لَيُنِ جَعَلُنَا لِأَحَدِهِمَا جَنَّتَيُنِ مِنُ أَعُنَـبٍ وَحَلَنَا لِأَحَدِهِمَا جَنَّتَيُنِ مِنُ أَعُنَـبٍ وَحَفَفُنَـهُمَا بِنَخُلِ وَجَعَلُنَا بَيُنَهُمَا زَرُعًا ﴿

And put forward to them the example of two men; unto one of them We had given two gardens of grapes, and We had surrounded both with date-palms; and had put between them green crops (cultivated fields etc.).

33.

كِلَّتَا ٱلْجَنَّتَيُّن ءَاتَتُ أُكُلِّهَا وَلَمُ تَظُلِم مِّنْهُ شَيئًا ۚ وَفَجَّرُنَا خِلَىلَهُمَا نَهَرًا



Each of those two gardens brought forth its produce, and failed not in the least therein, and We caused a river to gush forth in the midst of them.

وَكَانَ لَـهُ وَثَمَـرُ فَقَـالَ لِصَحِـبِهِ وَهُـوَ يُحَـاوِرُهُ ۚ أَنَـا أَكُـثَرُ مِنكَ مَالًا وَأَعَرُ نَفَـرًا

And he had property (or fruit) and he said to his companion, in the course of mutual talk: I am more than you in wealth and stronger in respect of men." [See *Tafsir Qurtubî*, Vol. 10, Page 403].

35.

And he went into his garden while in a state (of pride and disbelief) unjust to himself. He said: "I think not that this will ever perish.

36.



"And I think not the Hour will ever come, and if indeed I am brought back to my Lord, (on the Day of Resurrection), I surely shall find better than this when I return to Him."

37.

His companion said to him, during the talk with him: "Do you disbelieve in Him Who created you out of dust (i.e. your father Adam), then out of *Nutfah* (mixed semen drops of male and female discharge), then fashioned you into a man?

38.

"But as for my part (I believe) that He is Allâh, my Lord and none shall I associate as partner with my Lord.

39.

It was better for you to say, when you entered your garden: 'That which Allâh wills (will come to pass)! There is no power but with Allâh $^{[]}$ '. If you see me less than you in wealth, and children.

فَعَسَىٰ رَبِّي أَن يُؤُتِيَنِ خَيْرًا مِّن جَنَّتِكَ وَيُرُسِلَ عَلَيْهَا حُسُبَانًا مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ فَتُصُبِحَ صَعِيدًا زَلَقًا ۞

"It may be that my Lord will give me something better than your garden, and will send on it *Husbân* (torment, bolt, etc.) from the sky, then it will be a slippery earth.

41.

"Or the water thereof (of the gardens) becomes deep-sunken (underground) so that you will never be able to seek it."

42.

So his fruits were encircled (with ruin). And he remained clapping his hands with sorrow over what he had spent upon it, while it was all destroyed on its trellises, he could only say: "Would I had ascribed no partners to my Lord!" [Tafsir Ibn Kathîr]

43.

And he had no group of men to help him against Allâh, nor could he defend or save himself.

44.

There (on the Day of Resurrection), *Al-Walâyah* (the protection, power, authority and kingdom) will be for Allâh (Alone), the True God. He (Allâh) is the Best for reward and the Best for the final end. (*Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh*).

45.

And put forward to them the example of the life of this world, it is like the water (rain) which We send down from the sky, and the vegetation of the earth mingles with it, and becomes fresh and green. But (later) it becomes dry and broken pieces, which the winds scatter. And Allâh is Able to do everything.

ٱلْمَالُ وَٱلْبَنُونَ زِينَةُ ٱلْحَيَوٰةِ ٱلدُّنُيَّا وَٱلْبَنقِيَنتُ ٱلصَّلِحَنتُ خَيْرٌ عِندَ رَبِّكَ ثَوَابًا وَخَيْرٌ أَمَلًا ۞

Wealth and children are the adornment of the life of this world. But the good righteous deeds (five compulsory prayers, deeds of Allâh's obedience, good and nice talk, remembrance of Allâh with glorification, praises and thanks, etc.), that last, are better with your Lord for rewards and better in respect of hope.

47.

And (remember) the Day We shall cause the mountains to pass away (like clouds of dust), and you will see the earth as a levelled plain, and we shall gather them all together so as to leave not one of them behind.

48.

And they will be set before your Lord in (lines as) rows, (and Allâh will say): "Now indeed, you have come to Us as We created you the first time. Nay, but you thought that We had appointed no meeting for you (with Us)."

49.

And the Book (one's Record) will be placed (in the right hand for a believer in the Oneness of Allâh, and in the left hand for a disbeliever in the Oneness of Allâh), and you will see the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, polytheists, sinners, etc.), fearful of that which is (recorded) therein. They will say: "Woe to us! What sort of Book is this that leaves neither a small thing nor a big thing, but has recorded it with numbers!" And they will find all that they did, placed before them, and your Lord treats no one with injustice.

50.

And (remember) when We said to the angels; "Prostrate to Adam." So they prostrated except *Iblîs* (Satan). He was one of the jinns; he disobeyed the Command of his Lord. Will you then take him (*Iblîs*) and his offspring as protectors and helpers rather than Me while they are enemies to you?

What an evil is the exchange for the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, and wrong-doers, etc). 51. *مَّا أَشُهَدتُّهُمُ خَلُقَ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَا خَلُقَ أَنفُسِ وَمَا كُنتُ مُتَّخذَ ٱلْمُضلِّينَ عَضُدًا ﴿ I (Allâh) made them (*Iblî*s and his offspring) not to witness (nor took their help in) the creation of the heavens and the earth and not (even) their own creation, nor was I (Allâh) to take the misleaders as 52. وَيَوُمَ يَقُولُ نَادُواْ شُرَ كَآءِي ٱلَّذِينَ زَعَمُتُمُ فَدَعَوُهُمُ فَلَمُ يَسُتَجيبُواْ لَهُمُ وَجَعَلُنَا بَيُنَهُم مَّوُبِقًا @ And (remember) the Day He will say:"Call those (so-called) partners of Mine whom you pretended." Then they will cry unto them, but they will not answer them, and We shall put Maubiga (a barrier, or enmity, or destruction, or a valley in Hell) between them. 53. وَرَءَا ٱلْمُجُرِمُونَ ٱلنَّارَ فَظَنُّوٓا أَنَّهُم مُّوَاقِعُوهَا وَلَمُ يَجِدُوا عَنُهَا مَصُرِفًا And the Mujrimûn (criminals, polytheists, sinners), shall see the Fire and apprehend that they have to fall therein. And they will find no way of escape from there. 54. وَلَقَدُ صَرَّفْنَا فِي هَدِذَا ٱلْقُرُءَانِ لِلنَّاسِ مِن كُلِّ مَثَلَّ وَكَانَ ٱلْإِنسَدِنُ أَكُثَرَ شَيُءِ جَدَلًا @ And indeed We have put forth every kind of example in this Qur'an, for mankind. But, man is ever more guarrelsome than anything 55. وَمَا مَنَعَ ٱلنَّاسَ أَن يُؤُمِنُوٓا إِذُ جَآءَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ دَىٰ وَيَسُتَغُفِرُوا رَبَّهُ مُ إِلَّا أَن تَا تَيهُمُ سُنَّةُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ أَوْ يَا أَتِيَهُمُ ٱلْعَذَابُ قُبُلًا ﴿ And nothing prevents men from believing, now when the guidance (the Qur'ân) has come to them, and from asking Forgiveness of their Lord, except that the ways of the ancients be repeated with them (i.e. their destruction decreed by Allâh), or the torment be brought to them face to face? 56. وَمَا نُرُسِلُ ٱلْمُرُسَلِينَ إِلَّا مُبَشِّرِينَ وَمُنذِرِينَ ۚ وَيُجَدِلُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِٱلْبَاطِلِ لِيُدُحِضُواْ بِهِ ٱلْحَقَّ وَٱتَّخَذُوٓاْ ءَايَاتِي وَمَاۤ أُنذِرُواْ

And We send not the Messengers except as giver of glad tidings and warners. But those who

disbelieve, dispute with false argument, in order to refute the truth thereby. And they treat My *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), and that with which they are warned, as jest and mockery!

57.

وَمَــنُ أَظُلَـمُ مِمَّـن ذُكِّـرَ بِئَايَتِ رَبِّـهِ فَا غُرَضَ عَنْهَا وَنَسِى مَا قَدَّمَتُ يَدَاهُ إِنَّا جَعَلُنَا عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمُ أَكِنَّةً أَن يَفُقَهُوهُ وَفِيٓ وَنَسِى مَا قَدَّمَتُ يَدَاهُ إِنَّا جَعَلُنَا عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمُ أَكِنَّةً أَن يَفُقَهُوهُ وَفِيٓ ءَاذَانِهِمُ وَقُرَأً وَإِن تَدُعُهُمُ إِلَـى ٱلْهُـدَىٰ فَلَـن يَهُتَدُوٓا إِذًا أَبَـدًا ۗ

And who does more wrong than he who is reminded of the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of his Lord, but turns away from them forgetting what (deeds) his hands have sent forth. Truly, We have set veils over their hearts lest they should understand this (the Qur'ân), and in their ears, deafness. And if you (O Muhammad SAW) call them to guidance, even then they will never be guided.

58.

And your Lord is Most Forgiving, Owner of Mercy. Were He to call them to account for what they have earned, then surely, He would have hastened their punishment. But they have their appointed time, beyond which they will find no escape.

59.

And these towns (population, 'Ad, Thamûd, etc.) We destroyed when they did wrong. And We appointed a fixed time for their destruction.

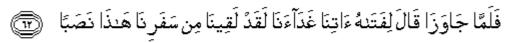
60.

And (remember) when Mûsa (Moses) said to his boy-servant: "I will not give up (travelling) until I reach the junction of the two seas or (until) I spend years and years in travelling." []

61.

But when they reached the junction of the two seas, they forgot their fish, and it took its way through the sea as in a tunnel.

62.



So when they had passed further on (beyond that fixed place), Mûsa (Moses) said to his boyservant: "Bring us our morning meal; truly, we have suffered much fatigue in this, our journey."

قَالَ أَرَءَيُتَ إِذُ أَوَيُنَا إِلَى ٱلصَّخُرَةِ فَإِنِّى نَسِيتُ ٱلْحُوتَ وَمَاۤ أَنُسَنِيهُ إِلَّا اللَّهَيُطَن أَن أَذُكُرَه ﴿ وَٱتَّخَذَ سَبِيلَهُ ﴿ فِي ٱلْبَحُر عَجَبًا ﴿ اللَّهَ يُطَن أَن أَذُكُرَه ﴿ وَٱتَّخَذَ سَبِيلَهُ ﴿ فِي ٱلْبَحُر عَجَبًا ﴿ اللهِ اللهُ الل

He said:"Do you remember when we betook ourselves to the rock? I indeed forgot the fish, none but Shaitân (Satan) made me forget to remember it. It took its course into the sea in a strange (way)!"

64.

[Mûsa (Moses)] said: "That is what we have been seeking." So they went back retracing their footsteps.

65.

Then they found one of Our slaves, unto whom We had bestowed mercy from Us, and whom We had taught knowledge from Us.

66.

Mûsa (Moses) said to him (Khidr) "May I follow you so that you teach me something of that knowledge (guidance and true path) which you have been taught (by Allâh)?"

67.

He (Khidr) said: "Verily! You will not be able to have patience with me!

68.

"And how can you have patience about a thing which you know not?"

69.

Mûsa (Moses) said: "If Allâh will, you will find me patient, and I will not disobey you in aught."

70.

He (Khidr) said: "Then, if you follow me, ask me not about anything till I myself mention it to you."

فَّانطَلَقَا حَتَّنْ إِذَا رَكِبَا فِي ٱلسَّفِينَةِ خَرَقَهَا ۗ قَالَ أَخَرَقُتَهَا لِتُغُرِقَ أَهُلَهَا لَقَدُ جئَّتَ شَيًّا إمْرًا 🔊 So they both proceeded, till, when they embarked the ship, he (Khidr) scuttled it. Mûsa (Moses) said: "Have you scuttled it in order to drown its people? Verily, you have committed a thing "Imra" (a Munkar - evil, bad, dreadful thing)." قَالَ أَلَمُ أَقُلُ إِنَّكَ لَن تَسُتَطِيعَ مَعِى صَبْرًا ١ He (Khidr) said: "Did I not tell you, that you would not be able to have patience with me?" **73**. قَالَ لَا تُؤَاخِذُنِي بِمَا نَسِيتُ وَلَا تُرُهِقُنِي مِنْ أَمُرِي عُسُرًا 🐨 [Mûsa (Moses)] said: "Call me not to account for what I forgot $^{
m II}$, and be not hard upon me for my affair (with you).' 74.

فَٱنطَلَقَا حَتَّنَى إِذَا لَقِيَا غُلَامًا فَقَتَلَهُ وقَالَ أَقَتَلُتَ نَفْسًا زَكِيَّةً بِغَيْر نَفُس لَّقَدُ جِئْتَ شَيئًا نُّكُرًا ﴿

Then they both proceeded, till they met a boy, he (Khidr) killed him. Mûsa (Moses) said: "Have you killed an innocent person who had killed none? Verily, you have committed a thing "Nukra" (a great Munkar - prohibited, evil, dreadful thing)!"

75. قَالَ أَلَم أَقُال لَّكَ إِنَّكَ لَن تَسُتَطِيعَ مَعِى صَبرًا

(Khidr) said: "Did I not tell you that you can have no patience with me?"

76. قَالَ إِن سَأَلُتُكَ عَن شَيْءٍ بَعُدَهَا فَلَا تُصَحِبُنِي ۖ قَدُ بَلَغُتَ مِـن لَّـدُنِّي عُـذُرًا 🕅

[Mûsa (Moses)] said: "If I ask you anything after this, keep me not in your company, you have

77. فَٱنطَلَقَا حَتَّنَى إِذَآ أَتَيَآ أَهُلَ قَرْيَةٍ ٱستَطْعَمَآ أَهُلَهَا فَأَبَوا ْ أَن يُضَيّفُوهُمَا فَوَجَدَا فِيهَا جِدَارًا يُرِيدُ أَن يَنقَضَّ فَأَقَامَهُ ﴿ قَالَ لَو شِئْتَ لَتَّخَذُتَ عَلَيْهِ Then they both proceeded, till, when they came to the people of a town, they asked them for food, but they refused to entertain them. Then they found therein a wall about to collapse and he (Khidr) set it up straight. [Mûsa (Moses)] said: If you had wished, surely, you could have taken wages for it!"

78.

قَالَ هَدِذَا فِرَاقُ بَيُنِي وَبَيُنِكَ ۚ سَأُنَبِّئُكَ بِتَأُويِل مَا لَمُ تَسۡتَطِع عَّلَيُهِ



(Khidr) said: "This is the parting between me and you, I will tell you the interpretation of (those) things over which you were unable to hold patience.

79.

أَمَّا ٱلسَّفِينَةُ فَكَانَتُ لِمَسَــُكِينَ يَعُمَلُونَ فِى ٱلْبَحُرِ فَأَرَدتُّ أَنُ أَعِيبَهَا وَكَانَ وَرَآءَهُم مَّلِكُ يَأْخُذُ كُلَّ سَفِينَةٍ غَصُبًا ۞

"As for the ship, it belonged to *Masâkîn* (poor people) working in the sea. So I wished to make a defective damage in it, as there was a king after them who seized every ship by force.

80.

وَ أَمَّا ٱلْغُلَدمُ فَكَانَ أَبَوَاهُ مُؤْمِنَيُنِ فَخَشِينَآ أَن يُرُهِقَهُمَا طُغُيَدنَا وَكُفُرًا



"And as for the boy, his parents were believers, and we feared lest he should oppress them by rebellion and disbelief.

81.

"So we intended that their Lord should change him for them for one better in righteousness and near to mercy.

82.

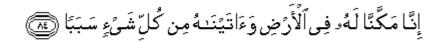
وَأَمَّا ٱلُجِدَارُ فَكَانَ لِغُلَامَيُنِ يَتِيمَيُنِ فِى ٱلْمَدِينَةِ وَكَانَ تَحُتَهُ وَكَانَ تَحُتَهُ وَكَانَ أَبُوهُمَا صَلِحًا فَا أَرَادَ رَبُّكَ أَن تَحُتَهُ وَكَانَ أَبُوهُمَا صَلِحًا فَا رَادَ رَبُّكَ أَن يَبُلُغَا أَشُدَّهُمَا وَيَسْتَخُرِجَا كَنزَهُمَا رَحُمَةً مِّن رَّبِكَ وَمَا فَعَلْتُهُ وَعَنُ أَمُرى ۚ ذَلِكَ تَأُويلُ مَا لَمُ تَسْطِع عَلَيْهِ صَبْرًا

الله مَا لَمُ تَسْطِع عَلَيْهِ صَبْرًا

"And as for the wall, it belonged to two orphan boys in the town; and there was under it a treasure belonging to them; and their father was a righteous man, and your Lord intended that they should attain their age of full strength and take out their treasure as a mercy from your Lord. And I did it not of my own accord. That is the interpretation of those (things) over which you could not hold patience."

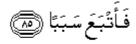
83.

And they ask you about Dhul-Qarnain. Say: "I shall recite to you something of his story."



Verily, We established him in the earth, and We gave him the means of everything.

85.



So he followed a way.

86.

Until, when he reached the setting place of the sun, he found it setting in a spring of black muddy (or hot) water. And he found near it a people. We (Allâh) said (by inspiration): "O Dhul-Qarnain! Either you punish them, or treat them with kindness."

87.

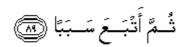


He said: "As for him (a disbeliever in the Oneness of Allâh) who does wrong, we shall punish him; and then he will be brought back unto his Lord; Who will punish him with a terrible torment (Hell).

88.

"But as for him who believes (in Allâh's Oneness) and works righteousness, he shall have the best reward, (Paradise), and we (Dhul-Qarnain) shall speak unto him mild words (as instructions)."

89.



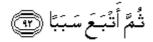
Then he followed another way,

90.

Until, when he came to the rising place of the sun, he found it rising on a people for whom We (Allâh) had provided no shelter against the sun.

91.

So (it was)! And We knew all about him (Dhul-Qarnain)



Then he followed (another) way,

93.

حَتَّنَ إِذَا بَلَغَ بَيُنَ ٱلسَّدَّيُنِ وَجَدَ مِن دُونِهِمَا قَوْمًا لَّا يَكَادُونَ يَفُقَهُونَ قَوْلًا اللهِ عَلَا اللهِ عَلَا اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهِ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُواللّهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى الللهُ الللهُ عَلَى الللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى الللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ

Until, when he reached between two mountains, he found, before (near) them (those two mountains), a people who scarcely understood a word.

94.

قَالُواْ يَسِذَا ٱلْقَرِئنَيْنِ إِنَّ يَا أُجُوجَ وَمَا أُجُوجَ مُفْسِدُونَ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ فَهَالُ نَجُعَلُ لَكَ خَرُجًا عَلَىٰۤ أَن تَجُعَلَ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَهُمُ سَدًّا ٢

They said: "O Dhul-Qarnain! Verily! Ya'jûj and Ma'jûj (Gog and Magog) are doing great mischief in the land. Shall we then pay you a tribute in order that you might erect a barrier between us and them?"

95.

He said: "That (wealth, authority and power) in which my Lord had established me is better (than your tribute). So help me with strength (of men), I will erect between you and them a barrier.

96.

"Give me pieces (blocks) of iron," then, when he had filled up the gap between the two mountaincliffs, he said: "Blow," till when he had made it (red as) fire, he said: "Bring me molten copper to pour over it."

97.

So they [Ya'jûj and Ma'jûj (Gog and Magog)] were made powerless to scale it or dig through it.

98.

قَالَ هَلَذَا رَحُمَةُ مِّن رَّبِّيَّ فَإِذَا جَاءَ وَعُدُ رَبِّى جَعَلَهُ و دَكَّاءً وَكَانَ وَعُدُ رَبِّى حَقًّا ۞

Dhul-Qarnain) said: "This is a mercy from my Lord, but when the Promise of my Lord comes, He shall level it down to the ground. And the Promise of my Lord is ever true."



And on that Day [i.e. the Day Ya'jûj and Ma'jûj (Gog and Magog) will come out], We shall leave them to surge like waves on one another, and the Trumpet will be blown, and We shall collect them all together.

100

And on that Day We shall present Hell to the disbelievers, plain to view,

101



(To) Those whose eyes had been under a covering from My Reminder (this Qur'ân), and who could not bear to hear (it).

102

Do then those who disbelieve think that they can take My slaves [i.e., the angels, Allâh's Messengers, 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary), etc.] as *Auliyâ'* (lords, gods, protectors, etc.) besides Me? Verily, We have prepared Hell as an entertainment for the disbelievers (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism).

103

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Shall We tell you the greatest losers in respect of (their) deeds?

104

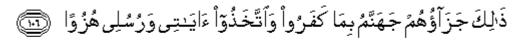
"Those whose efforts have been wasted in this life while they thought that they were acquiring good by their deeds! $^{f I}$

105

They are those who deny the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of their Lord and the Meeting with Him (in the Hereafter). So their works are in vain, and on the Day of

Resurrection, We shall not give them any weight.

106.



"That shall be their recompense, Hell; because they disbelieved and took My *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and My Messengers by way of jest and mockery.

107.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَدِتِ كَانَتُ لَهُمُ جَنَّتُ ٱللَّفِرُدَوُسِ نُزُلًّا



"Verily! Those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous deeds, shall have the Gardens of *Al-Firdaus* (the Paradise) for their entertainment.

108

"Wherein they shall dwell (forever). No desire will they have to be removed therefrom."

109

Say (O Muhammad SAW to mankind). "If the sea were ink for (writing) the Words of my Lord, surely, the sea would be exhausted before the Words of my Lord would be finished, even if we brought (another sea) like it for its aid."

110.

قُلُ إِنَّمَآ أَنَاْ بَشَرُ مِّثُلُكُمُ يُوحَى إِلَىَّ أَنَّمَاۤ إِلَىهُكُمُ إِلَىهُ وَحِدُّ فَمَن كَانَ يَرُجُواْ لِقَآءَ رَبِّهِۦ فَلُيَعُمَلُ عَمَلًا صَلِحًا وَلَا يُشُرِكُ بِعِبَادَةِ رَبِّهِۦٓ أَحَدُّا



Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I am only a man like you. It has been inspired to me that your *Ilâh* (God) is One *Ilâh* (God i.e. Allâh). So whoever hopes for the Meeting Π with his Lord, let him work righteousness and associate none as a partner in the worship of his Lord."

19. Surât Maryam Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful, كَــهيعَض 🕥 Kâf HâYâ'AînSâd. [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'an, and none but Allah (Alone) knows their meanings] رُ رَحُــمَتِ رَبِّـكَ عَبُـدَهُ و زَكَريَّـا 📆 (This is) a mention of the mercy of your Lord to His slave Zakariya (Zachariah). 3. إِذْ نَادَىٰ رَبُّهُ و نِدَآءً خَفِيًّا ﴿ When he called out his Lord (Allâh) a call in secret, قَــالَ رَبِّ إِنِّــى وَهَــنَ ٱلْعَظُــمُ مِنِّــى وَٱشُــتَعَلَ ٱلــرَّأَسُ شَــيَّبًا وَلَـ أَكُنْ بدُعَــآبِكَ رَبِّ شَــقِيًّا ۞ Saying: "My Lord! Indeed my bones have grown feeble, and grey hair has spread on my head, And I have never been unblest in my invocation to You, O my Lord! 5. وَ إِنِّى خِفْتُ ٱلْمَوَالِيَ مِن وَرَآءِى وَكَانَتِ ٱمُرَأَتِي عَاقِرًا فَهَبُ لِي مِن لُّدُنكَ وَلِيًّا ۞ 'And Verily! I fear my relatives after me, since my wife is barren. So give me from Yourself an heir, 6. _رثُ مِ_نُ ءَالِ يَعُقُـوبَ ۗ وَٱجُعَلُـ

"Who shall inherit me, and inherit (also) the posterity of Ya'qûb (Jacob) (inheritance of the religious knowledge and Prophethood, not the wealth, etc.). And make him, my Lord, one with whom You are Well-pleased!".

يَنزَكَرِيَّا إِنَّا نُبَشِّرُكَ بِغُلَدمِ ٱسمهُ ويَحْيَىٰ لَمُ نَجُعَل لَّهُ ومِن قَبُلُ سَمِيًّا



(Allâh said) "O Zakariya (Zachariah)! Verily, We give you the glad tidings of a son, His name will be Yahya (John). We have given that name to none before (him)."

8.

قَالَ رَبِّ أَنَّىٰ يَكُونُ لِي غُلَامٌ وَكَانَتِ ٱمْرَ أَتِي عَاقِرًا وَقَدُ بَلَغُتُ مِنَ ٱلْكِبَرِ



He said: "My Lord! How can I have a son, when my wife is barren, and I have reached the extreme old age."

9.

قَالَ كَذَالِكَ قَالَ رَبُّكَ هُوَ عَلَيَّ هَيِّنٌ وَقَدْ خَلَقَتُكَ مِن قَبُلُ وَلَمُ تَكُ شَيئًا



He said: "So (it will be). Your Lord says; It is easy for Me. Certainly I have created you before, when you had been nothing!"

10.



[Zakariya (Zachariah)] said: "My Lord! Appoint for me a sign." He said: "Your sign is that you shall not speak unto mankind for three nights, though having no bodily defect."

11.

فَخَرَ جَ عَلَىٰ قَوْمِهِ - مِنَ ٱلْمِحْرَابِ فَأَوْحَنَى إِلَيْهِمُ أَن سَبِّحُواْ بُكُرَةً وَعَشِيًّا



Then he came out to his people from *Al-Mihrâb* (a praying place or a private room, etc.), he told them by signs to glorify Allâh's Praises in the morning and in the afternoon.

12.

(It was said to his son): "O Yahya (John)! Hold fast the Scripture [the Taurât (Torah)]." And We gave him wisdom while yet a child.

13.

And (made him) sympathetic to men as a mercy (or a grant) from Us, and pure from sins [i.e. Yahya (John)] and he was righteous,

And dutiful towards his parents, and he was neither an arrogant nor disobedient (to Allâh or to his parents).

15.

And Salâmun (peace) be on him the day he was born, the day he dies, and the day he will be raised up to life (again)!

16



And mention in the Book (the Qur'an, O Muhammad SAW, the story of) Maryam (Mary), when she withdrew in seclusion from her family to a place facing east.

17.

She placed a screen (to screen herself) from them; then We sent to her Our *Ruh* [angel Jibrael (Gabriel)], and he appeared before her in the form of a man in all respects.

18.

She said: "Verily! I seek refuge with the Most Beneficent (Allâh) from you, if you do fear Allâh."

19.

(The angel) said: "I am only a Messenger from your Lord, (to announce) to you the gift of a righteous son "

20.

She said: "How can I have a son, when no man has touched me, nor am I unchaste?"

21.

He said: "So (it will be), your Lord said: 'That is easy for Me (Allâh): And (We wish) to appoint him as a sign to mankind and a mercy from Us (Allâh), and it is a matter (already) decreed, (by Allâh).' "

So she conceived him $^{\mbox{\scriptsize I}}$, and she withdrew with him to a far place (i.e. Bethlehem valley about 4-6 miles from Jerusalem).

23.

And the pains of childbirth drove her to the trunk of a date-palm. She said: "Would that I had died before this, and had been forgotten and out of sight!"

24.

Then [the babe 'lesa (Jesus) or Jibrael (Gabriel)] cried unto her from below her, saying: "Grieve not! Your Lord has provided a water stream under you;

25.

"And shake the trunk of date-palm towards you, it will let fall fresh ripe-dates upon you."

26.

"So eat and drink and be glad, and if you see any human being, say: 'Verily! I have vowed a fast unto the Most Beneficent (Allâh) so I shall not speak to any human being this day.'"

27.

Then she brought him (the baby) to her people, carrying him. They said: "O Mary! Indeed you have brought a thing *Fariya* (an unheard mighty thing).

يَنَا أُخُتَ هَـــرُونَ مَــا كَــانَ أَبُــوكِ ٱمـُــرَأَ سَــوُءٍ وَمَــا كَانَتُ أُمُّكِ بَغِيًّا ﴿

"O sister (i.e. the like) of Hârûn (Aaron) [not the brother of Mûsa (Moses), but he was another pious man at the time of Maryam (Mary)]! Your father was not a man who used to commit adultery, nor your mother was an unchaste woman."

29.

Then she pointed to him. They said: "How can we talk to one who is a child in the cradle? Π "

30.

"He ['lesa (Jesus)] said: Verily! I am a slave of Allâh, He has given me the Scripture and made me a $Prophet; \Pi$ "

31.



"And He has made me blessed wheresoever I be, and has enjoined on me *Salât* (prayer), and *Zakât*, as long as I live."

32.

"And dutiful to my mother, and made me not arrogant, unblest.

33.

"And *Salâm* (peace) be upon me the day I was born, and the day I die, and the day I shall be raised alive!"

34.

Such is 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary). (it is) a statement of truth, about which they doubt (or dispute).

مَا كَانَ لِلَّهِ أَن يَتَّخِذَ مِن وَلَدٍ ۗ سُبُحَـننَهُ ۚ إِذَا قَضَىٰۤ أَمُرًا فَإِنَّمَا يَقُولُ لَهُ ۚ كُن فَيَكُونُ ۚ

It befits not (the Majesty of) Allâh that He should beget a son [this refers to the slander of Christians against Allâh, by saying that 'lesa (Jesus) is the son of Allâh]. Glorified (and Exalted be He above all that they associate with Him). When He decrees a thing, He only says to it, "Be!" and it is I .

36.

['lesa (Jesus) said]: "And verily Allâh is my Lord and your Lord. So worship Him (Alone). That is the Straight Path. (Allâh's Religion of Islâmic Monotheism which He did ordain for all of His Prophets)." [*Tafsir At-Tabarî*]

37.



Then the sects differed [i.e. the Christians about 'lesa (Jesus) >>], so woe unto the disbelievers [those who gave false witness by saying that 'lesa (Jesus) is the son of Allâh] from the meeting of a great Day (i.e. the Day of Resurrection, when they will be thrown in the blazing Fire) Π .

38.



How clearly will they (polytheists and disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh) see and hear, the Day when they will appear before Us! But the *Zalimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers) today are in plain error.

39.



And warn them (O Muhammad SAW) of the Day of grief and regrets, when the case has been decided, while (now) they are in a state of carelessness, and they believe not IJ .

40

Verily! We will inherit the earth and whatsoever is thereon. And to Us they all shall be returned,

41.

And mention in the Book (the Qur'ân) Ibrâhim (Abraham). Verily! He was a man of truth, a Prophet.

إِذْ قَالَ لِأَبِيهِ يَثَأَبَتِ لِمَ تَعُبُدُ مَا لَا يَسُمَعُ وَلَا يُبُصِرُ وَلَا يُغُنِى عَنكَ شَيئًا



When he said to his father: "O my father! Why do you worship that which hears not, sees not and cannot avail you in anything?

43.

"O my father! Verily! There has come to me of knowledge that which came not unto you. So follow me. I will guide you to a Straight Path.

44.

"O my father! Worship not *Shaitân* (Satan). Verily! *Shaitân* (Satan) has been a rebel against the Most Beneficent (Allâh).

45.



"O my father! Verily! I fear lest a torment from the Most Beneficent (Allâh) overtake you, so that you become a companion of *Shaitân* (Satan) (in the Hell-fire)." [*Tafsir Al-Qurtubî*]

46.

He (the father) said: "Do you reject my gods, O Ibrâhim (Abraham)? If you stop not (this), I will indeed stone you. So get away from me safely before I punish you."

47.

Ibrâhim (Abraham) said: "Peace be on you! I will ask Forgiveness of my Lord for you. Verily! He is unto me, Ever Most Gracious.

وَ أَعُتَزِ لُكُمُ وَمَا تَدُعُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ وَ أَدُعُواْ رَبِّي عَسَى ٓ أَلَّا ٓ أَكُونَ بِدُعَآءِ رَبِّي شَقِيًّا

"And I shall turn away from you and from those whom you invoke besides Allâh. And I shall call on my Lord; and I hope that I shall not be unblest in my invocation to my Lord."

49.

So when he had turned away from them and from those whom they worshipped besides Allâh, We gave him Ishâque (Isaac) and Ya'qûb (Jacob), and each one of them We made a Prophet.

50.

And We gave them of Our Mercy (a good provision in plenty), and We granted them honour on the tongues (of all the nations, i.e everybody remembers them with a good praise).

51.

52.

And We called him from the right side of the Mount, and made him draw near to Us for a talk with him [Mûsa (Moses)].

53.

And We bestowed on him his brother Hârûn (Aaron), (also) a Prophet, out of Our Mercy.

54.



And mention in the Book (the Qur'ân) Ismâ'il (Ishmael). Verily! He was true to what he promised, and he was a Messenger, (and) a Prophet.

55.

And he used to enjoin on his family and his people *As-Salât* (the prayers) and the *Zakât*, and his Lord was pleased with him.

وَٱذۡكُــرُ فِـــى ٱلۡكِــتَـٰب إِدُريسَ ۚ إِنَّــهُ ۗ كَــانَ صِدِّيةً انَّبيًّا

And mention in the Book (the Qur'an) Idris (Enoch). Verily! He was a man of truth, (and) a Prophet.

57.

And We raised him to a high station.

58.

أُوْلَنَبِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَنْعَمَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم مِّنَ ٱلنَّبِيِّئِنَ مِن ذُرّيَّةِ ءَادَمَ وَمِمَّنُ حَمَلُنَا مَعَ نُوجٍ وَمِن ذُرّيَّةِ إِبُرَ هِيمَ وَإِسُرَ آءِيلَ وَمِمَّنُ هَدَيُنَا وَٱجُتَبَيُّنَا ۗ إِذَا تُتُلَىٰ عَلَيْهِمُ ءَايَنتُ ٱلرَّحُ مَنن خَرُّواْ سُجَّدًا وَبُكِيًّا ١١ 🚳

Those were they unto whom Allâh bestowed His Grace from among the Prophets, of the offspring of Adam, and of those whom We carried (in the ship) with Nûh (Noah), and of the offspring of Ibrâhim (Abraham) and Israel and from among those whom We guided and chose. When the Verses of the Most Beneficent (Allâh) were recited unto them, they fell down prostrating and weeping. Π

59.

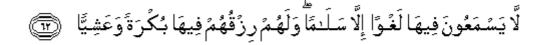
Then, there has succeeded them a posterity who have given up As-Salât (the prayers) [i.e. made their Salât (prayers) to be lost, either by not offering them or by not offering them perfectly or by not offering them in their proper fixed times, etc.] and have followed lusts. $^{
m II}$ So they will be thrown in Hell.

60.

Except those who repent and believe (in the Oneness of Allâh and His Messenger Muhammad SAW), and work righteousness Π . Such will enter Paradise and they will not be wronged in aught.

61.

(They will enter) 'Adn (Eden) Paradise (everlasting Gardens), which the Most Beneficent (Allâh) has promised to His slaves in the unseen: Verily! His Promise must come to pass.



They shall not hear therein (in Paradise) any *Laghw* (dirty, false, evil vain talk), but only *Salâm* (salutations of peace). And they will have therein their sustenance, morning and afternoon. [See (V.40:55)].

63.

Such is the Paradise which We shall give as an inheritance to those of Our slaves who have been *Al-Muttaqûn* (pious and righteous persons - See V.2:2).

64

And we (angels) descend not except by the Command of your Lord (O Muhammad SAW). To Him belongs what is before us and what is behind us, and what is between those two, and your Lord is never forgetful,

65.

Lord of the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them, so worship Him (Alone) and be constant and patient in His worship. Do you know of any who is similar to Him? (of course none is similar or coequal or comparable to Him, and He has none as partner with Him). [There is nothing like unto Him and He is the All-Hearer, the All-Seer] [1].

66

And man (the disbeliever) says: "When I am dead, shall I then be raised up alive?"

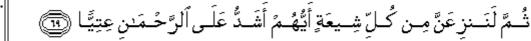
67.

Does not man remember that We created him before, while he was nothing?

68.



So by your Lord, surely, We shall gather them together, and (also) the *Shayâtin* (devils) (with them), then We shall bring them round Hell on their knees.



Then indeed We shall drag out from every sect all those who were worst in obstinate rebellion against the Most Beneficent (Allâh).

70.

Then, verily, We know best those who are most worthy of being burnt therein.

71

There is not one of you but will pass over it (Hell); this is with your Lord; a Decree which must be accomplished IJ .

72.

Then We shall save those who use to fear Allâh and were dutiful to Him. And We shall leave the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.) therein (humbled) to their knees (in Hell).

73.

And when Our Clear Verses are recited to them, those who disbelieve (the rich and strong among the pagans of Quraish who live a life of luxury) say to those who believe (the weak, poor companions of Prophet Muhammad SAW who have a hard life): "Which of the two groups (i.e. believers and disbelievers) is best in (point of) position and as regards station (place of council for consultation)."

74.

And how many a generation (past nations) have We destroyed before them, who were better in wealth, goods and outward appearance?

75.

قُلُ مَن كَانَ فِي ٱلضَّلَالَةِ فَلُيَمُدُدُ لَهُ ٱلرَّحُمَن مُدًّا حَتَّى إِذَا رَأُواْ مَا يُوعَدُونَ إِمَّا ٱلْعَذَابَ وَإِمَّا ٱلسَّاعَة فَسَيَعُلَمُونَ مَن هُوَ شَرُّ مَّكَانًا وَأَضْعَفُ جُندًا

Say (O Muhammad SAW) whoever is in error, the Most Beneficent (Allâh) will extend (the rope) to him, until, when they see that which they were promised, either the torment or the Hour, they will come to know who is worst in position, and who is weaker in forces. [This is the answer for the Verse No.19:73]

وَيَزِيدُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱهُتَدَوُا هُدَّىُّ وَٱلْبَعقِيَعتُ ٱلصَّعلِحَعتُ خَيْرٌ عِندَ رَبِّكَ ثَوَابًا وَخَـيُرٌ مَّـرَدًّا ۞

And Allâh increases in guidance those who walk aright [true believers in the Oneness of Allâh who fear Allâh much (abstain from all kinds of sins and evil deeds which He has forbidden), and love Allâh much (perform all kinds of good deeds which He has ordained)]. And the righteous good deeds that last, are better with your Lord, for reward and better for resort.

77.

Have you seen him who disbelieved in Our *Ayât* (this Qur'ân and Muhammad SAW) and (yet) says: "I shall certainly be given wealth and children [if I will be alive (again)],"

78.

Has he known the unseen or has he taken a covenant from the Most Beneficent (Allâh)?

79.

Nay! We shall record what he says, and We shall increase his torment (in the Hell);

80.

And We shall inherit from him (at his death) all that he talks of (i.e. wealth and children which We have bestowed upon him in this world), and he shall come to Us alone.

81.

And they have taken (for worship) *âliha* (gods) besides Allâh, that they might give them honour, power and glory (and also protect them from Allâh's Punishment etc.).

82.

Nay, but they (the so-called gods) will deny their worship of them, and become opponents to them (on the Day of Resurrection).

83.

See you not that We have sent the Shayâtin (devils) against the disbelievers to push them to do evil.

84.

So make no haste against them; We only count out to them a (limited) number (of the days of the life of this world and delay their term so that they may increase in evil and sins).

The Day We shall gather the *Muttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2) unto the Most Beneficent (Allâh), like a delegate (presented before a king for honour).

86.

And We shall drive the *Mujrimûn* (polytheists, sinners, criminals, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh, etc.) to Hell, in a thirsty state (like a thirsty herd driven down to water),

87.

None shall have the power of intercession, but such a one as has received permission (or promise) from the Most Beneficent (Allâh).

88.

And they say: "The Most Beneficent (Allâh) has begotten a son (or offspring or children) [as the Jews say: 'Uzair (Ezra) is the son of Allâh, and the Christians say that He has begotten a son ['Iesa (Christ) >>], and the pagan Arabs say that He has begotten daughters (angels, etc.)]."

89.

Indeed you have brought forth (said) a terrible evil thing.

90.

Whereby the heavens are almost torn, and the earth is split asunder, and the mountains fall in ruins,

91

That they ascribe a son (or offspring or children) to the Most Beneficent (Allâh).

92.

But it is not suitable for (the Majesty of) the Most Beneficent (Allâh) that He should beget a son (or offspring or children).

93.

There is none in the heavens and the earth but comes unto the Most Beneficent (Allâh) as a slave.

94.

Verily, He knows each one of them, and has counted them a full counting.

And everyone of them will come to Him alone on the Day of Resurrection (without any helper, or protector or defender).

96.

Verily, those who believe [in the Oneness of Allâh and in His Messenger (Muhammad SAW)] and work deeds of righteousness, the Most Beneficent (Allâh) will bestow love for them [] (in the hearts of the believers).

97.

So We have made this (the Qur'ân) easy in your own tongue (O Muhammad SAW), only that you may give glad tidings to the *Muttaqûn* (pious and righteous persons - See V.2:2), and warn with it the *Ludda* (most quarrelsome) people.

98.

And how many a generation before them have We destroyed! Can you (O Muhammad SAW) find a single one of them or hear even a whisper of them?

20. TâHâ. Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.		
1.	طه ١	
	TâHâ.	
	[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings.]	
2.	مَآ أَنزَ لُنَا عَلَيْكَ ٱلْقُرُءَانَ لِتَشُقَنَ ۞	
	We have not sent down the Qur'ân unto you (O Muhammad SAW) to cause you distress,	
3.	إِلَّا تَذُكِرَةً لِّمَن يَخُشَىٰ ٣	
	But only as a Reminder to those who fear (Allâh).	
4.	تَنزِيلًا مِّمَّنُ خَلَقَ ٱلْأَرُضَ وَٱلسَّمَـوَتِ ٱلْعُلَى ۞	
	A revelation from Him (Allâh) Who has created the earth and high heavens.	
5.	ٱلرَّحْمَن عَلَى ٱلْعَرُشِ ٱسْتَوَىٰ ۞	
	The Most Beneficent (Allâh) <i>Istawâ</i> (rose over) the (Mighty) Throne (in a manner that suits His Majesty).	
6.	لَـهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَمَا فِي ٱلأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا وَمَا تَحُـتَ	
	ٱلثَّرَىٰ ۞	
	To Him belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is on the earth, and all that is between them, and all that is under the soil.	
7.	وَإِن تَجُهَرُ بِٱلْقَولِ فَإِنَّهُ م يَعُلَمُ ٱلسِّرَّ وَأَخُفَى ۞	
	And if you (O Muhammad SAW) speak (the invocation) aloud, then verily, He knows the secret and that which is yet more hidden.	

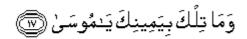
كُ لاَّ إِلَاكُ وَأَلَاكُ لَا أَلَاكُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ Allâh! *Lâ ilâhla illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He)! To Him belong the Best Names 9. وَ هَـلُ أَتَدكَ حَـدِيثُ مُوسَـنَ 🕥 And has there come to you the story of Mûsa (Moses)? 10. إِذُ رَءَا نَارًا فَقَالَ لِأَهُلِهِ ٱمْكُثُوٓا إِنِّيٓ ءَانَسُتُ نَارًا لَّعَلِّيٓ ءَاتِيكُم مِّنُهَا بِقَبَس أَوْ أَجِدُ عَلَى ٱلنَّارِ هُدًى 🚳 When he saw a fire, he said to his family: "Wait! Verily, I have seen a fire, perhaps I can bring you some burning brand therefrom, or find some guidance at the fire." 11. فَلَمَّآ أَتَنهَا نُودِيَ يَنمُوسَنَّ ﴿ And when he came to it (the fire), he was called by name: "O Mûsa (Moses)! 12. إِنِّيٓ أَنَاْ رَبُّكَ فَٱخُلَعُ نَعَلَيُكَ ۖ إِنَّكَ بِٱلْوَادِ ٱلْمُقَدَّسِ طُوًى ﴿ Verily! I am your Lord! So take off your shoes, you are in the sacred valley, Tuwa 13. وَ أَنَا ٱخُـتَرُ تُكَ فَأُسُتَمِعُ لِمَا يُوحَـنَ ٣ "And I have chosen you. So listen to that which is inspired to you. 14. إِنَّنِينَ أَنَا ٱللَّهُ لَا ٓ إِلَّهِ إِلَّا ٓ أَنَا فَاعُبُدُنِي وَأَقِم ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ لِذِكُرِي ۗ "Verily! I am Allâh! *Lâ ilâha illa Ana* (none has the right to be worshipped but I), so worship Me, and perform AsSalât (Iqâmat-as-Salât) for My Remembrance. 15. إِنَّ ٱلسَّاعَةَ ءَاتِيَةً أَكَادُ أُخُفِيهَا لِتُجُزَىٰ كُلُّ نَفُسٍ بِمَا تَسُعَىٰ ١ Verily, the Hour is coming and My Will is to keep it hidden that every person may be rewarded for that which he strives.

فَلَا يَصُدَّنَّكَ عَنُهَا مَن لَّا يُؤُمِنُ بِهَا وَٱتَّبَعَ هَوَنِهُ فَتَرُدَىٰ 📆

"Therefore, let not the one who believes not therein (i.e. in the Day of Resurrection, Reckoning,

Paradise and Hell, etc.), but follows his own lusts, Π divert you therefrom, lest you perish.

16.

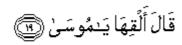


"And what is that in your right hand, O Mûsa (Moses)?"

18.

He said: "This is my stick, whereon I lean, and wherewith I beat down branches for my sheep, and wherein I find other uses."

19.



(Allâh) said: "Cast it down, O Mûsa (Moses)!"

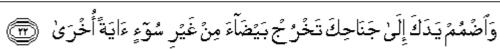
20.

He cast it down, and behold! It was a snake, moving quickly.

21.

Allâh said: "Grasp it, and fear not, We shall return it to its former state,

22.



"And press your (right) hand to your (left) side, it will come forth white (and shining), without any disease as another sign,

23.

"That We may show you (some) of Our Greater Signs.

24.

"Go to Fir'aun (Pharaoh)! Verily, he has transgressed (all bounds in disbelief and disobedience, and has behaved as an arrogant, and as a tyrant)."

25.

[Mûsa (Moses)] said: "O my Lord! Open for me my chest (grant me self-confidence, contentment, and boldness).

26.	مَا مِنْ مِنْ مِنْ مِنْ مِنْ مِنْ مِنْ مِنْ
	وَيَسِّرُ لِنَّ أَمُّرِي شَّ
27.	"And ease my task for me;
	وَٱحۡلُلُ عُقُدَةً مِّن لِّسَانِي ٣٠٠٠
	"And make loose the knot (the defect) from my tongue, (i.e. remove the incorrectness from my
	speech) [That occurred as a result of a brand of fire which Mûsa (Moses) put in his mouth when he was an infant]. [<i>Tafsir At-Tabarî</i> , Vol. 16, Page 159].
28.	æ 12 ú° 1 1 2 2
	يَفُقَهُ واْ قَولِي ۞
29.	"That they understand my speech,
29.	وَٱجُعَلَ لِّي وَزِيرًا مِّنُ أَهْلِي 📆
	"And appoint for me a helper from my family,
30.	
	هَـــرُونَ أَخِـــى 🟐
31.	"Hârûn (Aaron), my brother;
	اَشُدُدُ بِهِ ٤ أَزُرِي ﴿
	"Increase my strength with him,
32.	وَأَشُرِ كُهُ فِي ٓ أَمُرِى ۚ
	واسرِ له قِي المرِي الله
	"And let him share my task (of conveying Allâh's Message and Prophethood),
33.	
	كُنُ نُسَبِّحَكَ كُثِيرًا ٦
	"That we may glorify You much,
34.	وَنَذُكُرَكَ كَثِيرًا ﴿
	"And remember You much,
35.	
	إِنَّـكَ كُـنتَ بِنَـا بَصِـيرًا
	"Verily! You are of us Ever a Well-Seer."

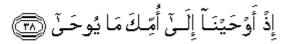


Allâh said: "You are granted your request, O Mûsa (Moses)!

37.

"And indeed We conferred a favour on you another time (before).

38.



"When We inspired your mother with that which We inspired.

39.

أَنِ ٱقُذِفِيهِ فِى ٱلتَّابُوتِ فَٱقُذِفِيهِ فِى ٱلْيَهِ فَلَيُلُقِهِ ٱلْيَمُّ بِٱلسَّاحِلِ يَا أَخُذُهُ عَدُوُّ لِّى وَعَدُوُّ لَّـهُ ﴿ وَ ٱلْقَيْتُ عَلَيْكَ مَحَبَّةً مِّنِي وَلِتُصُنَعَ عَلَيْكَ مَحَبَّةً مِّنِي وَلِتُصُنَعَ عَلَيْكَ مَحَبَّةً مِّنِي وَلِتُصُنَعَ عَلَيْكَ عَيْنِي قَ لِيَّ مَ وَلِتُصُنَعَ عَلَيْكَ مَحَبَّةً مِّنِي وَلِتُصُنَعَ عَلَيْكَ مَحَبَّةً مِّنِي وَلِتُصُنَعَ عَلَيْكَ مَعَيْنِي قَ

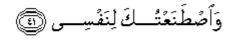
"Saying: 'Put him (the child) into the *Tabût* (a box or a case or a chest) and put it into the river (Nile), then the river shall cast it up on the bank, and there, an enemy of Mine and an enemy of his shall take him.' And I endued you with love from Me, in order that you may be brought up under My Eye,

40.

إِذْ تَمُشِىنَ أُخُـتُكَ فَتَقُـولُ هَـلُ أَدُلُّكُـمُ عَلَـىٰ مَـن يَكُفُلُـهُ ﴿
فَرَجَعُنَكَ إِلَىٰ أُمِّكَ كَـىُ تَقَـرَ عَينُها وَلَا تَحُـزَنَ وَقَتَلُـتَ نَفُسًا
فَرَجَعُنَكَ إِلَىٰ أُمِّكَ كَـىُ تَقَـرً عَينُها وَلَا تَحُـزَنَ وَقَتَلُـتَ نَفُسًا
فَنَجَّينَكَ مِنَ ٱلْغَمِّ وَفَتَنَّـكَ فُتُونًا فَلَبِثُتَ سِنِينَ فِي أَهُلِ مَدْيَنَ ثُمَّ جَـئَتَ عَلَـىٰ قَـدَرِ يَعمُوسَـىٰ ۞

"When your sister went and said: 'Shall I show you one who will nurse him?' So We restored you to your mother, that she might cool her eyes and she should not grieve. Then you did kill a man, but We saved you from great distress and tried you with a heavy trial. Then you stayed a number of years with the people of Madyan (Midian). Then you came here according to the fixed term which I ordained (for you), O Mûsa (Moses)!

41.



"And I have *Istana'tuka,^{\Pi}* for Myself.

42.

"Go you and your brother with My *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), and do not, you both, slacken and become weak in My Remembrance.

'Go, both of you, to Fir'aun (Pharaoh), verily, he has transgressed (all bounds in disbelief and disobedience and behaved as an arrogant and as a tyrant).

44.

'And speak to him mildly, perhaps he may accept admonition or fear Allâh."

45

They said: "Our Lord! Verily! We fear lest he should hasten to punish us or lest he should transgress (all bounds against us).'

46.

47.

"So go you both to him, and say: 'Verily, we are Messengers of your Lord, so let the Children of Israel go with us, and torment them not; indeed, we have come with a sign from your Lord! And peace will be upon him who follows the guidance!

48.

'Truly, it has been revealed to us that the torment will be for him who denies [believes not in the Oneness of Allâh, and in His Messengers, etc.], and turns away. (from the truth and obedience of Allâh)"

49.

Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "Who then, O Mûsa (Moses), is the Lord of you two?"

50.

[Mûsa (Moses)] said: "Our Lord is He Who gave to each thing its form and nature, then guided it aright.'

قَالَ فَمَا بَالُ ٱلْقُرُونِ ٱلْأُولَىٰ ٢

[Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] said: "What about the generations of old?"

52.

[Mûsa (Moses)] said: "The knowledge thereof is with my Lord, in a Record. My Lord is neither unaware nor He forgets, "

53.

Who has made earth for you like a bed (spread out); and has opened roads (ways and paths etc.) for you therein; and has sent down water (rain) from the sky. And We have brought forth with it various kinds of vegetation.

54.

Eat and pasture your cattle, (therein); verily, in this are proofs and signs for men of understanding.

55.



Thereof (the earth) We created you, and into it We shall return you, and from it We shall bring you out once again.

56.

And indeed We showed him [Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] all Our Signs and Evidences, but he denied and refused.

57.

He [Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] said: "Have you come to drive us out of our land with your magic, O Mûsa (Moses)?

فَلَنَا أَتِيَنَّكَ بِسِحْرٍ مِّثُلِهِ عَلَّ جَعَلُ بَيُنَنَا وَبَيُنَكَ مَوَّعِدًا لاَّ نُخُلِفُهُ و نَحُنُ وَلاَ أَنتَ مَكَانًا سُوًى ۞

"Then verily, we can produce magic the like thereof; so appoint a meeting between us and you, which neither we, nor you shall fail to keep, in an open wide place where both shall have a just and equal chance (and beholders could witness the competition)."

59.

[Mûsa (Moses)] said: "Your appointed meeting is the day of the festival, and let the people assemble when the sun has risen (forenoon)."

60.

So Fir'aun (Pharaoh) withdrew, devised his plot and then came back.

61.

Mûsa (Moses) said to them: "Woe unto you! Invent not a lie against Allâh, lest He should destroy you completely by a torment. And surely, he who invents a lie (against Allâh) will fail miserably."

62.

Then they debated with one another what they must do, and they kept their talk secret.

63.

They said: "Verily! These are two magicians. Their object is to drive you out from your land with magic, and overcome your chiefs and nobles.

64.

"So devise your plot, and then assemble in line. And whoever overcomes this day will be indeed successful."

65.

They said: "O Mûsa (Moses)! Either you throw first or we be the first to throw?"

قَالَ بَالُ أَلْقُوا أَلْقُوا حِبَالُهُمُ وَعِصِيُّهُمُ يُخَيَّلُ إِلَيْهِ مِن سِحْرِهِمُ أَنَّهَا تَسْعَىٰ ٢

[Mûsa (Moses)] said: "Nay, throw you (first)!" Then behold, their ropes and their sticks, by their magic, appeared to him as though they moved fast.

67.

So Mûsa (Moses) conceived a fear in himself.

68.

We (Allâh) said: "Fear not! Surely, you will have the upper hand.

69.

"And throw that which is in your right hand! It will swallow up that which they have made. That which they have made is only a magician's trick, and the magician will never be successful, no matter whatever amount (of skill) he may attain."

70.

So the magicians fell down prostrate. They said: "We believe in the Lord of Hârûn (Aaron) and Mûsa (Moses)."

71.

[Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] said: "Believe you in him [Mûsa (Moses)] before I give you permission? Verily! He is your chief who taught you magic. So I will surely cut off your hands and feet on opposite sides, and I will surely crucify you on the trunks of date-palms, and you shall surely know which of us [I (Fir'aun Pharaoh) or the Lord of Mûsa (Moses) (Allâh)] can give the severe and more lasting torment."

72.

They said: "We prefer you not over the clear signs that have come to us, and to Him (Allâh) Who created us. So decree whatever you desire to decree, for you can only decree (regarding) this life of

the world

73.

إِنَّا ءَامَنَّا بِرَبِّنَا لِيَغُفِرَ لَنَا خَطَنيَنَا وَمَا أَكُرَهُتَنَا عَلَيْهِ مِنَ ٱلسِّحُرُِّ وَٱللَّهُ خَيْرٌ وَأَبُقَنَ ٣

"Verily! We have believed in our Lord, that He may forgive us our faults, and the magic to which you did compel us. And Allâh is better as regards reward in comparison to your [Fir'aun's (Pharaoh)] reward, and more lasting (as regards punishment in comparison to your punishment)."

74.

إِنَّـهُ مَن يَـأُتِ رَبَّـهُ مُجُرِمًا فَإِنَّ لَهُ عَهَنَّمَ لَا يَمُوتُ فِيهَا وَلَا يَحُيَىٰ ۞

Verily! Whoever comes to his Lord as a *Mujrim* (criminal, polytheist, disbeliever in the Oneness of Allâh and His Messengers, sinner, etc.), then surely, for him is Hell, therein he will neither die nor live.

75.

But whoever comes to Him (Allâh) as a believer (in the Oneness of Allâh, etc.), and has done righteous good deeds, for such are the high ranks (in the Hereafter),

76.

'Adn (Edn) Paradise (everlasting Gardens), under which rivers flow, wherein they will abide forever: such is the reward of those who purify themselves [(by abstaining from all kinds of sins and evil deeds) which Allâh has forbidden and by doing all that which Allâh has ordained)].

77.

And indeed We inspired Mûsa (Moses) (saying): "Travel by night with *Ibâdi* (My slaves) and strike a dry path for them in the sea, fearing neither to be overtaken [by Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] nor being afraid (of drowning in the sea)."

78.

Then Fir'aun (Pharaoh) pursued them with his hosts, but the sea-water completely overwhelmed them and covered them up.

وَ أَضَلَّ فِرُ عَوْنُ قَوْمَهُ و وَمَا هَدَىٰ 🜚

And Fir'aun (Pharaoh) led his people astray, and he did not guide them.

80.

يَىبَنِى ٓ إِسُرَ آءِيلَ قَدُ أَنجَـيُنَكُم مِّـنُ عَـدُوِّ كُمُّ وَوَاعَدُنَكُمُ جَـانِبَ الطُّـورِ ٱلْأَيُمَــنَ وَنَرَّ لُنَــا عَلَيْكُــمُ ٱلْمَــنَّ وَٱلسَّــلُوَىٰ ۗ

O Children of Israel! We delivered you from your enemy, and We made a covenant with you on the right side of the Mount, and We sent down to you $Al-Manna^{I}$ and quails,

81.

كُلُواْ مِن طَيِّبَنتِ مَا رَزَقُنَكُمُ وَلَا تَطُغُواْ فِيهِ فَيَحِلَّ عَلَيْكُمُ غَضَبِيًّ وَمَن يَحُلِلُ عَلَيْكُمُ غَضَبِيًّ وَمَن يَحُلِلُ عَلَيْهِ غَضَبى فَقَدُ هَوَىٰ ﴿

(Saying) eat of the *Taiyibât* (good lawful things) wherewith We have provided you, and commit no oppression therein, lest My Anger should justly descend on you. And he on whom My Anger descends, he is indeed perished.

82.

And verily, I am indeed Forgiving to him who repents, believes (in My Oneness, and associates none in worship with Me) and does righteous good deeds, and then remains constant in doing them, (till his death).

83.

"And what made you hasten from your people, O Mûsa (Moses)?"

84.

He said: "They are close on my footsteps, and I hastened to You, O my Lord, that You might be pleased."

85.

(Allâh) said: "Verily! We have tried your people in your absence, and As-Samiri has led them astray."

86.

فَرَجَعَ مُوسَى إِلَى قَوُمِهِ عَضَبَى أَسِفًا قَالَ يَعقَوُمِ أَلَىمُ يَعِدُكُمُ رَبُّكُمُ وَعُدًا حَسَنًا أَفَطَالَ عَلَيْكُمُ ٱلْعَهُدُ أَمُ أَرَدتُّمُ أَن يَحِلَّ عَلَيْكُمُ غَضَبٌ مِّن رَّبِّكُمُ فَأَخُلَفُتُم مَّوُعِدِى هَ

Then Mûsa (Moses) returned to his people in a state of anger and sorrow. He said: "O my people! Did not your Lord promise you a fair promise? Did then the promise seem to you long in coming? Or did you desire that wrath should descend from your Lord on you, so you broke your promise to me (i.e disbelieving in Allâh and worshipping the calf)?" 87. قَــالُواْ مَـــآ أَخُلَفُنَــا مَوْءِـــدَكَ بِمَلْكِنَــا وَلَــٰكِنَّــا حُمِّلُنَـ مِّن زِينَةِ ٱلْقَوْم فَقَذَفُنَاهَا فَكَذَالِكَ أَلْقَى ٱلسَّامِرِيُّ ﴿ They said: "We broke not the promise to you, of our own will, but we were made to carry the weight of the ornaments of the [Fir'aun's (Pharaoh)] people, then we cast them (into the fire), and that was what As-Samiri suggested." رَ جَ لَهُمُ عِجُلًا جَسَدًا لَّهُ وخُوَارٌ فَقَالُواْ هَدِذَآ إِلَىهُكُمُ وَإِلَىهُ مُوسَىٰ

88.

Then he took out (of the fire) for them a statue of a calf which seemed to low. They said: "This is your *ilâh* (god), and the *ilâh* (god) of Mûsa (Moses), but [Mûsa (Moses)] has forgotten (his god).'"

أَفَلَا يَرَوُنَ أَلَّا يَرُجِعُ إِلَيْهِمُ قَوُلًا وَلَا يَمُلِكُ لَهُمُ ضَرًّا وَلَا نَفُعًا 🔝

89.

90.

Did they not see that it could not return them a word (for answer), and that it had no power either to harm them or to do them good?

وَلَقَدُ قَالَ لَهُمُ هَدرُونُ مِن قَبُلُ يَنقَوُم إِنَّمَا فُتِنتُم بِهِ ۗ وَإِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ ٱلرَّحُمَن فَاتَّبِعُونِي وَأَطِيعُوٓا أَمُرى ٢

And Hârûn (Aaron) indeed had said to them beforehand: "O my people! You are being tried in this, and verily, your Lord is (Allâh) the Most Beneficent, so follow me and obey my order.

91. قَـالُواْ لَـن نَّـبُرَ حَ عَلَيـُـهِ عَـٰكِـفِينَ حَـتَّىٰ يَرُجِـعَ إِلَيْنَـا مُوسَـىٰ ﴿

They said: "We will not stop worshipping it (i.e. the calf), until Mûsa (Moses) returns to us."

92 قَالَ يَنهَدرُونُ مَا مَنعَكَ إِذُ رَأَيْتَهُمُ ضَلَّوٓا ١٠٠٠

[Mûsa (Moses)] said: "O Hârûn (Aaron)! What stopped you when you saw them going astray;

93. أَلَّا تَتَّبِعَ لَنَّ أَفَعَصَيُ لَتَ أُمُ رَى ٣

That you followed me not (according to my advice to you)? Have you then disobeyed my order?"

قَالَ يَبُنَوُّمَّ لَا تَأُخُذُ بِلِحُيَتِى وَلَا بِرَ أُسِيَّ إِنِّى خَشِيتُ أَن تَقُولَ فَرَّقُتَ بَيْنَ بَنِى إِسُرَ آءِيلَ وَلَمُ تَرُقُبُ قَوْلِى ۞

He [Hârûn (Aaron)] said: "O son of my mother! Seize (me) not by my beard, nor by my head! Verily, I feared lest you should say: 'You have caused a division among the Children of Israel, and you have not respected my word!' "

95.

[Mûsa (Moses)] said: "And what is the matter with you. O Samiri? (i.e. why did you do so?)"

96.

(Samiri) said: "I saw what they saw not, so I took a handful (of dust) from the hoof print of the messenger [Jibrael's (Gabriel) horse] and threw it [into the fire in which were put the ornaments of the Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people, or into the calf]. Thus my inner-self suggested to me."

97.

Mûsa (Moses) said: "Then go away! And verily, your (punishment) in this life will be that you will say: "Touch me not (i.e.you will live alone exiled away from mankind); and verily (for a future torment), you have a promise that will not fail. And look at your *ilâh* (god), to which you have been devoted. We will certainly burn it, and scatter its particles in the sea."

98.

Your *Ilâh* (God) is only Allâh, the One (*Lâ ilâha illa Huwa*) (none has the right to be worshipped but He). He has full knowledge of all things.

99.



Thus We relate to you (O Muhammad SAW) some information of what happened before. And indeed We have given you from Us a Reminder (this Qur'ân).

Whoever turns away from it (this Qur'ân i.e. does not believe in it, nor acts on its orders), verily, they will bear a heavy burden (of sins) on the Day of Resurrection, Π

101

They will abide in that (state in the Fire of Hell), and evil indeed will it be that load for them on the Day of Resurrection;

102.

The Day when the Trumpet will be blown (the second blowing): that Day, We shall gather the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, polytheists, sinners, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh, etc.) *Zurqa*: (blue or blind eyed with black faces).

103

In whispers will they speak to each other (saying): "You stayed not longer than ten (days)."

104

We know very well what they will say, when the best among them in knowledge and wisdom will say: "You stayed no longer than a day!"

105

And they ask you concerning the mountains, say; "My Lord will blast them and scatter them as particles of dust.

106

'Then He shall leave it as a level smooth plain.

107

"You will see therein nothing crooked or curved."

108

On that Day mankind will follow strictly (the voice of) Allâh's caller, no crookedness (that is without going to the right or left of that voice) will they show him (Allâh's caller). And all voices will be humbled for the Most Beneficent (Allâh), and nothing shall you hear but the low voice of their footsteps.

يَوُمَ إِنْ لا تَنفَعُ ٱلشَّفَعَةُ إِلَّا مَن أَذِنَ لَهُ ٱلرَّحُ مَن ُ وَرَضِىَ لَهُ و قَولًا



On that day no intercession shall avail, except the one for whom the Most Beneficent (Allâh) has given permission and whose word is acceptable to Him.

110.

He (Allâh) knows what happens to them (His creatures) in this world, and what will happen to them (in the Hereafter), and they will never compass anything of His Knowledge.

111



And (all) faces shall be humbled before (Allâh), the Ever Living, the One Who sustains and protects all that exists. And he who carried (a burden of) wrongdoing (i.e. he who disbelieved in Allâh, ascribed partners to Him, and did deeds of His disobedience), became indeed a complete failure (on that Day).

112

And he who works deeds of righteousness, while he is a believer (in Islâmic Monotheism) then he will have no fear of injustice, nor of any curtailment (of his reward).

113.

And thus We have sent it down as a Qur'ân in Arabic, and have explained therein in detail the warnings, in order that they may fear Allâh, or that it may cause them to have a lesson from it (or to have the honour for believing and acting on its teachings).

114.

Then High above all be Allâh, the True King. And be not in haste (O Muhammad SAW) with the Qur'ân before its revelation is completed to you, and say: "My Lord! Increase me in knowledge."

And indeed We made a covenant with Adam before, but he forgot, and We found on his part no firm will-power.

116.

And (remember) when We said to the angels: "Prostrate yourselves to Adam." They prostrated (all) except *Iblîs* (Satan), who refused.

117.

Then We said: "O Adam! Verily, this is an enemy to you and to your wife. So let him not get you both out of Paradise, so that you be distressed in misery.

118.

Verily, you have (a promise from Us) that you will never be hungry therein nor naked.

119

And you (will) suffer not from thirst therein nor from the sun's heat.

120

Then Shaitân (Satan) whispered to him, saying: "O Adam! Shall I lead you to the Tree of Eternity and to a kingdom that will never waste away?"

121

Then they both ate of the tree, and so their private parts appeared to them, and they began to stick on themselves the leaves from Paradise for their covering. Thus did Adam disobey his Lord, so he went astray.

122

Then his Lord chose him, and turned to him with forgiveness, and gave him guidance.

قَالَ ٱهۡبِطَا مِنْهَا جَمِيعًا ۗ بَعۡضُكُم لِبَعۡضٍ عَدُوُّ ۚ فَإِمَّا يَا تَٰتِيَنَّكُم مِّنِّى هُدًى فَمَنِ ٱتَّبَعَ هُدَاىَ فَلَا يَضِلُّ وَلَا يَشُقَىٰ ٣

(Allâh) said:"Get you down (from the Paradise to the earth), both of you, together, some of you are an enemy to some others. Then if there comes to you guidance from Me, then whoever follows My Guidance shall neither go astray, nor fall into distress and misery.

124.

"But whosoever turns away from My Reminder (i.e. neither believes in this Qur'ân nor acts on its orders, etc.) verily, for him is a life of hardship, and We shall raise him up blind on the Day of Resurrection."

125

He will say:"O my Lord! Why have you raised me up blind, while I had sight (before)."

126.



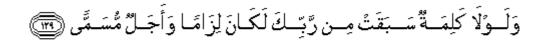
(Allâh) will say: "Like this, Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) came unto you, but you disregarded them (i.e. you left them, did not think deeply in them, and you turned away from them), and so this Day, you will be neglected (in the Hell-fire, away from Allâh's Mercy)."

127.

And thus do We requite him who transgresses beyond bounds [i.e. commits the great sins and disobeys his Lord (Allâh) and believes not in His Messengers, and His revealed Books, like this Qur'ân, etc.], and believes not in the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of his Lord, and the torment of the Hereafter is far more severe and more lasting.

128

Is it not a guidance for them (to know) how many generations We have destroyed before them, in whose dwellings they walk? Verily, in this are signs indeed for men of understanding.



And had it not been for a Word that went forth before from your Lord, and a term determined, (their punishment) must necessarily have come (in this world).

130.

فَاصُبِرُ عَلَىٰ مَا يَقُولُونَ وَسَبِّحُ بِحَمُدِ رَبِّكَ قَبُلَ طُلُوعِ ٱلشَّمُسِ وَقَبُلَ غُرُوبِهَ أَ وَمِنُ ءَانَآيِ ٱلَّيُلِ فَسَبِّحُ وَأَطُرَافَ ٱلنَّهَارِ لَعَلَّكَ تَرُضَىٰ ﴿

So bear patiently (O Muhammad SAW) what they say, and glorify the praises of your Lord before the rising of the sun, and before its setting, and during some of the hours of the night, and at the sides of the day (an indication for the five compulsory congregational prayers), that you may become pleased with the reward which Allâh shall give you.

131.

وَلَا تَمُدَّنَّ عَيُنَيُكَ إِلَىٰ مَا مَتَّعُنَا بِهِۦٓ أَزُوَ ﴿ جَا مِّنْهُمُ زَهُرَةَ ٱلْحَيَوٰةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا لِنَفُتِنَهُ مُ فِيهِ ۚ وَرِزُقُ رَبِّكَ خَيْرٌ وَأَبُقَىٰ ﴿

And strain not your eyes in longing for the things We have given for enjoyment to various groups of them (polytheists and disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh), the splendour of the life of this world that We may test them thereby. But the provision (good reward in the Hereafter) of your Lord is better and more lasting.

132

وَأُمُرُ أَهُلَكَ بِٱلصَّلَوٰةِ وَٱصُطَبِرُ عَلَيُهَا ۖ لَا نَسْئَلُكَ رِزُقًا ۗ نَّحُنُ نَرُزُقُكُۗ وَٱلُعَنقِبَةُ لِلتَّقُوىٰ ﴿ ﴿ ﴾ وَالصَّلَوٰ عَلَيْهَا ۗ لَا نَسْئَلُكَ رِزُقًا ۗ نَّحُنُ نَرُزُقُكُ

And enjoin As-Salât (the prayer) on your family, and be patient in offering them [i.e. the Salât (prayers)]. We ask not of you a provision (i.e. to give Us something: money, etc.); We provide for you. And the good end (i.e. Paradise) is for the Muttagûn (pious - see V.2:2).

133.

وَقَالُواْ لَوُلَا يَأْتِينَا بِاَيَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّهِ أَوَلَمُ تَأْتِهِم بَيِّنَةُ مَا فِي ٱلصُّحُفِ ٱلأُولَىٰ

They say: "Why does he not bring us a sign (proof) from his Lord?" Has there not come to them the proof of that which is (written) in the former papers [Scriptures, i.e. the Taurât (Torah), and the Injeel (Gospel), etc. about the coming of the Prophet Muhammad SAW].

134.

وَلَوُ أَنَّآ أَهُلَكُنَنهُم بِعَذَابٍ مِّن قَبُلِهِ - لَقَالُواْ رَبَّنَا لَوُلَآ أَرُسَلُتَ إِلَيْنَا رَسُولًا فَنَتَّبِعَ ءَايَنتِكَ مِن قَبُلِ أَن نَّذِلَّ وَنَخُزَىٰ ﴿

And if We had destroyed them with a torment before this (i.e. Messenger Muhammad SAW and the Qur'ân), they would surely have said: "Our Lord! If only You had sent us a Messenger, we should

certainly have followed Your $Ay\hat{a}t$ (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), before we were humiliated and disgraced."

135.

قُلُ كُلُّ مُّتَرَبِّصُ فَتَرَبَّصُواۗ فَسَتَعُلَمُونَ مَنْ أَصْحَبُ ٱلصِّرَ طِ ٱلسَّوِيّ وَمَنِ



Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Each one (believer and disbeliever, etc.) is waiting, so wait you too, and you shall know who are they that are on the Straight and Even Path (i.e. Allâh's Religion of Islâmic Monotheism), and who are they that have let themselves be guided (on the Right Path).

21. Al-Anbiyâ' Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful, ٱقُـــتَرَبَ لِلنَّــاسِ حِسَــابُهُمُ وَهُــمُ فِــي غَفُلَــةٍ مُّعُرِ ضُــونَ ۞ Draws near for mankind their reckoning, while they turn away in heedlessness. 2. مَا يَاْتِيهِم مِّن ذِكُرِ مِّن رَّبِّهِم مُّحُدَثٍ إِلَّا ٱسُتَمَعُوهُ وَهُمَ Comes not unto them an admonition (a chapter of the Qur'ân) from their Lord as a recent revelation but they listen to it while they play 3. لَاهِيَةً قُلُوبُهُمُّ وَأُسَرُّواْ ٱلنَّجُوَى ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ هَلُ هَدَذَآ إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مِّثُلُكُمُّ أَفَتَأَتُونَ ٱلسِّحُرَ وَأَنتُمُ تُبُصِرُونَ ٣ With their hearts occupied (with evil things) those who do wrong, conceal their private counsels, (saying): "Is this (Muhammad SAW) more than a human being like you? Will you submit to magic while you see it?" 4. قَالَ رَبِّى يَعُلَمُ ٱلْقَوُّلَ فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَٱلْأَرُضَّ وَهُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ۞ He (Muhammad SAW) said: "My Lord knows (every) word (spoken) in the heavens and on earth. And He is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower, 5. بَلُ قَالُوٓاْ أَضُغَدتُ أَحُلَدم بَلِ ٱفْتَرَنهُ بَلُ هُوَ شَاعِرٌ فَلْيَأْتِنَا بِعَايَةٍ كَمَآ أُرُسِلَ Nay, they say:"These (revelations of the Qur'ân which are inspired to Muhammad SAW) are mixed up false dreams! Nay, he has invented it! Nay, he is a poet! Let him then bring us an Ayâh (sign as a proof) like the ones (Prophets) that were sent before (with signs)!" 6. مَا ءَامَنَتُ قَبُلَهُم مِّن قَرُيَةٍ أَهُلَكُننهَا أَفَهُمُ يُؤُمِنُونَ ٦ Not one of the towns (populations), of those which We destroyed, believed before them (though We sent them signs), will they then believe?

وَمَآ أَرُسَلُنَا قَبُلُكَ إِلَّا رِجَالًا نُّوحِىۤ إِلَيْهِمُّ فَسُئَلُوٓاْ أَهُلَ ٱلذِّكُرِ إِن كُنتُمُ لَا تَعُلَمُونَ ۞

And We sent not before you (O Muhammad SAW) but men to whom We inspired, so ask the people of the Reminder [Scriptures - the Taurât (Torah), the Injeel (Gospel)] if you do not know.

8.

And We did not create them (the Messengers, with) bodies that ate not food, nor were they immortals,

9.

Then We fulfilled to them the promise, and We saved them and those whom We willed, but We destroyed *Al-Musrifûn* (i.e. extravagants in oppression, polytheism and in sin).

10.

Indeed, We have sent down for you (O mankind) a Book, (the Qur'ân) in which there is *Dhikrukum*, (your Reminder or an honour for you i.e. honour for the one who follows the teaching of the Qur'ân and acts on its orders). Will you not then understand?

11.

How many a town (community), that were wrong-doers, have We destroyed, and raised up after them another people!

12.

Then, when they perceived (saw) Our Torment (coming), behold, they (tried to) flee from it.

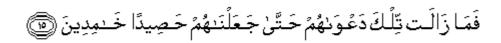
13.



Flee not, but return to that wherein you lived a luxurious life, and to your homes, in order that you may be questioned.

14.

They cried: "Woe to us! Certainly! We have been Zâlimûn (polytheists, wrong-doers and disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh, etc.)."



And that cry of theirs ceased not, till We made them as a field that is reaped, extinct (dead).

16.

We created not the heavens and the earth and all that is between them for a (mere) play $^{f l}$

17.

Had We intended to take a pastime (i.e. a wife or a son, etc.), We could surely have taken it from Us, if We were going to do (that).

18.

Nay, We fling (send down) the truth (this Qur'ân) against the falsehood (disbelief), so it destroys it, and behold, it (falsehood) is vanished. And woe to you for that (lie) which you ascribe (to Us) (against Allâh by uttering that Allâh has a wife and a son).

19.

To Him belongs whosoever is in the heavens and on earth. And those who are near Him (i.e. the angels) are not too proud to worship Him, nor are they weary (of His worship).

20.

They (i.e. the angels) glorify His Praises night and day, (and) they never slacken (to do so)

21.

Or have they taken (for worship) âliha (gods) from the earth who raise the dead?

22.

Had there been therein (in the heavens and the earth) gods besides Allâh, then verily both would have been ruined. Glorified be Allâh, the Lord of the Throne, (High is He) above what they attribute to Him!

لَا يُسْئَلُ عَمَّا يَفُعَلُ وَهُمُ يُسْئَلُونَ 📆

He cannot be questioned as to what He does, while they will be questioned.

24.

Or have they taken for worship (other) *âliha* (gods) besides Him? Say: "Bring your proof:" This (the Qur'ân) is the Reminder for those with me and the Reminder for those before me. But most of them know not the Truth, so they are averse.

25.

And We did not send any Messenger before you (O Muhammad SAW) but We inspired him (saying): Lâ ilâha illa Ana [none has the right to be worshipped but I (Allâh)], so worship Me (Alone and none else)."

26.

And they say: "The Most Beneficent (Allâh) has begotten a son (or children)." Glory to Him! They [those whom they call children of Allâh i.e. the angels, 'lesa (Jesus) son of Maryam (Mary), 'Uzair (Ezra), etc.], are but honoured slaves.

27.

They speak not until He has spoken, and they act on His Command.

28.

He knows what is before them, and what is behind them, and they cannot intercede except for him with whom He is pleased. And they stand in awe for fear of Him.

29.

And if any of them should say: "Verily, I am an *ilâh* (a god) besides Him (Allâh)," such a one We should recompense with Hell. Thus We recompense the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.).

أُولَمُ يَرَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓاْ أَنَّ ٱلسَّمَنوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ كَانَتَا رَتُقًا فَفَتَقُنَعُمَا ۗ وَجَعَلُنَا مِنَ ٱلْمَآءِ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ حَيِّ أَفَلَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ۚ

Have not those who disbelieve known that the heavens and the earth were joined together as one united piece, then We parted them? And We have made from water every living thing. Will they not then believe?

31.

And We have placed on the earth firm mountains, lest it should shake with them, and We placed therein broad highways for them to pass through, that they may be guided.

32.

And We have made the heaven a roof, safe and well guarded. Yet they turn away from its signs (i.e. sun, moon, winds, clouds, etc.).

33.



And He it is Who has created the night and the day, and the sun and the moon, each in an orbit floating.

34.

And We granted not to any human being immortality before you (O Muhammad SAW), then if you die, would they live forever?

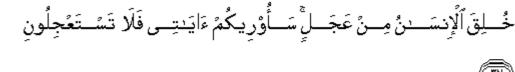
35.



Everyone is going to taste death, and We shall make a trial of you with evil and with good, and to Us you will be returned.

36.

And when those who disbelieve (in the Oneness of Allâh) see you (O Muhammad SAW), they take you not except for mockery (saying): "Is this the one who talks (badly) about your gods?" While they disbelieve at the mention of the Most Beneficent (Allâh). [*Tafsir. Al-Qurtubî*].



Man is created of haste, I will show you My *Ayât* (torments, proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.).So ask Me not to hasten (them).

38.

And they say: "When will this promise (come to pass), if you are truthful."

39.

If only those who disbelieved knew (the time) when they will not be able to ward off the Fire from their faces, nor from their backs; and they will not be helped.

40.

Nay, it (the Fire or the Day of Resurrection) will come upon them all of a sudden and will perplex them, and they will have no power to avert it, nor will they get respite.

41.

Indeed (many) Messengers were mocked before you (O Muhammad SAW), but the scoffers were surrounded by that, whereat they used to mock.

42.

Say: "Who can guard and protect you in the night or in the day from the (punishment of the) Most Beneficent (Allâh)?" Nay, but they turn away from the remembrance of their Lord.

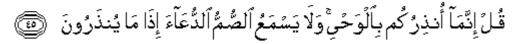
43.

Or have they *âliha* (gods) who can guard them from Us? They have no power to help themselves, nor can they be protected from Us (i.e. from Our Torment).

بَـلُ مَتَّعُنَـا هَنَـؤُلآءِ وَءَابَآءَهُمُ حَـتَّىٰ طَالَ عَلَيْهِـمُ ٱلْعُمُـرُ ۗ أَفَلَا يَـرَوُنَ أَنَّا نَـأُتِى ٱلْأَرُضَ نَنقُصُهَـا مِـنُ أَطُرَافِهَـۤ أَفَهُــمُ ٱلْغَلِبُـونَ ۗ

Nay, We gave the luxuries of this life to these men and their fathers until the period grew long for them. See they not that We gradually reduce the land (in their control) from its outlying borders? Is it then they who will overcome. []

45.



Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I warn you only by the revelation (from Allâh and not by the opinion of the religious scholars and others). But the deaf (who follow the religious scholars and others blindly) will not hear the call, (even) when they are warned [(i.e. one should follow only the Qur'ân and the Sunnah (legal ways, orders, acts of worship, statements of Prophet Muhammad SAW, as the Companions of the Prophet SAW did)]. []

46.

And if a breath (minor calamity) of the Torment of your Lord touches them, they will surely cry: "Woe unto us! Indeed we have been *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.).

47.

And We shall set up balances of justice on the Day of Resurrection, then none will be dealt with unjustly in anything. And if there be the weight of a mustard seed, We will bring it. And Sufficient are We as Reckoners.

48.

And indeed We granted to Mûsa (Moses) and Hârûn (Aaron) the criterion (of right and wrong), and a shining light [i.e. the Taurât (Torah)] and a Reminder for *Al-Muttaqûn* (the pious - see V.2:2).

49.



Those who fear their Lord without seeing Him, while they are afraid of the Hour.

And this is a blessed Reminder (the Qur'ân) which We have sent down, will you then (dare to) deny $_{it2}II$

51.

And indeed We bestowed aforetime on Ibrâhim (Abraham) his (portion of) guidance, and We were Well-Acquainted with him (as to his Belief in the Oneness of Allâh, etc.).

52.

When he said to his father and his people: "What are these images, to which you are devoted?"

53.

They said:"We found our fathers worshipping them."

54.

He said: "Indeed you and your fathers have been in manifest error."

55.

They said: "Have you brought us the truth, or are you one of those who play about?"

56.

He said: "Nay, your Lord is the Lord of the heavens and the earth, Who created them and of that I am one of the witnesses.

57.

"And by Allâh, I shall plot a plan (to destroy) your idols after you have gone away and turned your backs."

58.

So he broke them to pieces, (all) except the biggest of them, that they might turn to it.

59. قَالُواْ مَن فَعَلَ هَلِذَا بِالِهَتِنَآ إِنَّهُ و لَمِنَ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ ﴿ They said: "Who has done this to our âliha (gods)? He must indeed be one of the wrong-doers." 60. قَالُواْ سَمِعُنَا فَتَى يَذُكُرُ هُمُ يُقَالُ لَهُ وَ إِبْرَ هِيمُ 🕝 They said: "We heard a young man talking (against) them who is called Ibrâhim (Abraham)." 61. قَالُواْ فَأَتُواْ بِهِ - عَلَىٰٓ أَعُيُن ٱلنَّاسِ لَعَلَّهُمُ يَشُهَدُونَ 📵 They said: "Then bring him before the eyes of the people, that they may testify." 62. قَالُوٓاْ ءَأَنتَ فَعَلُتَ هَٰذَا بِعَالِهَتِنَا يَنَإِبُرَ هِيمُ ٦ They said: "Are you the one who has done this to our gods, O Ibrâhim (Abraham)?" 63. قَالَ بَلَّ فَعَلَّهُ و كَبِيرٌ هُمُ هَٰذَا فَسُءَلُوهُمُ إِن كَانُواْ يَنطِقُونَ ٦ [Ibrâhim (Abraham)] said: "Nay, this one, the biggest of them (idols) did it. Ask them, if they can speak!"[] 64. فَرَجَعُوٓاْ إِلَىٰٓ أَنفُسِهمُ فَقَالُوٓاْ إِنَّكُمُ أَنتُمُ ٱلظَّلِمُونَ ٦

So they turned to themselves and said: "Verily, you are the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrong-doers)."

قُـمَّ نُكِسُ واْ عَلَىٰ رُءُوسِ هِمُ لَقَـدُ عَلِمُتَ مَا هَــَـؤُلَآءِ يَنطِقُ ونَ نَ اللهِ مَا هَـــؤُلَآءِ يَنطِقُ ونَ نَ اللهِ مَا هَـــؤُلَآءِ يَنطِقُ ونَ نَ اللهِ مَا هَــــؤُلَآءِ يَنطِقُ ونَ نَ اللهِ مَا هَــــؤُلَآءِ يَنطِقُ ونَ نَ اللهِ مَا هَـــــؤُلَآءِ يَنطِقُ ونَ نَ اللهِ مَا اللهِ مَا

Then they turned to themselves (their first thought and said): "Indeed you [Ibrâhim (Abraham)] know well that these (idols) speak not!"

قَالَ أَفَتَعُبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مَا لَا يَنفَعُكُمُ شَيئًا وَلَا يَضُرُّ كُمُ ٢

[Ibrâhim (Abraham)] said: "Do you then worship besides Allâh, things that can neither profit you, nor harm you?

أُفِّ لَّكُمْ وَلِمَا تَعُبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ أَفَلَا تَعُقِلُونَ ١

"Fie upon you, and upon that which you worship besides Allâh! Have you then no sense?"

قَالُواْ حَرِّقُوهُ وَٱنصُرُوٓاْ ءَالِهَتَكُمُ إِن كُنتُمُ فَنعِلِينَ ٢

They said: "Burn him and help your âliha (gods), if you will be doing."

67.

68.

We (Allâh) said: "O fire! Be you coolness and safety for Ibrâhim (Abraham)!"

70.

And they wanted to harm him, but We made them the worst losers.

71.

And We rescued him and Lout (Lot) to the land which We have blessed for the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns).

72.

And We bestowed upon him Ishâque (Isaac), and (a grandson) Ya'qûb (Jacob). Each one We made righteous.

73.

And We made them leaders, guiding (mankind) by Our Command, and We inspired in them the doing of good deeds, performing Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât), and the giving of Zakât and of Us (Alone) they were worshippers.

74.

And (remember) Lout (Lot), We gave him *Hukman* (right judgement of the affairs and Prophethood) and (religious) knowledge, and We saved him from the town (folk) who practised *Al-Khabâ'ith* (evil, wicked and filthy deeds, etc.). Verily, they were a people given to evil, and were *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient, to Allâh).

75.

And We admitted him to Our Mercy, truly, he was of the righteous.

76.

And (remember) Nûh (Noah), when he cried (to Us) aforetime. We listened to his invocation and saved him and his family from great distress.

وَنَصَرُنَكُ مِنَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِاَيَنتِنَاۤ إِنَّهُمَ كَانُواْ قَوْمَ سَوْءٍ فَا أَغُرَقُنَاهُمُ أَجُهِمَ فَي اللهِ

We helped him against people who denied Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.). Verily, they were a people given to evil. So We drowned them all.

78.

وَدَاوُودَ وَسُلِيَمَننَ إِذْ يَحُكُمَانِ فِي ٱلْحَرَّثِ إِذْ نَفَشَتُ فِيهِ غَنَمُ اللَّهَوُمِ وَكُنَّا لِحُكُمِهِمُ شَهِدِينَ اللَّهَ وَمُ وَكُنَّا لِحُكُمِهِمُ شَهِدِينَ اللَّهَ

And (remember) Dawûd (David) and Sulaimân (Solomon), when they gave judgement in the case of the field in which the sheep of certain people had pastured at night and We were witness to their judgement.

79.

فَفَهَّمُنَنهَا سُلَيْمَننَّ وَكُلَّا ءَاتَيْنَا حُكُمًا وَعِلُمًاْ وَسَخَّرُنَا مَعَ دَاوُودَ ٱلُجِبَالَ يُسَبِّحُنَ وَٱلطَّيْرَ ۚ وَكُنَّا فَنعِلِينَ ۚ

And We made Sulaimân (Solomon) to understand (the case), and to each of them We gave *Hukman* (right judgement of the affairs and Prophethood) and knowledge. And We subjected the mountains and the birds to glorify Our Praises along with Dawûd (David), And it was We Who were the doers (of all these things).

80.

وَعَلَّمُنَنهُ صَنَّعَةَ لَبُوسٍ لَّكُمَّ لِتُحُصِنَكُم مِّنْ بَأْسِكُمٌّ فَهَلُ أَنتُمُ شَكِرُونَ



And We taught him the making of metal coats of mail (for battles), to protect you in your fighting. Are you then grateful?

81.

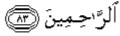
And to Sulaimân (Solomon) (We subjected) the wind strongly raging, running by his command towards the land which We had blessed. And of everything We are the All-Knower.

82.

وَمِنَ ٱلشَّيَعِطِينِ مَن يَغُوصُونَ لَهُ وَيَعُمَلُونَ عَمَلًا دُونَ ذَلِكَّ وَمِنَ الشَّيَعِمَلُونَ عَمَلًا دُونَ ذَلِكَّ وَكُنَّا لَهُمَ حَنفِظِينَ هَيْ

And of the *Shayâtin* (devils) (from the jinns) were some who dived for him, and did other work besides that; and it was We Who guarded them.

﴾ وَ أَيُّـــوبَ إِذْ نَـــادَىٰ رَبَّـــهُ ۚ أَنِّـــى مَسَّـــنِىَ ٱلضُّـــرُّ وَ أَنـــتَ أَرُحَــ



And (remember) Ayûb (Job), when he cried to his Lord: "Verily, distress has seized me, and You are the Most Merciful of all those who show mercy."

So We answered his call, and We removed the distress that was on him, and We restored his family to him (that he had lost), and the like thereof along with them, as a mercy from Ourselves and a Reminder for all who worship Us

85.

And (remember) Isma'îl (Ishmael), and Idris (Enoch) and Dhul-Kifl (Isaiah), all were from among As-Sâbirin (the patient ones, etc.).

86.

And We admitted them to Our Mercy. Verily, they were of the righteous

87.

And (remember) Dhan-Nûn (Jonah), when he went off in anger, and imagined that We shall not punish him (i.e. the calamites which had befallen him)! But he cried through the darkness (saying): Lâ ilâha illa Anta [none has the right to be worshipped but You (O Allâh)], Glorified (and Exalted) are You [above all that (evil) they associate with You]. Truly, I have been of the wrong-doers."

88.

So We answered his call, and delivered him from the distress. And thus We do deliver the believers (who believe in the Oneness of Allâh, abstain from evil and work righteousness)

89.

And (remember) Zakariya (Zachariah), when he cried to his Lord: "O My Lord! Leave me not single (childless), though You are the Best of the inheritors."

فَّاسُتَجَبُنَا لَهُ و وَوَهَبُنَا لَهُ و يَحُيَىٰ وَأَصُلَحُنَا لَهُ و زَوَّجَهُ ۚ إِنَّهُمُ كَانُواْ يُسَرِعُونَ فِي ٱلُخَيْرَ اتِ وَيَدُّعُونَنَا رَغَبًا وَرَهَبًا ۖ وَكَانُواْ لَنَا خَاشِعِينَ



So We answered his call, and We bestowed upon him Yahya (John), and cured his wife (to bear a child) for him. Verily, they used to hasten on to do good deeds, and they used to call on Us with hope and fear, and used to humble themselves before Us.

91.

وَٱلَّتِيْ أَحُصَنَتُ فَرُجَهَا فَنَفَخُنَا فِيهَا مِن رُّوحِنَا وَجَعَلُنَاهَا وَٱبُنَهَا ءَايَةً لِّلْعَلَمِينَ

And (remember) she who guarded her chastity [Virgin Maryam (Mary)], We breathed into (the sleeves of) her (shirt or garment) [through Our *Rûh* Jibrael (Gabriel)]^[], and We made her and her son ['lesa (Jesus)] a sign for *Al-'Alamin* (the mankind and jinns).

92.



Truly! This, your *Ummah* [Sharia or religion (Islâmic Monotheism)] is one religion, and I am your Lord, therefore worship Me (Alone). [Tafsîr Ibn Kathîr]

93.

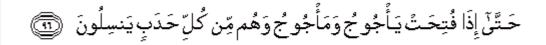
But they have broken up and differed as regards their religion among themselves. (And) they all shall return to Us.

94.

So whoever does righteous good deeds while he is a believer (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism), his efforts will not be rejected. Verily! We record it in his Book of deeds.

95.

And a ban is laid on every town (population) which We have destroyed that they shall not return (to this world again, nor repent to Us).



Until, when Ya'jûj and Ma'jûj (Gog and Magog)^[] are let loose (from their barrier), and they swiftly swarm from every mound.

97.

And the true promise (Day of Resurrection) shall draw near (of fulfillment). Then (when mankind is resurrected from their graves), you shall see the eyes of the disbelievers fixedly stare in horror. (They will say): "Woe to us! We were indeed heedless of this; nay, but we were *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.)."

98.

Certainly! You (disbelievers) and that which you are worshipping now besides Allâh, are (but) fuel for Hell! (Surely), you will enter it. []

99.

Had these (idols, etc.) been *âliha* (gods), they would not have entered there (Hell), and all of them will abide therein.

100

Therein breathing out with deep sighs and roaring will be their portion, and therein they will hear not.

101

Verily those for whom the good has preceded from Us, they will be removed far therefrom (Hell) [e.g. 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary); 'Uzair (Ezra), etc.].

102

They shall not hear the slightest sound of it (Hell), while they abide in that which their ownselves desire.

103

The greatest terror (on the Day of Resurrection) will not grieve them, and the angels will meet them, (with the greeting): "This is your Day which you were promised."

يَوُمَ نَطُوِى ٱلسَّمَآءَ كَطَيِّ ٱلسِّجِلِّ لِلْكُتُبِّ كَمَا بَدَأُنَآ أَوَّلَ خَلُقٍ نُّعِيدُهُ ۚ وَعُدًا عَلَيْنَآۚ إِنَّا كُنَّا فَنعِلِينَ ۞

And (remember) the Day when We shall roll up the heavens like a scroll rolled up for books, as We began the first creation, We shall repeat it, (it is) a promise binding upon Us. Truly, We shall do it.

105

And indeed We have written in Zabûr (Psalms) [i.e. all the revealed Holy Books the Taurât (Torah), the Injeel (Gospel), the Qur'ân] after (We have already written in) *Al-Lauh Al-Mahfûz* (the Book, that is in the heaven with Allâh), that My righteous slaves shall inherit the land (i.e. the land of Paradise).

106

Verily, in this (the Qur'ân) there is a plain Message for people who worship Allâh (i.e. the true, real believers of Islâmic Monotheism who act practically on the Qur'ân and the *Sunnah legal ways of the Prophet SAW*).

107

And We have sent you (O Muhammad SAW) not but as a mercy for the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

108

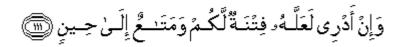
Say (O Muhammad SAW): "It is revealed to me that your *Ilâh* (God) is only one *Ilâh* (God - Allâh). Will you then submit to His Will (become Muslims and stop worshipping others besides Allâh)?"

109

But if they (disbelievers, idolaters, Jews, Christians, polytheists, etc.) turn away (from Islâmic Monotheism) say (to them O Muhammad SAW): "I give you a notice (of war as) to be known to us all alike. And I know not whether that which you are promised (i.e. the torment or the Day of Resurrection) is near or far. I"

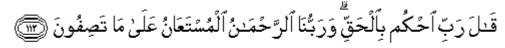
110.

(Say O Muhammad SAW) Verily, He (Allâh) knows that which is spoken aloud (openly) and that which you conceal.



And I know not, perhaps it may be a trial for you, and an enjoyment for a while.

112.



He (Muhammad SAW) said:"My Lord! Judge You in truth! Our Lord is the Most Beneficent, Whose Help is to be sought against that which you attribute (unto Allâh that He has offspring, and unto Muhammad SAW that he is a sorcerer, and unto the Qur'ân that it is poetry, etc.)!"

22. Al-Hajj Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

يَكَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ ٱتَّقُواْ رَبَّكُم ۚ إِنَّ زَلْزَلَةَ ٱلسَّاعَةِ شَيَّءٌ عَظِيمٌ ۞

O mankind! Fear your Lord and be dutiful to Him! Verily, the earthquake of the Hour (of Judgement) is a terrible thing.

2.

يَوْمَ تَرَوُنَهَا تَذُهَلُ كُلُّ مُرُضِعَةٍ عَمَّآ أَرُضَعَتُ وَتَضَعُ كُلُّ ذَاتِ حَمَٰلٍ حَمَّلَهَا وَتَرَى ٱلنَّاسَ سُكَرَىٰ وَمَا هُم بِسُكَرَىٰ وَلَدِكِنَّ عَذَابَ ٱللَّهِ شَدِيدٌ



The Day you shall see it, every nursing mother will forget her nursling, and every pregnant one will drop her load, and you shall see mankind as in a drunken state, yet they will not be drunken, but severe will be the Torment of Allâh.

3.

وَمِنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَن يُجَدِلُ فِي ٱللَّهِ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمِ وَيَتَّبِعُ كُلَّ شَيُطَنِ مَّرِيدٍ



And among mankind is he who disputes concerning Allâh, without knowledge, and follows every rebellious (disobedient to Allâh) *Shaitân* (devil) (devoid of each and every kind of good).

4

كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِ أَنَّهُ مَن تَوَلَّاهُ فَأَنَّهُ و يُضِلُّهُ و وَيَهُدِيهِ إِلَىٰ عَذَابِ ٱلسَّعِير



For him (the devil) it is decreed that whosoever follows him, he will mislead him, and will drive him to the torment of the Fire. [*Tafsir At-Tabari*]

5.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ إِن كُنتُمُ فِي رَيْبٍ مِّنَ ٱلْبَعْثِ فَإِنَّا خَلَقَنْ كُم مِّن تُرَابٍ ثُمَّ مِن نُطُفَةٍ ثُمَّ مِن عَلَقَةٍ ثُمَّ مِن مُّضْغَةٍ مُّخَلَّقَةٍ وَغَيْرٍ مُخَلَّقَةٍ لِنَّبَيِّنَ لَكُمُ مِن نُطُفَةٍ ثُمَّ مِن عَلَقَةٍ ثُمَّ مِن مُّضْغَةٍ مُّخَلَّقَةٍ وَغَيْرٍ مُخَلَّقَةٍ لِنَّبَيِّنَ لَكُمُ وَنُقِرُ فِي الْأَرْحَامِ مَا نَشَاءُ إِلَى أَجَلِ مُّسَمَّى ثُمَّ نُخُرِجُكُم طِفلًا قَنُم لِنَّا فِي الْأَرْحَامِ مَا نَشَاءُ إِلَى أَجَلِ مُّسَمَّى ثُم نَنْ يُورِجُكُم طِفلًا ثُمَّ لِيَتَبُلُغُوا أَشُدَّ كُمُ وَمِنكُم مَّن يُتَوفَقَىٰ وَمِنكُم مَّن يُرَدُّ إِلَى أَرُدَلِ ثُمَّ لِيَعْدِ عِلْمٍ شَيئاً وَتَرَى ٱلْأَرْضَ هَامِدَةً فَإِذَا الْعُمُ رِ لِكَيْلًا يَعْلَم مَن بَعْدِ عِلْمٍ شَيئاً وَتَرَى ٱلْأَرْضَ هَامِدَةً فَإِذَا الْعُمُ رِ لِكَيْلًا يَعْلَم مَن بَعْدِ عِلْمٍ شَيئاً وَتَرَى ٱلْأَرْضَ هَامِدَةً فَإِذَا الْعَمْ لِلْ يَعْلَم مَن بُعْدِ عِلْمٍ شَيئاً وَتَرَى ٱلْأَرُضَ هَامِدَةً فَإِذَا الْعَلَيْهَا ٱلْمُآءَ ٱهُ تَزَاتُ وَرَبَتُ وَأَنْبَتَتُ مِن كُل ذَوْجِ بَهيجٍ ٥

O mankind! If you are in doubt about the Resurrection, then verily! We have created you (i.e. Adam) from dust, then from a *Nutfah* (mixed drops of male and female sexual discharge i.e. offspring of Adam), then from a clot (a piece of thick coagulated blood) then from a little lump of flesh, some formed and some unformed (miscarriage), that We may make (it) clear to you (i.e. to show you Our Power and Ability to do what We will). And We cause whom We will to remain in the wombs for an appointed term, then We bring you out as infants, I then (give you growth) that you may reach your age of full strength. And among you there is he who dies (young), and among you there is he who is brought back to the miserable old age, so that he knows nothing after having known. And you see the earth barren, but when We send down water (rain) on it, it is stirred (to life), it swells and puts forth every lovely kind (of growth).

6.

ذَ لِكَ بِأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱللَّحَقُّ وَأَنَّهُ و يُحُي ٱلْمَوُّتَىٰ وَأَنَّهُ و عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ



That is because Allâh, He is the Truth, and it is He Who gives life to the dead, and it is He Who is Able to do all things.

7.

And surely, the Hour is coming, there is no doubt about it, and certainly, Allâh will resurrect those who are in the graves.

8.



And among men is he who disputes about Allâh, without knowledge or guidance, or a Book giving light (from Allâh),

9.

Bending his neck in pride (far astray from the Path of Allâh), and leading (others) too (far) astray from the Path of Allâh. For him there is disgrace in this worldly life, and on the Day of Resurrection We shall make him taste the torment of burning (Fire).

10.

That is because of what your hands have sent forth, and verily, Allâh is not unjust to (His) slaves.

وَمِنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَن يَعُبُدُ ٱللَّهَ عَلَىٰ حَرُفٍ فَإِنْ أَصَابَهُ وَخَيُرُ ٱطُمَأَنَّ بِهِ ۗ وَمِنَ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْأَخِرَةَ ذَلِكَ وَجُهِهِ عَلَىٰ وَجُهُهُ عَلَىٰ وَجُهُهُ عَلَىٰ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ وَعَلَىٰ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ وَعَلَىٰ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَالَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ وَاللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَلَى عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ عَلَى عَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ ع

And among mankind is he who worships Allâh as it were, upon the very edge (i.e. in doubt); if good befalls him, he is content therewith; but if a trial befalls him, he turns back on his face (i.e. reverts back to disbelief after embracing Islâm). He loses both this world and the Hereafter. That is the evident loss.

12.

يَدُعُواْ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مَا لَا يَضُرُّهُ وَمَا لَا يَنفَعُهُ ۚ ذَٰلِكَ هُوَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ ٱلظَّلَالُ ٱلْبَعِيدُ ﴿

He calls besides Allâh unto that which hurts him not, nor profits him. That is a straying far away.

13.

He calls unto him whose harm is nearer than his profit; certainly, and evil *Maula* (patron) and certainly an evil friend!

14.

Truly, Allâh will admit those who believe (in Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds (according to the Qur'ân and the *Sunnah*) to Gardens underneath which rivers flow (in Paradise). Verily, Allâh does what He wills.

15.

Whoever thinks that Allâh will not help him (Muhammad SAW) in this world and in the Hereafter, let him stretch out a rope to the ceiling and let him strangle himself. Then let him see whether his plan will remove that whereat he rages!

16.

Thus have We sent it (this Qur'ân) down (to Muhammad SAW) as clear signs, evidences and proofs, and surely, Allâh guides whom He wills.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَٱلَّذِينَ هَادُواْ وَٱلصَّنِئِينَ وَٱلنَّصَرَىٰ وَٱلْمَجُوسَ وَٱلَّذِينَ أَلَّذِينَ أَلَّذِينَ اللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ أَشُرَكُوٓاْ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدٌ سَ

Verily, those who believe (in Allâh and in His Messenger Muhammad SAW), and those who are Jews, and the Sabians, and the Christians, and the Magians, and those who worship others besides Allâh, truly, Allâh will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection. Verily! Allâh is Witness over all things.

18.

أَلَمُ تَرَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَسُجُدُ لَهُ مَن فِي ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَمَن فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَٱلشَّمُسُ وَٱلْمَّ مَن وَالشَّمُسُ وَٱلْقَمَرُ وَٱلنَّجُومُ وَٱلْجِبَالُ وَٱلشَّجَرُ وَٱلدَّوَآبُ وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنَ ٱلنَّاسِ وَكثِيرٌ مَن ٱلنَّاسِ وَكثِيرٌ مَن ٱلنَّاسِ وَكثِيرٌ مَن ٱلنَّاسِ وَكثِيرٌ مَن النَّاسِ وَكثِيرٌ حَقَّ عَلَيْهِ ٱلْعَذَابُ وَمَن يُهِنِ ٱللَّهُ فَمَا لَهُ مِن مُّكُرِمٍ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَفْعَلُ مَا يَشَاءُ هُ هَنَ اللَّهُ عَلَى مَا اللَّهُ مَن يُعْمَلُ مَا يَشَاءُ هُ هَنَ اللَّهُ مَن يُعْمَلُ مَا يَشَاءُ هُ هَنَاءً هُ هُ هَنَاءً هُ هُ هَنَاءً هُ هَا فَمَا لَهُ مَن يُعْمَلُ مَا يَشَاءً هُ هَا هَا هُ هُ مِن مُّكُرِمٌ إِنَّ ٱللَّهُ يَفْعَلُ مَا يَشَاءً هُ هُ هَا فَمَا لَهُ مَن يُعْمَلُ مَا لَهُ مَن يُعْمَلُ مَا عَلَيْهِ مَا لَهُ مَن يُعْمَلُ مَا عَلَيْهِ فَمَا لَهُ مَن يُعْمَلُ مَا عَلَيْهِ فَمَا لَهُ مَن يُعْمَلُ مَا عَنْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ مَا لَهُ مَن يُعْمَلُ مَا عَلَيْهِ مَا عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَمَا لَهُ مَا عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ إِلَا لَهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ الْعَلَيْمِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مِن اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ الْعَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلْمُ لَهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَامُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَامُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَامُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَامُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَامُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

See you not that to Allâh prostrates whoever is in the heavens and whoever is on the earth, and the sun, and the moon, and the stars, and the mountains, and the trees, and *Ad-Dawâb* (moving living creatures, beasts, etc.), and many of mankind? But there are many (men) on whom the punishment is justified. And whomsoever Allâh disgraces, none can honour him. Verily! Allâh does what He wills.

19.

These two opponents (believers and disbelievers) dispute with each other about their Lord; then as for those who disbelieve, garments of fire will be cut out for them, boiling water will be poured down over their heads.

20.

With it will melt or vanish away what is within their bellies, as well as (their) skins.

21.

And for them are hooked rods of iron (to punish them).

22.

Every time they seek to get away therefrom, from anguish, they will be driven back therein, and (it will be) said to them: "Taste the torment of burning!"

إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُدُخِلُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّدلِحَدِ جَنَّدِ تَا اللَّهَ يُدُخِلُ ٱللَّهَ يَدُ خَلُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ الصَّدلِحَدِ جَنَّدِ تَحَرِيلُ وَيَهَا مِنْ أَسَاوِرَ مِن ذَهَبٍ وَلُؤَلُوًا وَلِبَاسُهُمُ فِيهَا حَرِيلٌ اللَّهُ وَلُؤَلُواً وَلِبَاسُهُمُ فِيهَا حَرِيلٌ اللَّهُ

Truly, Allâh will admit those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, to Gardens underneath which rivers flow (in Paradise), wherein they will be adorned with bracelets of gold and pearls and their garments therein will be of silk.

24.

And they are guided (in this world) unto goodly speech (i.e. *Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh, Alhamdu lillâh*, recitation of the Qur'ân, etc.) and they are guided to the Path of Him (i.e. Allâh's Religion of Islâmic Monotheism), Who is Worthy of all praises.

25.

Verily! Those who disbelieve and hinder (men) from the Path of Allâh, and from Al-Masjid-al-Harâm (at Makkah) which We have made (open) to (all) men, the dweller in it and the visitor from the country are equal there [as regards its sanctity and pilgrimage (Hajj and 'Umrah)]. And whoever inclines to evil actions therein or to do wrong (i.e. practise polytheism and leave Islâmic Monotheism), him We shall cause to taste a painful torment.

26.

And (remember) when We showed Ibrâhim (Abraham) the site of the (Sacred) House (the Ka'bah at Makkah) (saying): "Associate not anything (in worship) with Me, [*Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh* (none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh Islâmic Monotheism], and sanctify My House for those who circumambulate it, and those who stand up for prayer, and those who bow (submit themselves with humility and obedience to Allâh), and make prostration (in prayer, etc.);"

27.

And proclaim to mankind the Hajj (pilgrimage). They will come to you on foot and on every lean camel, they will come from every deep and distant (wide) mountain highway (to perform Hajj). Π

لِّيَشُهَدُواْ مَنَعِعَ لَهُمْ وَيَذَّكُرُواْ ٱسَمَ ٱللَّهِ فِي أَيَّامٍ مَّعُلُومَتٍ عَلَى مَا رَزَقَهُم مِّنُ بَهِيمَةِ ٱلْأَنَّعَدمِ فَكُلُواْ مِنْهَا وَأَطُعِمُواْ ٱلْبَآبِسَ عَلَىٰ مَا رَزَقَهُم مِّنُ بَهِيمَةِ ٱلْأَنَّعَدمِ فَكُلُواْ مِنْهَا وَأَطُعِمُواْ ٱلْبَآبِسَ ٱلْفَقِيرَ

That they may witness things that are of benefit to them (i.e. reward of *Hajj* in the Hereafter, and also some worldly gain from trade, etc.), and mention the Name of Allâh on appointed days (i.e. 10th, 11th, 12th, and 13th day of Dhul-Hijjâh), over the beast of cattle that He has provided for them (for sacrifice) (at the time of their slaughtering by saying: *Bismillah*, *Wallâhu-Akbar*, *Allâhumma Minka wa Ilaik*). Then eat thereof and feed therewith the poor who have a very hard time.

29.

Then let them complete the prescribed duties ($Man\hat{a}sik$ of Hajj) for them, and perform their vows, and circumambulate the Ancient House (the Ka'bah at Makkah).

30.

ذَالِكَ وَمَن يُعَظِّمُ حُرُمَنتِ ٱللَّهِ فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّهُ عِندَ رَبِّهِ ۗ وَأُحِلَّتُ لَكُمُ اللَّهِ فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّهُ عِندَ رَبِّهِ ۗ وَأُحِلَّتُ لَكُمُ اللَّهُ وَمَن يُعَظِّمُ حُرُمَنتِ ٱللَّهَ وَلَا اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمُ فَاجَتَنِبُواْ ٱلرِّجْسَ مِنَ ٱلْأَوْثَننِ وَٱجُتَنِبُواْ قَولُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ فَاجَتَنِبُواْ الرِّجْسَ مِنَ ٱلْأَوْثَننِ وَٱجُتَنِبُواْ قَولُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّه

That (*Manâsik prescribed duties of Hajj* is the obligation that mankind owes to Allâh), and whoever honours the sacred things of Allâh, then that is better for him with his Lord. The cattle are lawful to you, except those (that will be) mentioned to you (as exceptions). So shun the abomination (worshipping) of idol, and shun lying speech (false statements).

31.

حُنَفَآءَ لِلَّهِ غَيْرَ مُشُرِكِينَ بِهِ ۚ وَمَن يُشُرِكُ بِٱللَّهِ فَكَأَنَّمَا خَرَّ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ فَتَخُطَفُهُ ٱلطَّيْرُ أَوْ تَهُ وِي بِهِ ٱلرِّيحُ فِي مَكَانِ سَحِيقٍ

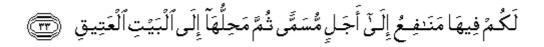


Hunafâ' Lillâh (i.e. to worship none but Allâh), not associating partners (in worship, etc.) unto Him and whoever assigns partners to Allâh, it is as if he had fallen from the sky, and the birds had snatched him, or the wind had thrown him to a far off place.

32.



Thus it is [what has been mentioned in the above said Verses (27, 28, 29, 30, 31) is an obligation that mankind owes to Allâh]. And whosoever honours the Symbols of Allâh, then it is truly from the piety of the heart.



In them (cattle offered for sacrifice) are benefits for you for an appointed term, and afterwards they are brought for sacrifice unto the ancient House (the *Haram* - sacred territory of Makkah city).

34.

وَلِكُ لِ أُمَّةٍ جَعَلُنَا مَنسَكًا لِيَذُكُرُواْ ٱسْمَ ٱللَّهِ عَلَىٰ مَا رَزَقَهُ مِ مِّنَ بَهِيمَةِ ٱلْأَنْعَدِمُّ فَإِلَاهُكُمُ إِلَىهُ وَحِدٌ فَلَهُ وَأَسْلِمُواُ وَبَشِّر ٱلمُخْبِتِينَ



And for every nation We have appointed religious ceremonies, that they may mention the Name of Allâh over the beast of cattle that He has given them for food. And your *Ilâh* (God) is One *Ilâh* (God Allâh), so you must submit to Him Alone (in Islâm). And (O Muhammad SAW) give glad tidings to the *Mukhbitin* [those who obey Allâh with humility and are humble from among the true believers of Islâmic Monotheism],

35.

ٱلَّـذِينَ إِذَا ذُكِرَ ٱللَّـهُ وَجِـلَتُ قُلُـوبُهُمُ وَٱلصَّـبِرِينَ عَلَىٰ مَٱ أَصَابَهُمُ وَٱلصَّـبِرِينَ عَلَىٰ مَٱ أَصَابَهُمُ وَٱلمَّيمِى ٱلصَّلَوٰةِ وَمِمَّا رَزَقُنَنهُمُ يُنفِقُونَ ۗ

Whose hearts are filled with fear when Allâh is mentioned; who patiently bear whatever may befall them (of calamities); and who perform *AsSalât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*), and who spend (in Allâh's Cause) out of what We have provided them.

36.

وَٱلْبُدُنَ جَعَلْنَهَا لَكُم مِّن شَعَيْبِرِ ٱللَّهِ لَكُمْ فِيهَا خَيْرٌ فَٱذُكُرُواْ ٱسُمَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهَا فَكُلُواْ مِنْهَا وَأَطُعِمُواْ ٱلْقَانِعَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهَا صَوَآفَ فَا فَاللَّهِ عَلَيْهَا فَكُلُواْ مِنْهَا وَأَطُعِمُواْ ٱلْقَانِعَ وَٱلْمُعُتَرَ ۚ كَذَٰ لِكَ سَخَّرُنَنهَا لَكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشُكُرُونَ ۚ كَا لَكَ مَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشُكُرُونَ ۚ كَذَٰ لِكَ سَخَّرُنَنهَا لَكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشُكُرُونَ ۚ كَنَا لِكَ سَخَّرُنَنهَا لَكُمْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشُكُرُونَ ۚ كَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ تَشْعُرُونَ عَلَيْكُمْ مَا عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ فَيْ الْعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ فَيْ الْعَلْمُ عَلَيْكُمْ فَيْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ فَيْ الْعَلْمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ فَيْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ فَيْ الْعَلْمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلِيكُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلِيكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُمْ عَلَيْكُ

And the *Budn* (cows, oxen, or camels driven to be offered as sacrifices by the pilgrims at the sanctuary of Makkah.) We have made for you as among the Symbols of Allâh, therein you have much good. So mention the Name of Allâh over them when they are drawn up in lines (for sacrifice). Then, when they are down on their sides (after slaughter), eat thereof, and feed the beggar who does not ask (men), and the beggar who asks (men). Thus have We made them subject to you that you may be grateful.

37.

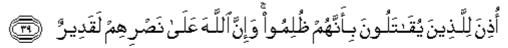
لَن يَنَالَ ٱللَّهَ لُحُومُهَا وَلَا دِمَّاؤُهَا وَلَدكِن يَنَالُهُ ٱلتَّقُوىٰ مِنكُمُ كَذَالِكَ سَخَرَهَا لَكُمُ لِتُكَبِّرُواْ ٱللَّهَ عَلَىٰ مَا هَدَىٰكُمُ وَبَشِّر ٱلمُحُسِنِينَ سَ

It is neither their meat nor their blood that reaches Allâh, but it is piety from you that reaches Him. Thus have We made them subject to you that you may magnify Allâh for His Guidance to you. And give glad tidings (O Muhammad SAW) to the *Muhsinûn* (doers of good).

إِنَّ ٱللَّـهَ يُـدَ فِعُ عَـنِ ٱلَّـذِينَ ءَامَنُـوٓا اللَّـهَ لَا يُحِـبُّ كُـلَّ خَـوَّانِ كَفُـور ۞

Truly, Allâh defends those who believe. Verily! Allâh likes not any treacherous ingrate to Allâh [those who disobey Allâh but obey *Shaitân* (Satan)].

39.



Permission to fight is given to those (i.e. believers against disbelievers), who are fighting them, (and) because they (believers) have been wronged, and surely, Allâh is Able to give them (believers) victory

40.

ٱلَّذِينَ أُخُرِجُواْ مِن دِيَدرِهِم بِغَيْرِ حَقِّ إِلَّا أَن يَقُولُواْ رَبُّنَا ٱللَّهُۗ وَلَولَا دَفُعُ ٱللَّهِ ٱلنَّاسَ بَعُضَهُ م بِبَعُضِ لَّهُ دِّمَتُ صَوَمِعُ وَبِيَتُعُ وَصَلَوَتُ وَمَسَدِجِدُ يُذُكُرُ فِيهَا ٱسُمُ ٱللَّهِ كَثِيرًا ۗ وَلَيَنصُرَنَّ ٱللَّهُ مَن يَنصُرُهُ ۗ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَقَوِيٌّ عَزيزٌ ۞

Those who have been expelled from their homes unjustly only because they said: "Our Lord is Allâh." - For had it not been that Allâh checks one set of people by means of another, monasteries, churches, synagogues, and mosques, wherein the Name of Allâh is mentioned much would surely have been pulled down. Verily, Allâh will help those who help His (Cause). Truly, Allâh is All-Strong, All-Mighty.

41.

Those (Muslim rulers) who, if We give them power in the land, (they) order for *Iqamat-as-Salât*. [i.e. to perform the five compulsory congregational *Salât* (prayers) (the males in mosques)], to pay the *Zakât* and they enjoin *Al-Ma'rûf* (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and all that Islâm orders one to do), and forbid *Al-Munkar* (i.e. disbelief, polytheism and all that Islâm has forbidden) [i.e. they make the Qur'ân as the law of their country in all the spheres of life]. And with Allâh rests the end of (all) matters (of creatures).

42.

And if they belie you (O Muhammad SAW), so were belied the Prophets before them, (by) the people of Nûh (Noah), 'Ad and Thamûd,

And the people of Ibrâhim (Abraham) and the people of Lout (Lot),

44.

And the dwellers of Madyan (Midian); and belied was Mûsa (Moses), but I granted respite to the disbelievers for a while, then I seized them, and how (terrible) was My Punishment (against their wrong-doing).

45.

And many a township have We destroyed while it was given to wrong-doing, so that it lies in ruins (up to this day), and (many) a deserted well and lofty castles!

46.

Have they not travelled through the land, and have they hearts wherewith to understand and ears wherewith to hear? Verily, it is not the eyes that grow blind, but it is the hearts which are in the breasts that grow blind.

47.

And they ask you to hasten on the torment! And Allâh fails not His Promise. And verily, a day with your Lord is as a thousand years of what you reckon.

48.

And many a township did I give respite while it was given to wrong-doing. Then (in the end) I seized it (with punishment). And to Me is the (final) return (of all).

49

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "O mankind! I am (sent) to you only as a plain warner."

So those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, for them is forgiveness and Rizgûn Karîm (generous provision, i.e. Paradise).

51.

But those who strive against Our Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), to frustrate and obstruct them, they will be dwellers of the Hell-fire.

52.

وَمَا أَرُسَلُنَا مِن قَبُلِكَ مِن رَّسُولٍ وَلَا نَبِيّ إِلّا ٓ إِذَا تَمَنَّىٰۤ أَلُقَى ٱلشَّيُطَن فِيۤ أُمُنِيَّتِهِ عَ فَيَنسَخُ ٱللَّهُ مَا يُلُقِى ٱلشَّيُطَينُ ثُمَّ يُحُكِمُ ٱللَّهُ ءَايَنتِهِ ۗ وَٱللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ 🐨

Never did We send a Messenger or a Prophet before you, but; when he did recite the revelation or narrated or spoke, Shaitân (Satan) threw (some falsehood) in it. But Allâh abolishes that which Shaitân (Satan) throws in. Then Allâh establishes His Revelations. And Allâh is All-Knower, All-Wise:

53.

لِّيَجُ عَلَ مَا يُلُقِى الشَّيُطَينُ فِتُنَةً لِّلَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِم مَّ رَضٌ وَٱلْقَاسِيَةِ قُلُوبُهُمُّ وَإِنَّ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ لَفِي شِقَاقِ بَعِيدٍ



That He (Allâh) may make what is thrown in by Shaitân (Satan) a trial for those in whose hearts is a disease (of hypocrisy and disbelief) and whose hearts are hardened. And certainly, the Zalimûn (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.) are in an opposition far-off (from the truth against Allâh's Messenger and the believers).

54.

وَلِيَعُلَـمَ ٱلَّـذِينَ أُوتُـواْ ٱلْعِلْـمَ أَنَّـهُ ٱلْحَـقُّ مِـن رَّبّـكَ فَيُؤُمِنُـواْ بـهِـ فَتُخُبِتَ لَهُۥ قُلُوبُهُمُّ وَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَهَادِ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ إِلَىٰ صِرَ ﴿ مُّسُتَقِيم



And that those who have been given knowledge may know that it (this Qur'ân) is the truth from your Lord, and that they may believe therein, and their hearts may submit to it with humility. And verily, Allâh is the Guide of those who believe, to the Straight Path.

And those who disbelieve will not cease to be in doubt about it (this Qur'ân) until the Hour comes suddenly upon them, or there comes to them the torment of the Day after which there will be no night (i.e. the Day of Resurrection).

56.

The sovereignty on that Day will be that of Allâh (the one Who has no partners). He will judge between them. So those who believed (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and did righteous good deeds will be in Gardens of delight (Paradise).

57.

And those who disbelieved and belied Our Verses (of this Qur'ân), for them will be a humiliating torment (in Hell).

58.

Those who emigrated in the Cause of Allâh and after that were killed or died, surely, Allâh will provide a good provision for them. And verily, it is Allâh Who indeed is the Best of those who make provision.

59.

Truly, He will make them enter an entrance with which they shall be well-pleased, and verily, Allâh indeed is All-Knowing, Most Forbearing.

60.

That is so. And whoever has retaliated with the like of that which he was made to suffer, and then has again been wronged, Allâh will surely help him. Verily! Allâh indeed is Oft-Pardoning, Oft-Forgiving.

61.

That is because Allâh merges the night into the day, and He merges the day into the night. And verily, Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Seer.

62

ذَ لِكَ بِأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلُحَقُّ وَأَنَّ مَا يَدُعُونَ مِن دُونِهِ ـ هُوَ ٱلْبَنطِلُ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلْعَلِيُّ ٱلْكَبِيرُ ۞

That is because Allâh He is the Truth (the only True God of all that exists, Who has no partners or rivals with Him), and what they (the polytheists) invoke besides Him, it is *Bâtil* (falsehood) And verily, Allâh He is the Most High, the Most Great.

63.

See you not that Allâh sends down water (rain) from the sky, and then the earth becomes green? Verily, Allâh is the Most Kind and Courteous, Well-Acquainted with all things.

64.

To Him belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is on the earth. And verily, Allâh He is Rich (Free of all wants), Worthy of all praise.

65.

See you not that Allâh has subjected to you (mankind) all that is on the earth, and the ships that sail through the sea by His Command? He withholds the heaven from falling on the earth except by His Leave. Verily, Allâh is, for mankind, full of Kindness, Most Merciful.

66.

It is He, Who gave you life, and then will cause you to die, and will again give you life (on the Day of Resurrection). Verily! Man is indeed an ingrate.

67.

For every nation We have ordained religious ceremonies [e.g. slaughtering of the beast of cattle during the three days of stay at Mîna (Makkah) during the *Hajj* (pilgrimage)] which they must follow; so let them (pagans) not dispute with you on the matter (i.e. to eat of the cattle which you slaughter, and not to eat of cattle which Allâh kills by its natural death), but invite them to your Lord. Verily! You (O Muhammad SAW) indeed are on the (true) straight guidance. (i.e. the true religion of Islâmic Monotheism).

وَإِن جَعدَلُوكَ فَقُلِ ٱللَّهُ أَعُلَمُ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ ٢

And if they argue with you (as regards the slaughtering of the sacrifices), say; "Allâh knows best of what you do.

69.

"Allâh will judge between you on the Day of Resurrection about that wherein you used to differ."

70.

Know you not that Allâh knows all that is in heaven and on earth? Verily, it is (all) in the Book (*Al-Lauh Al-Mahfûz*). Verily! That is easy for Allâh.

71

And they worship besides Allâh others for which He has sent down no authority, and of which they have no knowledge and for the *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers, polytheists and disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh) there is no helper.

72.

وَإِذَا تُتَلَىٰ عَلَيْهِمُ ءَايَنتُنَا بَيِّنَنتِ تَعُرِفُ فِي وُجُوهِ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ ٱلْمُنكَرَّ يَكَادُونَ يَسُطُونَ بِٱلَّذِينَ يَتُلُونَ عَلَيْهِمُ ءَايَنتِنَا قُلُ أَفَأُنبِّئُكُم بِشَرِّ مِّن ذَلِكُمُ النَّارُ وَعَدَهَا ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا أَوْبِئُسَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ ٣

And when Our Clear Verses are recited to them, you will notice a denial on the faces of the disbelievers! They are nearly ready to attack with violence those who recite Our Verses to them. Say: "Shall I tell you of something worse than that? The Fire (of Hell) which Allâh has promised to those who disbelieve, and worst indeed is that destination!"

73.

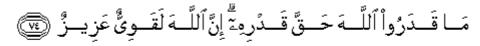
يَثَأَيُّهَ النَّاسُ ضُرِبَ مَثَلُّ فَأَسُتَمِعُواْ لَهُ ثَ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ تَدُعُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ لَن يَخُلُقُواْ ذُبَابًا وَلَوِ ٱجُتَمَعُواْ لَهُ وَ وَإِن تَدُعُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ لَن يَخُلُقُواْ ذُبَابًا وَلَوِ ٱجُتَمَعُواْ لَهُ وَ وَإِن يَخُلُقُواْ ذُبَابًا وَلَوِ ٱجُتَمَعُواْ لَهُ وَ وَإِن يَصُلُبُهُمُ ٱلذُّبَابُ شَيئًا لاَّ يَسُتَنقِذُوهُ مِنْهُ ضَعُفَ ٱلطَّالِبُ وَٱلمُطَلُوبُ



O mankind! A similitude has been coined, so listen to it (carefully): Verily! Those on whom you call besides Allâh, cannot create (even) a fly, even though they combine together for the purpose. And if the fly snatched away a thing from them, they would have no power to release it from the fly. So weak

are (both) the seeker and the sought.

74.



They have not estimated Allâh His Rightful Estimate; Verily, Allâh is All-Strong, All-Mighty.

75.

ٱللَّهُ يَصُطَفِى مِنَ ٱلْمَلَكَ إِكَةِ رُسُلًا وَمِنَ ٱلنَّاسِّ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ سَمِيعُ بَصِيرٌ



Allâh chooses Messengers from angels and from men. Verily, Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Seer.

76

He knows what is before them, and what is behind them. And to Allâh return all matters (for decision).

77.

O you who believe! Bow down, and prostrate yourselves, and worship your Lord and do good that you may be successful.

78.

وَجَعِدُواْ فِى ٱللَّهِ حَقَّ جِهَادِهِ مَّ هُوَ ٱجُتَبَعَكُمُ وَمَا جَعَلَ عَلَيْكُمُ فِى ٱلدِّينِ مِن حَرَجٍ مِّلَّةَ أَبِيكُمُ إِبْرَ هِيمَ هُوَ سَمَّعَكُمُ ٱلْمُسْلِمِينَ مِن قَبْلُ وَفِى هَعَذَا لِيَكُونَ ٱلْمُسْلِمِينَ مِن قَبْلُ وَفِى هَعَذَا لِيَكُونَ ٱلرَّسُولُ شَهِيدًا عَلَيْكُمُ وَتَكُونُواْ شُهَدَآءَ عَلَى ٱلنَّاسِ فَأَقِيمُواْ لِيَكُونَ الرَّسُولُ شَهِيدًا عَلَيْكُمُ وَتَكُونُواْ شُهَدَآءَ عَلَى ٱلنَّاسِ فَأَقِيمُواْ اللَّهِ هُو مَولُلكُمُ فَنِعُمَ ٱلْمَولُلَىٰ وَنِعُمَ الصَّلَوٰةَ وَءَاتُواْ ٱلرَّكُونَ وَاعْتَصِمُواْ بِٱللَّهِ هُوَ مَولُلكُمُ فَنِعُمَ ٱلْمَولُلَىٰ وَنِعُمَ



And strive hard in Allâh's Cause as you ought to strive (with sincerity and with all your efforts that His Name should be superior). He has chosen you (to convey His Message of Islâmic Monotheism to mankind by inviting them to His religion, Islâm), and has not laid upon you in religion any hardship, it is the religion of your father Ibrahim (Abraham) (Islâmic Monotheism). It is He (Allâh) Who has named you Muslims both before and in this (the Qur'ân), that the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) may be a witness over you and you be witnesses over mankind! So perform AsSalât (Iqamat-as-Salât), give Zakât and hold fast to Allâh [i.e. have confidence in Allâh, and depend upon Him in all your affairs] He is your Maula (Patron, Lord, etc.), what an Excellent Maula (Patron, Lord, etc.) and what an Excellent Helper!

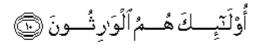
23. Surât Al-Mu'minûn Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	قَـدُ أَفُلَـحَ ٱلْمُؤُمِنُـونَ ۞
	Successful indeed are the believers.
2.	ٱلَّذِينَ هُمُ فِي صَلَاتِهِمُ خَنشِعُونَ ۞
	Those who offer their Salât (prayers) with all solemnity and full submissiveness.
3.	وَٱلَّـذِينَ هُـمُ عَـنِ ٱللَّغُـوِ مُعُرِضُونَ ٣
	And those who turn away from <i>Al-Laghw</i> (dirty, false, evil vain talk, falsehood, and all that Allâh has forbidden).
4.	وَٱلَّـذِينَ هُـمُ لِلزَّ كَواةِ فَنعِلُـونَ ٢
	And those who pay the <i>Zakât</i> .
5.	وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمُ لِفُرُوجِ هِمُ حَسْفِظُونَ ٢
	And those who guard their chastity (i.e. private parts, from illegal sexual acts)
6.	إِلَّا عَلَـــنْ أَزُوَ ﴿ هِمْ أَوْ مَا مَلَكَ تُ أَيُمَننُهُ مُ فَاإِنَّهُمُ
	غَــيْرُ مَلُــومِينَ ۞
	Except from their wives or (the captives and slaves) that their right hands possess, for then, they are free from blame;
7.	فَمَنِ ٱبُتَغَىٰ وَرَآءَ ذَالِكَ فَأُوْلَئِبِكَ هُمُ ٱلْعَادُونَ ۞
	But whoever seeks beyond that, then those are the transgressors;
8.	وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمُ لِأَمَانَاتِهِمُ وَعَهُدِهِمُ رَاعُونَ ٨
	Those who are faithfully true to their $Aman\hat{a}t$ (all the duties which Allâh has ordained, honesty, moral responsibility and trusts etc.) I and to their covenants;

وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمُ عَلَىٰ صَلَوَ تِهِمُ يُحَافِظُونَ ۞

And those who strictly guard their (five compulsory congregational) Salawat (prayers) (at their fixed stated hours).

10.



These are indeed the inheritors.

11.

Who shall inherit the Firdaus (Paradise). They shall dwell therein forever.

12.

And indeed We created man (Adam) out of an extract of clay (water and earth).

13.

Thereafter We made him (the offspring of Adam) as a *Nutfah* (mixed drops of the male and female sexual discharge) (and lodged it) in a safe lodging (womb of the woman).

14.

Then We made the *Nutfah* into a clot (a piece of thick coagulated blood), then We made the clot into a little lump of flesh, then We made out of that little lump of flesh bones, then We clothed the bones with flesh, and then We brought it forth as another creation. So blessed be Allâh, the Best of creators.

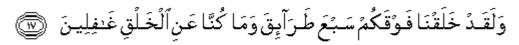
15.

After that, surely, you will die.

16.

Then (again), surely, you will be resurrected on the Day of Resurrection.

17.



And indeed We have created above you seven heavens (one over the other), and We are never unaware of the creation.

18

وَأَنزَلُنَا مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مَآءُ بِقَدَرٍ فَأَسُكَنَّهُ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِّ وَإِنَّا عَلَىٰ ذَهَابٍ بِهِ مَلَقَدِرُونَ ۞

And We sent down from the sky water (rain) in (due) measure, and We gave it lodging in the earth, and verily, We are Able to take it away.

19.

Then We brought forth for you therewith gardens of date-palms and grapes, wherein is much fruit for you, and whereof you eat.

20.

And a tree (olive) that springs forth from Mount Sinai, that grows oil, and (it is a) relish for the eaters.

21.

And Verily! In the cattle there is indeed a lesson for you. We give you to drink (milk) of that which is in their bellies. And there are, in them, numerous (other) benefits for you, and of them you eat.

22.

And on them, and on ships you are carried.

23.

And indeed We sent Nûh (Noah) to his people, and he said: "O my people! Worship Allâh! You have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him (Islâmic Monotheism). Will you not then be afraid (of Him i.e. of His Punishment because of worshipping others besides Him)?"

24.

فَقَالَ ٱلْمَلَوُّا ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِن قَوْمِهِ عَمَا هَدِذَآ إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مِّثُلُكُمُ يُرِيدُ أَن يَتَفَضَّلَ عَلَيْكُمُ وَلَوْ شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ لَأَنزَلَ مَلَيْكِحَةً مَّا سَمِعُنَا بِهَدذَا فِيْ ءَابَآبِنَا ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ

But the chiefs of those who disbelieved among his people said: "He is no more than a human being like you, he seeks to make himself superior to you. Had Allâh willed, He surely could have sent

down angels; never did we hear such a thing among our fathers of old. 25. إِنَّ هُــوَ إِلَّا رَجُــلُ بِــهِۦ جِنَّــةٌ فَــتَرَبَّصُواْ بِــهِۦ حَــتَّىٰ حِــينِ "He is only a man in whom is madness, so wait for him a while." 26. قَالَ رَبَّ أَنصُرُ نِي بِمَا كَذَّبُونِ 📆 [Nûh (Noah)] said: "O my Lord! Help me because they deny me." 27. فَأُوْحَيُنَآ إِلَيْهِ أَن ٱصْنَعِ ٱلْفُلُكَ بِأَعُيُنِنَا وَوَحُيِنَا فَإِذَا جَآءَ أَمُرُنَا وَفَارَ ٱلتَّنُّورُ ۗ فَٱسُلُكُ فِيهَا مِن كُلِّ زَوَّجَيِّنِ ٱثُّنيَّنِ وَأَهْلَكَ إِلَّا مَن سَبَقَ عَلَيْهِ ٱلْقَوُلُ مِنْهُمٌّ وَلَا تُخَـلِطِبُنِي فِي ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوٓاۚ ۚ إِنَّهُم مُّغُرَقُونَ ۞ So We inspired him (saying): "Construct the ship under Our Eyes and under Our Revelation (guidance). Then, when Our Command comes, and the oven gushes forth water, take on board of each kind two (male and female), and your family, except those thereof against whom the Word has already gone forth. And address Me not in favour of those who have done wrong. Verily, they are to be drowned. 28. إِذَا ٱسُــتَوَيْتَ أَنــتَ وَمَـن مَّعَـكَ عَلَـى ٱلْفُلُـكِ فَقُـل ٱلْحَـمُدُ لِلَّـهِ ٱلَّذِي نَجَّننَا مِنَ ٱلْقَـوُمِ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ شَ And when you have embarked on the ship, you and whoever is with you, then say: "All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, Who has saved us from the people who are Zâlimûn (i.e. oppressors, wrong-doers, polytheists, those who join others in worship with Allâh, etc.). 29. وَقُـل رَّبَّ أَنــز لُنِي مُــنزَلًا مُّبَارَ كَـا وَأَنــتَ خَــيُرُ ٱلْمُـنزلِينَ ٣ And say: "My Lord! Cause me to land at a blessed landing-place, for You are the Best of those who bring to land. 30. إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَأَيَسِتِ وَإِن كُنَّا لَمُبُتَلِينَ ٦ Verily, in this [what We did as regards drowning of the people of Nûh (Noah)], there are indeed Ayât (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, etc. for men to understand), for sure We are ever putting (men) to the test. 31. ثُمَّ أَنشَأَنَا مِنْ بَعُدِهِمُ قَرُنًا ءَاخَرِينَ 📆 Then, after them, We created another generation.

فَأَرُسَلُنَا فِيهِمُ رَسُولًا مِّنْهُمُ أَنِ ٱعُبُدُواْ ٱللَّهَ مَا لَكُم مِّنَ إِلَىهٍ غَيْرُهُ ۗ أَفَلَا تَتَّقُونَ ٣

And We sent to them a Messenger from among themselves (saying): "Worship Allâh! You have no other *llâh* (God) but Him. Will you not then be afraid (of Him i.e. of His Punishment because of worshipping others besides Him)?"

33.

وَقَالَ ٱلْمَلَأُ مِن قَوْمِهِ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَكَذَّبُواْ بِلِقَآءِ ٱلْأَخِرَةِ وَأَتُرَفُنَنهُمُ فِي اللهِ اللهُ مَن اللهُ اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَا اللهُ اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَن اللهُ مَن اللهُ وَيَشُرَبُونَ اللهُ مَن اللهُ وَيَشُرَبُونَ اللهُ مَن اللهُ وَيَشُرَبُونَ اللهُ اللهُ وَيَشُرَبُونَ اللهُ اللهُ وَيَشُرَبُونَ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ وَيَشُرَبُونَ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ وَيَشُرَبُونَ اللهُ اللهُ وَيَشُرَبُونَ اللهُ اللهُ وَيَشْرَبُونَ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُل

And the chiefs of his people, who disbelieved and denied the Meeting in the Hereafter, and to whom We had given the luxuries and comforts of this life, said: "He is no more than a human being like you, he eats of that which you eat, and drinks of what you drink.

34.

"If you were to obey a human being like yourselves, then verily! You indeed would be losers.

35.

"Does he promise you that when you have died and have become dust and bones, you shall come out alive (resurrected)?

36.

"Far, very far is that which you are promised.

37.

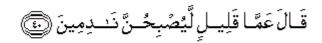
"There is nothing but our life of this world! We die and we live! And we are not going to be resurrected!

38.

"He is only a man who has invented a lie against Allâh, but we are not going to believe in him."

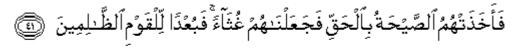
39.

He said: "O my Lord! Help me because they deny me."



(Allâh) said: "In a little while, they are sure to be regretful."

41.



So As-Saîhah (torment - awful cry, etc.) overtook them with justice, and We made them as rubbish of dead plants. So away with the people who are *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrong-doers, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh, disobedient to His Messengers, etc.).

42.

Then, after them, We created other generations.

43.

No nation can anticipate their term, nor can they delay it.

44.

Then We sent Our Messengers in succession, every time there came to a nation their Messenger, they denied him, so We made them follow one another (to destruction), and We made them as *Ahadîth* (the true stories for mankind to learn a lesson from them). So away with a people who believe not.

45.

Then We sent Mûsa (Moses) and his brother Hârûn (Aaron), with Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and manifest authority,

46.

To Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his chiefs, but they behaved insolently and they were people self-exalting (by disobeying their Lord, and exalting themselves over and above the Messenger of Allâh).

47.

They said: "Shall we believe in two men like ourselves, and their people are obedient to us with humility (and we use them to serve us as we like)."

فَكَذَّبُوهُمَا فَكَانُواْ مِنَ ٱلْمُهُلَكِينَ ٢

So they denied them both [Mûsa (Moses) and Hârûn (Aaron)] and became of those who were destroyed.

49.

And indeed We gave Mûsa (Moses) the Scripture, that they may be guided.

50.



And We made the son of Maryam (Mary) and his mother as a sign, And We gave them refuge on high ground, a place of rest, security and flowing streams.

51.



O (you) Messengers! Eat of the *Taiyibât* [all kinds of *Halâl* (legal) foods which Allâh has made legal (meat of slaughtered eatable animals, milk products, fats, vegetables, fruits, etc.], and do righteous deeds. Verily! I am Well-Acquainted with what you do.

52.

And verily! This your religion (of Islâmic Monotheism) is one religion, and I am your Lord, so keep your duty to Me.

53.



But they (men) have broken their religion among them into sects Π , each group rejoicing in its belief.

54.

So leave them in their error for a time.

55.

Do they think that We enlarge them in wealth and children,

We hasten unto them with good things (in this worldly life so that they will have no share of good things in the Hereafter)? Nay, but they perceive not.

57.

Verily! Those who live in awe for fear of their Lord;

58.

And those who believe in the $Ay\hat{a}t$ (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of their Lord,

59.

And those who join not anyone (in worship) as partners with their Lord;

60.

And those who give that (their charity) which they give (and also do other good deeds) with their hearts full of fear (whether their alms and charities, etc., have been accepted or not) II , because they are sure to return to their Lord (for reckoning).

61.

It is these who race for the good deeds, and they are foremost in them [e.g. offering the compulsory Salât (prayers) in their (early) stated, fixed times and so on].

62.

And We tax not any person except according to his capacity, and with Us is a Record which speaks the truth, and they will not be wronged.

63.

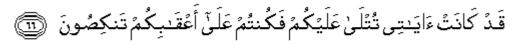
Nay, but their hearts are covered (blind) from understanding this (the Qur'ân), and they have other (evil) deeds, besides, which they are doing.

Until, when We grasp those of them who lead a luxurious life with punishment, behold! They make humble invocation with a loud voice.

65.

Invoke not loudly this day! Certainly, you shall not be helped by Us.

66.



Indeed My Verses used to be recited to you, but you used to turn back on your heels (denying them, and with hatred to listen to them).

67.

In pride (they Quraish pagans and polytheists of Makkah used to feel proud that they are the dwellers of Makkah sanctuary *Haram*), talking evil about it (the Qur'ân) by night.

68.

Have they not pondered over the Word (of Allâh, i.e. what is sent down to the Prophet SAW), or has there come to them what had not come to their fathers of old?

69.

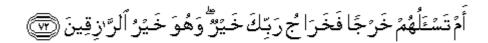
Or is it that they did not recognize their Messenger (Muhammad SAW) so they deny him?

70.

Or say they: "There is madness in him?" Nay, but he brought them the truth [i.e. "(A) *Tauhîd*: Worshipping Allâh Alone in all aspects (B) The Qur'ân (C) The religion of Islâm,"] but most of them (the disbelievers) are averse to the truth.

71.

And if the truth had been in accordance with their desires, verily, the heavens and the earth, and whosoever is therein would have been corrupted! Nay, We have brought them their reminder, but they turn away from their reminder.



Or is it that you (O Muhammad SAW) ask them for some wages? But the recompense of your Lord is better, and He is the Best of those who give sustenance.

73.

And certainly, you (O Muhammad SAW) call them to a Straight Path (true religion Islâmic Monotheism).

74.

And verily, those who believe not in the Hereafter are indeed deviating far astray from the Path (true religion Islâmic Monotheism).

75.



And though We had mercy on them and removed the distress which is on them, still they would obstinately persist in their transgression, wandering blindly.

76.

And indeed We seized them with punishment, but they humbled not themselves to their Lord, nor did they invoke (Allâh) with submission to Him.

77.

Until, when We open for them the gate of severe punishment, then lo! They will be plunged into destruction with deep regrets, sorrows and in despair.

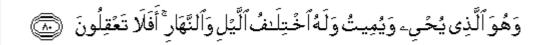
78.

It is He, Who has created for you (the sense of) hearing (ears), sight (eyes), and hearts (understanding). Little thanks you give.

79.

And it is He Who has created you on the earth, and to Him you shall be gathered back.





And it is He Who gives life and causes death, and His is the alternation of night and day. Will you not then understand?

81.

Nay, but they say the like of what the men of old said.

82

They said: "When we are dead and have become dust and bones, shall we be resurrected indeed?

83.



"Verily, this we have been promised, we and our fathers before (us)! This is only the tales of the ancients!"

84.

Say: "Whose is the earth and whosoever is therein? If you know!"

85.

They will say: "It is Allâh's!" Say: "Will you not then remember?"

86.

. 0"

Say: "Who is (the) Lord of the seven heavens, and (the) Lord of the Great Throne?"

87.

They will say: "Allâh." Say: "Will you not then fear Allâh (believe in His Oneness, obey Him, believe in the Resurrection and Recompense for each and every good or bad deed)."

قُلُ مَنْ بِيَدِهِ ـ مَلَكُوتُ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ وَهُوَ يُجِيرُ وَلَا يُجَارُ عَلَيْهِ إِن كُنتُمُ تَعُلَمُونَ ﷺ

Say "In Whose Hand is the sovereignty of everything (i.e. treasures of each and everything)? And He protects (all), while against Whom there is no protector, (i.e. if Allâh saves anyone none can punish or harm him, and if Allâh punishes or harms anyone none can save him), if you know." [*Tafsir Al-Qurtubî*, Vol. 12, Page 145]

89.

They will say: "(All that belongs) to Allâh." Say: "How then are you deceived and turn away from the truth?"

90.

Nay, but We have brought them the truth (Islâmic Monotheism), and verily, they (disbelievers) are liars.

91.

No son (or offspring or children) did Allâh beget, nor is there any *ilâh* (god) along with Him; (if there had been many gods), behold, each god would have taken away what he had created, and some would have tried to overcome others! Glorified be Allâh above all that they attribute to Him!

92.

All-Knower of the unseen and the seen! Exalted be He over all that they associate as partners to Him!

93.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): " My Lord! If You would show me that with which they are threatened (torment),

94.

"My Lord! Then (save me from Your Punishment), and put me not amongst the people who are the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrong-doing)."

95.

And indeed We are Able to show you (O Muhammad SAW) that with which We have threatened them.

Repel evil with that which is better. We are Best-Acquainted with the things they utter.

97.

And say: "My Lord! I seek refuge with You from the whisperings (suggestions) of the Shayâtin (devils).

98.

"And I seek refuge with You, My Lord! lest they may attend (or come near) me."

99.

Until, when death comes to one of them (those who join partners with Allâh), he says: "My Lord! Send me back,

100

"So that I may do good in that which I have left behind!" No! It is but a word that he speaks, and behind them is *Barzakh* (a barrier) until the Day when they will be resurrected.

101

Then, when the Trumpet is blown, there will be no kinship among them that Day, nor will they ask of one another.

102

Then, those whose scales (of good deeds) are heavy, - these, they are the successful.

103

And those whose scales (of good deeds) are light, they are those who lose their ownselves, in Hell will they abide.

104

The Fire will burn their faces, and therein they will grin, with displaced lips (disfigured).

أَلَمُ تَكُنَّ ءَايَنتِي تُتُلَّىٰ عَلَيُكُمُ فَكُنتُم بِهَا تُكَذِّبُونَ ٢

"Were not My Verses (this Qur'an) recited to you, and then you used to deny them?"

106

They will say: "Our Lord! Our wretchedness overcame us, and we were (an) erring people.

107

"Our Lord! Bring us out of this; if ever we return (to evil), then indeed we shall be *Zâlimûn*: (polytheists, oppressors, unjust, and wrong-doers, etc.)."

108

He (Allâh) will say: "Remain you in it with ignominy! And speak you not to Me!"

109

Verily! There was a party of My slaves, who used to say: "Our Lord! We believe, so forgive us, and have mercy on us, for You are the Best of all who show mercy!"

110



But you took them for a laughingstock, so much so that they made you forget My Remembrance while you used to laugh at them!

111

Verily! I have rewarded them this Day for their patience, they are indeed the ones that are successful.

112

He (Allâh) will say: "What number of years did you stay on earth?"

113

They will say: "We stayed a day or part of a day. Ask of those who keep account."

He (Allâh) will say: "You stayed not but a little, if you had only known!

115.

"Did you think that We had created you in play (without any purpose), and that you would not be brought back to Us?"

116.

So Exalted be Allâh, the True King, *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the Lord of the Supreme Throne!

117.

And whoever invokes (or worships), besides Allâh, any other *ilâh* (god), of whom he has no proof, then his reckoning is only with his Lord. Surely! *Al-Kâfirûn* (the disbelievers in Allâh and in the Oneness of Allâh, polytheists, pagans, idolaters, etc.) will not be successful.

118.

And say (O Muhammad SAW): "My Lord! Forgive and have mercy, for You are the Best of those who show mercy!"

24. An-Nûr Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

سُورَةً أَنزَ لُنَاهَا وَفَرَضُنَاهَا وَأَنزَ لُنَا فِيهَآ ءَايَاتٍ بَيِّنَاتٍ لَّعَلَّكُمُ تَذَكَّرُونَ



(This is) a *Sûrah* (chapter of the Qur'ân) which We have sent down and which We have enjoined, (ordained its legal laws) and in it We have revealed manifest *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations lawful and unlawful things, and set boundries of Islâmic Religion), that you may remember.

2.

ٱلزَّانِيَةُ وَٱلزَّانِى فَٱجُلِدُواْ كُلَّ وَ حِدٍ مِّنَهُمَا مِاْئَةَ جَلْدَةٍ وَلَا تَأْخُذُكُم بِهِمَا رَأُفَةٌ فِي دِينِ ٱللَّهِ إِن كُنتُمُ تُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْأَخِرِ وَلْيَشْهَدُ عَذَابَهُمَا طَآبِفَةٌ فِي دِينِ ٱللَّهِ إِن كُنتُمُ تُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوْمِ ٱلْأَخِرِ وَلْيَشْهَدُ عَذَابَهُمَا طَآبِفَةٌ مِّنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ

The woman and the man guilty of illegal sexual intercourse, flog each of them with a hundred stripes. Let not pity withhold you in their case, in a punishment prescribed by Allâh, if you believe in Allâh and the Last Day. And let a party of the believers witness their punishment. (This punishment is for unmarried persons guilty of the above crime but if married persons commit it, the punishment is to stone them to death, according to Allâh's Law).

3.

ٱلــــزَّانِى لَا يَنكِـــــُ إِلَّا زَانِيَـــةً أَوْ مُشُـــرِ كَةً وَٱلزَّانِيَـــةُ لَا يَنكِحُهَـــآ إِلَّا زَانٍ أَوْ مُشُــرِكُ وَحُــرِّمَ ذَلِـكَ عَلَــى ٱلْمُــؤُمِنِينَ ۞

The adulterer marries not but an adulteress or a *Mushrikah* and the adulteress none marries her except an adulterer or a *Mushrik* [and that means that the man who agrees to marry (have a sexual relation with) a *Mushrikah* (female polytheist, pagan or idolatress) or a prostitute, then surely he is either an adulterer, or a *Mushrik* (polytheist, pagan or idolater, etc.) And the woman who agrees to marry (have a sexual relation with) a *Mushrik* (polytheist, pagan or idolater) or an adulterer, then she is either a prostitute or a *Mushrikah* (female polytheist, pagan, or idolatress, etc.)]. Such a thing is forbidden to the believers (of Islâmic Monotheism).

4.

وَٱلَّذِينَ يَرُمُونَ ٱلْمُحُصَنَئِتِ ثُمَّ لَمُ يَأْتُواْ بِأَرْبَعَةِ شُهَدَآءَ فَٱجُلِدُوهُمُ ثَمَنِينَ جَلُدَةً وَلَا تَقُبَلُواْ لَهُمُ شَهَدَةً أَبَدًا ۚ وَأُوْلَتَبِكَ هُمُ ٱلْفَسِقُونَ



And those who accuse chaste women, and produce not four witnesses, flog them with eighty stripes, and reject their testimony forever, they indeed are the *Fâsiqûn* (liars, rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

5

إِلَّا ٱلَّــذِينَ تَــابُواْ مِــنَ بَعــدِ ذَلِـكَ وَأَصُلَحُــواْ فَـاإِنَّ ٱللَّـهَ غَفُـورٌ رَّحِـيمٌ



Except those who repent thereafter and do righteous deeds, (for such) verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

6.

And for those who accuse their wives, but have no witnesses except themselves, let the testimony of one of them be four testimonies (i.e. testifies four times) by Allâh that he is one of those who speak the truth.

7.

And the fifth (testimony) (should be) the invoking of the Curse of Allâh on him if he be of those who tell a lie (against her).

8.

But it shall avert the punishment (of stoning to death) from her, if she bears witness four times by Allâh, that he (her husband) is telling a lie.

9.

And the fifth (testimony) should be that the Wrath of Allâh be upon her if he (her husband) speaks the truth.

10.

And had it not been for the Grace of Allâh and His Mercy on you (He would have hastened the punishment upon you)! And that Allâh is the One Who accepts repentance, the All-Wise.

11.

Verily! Those who brought forth the slander (against 'Aishah radhiallahu' anhuÇ the wife of the Prophet SAW) are a group among you. Consider it not a bad thing for you. Nay, it is good for you. Unto

every man among them will be paid that which he had earned of the sin, and as for him among them who had the greater share therein, his will be a great torment.

12.

Why then, did not the believers, men and women, when you heard it (the slander) think good of their own people and say: "This (charge) is an obvious lie II ?"

13.

Why did they not produce four witnesses? Since they (the slanderers) have not produced witnesses! Then with Allâh they are the liars.

14.

Had it not been for the Grace of Allâh and His Mercy unto you in this world and in the Hereafter, a great torment would have touched you for that whereof you had spoken.

15.

When you were propagating it with your tongues, and uttering with your mouths that whereof you had no knowledge, you counted it a little thing, while with Allâh it was very great.

16.

And why did you not, when you heard it, say? "It is not right for us to speak of this. Glory be to You (O Allâh) this is a great lie."

17.

Allâh forbids you from it and warns you not to repeat the like of it forever, if you are believers.

18.

And Allâh makes the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) plain to you, and Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يُحِبُّونَ أَن تَشِيعَ ٱلْفَنحِشَةُ فِي ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَهُمَّ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْأَخِرَةِۚ وَٱللَّهُ يَعَلَمُ وَأَنتُمُ لَا تَعْلَمُونَ ۚ

Verily, those who like that (the crime of) illegal sexual intercourse should be propagated among those who believe, they will have a painful torment in this world and in the Hereafter. And Allâh knows and you know not.

20.

And had it not been for the Grace of Allâh and His Mercy on you, (Allâh would have hastened the punishment upon you). And that Allâh is full of kindness, Most Merciful.

21.

O you who believe! Follow not the footsteps of *Shaitân* (Satan). And whosoever follows the footsteps of *Shaitân* (Satan), then, verily he commands *Al-Fahshâ'* [i.e. to commit indecency (illegal sexual intercourse, etc.)], and *Al-Munkar* [disbelief and polytheism (i.e. to do evil and wicked deeds; to speak or to do what is forbidden in Islâm, etc.)]. And had it not been for the Grace of Allâh and His Mercy on you, not one of you would ever have been pure from sins. But Allâh purifies (guides to Islâm) whom He wills, and Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

22.

وَلَا يَأْتَلِ أُوْلُواْ ٱلْفَضُلِ مِنكُمُ وَٱلسَّعَةِ أَن يُؤَتُوٓاْ أُوْلِى ٱلْقُرُبَىٰ وَٱلْمَسَكِينَ وَٱلْمُهَدِرِينَ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَلْيَعْفُواْ وَلْيَصْفَحُوٓاْ أَلَا تُحِبُّونَ أَن يَغْفِرَ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمُ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿
اللَّهُ لَكُمُ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿

And let not those among you who are blessed with graces and wealth swear not to give (any sort of help) to their kinsmen, *Al-Masâkîn* (the poor), and those who left their homes for Allâh's Cause. Let them pardon and forgive. Do you not love that Allâh should forgive you? And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

23.

Verily, those who accuse chaste women, who never even think of anything touching their chastity and are good believers, are cursed in this life and in the Hereafter, and for them will be a great torment,

On the Day when their tongues, their hands, and their legs or feet will bear witness against them as to what they used to do.

25.

On that Day Allâh will pay them the recompense of their deeds in full, and they will know that Allâh, He is the Manifest Truth.

26.

Bad statements are for bad people (or bad women for bad men) and bad people for bad statements (or bad men for bad women). Good statements are for good people (or good women for good men) and good people for good statements (or good men for good women), such (good people) are innocent of (each and every) bad statement which they say, for them is Forgiveness, and *Rizqun Karîm* (generous provision i.e.Paradise).

27.

O you who believe! Enter not houses other than your own, until you have asked permission and greeted those in them, that is better for you, in order that you may remember.

28.

And if you find no one therein, still, enter not until permission has been given. And if you are asked to go back, for it is purer for you, and Allâh is All-Knower of what you do.

29.

There is no sin on you that you enter (without taking permission) houses uninhabited (i.e. not possessed by anybody), (when) you have any interest in them. And Allâh has knowledge of what you reveal and what you conceal.

قُل لِّلْمُ وَمِنِينَ يَغُضُّواْ مِنْ أَبُصَرِهِمُ وَيَحُفَظُواْ فُرُوجَهُمُّ ذَلِكَ أَنْ كَىٰ لَهُ مُ اللَّهَ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا يَصُنَعُونَ ﴿

Tell the believing men to lower their gaze (from looking at forbidden things), and protect their private parts (from illegal sexual acts, etc.). That is purer for them. Verily, Allâh is All-Aware of what they do.

31.

وَلَا يَضُرِبُنَ بِأَرُجُلِهِنَّ لِيُعُلَمَ مَا يُخُفِينَ مِن زِينَتِهِنََّ وَتُوبُوٓاْ إِلَى اللَّهِ جَمِيعًا أَيُّهَ ٱلمُؤَمِنُونَ لَعَلَّكُمُ تُفُلِحُونَ ۚ

And tell the believing women to lower their gaze (from looking at forbidden things), and protect their private parts (from illegal sexual acts, etc.) and not to show off their adornment except only that which is apparent (like palms of hands or one eye or both eyes for necessity to see the way, or outer dress like veil, gloves, head-cover, apron, etc.), and to draw their veils all over *Juyubihinna* (i.e. their bodies, faces, necks and bosoms, etc.) and not to reveal their adornment except to their husbands, their fathers, their husband's fathers, their sons, their husband's sons, their brothers or their brother's sons, or their sister's sons, or their (Muslim) women (i.e. their sisters in Islâm), or the (female) slaves whom their right hands possess, or old male servants who lack vigour, or small children who have no sense of the shame of sex. And let them not stamp their feet so as to reveal what they hide of their adornment. And all of you beg Allâh to forgive you all, O believers, that you may be successful [1].

32.

And marry those among you who are single (i.e. a man who has no wife and the woman who has no husband) and (also marry) the *Sâlihûn* (pious, fit and capable ones) of your (male) slaves and maid-servants (female slaves). If they be poor, Allâh will enrich them out of His Bounty. And Allâh is All-Sufficent for His creatures' needs, All-Knowing (about the state of the people).

وَلِّيَسُ تَعُفِفِ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَجِدُونَ نِكَاحًا حَتَّىٰ يُغُنِيَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ مِن فَضُلِهِ ۗ وَٱلَّذِينَ يَبُتَغُونَ ٱلْكِتَنبَ مِمَّا مَلَكَتُ أَيُمَننُكُمُ فَكَاتِبُوهُمُ إِنَّ عَلِمُتُمَّ فِيهمُ خَيْرًا ۗ وَءَاتُوهُم مِّن مَّالِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلَّذِيٓ ءَاتَنكُمُّ وَلَا تُكُرهُواْ فَتَيَنتِكُمُ عَلَى ٱلبِغَآءِ إِنَّ أَرَدُنَ تَحَصُّنَا لِتَبُتَغُواْ عَرَضَ ٱلْحَيَوٰةِ ٱلدُّنيَ وَمَــن يُكُــر هِهُّنَّ فَــإِنَّ ٱللَّــة مِــنْ بَعُـدِ إِكُـرَ هِهِنَّ غَفُـورٌ رَّحِـيمٌ ﴿ ﴿

And let those who find not the financial means for marriage keep themselves chaste, until Allâh enriches them of His Bounty. And such of your slaves as seek a writing (of emancipation), give them such writing, if you know that they are good and trustworthy. And give them something yourselves out of the wealth of Allâh which He has bestowed upon you. And force not your maids to prostitution, if they desire chastity, in order that you may make a gain in the (perishable) goods of this worldly life. But if anyone compels them (to prostitution), then after such compulsion, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful (to those women, i.e. He will forgive them because they have been forced to do this evil action unwillingly).

34.

وَلَقَدُ أَنزَلُنَا إِلَيُّكُمُ ءَايَنتٍ مُّبَيِّنتِ وَمَثَلًا مِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ خَلَوا مِن قَبلِكُمُ هَ مَهُ عَظَةً لَّلُمُتَّقِينَ 📆

And indeed We have sent down for you Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) that make things plain, and the example of those who passed away before you, and an admonition for those who are Al-Muttagûn (the pious - see V.2:2).

35.

﴾ ٱللَّـهُ نُـورُ ٱلسَّـمَــوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ مَثَـلُ نُـورهِ ـ كَمِشُـكَو ۚ فِيهَا مِصُبَاحُّ ٱلۡمِصۡبَاحُ فِي رُجَاجَةۗ ۗ ٱلزُّجَاجَةُ كَأَنَّهَا كَوۡكَبُ دُرِّيٌّ يُوقَدُ مِن شَجَرَةٍ مُّبَدرَ كَاةٍ زَيْتُونَاةٍ لَّا شَارِ قِيَّةٍ وَلَا غَرُبيَّاةٍ يَكَادُ زَيْتُهَا يُضِيَّءُ وَلَـوُ لَـمُ تَمُسَسُهُ نَارٌ ۚ نُّورٌ عَلَىٰ نُورٍّ يَهُدِى ٱللَّهُ لِنُورِهِۦ مَن يَشَآءُ ۚ وَيَضُرِبُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْأَمُثَدلَ لِلنَّاسُّ وَٱللَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ 📆

Allâh is the Light of the heavens and the earth. The parable of His Light is as (if there were) a niche and within it a lamp, the lamp is in glass, the glass as it were a brilliant star, lit from a blessed tree, an olive, neither of the east (i.e. neither it gets sun-rays only in the morning) nor of the west (i.e. nor it gets sun-rays only in the afternoon, but it is exposed to the sun all day long), whose oil would almost glow forth (of itself), though no fire touched it. Light upon Light! Allâh guides to His Light whom He wills. And Allâh sets forth parables for mankind, and Allâh is All-Knower of everything.

36

فِي بُيُوتٍ أَذِنَ ٱللَّهُ أَن تُرُفَعَ وَيُذُكَرَ فِيهَا ٱسُمُهُ ويُسَبِّحُ لَهُ وفِيهَا بِٱلْغُدُوِّ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَ

In houses (mosques), which Allâh has ordered to be raised (to be cleaned, and to be honoured), in them His Name is glorified in the mornings and in the afternoons or the evenings, Π

37.

رِجَالٌ لَّا تُلُهِيهِمُ تِجَرَةٌ وَلَا بَيئعٌ عَن ذِكُرِ ٱللَّهِ وَإِقَامِ أَلْصَالُ لَا تُلُهِيهِمُ تِجَرَةٌ وَلَا بَيئعٌ عَن ذِكُرِ ٱللَّهِ وَإِقَامِ ٱلْطَّلُوبُ وَٱلْأَبُصَدِ الصَّلَوْةِ وَإِيتَاءِ ٱلزَّكُونَ يَوْمًا تَتَقَلَّبُ فِيهِ ٱلْقُلُوبُ وَٱلْأَبُصَدِ وَالسَّالُونَ يَوْمًا تَتَقَلَّبُ فِيهِ ٱلْقُلُوبُ وَٱلْأَبُصَدِ وَالسَّالُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّلَةُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللِلْمُ اللللَّالِمُ الللللِّه



Men whom neither trade nor sale diverts them from the Remembrance of Allâh (with heart and tongue), nor from performing AsSalât (Iqâmat-as-Salât), nor from giving the Zakât. They fear a Day when hearts and eyes will be overturned (from the horror of the torment of the Day of Resurrection).

38.

لِيَجُـزِيَهُمُ ٱللَّـهُ أَحُسَـنَ مَا عَمِلُـواْ وَيَزِيدَهُم مِّن فَصْلِهِۦۗ وَٱللَّـهُ يَـرُزُقُ مَـن يَشَـآءُ بِغَــيُر حِسَـابٍ ﴿

That Allâh may reward them according to the best of their deeds, and add even more for them out of His Grace. And Allâh provides without measure to whom He wills^[].

39.

وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓاْ أَعُمَالُهُمُ كَسَرَابٍ بِقِيعَةٍ يَحُسَبُهُ ٱلظَّمُّانُ مَٓاءً حَتَّى إِذَا جَآءَهُ لَمُ يَجِدُهُ شَيئًا وَوَجَدَ ٱللَّهَ عِندَهُ وفَوَقَّنهُ حِسَابَهُ وَّ وَٱللَّهُ سَرِيعُ ٱللَّحِسَابِ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَ

As for those who disbelieve, their deeds are like a mirage in a desert. The thirsty one thinks it to be water, until he comes up to it, he finds it to be nothing, but he finds Allâh with him, Who will pay him his due (Hell). And Allâh is Swift in taking account.

40.

أُو كَــظُلُمَنتِ فِــى بَحُــرِ لُّجِّــيِّ يَغُشَــــــهُ مَــوَّ حُجِّمِــن فَــوُقِهِــ مَوَّ حُجِمِّـن فَــوُقِهِــ مَوَّ حُجِمِّـن فَوَقِهِـ مَحَابُ ظُلُمَـــثُ بَعُضُهَا فَوُقَ بَعُضٍ إِذَآ أَخُرَجَ يَدَهُ لَمَ يَجُعَلِ ٱللَّهُ لَهُ لَهُ لَوُرًا فَمَا لَهُ مِن نُّورٍ ۗ ۞ لَمُ يَجُعَلِ ٱللَّهُ لَهُ لَهُ لَوُرًا فَمَا لَهُ مِن نُّورٍ ۞

Or [the state of a disbeliever] is like the darkness in a vast deep sea, overwhelmed with a great wave topped by a great wave, topped by dark clouds, darkness, one above another, if a man stretches out his hand, he can hardly see it! And he for whom Allâh has not appointed light, for him there is no light.

أَلَمُ تَرَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُسَبِّحُ لَهُ مَن فِي ٱلسَّمَنوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ وَٱلطَّيْرُ صَنَفَّنتٍ ﴿ كُلُّ قَدُ عَلِمَ صَلَاتَهُ وَتَسُبِيحَهُ ۗ وَٱللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِمَا يَفْعَلُونَ ۞

See you not (O Muhammad SAW) that Allâh, He it is Whom glorify whosoever is in the heavens and the earth, and the birds with wings out-spread (in their flight). Of each one He (Allâh) knows indeed his *Salât* (prayer) and his glorification, [or everyone knows his *Salât* (prayer) and his glorification], and Allâh is All-Aware of what they do.

42.

And to Allâh belongs the sovereignty of the heavens and the earth, and to Allâh is the return (of all).

43.

أَلَمُ تَرَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُزُجِى سَحَابًا ثُمَّ يُؤَلِّفُ بَيْنَهُ و ثُمَّ يَجُعَلُهُ و رُكَامًا فَتَرَى ٱلْمَ تَرَ أَلُو دُقَ يَخُرُ جُمِنُ خِلَالِهِ وَيُنزِّلُ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مِن جِبَالٍ فِيهَا مِنْ بَرَدٍ لَلُودُقَ يَخُرُ جُمِنُ خِلَالِهِ وَيُنزِّلُ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مِن جِبَالٍ فِيهَا مِنْ بَرَدٍ فَيُصِيبُ بِهِ وَمَن يَشَآءُ وَيَصُرِ فُهُ و عَن مَّن يَشَآءً يَكَادُ سَنَا بَرُقِهِ و يَذُهَبُ بِاللَّهُ مَن لَهُ اللَّهُ مَن لَا اللَّهُ مِن لَا اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللِّهُ اللللَّةُ الللللللْمُ اللللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللللْمُ اللللللْمُ اللللللللْمُ اللللللْمُ الللللْمُواللَّاللَّةُ اللللللْمُ الللِمُ اللللللللللْمُ اللللللللللْمُ الللللللللللللْمُ الللللللللللل

See you not that Allâh drives the clouds gently, then joins them together, then makes them into a heap of layers, and you see the rain comes forth from between them. And He sends down from the sky hail (like) mountains, (or there are in the heaven mountains of hail from where He sends down hail), and strike therewith whom He will, and averts it from whom He wills. The vivid flash of its (clouds) lightning nearly blinds the sight. [*Tafsir At-Tabarî*].

44.

Allâh causes the night and the day to succeed each other (i.e. if the day is gone, the night comes, and if the night is gone, the day comes, and so on). Truly, in these things is indeed a lesson for those who have insight.

45.

وَٱللَّهُ خَلَقَ كُلَّ دَآبَّةٍ مِّن مَّآءٍ فَمِنْهُم مَّن يَمُشِى عَلَىٰ بَطُنِهِ وَمِنْهُم مَّن يَمُشِى عَلَىٰ بَطُنِهِ وَمِنْهُم مَّن يَمُشِى عَلَىٰ أَرْبَعٍ يَخُلُقُ ٱللَّهُ مَا يَشَآءُ إِنَّ يَمُشِى عَلَىٰ أَرْبَعٍ يَخُلُقُ ٱللَّهُ مَا يَشَآءُ إِنَّ يَمُشِى عَلَىٰ أَرْبَعٍ يَخُلُقُ ٱللَّهُ مَا يَشَآءُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ٥

Allâh has created every moving (living) creature from water. Of them there are some that creep on their bellies, some that walk on two legs, and some that walk on four. Allâh creates what He wills. Verily! Allâh is Able to do all things.

لَّقَدُ أَنزَلُنَآ ءَايَنتِ مُّبَيِّنَنتِ ۚ وَٱللَّهُ يَهُدِى مَن يَشَآءُ إِلَىٰ صِرَ ﴿ مُّسُتَقِيم



We have indeed sent down (in this Qur'ân) manifest *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, lawful and unlawful things, and the set boundries of Islâmic religion, etc. that make things clear showing the Right Path of Allâh). And Allâh guides whom He wills to a Straight Path (i.e. to Allâh's religion of Islâmic Monotheism).

47.

They (hypocrites) say: "We have believed in Allâh and in the Messenger (Muhammad SAW), and we obey," then a party of them turn away thereafter, such are not believers.

48.



And when they are called to Allâh (i.e. His Words, the Qur'ân) and His Messenger (SAW), to judge between them, lo! a party of them refuse (to come) and turn away.

49

But if the right is with them, they come to him willingly with submission.

50.

Is there a disease in their hearts? Or do they doubt or fear lest Allâh and His Messenger (SAW) should wrong them in judgement. Nay, it is they themselves who are the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, hypocrites and wrong-doers, etc.).

51.

The only saying of the faithful believers, when they are called to Allâh (His Words, the Qur'ân) and His Messenger (SAW), to judge between them, is that they say: "We hear and we obey." And such are the prosperous ones (who will live forever in Paradise).

52

وَمَن يُطِعِ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَيَخُشَ ٱللَّهَ وَيَتَّقُهِ فَأُوْلَنَبِكَ هُمُ ٱلْفَآبِرُونَ



And whosoever obeys Allâh and His Messenger (SAW), fears Allâh, and keeps his duty (to Him), such are the successful ones.

53.

They swear by Allâh their strongest oaths, that if only you would order them, they would leave (their homes for fighting in Allâh's Cause). Say: "Swear you not; (this) obedience (of yours) is known (to be false). Verily, Allâh knows well what you do."

54.

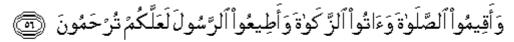
Say: "Obey Allâh and obey the Messenger, but if you turn away, he (Messenger Muhammad SAW) is only responsible for the duty placed on him (i.e. to convey Allâh's Message) and you for that placed on you. If you obey him, you shall be on the right guidance. The Messenger's duty is only to convey (the message) in a clear way (i.e. to preach in a plain way)."

55.

وَعَدَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنكُمُ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَـــــتِ لَيَسُتَخُلِفَنَّهُمُ فِى اللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِهِمُ وَلَيُمَكِّـنَنَّ لَهُمُ دِينَهُمُ ٱلَّذِي اللَّهُ اللَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِهِمُ وَلَيُمَكِّـنَنَّ لَهُمُ دِينَهُمُ ٱلَّذِي اللَّهُمُ وَلَيُمَكِّـنَنَّ لَهُمُ وَيَنَهُمُ ٱللَّذِي اللَّهُمُ وَلَيْبَدِّلَنَّهُم مِّنَ بَعُدِ خَوْفِهِمُ أَمُنَا يَعُبُدُونَنِى لَا يُشُرِ كُونَ بِى الرَّتَضَىٰ لَهُمُ وَلَيْبَدِّلَنَّهُم مِّنَ بَعُدِ خَوْفِهِمُ أَمُنَا يَعُبُدُونَنِى لَا يُشُرِ كُونَ بِي شَيَا اللَّهُ مِن كَفَرَ بَعُدَ ذَلِكَ فَأُولَتَ إِلَى هُمُ ٱلْفَسِقُونَ هَا اللَّهُ اللَّ

Allâh has promised those among you who believe, and do righteous good deeds, that He will certainly grant them succession to (the present rulers) in the earth, as He granted it to those before them, and that He will grant them the authority to practise their religion, that which He has chosen for them (i.e. Islâm). And He will surely give them in exchange a safe security after their fear (provided) they (believers) worship Me and do not associate anything (in worship) with Me. But whoever disbelieved after this, they are the Fâsiqûn (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

56.



And perform AsSalât (IqâmatasSalât), and give Zakât and obey the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) that you may receive mercy (from Allâh).

لَا تَحُسَبَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مُعُجِزِينَ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ ۚ وَمَأُوَىٰهُمُ ٱلنَّارُ ۗ وَلَبِئَسَ ٱلۡمَصِيرُ ۞

Consider not that the disbelievers can escape in the land. Their abode shall be the Fire, and worst indeed is that destination.

58.

يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لِيَسْتَغُذِنكُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ مَلَكَتُ أَيُمَننُكُمُ وَٱلَّذِينَ لَمُ يَبُلُغُواْ ٱلْحُلُمَ مِنكُمُ قَلَىثَ مَرَّتٍ مِّن قَبُلِ صَلَوْةِ ٱلْفَجُرِ وَحِينَ تَضَعُونَ يَبَلُغُواْ ٱلْحُلُمَ مِن ٱلظَّهِيرَةِ وَمِنْ بَعُدِ صَلَوْةِ ٱلْعِشَآءِ قَلَىثُ عَوْرَتٍ لَّكُمُ لَيْسَ قِيَابَكُم مِّنَ ٱلظَّهِيرَةِ وَمِنْ بَعُدِ صَلَوْةِ ٱلْعِشَآءِ قَلَىثُ عَوْرَتٍ لَّكُمُ لَيْسَ عَلَيْكُم مِّنَ ٱلظَّهِيرَةِ وَمِنْ بَعُد صَلَوْةِ ٱلْعِشَآءِ قَلَيثُ مُ بَعُضُكُم عَلَىٰ بَعُضٍ عَلَيْكُم وَلَا عَلَيْهِم جُنَاحُ بَعُدَهُنَّ طَوَّ فُونَ عَلَيْكُم بَعُضُكُم عَلَىٰ بَعُضٍ عَلَىٰ بَعُضٍ كَلَيْكُم وَلَا عَلَيْهِم جُنَاحُ بَعُدَهُنَّ طَوَّ فُونَ عَلَيْكُم بَعُضُكُم عَلَىٰ بَعُضٍ كَلَيْكُم وَلَا عَلَيْهِم جُنَاحُ بَعُدَهُنَّ طَوَّ فُونَ عَلَيْكُم بَعُضُكُم عَلَىٰ بَعُضٍ كَلَيْ مَا يَكُم وَلَا عَلَيْهِم حَلَيْ اللَّهُ لَكُم اللَّهُ عَلِيهِم حَلِيمٌ هُونَ عَلَيْكُم بَعْضُكُم عَلَىٰ بَعُضٍ لَيْ اللَّهُ عَلِيهِ مُ جُنَاحُ لِكُم اللَّهُ لَكُم اللَّهُ عَلِيهِم حَلِيمٌ هُونَ عَلَيْكُم بَعْضَاعُ مَ اللَّهُ عَلِيهُم حَلَيْ اللَّه عَلَيْ مَا اللَّهُ عَلِيهُ مَ اللَّهُ عَلِيهُ مَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُم حَلَيْكُم اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُم حَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلِيهُ مِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُم عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِم عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُ مَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ مَ اللَّهُ عَلِيهُ مَ اللَّه عَلَيْهِم عَلَيْهِم عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُ مَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُم عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُم عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَى عَلَيْهِم عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَى عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَ

O you who believe! Let your legal slaves and slave-girls, and those among you who have not come to the age of puberty ask your permission (before they come to your presence) on three occasions; before Fajr (morning) prayer, and while you put off your clothes for the noonday (rest), and after the 'Ishâ' (late-night) prayer. (These) three times are of privacy for you, other than these times there is no sin on you or on them to move about, attending (helping) you each other. Thus Allâh makes clear the Ayât (the Verses of this Qur'ân, showing proofs for the legal aspects of permission for visits, etc.) to you. And Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

59.

وَإِذَا بَلَعِ ٱلْأَطُفَ لَ لُمِنكُمُ ٱلْحُلُمَ فَلْيَسَتَّوُذِنُواْ كَمَا ٱسَتَّوُذَنَ وَإِذَا بَلَعِ أَلْاً هُ كَذَالِكَ يُبَيِّنُ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمْ ءَايَنِهِ عُ وَٱللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ اللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ



And when the children among you come to puberty, then let them (also) ask for permission, as those senior to them (in age). Thus Allâh makes clear His *Ayât* (Commandments and legal obligations) for you. And Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

60.

وَٱلْقُوَاعِدُ مِنَ ٱلنِّسَآءِ ٱلَّنتِي لَا يَرُجُونَ نِكَاحًا فَلَيْسَ عَلَيْهِنَّ جُنَاحُّ أَن يَضَعُنَ ثِيَابَهُنَّ غَيْرَ مُتَبَرِّجَىتٍ بِزِينَةٍ وَأَن يَسْتَعُفِفُنَ خَيْرٌ لَّهُنََّ وَٱللَّهُ سَمِيعُ عَلِيمٌ ۚ

And as for women past child-bearing who do not expect wed-lock, it is no sin on them if they discard their (outer) clothing in such a way as not to show their adornment. But to refrain (i.e. not to discard their outer clothing) is better for them. And Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Knower.

لَّيْسَ عَلَى ٱلْأَعُمَىٰ حَرَّ جُ وَلَا عَلَى ٱلْأَعُرَ جِ حَرَّ جُ وَلَا عَلَى ٱلْمَرِيضِ حَرَّ جُ وَلَا عَلَى ٱلْأَعُمنِ حَرَّ جُ وَلَا عَلَى ٱلْأَعُمنِ عَرَّ جُ وَلَا عَلَى ٱلْأَعُمنِ عَمَا أَوْ بُيُوتِ وَابَآبِكُمُ أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَعْمَىمِكُمُ أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَحْوَتِكُمُ أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَعْمَىمِكُمُ أَوْ بُيُوتِ عَمَّىتِكُمُ أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَخُوَتِكُمُ أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَعْمَىمِكُمُ أَوْ بُيُوتِ عَمَّىتِكُمُ أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَخُوتِكُمُ أَوْ بُيُوتِ خَلَاتِكُمُ أَوْ مَا مَلَكُتُم مَّ فَا بَيُوتِ عَمَّىتِكُمُ أَوْ بُيُوتِ عَمَّىتِكُمُ أَوْ بُيُوتِ أَخُولِكُمُ أَوْ بُيُوتِ خَلَاتِكُمُ أَوْ مُنَاحِ أَن تَأْكُلُواْ جَمِيعًا أَوْ أَشُتَاتًا أَوْ أَشُتَاتًا أَوْ أَشُتَاتًا أَوْ أَشُتَاتًا أَوْ أَشُتَاتًا أَوْ أَسُلَامُ الْأَيْ وَلَا اللّهُ مُبَارَكَةً طَيِّبَةً كَذَاكِ عُبَيِّنُ ٱللّهُ لَكُمُ ٱلْأَيْسِ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَعِيَّةً مِّن عَيْلُونَ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ مُبَارَكَةً طَيِّبَةً كَذَالِكَ يُبَيِّنُ ٱللّهُ لَكُمُ ٱلْأَيْسِ لَعَلّمُ تَعِيَّا فَنَ اللّهُ عَمْ الْأَيْسِ لَعُمْ الْأَيْسِ لَعُمْ الْأَيْسِ لَعَلَّاكُمُ الْعُقُولُونَ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللّ

There is no restriction on the blind, nor any restriction on the lame, nor any restriction on the sick, nor on yourselves, if you eat from your houses, or the houses of your fathers, or the houses of your brothers, or the houses of your sisters, or the houses of your father's brothers, or the houses of your mother's brothers, or the houses of your mother's sisters, or (from that) whereof you hold keys, or (from the house) of a friend. No sin on you whether you eat together or apart. But when you enter the houses, greet one another with a greeting from Allâh (i.e. say: *As-Salâmu 'Alaikum* - peace be on you) blessed and good. Thus Allâh makes clear the *Ayât* (these Verses or your religious symbols and signs, etc.) to you that you may understand.

62.

إِنَّمَا ٱلْمُؤُمِنُونَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَإِذَا كَانُواْ مَعَهُ عَلَىٰ اَمُو مِنَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَإِذَا كَانُواْ مَعَهُ عَلَىٰ اَمُرٍ جَامِعٍ لَّمُ يَذُهَبُواْ حَتَّىٰ يَسُتَعُذِنُوهُ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يُؤُمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ۚ فَإِذَا ٱسۡتَعُذَنُوكَ يَسُتَعُذِنُونَكَ أُوْلَكِ لَ ٱلَّذِينَ يُؤُمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ۚ فَإِذَا ٱسۡتَعُذَنُوكَ يَسُتَعُذِنُونَ أَوْلَكِ اللَّذِينَ يُؤُمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ۚ فَإِذَا ٱسۡتَعُذَنُوكَ لَهُ مُ ٱللَّهَ إِنَّ لِبَعْضِ شَائِنِهِمُ فَا أَذَن لِّمَن شِئَتَ مِنْهُ مَ وَٱسۡتَعُفِرُ لَهُ مُ ٱللَّهَ إِنَّ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ إِنَّالًا لَهُ إِنَّا لَا اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَمْ وَٱسۡتَعُفِرُ لَهُ مُ ٱللَّهَ إِنَّ اللَّهُ فَا وَرُسُولِهِ مَا اللَّهُ إِنَّا لَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ إِنَّا لَا اللَّهُ إِنَّا لَا اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ إِنَّا لَهُ مَا اللَّهُ إِنَّا لَهُ مَا اللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ عَمْ وَاسُتَعُفُورُ لَهُ مُ ٱللَّهُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِن شَعْفُولُ اللَّهُ عَمْ وَرُدُ رَّحِيلًا لَهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِلُولُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَ

The true believers are only those, who believe in (the Oneness of) Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), and when they are with him on some common matter, they go not away until they have asked his permission. Verily! Those who ask your permission, those are they who (really) believe in Allâh and His Messenger. So if they ask your permission for some affairs of theirs, give permission to whom you will of them, and ask Allâh for their forgiveness. Truly, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

Make not the calling of the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) among you as your calling of one another. Allâh knows those of you who slip away under shelter (of some excuse without taking the permission to leave, from the Messenger SAW). And let those who oppose the Messenger's (Muhammad SAW) commandment (i.e. his Sunnah legal ways, orders, acts of worship, statements, etc.) (among the sects) beware, lest some Fitnah (disbelief, trials, afflictions, earthquakes, killing, overpowered by a tyrant, etc.) befall them or a painful torment be inflicted on them.

64.

Certainly, to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and the earth. Surely, He knows your condition and (He knows) the Day when they will be brought back to Him, then He will inform them of what they did. And Allâh is All-Knower of everything.

25. Al-Furqân Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

تَبَارَكَ ٱلَّذِي نَزَّلَ ٱلْفُرُقَانَ عَلَىٰ عَبُدِهِ عَلِيكُونَ لِلْعَالَمِينَ نَذِيرًا



Blessed be He Who sent down the criterion (of right and wrong, i.e. this Qur'ân) to His slave (Muhammad SAW) that he may be a warner to the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns).

2.

He to Whom belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth, and Who has begotten no son (children or offspring) and for Whom there is no partner in the dominion. He has created everything, and has measured it exactly according to its due measurements.

3.

Yet they have taken besides Him other *âlihâ* (gods) that created nothing but are themselves created, and possess neither hurt nor benefit for themselves, and possess no power (of causing) death, nor (of giving) life, nor of raising the dead.

4.

Those who disbelieve say: "This (the Qur'ân) is nothing but a lie that he (Muhammad SAW) has invented, and others have helped him at it, so that they have produced an unjust wrong (thing) and a lie."

5.

And they say: "Tales of the ancients, which he has written down, and they are dictated to him morning and afternoon."

قُــلُ أَنزَلَــهُ ٱلَّــذِى يَعُلَــمُ ٱلسِّــرَّ فِـــى ٱلسَّــمَــمَـوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِۚ إِنَّــهُ و كَــانَ غَفُــورًا رَّحِيمًـا ۞

Say: "It (this Qur'ân) has been sent down by Him (Allâh) (the Real Lord of the heavens and earth) Who knows the secret of the heavens and the earth. Truly, He is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful."

7

And they say: "Why does this Messenger (Muhammad SAW) eat food, and walk about in the markets (like ourselves). Why is not an angel sent down to him to be a warner with him?

8.

"Or (why) has not a treasure been granted to him, or why has he not a garden whereof he may eat?" And the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.) say: "You follow none but a man bewitched."

9.

See how they coin similitudes for you, so they have gone astray, and they cannot find a (Right) Path.

10.

Blessed be He Who, if He will, will assign you better than (all) that, - Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise) and will assign you palaces (i.e. in Paradise).

11.

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Nay, they deny the Hour (the Day of Resurrection), and for those who deny the Hour, We have prepared a flaming Fire (i.e. Hell).

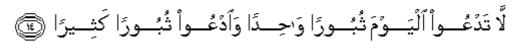
12.

When it (Hell) sees them from a far place, they will hear its raging and its roaring.

وَإِذَآ أَلُقُوا مِنْهَا مَكَانًا ضَيِّقًا مُّقَرِّنِينَ دَعَوا هُنَالِكَ

And when they shall be thrown into a narrow place thereof, chained together, they will exclaim therein for destruction.

14.



Exclaim not today for one destruction, but exclaim for many destructions

15.

Say: (O Muhammad SAW) "Is that (torment) better or the Paradise of Eternity promised to the Muttagûn (pious and righteous persons - see V.2:2)?" It will be theirs as a reward and as a final destination.

16

For them there will be therein all that they desire, and they will abide (there forever). It is a promise binding upon your Lord that must be fulfilled.

17.

And on the Day when He will gather them together and that which they worship besides Allâh [idols, angels, pious men, saints, 'lesa (Jesus) son of Maryam (Mary), etc. $^{\Pi}$]. He will say: "Was it you who misled these My slaves or did they (themselves) stray from the (Right) Path?'

18.

They will say: "Glorified be You! It was not for us to take any Auliyâ' (Protectors, Helpers, etc.) besides You, but You gave them and their fathers comfort till they forgot the warning, and became a lost people (doomed to total loss).

فَقَدُ كَذَّبُ وكُم بِمَا تَقُولُ ونَ فَمَا تَسُ تَطِيعُونَ صَرُفًا وَلَا نَصُرًا فَا وَلَا نَصُرًا فَا وَلَا نَصُرًا فَا اللهَ عَنْ اللهُ عَذَابًا كَبِيرًا

Thus they (false gods all deities other than Allâh) will give you (polytheists) the lie regarding what you say (that they are gods besides Allâh), then you can neither avert (the punishment), nor get help. And whoever among you does wrong (i.e. sets up rivals to Allâh), We shall make him taste a great torment.

20.

وَمَاۤ أَرُسَلُنَا قَبُلَكَ مِنَ ٱلْمُرُسَلِينَ إِلَّاۤ إِنَّهُمُ لَيَأُكُلُونَ ٱلطَّعَامَ وَيَمُشُونَ فِي ٱلْأَسُواقِ ۗ وَجَعَلُنَا بَعُضَكُم لِبَعْضٍ فِتُنَةً أَتَصْبِرُونَ ۗ وَكَانَ رَبُّكَ بَصِيرًا



And We never sent before you (O Muhammad SAW) any of the Messengers but verily, they ate food and walked in the markets. And We have made some of you as a trial for others: will you have patience? And your Lord is Ever All-Seer (of everything).

21.

And those who expect not for a Meeting with Us (i.e. those who deny the Day of Resurrection and the life of the Hereafter), say: "Why are not the angels sent down to us, or why do we not see our Lord?" Indeed they think too highly of themselves, and are scornful with great pride. \square

22.

On the Day they will see the angels, no glad tidings will there be for the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, etc.) that day. And they (angels) will say: "All kinds of glad tidings are forbidden for you," [None will be allowed to enter Paradise except the one who said: *Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh*, "(none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh) and acted practically on its legal orders and obligations].

23.

And We shall turn to whatever deeds they (disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, etc.) did, and We shall make such deeds as scattered floating particles of dust.

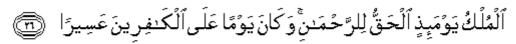
24.

The dwellers of Paradise (i.e. those who deserved it through their Faith and righteousness) will, on that Day, have the best abode, and have the fairest of places for repose.

25

And (remember) the Day when the heaven shall be rent asunder with clouds, and the angels will be sent down, with a grand descending.

26.



The sovereignty on that Day will be the true (sovereignty), belonging to the Most Beneficent (Allâh), and it will be a hard Day for the disbelievers (those who disbelieve in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism).

27.



And (remember) the Day when the $Z\hat{a}lim$ (wrong-doer, oppressor, polytheist, etc.) will bite at his hands, he will say: "Oh! Would that I had taken a path with the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) II .

28.

"Ah! Woe to me! Would that I had never taken so-and-so as a friend!

29.



"He indeed led me astray from the Reminder (this Qur'ân) after it had come to me. And *Shaitân* (Satan) is ever a deserter to man in the hour of need."

30.



And the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) will say: "O my Lord! Verily, my people deserted this Qur'ân (neither listened to it, nor acted on its laws and orders).

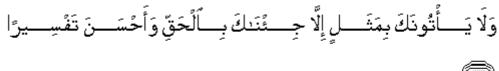
31

Thus have We made for every Prophet an enemy among the *Mujrimûn* (disbelievers, polytheists, criminals, etc.). But Sufficient is your Lord as a Guide and Helper.

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَوُلَا نُرِّلَ عَلَيْهِ ٱلْقُرُءَانُ جُمُلَةً وَحِدَةً كَذَالِكَ لِنُثَبِّتَ بِهِ ـ فُؤَادَكَ وَرَتَّلُنَهُ تَرُتِيلًا ﴿

And those who disbelieve say: "Why is not the Qur'an revealed to him all at once?" Thus (it is sent down in parts), that We may strengthen your heart thereby. And We have revealed it to you gradually, in stages. (It was revealed to the Prophet SAW in 23 years.).

33.



And no example or similitude do they bring (to oppose or to find fault in you or in this Qur'ân), but We reveal to you the truth (against that similitude or example), and the better explanation thereof.

34

Those who will be gathered to Hell (prone) on their faces, such will be in an evil state, and most astray from the (Straight) Path I .

35.

And indeed We gave Mûsa (Moses) the Scripture [the Taurât (Torah)], and placed his brother Hârûn (Aaron) with him as a helper;

36.



And We said: "Go you both to the people who have denied Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.)." Then We destroyed them with utter destruction.

37.

And Nûh's (Noah) people, when they denied the Messengers We drowned them, and We made them as a sign for mankind. And We have prepared a painful torment for the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc).

38.

And (also) 'Ad and Thamûd, and the dwellers of Ar-Rass, and many generations in between.

And for each of them We put forward examples (as proofs and lessons, etc.), and each (of them) We brought to utter ruin (because of their disbelief and evil deeds).

40.

And indeed they have passed by the town [of Prophet Lout (Lot)] on which was rained the evil rain. Did they (disbelievers) not then see it (with their own eyes)? Nay! But they used not to expect for any resurrection.

41.

And when they see you (O Muhammad SAW), they treat you only as a mockery (saying):"Is this the one whom Allâh has sent as a Messenger?

42.

"He would have nearly misled us from our *âliha* (gods), had it not been that we were patient and constant in their worship!" And they will know when they see the torment, who it is that is most astray from the (Right) Path!

43.

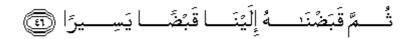
Have you (O Muhammad SAW) seen him who has taken as his *ilâh* (god) his own desire? Would you then be a Wakîl (a disposer of his affairs or a watcher) over him?

44.

Or do you think that most of them hear or understand? They are only like cattle; nay, they are even farther astray from the Path. (i.e. even worst than cattle).

45

Have you not seen how your Lord spread the shadow. If He willed, He could have made it still then We have made the sun its guide [i.e. after the sunrise, it (the shadow) squeezes and vanishes at midnoon and then again appears in the afternoon with the decline of the sun, and had there been no sun light, there would have been no shadow].



Then We withdraw it to Us a gradual concealed withdrawal.

47.

And it is He Who makes the night a covering for you, and the sleep (as) repose, and makes the day *Nushûr* (i.e. getting up and going about here and there for daily work, etc. after one's sleep at night or like resurrection after one's death).

48

And it is He Who sends the winds as heralds of glad tidings, going before His Mercy (rain), and We send down pure water from the sky,

49.

That We may give life thereby to a dead land, and We give to drink thereof many of the cattle and men that We had created.

50.

And indeed We have distributed it (rain or water) amongst them in order that they may remember the Grace of Allâh, but most men refuse (or deny the Truth or Faith) and accept nothing but disbelief or ingratitude.

51

And had We willed, We would have raised a warner in every town.

52.

So obey not the disbelievers, but strive against them (by preaching) with the utmost endeavour, with it (the Qur'ân).

53

And it is He Who has let free the two seas (kinds of water), one palatable and sweet, and the other salt and bitter, and He has set a barrier and a complete partition between them.

وَهُو وَ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَ مِنَ ٱلْمَاءِ بَشَرًا فَجَعَلَهُ ونَسَ هَ صهُـرًا ۗ وَكَانَ رَبُّكَ قَدِيـرًا ۞

And it is He Who has created man from water, and has appointed for him kindred by blood, and kindred by marriage. And your Lord is Ever All-Powerful to do what He will.

55.

And they (disbelievers, polytheists, etc.) worship besides Allâh, that which can neither profit them nor harm them, and the disbeliever is ever a helper (of the Satan) against his Lord.

56.

And We have sent you (O Muhammad SAW) only as a bearer of glad tidings and a warner.

57

Say: "No reward do I ask of you for this (that which I have brought from my Lord and its preaching, etc.), save that whosoever wills, may take a Path to his Lord.

58.

And put your trust (O Muhammad SAW) in the Ever Living One Who dies not, and glorify His Praises, and Sufficient is He as the All-Knower of the sins of His slaves;

59.

Who created the heavens and the earth and all that is between them in six Days. Then He Istawâ (rose over) the Throne (in a manner that suits His Majesty). The Most Beneficent (Allâh)! Ask Him (O Prophet Muhammad SAW), (concerning His Qualities, His rising over His Throne, His creations, etc.), as He is Al-Khabîr (The All-Knower of everything i.e. Allâh).

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُ مُ ٱسْجُدُواْ لِلرَّحُ مَن قَالُواْ وَمَا ٱلرَّحُ مَن أَنسُجُدُ لِمَا تَأْمُرُنَا وَزَادَهُم نُفُورًا ١١ 🚭

And when it is said to them: "Prostrate to the Most Beneficent (Allâh)! They say: "And what is the Most Beneficent? Shall we fall down in prostration to that which you (O Muhammad SAW) command us?" And it increases in them only aversion.

61.

تَبَارَكَ ٱلَّذِي جَعَلَ فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ بُرُ وجًا وَجَعَلَ فِيهَا سِرَ ١جًا وَقَمَرًا مُّنِيرًا



Blessed be He Who has placed in the heaven big stars, and has placed therein a great lamp (sun), and a moon giving light.

62.

And He it is Who has put the night and the day in succession, for such who desires to remember or desires to show his gratitude.

63.

And the slaves of the Most Beneficent (Allâh) are those who walk on the earth in humility and sedateness, and when the foolish address them (with bad words) they reply back with mild words of gentleness.

64.

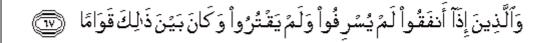
And those who spend the night before their Lord, prostrate and standing Π

65.

And those who say: "Our Lord! Avert from us the torment of Hell. Verily! Its torment is ever an inseparable, permanent punishment."

66.

Evil indeed it (Hell) is as an abode and as a place to dwell.



And those, who, when they spend, are neither extravagant nor niggardly, but hold a medium (way) between those (extremes).

68.

And those who invoke not any other *ilâh* (god) along with Allâh, nor kill such life as Allâh has forbidden, except for just cause, nor commit illegal sexual intercourse and whoever does this shall receive the punishment I .

69.

The torment will be doubled to him on the Day of Resurrection, and he will abide therein in disgrace;

70.

Except those who repent and believe (in Islâmic Monotheism), and do righteous deeds, for those, Allâh will change their sins into good deeds, and Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful .

71.

And whosoever repents and does righteous good deeds, then verily, he repents towards Allâh with true repentance.

72.

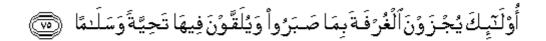
And those who do not witness falsehood, and if they pass by some evil play or evil talk, they pass by it with dignity.

73.

And those who, when they are reminded of the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of their Lord, fall not deaf and blind thereat.

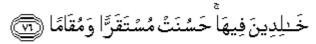
74.

And those who say: "Our Lord! Bestow on us from our wives and our offspring who will be the comfort of our eyes, and make us leaders for the *Muttaqûn*" (pious - see V.2:2 and the footnote of V.3:164)."



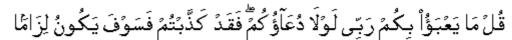
Those will be rewarded with the highest place (in Paradise) because of their patience. Therein they shall be met with greetings and the word of peace and respect.

76.



Abiding therein; excellent it is as an abode, and as a place to dwell.

77





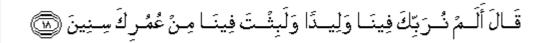
Say (O Muhammad SAW to the disbelievers): "My Lord pays attention to you only because of your invocation to Him. But now you have indeed denied (Him). So the torment will be yours for ever (inseparable permanent punishment)."

26. Ash-Shu'arâ' Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	طشــة ۞
	TâSînMîm.
	[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings.]
2.	تِلُكَ ءَايَىتُ ٱلْكِتَىبِ ٱلْمُبِينِ ۞
	These are the Verses of the manifest Book [this Qur'ân, which was promised by Allâh in the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel), makes things clear].
3.	لَعَلَّكَ بَنْ خِنْ قُلْسَكَ أَلَّا يَكُونُواْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ٣
	It may be that you (O Muhammad SAW) are going to kill yourself with grief, that they do not become believers [in your <i>Risalah</i> (Messengership) and in your Message of Islâmic Monotheism] ^[] .
4.	إِن نَّشَأُ نُنَزِّلُ عَلَيْهِم مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ ءَايَةً فَظَلَّتُ أَعُنَىقُهُمُ لَهَا خَىضِعِينَ ۞
	If We will, We could send down to them from the heaven a sign, to which they would bend their necks in humility.
5.	وَمَا يَا أُتِيهِم مِّن ذِكُرٍ مِّنَ ٱلرَّحُمَن مُحُدَثٍ إِلَّا كَانُواْ عَنْـهُ
	مُعُرِ ضِينَ @
	And never comes there unto them a Reminder as a recent revelation from the Most Beneficent (Allâh), but they turn away therefrom.
6.	فَقَدُ كَذَّبُواْ فَسَيَأُتِيهِمُ أَنْبَنَؤُاْ مَا كَانُواْ بِهِ ـ يَسُتَهُزِءُونَ ٢
	So they have indeed denied (the truth this Qur'ân), then the news of what they mocked at, will come to them.
7.	أُوَلَمُ يَرَوُا إِلَى ٱلْأَرُضِ كَمُ أَنْبَتُنَا فِيهَا مِن كُلِّ زَوْجٍ كَرِيمٍ ۞
	Do they not observe the earth, how much of every good kind We cause to grow therein?

8. إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَأَيَةً ۗ وَمَا كَانَ أَكُثَرُهُم مُّؤُمِنِينَ ۞ Verily, in this is an Ayâh (proof or sign), yet most of them (polytheists, pagans, etc., who do not believe in Resurrection) are not believers. 9. وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَهُو ٱلْعَزِيرُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ۞ And verily, your Lord! He is truly the All-Mighty, the Most Merciful. 10. وَإِذْ نَادَىٰ رَبُّكَ مُوسَىٰٓ أَن ٱئُتِ ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ 🕝 And (remember) when your Lord called Mûsa (Moses) (saying): "Go to the people who are Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrong-doing), 11. قَـوُمَ فِرُعَـوُنَّ أَلَا يَتَّقُـونَ ٦ The people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh). Will they not fear Allâh and become righteous?" 12. قَالَ رَبّ إِنِّىٓ أَخَافُ أَن يُكَذِّبُون ﴿ He said: "My Lord! Verily, I fear that they will belie me, 13. وَيَضِيـــقُ صَـــدُرى وَلَا يَنطَلِــقُ لِسَــانِي فَأَرُسِــلُ إِلَــيْ هَـــرُونَ 🟐 "And my breast straitens, and my tongue expresses not well. So send for Hârûn (Aaron) (to come along with me). 14. وَلَهُمُ عَلَىَّ ذَنُّبُّ فَأَخَافُ أَن يَقُتُلُون ﴿ "And they have a charge of crime against me, and I fear they will kill me." قَالَ كَلًّا ۗ فَٱذْهَبَا بِعَايَدِتِنَّا ۗ إِنَّا مَعَكُم مُّسُتَمِعُونَ ۞ 15. Allâh said: "Nay! Go you both with Our Signs. Verily! We shall be with you, listening 16. فَأَتِيَـا فِرُعَـوُنَ فَقُـولَآ إِنَّـا رَسُـولُ رَبَّ ٱلْعَىٰلَمِيــنَ 🟐 "And when you both come to Fir'aun (Pharaoh), say: 'We are the Messengers of the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists), 17. أَنْ أَرُ سِلُ مَعَنَا بَنِيَّ إِسُرَ آءِيلَ ﴿

'So allow the Children of Israel to go with us.' "



[Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] said [to Mûsa (Moses)]: "Did we not bring you up among us as a child? And you did dwell many years of your life with us.

19.

"And you did your deed, which you did (i.e. the crime of killing a man). And you are one of the ingrates."

20.

Mûsa (Moses) said: "I did it then, when I was an ignorant (as regards my Lord and His Message).

21.

"So I fled from you when I feared you. But my Lord has granted me *Hukman* (i.e. religious knowledge, right judgement of the affairs and Prophethood), and appointed me as one of the Messengers.

22.

"And this is the past favour with which you reproach me, that you have enslaved the Children of Israel."

23.

Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "And what is the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists)?"

24.

Mûsa (Moses) said: "Lord of the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them, if you seek to be convinced with certainty."

25.

Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said to those around: "Do you not hear (what he says)?"

26.

Mûsa (Moses) said: "Your Lord and the Lord of your ancient fathers!"

27. قَالَ إِنَّ رَسُولَكُمُ ٱلَّذِيَّ أُرُسِلَ إِلَيْكُمُ لَمَجُنُونٌ ۞ Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "Verily, your Messenger who has been sent to you is a madman!" 28. قَـالَ رَبُّ ٱلْمَشَـرِقِ وَٱلْمَغَـرِبِ وَمَـا بَيُّنَهُمَـآ إِن كُـنتُمُ تَعُقِلُـونَ 📆 Mûsa (Moses) said: "Lord of the east and the west, and all that is between them, if you did but understand!" 29. قَالَ لَبِن ٱتَّخَذُتَ إِلَىهًا غَيْرى لأَجُعَلَنَّكَ مِنَ ٱلْمَسُجُونِينَ 📆 Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "If you choose an ilâh (god) other than me, I will certainly put you among the 30. قَالَ أُولُو جِئُتُكَ بِشَيْءٍ مُّبِينِ ﴿ Mûsa (Moses) said: "Even if I bring you something manifest (and convincing)?" 31. قَالَ فَأَتِ بِهِ ۦٓ إِن كُنتَ مِنَ ٱلصَّدِقِينَ ۞ Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "Bring it forth then, if you are of the truthful!" 32. فَأَلُقَىٰ عَصَاهُ فَإِذَا هِيَ ثُغُبَانٌ مُّبِينٌ 🐨 So [Mûsa (Moses)] threw his stick, and behold, it was a serpent, manifest. 33. وَنَـــزَعَ يَــــدَهُ و فَــــإذَا هِـــــىَ بَيُضَـــآءُ لِلنَّاظِـــرينَ ٣ And he drew out his hand, and behold, it was white to all beholders! 34. قَالَ لِلْمَلِّا حَوُلُـهُ ۚ إِنَّ هَــذَا لَسَــْحِرُّ عَلِيـمُ ٣ [Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] said to the chiefs around him: "Verily! This is indeed a well-versed sorcerer. 35. يُريدُ أَن يُخُرجَكُم مِّن أَرُضِكُم بِسِحُرهِ عَ فَمَاذَا تَامُرُونَ

"He wants to drive you out of your land by his sorcery, then what is it your counsel, and what do you

الُوٓاْ أَرُجه و أَخَاهُ وَٱبُعَثُ فِى ٱلْمَدَآبِنِ حَنشِرينَ ﴿

They said: "Put him off and his brother (for a while), and send callers to the cities;

command?"

36.



"To bring up to you every well-versed sorcerer."

38.

So the sorcerers were assembled at a fixed time on a day appointed.

39.

And it was said to the people: "Are you (too) going to assemble?

40.

"That we may follow the sorcerers [who were on Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) religion of disbelief] if they are the winners."

41.



So when the sorcerers arrived, they said to Fir'aun (Pharaoh): "Will there surely be a reward for us if we are the winners?"

42.

He said: "Yes, and you shall then verily be of those brought near (to myself)."

43.

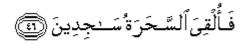
Mûsa (Moses) said to them: "Throw what you are going to throw!"

44.

So they threw their ropes and their sticks, and said: "By the might of Fir'aun (Pharaoh), it is we who will certainly win!"

45.

Then Mûsa (Moses) threw his stick, and behold, it swallowed up all the falsehoods which they showed!



And the sorcerers fell down prostrate.

47.

Saying: "We believe in the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

48.

"The Lord of Mûsa (Moses) and Hârûn (Aaron)."

49.

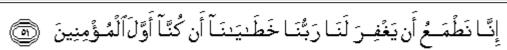
قَالَ ءَامَنتُمُ لَهُ وَقَبُلَ أَنْ ءَاذَنَ لَكُمُّ إِنَّهُ و لَكَبِيرُ كُمُ ٱلَّذِى عَلَّمَكُمُ ٱلسِّحُرَ فَلَسَوُفَ تَعُلَمُونَ لَأَقُطِّعَنَّ أَيُدِيَكُمُ وَأَرْجُلَكُم مِّنُ خِلَنْ وَلَأْصَلِّبَتَّكُمُ أَجُــمَعِينَ

[Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] said: "You have believed in him before I give you leave. Surely, he indeed is your chief, who has taught you magic! So verily, you shall come to know. Verily, I will cut off your hands and your feet on opposite sides, and I will crucify you all."

50.

They said: "No harm! Surely, to our Lord (Allâh) we are to return;

51.



"Verily! We really hope that our Lord will forgive us our sins, as we are the first of the believers [in Mûsa (Moses) and in the Monotheism which he has brought from Allâh]."

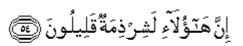
52.

And We inspired Mûsa (Moses), saying: "Take away My slaves by night, verily, you will be pursued."

53.

Then Fir'aun (Pharaoh) sent callers to (all) the cities.

54.



(Saying): "Verily! These indeed are but a small band

55. وَإِنَّهُمُ لَنَا لَغَآبِظُونَ 🍩 "And verily, they have done what has enraged us; 56. وَإِنَّا لَجَمِيعٌ حَدِذِرُونَ @ "But we are host all assembled, amply fore-warned." 57. فَأَخُرَجُنَنهُم مِّن جَنَّنتٍ وَعُيُونِ 🕲 So, We expelled them from gardens and springs 58. وَكُنُودٍ وَمَقَامٍ كُرِيمٍ 🚭 Treasures, and every kind of honourable place. 59. كَذَالِكَ وَأُورَ ثُنَّنِهَا بَنِينَ إِسُرَ آءِيلَ 🕲 Thus [We turned them (Pharaoh's people) out] and We caused the Children of Israel to inherit them. 60. فَأَتُبَعُوهُم مُّشُرِقِينَ 😨 So they pursued them at sunrise 61. فَلَمَّا تَرَءَا ٱلْجَمُعَانِ قَالَ أَصُحَـبُ مُوسَىٰ إِنَّا لَمُدُرَ كُونَ 🟐 And when the two hosts saw each other, the companions of Mûsa (Moses) said: "We are sure to be overtaken." 62. قَـالَ كَـلَّآ إِنَّ مَعِـىَ رَبِّـى سَـيَهُدِينِ 🐨 [Mûsa (Moses)] said: "Nay, verily! With me is my Lord, He will guide me." 63. فَأُوِّحَيُّنَآ إِلَىٰ مُوسَىٰٓ أَن ٱضُرِب بِعَصَاكَ ٱلْبَحُرَ ۖ فَٱنفَلَقَ فَكَانَ كُلُّ فِرُق كَٱلطَّوُدِ ٱلْعَظِيم 🐨 Then We inspired Mûsa (Moses) (saying): "Strike the sea with your stick." And it parted, and each separate part (of that sea water) became like the huge, firm mass of a mountain. 64. وَأَزُلَفُنَا ثَمَّ ٱلْأَخَرِينَ ٦ Then We brought near the others [Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) party] to that place.

65. وَ أَنجَيْنَا مُوسَىٰ وَمَن مَّعَهُ وَ أَجُمَعِينَ 🚳 And We saved Mûsa (Moses) and all those with him. 66. ثُمَّ أَغُرَقُنَا ٱلأَخَرِينَ 📆 Then We drowned the others. 67. إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَأَيَةً ۗ وَمَا كَانَ أَكُثَرُ هُم مُّؤُمِنِينَ ۞ Verily! In this is indeed a sign (or a proof), yet most of them are not believers 68. وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ 🔊 And verily, your Lord! He is truly the All-Mighty, the Most Merciful. 69. وَٱتُلُ عَلَيْهِمُ نَبَأً إِبُرَ هِيمَ 📆 And recite to them the story of Ibrâhim (Abraham) 70. إِذْ قَالَ لِأَبِيهِ وَقَوْمِهِ عَمَا تَعُبُدُونَ 🕾 When he said to his father and his people: "What do you worship?" 71. قَالُواْ نَعُبُدُ أَصُنَامًا فَنَظَلُّ لَهَا عَنكِفِينَ 🐨 They said: "We worship idols, and to them we are ever devoted." 72. قَالَ هَلُ يَسُمَعُونَكُمُ إِذُ تَدُعُونَ ٣ He said: "Do they hear you, when you call (on them)? 73. أُوُ يَنفَعُونَكُمُ أَوُ يَضُرُّونَ ٣ 'Or do they benefit you or do they harm (you)?" 74. قَـالُواْ بَـلُ وَجَدُنَـآ ءَابَآءَنَـا كَـذَٰلِكَ يَفُعَلُـونَ 🐨 They said: "Nay, but we found our fathers doing so." 75. قَالَ أَفَرَءَيُتُم مَّا كُنتُمُ تَعُبُدُونَ 🐷 He said: "Do you observe that which you have been worshipping,

76.	أَنتُمُ وَءَابَآؤُكُمُ ٱلْأَقَٰدَمُونَ ۞
	"You and your ancient fathers?
77.	فَإِنَّهُمْ عَدُوٌّ لِّي إِلَّا رَبَّ ٱلْغَيلَمِينَ ۞
	"Verily! They are enemies to me, save the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists);
78.	ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَنِي فَهُوَ يَهُدِينِ ۞
	"Who has created me, and it is He Who guides me;
79.	وَٱلَّذِى هُوَ يُطُعِمُنِي وَيَسُقِينِ ۞
	And it is He Who feeds me and gives me to drink.
80.	وَإِذَا مَرِضُتُ فَهُوَ يَشُفِينِ ۗ
	And when I am ill, it is He who cures me;
81.	وَٱلَّذِي يُمِيتُنِي ثُمَّ يُحُيِينِ ﴿
	"And Who will cause me to die, and then will bring me to life (again);
82.	وَٱلَّذِي ٓ أَطُمَعُ أَن يَغُفِرَ لِى خَطِيٓءَتِى يَوْمَ ٱلدِّينِ ٢
	"And Who, I hope will forgive me my faults on the Day of Recompense, (the Day of Resurrection),"
83.	رَبِّ هَبُ لِي حُكُمًا وَ أَلْحِقُنِي بِٱلصَّالِحِينَ ٢
	My Lord! Bestow <i>Hukman</i> (religious knowledge, right judgement of the affairs and Prophethood) on me, and join me with the righteous;
84.	وَٱجُعَل لِّي لِسَانَ صِدُقٍ فِي ٱلْأَخِرِينَ ٢
	And grant me an honourable mention in later generations;
85.	وَٱجُعَلَٰنِي مِن وَرَثَةِ جَنَّةِ ٱلنَّعِيمِ ۗ

86.	وَٱغۡفِرُ لِأَبِىٓ إِنَّهُ ۚ كَانَ مِنَ ٱلضَّآلِّينَ ٢
	And forgive my father, verily he is of the erring;
87.	وَلَا تُخُزِنِي يَوُمَ يُبُعَثُونَ ٢
	And disgrace me not on the Day when (all the creatures) will be resurrected;
88.	يَـوُمَ لَا يَنفَـعُ مَالٌ وَلَا بَنُونَ ٢
	The Day whereon neither wealth nor sons will avail,
89.	إِلَّا مَنُ أَتَى ٱللَّهَ بِقَلُبٍ سَلِيمٍ ﴿
	Except him who brings to Allâh a clean heart [clean from Shirk (polytheism) and Nifâq (hypocrisy)].
90.	وَأُزُلِفَ تِ ٱلْجَنَّةُ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ ٢
	And Paradise will be brought near to the <i>Muttaqûn</i> (pious - see V.2:2).
91.	وَبُرِّزَتِ ٱلْجَحِيمُ لِلْغَاوِينَ ١
	And the (Hell) Fire will be placed in full view of the erring.
92.	وَقِيلَ لَهُمُ أَيُنَ مَا كُنتُمُ تَعُبُدُونَ ٢
	And it will be said to them: "Where are those (the false gods whom you used to set up as rivals with Allâh) that you used to worship
93.	مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ هَلُ يَنصُرُ ونَكُمُ أَوُ يَنتَصِرُونَ ٢
	"Instead of Allâh? Can they help you or (even) help themselves?"
94.	فَكُبُكِبُواْ فِيهَا هُمُ وَٱلْغَاوُ مِنَ ٢
	Then they will be thrown on their faces into the (Fire), They and the <i>Ghâwûn</i> (devils, and those who were in error).
95.	وَجُنُودُ إِبُلِيسَ أَجُمَعُونَ ٢
	And the whole hosts of Iblîs (Satan) together.

96. قَالُواْ وَهُمُ فِيهَا يَخُتَصِمُونَ 🖫 They will say while contending therein, 97. تَٱللَّهِ إِن كُنَّا لَفِي ضَلَعلِ مُّبِينِ ١ By Allâh, we were truly in a manifest error, 98. إِذَّ نُسَوِّيكُم بِـرَبَّ ٱلْعَىٰلَمِينَ 🚳 When We held you (false gods) as equals (in worship) with the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists); 99. وَمَآ أَضَلَّنَآ إِلَّا ٱلۡمُجُـرِمُونَ @ And none has brought us into error except the Mujrimûn [Iblîs (Satan) and those of human beings who commit crimes, murderers, polytheists, oppressors, etc.]. 100 فَمَا لَنَا مِـن شَـنفِعِينَ 🚍 Now we have no intercessors 101 وَلا صَدِيقٍ حَمِيمٍ 👜 Nor a close friend (to help us). 102 فَلَوُ أَنَّ لَنَا كَرَّةً فَنَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ 🚭 (Alas!) If we only had a chance to return (to the world), we shall truly be among the believers! 103 إنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَأَيَةً وَمَا كَانَ أَكُثَرُ هُم مُّؤُمِنِينَ ٣ Verily! In this is indeed a sign, yet most of them are not believers. 104 وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ﴿ And verily, your Lord! He is truly the All-Mighty, the Most Merciful 105 كَذَّبَتُ قَوُّمُ نُو جِ ٱلْمُرُ سَلِينَ 📆 The people of Nûh (Noah) belied the Messengers.

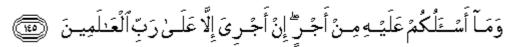
106. إِذْ قَالَ لَهُمُ أَخُوهُمُ نُوحٌ أَلَا تَتَّقُونَ 🗃 When their brother Nûh (Noah) said to them: "Will you not fear Allâh and obey Him? 107 إِنِّى لَكُمِّ رَسُولٌ أَمِينٌ 🕾 "I am a trustworthy Messenger to you. 108 فَاُتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُون 🔛 "So fear Allâh, keep your duty to Him, and obey me. 109 وَمَآ أَسۡۓَلُكُمُ عَلَيۡهِ مِنُ أَجُرِ ۗ إِنَّ أَجُرِىۤ إِلَّا عَلَىٰ رَبِّ ٱلْعَنلَمِينَ 🚭 "No reward do I ask of you for it (my Message of Islâmic Monotheism), my reward is only from the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists). 110 فَاُتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَ أَطِيعُون ﴿ "So keep your duty to Allâh, fear Him and obey me." 111 قَالُوٓا أَنُوُ مِنْ لَكَ وَٱتَّبَعَكَ ٱلْأَرَ ذَلُونَ ﴿ They said: "Shall we believe in you, when the meanest (of the people) follow you?" 112 قَـالَ وَمَـا عِلْمِـي بِمَا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُـونَ ٣ He said: "And what knowledge have I of what they used to do? 113 إِنَّ حِسَابُهُمُ إِلَّا عَلَىٰ رَبِّيٌّ لَوُ تَشُعُرُونَ ﴿ 'Their account is only with my Lord, if you could (but) know. 114 وَمَآ أَنَاْ بِطَارِدِ ٱلۡمُؤۡمِنِينَ 🏐 'And I am not going to drive away the believers. 115 إِنْ أَنَاْ إِلَّا نَذِيـ رُّ مُّبِيــ نُّ ﴿ am only a plain warner.'

116. قَالُواْ لَبِن لَّمُ تَنتَهِ يَئنُوحُ لَتَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلْمَرُجُومِينَ ﴿ They said: "If you cease not, O Nûh (Noah)! You will surely be among those stoned (to death)." 117. قَالَ رَبِّ إِنَّ قَوُمِي كَذَّبُون 🐨 He said: "My Lord! Verily, my people have belied me. 118 فَاَفُتَحُ بَيُنِي وَبَيُنَهُمُ فَتُحًا وَنَجّيني وَمَن مَّعِيَ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ 🗑 Therefore judge You between me and them, and save me and those of the believers who are with 119 فَأَنجَيُنَكُ وَمَنِ مَّعَهُ وَفِي ٱلْفُلُكِ ٱلْمَشُحُونِ 📆 And We saved him and those with him in the laden ship 120 ثُمَّ أُغُرَقُنَا بَعُدُ ٱلْبَاقِينَ 📆 Then We drowned the rest (disbelievers) thereafter. 121 إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَأَيَةً ۗ وَمَا كَانَ أَكُثَرُ هُم مُّؤُمِنِينَ ﴿ Verily, in this is indeed a sign, yet most of them are not believers 122 وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ٣ And verily! Your Lord, He is indeed the All-Mighty, the Most Merciful. 123 كَذَّبَتُ عَادُّ ٱلْمُرُ سَلِينَ رَ ۖ 'Ad (people) belied the Messengers. 124 إِذْ قَالَ لَهُمُ أُخُوهُمُ هُوذٌ أَلَا تَتَّقُونَ 📆 When their brother Hûd said to them: "Will you not fear Allâh and obey Him? 125 إِنِّى لَكُمُ رَسُولٌ أَمِينٌ 'Verily! I am a trustworthy Messenger to you.

126.	فَاتَقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُ ونِ ٢
	"So fear Allâh, keep your duty to Him, and obey me.
127.	وَمَاۤ أَسۡعَلُكُمُ عَلَيۡهِ مِنۡ أَجُرٍ ۗ إِنۡ أَجُرِىۤ إِلَّا عَلَىٰ رَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ ﴿ إِنۡ أَجُرِىَ إِلَّا عَلَىٰ رَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ ﴿ ﴾
	"No reward do I ask of you for it (my Message of Islâmic Monotheism), my reward is only from the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns, and all that exists).
128.	أَتَبُنُونَ بِكُلِّ رِيعٍ ءَايَةً تَعُبَثُونَ ٢
	"Do you build high palaces on every high place, while you do not live in them?
129.	وَتَتَّخِذُونَ مَصَانِعَ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَخُلُدُونَ ١٠٠٠
	"And do you get for yourselves palaces (fine buildings) as if you will live therein for ever ^[] .
130.	وَإِذَا بَطَشُّتُم بَطَشُّتُم جَبَّارِينَ آ
	"And when you seize, seize you as tyrants?
131.	فَاتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُونِ ﴿
	"So fear Allâh, keep your duty to Him, and obey me.
132.	وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱلَّذِي ٓ أَمَدَّكُم بِمَا تَعُلَمُ ونَ ٣
	"And keep your duty to Him, fear Him Who has aided you with all (good things) that you know.
133.	أَمَدَّ كُم بِأَنْعَهمٍ وَبَنِينَ ﴿
	"He has aided you with cattle and children.
134.	وَجَنَّىتٍ وَعُيُّونٍ ﴿
	"And gardens and springs.
135.	إِنِّىٓ أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَذَابَ يَوُمٍ عَظِيمٍ ﴿ ﴾ إِنِّىٓ أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَذَابَ يَوُمٍ عَظِيمٍ
	"Verily, I fear for you the torment of a Great Day."

136. قَالُواْ سَوَآءٌ عَلَيْنَآ أَوَعَظُتَ أَمُ لَمُ تَكُن مِّنَ ٱلْوَاعِظِينَ ٣ They said: "It is the same to us whether you preach or be not of those who preach 137 إِنُّ هَــٰذَآ إِلَّا خُـلُقُ ٱلْأُوَّلِيـنَ 'This is no other than the false-tales and religion of the ancients, [Tafsir At-Tabarî, Vol.19, Page 97] 138 "And we are not going to be punished.' <u> فَكَذَّبُ وهُ فَا هَٰلَكُننهُمُّ إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَآيَةً ۚ وَمَا كَانَ أَكُثَرُهُم مُّؤُمِنِينَ</u> 139 So they belied him, and We destroyed them. Verily! In this is indeed a sign, yet most of them are not believers. 140 وَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ﴿ And verily! Your Lord, He is indeed the All-Mighty, the Most Merciful. 141 كَذَّبَتُ ثَمُودُ ٱلْمُرُ سَلِينَ 📆 Thamûd (people) belied the Messenger. 142 إِذُ قَالَ لَهُمُ أَخُوهُمُ صَلِحٌ أَلَا تَتَّقُونَ ٣ When their brother Sâlih (Saleh) said to them: "Will you not fear Allâh and obey Him? 143 إنِّي لَكُمُ رَسُولٌ أَمِينٌ ﴿ "I am a trustworthy Messenger to you. 144 فَاُتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُون ﷺ 'So fear Allâh, keep your duty to Him, and obey me.

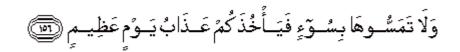
145



"No reward do I ask of you for it (my Message of Islâmic Monotheism), my reward is only from the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

146. أَتُتُرَ كُونَ فِي مَا هَلهُنَآ ءَامِنِينَ 🟐 "Will you be left secure in that which you have here? 147 فِي جَنَّدتٍ وَعُيُونِ 🜚 "In gardens and springs. 148 وَزُرُوعٍ وَنَخُـلِ طَلَّعُهَا هَضِيـمٌ 🚭 And green crops (fields etc.) and date-palms with soft spadix 149 وَتَنُحِتُونَ مِنَ ٱلُجِبَالِ بُيُوتًا فَدر هِينَ ﷺ "And you carve houses out of mountains with great skill. 150 فَاتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَأَطِيعُ ون 🚳 "So fear Allâh, keep your duty to Him, and obey me. 151 وَلَا تُطِيعُ وَا أَمُ رَ ٱلْمُسُ رِفِينَ ﴿ "And follow not the command of Al-Musrifûn [i.e. their chiefs, leaders who were polytheists, criminals and sinnersl 152 ذِينَ يُفُسِدُونَ فِي ٱلْأَرَّضِ وَلَا يُصُلحُونَ (🌆 "Who make mischief in the land, and reform not." 153 قَالُوٓاْ إِنَّمَآ أَنتَ مِنَ ٱلْمُسَحَّرِينَ 🐨 They said: "You are only of those bewitched! 154 مَآ أَنتَ إِلَّا بَشَرٌ مِّثُلُنَا فَأْتِ بِئَايَةٍ إِن كُنتَ مِنَ ٱلصَّدِقِينَ You are but a human being like us. Then bring us a sign if you are of the truthful." 155 قَالَ هَدذِهِ ۦ نَاقَةٌ لُّهَا شِرُبٌ وَلَكُمُ شِرُبُ يَوُم مَّعُلُومٍ ٢ He said: "Here is a she-camel; it has a right to drink (water), and you have a right to drink (water) (each) on a day, known.

156



"And touch her not with harm, lest the torment of a Great Day seize you."

157

But they killed her, and then they became regretful.

158

So the torment overtook them. Verily, in this is indeed a sign, yet most of them are not believers.

159

And verily! Your Lord, He is indeed the All-Mighty, the Most Merciful.

160

The prople of Lout (Lot) (those dwelt in the towns of Sodom in Palestine) belied the Messengers.

161

When their brother Lout (Lot) said to them: "Will you not fear Allâh and obey Him?

162

"Verily! I am a trustworthy Messenger to you.

163

"So fear Allâh, keep your duty to Him, and obey me.

164

"No reward do I ask of you for it (my Message of Islâmic Monotheism), my reward is only from the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

165

"Go you in unto the males of the 'Alamîn (mankind)

166. وَتَذَرُونَ مَا خَلَقَ لَكُمُ رَبُّكُم مِّنُ أَزُو ﴿ كُمّْ بَلُّ أَنتُمُ قَوُّمٌ عَادُونَ ﴿ "And leave those whom Allâh has created for you to be your wives? Nay, you are a trespassing 167 قَالُواْ لَبِن لَّمُ تَنتَهِ يَنلُوطُ لَتَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلمُخُرَجِينَ سَ They said: "If you cease not. O Lout (Lot)! Verily, you will be one of those who are driven out!" 168 قَالَ إِنِّي لِعَمَلِكُم مِّنَ ٱلْقَالِينَ 📆 He said: "I am, indeed, of those who disapprove with severe anger and fury your (this evil) action (of 169 رَبّ نَجّ نِي وَ أَهُلِي مِمَّا يَعُمَلُونَ 📆 'My Lord! Save me and my family from what they do." 170 فَنَجَّيْنَكُهُ وَأَهُلَهُ ۚ أَجُمَعِينَ ﴿ So We saved him and his family, all, 171

إِلَّا عَجُـوزًا فِـى ٱلْغَــبِرِينَ ۞

ثُمَّ دَمَّرُ نَا ٱلأَخَرِينَ 🐨

Except an old woman (his wife) among those who remained behind.

Then afterward We destroyed the others.

172

174

175

وَ أَمْطَرُ نَا عَلَيْهِم مَّطَرًا ۗ فَسَآءَ مَطَرُ ٱلْمُنذَرِينَ ﴿ ١٦٥ اللَّهُ اللَّالَّ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللل

And We rained on them a rain (of torment). And how evil was the rain of those who had been warned.

إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَأَيَـةً وَمَا كَانَ أَكُـثَرُهُم مُّـؤُمِنِينَ

Verily, in this is indeed a sign, yet most of them are not believers.

وَإِنَّ رَبَّــكَ لَهُــوَ ٱلْعَزِيــزُ ٱلرَّحِــيمُ ١

And verily! Your Lord, He is indeed the All-Mighty, the Most Merciful.

176. كَذَّبَ أَصْحَـٰبُ لُغَيْكَةِ ٱلْمُرُ سَلِينَ 쪬 The dwellers of Al-Aiyka [near Madyan (Midian)] belied the Messengers 177 إِذْ قَالَ لَهُمُ شُعَيُبُّ أَلَا تَتَّقُونَ رَسَّ When Shu'âib (Shuaib) said to them: "Will you not fear Allâh (and obey Him)? 178 إِنِّي لَكُمُ رَسُولٌ أُمِينٌ 🔊 'I am a trustworthy Messenger to you. 179 فَاتَّقُواْ ٱللَّـهَ وَأَطِيعُـون 쪬 "So fear Allâh, keep your duty to Him, and obey me. 180 وَمَا أَسْ عَلَكُمُ عَلَيْ هِ مِنْ أَجُرِ اللَّهِ إِنَّ أَجُرِى إِلَّا عَلَىٰ "No reward do I ask of you for it (my Message of Islâmic Monotheism), my reward is only from the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists). 181 ﴾ أَوَّفُواْ ٱلۡكَيُـلَ وَلَا تَكُونُواْ مِنَ ٱلۡمُخُسِرِينَ 'Give full measure, and cause no loss (to others) 182 وَزِنُواْ بِٱلْقِسُطَاسِ ٱلْمُسُتَقِيم 🐷 "And weigh with the true and straight balance 183 وَلَا تَبُخَسُواْ ٱلنَّاسَ أُشُيَّآءَهُمُ وَلَا تَعُثَواْ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ مُفْسِدِينَ رَكَ "And defraud not people by reducing their things, nor do evil, making corruption and mischief in the land. 184 وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَكُمُ وَٱلْجِبِلَّةَ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ رَهِ "And fear Him Who created you and the generations of the men of old." 185 قَالُوٓاْ إِنَّمَآ أَنتَ مِنَ ٱلْمُسَحَّرِينَ

They said: "You are only one of those bewitched!

وَمَآ أَنتَ إِلَّا بَشَرُ مِّثُلُنَا وَإِن نَّظُنُّكَ لَمِنَ ٱلْكَدِبِينَ ٢

"You are but a human being like us and verily, we think that you are one of the liars!

187

"So cause a piece of the heaven to fall on us, if you are of the truthful!"

188

He said: "My Lord is the Best Knower of what you do."

189

But they belied him, so the torment of the day of shadow (a gloomy cloud) seized them, indeed that was the torment of a Great Day.

190

Verily, in this is indeed a sign, yet most of them are not believers.

191

And verily! Your Lord, He is indeed the All-Mighty, the Most Merciful.

192

And truly, this (the Qur'ân) is a revelation from the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists),

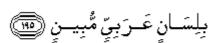
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Which the trustworthy Rûh [Jibrael (Gabriel)] has brought down;

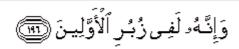
194

Upon your heart (O Muhammad SAW) that you may be (one) of the warners,

195



In the plain Arabic language.



And verily, it (the Qur'ân, and its revelation to Prophet Muhammad SAW) is (announced) in the Scriptures [i.e. the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] of former people.

197

Is it not a sign to them that the learned scholars (like 'Abdullâh bin Salâm radhiallahu anhu who embraced Islâm) of the Children of Israel knew it (as true)?

198

And if We had revealed it (this Qur'an) unto any of the non-Arabs,

199

And he had recited it unto them, they would not have believed in it.

200

Thus have We caused it (the denial of the Qur'ân) to enter the hearts of the *Mûjrimûn* (criminals, polytheists, sinners, etc.).

201

They will not believe in it until they see the painful torment;

202

It shall come to them of a sudden, while they perceive it not;

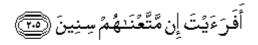
203

Then they will say: "Can we be respited?"

204

Would they then wish for Our Torment to be hastened on?

205



Tell Me, if We do let them enjoy for years,

206. ثُمَّ جَآءَهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يُوعَدُونَ 🗃 And afterwards comes to them that (punishment) which they had been promised 207 مَا ٓ أَغُنَىٰ عَنُهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يُمَتَّعُونَ ٣ All that with which they used to enjoy shall not avail them. 208 وَمَآ أَهُلَكُنَا مِن قَرُيَةٍ إِلَّا لَهَا مُنذِرُونَ 📆 And never did We destroy a township, but it had its warners 209 ذِكُرَىٰ وَمَا كُنَّا ظَٰ لِمِينَ 📆 By way of reminder, and We have never been unjust. 210 وَمَا تَنَزَّ لَتُ بِهِ ٱلشَّيَىٰطِينُ 📆 And it is not the Shayâtin (devils) who have brought it (this Qur'ân) down 211 وَمَا يَنْبَغِي لَهُمُ وَمَا يَسُتَطِيعُونَ 🟐 Neither would it suit them, nor they can (produce it) 212 إِنَّهُمُ عَنِ ٱلسَّمُعِ لَمَعُزُ ولُونَ 🐨 Verily, they have been removed far from hearing it. 213 فَلَا تَـدُ عُمَـعَ ٱللَّهِ إِلَىهًا ءَاخَـرَ فَتَكُـونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُعَـذَّبِينَ ٣٣ So invoke not with Allâh another ilâh (god) lest you be among those who receive punishment. 214 وَ أُنذِرُ عَشِيرَ تَكَ ٱلْأَقُّرَ بِينَ And warn your tribe (O Muhammad SAW) of near kindred [] 215 وَٱخُفِضُ جَنَاحَكَ لِمَن ٱتَّبَعَكَ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ر And be kind and humble to the believers who follow you. 216 فَإِنَّ عَصَوُّكَ فَقُلُّ إِنِّي بَرِيَّةٌ مِّمَّا تَعُمَلُونَ رَسَّ Then if they disobey you, say: "I am innocent of what you do."

217.	وَتَوَكَّلُ عَلَى ٱلْعَزِيزِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ ﴿
	And put your trust in the All-Mighty, the Most Merciful,
218.	ٱلَّـذِي يَـرَىٰكَ حِـينَ تَقُـومُ ١
	Who sees you (O Muhammad SAW) when you stand up (alone at night for <i>Tahajjud</i> prayers).
219.	وَتَقَلُّبَكَ فِي ٱلسَّنجِدِينَ ٣٠٠
	And your movements among those who fall prostrate (along with you to Allâh in the five compulsory congregational prayers).
220.	إِنَّهُ وهُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ٣
	Verily! He, only He, is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower.
221.	هَلُ أُنَبِّئُكُمُ عَلَىٰ مَن تَنَزَّلُ ٱلشَّيَعِظِينُ 🗃
	Shall I inform you (O people!) upon whom the <i>Shayâtin</i> (devils) descend?
222.	تَنَزَّ لُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ أَفَّاكٍ أَثِيمٍ ﴿ ﴿ ﴿ ﴿ ﴿ ﴿ ﴾ ﴿ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ
	They descend on every lying (one who tells lies), sinful person.
223.	يُلُقُ ونَ ٱلسَّمُعَ وَأَكُثَرُهُمُ كَدذِبُونَ ﴿ ﴿ ﴾
	Who gives ear (to the devils and they pour what they may have heard of the unseen from the angels), and most of them are liars.
224.	وَٱلشُّعَرَآءُ يَتَّبِعُهُمُ ٱلُغَاوُ مِنَ ٣٣٠
	As for the poets, the erring follow them,
225.	أَلَمُ تَرَ أَنَّهُمُ فِي كُلِّ وَادٍ يَهِيمُونَ
	See you not that they speak about every subject (praising others right or wrong) in their poetry?
226.	وَأَنَّهُمُ يَقُولُونَ مَا لَا يَفُعَلُونَ ٣
	And that they say what they do not do.

إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَتِ وَذَكَرُواْ ٱللَّهَ كَثِيرًا وَٱنتَصَرُواْ مِنَ اللَّهَ عَدِ مَا ظُلِمُواً وَسَيَعُلَمُ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوٓاْ أَى مُنقَلَبٍ يَنقَلِبُونَ سَ

Except those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism), and do righteous deeds, and remember Allâh much, and reply back (in poetry) to the unjust poetry (which the pagan poets utter against the Muslims). And those who do wrong will come to know by what overturning they will be overturned.

27. An-Naml Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

TâSîn.

[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings]. These are the Verses of the Qur'ân, and (it is) a Book (that makes things) clear;

2.

A guide (to the Right Path); and glad tidings for the believers [who believe in the Oneness of Allâh (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism)].

3.

Those who perform AsSalât (IqâmatasSalât) and give Zakât and they believe with certainty in the Hereafter (resurrection, recompense of their good and bad deeds, Paradise and Hell, etc.).

4.

Verily, those who believe not in the Hereafter, We have made their deeds fair-seeming to them, so they wander about blindly.

5.

They are those for whom there will be an evil torment (in this world). And in the Hereafter they will be the greatest losers.

6.

And verily, you (O Muhammad SAW) are receiving the Qur'an from the One, All-Wise, All-Knowing.

إِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لِأَهُلِهِ ۗ إِنِّى ءَانَسُتُ نَارًا سَاتِيكُم مِّنُهَا بِخَبَرٍ أَوْ ءَاتِيكُم بِشِهَابِ قَبَسِ لَّعَلَّكُمُ تَصُطَّلُونَ ۞

(Remember) when Mûsa (Moses) said to his household: "Verily! I have seen a fire, I will bring you from there some information, or I will bring you a burning brand, that you may warm yourselves."

8.

But when he came to it, he was called: "Blessed is whosoever is in the fire, and whosoever is round about it! And glorified be Allâh, the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

10.

"And throw down your stick!" But when he saw it moving as if it were a snake, he turned in flight, and did not look back. (It was said): "O Mûsa (Moses)! Fear not, verily! The Messengers fear not in front of Me.

Except him who has done wrong and afterwards has changed evil for good, then surely, I am Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

12.

"And put your hand into your bosom, it will come forth white without hurt. (These are) among the nine signs (you will take) to Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his people, they are a people who are the Fâsigûn (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

13

فَلَمَّا جَآءَتُهُمُ ءَايَنتُنَا مُبُصِرَةً قَالُواْ هَنذَا سِحُرٌ مُّبِينٌ



But when Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) came to them, clear to see, they said: "This is a manifest magic."

14.

وَجَحَدُواْ بِهَا وَٱسۡتَيُقَنَتُهَاۤ أَنفُسُهُمُ ظُلُمًا وَعُلُوّااۚ فَٱنظُر كَيُفَ كَانَ عَنقِبَةُ ٱلۡمُفۡسِدِينَ

And they belied them (those *Ayât*) wrongfully and arrogantly, though their ownselves were convinced thereof [i.e. those (*Ayât*) are from Allâh, and Mûsa (Moses) is the Messenger of Allâh in truth, but they disliked to obey Mûsa (Moses), and hated to believe in his Message of Monotheism]. So see what was the end of the *Mufsidûn* (disbelievers, disobedient to Allâh, evil-doers, liars.).

15.

وَلَقَدُ ءَاتَيُنَا دَاوُ وَ وَسُلَيْمَنَ عِلْمَا وَقَالَا ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ ٱلَّذِي فَضَّلَنَا عَلَىٰ كَثِيرٍ مِّنُ عِبَادِهِ ٱلمُؤْمِنِينَ اللهِ اللهُ وَاللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ المَا المَالمُلْمُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ المَل

And indeed We gave knowledge to Dawûd (David) and Sulaimân (Solomon), and they both said: "All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, Who has preferred us above many of His believing slaves!"

16.

وَوَرِثَ سُلَيْمَن ُ دَاوُ ودَّ وَقَالَ يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ عُلِّمُنَا مَنطِقَ ٱلطَّيْرِ وَأُوتِينَا مِن كُلِّ شَيْءٍ ۗ إِنَّ هَدذَا لَهُوَ ٱلْفَضُلُ ٱلْمُبِينُ ۚ

And Sulaimân (Solomon) inherited (the knowledge of) Dawûd (David). He said: "O mankind! We have been taught the language of birds, and on us have been bestowed all things. This, verily, is an evident grace (from Allâh)."

17.

وَحُشِــرَ لِسُــلَيُمَننَ جُــنُودُهُ مِــنَ ٱلُجِــنِّ وَٱلْإِنسِ وَٱلطَّــيُرِ فَهُــمُ يُوزَعُــونَ ۞

And there were gathered before Sulaimân (Solomon) his hosts of jinns and men, and birds, and they all were set in battle order (marching forwards).

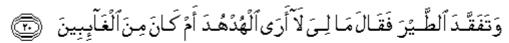
18.

Till, when they came to the valley of the ants, one of the ants said: "O ants! Enter your dwellings, lest Sulaimân (Solomon) and his hosts crush you, while they perceive not."

فَتَبَسَّمَ ضَاحِكًا مِّن قَولُهَا وَقَالَ رَبِّ أَوْزِعْنِى ٓ أَنُ أَشُكُرَ نِعُمَتَكَ ٱلْتَبَسَّمَ ضَاحِكًا تَرُضَعُهُ وَأَدُخِلُنِى ٱلَّتِى أَنْعَمُتَ عَلَى وَعَلَىٰ وَلِدَى وَأَنْ أَعُمَلَ صَلِحًا تَرُضَعُهُ وَأَدُخِلُنِى بِرَحُمَتِكَ فِي عَبَادِكَ ٱلصَّلِحِينَ ﴿

So he [Sulaimân (Solomon)] smiled, amused at her speech [] and said: "My Lord! Inspire and bestow upon me the power and ability that I may be grateful for Your Favours which You have bestowed on me and on my parents, and that I may do righteous good deeds that will please You, and admit me by Your Mercy among Your righteous slaves."

20.



He inspected the birds, and said: "What is the matter that I see not the hoopoe? Or is he among the absentees?

21.

"I will surely punish him with a severe torment, or slaughter him, unless he brings me a clear reason."

22.

But the hoopoe stayed not long, he (came up and) said: "I have grasped (the knowledge of a thing) which you have not grasped and I have come to you from Saba' (Sheba) with true news.

23.



"I found a woman ruling over them, and she has been given all things that could be possessed by any ruler of the earth, and she has a great throne.

24.

"I found her and her people worshipping the sun instead of Allâh, and *Shaitân* (Satan) has made their deeds fair-seeming to them, and has barred them from (Allâh's) Way, so they have no guidance,"

أَلَّا يَسُجُدُواْ لِلَّهِ ٱلَّذِى يُخُرِ جُ ٱلُخَبُّءَ فِى ٱلسَّمَـٰوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ وَيَعَلَمُ مَا تُخُفُونَ وَمَا تُعَلِنُونَ ۞

Al-Lâ (this word has two interpretations) (A) [As Shaitân (Satan) has barred them from Allâh's Way] so that they do not worship (prostrate before) Allâh, or (B) So that they may worship (prostrate before) Allâh, Who brings to light what is hidden in the heavens and the earth, and knows what you conceal and what you reveal. [Tafsir At-Tabarî, Vol. 19, Page 149]

26.

Allâh, *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), the Lord of the Supreme Throne!

27.

[Sulaimân (Solomon)] said: "We shall see whether you speak the truth or you are (one) of the liars.

28.

"Go you with this letter of mine, and deliver it to them, then draw back from them, and see what (answer) they return."

29

She said: "O chiefs! Verily! Here is delivered to me a noble letter,

30.

"Verily! It is from Sulaimân (Solomon), and verily! It (reads): In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful;

31

"Be you not exalted against me, but come to me as Muslims (true believers who submit to Allâh with full submission)' "

32.



She said: "O chiefs! Advise me in (this) case of mine. I decide no case till you are present with me."

قَـالُواْ نَحُـنُ أُوْلُـواْ قُـوَّةٍ وَأُوْلُـواْ بَـأَسِ شَـدِيدٍ وَٱلْأَمَّـرُ إِلَيَـكِ فَانظُرِى مَاذَا تَـأُمُرينَ ٣

They said: "We have great strength, and great ability for war, but it is for you to command; so think over what you will command."

34.

She said: "Verily! Kings, when they enter a town (country), they despoil it, and make the most honourable amongst its people low. And thus they do.

35.

"But verily! I am going to send him a present, and see with what (answer) the messengers return."

36.



So when (the messengers with the present) came to Sulaimân (Solomon), he said: "Will you help me in wealth? What Allâh has given me is better than that which He has given you! Nay, you rejoice in your gift!"

37.

[Then Sulaimân (Solomon) said to the chief of her messengers who brought the present]: "Go back to them. We verily shall come to them with hosts that they cannot resist, and we shall drive them out from there in disgrace, and they will be abased."

38.

He said: "O chiefs! Which of you can bring me her throne before they come to me surrendering themselves in obedience?"

قَالَ عِفْرِيتُ مِّنَ ٱلْجِنِّ أَنَا ءَاتِيكَ بِهِ ـ قَبُلَ أَن تَقُومَ مِن مَّقَامِكَ وَإِنِّي عَلَيْهِ لَقَويٌّ أُمِينٌ ٣

An Ifrît (strong) from the jinns said: "I will bring it to you before you rise from your place (council). And verily, I am indeed strong, and trustworthy for such work."

40.

قَالَ ٱلَّذِي عِندَهُ و عِلْمُ مِّنَ ٱلْكِتَنبِ أَنَاْ ءَاتِيكَ بِهِ ـ قَبُلَ أَن يَرُتَدَّ إِلَيْكَ طَرُفُكَ فَلَمَّا رَءَاهُ مُسُتَقِرًّا عِندَهُ وقَالَ هَنذَا مِن فَضُل رَبِّي لِيَبُلُونِيٓ ءَ أَشُكُرُ أَمُ أَكُفُرُ ۗ وَمَن شَكَرَ فَإِنَّمَا يَشُكُرُ لِنَفُسِهِ ۗ وَمَن كَفَرَ فَإِنَّ رَبِّي غَنِيٌّ كَرِيمٌ ۞

One with whom was knowledge of the Scripture said: "I will bring it to you within the twinkling of an eye!" then when [Sulaimân (Solomon)] saw it placed before him, he said: "This is by the Grace of my Lord to test me whether I am grateful or ungrateful! And whoever is grateful, truly, his gratitude is for (the good of) his ownself, and whoever is ungrateful, (he is ungrateful only for the loss of his ownself). Certainly! My Lord is Rich (Free of all wants), Bountiful."

41.

He said: "Disguise her throne for her that we may see whether she will be guided (to recognise her throne), or she will be one of those not guided."

42.

So when she came, it was said (to her): "Is your throne like this?" She said: "(It is) as though it were the very same." And [Sulaimân (Solomon) said]: "Knowledge was bestowed on us before her, and we were submitted to Allâh (in Islâm as Muslims before her).'

43.

And that which she used to worship besides Allâh has prevented her (from Islâm), for she was of a disbelieving people.

44.

قِيلَ لَهَا ٱدْخُلِي ٱلصَّرِّ حَ فَلَمَّا رَ أَتُهُ حَسِبَتُهُ لُحَّةً وَ كَشَفَتُ عَنِ سَاقَتُهَا قَالَ إِنَّهُ و صَرُ حُ مُّمَرَّدٌ مِّن قَوَارِيرَ ۗ قَالَتُ رَبِّ إِنِّي ظَلَمُتُ نَفُسِي وَأَسُلَمُتُ مَعَ سُلَيْمَىنَ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَىٰلَمِينَ 🟐

It was said to her: "Enter As-Sarh" [(a glass surface with water underneath it) or a palace], but when

she saw it, she thought it was a pool, and she (tucked up her clothes) uncovering her legs, Sulaimân (Solomon) said: "Verily, it is *Sarh* [(a glass surface with water underneath it) or a palace] paved smooth with slab of glass." She said: "My Lord! Verily, I have wronged myself, and I submit (in Islâm, together with Sulaimân (Solomon), to Allâh, the Lord of the *'Alamîn* (mankind, jinns and all that exists)."

45.

And indeed We sent to Thamûd their brother Sâlih (Saleh), saying: "Worship Allâh (Alone and none else). Then look! They became two parties (believers and disbelievers) quarreling with each other."

46.

He said: "O my people! Why do you seek to hasten the evil (torment) before the good (Allâh's Mercy)? Why seek you not the Forgiveness of Allâh, that you may receive mercy?"

47.



They said: "We augur ill omen from you and those with you." He said: "Your ill omen is with Allâh; nay, but you are a people that are being tested."

48.

And there were in the city nine men (from the sons of their chiefs), who made mischief in the land, and would not reform.

49.

They said: "Swear one to another by Allâh that we shall make a secret night attack on him and his household, and afterwards we will surely say to his near relatives: 'We witnessed not the destruction of his household, and verily! We are telling the truth.'"

50.

So they plotted a plot, and We planned a plan, while they perceived not.

51

فَانظُرُ كَيُفَ كَانَ عَنقِبَةُ مَكُرِهِمُ أَنَّا دَمَّرُنَنهُمُ وَقَوْمَهُمُ أَجُمَعِينَ



Then see how was the end of their plot! Verily! We destroyed them and their nation, all together.

52.

These are their houses in utter ruin, for they did wrong. Verily, in this is indeed an *Ayâh* (a lesson or a sign) for people who know.

53.

And We saved those who believed, and used to fear Allâh, and keep their duty to Him.

54

And (remember) Lout (Lot)! When he said to his people []. Do you commit AIFâhishah (evil, great sin, every kind of unlawful sexual intercourse, sodomy, etc.) while you see (one another doing evil without any screen, etc.)?"

55.

"Do you approach men in your lusts rather than women? Nay, but you are a people who behave senselessly."

56.

There was no other answer given by his people except that they said: "Drive out the family of Lout (Lot) from your city. Verily, these are men who want to be clean and pure!"

57.

So We saved him and his family, except his wife. We destined her to be of those who remained behind.

58.

And We rained down on them a rain (of stones). So evil was the rain of those who were warned.

قُلِ ٱلْحَمُدُ لِلَّهِ وَسَلَامٌ عَلَىٰ عِبَادِهِ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱصُطَفَىٰ ۚ ءَآللَّهُ خَيْرٌ أَمَّا يُشُرِ كُونَ ۗ

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Praise and thanks be to Allâh, and peace be on His slaves whom He has chosen (for His Message)! Is Allâh better, or (all) that you ascribe as partners (to Him)?" (Of course, Allâh is Better) I .

60.

أَمَّنُ خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ وَأَنزَلَ لَكُم مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مَآءً فَأَنْبَتُنَا بِهِ عَ حَدَآيِقَ ذَاتَ بَهُجَةٍ مَّا كَانَ لَكُمْ أَن تُنْبِتُواْ شَجَرَهَ أَ أَءِلَهُ مَّعَ ٱللَّهِ بَلُ هُمُ قَوَّمٌ يَعُدِلُونَ ۚ

Is not He (better than your gods) Who created the heavens and the earth, and sends down for you water (rain) from the sky, whereby We cause to grow wonderful gardens full of beauty and delight? It is not in your ability to cause the growth of their trees. Is there any *ilâh* (god) with Allâh? Nay, but they are a people who ascribe equals (to Him)!

61.

Is not He (better than your gods) Who has made the earth as a fixed abode, and has placed rivers in its midst, and has placed firm mountains therein, and has set a barrier between the two seas (of salt and sweet water). Is there any *ilâh* (god) with Allâh? Nay, but most of them know not.

62.

أَمَّن يُجِيبُ ٱلْمُضْطَرَّ إِذَا دَعَاهُ وَيَكُشِفُ ٱلسُّوْءَ وَيَجُعَلُكُمُ خُلَفَآءَ ٱلْأَرُضِّ أَءِلَنهُ مَّعَ ٱللَّهِ قَلِيلًا مَّا تَذَكَّرُونَ ۞

Is not He (better than your gods) Who responds to the distressed one, when he calls Him, and Who removes the evil, and makes you inheritors of the earth, generations after generations. Is there any *ilâh* (god) with Allâh? Little is that you remember!

63.

أَمَّن يَهُدِيكُمُ فِي ظُلُمَنتِ ٱلْبَرِّ وَٱلْبَحْرِ وَمَن يُرْسِلُ ٱلرِّيَنحَ بُشُرًا بَيْنَ يَدَى رَحِهُ الرِّين عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُرِ كُونَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُرِ عُونَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُرِعُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُرِعُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُرِعُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُرِعُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشْرِعُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُرِعُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُرِعُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُرِعُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشَرِعُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُولِ عُلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُسُونَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُولُ عَلَيْنَ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُولُ عُلَى اللَّهُ عَمَّا يُشُولُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّ

Is not He (better than your gods) Who guides you in the darkness of the land and the sea, and Who sends the winds as heralds of glad tidings, going before His Mercy (rain)? Is there any *ilâh* (god) with Allâh? High Exalted be Allâh above all that they associate as partners (to Him)!

أمَّن يَبُدَؤُاْ ٱللَّخَلُقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ و وَمَن يَرُزُقُكُم مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَٱلْأَرُضُّ أَءِلَكُ مَّعَ ٱللَّهِ قُلُ هَاتُواْ بُرُ هَننَكُمُ إِن كُنتُمُ صَدِقِينَ ٦

Is not He (better than your so-called gods) Who originates creation, and shall thereafter repeat it, and Who provides for you from heaven and earth? Is there any ilâh (god) with Allâh? Say, "Bring forth your proofs, if you are truthful."

65.

Say: "None in the heavens and the earth knows the Ghaib (unseen) except Allâh, nor can they perceive when they shall be resurrected."

66.

Nay, they have no knowledge of the Hereafter. Nay, they are in doubt about it. Nay, they are blind about it.

67.

And those who disbelieve say: "When we have become dust, we and our fathers, shall we really be brought forth (again)?

68.

"Indeed we were promised this, we and our forefathers before, Verily, these are nothing but tales of ancients.'

69.

Say to them (O Muhammad SAW) "Travel in the land and see how has been the end of the criminals (those who denied Allâh's Messengers and disobeyed Allâh)."

70.

And grieve you not for them, nor be straitened (in distress) because of what they plot.

71

And they (the disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh) say: "When (will) this promise (be fulfilled), if you are truthful?"

72.

Say: "Perhaps that which you wish to hasten on, may be close behind you.

73

"Verily, your Lord is full of Grace for mankind, yet most of them do not give thanks."

74.

And verily, your Lord knows what their breasts conceal and what they reveal.

75.

And there is nothing hidden in the heaven and the earth, but is in a Clear Book (i.e. Al-Lauh Al-Mahfûz).

76.

Verily, this Qur'an narrates to the Children of Israel most of that about which they differ.

77.

And truly, it (this Qur'an) is a guide and a mercy to the believers.

78.



Verily, your Lord will decide between them (various sects) by His Judgement. And He is the All-Mighty, the All-Knowing.

79

So put your trust in Allâh; surely, you (O Muhammad SAW) are on manifest truth.

Verily, you cannot make the dead to hear (i.e. benefit them and similarly the disbelievers), nor can you make the deaf to hear the call, when they flee, turning their backs.

81.

Nor can you lead the blind out of their error, you can only make to hear those who believe in Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), and who have submitted (themselves to Allâh in Islâm as Muslims).

82.

And when the Word (of torment) is fulfilled against them, We shall bring out from the earth a beast to them, which will speak to them because mankind believed not with certainty in Our *Ayât* (Verses of the Qur'ân and Prophet Muhammad SAW).

83.

And (remember) the Day when We shall gather out of every nation a troop of those who denied Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), and (then) they (all) shall be gathered (and driven to the place of reckoning),

84

Till, when they come (before their Lord at the place of reckoning), He will say: "Did you deny My *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) when you comprehended them not in knowledge, or what (else) was it that you used to do?"

85.

And the Word (of torment) will be fulfilled against them, because they have done wrong, and they will be unable to speak (in order to defend themselves).

86.

See they not that We have made the night for them to rest therein, and the day sight-giving? Verily, in this are *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) for the people who believe.

وَيَــوُمَ يُنفَــخُ فِــى ٱلصُّـورِ فَفَــزِعَ مَــن فِــى ٱلسَّـمَـنوَتِ وَمَـن فِــى ٱلْرَصِ إِلَّا مَـن شَـآءَ ٱللَّــهُ وَكُـلُّ أَتَــوهُ دَخِـرِينَ ﴿

And (remember) the Day on which the Trumpet will be blown and all who are in the heavens and all who are on the earth, will be terrified except him whom Allâh will (exempt). And all shall come to Him humbled.

88.

And you will see the mountains and think them solid, but they shall pass away as the passing away of the clouds. The Work of Allâh, Who perfected all things, verily! He is Well-Acquainted with what you do.

89.

مَن جَآءَ بِٱلْحَسَنَةِ فَلَهُ وَخَيْرٌ مِّنُهَا وَهُم مِّن فَزَعٍ يَوُمَيِذٍ ءَامِنُونَ



Whoever brings a good deed (i.e. Belief in the Oneness of Allâh along with every deed of righteousness), will have better than its worth, and they will be safe from the terror on that Day.

90.

And whoever brings an evil (deed) (i.e. *Shirk* polytheism, disbelief in the Oneness of Allâh and every evil sinful deed), they will be cast down (prone) on their faces in the Fire. (And it will be said to them) "Are you being recompensed anything except what you used to do?"

91.

I (Muhammad SAW) have been commanded only to worship the Lord of this city (Makkah), Him Who has sanctified it and His is everything. And I am commanded to be from among the Muslims (those who submit to Allâh in Islâm) II .

92.

And to recite the Qur'ân, so whosoever receives guidance, receives it for the good of his ownself, and whosoever goes astray, say (to him): "I am only one of the warners."

وَقُلِ ٱلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ سَيُرِيكُمُ ءَايَنتِهِ ـ فَتَعُرِ فُونَهَا ۚ وَمَا رَبُّكَ بِغَنفِلٍ عَمَّا تَعُمَلُونَ ٣

And say [(O Muhammad SAW) to these polytheists and pagans etc.]: "All the praises and thanks be to Allâh. He will show you His *Ayât* (signs, in yourselves, and in the universe or punishments, etc.), and you shall recognise them. And your Lord is not unaware of what you do."

28. Al-Qasas Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

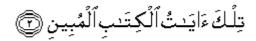
1.



TâSînMîm

[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'an, and none but Allah (Alone) knows their meanings]

2.



These are Verses of the manifest Book (that makes clear truth from falsehood, good from evil, etc.).

3.

We recite to you some of the news of Mûsa (Moses) and Fir'aun (Pharaoh) in truth, for a people who believe (those who believe in this Qur'ân, and in the Oneness of Allâh).

4.

Verily, Fir'aun (Pharaoh) exalted himself in the land and made its people sects, weakening (oppressing) a group (i.e. Children of Israel) among them, killing their sons, and letting their females live. Verily, he was of the *Mufsidûn* (i.e. those who commit great sins and crimes, oppressors, tyrants, etc.).

5.

And We wished to do a favour to those who were weak (and oppressed) in the land, and to make them rulers and to make them the inheritors,

6.

And to establish them in the land, and We let Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and Hâmân and their hosts receive from them that which they feared.

وَ أَوْحَيُنَآ إِلَىٰٓ أُمّ مُوسَىٰٓ أَنّ أَرُضِعِيهِ ۖ فَإِذَا خِفْتِ عَلَيْهِ فَٱلْقِيهِ فِي ٱلْيَمّ وَلَا

تَخَافِي وَلَا تَحُزَنِيٌّ إِنَّا رَآدُّوهُ إِلَيْكِ وَجَاعِلُوهُ مِنَ ٱلْمُرُّسَلِينَ ۞

And We inspired the mother of Mûsa (Moses), (saying): "Suckle him [Mûsa (Moses)], but when you fear for him, then cast him into the river and fear not, nor grieve. Verily! We shall bring him back to you, and shall make him one of (Our) Messengers."

فَأَلْتَقَطَ هُ وَ ءَالُ فِرُعَ وُنَ لِيَكُونَ لَهُمُ عَدُوًّا وَحَزَنًا إِنَّ فِرُعَوْنَ ا وَهَدَمَدِنَ وَجُنُودَهُمَا كَانُواْ خَدطِئِينَ ﴿

Then the household of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) picked him up, that he might become for them an enemy and a (cause of) grief. Verily! Fir'aun (Pharaoh), Hâmân and their hosts were sinners.

9.

وَقَالَتِ ٱمْ رَأْتُ فِرُعَ وُنَ قُرَّتُ عَينِ لِّي وَلَكَ لَا تَقُتُلُوهُ عَسَى ٓ أَن يَنفَعَنَآ أَوُ نَتَّخِذَهُ ۚ وَلَدًا وَهُمُ لَا يَشُعُرُونَ ۞

And the wife of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "A comfort of the eye for me and for you. Kill him not, perhaps he may be of benefit to us, or we may adopt him as a son." And they perceive not (the result of that).

10.

وَأَصُبَحَ فُؤَادُ أُمّ مُوسَىٰ فَنرِغًا إِن كَادَتُ لَتُبُدِي بِهِ ـ لَـوُلا ٓ أَن رَّبَطُنَا عَلَىٰ قَلُبِهَا لِتَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ 🕤

And the heart of the mother of Mûsa (Moses) became empty [from every thought, except the thought of Mûsa (Moses)]. She was very near to disclose his (case, i.e. the child is her son), had We not strengthened her heart (with Faith), so that she might remain as one of the believers.

11.

وَقَالَتُ لِأُخُــتِهِ - قُصِّيــةً فَبَصُـرَتُ بِـه - عَـن جُـنُب وَهُــمُ لَا

And she said to his [Musa's (Moses)] sister: "Follow him." So she (his sister) watched him from a far place secretly, while they perceived not.

12.

﴾ وَحَرَّ مُنَا عَلَيْهِ ٱلْمَرَاضِعَ مِن قَبُلُ فَقَالَتُ هَلُ أَدُلَّكُمُ عَلَىٰٓ أَهُلِ بَيُّتٍ يَكُفُلُونَهُ ولَكُمْ وَهُمُ لَهُ ونصِحُونَ ٣

And We had already forbidden (other) foster suckling mothers for him, until she (his sister came up and) said: "Shall I direct you to a household who will rear him for you, and sincerely they will look after him in a good manner?"

فَرَدَدُنَنهُ إِلَىٰٓ أُمِّهِ - كَىُ تَقَرَّ عَيُنُهَا وَلَا تَحُزَنَ وَلِتَعُلَمَ أَنَّ وَعُدَ ٱللَّهِ حَقُّ وَلَنكِنَّ أَكُثَرَهُمُ لَا يَعُلَمُونَ ۞

So did We restore him to his mother, that she might be delighted, and that she might not grieve, and that she might know that the Promise of Allâh is true. But most of them know not.

14.

And when he attained his full strength, and was perfect (in manhood), We bestowed on him *Hukman* (Prophethood, right judgement of the affairs) and religious knowledge [of the religion of his forefathers i.e. Islâmic Monotheism]. And thus do We reward the *Muhsinûn* (i.e. good doers - see the footnote of V.9:120).

15.

وَدَخَلَ ٱلْمَدِينَةَ عَلَى حِينِ غَفُلَةٍ مِّنَ أَهُلِهَا فَوَجَدَ فِيهَا رَجُلَيْنِ يَقُتَتِلَانِ هَدذَا مِن شِيعَتِهِ وَهَدذَا مِن عَدُوّهِ وَهَدذَا مِن عَدُوّه فَأَسْتَغَنثَهُ اللّه عَدُوّه وَ مَن عَدُوّه وَ هَوَ كَرَهُ وَ مُوسَى فَقَضَى اللّذِي مِن عَدُوّه وَ فَوَكَرَهُ و مُوسَى فَقَضَى عَلَيْ وَ اللّه عَلَى اللّه يُطَن إِنّه و عَدُوّ مُضِلٌ مُّبِينٌ هَ عَلَى الشّيطَن إِنّه و عَدُوّ مُضِلٌ مُّبِينٌ هَ عَمَل الشّيطَن إِنّه و عَدُوّ مُضِلٌ مُّبِينٌ هَ

And he entered the city at a time of unawareness of its people, and he found there two men fighting, one of his party (his religion - from the Children of Israel), and the other of his foes. The man of his (own) party asked him for help against his foe, so Mûsa (Moses) struck him with his fist and killed him. He said: "This is of *Shaitân*'s (Satan) doing, verily, he is a plain misleading enemy."

16.

قَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّي ظَلَمُتُ نَفُسِي فَأَغُفِرُ لِي فَغَفَرَ لَهُ وَۚ إِنَّهُ ۗ هُوَ ٱلْغَفُورُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ



He said: "My Lord! Verily, I have wronged myself, so forgive me." Then He forgave him. Verily, He is the Oft-Forgiving, the Most Merciful.

17.

He said: "My Lord! For that with which You have favoured me, I will never more be a helper for the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, disobedient to Allâh, polytheists, sinners, etc.)!"

فَأَصُبَحَ فِى ٱلْمَدِينَةِ خَآبٍفَا يَتَرَقَّبُ فَإِذَا ٱلَّذِى ٱسْتَنصَرَهُ وبِٱلْأَمُسِ يَسْتَصُرِ خُهُ وَقَالَ لَهُ ومُوسَى إِنَّكَ لَغَوِيٌّ مُّبِينٌ ﴿

So he became afraid, looking about in the city (waiting as to what will be the result of his crime of killing), when behold, the man who had sought his help the day before, called for his help (again). Mûsa (Moses) said to him: "Verily, you are a plain misleader!"

19.

فَلَمَّا أَنْ أَرَادَ أَن يَبُطِشَ بِاللَّذِى هُو عَادُوُّ لَّهُمَا فَلَا اللَّذِي هُو عَادُوُّ لَّهُمَا فَيَا قَالَ يَنمُوسَى أَتُرِيدُ أَن تَقُتُلَنِي كَمَا قَتَلُتَ نَفْسًا بِٱلْأَمُسِّ إِن تُرِيدُ إِلَّا أَن تَكُونَ جَبَّارًا فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ وَمَا تُرِيدُ أَن تَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُصْلِحِينَ



Then when he decided to seize the man who was an enemy to both of them, the man said: "O Mûsa (Moses)! Is it your intention to kill me as you killed a man yesterday? Your aim is nothing but to become a tyrant in the land, and not to be one of those who do right."

20.

And there came a man running, from the farthest end of the city. He said: "O Mûsa (Moses)! Verily, the chiefs are taking counsel together about you, to kill you, so escape. Truly, I am to you of those who give sincere advice."

21.

So he escaped from there, looking about in a state of fear. He said: "My Lord! Save me from the people who are *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers)!"

22

وَلَمَّا تَوَجَّهَ تِلُقَآءَ مَدُينَ قَالَ عَسَىٰ رَبّي أَن يَهُدِينِي سَوَآءَ ٱلسَّبيل



And when he went towards (the land of) Madyan (Midian) he said: "It may be that my Lord guides me to the Right Way."

23

وَلَمَّا وَرَدَ مَآءَ مَدُيَنَ وَجَدَ عَلَيْهِ أُمَّةً مِّنَ ٱلنَّاسِ يَسْقُونَ وَوَجَدَ مِن دُونِهِمُ المَّرَ أَتَيُنِ تَذُودَانِ قَالَ مَا خَطُبُكُمَا قَالَتَا لَا نَسْقِى حَتَّىٰ يُصُدِرَ ٱلرِّعَآءً اللهِ فَا يُصُدِرَ ٱلرِّعَآءً وَأَبُونَا شَيْخُ كَبِيرٌ ﴿

And when he arrived at the water of Madyan (Midian) he found there a group of men watering (their flocks), and besides them he found two women who were keeping back (their flocks). He said: "What is the matter with you?" They said: "We cannot water (our flocks) until the shepherds take (their flocks). And our father is a very old man."

24.

فَسَقَىٰ لَهُمَا ثُمَّ تَوَلَّىٰ إِلَى ٱلظِّلِّ فَقَالَ رَبِّ إِنِّى لِمَاۤ أَنزَلُتَ إِلَىَّ مِنُ خَيْرٍ فَقِيرٌ ٣

So he watered (their flocks) for them, then he turned back to shade, and said: "My Lord! Truly, I am in need of whatever good that You bestow on me!"

25.

فَجَآءَتُهُ إِحُدَنهُمَا تَمُشِى عَلَى ٱستِحْيَآءٍ قَالَتُ إِنَّ أَبِى يَدُعُوكَ لِيَجُزِيَكَ أَجُرَ مَا سَقَيْتَ لَنَا فَلَمَّا جَآءَهُ وقَصَّ عَلَيْهِ ٱلْقَصَصَ قَالَ لَا تَخَفُّ نَجَوُتَ مِنَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ
هِنَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ

Then there came to him one of the two women, walking shyly. She said: "Verily, my father calls you that he may reward you for having watered (our flocks) for us." So when he came to him and narrated the story, he said: "Fear you not. You have escaped from the people who are *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, disbelievers, and wrong-doers)."

26.

قَالَتُ إِحُدَنهُمَا يَثَأَبَتِ ٱسۡتَعُجِرُهُۗ إِنَّ خَيْرَ مَنِ ٱسۡتَعُجَرُتَ ٱلۡقَوِيُّ ٱلْأَمِينُ



And said one of them (the two women): "O my father! Hire him! Verily, the best of men for you to hire is the strong, the trustworthy."

27.

قَالَ إِنِّىَ أُرِيدُ أَنَّ أُنكِحَكَ إِحُدَى ٱبْنَتَىَّ هَنتَيْنِ عَلَىٰۤ أَن تَأْجُرَنِى ثَمَننِىَ حَلَىٰۤ إِنِّى أَرْيدُ أَنْ أَشُقَّ عَلَيْكَ ۚ سَتَجِدُنِىٓ وَمَاۤ أُرِيدُ أَنْ أَشُقَّ عَلَيْكَ ۚ سَتَجِدُنِىٓ إِن شَاءَ ٱللَّهُ مِنَ ٱلصَّلِحِينَ ۚ

He said: "I intend to wed one of these two daughters of mine to you, on condition that you serve me for eight years, but if you complete ten years, it will be (a favour) from you. But I intend not to place you under a difficulty. If Allâh will, you will find me one of the righteous."

28.

قَــالَ ذَالِـكَ بَيئنِـى وَبَيئنَـكَ ۗ أَيَّمَـا ٱلْأَجَـلَيْنِ قَضَيُــتُ فَلَا عُــدُونَ عَلَــيًّ وَ وَٱللَّـهُ عَلَىٰ مَا نَقُــولُ وَ كِيــلُّ ۞

He [Mûsa (Moses)] said: "That (is settled) between me and you whichever of the two terms I fulfill, there will be no injustice to me, and Allâh is Surety over what we say."

فَلَمَّا قَضَىٰ مُوسَى ٱلْأَجَلَ وَسَارَ بِأَهْلِهِ ٤ ءَانَسَ مِن جَانِبِ ٱلطُّورِ نَارًا
 قَالَ لِأَهْلِهِ ٱمُكُثُوّا إِنِّى ءَانَسُتُ نَارًا لَّعَلِّىٓ ءَاتِيكُم مِّنُهَا بِخَبَرٍ أَوْ جَذُوةٍ
 مِّنَ ٱلنَّارِ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَصُطَلُونَ ۚ

Then, when Mûsa (Moses) had fulfilled the term, and was travelling with his family, he saw a fire in the direction of Tûr (Mount). He said to his family: "Wait, I have seen a fire; perhaps I may bring to you from there some information, or a burning fire-brand that you may warm yourselves."

30.

فَلَمَّآ أَتَنهَا نُودِىَ مِن شَنطِيِ ٱلُوَادِ ٱلْأَيْمَنِ فِي ٱلْبُقُعَةِ ٱلْمُبَنرَ كَةِ مِنَ ٱلشَّجَرَةِ أَن يَنمُوسَنَ إِنِّيَ أَنَا ٱللَّهُ رَبُّ ٱلْعَنلَمِينَ ۞

So when he reached it (the fire), he was called from the right side of the valley, in the blessed place from the tree: "O Mûsa (Moses)! Verily! I am Allâh, the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists)!

31.

وَأَنُ أَلُتِ عَصَاكَ فَلَمَّا رَءَاهَا تَهُ تَزُّ كَأَنَّهَا جَآنٌ وَلَّىٰ مُدُبِرًا وَلَـمُ يُعَقِّبُ أَيْ وَلَّىٰ مُدُبِرًا وَلَـمُ يُعَقِّبُ أَيْدُوسَىٰ أَقُبِلُ وَلَا تَخَفُ إِنَّكَ مِنَ ٱلْأَمِنِينَ ﴿

"And throw your stick!" But when he saw it moving as if it were a snake, he turned in flight, and looked not back. (It was said): "O Mûsa (Moses)! Draw near, and fear not. Verily, you are of those who are secure.

32.

ٱسُلُكُ يَدَكَ فِى جَيْبِكَ تَخُرُجُ بَيُضَآءَ مِنُ غَيْرِ سُوٓءٍ وَٱضْمُمُ إِلَيْكَ جَنَاحَكَ مِنَ غَيْرِ سُوٓءٍ وَٱضْمُمُ إِلَيْكَ جَنَاحَكَ مِنَ ٱلرَّهُبِّ فَذَنِكَ بُرُهَانَانِ مِن رَّبِّكَ إِلَىٰ فِرُعَوْنَ وَمَلَإِيْهِۦٓ ۚ إِنَّهُمْ كَانُواْ قَوْمًا فَسِقِينَ ﴿

"Put your hand in your bosom, it will come forth white without a disease, and draw your hand close to your side to be free from fear (that which you suffered from the snake, and also by that your hand will return to its original state). these are two *Burhân* (signs, miracles, evidences, proofs) from your Lord to Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his chiefs. Verily, they are the people who are *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

33.

قَـــالَ رَبِّ إِنِّـــى قَتَلُـــتُ مِنْهُـــمُ نَفْسًـــا فَأَخَـــافُ أَن يَقُتُلُـــونِ



He said: "My Lord! I have killed a man among them, and I fear that they will kill me.

وَأَخِى هَدرُونُ هُو أَفُصَحُ مِنِّى لِسَانًا فَأَرُسِلُهُ مَعِىَ رِدُّءًا يُصَدِّقُنِيَّ ۗ إِنِّىٓ أَخَافُ أَن يُكَذِّبُونِ ۞

"And my brother Hârûn (Aaron) he is more eloquent in speech than me so send him with me as a helper to confirm me. Verily! I fear that they will belie me."

35.

قَالَ سَنَشُدُّ عَضْدَكَ بِأَخِيكَ وَنَجُعَلُ لَكُمَا سُلُطَننًا فَلَا يَصِلُونَ إِلَيُكُمَا بَايَنتِنَا أَنتُمَا وَمَن ٱتَّبَعَكُمَا ٱلْغَنلِبُونَ

Allâh said: "We will strengthen your arm through your brother, and give you both power, so they shall not be able to harm you, with Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), you two as well as those who follow you will be the victors."

36.

فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُم مُّوسَى بِاَيَعِنَا بَيِّنَسِةٍ قَالُواْ مَا هَلَذَا إِلَّا سِحُرُ مُّفُتَرًى وَمَا سَمِعُنَا بِهَلَذَا فِي ءَابَآبِنَا ٱلأَوَّلِينَ ﴿

Then when Mûsa (Moses) came to them with Our Clear *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), they said: "This is nothing but invented magic. Never did we hear of this among our fathers of old."

37.

وَقَالَ مُوسَىٰ رَبِّيٓ أَعُلَمُ بِمَن جَآءَ بِٱلْهُدَىٰ مِنْ عِندِهِ وَمَن تَكُونُ لَهُ وَعَلَامُ وَ لَهُ وَ عَنقِبَةُ ٱلدَّارِ ۗ إِنَّهُ ولَا يُفُلِحُ ٱلظَّنلِمُونَ ۚ

Mûsa (Moses) said: "My Lord knows best him who came with guidance from Him, and whose will be the happy end in the Hereafter. Verily, the *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers, polytheists and disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh) will not be successful."

38.

وَقَالَ فِرُعَونُ يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلْمَلَأُ مَا عَلِمُتُ لَكُم مِّنُ إِلَىهٍ غَيْرِى فَأَوْقِدُ لِي مَا لَكُم مِّنُ إِلَىهٍ غَيْرِى فَأَوْقِدُ لِي يَنهَنمَن عَلَى ٱلطِّينِ فَٱجُعَل لِي صَرْحًا لَّعَلِّيْ أَطَّلِعُ إِلَى إِلَىهِ مُوسَىٰ وَإِنِّى لَأَظُنُّهُ وَمِنَ ٱلْكَنذِبِينَ عَلَى الْكَالِي الْمَا الْكَنذِبِينَ اللهِ اللهُ الللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ الله

Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "O chiefs! I know not that you have an *ilâh* (a god) other than me, so kindle for me (a fire), O Hâmân, to bake (bricks out of) clay, and set up for me a *Sarhan* (a lofty tower, or palace, etc.) in order that I may look at (or look for) the *Ilâh* (God) of Mûsa (Moses); and verily, I think that he [Mûsa (Moses)] is one of the liars."

وَٱسۡتَكُبَرَ هُوَ وَجُنُودُهُ وِ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ بِغَيْرِ ٱلۡحَقِّ وَظَنُّوٓا أَنَّهُمُ إِلَيْنَا لَا

And he and his hosts were arrogant in the land, without right, and they thought that they would never return to Us.

40.

So We seized him and his hosts, and We threw them all into the sea (and drowned them). So behold (O Muhammad SAW) what was the end of the Zâlimûn [wrong-doers, polytheists and those who disbelieved in the Oneness of their Lord (Allâh), or rejected the advice of His Messenger Mûsa (Moses) >>].

41.

And We made them leaders inviting to the Fire, and on the Day of Resurrection, they will not be helped.

42.

And We made a curse to follow them in this world, and on the Day of Resurrection, they will be among Al-Magbuhûn (those who are prevented to receive Allâh's Mercy or any good, despised or destroyed, etc.).

43.

And indeed We gave Mûsa (Moses), after We had destroyed the generations of old, the Scripture [the Taurât (Torah)] as an enlightenment for mankind, and a guidance and a mercy, that they might remember (or receive admonition).

44.

And you (O Muhammad SAW) were not on the western side (of the Mount), when We made clear to Mûsa (Moses) the commandment, and you were not among those present.

وَلَكِنَّآ أَنشَاأُنَا قُرُونَا فَتَطَاوَلَ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْعُمُرُ وَمَا كُنتَ ثَاوِيًا فِي الْعُمُرِ وَمَا كُنتَ ثَاوِيًا فِي الْعُمُرُ وَمَا كُنتَا ثَاوِيًا فِي الْعَلَيْهِمُ ءَايَنتِنَا وَلَنكِنَّا كُنَّا مُرُسِلِينَ هَا مُرُسِلِينَ هَا اللهِ اللهَ عَلَيْهِمُ عَلَيْهُمُ لَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْهُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُم عَلَيْكُمُ عَلِي عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَلَيْكُم

But We created generations [after generations i.e. after Mûsa (Moses) >>], and long were the ages that passed over them. And you (O Muhammad SAW) were not a dweller among the people of Madyan (Midian), reciting Our Verses to them. But it is We Who kept sending (Messengers).

46.

وَمَا كُنتَ بِجَانِبِ ٱلطُّورِ إِذْ نَادَيُنَا وَلَــٰكِن رَّحُمَةً مِّن رَّبِّكَ لِتُنذِرَ قَوُمًا مَّآ أَتَنهُم مِّـن نَّذِيـرِ مِّـن قَبُلِـكَ لَعَلَّهُمُ يَتَذَكَّرُونَ ۚ

And you (O Muhammad SAW) were not at the side of the Tûr (Mount) when We did call, [it is said that Allâh called the followers of Muhammad SAW, and they answered His Call, or that Allâh called Mûsa (Moses)]. But (you are sent) as a mercy from your Lord, to give warning to a people to whom no warner had come before you, in order that they may remember or receive admonition. [*Tafsir At-Tabarî*, Vol. 20, Page 81].

47.

وَلَوُلآ أَن تُصِيبَهُم مُّصِيبَةٌ بِمَا قَدَّمَتُ أَيُدِيهِمُ فَيَقُولُواْ رَبَّنَا لَوُلآ أَرُسَلُتَ إِلَيْنَا رَسُولًا فَنَتَّبِعَ ءَايَنتِكَ وَنَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

And if (We had) not (sent you to the people of Makkah) in case a calamity should seize them for (the deeds) that their hands have sent forth, they should have said: "Our Lord! Why did You not send us a Messenger? We should then have followed Your *Ayât* (Verses of the Qur'ân) and should have been among the believers."

48.

فَلَمَّا جَآءَهُمُ ٱلُحَقُّ مِنْ عِندِنَا قَالُواْ لَوَلاَ أُوتِىَ مِثُلَ مَآ أُوتِىَ مُوسَىٰٓ أَوَلَمُ يَكُفُرُواْ بِمَآ أُوتِىَ مُوسَىٰ مِن قَبُلُّ قَالُواْ سِحُرَانِ تَظَنهَرَا وَقَالُوٓاْ إِنَّا بِكُلِّ كَنفِرُونَ هَ

But when the truth (i.e. Muhammad SAW with his Message) has come to them from Us, they say: "Why is he not given the like of what was given to Mûsa (Moses)? Did they not disbelieve in that which was given to Mûsa (Moses) of old? They say: "Two kinds of magic [the Taurât (Torah) and the Qur'ân] each helping the other!" And they say: "Verily! In both we are disbelievers."

49.

قُلُ فَأَتُواْ بِكِتَنبٍ مِّنُ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ هُوَ أَهُدَىٰ مِنَّهُمَّاۤ أَتَّبِعُهُ إِن كُنتُمُ صَدقِينَ



Say (to them, O Muhammad SAW): "Then bring a Book from Allâh, which is a better guide than these two [the Taurât (Torah) and the Qur'ân], that I may follow it, if you are truthful."

فَإِن لَّمُ يَسْتَجِيبُواْ لَكَ فَاعُلَمُ أَنَّمَا يَتَّبِعُونَ أَهُوآاءَهُمُّ وَمَنُ أَضَلُّ مِمَّنِ ٱتَّبَعَ هَوَنهُ بِغَيْرِ هُدًى مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يَهُدِى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلظَّنلِمِينَ ۞

But if they answer you not (i.e. do not believe in your doctrine of Islâmic Monotheism, nor follow you), then know that they only follow their own lusts. And who is more astray than one who follows his own lusts, without guidance from Allâh? Verily! Allâh guides not the people who are *Zâlimûn* (wrongdoers, disobedient to Allâh, and polytheists).

51.

And indeed now We have conveyed the Word (this Qur'ân in which is the news of everything to them), in order that they may remember (or receive admonition).

52.

Those to whom We gave the Scripture [i.e. the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel), etc.] before it, - they believe in it (the Qur'ân).

53.

And when it is recited to them, they say: "We believe in it. Verily, it is the truth from our Lord. Indeed even before it we have been from those who submit themselves to Allâh in Islâm as Muslims (like 'Abdullâh bin Salâm and Salmân Al-Farisî, etc.). \Box

54.

These will be given their reward twice over Π , because they are patient, and repel evil with good, and spend (in charity) out of what We have provided them.

55.

And when they hear *AlLaghw* (dirty, false, evil vain talk), they withdraw from it and say: "To us our deeds, and to you your deeds. Peace be to you. We seek not the ignorant."

Verily! You (O Muhammad SAW) guide not whom you like, but Allâh guides whom He wills. And He knows best those who are the guided \Box .

57.

وَقَـالُوٓاْ إِن نَّتَبِـعِ ٱلْهُـدَىٰ مَعَـكَ نُتَخَـطَّفُ مِنُ أَرُضِنَآ أَوَلَـمُ نُمَكِّـن لَّهُمُ حَرَمًا ءَامِنَـا يُجُـبَنَ إِلَيُـهِ ثَمَـرَتُ كُـلِّ شَــىُءٍ رِّزُقًا مِّـن لَّدُنَّا وَلَــكِـنَّ أَكُــثَرَهُمُ لَا يَعُلَمُـونَ ۞

And they say: "If we follow the guidance with you, we would be snatched away from our land." Have We not established for them a secure sanctuary (Makkah), to which are brought fruits of all kinds, a provision from Ourselves, but most of them know not \Box .

58.

And how many a town (population) have We destroyed, which were thankless for its means of livelihood (disobeyed Allâh, and His Messengers, by doing evil deeds and crimes)! And those are their dwellings, which have not been inhabited after them except a little. And verily! We have been the inheritors.

59.

And never will your Lord destroy the towns (populations) until He sends to their mother town a Messenger reciting to them Our Verses. And never would We destroy the towns unless the people thereof are *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrong-doers, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh, oppressors and tyrants).

60.

And whatever you have been given is an enjoyment of the life of (this) world and its adornment, and that (Hereafter) which is with Allâh is better and will remain forever. Have you then no sense?

61

أَفَمَن وَعَدُنَنهُ وَعُدًا حَسَنًا فَهُو لَنقِيهِ كَمَن مَّتَعُنَنهُ مَتَنعَ ٱلْحَيَوْةِ ٱلدُّنُيَا ثُمَّ هُو يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيَنمَةِ مِنَ ٱلْمُحُضِينَ ۞

Is he whom We have promised an excellent promise (Paradise), which he will find true, like him whom We have made to enjoy the luxuries of the life of (this) world, then on the Day of Resurrection, he will be among those brought up (to be punished in the Hell-fire)?

62.

وَيَــومُ يُنَـادِيهِمُ فَيَقُـولُ أَيـنَ شُـرَكَآءِى ٱلَّـذِينَ كُـنتُمُ تَزُعُمُـونَ



And (remember) the Day when He will call to them, and say: "Where are My (so-called) partners whom you used to assert?"

63.

Those about whom the Word will have come true (to be punished) will say: "Our Lord! These are they whom we led astray. We led them astray, as we were astray ourselves. We declare our innocence (from them) before You. It was not us they worshipped."

64

And it will be said (to them): "Call upon your (so-called) partners (of Allâh), and they will call upon them, but they will give no answer to them, and they will see the torment. (They will then wish) if only they had been guided!

65.

And (remember) the Day (Allâh) will call to them, and say: "What answer gave you to the Messengers?"

66.

Then the news of a good answer will be obscured to them on that day, and they will not be able to ask one another.

67.

But as for him who repented (from polytheism and sins, etc.), believed (in the Oneness of Allâh, and in His Messenger Muhammad SAW), and did righteous deeds (in the life of this world), then he will be among those who are successful.

وَرَبُّكَ يَخُلُقُ مَا يَشَآءُ وَيَخُتَارُ مَا كَانَ لَهُمُ ٱلُخِيَرَةُ سُبُحَينَ ٱللَّهِ وَتَعَيلَىٰ عَمَّا يُشُر كُونَ 🚳

And your Lord creates whatsoever He wills and chooses, no choice have they (in any matter). Glorified be Allâh, and exalted above all that they associate as partners (with Him).

69.

And your Lord knows what their breasts conceal, and what they reveal.

70.

And He is Allâh; Lâ ilâha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He). His is all praise, in the first (i.e. in this world) and in the last (i.e.in the Hereafter). And for Him is the Decision, and to Him shall you (all) be returned.

71.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Tell me! If Allâh made night continuous for you till the Day of Resurrection, who is an ilâh (a god) besides Allâh who could bring you light? Will you not then hear?"

72.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Tell me! If Allâh made day continuous for you till the Day of Resurrection, who is an ilâh (a god) besides Allâh who could bring you night wherein you rest? Will you not then see?'

73.

It is out of His Mercy that He has put for you night and day, that you may rest therein (i.e. during the night) and that you may seek of His Bounty (i.e. during the day), and in order that you may be grateful.

And (remember) the Day when He (your Lord Allâh) will call them (those who worshipped others along with Allâh), and will say: "Where are My (so-called) partners, whom you used to assert?"

75.

وَنَزَعُنَا مِن كُلِّ أُمَّةٍ شَهِيدًا فَقُلُنَا هَاتُواْ بُرُهَننَكُمُ فَعَلِمُوٓاْ أَنَّ ٱلْحَقَّ لِللَّهِ وَضَلَّ عَنُهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفُتَرُونَ اللَّهِ وَضَلَّ عَنُهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفُتَرُونَ اللَّهِ

And We shall take out from every nation a witness, and We shall say: "Bring your proof." Then they shall know that the truth is with Allâh (Alone), and the lies (false gods) which they invented will disappear from them.

76.

Verily, Qârûn (Korah) was of Mûsa's (Moses) people, but he behaved arrogantly towards them. And We gave him of the treasures, that of which the keys would have been a burden to a body of strong men. When his people said to him: "Do not be glad (with ungratefulness to Allâh's Favours). Verily! Allâh likes not those who are glad (with ungratefulness to Allâh's Favours).

77

وَٱبُتَغِ فِيمَا عَاتَنكَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلدَّارَ ٱلْأَخِرَةَ وَلَا تَنسَ نَصِيبَكَ مِنَ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَأَحُسِن وَالبَّنَعِ فِيمَا عَاتَنكَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلدَّارَ ٱلْأَخِرَةَ وَلَا تَبُغِ ٱلْفَسَادَ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُ كُمَا أَحُسَنَ ٱللَّهُ إِلَيَ لَكُ وَلَا تَبُغِ ٱلْفَسَادَ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُ لَكُمَا أَحُسَنَ ٱللَّهُ إِلَيْكَ وَلَا تَبُغِ ٱلْفَسَادَ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال

But seek, with that (wealth) which Allâh has bestowed on you, the home of the Hereafter, and forget not your portion of legal enjoyment in this world, and do good as Allâh has been good to you, and seek not mischief in the land. Verily, Allâh likes not the *Mufsidûn* (those who commit great crimes and sins, oppressors, tyrants, mischief-makers, corrupts).

78.

قَــالَ إِنَّمَــَ أُوتِيتُــهُ عَلَــن عِلْــم عِنــدِى أُولَــم يَعُلَــم أَنَّ ٱللَّـه قَـدُ أَهُلَكَ مِن قَبُلِهِ مِن ٱلْقُرُونِ مَنْ هُو أَشَدُّ مِنْهُ قُوَّةً وَأَكُثَرُ جَمُعًا وَلَا يُسْلَلُ عَن ذُنُوبِهِمُ ٱلْمُجُرِمُونَ ﴿

He said: "This has been given to me only because of knowledge I possess." Did he not know that Allâh had destroyed before him generations, men who were stronger than him in might and greater in the amount (of riches) they had collected. But the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, etc.) will not be questioned of their sins (because Allâh knows them well, so they will be punished without account).

So he went forth before his people in his pomp. Those who were desirous of the life of the world, said: "Ah, would that we had the like of what Qârûn (Korah) has been given? Verily! He is the owner of a great fortune."

80.

But those who had been given (religious) knowledge said: "Woe to you! The Reward of Allâh (in the Hereafter) is better for those who believe and do righteous good deeds, and this none shall attain except those who are patient (in following the truth)."

81.

So We caused the earth to swallow $\lim^{[l]}$ and his dwelling place. Then he had no group or party to help him against Allâh, nor was he one of those who could save themselves.

82.

And those who had desired (for a position like) his position the day before, began to say: "Know you not that it is Allâh Who enlarges the provision or restricts it to whomsoever He pleases of His slaves. Had it not been that Allâh was Gracious to us, He could have caused the earth to swallow us up (also)! Know you not that the disbelievers will never be successful.

83.

That home of the Hereafter (i.e. Paradise), We shall assign to those who rebel not against the truth with pride I and oppression in the land nor do mischief by committing crimes. And the good end is for the $Muttag\hat{u}n$ (pious - see V.2:2).

مَن جَآءَ بِٱلْحَسَنَةِ فَلَهُ و خَيْرٌ مِّنُهَا ۗ وَمَن جَآءَ بِٱلسَّيِّئَةِ فَلَا يُجُزَى ٱلَّذِينَ عَمِلُواْ ٱلسَّيِّئَاتِ إِلَّا مَا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ ۞

Whosoever brings good (Islâmic Monotheism along with righteous deeds), he shall have the better thereof, and whosoever brings evil (polytheism along with evil deeds) then, those who do evil deeds will only be requited for what they used to do.

85.

Verily, He Who has given you (O Muhammad SAW) the Qur'an (i.e. ordered you to act on its laws and to preach it to others) will surely bring you back to the *Ma'âd* (place of return, either to Makkah or to Paradise after your death, etc.). Say (O Muhammad SAW): "My Lord is Aware of him who brings guidance, and he who is in manifest error."

86.

And you were not expecting that the Book (this Qur'ân) would be sent down to you, but it is a mercy from your Lord. So never be a supporter of the disbelievers.

87.

And let them not turn you (O Muhammad SAW) away from (preaching) the *Ayât* (revelations and verses) of Allâh after they have been sent down to you, and invite (men) to (believe in) your Lord [i.e: in the Oneness (*Tauhîd*]) of Allâh (1) Oneness of the Lordship of Allâh; (2) Oneness of the worship of Allâh; (3) Oneness of the Names and Qualities of Allâh], and be not of *Al-Mushrikûn* (those who associate partners with Allâh, e.g. polytheists, pagans, idolaters, those who disbelieve in the Oneness of Allâh and deny the Prophethood of Messenger Muhammad SAW).

88.

And invoke not any other *ilâh* (god) along with Allâh, *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He). Everything will perish save His Face. His is the Decision, and to Him you (all) shall be returned.

29. Al-'Ankabût Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

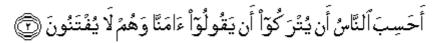
1.



AlifLâmMîm.

[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'an, and none but Allah (Alone) knows their meanings.]

2.



Do people think that they will be left alone because they say: "We believe," and will not be tested.

3.

And We indeed tested those who were before them. And Allâh will certainly make (it) known (the truth of) those who are true, and will certainly make (it) known (the falsehood of) those who are liars, (although Allâh knows all that before putting them to test).

4.

Or those who do evil deeds think that they can outstrip Us (i.e. escape Our Punishment)? Evil is that which they judge!

5.

Whoever hopes for the Meeting $^{f I}$ with Allâh, then Allâh's Term is surely coming. and He is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower.

6.

And whosoever strives, he strives only for himself. Verily, Allâh is free of all wants from the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns, and all that exists).

7

Those who believe [in the Oneness of Allâh (Monotheism) and in Messenger Muhammad SAW, and do not apostate because of the harm they receive from the polytheists], and do righteous good deeds, surely, We shall remit from them their evil deeds and shall reward them according to the best

of that which they used to do $^{\Pi}$.

8.

وَوَصَّيُنَا ٱلْإِنسَنَ بِوَالِدَيُهِ حُسُنَّا وَإِن جَهَدَاكَ لِتُشُرِكَ بِى مَا لَيْسَ لَكَ بِهِ ۽ عِلْمُ فَلَا تُطِعُهُمَ أَ إِلَىَّ مَرُجِعُكُمُ فَأُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَعْمَلُونَ ۞

And We have enjoined on man to be good and dutiful to his parents, but if they strive to make you join with Me (in worship) anything (as a partner) of which you have no knowledge, then obey them not. Unto Me is your return, and I shall tell you what you used to do.

9.

And for those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh and other items of Faith) $^{\Pi}$ and do righteous good deeds, surely, We shall make them enter in (the enterance of) the righteous (i.e. in Paradise).

10.

وَمِنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَن يَقُولُ ءَامَنَا بِٱللَّهِ فَالِّهَ فَالْمَا فِي اللَّهِ فَالْمَا فِي اللَّهِ وَلَيِن جَآءَ نَصُرُ مِّن فِي اللَّهِ وَلَيِن جَآءَ نَصُرُ مِّن فِي اللَّهِ وَلَيِن جَآءَ نَصُرُ مِّن رَّبِكَ لَيَقُولُنَّ إِنَّا كُنَّا مَعَكُم أُولَيْسَ ٱللَّهُ بِأَعْلَمَ بِمَا فِي صُدُودِ ٱلْعَنلَمِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عِلَمَ عِمَا فِي صُدُودِ ٱلْعَنلَمِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عَلَمَ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عِمَا فِي صُدُودِ الْعَنلَمِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عِمَا فِي صُدُودِ الْعَنلَمِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عِلَمَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عِمَا فِي اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عِمَا فِي اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عَلَمَ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عَلَمَ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عَلَمَ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عَلَمَ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عَلَمَ عَلَمَ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عَلَمَ عَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَمَ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ الْعَالَمُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ الْعَالَمُ عَلَيْ الْعَالَمُ عَلَيْ فَي اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَمُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ الْعَالَمُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ الْعَلَمُ عَلَمُ عَلَيْ فَي الْعَلَمُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ فَي الْعَلَمُ عَلَيْ عَا عَلَيْ عَلَيْ

Of mankind are some who say: "We believe in Allâh," but if they are made to suffer for the sake of Allâh, they consider the trial of mankind as Allâh's punishment, and if victory comes from your Lord, (the hypocrites) will say: "Verily! We were with you (helping you)." Is not Allâh Best Aware of what is in the breast of the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns).

11.

Verily, Allâh knows those who believe, and verily, He knows the hypocrites [i.e. Allâh will test the people with good and hard days to discriminate the good from the wicked (although Allâh knows all that before putting them to test)].

12.

And those who disbelieve say to those who believe: "Follow our way and we will verily bear your sins,' never will they bear anything of their sins. Surely, they are liars.

وَلَيَحُمِلُنَّ أَثُقَالَهُمُ وَأَثُقَالًا مَّعَ أَثُقَالِهِمَّ وَلَيُسُئَلُنَّ يَوُمَ ٱلُقِيَدِمَةِ عَمَّا كَانُواْ يَفُـتَرُونَ ٣

And verily, they shall bear their own loads, and other loads besides their own, and verily, they shall be questioned on the Day of Resurrection about that which they used to fabricate.

14.

And indeed We sent Nûh (Noah) to his people, and he stayed among them a thousand years less fifty years [inviting them to believe in the Oneness of Allâh (Monotheism), and discard the false gods and other deities], and the Deluge overtook them while they were *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers, polytheists, disbelievers, etc.).

15.

Then We saved him and those with him in the ship, and made it (the ship) as an *Ayâh* (a lesson, a warning, etc.) for the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

16.

And (remember) Ibrâhim (Abraham) when he said to his people: "Worship Allâh (Alone), and fear Him, that is better for you if you did but know.

17.

"You worship besides Allâh only idols, and you only invent falsehood. Verily, those whom you worship besides Allâh have no power to give you provision, so seek your provision from Allâh (Alone), and worship Him (Alone), and be grateful to Him. To Him (Alone) you will be brought back.

18.

"And if you deny, then nations before you have denied (their Messengers). And the duty of the Messenger is only to convey (the Message) plainly."

19

أُوَلَمُ يَرَوُاْ كَيُفَ يُبُدِئُ ٱللَّهُ ٱللَّهَ ٱللَّخَلَقَ ثُمَّ يُعِيدُهُ ۚ إِنَّ ذَلِكَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ يَسِيرُ



See they not how Allâh originates creation, then repeats it. Verily, that is easy for Allâh.

20.

Say: "Travel in the land and see how (Allâh) originated creation, and then Allâh will bring forth (resurrect) the creation of the Hereafter (i.e. resurrection after death). Verily, Allâh is Able to do all things."

21.

يُعَ ذِّبُ مَ ن يَشَاءُ وَيَرُحَمُ مَ ن يَشَاءً وَإِلَيْ هِ تُقُلَبُ ونَ



He punishes whom He will, and shows mercy to whom He will, and to Him you will be returned.

22.

And you cannot escape in the earth or in the heaven. And besides Allâh you have neither any Walî (Protector or Guardian) nor any Helper.

23.

And those who disbelieve in the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh and the Meeting with Him, it is they who have no hope of My Mercy, and it is they who will (have) a painful torment.

24.

So nothing was the answer of [Ibrahîm's (Abraham)] people except that they said: "Kill him or burn him." Then Allâh saved him from the fire. Verily, in this are indeed signs for a people who believe \Box .

وَقَالَ إِنَّمَا ٱتَّخَذُتُم مِّن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ أَوْثَننًا مَّوَدَّةَ بَيْنِكُمْ فِى ٱلْحَيَوْةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا اللهُ فَقَالَ إِنَّمَا ٱتَّخَذُتُم مِّن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ أَوْثَننًا مَّوَدَّةَ بَيْنِكُمْ فِى ٱلْحَيَوْةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا اللهُ مَّ النَّالُ وَمَا لَكُم مِّن نَّنصِرِينَ اللهَ وَمَا لَكُم مِّن نَّنصِرِينَ اللهَ

And [Ibrâhim (Abraham)] said: "You have taken (for worship) idols instead of Allâh, and the love between you is only in the life of this world, but on the Day of Resurrection, you shall disown each other, and curse each other, and your abode will be the Fire, and you shall have no helper."

26.

So Lout (Lot) believed in him [Ibrâhim's (Abraham) Message of Islâmic Monotheism]. He [Ibrâhim (Abraham)] said: "I will emigrate for the sake of my Lord. Verily, He is the All-Mighty, the All-Wise^[]."

27.

And We bestowed on him [Ibrâhim (Abraham)], Ishâque (Isaac) and Ya'qûb (Jacob), and ordained among his offspring Prophethood and the Book [i.e. the Taurât (Torah) (to Mûsa Moses), the Injeel (Gospel) (to 'Iesa Jesus), the Qur'ân (to Muhammad SAW), all from the offspring of Ibrâhim (Abraham)], and We granted him his reward in this world, and verily, in the Hereafter he is indeed among the righteous.

28.

And (remember) Lout (Lot), when he said to his people: "You commit *Al-Fâhishah* (sodomy the worst sin) which none has preceded you in (committing) it in the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns)."

29.

أَيِنَّكُمُ لَتَأْتُونَ ٱلرِّجَالَ وَتَقُطَعُونَ ٱلسَّبِيلَ وَتَأْتُونَ فِي نَادِيكُمُ ٱلْمُنكَرَّ فَمَا كَانَ جَوَابَ قَوْمِهِ ۚ إِلَّا أَن قَالُواْ ٱئْتِنَا بِعَذَابِ ٱللَّهِ إِن كُنتَ مِنَ ٱلصَّددِقِينَ ٣

"Verily, you do sodomy with men, and rob the wayfarer (travellers, etc.)! And practise *Al-Munkar* (disbelief and polytheism and every kind of evil wicked deed) in your meetings." But his people gave no answer except, that they said: "Bring Allâh's Torment upon us if you are one of the truthful."

He said: "My Lord! Give me victory over the people who are *Mufsidûn* (those who commit great crimes and sins, oppressors, tyrants, mischief-makers, corrupts).

31.

And when Our Messengers came to Ibrâhim (Abraham) with the glad tidings they said: "Verily, we are going to destroy the people of this [Lout's (Lot's)] town (i.e. the town of Sodom in Palestine) truly, its people have been *Zâlimûn* [wrong-doers, polytheists and disobedient to Allâh, and have also belied their Messenger Lout (Lot)]."

32.

Ibrâhim (Abraham) said: "But there is Lout (Lot) in it." They said:"We know better who is there, we will verily save him [Lout (Lot)] and his family, except his wife, she will be of those who remain behind (i.e. she will be destroyed along with those who will be destroyed from her folk)."

33.

And when Our Messengers came to Lout (Lot), he was grieved because of them, and felt straitened on their account. They said: "Have no fear, and do not grieve! Truly, we shall save you and your family, except your wife, she will be of those who remain behind (i.e. she will be destroyed along with those who will be destroyed from her folk).

34.



Verily, we are about to bring down on the people of this town a great torment from the sky, because they have been rebellious (against Allâh's Command)."

35

And indeed We have left thereof an evident $Ay\hat{a}h$ (a lesson and a warning and a sign the place where the Dead Sea is now in Palestine)^[] for a folk who understand.

وَإِلَىٰ مَدُينَ أَخَاهُمُ شُعَيْبًا فَقَالَ يَنقَوُمِ ٱعُبُدُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَٱرْجُواْ ٱلْيَوْمَ ٱلْأَخِرَ وَلَا تَعُثَـواْ فِــى ٱلْأَرُضِ مُفْسِـدِينَ ۞

And to (the people of) Madyan (Midian), We sent their brother Shu'aib (Shuaib). He said: "O my people! Worship Allâh, and hope for (the reward of good deeds by worshipping Allâh Alone, on) the last Day, and commit no mischief on the earth as *Mufsidûn* (those who commit great crimes, oppressors, tyrants, mischief-makers, corrupts).

37.

And they belied him [Shu'aib (Shuaib)], so the earthquake seized them, and they lay (dead), prostrate in their dwellings.

38.

And 'Ad and Thamûd (people)! And indeed (their destruction) is clearly apparent to you from their (ruined) dwellings. *Shaitân* (Satan) made their deeds fair-seeming to them, and turned them away from the (Right) Path, though they were intelligent.

39.

And (We destroyed also) Qârûn (Korah), Fir'aun (Pharaoh), and Hâmân. And indeed Mûsa (Moses) came to them with clear *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), but they were arrogant in the land, yet they could not outstrip Us (escape Our punishment).

40.

فَكُللًا أَخَذُنَا بِنَا بِنَابِهِ أَفَمِنُهُ مَ مَّن أَرُسَلْنَا عَلَيْهِ حَاصِبًا وَمِنْهُم مَّنُ وَمِنْهُم مَّن خَسَفُنَا بِهِ ٱلْأَرْضَ وَمِنْهُم مَّن وَمِنْهُم مَّن خَسَفُنَا بِهِ ٱلْأَرْضَ وَمِنْهُم مَّن أَغُرَقُنا بِهِ ٱلْأَرْضَ وَمِنْهُم مَّن أَغُرَقُنا وَمِنْهُم مَّن أَغُرَقُنا وَمِن كَانُوۤا أَنفُسَهُم يَظُلِمُونَ أَغُرَقُنا وَمَا كَانَ ٱللَّهُ لِيَظُلِمَهُم وَلَدكِن كَانُوۤا أَنفُسَهُم يَظُلِمُونَ

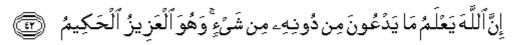


So We punished each (of them) for his sins, of them were some on whom We sent *Hâsiban* (a violent wind with shower of stones) [as the people of Lout (Lot)], and of them were some who were overtaken by *AsSaihah* [torment awful cry, etc. (as Thamûd or Shu'aib's people)], and of them were some whom We caused the earth to swallow [as Qârûn (Korah)], and of them were some whom We drowned [as the people of Nûh (Noah), or Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his people]. It was not Allâh Who wronged them, but they wronged themselves.

مَثَلُ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّخَذُواْ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ أَوْلِيَآءَ كَمَثَلِ ٱلْعَنكَبُوتِ ٱتَّخَذَتُ بَيُتَا وَإِنَّ أَوُهَنَ ٱلْبُيُوتِ لَبَيُتُ ٱلْعَنكَبُوتِ لَوَ كَانُواْ يَعْلَمُونَ ۚ

The likeness of those who take *Auliyâ'* (protectors and helpers) other than Allâh is as the likeness of a spider, who builds (for itself) a house, but verily, the frailest (weakest) of houses is the spider's house; if they but knew.

42.



Verily, Allâh knows what things they invoke instead of Him. He is the All-Mighty, the All-Wise $^{f l}$

43.

And these similitudes We put forward for mankind, but none will understand them except those who have knowledge (of Allâh and His Signs, etc.).

44.

(Allâh says to His Prophet Muhammad SAW): "Allâh (Alone) created the heavens and the earth with truth (and none shared Him in their creation)." Verily! Therein is surely a sign for those who believe.

45.

Recite (O Muhammad SAW) what has been revealed to you of the Book (the Qur'ân), and perform As-Salât (IqamâtasSalât). Verily, As-Salât (the prayer) prevents from Al-Fahshâ' (i.e. great sins of every kind, unlawful sexual intercourse, etc.) and Al-Munkar (i.e. disbelief, polytheism, and every kind of evil wicked deed, etc.) and the remembering (praising, etc.) of (you by) Allâh (in front of the angels) is greater indeed [than your remembering (praising, etc.) Allâh in prayers, etc.]. And Allâh knows what you do.

46.

And argue not with the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians), unless it be in (a way) that is better (with good words and in good manner, inviting them to Islâmic Monotheism with His Verses), except with such of them as do wrong, and say (to them): "We believe in that which has been revealed to us and revealed to you; our *Ilâh* (God) and your *Ilâh* (God) is One (i.e. Allâh), and to Him we have submitted (as Muslims)."

وَكَذَالِكَ أَنزَلُنَا إِلَيْكَ ٱلْكِتَنبَ فَالَّذِينَ ءَاتَيُنَنهُمُ ٱلْكِتَنبَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِ ۗ وَمِنُ هَنَوُلاَءَ مَن يُؤْمِنُ بِهِ ۚ وَمَا يَجُحَدُ بِعَايَنتِنَا إِلَّا ٱلْكَنفِرُونَ ۞

And thus We have sent down the Book (i.e this Qur'an) to you (O Muhammad SAW), and those whom We gave the Scripture [the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel) aforetime] believe therein as also do some of these (who are present with you now like 'Abdullâh bin Salâm) and none but the disbelievers reject Our *Ayât* [(proofs, signs, verses, lessons, etc., and deny Our Oneness of Lordship and Our Oneness of worship and Our Oneness of Our Names and Qualities: i.e. Islâmic Monotheism)].

48.

Neither did you (O Muhammad SAW) read any book before it (this Qur'ân), nor did you write any book (whatsoever) with your right hand. In that case, indeed, the followers of falsehood might have doubted.

49.

Nay, but they, the clear $Ay\hat{a}t$ [i.e the description and the qualities of Prophet Muhammad SAW written like verses in the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] are preserved in the breasts of those who have been given knowledge (from the people of the Scriptures). And none but the $Z\hat{a}lim\hat{u}n$ (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.) deny Our $Ay\hat{a}t$ (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.).

50.

And they say: "Why are not signs sent down to him from his Lord? Say: "The signs are only with Allâh, and I am only a plain warner."

51.

Is it not sufficient for them that We have sent down to you the Book (the Qur'ân) which is recited to them? Verily, herein is mercy and a reminder (or an admonition) for a people who believe [1].

قُــلُ كَــفَىٰ بِٱللَّــهِ بَيُنِــى وَبَيُنَكُــمُ شَــهِيدًا ۗ يَعُلَــمُ مَــا فِــى ٱلسَّمَـوَتِ وَٱلأَرُضِ ۗ وَٱلَّـذِينَ ءَامَنُـواْ بِٱلْبَـٰطِلِ وَكَفَـرُواْ بِٱللَّهِ أُوْلَـَيْلِكَ هُــمُ ٱلُخَـسِـرُونَ ۞

Say (to them O Muhammad SAW): "Sufficient is Allâh for a witness between me and you. He knows what is in the heavens and on earth." And those who believe in *Bâtil* (all false deities other than Allâh), and disbelieve in Allâh and (in His Oneness), it is they who are the losers.

53.

And they ask you to hasten on the torment (for them), and had it not been for a term appointed, the torment would certainly have come to them. And surely, it will come upon them suddenly while they perceive not!

54.

They ask you to hasten on the torment. And verily! Hell, of a surety, will encompass the disbelievers.

55.

On the Day when the torment (Hell-fire) shall cover them from above them and from underneath their feet, and it will be said: "Taste what you used to do."

56.

O My slaves who believe! Certainly, spacious is My earth. Therefore worship Me (Alone)." Π

57.

Everyone shall taste the death. Then unto Us you shall be returned.

58.

And those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, to them We shall surely give lofty dwellings in Paradise, underneath which rivers flow, to live therein forever. Excellent is the reward of the workers.

ٱلَّـــذِينَ صَـــبَرُواْ وَعَلَــيْ رَبِّهِــمُ يَتَوَكَّلُــونَ ٢

Those who are patient, and put their trust (only) in their Lord (Allâh). $^{
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60.

وَ كَأَيِّن مِّن دَآبَّةٍ لَّا تَحُمِلُ رِزُقَهَا ٱللَّهُ يَرُزُقُهَا وَإِيَّاكُمُّ وَهُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ ٱلُعَلِيمُ



And so many a moving (living) creature there is, that carries not its own provision! Allâh provides for it and for you. And He is the All-Hearer, the AllKnower.

61

وَلَيِن سَا أَلْتَهُم مَّنُ خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ وَسَخَّرَ ٱلشَّمُسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ لَيَقُولُنَّ ٱللَّهُ فَأَنَّىٰ يُؤْفَكُونَ ۚ

If you were to ask them: "Who has created the heavens and the earth and subjected the sun and the moon?" They will surely reply: "Allâh." How then are they deviating (as polytheists and disbelievers)?

62.

ٱللَّـهُ يَبُسُطُ ٱلرِّزُقَ لِمَـن يَشَـآءُ مِـنُ عِبَـادِهِ و وَيَقُـدِرُ لَـهُ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱللَّـهَ بِكُلِي شَيءٍ عَلِيمٌ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱللَّـهَ بِكُلِي شَيءٍ عَلِيمٌ ﴿

Allâh enlarges the provision for whom He wills of His slaves, and straitens it for whom (He wills). Verily, Allâh is the AllKnower of everything.

63.

وَلَيِن سَالَاتُهُم مَّن نَّزَلَ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَّاءِ مَاءَ فَأَحُيَا بِهِ الْأَرْضَ مِنْ بَعُدِ مَوْتِهَا لَيَقُولُنَّ ٱللَّهُ قُلِ ٱلْحَمُدُ لِلَّهِ بَلُ أَكْثَرُ هُمُ لَا يَعُقِلُونَ اللَّهُ قُلِ ٱلْحَمُدُ لِلَّهِ بَلُ أَكْثَرُ هُمُ لَا يَعُقِلُونَ



If you were to ask them: "Who sends down water (rain) from the sky, and gives life therewith to the earth after its death?" They will surely reply: "Allâh." Say: "All the praises and thanks be to Allâh!" Nay! Most of them have no sense.

64.

وَمَا هَدِدِهِ ٱلْحَيَوٰةُ ٱلدُّنُيَّا إِلَّا لَهُو وَلَعِبُ ۚ وَإِنَّ ٱلدَّارَ ٱلْأَخِرَةَ لَهِىَ ٱلْحَيَوَانُ لَوُ كَانُواْ يَعُلَمُونَ ٢

And this life of the world is only amusement and play! Verily, the home of the Hereafter, that is the life indeed (i.e. the eternal life that will never end), if they but knew \Box

فَإِذَا رَكِبُواْ فِي ٱلْفُلُكِ دَعَوُاْ ٱللَّهَ مُخُلِصِينَ لَهُ ٱلدِّينَ فَلَمَّا نَجَّنهُمَ إِلَى ٱلُبَرِّ إِذَا هُـمُ يُشُـر كُونَ ٢

And when they embark on a ship, they invoke Allâh, making their Faith pure for Him only, but when He brings them safely to land, behold, they give a share of their worship to others II .

66.

So that they become ingrate for that which We have given them, and that they take their enjoyment (as a warning and a threat), but they will come to know.

67.

Have they not seen that We have made (Makkah) a sanctuary secure, and that men are being snatched away from all around them? Then do they believe in *Bâtil* (falsehood - polytheism, idols and all deities other than Allâh), and deny (become ingrate for) the Graces of Allâh?

68.

And who does more wrong than he who invents a lie against Allâh or denies the truth (Muhammad $_{
m SAW}$ and his doctrine of Islâmic Monotheism and this Qur'ân), when it comes to him? Is there not a dwelling in Hell for disbelievers (in the Oneness of Allâh and in His Messenger Muhammad $_{
m SAW}$)? $^{
m II}$

69.

As for those who strive hard in Us (Our Cause), We will surely guide them to Our Paths (i.e. Allâh's Religion - Islâmic Monotheism). And verily, Allâh is with the *Muhsinûn* (good doers)."

30. ArRûm Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful, 1. AlifLâmMîm. [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'an, and none but Allah (Alone) knows their meanings] غُلِبَــــتِ ٱلــــرُّومُ ۞ The Romans have been defeated. 3. فِيَّ أَدُنَى ٱلْأَرُضِ وَهُم مِّنَ بَعُدِ غَلَبِهِمُ سَيَغُلِبُونَ ٣ In the nearer land (Syria, Iraq, Jordan, and Palestine), and they, after their defeat, will be victorious. فِي بِضُعِ سِنِينَ ۗ لِلَّهِ ٱلْأَمُّرُ مِن قَبُلُ وَمِنْ بَعُدُ ۚ وَيَوْمَبِذٍ يَفُرَ حُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ Within three to nine years. The decision of the matter, before and after (these events) is only with Allâh, (before the defeat of Romans by the Persians, and after, i.e. the defeat of the Persians by the Romans). And on that Day, the believers (i.e. Muslims) will rejoice (at the victory given by Allâh to the Romans against the Persians), 5. بِنَصُرِ ٱللَّهِ يَنصُرُ مَن يَشَآءً ۗ وَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ۞ With the help of Allâh, He helps whom He wills, and He is the AllMighty, the Most Merciful. 6. وَعُدَ ٱللَّــةِ لَا يُخُلِفُ ٱللَّــهُ وَعُدَهُ و وَلَاكِنَّ أَكُ ٱلنَّاس لَا يَعُلَمُ ونَ 🗊 (It is) a Promise of Allâh (i.e. Allâh will give victory to the Romans against the Persians), and Allâh fails not in His Promise, but most of men know not.

يَعُلَمُ ونَ ظَنهِ رًا مِّ نَ ٱلُحَ يَوْةِ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَهُ مُ عَـنِ ٱلْأَخِـرَةِ هُـمُ غَنفِلُونَ ۞

They know only the outside appearance of the life of the world (i.e. the matters of their livelihood, like irrigating or sowing or reaping, etc.), and they are heedless of the Hereafter.

8.

أُولَــمُ يَتَفَكَّــرُواْ فِـــنَ أَنفُسِــهِمُّ مَّـا خَــلَقَ ٱللَّــهُ ٱلسَّــمَــوَتِ
وَٱلْأَرُضَ وَمَـا بَيُنَهُمَــآ إِلَّا بِــالُحَقِّ وَأَجَــلٍ مُّسَــمَّىُّ وَإِنَّ كَثِــيرًا مِّــنَ
ٱلنَّــاسِ بِلِقَــآيِ رَبِّهِــمُ لَكَنفِــرُونَ ۞

Do they not think deeply (in their ownselves) about themselves (how Allâh created them from nothing, and similarly He will resurrect them)? Allâh has created not the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them, except with truth and for an appointed term. And indeed many of mankind deny the Meeting with their Lord. [See *Tafsir AtTabarî*, Part 21, Page 24].

9.

أَوَلَمُ يَسِيرُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ فَيَنظُرُواْ كَيْفَ كَانَ عَنقِبَةُ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِهِمُ كَانُوٓاْ أَشَدَّ مِنْهُمُ قُلُوَّةً وَأَثَارُواْ ٱلْأَرُضَ وَعَمَرُوهَاۤ أَكُثَرَ مِمَّا عَمَرُوهَا وَجَآءَتُهُمُ رُسُلُهُم بِٱلْبَيِّنَدِ فَمَا كَانَ ٱللَّهُ لِيَظُلِمَهُمُ وَلَدكِن كَانُوٓاْ أَنفُسَهُمُ يَظُلِمُونَ ۞

Do they not travel in the land, and see what was the end of those before them? They were superior to them in strength, and they tilled the earth and populated it in greater numbers than these (pagans) have done, and there came to them their Messengers with clear proofs. Surely, Allâh wronged them not, but they used to wrong themselves.

10.

ثُمَّ كَانَ عَنقِبَةَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَسَنَوُا ٱلسُّوٓ أَنَى أَن كَذَّبُوا السُّوَ أَنَى أَن كَذَّبُوا السُّوَ أَنَى أَن كَذَّبُوا السُّوَا وَالسُّوَا وَالسُّوَا وَالسُّوَا وَالسُّوَا وَالسُّوَا وَالسُّوَا وَالسُّوَا وَالسُّوَا وَالسُّوَا وَالسُّوا وَالسُّوَا وَالسُّوا وَالْمُوا وَالسُّوا وَالْمُوا وَالْمُلْمُ وَالْمُوا وَالْمُو

Then evil was the end of those who did evil, because they belied the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, Messengers, etc.) of Allâh and made mock of them.

11

Allâh (Alone) originates the creation, then He will repeat it, then to Him you will be returned.

12.

And on the Day when the Hour will be established, the *Mujrimûn* (disbelievers, sinners, criminals, polytheists, etc.) will be plunged into destruction with deep regrets, sorrows, and despair.

No intercessor will they have from those whom they made equal with Allâh (partners i.e. their socalled associate gods), and they will (themselves) reject and deny their partners.

14.

And on the Day when the Hour will be established, that Day shall (all men) be separated (i.e the believers will be separated from the disbelievers).

15.

Then as for those who believed (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and did righteous good deeds, such shall be honoured and made to enjoy luxurious life (forever) in a Garden of delight

16.

And as for those who disbelieved and belied Our Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, Allâh's Messengers, Resurrection, etc.), and the Meeting of the Hereafter, such shall be brought forth to the torment (in the Hell-fire).

17.

So glorify Allâh [above all that (evil) they associate with Him (O believers)], when you come up to the evening [i.e. offer the (Maghrib) sunset and ('Ishâ') night prayers], and when you enter the morning [i.e offer the (Fair) morning prayer].

18.



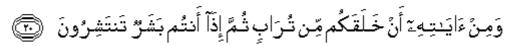
And His is all the praises and thanks in the heavens and the earth, and (glorify Him) in the afternoon (i.e. offer 'Asr prayer) and when you come up to the time, when the day begins to decline (i.e offer Zuhr prayer). (Ibn 'Abbâs said: "These are the five compulsory congregational prayers mentioned in the Qur'an).

19

يُخُرِ جُ ٱلْحَىَّ مِنَ ٱلْمَيِّتِ وَيُخُرِ جُ ٱلْمَيِّتَ مِنَ ٱلْحَيِّ وَيُحُيِ ٱلْأَرُضَ بَعُدَ مَوْتِهَاْ وَكَذَلِكَ تُخُرَجُونَ ۞

He brings out the living from the dead, and brings out the dead from the living. And He revives the earth after its death. And thus shall you be brought out (resurrected).

20.



And among His Signs is this, that He created you (Adam) from dust, and then [Hawwa' (Eve) from Adam's rib, and then his offspring from the semen, and], - behold you are human beings scattered!

21.

And among His Signs is this, that He created for you wives from among yourselves, that you may find repose in them, and He has put between you affection and mercy. Verily, in that are indeed signs for a people who reflect.

22.

And among His Signs is the creation of the heavens and the earth, and the difference of your languages and colours. Verily, in that are indeed signs for men of sound knowledge.

23.

And among His Signs is the sleep Π that you take by night and by day, and your seeking of His Bounty. Verily, in that are indeed signs for a people who listen.

24

And among His Signs is that He shows you the lightning, by way of fear and hope, and He sends down water (rain) from the sky, and therewith revives the earth after its death. Verily, in that are indeed signs for a people who understand.

وَمِنُ ءَايَىتِهِۦٓ أَن تَقُومَ ٱلسَّمَآءُ وَٱلْأَرُضُ بِأَمُرِهِۦۚ ثُمَّ إِذَا دَعَاكُمُ دَعُوةً مِّنَ ٱلْأَرُضِ إِذَآ أَنتُمُ تَخُرُجُونَ ۞

And among His Signs is that the heaven and the earth stand by His Command, then afterwards when He will call you by single call, behold, you will come out from the earth (i.e from your graves for reckoning and recompense).

26.

To Him belongs whatever is in the heavens and the earth. All are obedient to Him.

27.

And He it is Who originates the creation, then will repeat it (after it has been perished), and this is easier for Him. His is the highest description (i.e. none has the right to be worshipped but He, and there is nothing comparable unto Him) in the heavens and in the earth. And He is the AllMighty, the AllWise.

28.

ضَرَبَ لَكُم مَّ ثَلَا مِّنَ أَنفُسِكُمُّ هَل لَّكُم مِّن مَّا مَلَكَتُ أَيُمَننُكُم مِّن شُررَكَآءَ فِي مَا رَزَقُنَنكُم فَانتُمْ فِيهِ سَوَآءٌ تَخَافُونَهُمُ كَخِيفَتِكُمُ أَنفُسَكُمُ كَذَلِكَ نُفَصِّلُ ٱلْأَيَىتِ لِقَوْمٍ يَعُقِلُونَ



He sets forth for you a parable from your ownselves, - Do you have partners among those whom your right hands possess (i.e your slaves) to share as equals in the wealth We have bestowed on you? Whom you fear as you fear each other? Thus do We explain the signs in detail to a people who have sense.

29.

Nay, but those who do wrong follow their own lusts without knowledge, Then who will guide him whom Allâh has sent astray? And for such there will be no helpers.

فَأَقِمُ وَجُهَكَ لِلدِّينِ حَنِيفًا فِطُرَتَ ٱللَّهِ ٱلَّتِي فَطَرَ ٱلنَّاسَ عَلَيُهَا لَا تَبْدِيلَ لِخَلُقِ ٱلنَّاسِ لَا يَعُلَمُونَ ﴿ لَا خَلْقِ ٱللَّهِ ٱللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ فَاللَّهِ اللَّهِ فَاللَّهِ اللَّهَ عَلَمُونَ ﴿ لَا خَلْقَ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهَ عَلَمُونَ ﴿ لَا خَلْقَ اللَّهُ الْمُلْمُ الللللِّهُ الْمُلْمُ اللَ

So set you (O Muhammad SAW) your face towards the religion of pure Islâmic Monotheism *Hanifa* (worship none but Allâh Alone) Allâh's *Fitrah* (i.e. Allâh's Islâmic Monotheism), with which He has created mankind. No change let there be in *Khalqillâh* (i.e. the Religion of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism), that is the straight religion, but most of men know not []. [*Tafsir AtTabarî*, Vol 21, Page 41]

31.

(Always) Turning in repentance to Him (only), and be afraid and dutiful to Him; and perform AsSalât (IqâmatasSalât) and be not of AlMushrikûn (the disbelievers in the Oneness of Allah, polytheists, idolaters, etc.).

32.

Of those who split up their religion (i.e. who left the true Islâmic Monotheism), and became sects, [i.e. they invented new things in the religion (*Bid'ah*), and followed their vain desires], each sect rejoicing in that which is with it. [I

33.

And when harm touches men, they cry sincerely only to their Lord (Allâh), turning to Him in repentance, but when He gives them a taste of His Mercy, behold! a party of them associate partners in worship with their Lord.

34.

So as to be ungrateful for the graces which We have bestowed on them. Then enjoy (your short life); but you will come to know.

35.

Or have We revealed to them a Scripture, which speaks of that which they have been associating with Him?

وَإِذَآ أَذَقُنَا ٱلنَّاسَ رَحُمَاةً فَرِحُوا بِهَا وَإِن تُصِبُهُمُ سَيِّئَةٌ بِمَا قَدَّمَتُ أَيُدِيهِمُ إِذَا هُمُ يَقُنَطُونَ ۚ

And when We cause mankind to taste of mercy, they rejoice therein, but when some evil afflicts them because of (evil deeds and sins) that their (own) hands have sent forth, lo! They are in despair!

37.

Do they not see that Allâh enlarges the provision for whom He wills and straitens (it for whom He wills). Verily, in that are indeed signs for a people who believe.

38.

So give to the kindred his due, and to *AlMiskîn* (the poor) and to the wayfarer. That is best for those who seek Allâh's Countenance, and it is they who will be successful.

39.

وَمَآ ءَاتَيُتُم مِّن رِّبًا لِّيَرُبُواْ فِيَّ أَمُوَ لِ ٱلنَّاسِ فَلَا يَرُبُواْ عِندَ ٱللَّهِۗ وَمَآ ءَاتَيُتُم مِّن زَكَو ۚ قِتُريدُونَ وَجُهَ ٱللَّهِ فَأُوْلَتَ إِلَى هُمُ ٱلمُضْعِفُونَ



And that which you give in gift (to others), in order that it may increase (your wealth by expecting to get a better one in return) from other people's property, has no increase with Allâh, but that which you give in *Zakât* seeking Allâh's Countenance then those, they shall have manifold increase.

40.

ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَكُمُ ثُمَّ رَزَقَكُمُ ثُمَّ يُمِيتُكُمُ ثُمَّ يُحِيكُمُ هَلَّمِن اللَّهُ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَكُمُ ثُمَّ هَلَّمِن اللَّهُ ٱللَّهُ ٱللَّهُ ٱللَّهُ وَتَعَلَىٰ عَمَّا شُرَكَآبِكُم مَّن شَيَءٍ شَبَحَننَهُ وَتَعَلَىٰ عَمَّا يُشُر كُونَ ﴾ وَتَعَلَىٰ عَمَّا يُشُر كُونَ ۞

Allâh is He Who created you, then provided food for you, then will cause you to die, then (again) He will give you life (on the Day of Resurrection). Is there any of your (socalled) partners (of Allâh) that do anything of that? Glory be to Him! And Exalted be He above all that (evil) they associate (with Him).

41

ظَهَرَ ٱلْفَسَادُ فِي ٱلْبَرِّ وَٱلْبَحُرِ بِمَا كَسَبَتُ أَيُدِى ٱلنَّاسِ لِيُذِيقَهُم بَعُضَ ٱلَّذِي عَمِلُواْ لَعَلَّهُمُ يَرُجِعُونَ ۞

Evil (sins and disobedience of Allâh, etc.) has appeared on land and sea because of what the hands of men have earned (by oppression and evil deeds, etc.), that Allâh may make them taste a part of that which they have done, in order that they may return (by repenting to Allâh, and begging His Pardon).

42.

قُلُ سِيرُواْ فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ فَانظُرُواْ كَينَ كَانَ عَقِبَةُ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبَلُ كَانَ أَكُثَرُهُم مُّشُر كِينَ ۞

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Travel in the land and see what was the end of those before (you)! Most of them were *Mushrikûn* (the disbelievers in the Oneness of Allah, polytheists, idolaters, etc.)."

43.

So set you (O Muhammad SAW) your face to (the obedience of Allâh, your Lord) the straight and right religion (Islâmic Monotheism), before there comes from Allâh a Day which none can avert it. On that Day men shall be divided [(in two groups), a group in Paradise and a group in Hell].

44.

مَن كَفَرَ فَعَلَيْهِ كُفُرُهُ ۗ وَمَنْ عَمِلَ صَلِحًا فَلِأَنفُسِهِمُ يَمُهَدُونَ



Whosoever disbelieves will suffer from his disbelief, and whosoever does righteous good deeds (by practising Islâmic Monotheism), then such will prepare a good place (in Paradise) for themselves (and will be saved by Allâh from His Torment).

45.

That He may reward those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism), and do righteous good deeds, out of His Bounty. Verily, He likes not the disbelievers.

46.

وَمِنْ ءَايَنتِهِ مَّ أَن يُرُسِلَ ٱلرِّيَاحَ مُبَشِّرَتٍ وَلِيُذِيقَكُم مِّن رَّحُمَتِهِ عَ وَلِتَجُرِى ٱلْفُلُكُ بِأَمْرِهِ عَ وَلِتَبُتَغُواْ مِن فَضْلِهِ عَ وَلَعَلَّكُمُ تَشُكُرُونَ



And among His Signs is this, that He sends the winds as glad tidings, giving you a taste of His Mercy

(i.e. rain), and that the ships may sail at His Command, and that you may seek of His Bounty, in order that you may be thankful.

47.

وَلَقَدُ أَرُسَلُنَا مِن قَبُلِكَ رُسُلًا إِلَى قَوَمِهِمُ فَجَاءُوهُم بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ فَٱنتَقَمُنَا مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَجُرَمُوا ۗ وَكَانَ حَقَّا عَلَيْنَا نَصُرُ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۞

And indeed We did send Messengers before you (O Muhammad SAW) to their own peoples. They came to them with clear proofs, then, We took vengeance on those who committed crimes (disbelief, setting partners in worship with Allâh, sins, etc.), and (as for) the believers it was incumbent upon Us to help (them).

48.

ٱللَّـهُ ٱلَّـذِى يُرُسِلُ ٱلبِيَنحَ فَتُشِيرُ سَحَابًا فَيَبُسُطُهُ وفِي اللَّهُ ٱلَّـذِى يُرُسِلُ ٱلبِينَحَ فَتُشِيرُ سَحَابًا فَيَبُسُطُهُ وفِي السَّمَآءِ كَيهُ يَشَآءُ وَيَجُعَلُهُ وكسَفًا فَـتَرَى ٱللَّودُقَ يَخُرُجُ السَّمَآءُ مِن عَبَادِهِ قَ إِذَا هُمُ مِن خِلَدلِهِ قَ فَإِذَا هُم أَن اللَّهُ مُن يَشَآءُ مِن عَبَادِهِ قَ إِذَا هُم يَسْتَبُشِرُونَ عَبَادِهِ قَ إِذَا هُم يَسْتَبُشِرُونَ هَا اللَّهُ مُن يَشَاءُ مِن عَبَادِهِ قَ إِذَا هُم يَسْتَبُشِرُونَ هَا اللَّهُ مَا يَسْتَبُشِرُونَ هَا اللَّهُ مَا يَسْتَبُشِرُونَ هَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ الْ

Allâh is He Who sends the winds, so they raise clouds, and spread them along the sky as He wills, and then break them into fragments, until you see rain drops come forth from their midst! Then when He has made them fall on whom of His slaves as He will, lo! they rejoice!

49.

And verily before that (rain), just before it was sent down upon them, they were in despair!

50.

Look then at the effects (results) of Allâh's Mercy, how He revives the earth after its death. Verily! That (Allâh) Who revived the earth after its death shall indeed raise the dead (on the Day of Resurrection), and He is Able to do all things.

51.

And if We send a wind [which would spoil the green growth (tilth) brought up by the previous rain], and they see (their tilth) turn yellow, behold, they then after their being glad, would become unthankful (to their Lord Allâh as) disbelievers.

فَاإِنَّكَ لَا تُسَمِعُ ٱلْمَوْتَىٰ وَلَا تُسَمِعُ ٱلصُّمَّ ٱلدُّعَآءَ إِذَا وَلَّواْ مُدُبِرِينَ ۞

So verily, you (O Muhammad SAW) cannot make the dead to hear (i.e. the disbelievers, etc.), nor can you make the deaf to hear the call, when they show their backs, turning away.

53

And you (O Muhammad SAW) cannot guide the blind from their straying; you can make to hear only those who believe in Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), and have submitted to Allâh in Islâm (as Muslims).

54.

Allâh is He Who created you in (a state of) weakness, then gave you strength after weakness, then after strength gave (you) weakness and grey hair. He creates what He wills. And it is He Who is the AllKnowing, the AllPowerful (i.e. Able to do all things).

55.

And on the Day that the Hour will be established, the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, etc.) will swear that they stayed not but an hour, thus were they ever deluded [away from the truth (i.e they used to tell lies and take false oaths, and turn away from the truth) in this life of the world)].

56.



And those who have been bestowed with knowledge and faith will say: "Indeed you have stayed according to the Decree of Allâh, until the Day of Resurrection, so this is the Day of Resurrection, but you knew not."

So on that Day no excuse of theirs will avail those who did wrong (by associating partners in worship with Allâh, and by denying the Day of Resurrection), nor will they be allowed (then) to return to seek Allâh's Pleasure (by having Islâmic Faith with righteous deeds and by giving up polytheism, sins and crimes with repentance).

58.

And indeed We have set forth for mankind, in this Qur'ân every kind of parable. But if you (O Muhammad SAW) bring to them any sign or proof, (as an evidence for the truth of your Prophethood), the disbelievers are sure to say (to the believers): "You follow nothing but falsehood, and magic."

59.

Thus does Allâh seal up the hearts of those who know not [the proofs and evidence of the Oneness of Allâh i.e. those who try not to understand true facts that which you (Muhammad SAW) have brought to them].

60.

So be patient (O Muhammad SAW). Verily, the Promise of Allâh is true, and let not those who have no certainty of faith, discourage you from conveying Allâh's Message (which you are obliged to convey).

31. Luqmân Introduction to this Surat.

Introduction to this Surat.	
In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	الْمَ ۞
	AlifLâmMîm.
	[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings.]
2.	تِلُكَ ءَايَنتُ ٱلْكِتَنبِ ٱلْحَكِيمِ ۞
	These are Verses of the Wise Book (the Qur'ân).
3.	هُــدَى وَرَحُمَــةَ لِّلْمُحُسِـنِينَ ۞
	A guide and a mercy for the <i>Muhsinûn</i> (gooddoers) ^[]
4.	ٱلَّذِينَ يُقِيمُونَ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَيُؤَتُونَ ٱلزَّ كَوٰةَ وَهُم بِٱلْأَخِرَةِ هُمُ يُوقِنُونَ ۞
	Those who perform <i>AsSalât</i> (<i>Iqamatas- Salât</i>) and give <i>Zakât</i> and they have faith in the Hereafter with certainty.
5.	أُوْلَنَيِكَ عَلَىٰ هُدًى مِّن رَّبِّهِمُّ وَأُوْلَنَيِكَ هُمُ ٱلْمُفْلِحُونَ ۞
	Such are on guidance from their Lord, and such are the successful.
6.	وَمِنَ ٱلنَّاسِ مَن يَشُتَرِى لَهُ وَ ٱلْحَدِيثِ لِيُضِلَّ عَن
	سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ وَيَتَّخِذَهَا هُزُوّاً أُوْلَتَبِكَ لَهُمُ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ ۞
	And of mankind is he who purchases idle talks (i.e.music, singing, etc.) to mislead (men) from the Path of Allâh without knowledge, and takes it (the Path of Allâh, the Verses of the Qur'ân) by way of mockery. For such there will be a humiliating torment (in the Hell-fire).
7.	ما أن الما من الما الما الما الما الما أن الما الما أن الما الما الما الما الما الما الما الم

وَإِذَا تُتُلَىٰ عَلَيْهِ ءَايَئتُنَا وَلَّىٰ مُسْتَكُبِرًا كَأَن لَّمُ يَسُمَعُهَا كَأَنَّ فِيَّ أَ أُذُنيُهِ وَقُـرًا ۗ فَبَشِّرُهُ بِعَـذَابٍ أَلِيـمٍ ۞

And when Our Verses (of the Qur'ân) are recited to such a one, he turns away in pride I , as if he heard them not, as if there were deafness in his ear. So announce to him a painful torment.

Verily, those who believe (in Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, for them are Gardens of delight (Paradise).

9.

To abide therein. It is a Promise of Allâh in truth. And He is the AllMighty, the AllWise.

10.

خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ بِغَيْرِ عَمَدِ تَرَوُنَهَ أَو أَلُقَىٰ فِى ٱلْأَرُضِ رَوَسِىَ أَن تَمِيدَ بِكُمُ وَبَثَّ فِيهَا مِن كُلِّ دَآبَّةٍ وَأَنزَ لُنَا مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مَآءً فَأَنْبَتُنَا فِيهَا مِن كُلِّ رَوْجٍ كَرِيمٍ

وَوْجٍ كَرِيمٍ

He has created the heavens without any pillars, that you see and has set on the earth firm mountains lest it should shake with you. And He has scattered therein moving (living) creatures of all kinds. And We send down water (rain) from the sky, and We cause (plants) of every goodly kind to grow therein.

11.

This is the creation of Allâh. So show Me that which those (whom you worship), besides Him have created. Nay, the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrongdoers and those who do not believe in the Oneness of Allâh) are in plain error.

12.

And indeed We bestowed upon Luqmân *AlHikmah* (wisdom and religious understanding, etc.) saying: "Give thanks to Allâh," and whoever gives thanks, he gives thanks for (the good of) his ownself. And whoever is unthankful, then verily, Allâh is AllRich (Free of all wants), Worthy of all praise.

13.

And (remember) when Luqmân said to his son when he was advising him: "O my son! Join not in worship others with Allâh. Verily! Joining others in worship with Allâh is a great $Z\hat{u}lm$ (wrong) indeed.

وَوَصَّيَّنَا ٱلْإِنسَـٰ نَ بِوَالِدَيُهِ حَمَلَتُهُ أُمُّهُ وَهُنَّا عَلَىٰ وَهُنِ وَفِصَلُهُ وَ فِي عَامَيُنِ أَنِ ٱشۡـُكُرُ لِـى وَلِوَالِدَيُكَ إِلَىَّ ٱلْمَصِيرُ ۞

And We have enjoined on man (to be dutiful and good) to his parents. His mother bore him in weakness and hardship upon weakness and hardship, and his weaning is in two years give thanks to Me and to your parents, unto Me is the final destination Π .

15.

وَإِن جَــــهَدَاكَ عَلَــنَ أَن تُشُـرِكَ بِــى مَا لَيْسَ لَـكَ بِـهِـ عِلْمُ فَلَا تُطِعُهُمَا وَصَاحِبُهُمَا فِـى ٱلدُّنْيَا مَعُرُوفًا وَٱتَّبِـعُ سَـبِيلَ مَـنُ أَنَـابَ إِلَـى ثُمَّ إِلَـى مَرُجِعُكُمُ فَأُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَعْمَلُونَ ۞

But if they (both) strive with you to make you join in worship with Me others that of which you have no knowledge, then obey them not, but behave with them in the world kindly, and follow the path of him who turns to Me in repentance and in obedience. Then to Me will be your return, and I shall tell you what you used to do.

16.

"O my son! If it be (anything) equal to the weight of a grain of mustard seed, and though it be in a rock, or in the heavens or in the earth, Allâh will bring it forth. Verily, Allâh is Subtle (in bringing out that grain), WellAware (of its place).

17.

"O my son! AqimisSalât (perform AsSalât), enjoin (people) for AlMa'rûf (Islâmic Monotheism and all that is good), and forbid (people) from AlMunkar (i.e. disbelief in the Oneness of Allâh, polytheism of all kinds and all that is evil and bad), and bear with patience whatever befall you. Verily! These are some of the important commandments ordered by Allâh with no exemption.

18.

"And turn not your face away from men with pride, nor walk in insolence through the earth. Verily, Allâh likes not each arrogant boaster $^{[l]}$.

وَٱقُصِدُ فِى مَشَٰيِكَ وَٱغُضُضَ مِن صَوْتِكَ ۚ إِنَّ أَنكَرَ ٱلْأَصُوَتِ لَوَا اللَّهُ مَا وَتِ لَلْأَصُوبِ لَ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ الللِّهُ اللَّهُ الللللِّلْمُ اللَّهُ الللللِّهُ اللللللِّلْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللِّلْمُ الللللِّلْ الللللِّلْمُلِي اللللْمُلِمُ اللللللِّلْمُ الللللِّلْمُ الللللِّلْمُلْمُ الللللِّلْمُ اللللللِّلْمُلْمُ اللللْمُلْمُ اللللللِي الللللِّلْمُلِمُ الللللِّلْمُ اللللللِلْمُ الللللِمُلِمُ الللللِمُ الللللِمُ ا

"And be moderate (or show no insolence) in your walking, and lower your voice. Verily, the harshest of all voices is the voice (braying) of the ass."

20.

See you not (O men) that Allâh has subjected for you whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is in the earth, and has completed and perfected His Graces upon you, (both) apparent (i.e Islâmic Monotheism, and the lawful pleasures of this world, including health, good looks, etc.) and hidden [i.e. One's Faith in Allâh (of Islâmic Monotheism) knowledge, wisdom, guidance for doing righteous deeds, and also the pleasures and delights of the Hereafter in Paradise, etc.]? Yet of mankind is he who disputes about Allâh without knowledge or guidance or a Book giving light!

21.

And when it is said to them: "Follow that which Allâh has sent down", they say: "Nay, we shall follow that which we found our fathers (following)." (Would they do so) even if *Shaitân* (Satan) invites them to the torment of the Fire.

22.

And whosoever submits his face (himself) to Allâh [i.e.(follows Allâh's Religion of Islâmic Monotheism), worships Allâh (Alone) with sincere Faith in the (1) Oneness of His Lordship,(2) Oneness of His worship, and (3) Oneness of His Names and Qualities], while he is a *Muhsin* (gooddoer i.e. performs good deeds totally for Allâh's sake without any show-off or to gain praise or fame etc. and does them in accordance with the *Sunnah* of Allâh's Messenger Muhammad SAW), then he has grasped the most trustworthy handhold [*Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh* (none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh)]. And to Allâh return all matters for decision.

23.

And whoever disbelieved, let not his disbelief grieve you (O Muhammad SAW),. to Us is their return, and We shall inform them what they have done. Verily, Allâh is the AllKnower of what is in the breasts (of men).

24

نُمَتِّعُهُمُ قَلِيلًا ثُمَّ نَضُطَرُّهُمُ إِلَىٰ عَذَابٍ غَلِيظٍ 🚭

We let them enjoy for a little while, then in the end We shall oblige them to (enter) a great torment.

25.

And if you (O Muhammad SAW) ask them: "Who has created the heavens and the earth," they will certainly say: "Allâh." Say: "All the praises and thanks be to Allâh!" But most of them know not.

26.

To Allâh belongs whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth. Verily, Allâh, He is *AlGhanî* (Rich, Free of all wants), Worthy of all praise.

27.

And if all the trees on the earth were pens and the sea (were ink wherewith to write), with seven seas behind it to add to its (supply), yet the Words of Allâh would not be exhausted. Verily, Allâh is All-Mighty, AllWise.

28.

The creation of you all and the resurrection of you all are only as (the creation and resurrection of) a single person. Verily, Allâh is AllHearer, AllSeer.

29.



See you not (O Muhammad SAW) that Allâh merges the night into the day (i.e. the decrease in the hours of the night are added in the hours of the day), and merges the day into the night (i.e. the decrease in the hours of day are added in the hours of night), and has subjected the sun and the moon, each running its course for a term appointed; and that Allâh is AllAware of what you do.

ذَالِكَ بِأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلْحَقُّ وَأَنَّ مَا يَدُعُونَ مِن دُونِهِ ٱلْبَنطِلُ وَأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلْعَلِيُّ ٱلْكَبِيرُ ۞

That is because Allâh, He is the Truth, and that which they invoke besides Him $^{f I}$ is *AlBâtil* (falsehood Satan and all other false deities), and that Allâh, He is the Most High, the Most Great.

31.

أَلَكُمُ تَكِرَ أَنَّ ٱلْفُلُكَ تَجُرى فِي أَلْبَحُرِ بِنِعُمَ تِ ٱللَّهِ لِيُريَكُم مِّنُ ءَايَنتِهِۦٓ ۚ إِنَّ فِي ذَلِكَ لَأَيَنتِ لِّكُلِّ صَبَّار شَكُور



See you not that the ships sail through the sea by Allâh's Grace? that He may show you of His Signs? Verily, in this are signs for every patient, grateful (person).

32.

وَإِذَا غَشِيَهُم مَّوُّ بُج كَالظَّلَل دَعَواْ ٱللَّهَ مُخُلِصِينَ لَهُ ٱلدِّينَ فَلَمَّا نَجَّنهُمُ إِلَى ٱلْبَرّ فَمِنْهُم مُّقُتَصِدٌّ وَمَا يَجُحَدُ بِءَايَنتِنَآ إِلَّا كُلُّ خَتَّار كَفُور ٣

And when a wave covers them like shades (i.e. like clouds or the mountains of seawater), they invoke Allâh, making their invocations for Him only. But when He brings them safe to land, there are among them those that stop in the middle, between (Belief and disbelief). But none denies Our Signs except every perfidious ungrateful. $^{f IJ}$

33.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ ٱتَّقُواْ رَبَّكُمُ وَٱخۡشَوا اللَّهِ يَجُزى وَالِدُّ عَن وَلَدِهِ - وَلَا مَوْلُودٌ هُوَ جَازِ عَن وَالِدِهِ ـ شَيئاً إِنَّ وَعُدَ ٱللَّهِ حَقُّ فَلَا تَغُرَّنَّكُمُ ٱلْحَيَواةُ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَلَا يَغُرَّنَّكُم بِٱللَّهِ ٱلْغَرُورُ ٣

O mankind! Be afraid of your Lord (by keeping your duty to Him and avoiding all evil), and fear a Day when no father can avail aught for his son, nor a son avail aught for his father. Verily, the Promise of Allâh is true, let not then this (worldly) present life deceive you, nor let the chief deceiver (Satan) deceive you about Allâh.

34.

إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عِندَهُ وعِلْمُ ٱلسَّاعَةِ وَيُنزِّلُ ٱلنَّفَيُثَ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلْأَرُّ حَامٌّ وَمَا تَدُرى نَفُسٌ مَّاذَا تَكُسِبُ غَدًّا ۗ وَمَا تَدُرى نَفُسٌ بِأَيِّ أَرْضٍ تَمُوتُ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ



Verily, Allâh! With Him (Alone) is the knowledge of the Hour, He sends down the rain, and knows that which is in the wombs. No person knows what he will earn tomorrow, and no person knows in what land he will die. Verily, Allâh is AllKnower, AllAware (of things)[J]

32. AsSajdah Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

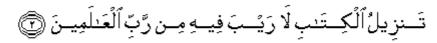
1,



AlifLâmMîm.

[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'an, and none but Allah (Alone) knows their meanings.]

2.



The revelation of the Book (this Qur'ân) is from the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists) in which there is not doubt!

3.

Or say they: "He (Muhammad SAW) has fabricated it?" Nay, it is the truth from your Lord, that you may warn a people to whom no warner has come before you (O Muhammad SAW), in order that they may be guided.

4.

ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَــُوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ وَمَا بَيُنَهُمَا فِى سِتَّةِ أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ ٱسُتَوَىٰ عَلَــى ٱلْعَـرُشِّ مَا لَكُـم مِّـن دُونِـهِۦ مِـن وَلِيِّ وَلَا شَـفِيـعٍ ۚ أَفَلَا تَتَذَكَّرُونَ



Allâh it is He Who has created the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them in six Days. Then He *Istawâ* (rose over) the Throne (in a manner that suits His Majesty). You (mankind) have none, besides Him, as a *Walî* (protector or helper etc.) or an intercessor. Will you not then remember (or be admonished)?

5.

He arranges (every) affair from the heavens to the earth, then it (affair) will go up to Him, in one Day, the space whereof is a thousand years of your reckoning (i.e. reckoning of our present world's time).

6.

That is He, the AllKnower of the unseen and the seen, the AllMighty, the Most Merciful.

ٱلَّـــذِيْ أَحُسَــنَ كُــلَّ شَـــئَءٍ خَلَقَــهُ وَ وَبَــدَأَ خَــلُقَ ٱلْإِنسَـــنِ مِن طِينِ ۞

Who made everything He has created good, and He began the creation of man from clay

8.

Then He made his offspring from semen of worthless water (male and female sexual discharge).

9.

Then He fashioned him in due proportion, and breathed into him the soul (created by Allâh for that person), and He gave you hearing (ears), sight (eyes) and hearts. Little is the thanks you give!

10.

And they say: "When we are (dead and become) lost in the earth, shall we indeed be recreated anew?" Nay, but they deny the Meeting with their Lord!

11

Say: "The angel of death, who is set over you, will take your souls, then you shall be brought to your Lord."

12.

And if you only could see when the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, etc.) shall hang their heads before their Lord (saying): "Our Lord! We have now seen and heard, so send us back (to the world), we will do righteous good deeds. Verily! We now believe with certainty."

13.

And if We had willed, surely! We would have given every person his guidance, but the Word from Me took effect (about evildoers), that I will fill Hell with jinn and mankind together.

فَذُوقُواْ بِمَا نَسِيتُمُ لِقَآءَ يَوُمِكُمُ هَدِنَآ إِنَّا نَسِينَكُمُّ وَذُوقُواْ عَذَابَ ٱلْخُلَدِ بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَعُمَلُونَ ﴾

Then taste you (the torment of the Fire) because of your forgetting the Meeting of this Day of yours, (and) surely! We too will forget you, so taste you the abiding torment for what you used to do.

15.

Only those believe in Our Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), who, when they are reminded of them fall down prostrate, and glorify the Praises of their Lord, and they are not proud.[]

16.

Their sides forsake their beds, to invoke their Lord in fear and hope, and they spend (charity in Allâh's Cause) out of what We have bestowed on them Π

17.

No person knows what is kept hidden for them of joy as a reward for what they used to do.

18.

Is then he who is a believer like him who is *Fâsiq* (disbeliever and disobedient to Allâh)? Not equal

19.

As for those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds for them are Gardens (Paradise) as an entertainment, for what they used to do.

20.

وَ أَمَّا ٱلَّذِينَ فَسَقُواْ فَمَأُونِهُمُ ٱلنَّارُّ كُلَّمَآ أَرَادُوٓاْ أَن يَخُرُجُواْ مِنْهَآ أَعِيدُواْ فِيهَا وَقِيلَ لَهُمُ ذُوقُوا عَنَابَ ٱلنَّارِ ٱلَّذِي كُنتُم بِهِ - تُكَذِّبُونَ



And as for those who are *Fâsiqûn* (disbelievers and disobedient to Allâh), their abode will be the Fire, every time they wish to get away therefrom, they will be put back thereto, and it will be said to them: "Taste you the torment of the Fire which you used to deny."

21.



And verily, We will make them taste of the near torment (i.e. the torment in the life of this world, i.e. disasters, calamities, etc.) prior to the supreme torment (in the Hereafter), in order that they may (repent and) return (i.e. accept Islâm).

22.

And who does more wrong than he who is reminded of the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of his Lord, then he turns aside therefrom? Verily, We shall exact retribution from the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, etc.).

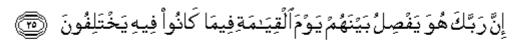
23.

And indeed We gave Mûsa (Moses) the Scripture [the Taurât (Torah)]. So be not you in doubt of meeting him [i.e.when you met Mûsa (Moses) during the night of *Allsra'* and *AlMi'râf* over the heavens]. And We made it [the Taurât (Torah)] a guide to the Children of Israel.

24.

And We made from among them (Children of Israel), leaders, giving guidance under Our Command, when they were patient and used to believe with certainty in Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.).

25.



Verily, your Lord will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection, concerning that wherein they used to differ.

26.

Is it not a guidance for them, how many generations We have destroyed before them in whose dwellings they do walk about? Verily, therein indeed are signs. Would they not then listen?

أَوَلَمُ يَرَوُاْ أَنَّا نَسُوقُ ٱلْمَآءَ إِلَى ٱلْأَرُضِ ٱلْجُرُزِ فَنُخُرِجُ بِهِ - زَرُعًا تَأْكُلُ مِنْهُ أَنْعَلِمُهُمُ وَأَنفُسُهُمُ أَفَلَا يُبُصِرُونَ ۞

Have they not seen how We drive water (rain clouds) to the dry land without any vegetation, and therewith bring forth crops providing food for their cattle and themselves? Will they not then see?

28.

They say: "When will this *AlFath* (Decision) be (between us and you, i.e. the Day of Resurrection), if you are telling the truth?"

29.

Say: "On the Day of *AIFath* (Decision), no profit will it be to those who disbelieve if they (then) believe! Nor will they be granted a respite."

30.

So turn aside from them (O Muhammad SAW) and await, verily they (too) are awaiting.

33. AlAhzâb Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّبِيُّ ٱتَّقِ ٱللَّهَ وَلَا تُطِعِ ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ وَٱلْمُنَنفِقِينَّ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَلِيمًا

حَكِيمًا 🕲

O Prophet (Muhammad SAW)! Keep your duty to Allâh, and obey not the disbelievers and the hypocrites (i.e., do not follow their advices). Verily! Allâh is Ever AllKnower, AllWise.

2.

And follow that which is inspired in you from your Lord. Verily, Allâh is WellAcquainted with what you do.

3.

And put your trust in Allâh, and Sufficient is Allâh as a Wakîl (Trustee, or Disposer of affairs).

4.

مَّا جَعَلَ ٱللَّهُ لِرَجُلٍ مِّن قَلْبَيُنِ فِى جَوْفِهِ ۚ وَمَا جَعَلَ أَزُوَ جَكُمُ ٱلَّنَئِى تُظَلِهِ رُونَ مِنْهُ نَّ أُمَّهَ لِتِكُم ۚ وَمَا جَعَلَ أَدُعِيَآ ءَكُمُ أَبُنَآ ءَكُمُ ذَلِكُمُ قَوْلُكُم بِأَفُو هِكُم ۗ وَٱللَّهُ يَقُولُ ٱلْحَقَّ وَهُوَ يَهُدِى ٱلسَّبِيلَ ۞

Allâh has not put for any man two hearts inside his body. Neither has He made your wives whom you declare to be like your mothers' backs, your real mothers. [AzZihâr is the saying of a husband to his wife, "You are to me like the back of my mother" i.e. You are unlawful for me to approach.] I, nor has He made your adopted sons your real sons. That is but your saying with your mouths. But Allâh says the truth, and He guides to the (Right) Way.

5.

ٱدُعُوهُمُ لِأَبَآبِهِمُ هُوَ أَقُسَطُ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ فَإِن لَّمُ تَعُلَمُوٓاْ ءَابَآءَهُمُ فَإِخُوَ ثُكُمُ فِى ٱلدِّينِ وَمَوَ لِيكُمُ وَلَيْسَ عَلَيْكُمُ جُنَاحٌ فِيمَآ أَخُطَ أَتُم بِهِ ۽ وَلَـٰكِن مَّا تَعَمَّدَتُ قُلُوبُكُمُ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ۞

Call them (adopted sons) by (the names of) their fathers, that is more just with Allâh. But if you know not their father's (names, call them) your brothers in faith and *Mawâlîkum* (your freed slaves). And there is no sin on you if you make a mistake therein, except in regard to what your hearts deliberately intend. And Allâh is Ever OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

ٱلنَّيِيُّ أَوْلَىٰ بِٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ مِنْ أَنفُسِهِم ۗ وَأَزُوَ ﴿ جُهُ وَ أُمَّهَ لَتُهُم ۗ وَأُوْلُواْ ٱلْأَرُحَامِ بَعُضُهُ مُ أَوْلَىٰ بِبَعُضِ فِي كِتَنبِ ٱللَّهِ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُهَا جِرِينَ إِلَّا بَعْضُهُ مُ أَوْلَىٰ بِبَعْضِ فِي كِتَنبِ ٱللَّهِ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُهَا جِرِينَ إِلَّا أَن تَفْعَلُواْ إِلَىٰ أَوْلِيَا إِيكُم مَّعُرُوفًا كَانَ ذَلِكَ فِي ٱلْكِتَابِ مَسْطُورًا اللَّا فَان تَفْعَلُواْ إِلَىٰ أَوْلِيَا إِكُم مَّعُرُوفًا كَانَ ذَلِكَ فِي ٱلْكِتَابِ مَسْطُورًا اللَّا اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللِهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

The Prophet is closer to the believers than their ownselves and his wives are their (believers') mothers (as regards respect and marriage). And blood relations among each other have closer personal ties in the Decree of Allâh (regarding inheritance) than (the brotherhood of) the believers and the *Muhajirûn* (emigrants from Makkah, etc.), except that you do kindness to those brothers (when the Prophet SAW joined them in brotherhood ties). This has been written in the (Allâh's Book of Divine) Decrees (*AlLauh AlMahfûz*)."

7.

وَإِذُ أَخَذُنَا مِنَ ٱلنَّبِيِّ عَنَ مِيثَنَقَهُمُ وَمِنكَ وَمِن نُّوجٍ وَإِبُرَ هِيمَ وَمُوسَىٰ وَعِيسَى ٱبُنِ مَرُيَمَ وَمُوسَىٰ وَعِيسَى ٱبُنِ مَرُيَمَ وَأَخَذُنَا مِنْهُم مِّيثَنقًا غَلِيظًا ۞

And (remember) when We took from the Prophets their covenant, and from you (O Muhammad SAW), and from Nûh (Noah), Ibrâhim (Abraham), Mûsa (Moses), and 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary). We took from them a strong covenant.

8.

لِّيَسُئَلَ ٱلصَّدِقِينَ عَن صِدُقِهِمُّ وَأَعَدَّ لِلْكَنفِرِينَ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا



That He may ask the truthfuls (Allâh's Messengers and His Prophets) about their truth (i.e. the conveyance of Allâh's Message that which they were charged with). And He has prepared for the disbelievers a painful torment (Hell-fire).

9.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱذْكُرُواْ نِعُمَةَ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ إِذْ جَآءَتُكُمْ جُنُودٌ فَأَرُسَلُنَا عَلَيْهِمُ ريحًا وَجُنُودًا لَّمُ تَرَوُهَاْ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ بَصِيرًا



O you who believe! Remember Allâh's Favour to you, when there came against you hosts, and We sent against them a wind and forces that you saw not [i.e. troops of angels during the battle of *Al-Ahzâb* (the Confederates)]. And Allâh is Ever AllSeer of what you do.

10.

إِذْ جَآءُو كُم مِّن فَوُقِكُمُ وَمِنُ أَسُفَلَ مِنكُمُ وَإِذْ زَاغَتِ ٱلْأَبُصَارُ وَبَلَغَتِ ٱلْقُلُوبُ اللَّهِ ٱلظُّنُونَا ﴿

When they came upon you from above you and from below you, and when the eyes grew wild and the hearts reached to the throats, and you were harbouring doubts about Allâh.

11

There, the believers were tried and shaken with a mighty shaking.

12.

And when the hypocrites and those in whose hearts is a disease (of doubts) said: "Allâh and His Messenger (SAW) promised us nothing but delusions!"

13.

And when a party of them said: "O people of Yathrib (AlMadinah)! There is no stand (possible) for you (against the enemy attack!) Therefore go back!" And a band of them ask for permission of the Prophet (SAW) saying: "Truly, our homes lie open (to the enemy)." And they lay not open. They but wished to flee.

14.

And if the enemy had entered from all sides (of the city), and they had been exhorted to *AlFitnah* (i.e. to renegade from Islâm to polytheism) they would surely have committed it and would have hesitated thereupon but little.

15.

And indeed they had already made a covenant with Allâh not to turn their backs, and a covenant with Allâh must be answered for.

16.

Say (O Muhammad SAW to these hypocrites who ask your permission to run away from you): "Flight will not avail you if you flee from death or killing, and then you will enjoy no more than a little while!"

قُلُ مَن ذَا ٱلَّذِى يَعُصِمُكُم مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ إِنْ أَرَادَ بِكُمُ سُوٓءًا أَوُ أَرَادَ بِكُمُ رَحُمَةً وَلَا يَجِدُونَ لَهُم مِّن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ وَلِيَّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا

Say: "Who is he who can protect you from Allâh if He intends to harm you, or intends mercy on you?" And they will not find, besides Allâh, for themselves any *Walî* (protector, supporter, etc.) or any helper.

18.

قَدُ يَعُلَمُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلمُعَوِّقِينَ مِنكُمُ وَٱلْقَآبِلِينَ لِإِخُوَ نِهِمُ هَلُمَّ إِلَيْنَا ۗ وَلَا يَأْتُونَ الْبَأْسَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا
 ٱلبَأْسَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

Allâh already knows those among you who keep back (men) from fighting in Allâh's Cause, and those who say to their brethren "Come here towards us," while they (themselves) come not to the battle except a little.

19.

أَشِحَّةً عَلَيْكُمُ مُّ فَإِذَا جَآءَ ٱلْخَوْفُ رَأَيْتَهُمُ يَنظُرُونَ إِلَيْكَ تَدُورُ أَعْيَنُهُمُ كَٱلَّذِى يُغُشَىٰ عَلَيْهِ مِنَ ٱلْمَوْتِ فَإِذَا ذَهَبَ ٱلْخَوْفُ سَلَقُوكُم أَعْيُنُهُمْ كَٱلَّذِى يُغُشَىٰ عَلَيْهِ مِنَ ٱلْمَوْتِ فَإِذَا ذَهَبَ ٱلْخَوْفُ سَلَقُوكُم بِأَلْسِنَةٍ حِدَادٍ أَشِحَّةً عَلَى ٱلْخَيْرِ ۚ أُوْلَتَ لِلَا لَمُ يُؤْمِنُواْ فَأَحْبَطَ ٱللَّهُ أَعْمَىلَهُمُ وَكَانَ ذَلِكَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ يَسِيرًا
هَا عُمَىلَهُمُ وَكَانَ ذَلِكَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ يَسِيرًا

Being miserly towards you (as regards help and aid in Allâh's Cause). Then when fear comes, you will see them looking to you, their eyes revolving like (those of) one over whom hovers death, but when the fear departs, they will smite you with sharp tongues, miserly towards (spending anything in any) good (and only covetous of booty and wealth). Such have not believed. Therefore Allâh makes their deeds fruitless, and that is ever easy for Allâh.

20.

يَحُسَبُونَ ٱلْأَحُزَابَ لَمُ يَذُهَبُواۚ وَإِن يَأْتِ ٱلْأَحْزَابُ يَوَدُّواْ لَو أَنَّهُم بَادُونَ فِي ٱلْأَعُرَابِ يَسْئَلُونَ عَن أَنْبَآبٍكُمُ ۖ وَلَو كَانُواْ فِيكُم مَّا قَنتَلُوٓاْ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا



They think that *AlAhzâb* (the Confederates) have not yet withdrawn, and if *AlAhzâb* (the Confederates) should come (again), they would wish they were in the deserts (wandering) among the bedouins, seeking news about you (from a far place); and if they (happen) to be among you, they would not fight but little.

21.

لَّقَدُ كَانَ لَكُمُ فِى رَسُولِ ٱللَّهِ أُسُوَةٌ حَسَنَةٌ لِّمَن كَانَ يَرُجُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَٱلْيَوُمَ ٱلْأَخِرَ وَذَكَرَ ٱللَّهَ كَثِيرًا ۞

Indeed in the Messenger of Allâh (Muhammad SAW) you have a good example to follow for him who hopes in (the Meeting with) Allâh and the Last Day and remembers Allâh much.

وَلَمَّا رَءَا ٱلمُؤُمِنُونَ ٱلْأَحُزَابَ قَالُواْ هَدذَا مَا وَعَدَنَا ٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَصَدَقَ ٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَصَدَقَ ٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَمَا زَادَهُمُ إِلَّآ إِيمَنَا وَتَسُلِيمًا ﴿

And when the believers saw *AlAhzâb* (the Confederates), they said: "This is what Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW) had promised us, and Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW) had spoken the truth, and it only added to their faith and to their submissiveness (to Allâh).

23

Among the believers are men who have been true to their covenant with Allâh [i.e. they have gone out for *Jihâd* (holy fighting), and showed not their backs to the disbelievers], of them some have fulfilled their obligations (i.e. have been martyred), and some of them are still waiting, but they have never changed [i.e.they never proved treacherous to their covenant which they concluded with Allâh] in the least.

24.

That Allâh may reward the men of truth for their truth (i.e. for their patience at the accomplishment of that which they covenanted with Allâh), and punish the hypocrites if He will or accept their repentance by turning to them in Mercy. Verily, Allâh is OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

25.

And Allâh drove back those who disbelieved in their rage, they gained no advantage (booty, etc.). Allâh sufficed for the believers in the fighting (by sending against the disbelievers a severe wind and troops of angels). And Allâh is Ever AllStrong, AllMighty.

26.

And those of the people of the Scripture who backed them (the disbelievers) Allâh brought them down from their forts and cast terror into their hearts, (so that) a group (of them) you killed, and a group (of them) you made captives.

وَ أَوْرَ ثَكُمُ أَرُضَهُمُ وَدِيَــرَهُمُ وَ أَمُــوَ لَهُمُ وَ أَرُضًا لَّـمُ تَطَعُوهَا ۚ وَكَانَ ٱللَّـهُ عَلَـىٰ كُـلِ ّشَــــُءٍ قَدِيــرًا ۞

And He caused you to inherit their lands, and their houses, and their riches, and a land which you had not trodden (before). And Allâh is Able to do all things.

28.

O Prophet (Muhammad SAW)! Say to your wives: If you desire the life of this world, and its glitter, Then come! I will make a provision for you and set you free in a handsome manner (divorce).

29.

But if you desire Allâh and His Messenger, and the home of the Hereafter, then verily, Allâh has prepared for *AlMuhsinât* (gooddoers) amongst you an enormous reward.

30.

O wives of the Prophet! Whoever of you commits an open illegal sexual intercourse, the torment for her will be doubled, and that is ever easy for Allâh.

31.

And whosoever of you is obedient to Allâh and His Messenger SAW, and does righteous good deeds, We shall give her, her reward twice over, and We have prepared for her *Rizqan Karima* (a noble provision Paradise).

32.

O wives of the Prophet! You are not like any other women. If you keep your duty (to Allâh), then be not soft in speech, lest he in whose heart is a disease (of hypocrisy, or evil desire for adultery, etc.) should be moved with desire, but speak in an honourable manner.

وَقَرُنَ فِى بُيُوتِكُنَّ وَلَا تَبَرَّجُنَ تَبَرُّ جَ ٱلْجَنهِلِيَّةِ ٱلْأُولَىُّ وَأَقِمُنَ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَقَرَن فِى بُيُوتِكُنَّ وَلَا تَبَرَّجُنَ تَبَرُّ جَ ٱلْجَنهِلِيَّةِ ٱلْأُولَىُ وَأَقِمُنَ ٱلطَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَ إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ ٱللَّهُ لِيُذُهِبَ عَنكُمُ الرِّجُسَ أَهُلَ اللَّهُ لِيُذُهِبَ عَنكُمُ الرِّجُسَ أَهُلَ النَّبُتِ وَيُطَهِرَ كُمُ تَطُهِيرًا ﴿

And stay in your houses, and do not display yourselves like that of the times of ignorance, and perform *As-Salât* (*IqamâtasSalât*), and give *Zakât* and obey Allâh and His Messenger. Allâh wishes only to remove *ArRijs* (evil deeds and sins, etc.) from you, O members of the family (of the Prophet SAW), and to purify you with a thorough purification.

34.

وَٱذۡكُرُنَ مَا يُتُلَىٰ فِى بُيُوتِكُنَّ مِنُ ءَايَـتِ ٱللَّهِ وَٱلۡحِكُمَةِ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهِ وَٱلۡحِكُمَةِ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ لَطِيفًا خَبِيرًا ﴿

And remember (O you the members of the Prophet's family, the Graces of your Lord), that which is recited in your houses of the Verses of Allâh and AlHikmah (i.e. Prophet's Sunnah legal ways, etc. so give your thanks to Allâh and glorify His Praises for this Qur'an and the Sunnah). Verily, Allâh is Ever Most Courteous, WellAcquainted with all things.

35.

إِنَّ ٱلْمُسْلِمِينَ وَٱلْمُسُلِمَتِ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنَتِ وَٱلْقَنِتِينَ وَٱلْقَنِتِينَ وَٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَٱلصَّبِرِينَ وَٱلصَّبِرِتِ وَٱلْخَنشِعِينَ وَٱلصَّبِرِينَ وَٱلصَّبِمِينَ وَٱلْخَنشِعِينَ وَٱلصَّبِمِينَ وَٱلصَّبِمِينَ وَٱلصَّبِمِينَ وَٱلصَّبِمِينَ وَٱلصَّبِمِينَ وَٱلصَّبِمِينَ وَٱلصَّبِمِينَ وَٱلصَّبِمِينَ وَٱلْخَنْفِطِينَ فُرُوجَهُمُ وَٱلْحَنفِظَينَ وَٱلْذَّكِرِينَ ٱللَّهَ كَثِيرًا وَٱلذَّكِرَتِ وَٱلْخَنْفِطِينَ فُرُوجَهُمُ وَٱلْحَنفِظَينَ وَٱلذَّكِرِينَ ٱللَّهَ كَثِيرًا وَٱلذَّكِرَتِ أَلَّهَ مَعْفِيرَةً وَأَجُرًا عَظِيمًا

أَعَدَّ ٱللَّهُ لَهُم مَعْفِيرَةً وَأَجُرًا عَظِيمًا

أَعَدَّ ٱللَّهُ لَهُم مَعْفِيرَةً وَأَجُرًا عَظِيمًا

أَعَدَّ ٱللَّهُ لَهُم مَعْفِيرَةً وَأَجُرًا عَظِيمًا

أَعَدَّ ٱللَّه عَلَيْهُا السَّهُ لَهُم مَعْفِيرَةً وَأَجُرًا عَظِيمًا

أَعَدَّ ٱللَّه لَهُ لَهُ مَ مَعْفِيرَةً وَأَجُرًا عَظِيمًا

أَعَدَّ ٱللَّه لَهُ لَهُ مِ مَعْفِيرًا وَالْحَنْ الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْعَلْمُ الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمُ الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمُ الْعَلْمَ الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَ الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمُ الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعُلْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلَامُ الْعَلْمَا الْعَلَيْمَا الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَيْمَا الْعَلْمَا الْعَلَامُ الْعُلْمَا الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَيْمَا الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعُلْمَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعُلْمُ الْعَلَامُ الْعُلْمُ الْعَلَامُ الْعُلْمُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ

Verily, the Muslims (those who submit to Allâh in Islâm) men and women, the believers men and women (who believe in Islâmic Monotheism), the men and the women who are obedient (to Allâh), the men and women who are truthful (in their speech and deeds), the men and the women who are patient (in performing all the duties which Allâh has ordered and in abstaining from all that Allâh has forbidden), the men and the women who are humble (before their Lord Allâh), the men and the women who give Sadaqât (i.e. Zakât, and alms, etc.), the men and the women who observe Saum (fast) (the obligatory fasting during the month of Ramadân, and the optional Nawâfil fasting), the men and the women who guard their chastity (from illegal sexual acts) and the men and the women who remember Allâh much with their hearts and tongues (while sitting, standing, lying, etc. for more than 300 times extra over the remembrance of Allâh during the five compulsory congregational prayers) or praying extra additional Nawâfil prayers of night in the last part of night, etc.) Allâh has prepared for them forgiveness and a great reward (i.e. Paradise).

36.

وَمَا كَانَ لِمُؤُمِنٍ وَلَا مُؤُمِنَةٍ إِذَا قَضَى ٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ ۚ أَمُرًا أَن يَكُونَ لَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ ۚ أَمُرًا أَن يَكُونَ لَهُمُ ٱلنِّهِ وَرَسُولَهُ وَقَدَ ضَلَّ ضَلَاللَّا مُّبِينًا ﴿ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَقَدَ ضَلَّ ضَلَاللَّا مُّبِينًا ﴿ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَقَدَ ضَلَّ ضَلَاللَّا مُّبِينًا ﴿

It is not for a believer, man or woman, when Allâh and His Messenger have decreed a matter that they should have any option in their decision. And whoever disobeys Allâh and His Messenger, he has indeed strayed in a plain error.

وَإِذُ تَقُولُ لِلَّذِى أَنْعَمَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَأَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِ أَمْسِكُ عَلَيْكَ زَوْجَكَ وَٱتَّقِ ٱللَّهَ وَتُخْفَى النَّاسَ وَٱللَّهُ أَحَقُّ أَن اللَّهَ وَتُخْفَى النَّاسَ وَٱللَّهُ أَحَقُّ أَن اللَّهَ وَتُخْفَى النَّاسَ وَٱللَّهُ أَحَقُّ أَن اللَّهَ وَتُخْفَى النَّاسَ وَٱللَّهُ أَحَقُّ أَن اللَّهُ وَتُخْفَى النَّاسَ وَٱللَّهُ أَحَقُ أَن اللَّهُ وَتُخْفَى النَّاسَ وَٱللَّهُ أَحَقُ أَن اللَّهُ وَتُخْفَى النَّاسَ وَٱللَّهُ أَحَقُ اللَّهُ وَطَرَا وَوَجُنكَ اللَّهُ وَطَرَا وَكَانَ أَمُن اللَّهِ مَفْعُولًا ﴿ اللَّهِ مَفْعُولًا ﴿ اللَّهِ مَفْعُولًا ﴿ اللَّهِ مَفْعُولًا ﴿ اللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا ﴿ اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا ﴿ اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا ﴿ اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا ﴿ اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا ﴿ اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا ﴿ اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا اللَّهُ مَفْعُولًا اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ الْعَلَيْ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ مَا اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ مَا اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمَالُولُ اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَنْ اللَّهُ الْمَالُولُ الْمَالِكُ الْمَالُولُ الْمَالُولُ الْمَالُولُ الْمَالُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ الْمَالُولُ اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ الْمُلْ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَالُ اللَّهُ الْمُعُلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمَالُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْعُلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْعُلُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُعْلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْعُلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْعُلُولُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكُولُ الْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْعُلُولُ الْمُنْ الْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكُولُ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ الْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ الْمُلْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْعُلُولُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْمُ اللَّلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُلْمُ الْمُنْعُلُولُ الْ

And (remember) when you said to him (Zaid bin Hârithah radhiallahu anhu the freedslave of the Prophet SAW) on whom Allâh has bestowed Grace (by guiding him to Islâm) and you (O Muhammad SAW too) have done favour (by manumitting him) "Keep your wife to yourself, and fear Allâh." But you did hide in yourself (i.e. what Allâh has already made known to you that He will give her to you in marriage) that which Allâh will make manifest, you did fear the people (i.e., Muhammad SAW married the divorced wife of his manumitted slave) whereas Allâh had a better right that you should fear Him. So when Zaid had accomplished his desire from her (i.e. divorced her), We gave her to you in marriage, so that (in future) there may be no difficulty to the believers in respect of (the marriage of) the wives of their adopted sons when the latter have no desire to keep them (i.e. they have divorced them). And Allâh's Command must be fulfilled.

38.

There is no blame on the Prophet (SAW) in that which Allâh has made legal for him. That has been Allâh's Way with those who have passed away of (the Prophets of) old. And the Command of Allâh is a decree determined.

39.

Those who convey the Message of Allâh and fear Him, and fear none save Allâh. And Sufficient is Allâh as a Reckoner.

40.

Muhammad (SAW) is not the father of any man among you, but he is the Messenger of Allâh and the last (end) of the Prophets . And Allâh is Ever AllAware of everything.

41

O you who believe! Remember Allâh with much remembrance.

And glorify His Praises morning and afternoon [the early morning (Fajr) and 'Asr prayers].

43.

He it is Who sends *Salât* (His blessings) on you, and His angels too (ask Allâh to bless and forgive you), that He may bring you out from darkness (of disbelief and polytheism) into light (of Belief and Islâmic Monotheism). And He is Ever Most Merciful to the believers.

44.

Their greeting on the Day they shall meet Him will be "Salâm: Peace (i.e. the angels will say to them: Salâmu 'Alaikum)!" And He has prepared for them a generous reward (i.e. Paradise).

45

O Prophet (Muhammadsaw)! Verily, We have sent you as witness, and a bearer of glad tidings, and a warner,

46.

And as one who invites to Allâh [Islâmic Monotheism, i.e. to worship none but Allâh (Alone)] by His Leave, and as a lamp spreading light (through your instructions from the Qur'ân and the Sunnah the legal ways of the Prophet SAW Π).

47.

And announce to the believers (in the Oneness of Allâh and in His Messenger Muhammad SAW) the glad tidings, that they will have from Allâh a Great Bounty.

48.

And obey not the disbelievers and the hypocrites, and harm them not (till you are ordered). And put your trust in Allâh, and Sufficient is Allâh as a *Wakîl* (Trustee, or Disposer of affairs).

49.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ إِذَا نَكَحُتُمُ ٱلْمُؤُمِنَنِ ثُمَّ طَلَّقُتُمُوهُنَّ مِن قَبُلِ أَن تَمَسُّوهُنَّ فَمَا لَكُمْ عَلَيُهِنَّ مِنْ عِدَّةٍ تَعُتَدُّونَهَا ۖ فَمَتِّعُوهُنَّ وَسَرِّحُوهُنَّ سَرَاحًا جَمِيلًا ۞ O you who believe! When you marry believing women, and then divorce them before you have sexual intercourse with them, no 'Iddah [divorce prescribed period, see (V.65:4)] have you to count in respect of them. So give them a present, and set them free i.e. divorce, in a handsome manner.

50.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّبِيُّ إِنَّاۤ أَحُلَلُنَا لَكَ أَزُوَ ﴿ جَكَ ٱلَّنتِیۤ ءَاتَیْتَ أُجُورَهُنَّ وَمَا مَلَکَتُ يَمِینُكَ مِمَّا أَفَاءَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَیْكَ وَبَنَاتِ عَمِّكَ وَبَنَاتِ عَمِّنتِكَ وَبَنَاتِ عَمِّنتِكَ وَبَنَاتِ عَمِّنتِكَ وَبَنَاتِ عَمِّنتِكَ وَبَنَاتِ عَمِّنتِكَ وَبَنَاتِ عَمِّنتِكَ وَبَنَاتِ خَلَلِكَ وَبَنَاتِ عَمِّنتِكَ وَامُرَ أَةً مُّؤُمِنَةً إِن وَهَبَتُ خَالِكَ وَبَنَاتِ خَلَلتِكَ ٱلنَّتِى هَاجَرُنَ مَعَكَ وَٱمُرَ أَةً مُّؤُمِنَةً إِن وَهَبَتُ نَفُسَهَا لِلنَّبِيِّ إِنْ أَرَادَ ٱلنَّبِيُ أَن يَسْتَنكِحَهَا خَالِصَةً لَّـكَ مِن دُونِ نَفُسُهَا لِلنَّبِيِ إِنْ أَرَادَ ٱلنَّبِي أَن يَسْتَنكِحَهَا خَالِصَةً لَّـكَ مِن دُونِ اللَّهُ وَمِن أَرَادَ ٱلنَّبِي أَن اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ فِي اللَّهُ عَلَيْكِمُ وَمَا مَلَكَتُ أَلُمُ وَمِنا اللَّهُ عَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ اللَّهُ عَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ اللَّهُ عَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ اللَّهُ عَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُ مَن عَلَيْكُ حَرَ مُ اللَّهُ عَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ﴿ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عِلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ الْمِيلِي اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ الْمَلْكُ لَلَ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ الْمَالِقُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمَالِقُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ الْمَالِولَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمَالِقُولُ اللَّهُ الْمَلْكُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُلْكُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّه

O Prophet (Muhammad SAW)! Verily, We have made lawful to you your wives, to whom you have paid their *Mahr* (bridal money given by the husband to his wife at the time of marriage), and those (captives or slaves) whom your right hand possesses - whom Allâh has given to you, and the daughters of your *'Amma'* (paternal uncles) and the daughters of your *Khâlah* (maternal aunts) and the daughters of your *Khâlah* (maternal aunts) who migrated (from Makkah) with you, and a believing woman if she offers herself to the Prophet, and the Prophet wishes to marry her; a privilege for you only, not for the (rest of) the believers. Indeed We know what We have enjoined upon them about their wives and those (captives or slaves) whom their right hands possess, - in order that there should be no difficulty on you. And Allâh is Ever Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

51.

You (O Muhammad SAW) can postpone (the turn of) whom you will of them (your wives), and you may receive whom you will. And whomsoever you desire of those whom you have set aside (her turn temporarily), it is no sin on you (to receive her again), that is better; that they may be comforted and not grieved, and may all be pleased with what you give them. Allâh knows what is in your hearts. And Allâh is Ever AllKnowing, Most Forbearing.

52.

لَّا يَحِلُّ لَكَ ٱلنِّسَآءُ مِنْ بَعُدُ وَلَآ أَن تَبَدَّلَ بِهِنَّ مِنُ أَزُوَ ﴿ وَلَوُ أَعُجَبَكَ حُسُنُهُنَّ إِلَّا مَا مَلَكَتُ يَمِينُكُ ۗ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ رَّقِيبًا ۞

It is not lawful for you (to marry other) women after this, nor to change them for other wives even though their beauty attracts you, except those (captives or slaves) whom your right hand possesses. And Allâh is Ever a Watcher over all things.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَدُخُلُواْ بُيُوتَ ٱلنَّبِيِّ إِلَّا أَن يُؤُذَنَ لَكُمُ إِلَىٰ طَعَامٍ غَيْرَ نَاظِرِينَ إِنَهُ وَلَاكِنُ إِذَا دُعِيتُمْ فَٱدُخُلُواْ فَإِذَا طَعِمُتُمُ طَعَامٍ غَيْرَ نَاظِرِينَ إِنَه وَلَاكِنُ إِذَا دُعِيتُمْ فَٱدُخُلُواْ فَإِذَا طَعِمُتُمُ فَأَنتَشِرُواْ وَلَا مُسْتَغُنِسِينَ لِحَدِيثٍ إِنَّ ذَلِكُمْ كَانَ يُوْذِي ٱلنَّبِيَّ فَأَنتَشِرُواْ وَلَا مُسْتَغُنِسِينَ لِحَدِيثٍ إِنَّ ذَلِكُمْ كَانَ يُوفِذِي ٱلنَّبِيَّ فَيَسُتَحُي مِن ٱلْحَقِّ وَإِذَا سَأَلْتُمُوهُنَّ مَتَعَا فَيَسُتَحُي مِن ٱلْحَقِّ وَإِذَا سَأَلْتُمُوهُنَّ مَتَعَا فَيَسُتَحُي مِن وَرَآءِ حِجَابٍ ذَلِكُم أَطُهَرُ لِقُلُوبِكُمْ وَقُلُوبِهِنَّ وَمَا كَانَ لَكُمْ أَن تُنكِحُواْ أَرُواجَهُ ومِنْ بَعُدِهِ مَ أَبَدًا لَكُمْ أَن تُنكِحُواْ أَرُواجَهُ ومِنْ بَعُدِهِ مَ أَبَدًا لَكُمْ أَن تُنكِحُواْ أَرُواجَهُ ومِنْ بَعُدِهِ مَ أَبَدًا لَكُمْ أَن تُؤَوْ وَا رَسُولَ ٱللَّهِ وَلَا أَن تَنكِحُواْ أَرُواجَهُ ومِنْ بَعُدِهِ مَ أَبَدًا لَكُمْ أَن تُؤُووْ وَهُ مَنْ بَعُدِهِ مَا لَكُمْ أَن تُؤَوْهُ مَا مَنُ وَالْ اللّهُ وَلَا أَن تَنكِحُواْ أَرُواجَهُ ومِنْ بَعُدِهِ مَا أَبَدًا لَاللّهُ وَلَا أَن تَنكِحُواْ أَزُواجَهُ ومِنْ بَعُدِهِ مَا أَلَا لَا اللّهُ وَلَا أَن تَنكِحُواْ أَزُو وَجَهُ ومِنْ بَعُدِهِ مَا أَلَا لَا اللّهُ وَلَا أَن تَنكِحُواْ أَزُواجَهُ ومِنْ بَعُدِهِ مَ أَبَدًا لَعُنسِينَا فَا لَا يَعْلَى اللّهُ وَلَا أَن تَنكِحُواْ أَنْ وَاجَهُ ومِنْ بَعُدِهِ مَا أَنْ تَنكِحُواْ أَرُواجَهُ ومِنْ بَعُدِهِ مَا أَنْ اللّهُ وَلَا أَن تَنكِحُواْ أَنْ وَاجَهُ وَا مَا كُانَ اللّهُ وَلَا أَن تَنكِحُوا أَنْ اللّهُ وَلَا أَنْ اللّهُ وَلَا أَنْ اللّهُ وَلَا أَنْ اللّهُ الْمُ الْمُؤَالِ اللّهُ الْمُ الْمُؤَلِّ الْمَالِقُولُ اللّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُولُوا اللّهُ وَالْمُ الْمُؤَالُولُولُولُوا اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الْمِنْ الْمُؤْلُولُوا اللّهُ اللّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُوا اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الْمُؤْلُولُوا اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الْمُؤَلِّ الْمُؤَلِّ الْمُؤَلِّ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الْمُؤَلِّ الْمُؤَلِّ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الْمُؤَلِّ الْم

إِنَّ ذَالِكُ مُ كَانَ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ عَظِيمًا ﴿

O you who believe! Enter not the Prophet's houses, except when leave is given to you for a meal, (and then) not (so early as) to wait for its preparation. But when you are invited, enter, and when you have taken your meal, disperse, without sitting for a talk. Verily, such (behaviour) annoys the Prophet, and he is shy of (asking) you (to go), but Allâh is not shy of (telling you) the truth. And when you ask (his wives) for anything you want, ask them from behind a screen, that is purer for your hearts and for their hearts. And it is not (right) for you that you should annoy Allâh's Messenger, nor that you should ever marry his wives after him (his death). Verily! With Allâh that shall be an enormity.

54.

Whether you reveal anything or conceal it, verily, Allâh is Ever AllKnower of everything.

55.

لَّا جُنَاحَ عَلَيْهِنَّ فِي ءَابَآيِهِنَّ وَلَا آَبُنَآيِهِنَّ وَلَا آَبُنَآيِهِنَّ وَلَا آَبُنَآءِ إِخُونِهِنَّ وَلَا آَبُنَآءِ إِخُونِهِنَّ وَلَا آَبُنَآءِ إِخُونِهِنَّ وَلَا أَبُنَآءِ أَخُونِهِنَّ وَلَا يَسَآيِهِنَّ وَلَا مَا مَلَكَتُ أَيْمَىنُهُنَّ وَٱتَّقِينَ ٱللَّهَ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدًا

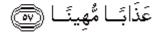
كَانَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدًا

It is no sin on them (the Prophet's wives, if they appear unveiled) before their fathers, or their sons, or their brothers, or their brother's sons, or the sons of their sisters, or their own (believing) women, or their (female) slaves, and keep your duty to Allâh. Verily, Allâh is Ever AllWitness over everything.

56.

Allâh sends His Salât (Graces, Honours, Blessings, Mercy, etc.) on the Prophet (Muhammad SAW) and also His angels too (ask Allâh to bless and forgive him). O you who believe! Send your Salât on (ask Allâh to bless) him (Muhammad SAW), and (you should) greet (salute) him with the Islâmic way of greeting (salutation i.e. AsSalâmu 'Alaikum).

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يُؤُذُونَ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ ۗ لَعَنَهُمُ ٱللَّهُ فِي ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱلْأَخِرَةِ وَأَعَدَّ لَهُمُ



Verily, those who annoy Allâh and His Messenger (SAW) $^{\Pi}$ Allâh has cursed them in this world, and in the Hereafter, and has prepared for them a humiliating torment.

58.

وَٱلَّذِينَ يُؤُذُونَ ٱلْمُؤمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤمِنَيتِ بِغَيْرِ مَا ٱكْتَسَبُواْ فَقَدِ ٱحُتَمَلُواْ بُهُتَننَا وَإِثْمًا مُّبِينًا ۞

And those who annoy believing men and women undeservedly, bear on themselves the crime of slander and plain sin.

59.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّبِىُّ قُل لِّأَزُوَ جِكَ وَبَنَاتِكَ وَنِسَآءِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ يُدُنِينَ عَلَيُهِنَّ مِن جَلَىبِيبِهِنَّ ذَٰلِكَ أَدُنَىٰۤ أَن يُعُرَفُنَ فَلَا يُؤُذَيُنَ ۗ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا



O Prophet! Tell your wives and your daughters and the women of the believers to draw their cloaks (veils) all over their bodies (i.e.screen themselves completely except the eyes or one eye to see the way). That will be better, that they should be known (as free respectable women) so as not to be annoyed. And Allâh is Ever OftForgiving, Most Merciful \Box .

60.

لَّبِن لَّـمُ يَنتَهِ ٱلْمُنتِفِقُ ونَ وَٱلَّذِينَ فِى قُلُوبِهِم مَّرَضُ وَٱلْمُرْجِفُونَ
 فِـى ٱلْمَدِينَةِ لَنُغُ رِيَنَّكَ بِهِـمُ ثُمَّ لَا يُجَاوِرُونَكَ فِيهَ آ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا

If the hypocrites, and those in whose hearts is a disease (evil desire for adultery, etc.), and those who spread false news among the people in AlMadinah, cease not, We shall certainly let you overpower them, then they will not be able to stay in it as your neighbours but a little while.

61.

Accursed, wherever found, they shall be seized and killed with a (terrible) slaughter.

62.

سُنَّةَ ٱللَّهِ فِي ٱلَّذِينَ خَلَوا مِن قَبُلُّ وَلَن تَجدَ لِسُنَّةِ ٱللَّهِ تَبُدِيلًا



That was the Way of Allâh in the case of those who passed away of old, and you will not find any change in the Way of Allâh.

63

يَسُئَلُكَ ٱلنَّاسُ عَنِ ٱلسَّاعَةِ قُلُ إِنَّمَا عِلْمُهَا عِندَ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا يُدُرِيكَ لَعَلَّ ٱلسَّاعَةَ تَكُونُ قَرِيبًا ۞

People ask you concerning the Hour, say: "The knowledge of it is with Allâh only. What do you know? It may be that the Hour is near!"

64.

Verily, Allâh has cursed the disbelievers, and has prepared for them a flaming Fire (Hell).

65.

Wherein they will abide for ever, and they will find neither a Walî (a protector) nor a helper.

66.

On the Day when their faces will be turned over in the Fire, they will say: "Oh, would that we had obeyed Allâh and obeyed the Messenger (Muhammad SAW)."

67.



And they will say: "Our Lord! Verily, we obeyed our chiefs and our great ones, and they misled us from the (Right) Way.

68.

Our Lord! give them double torment and curse them with a mighty curse!"

69.

O you who believe! Be not like those who annoyed Mûsa (Moses), but Allâh cleared him of that which they alleged, and he was honourable before Allâh $^{{
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m I}}$.

70.

O you who believe! Keep your duty to Allâh and fear Him, and speak (always) the truth.

يُصُلِحُ لَكُمُ أَعُمَىٰلَكُمُ وَيَغُفِرُ لَكُمُ ذُنُوبَكُمُۗ وَمَن يُطِعِ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُۥ فَقَدُ فَازَ فَوُزًا عَظِيمًا ۞

He will direct you to do righteous good deeds and will forgive you your sins. And whosoever obeys Allâh and His Messenger (SAW) he has indeed achieved a great achievement (i.e. he will be saved from the Hell-fire and made to enter Paradise).

72.

Truly, We did offer *AlAmânah* (the trust or moral responsibility or honesty and all the duties which Allâh has ordained) to the heavens and the earth, and the mountains, but they declined to bear it and were afraid of it (i.e. afraid of Allâh's Torment). But man bore it. Verily, he was unjust (to himself) and ignorant (of its results). II

73.

So that Allâh will punish the hypocrites, men and women, and the men and women who are *Al-Mushrikûn* (the polytheists, idolaters, pagans, disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh, and in His Messenger Muhammad SAW). And Allâh will pardon (accept the repentance of) the true believers of the Islâmic Monotheism, men and women. And Allâh is Ever OftForgiving, Most Merciful.

34. Saba' Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

ٱلْحَمُدُ لِلَّهِ ٱلَّذِى لَهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَمُدُ فِي الْخَمِدُ فِي الْأَخِرَةِ وَهُو ٱلْحَكِيمُ ٱلْخَبِيرُ ۞

All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, to Whom belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. His is all the praises and thanks in the Hereafter, and He is the AllWise, the AllAware.

2.

يَعُلَـمُ مَا يَلِـجُ فِـى ٱلْأَرُضِ وَمَا يَخُـرُ جُ مِنْهَا وَمَا يَـنزِلُ مِـنَ السَّمَآءِ وَمَا يَعُرُ جُ فِيهَا وَهُوَ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ٱلْغَفُورُ ۞

He knows that which goes into the earth and that which comes forth from it, and that which descend from the heaven and that which ascends to it. And He is the Most Merciful, the OftForgiving.

3.

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَا تَأْتِينَا ٱلسَّاعَةُ قُلُ بَلَىٰ وَرَبِّى لَتَأْتِيَنَّكُمُ عَلِمِ ٱلُغَيُّبِ لَا يَعُرُبُ عَنُهُ مِثْقَالُ ذَرَّةٍ فِى ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَلَا فِى ٱلْأَرُضِ وَلَآ أَصُغَرُ مِن ذَلِكَ وَلَآ أَكُبَرُ إِلَّا فِى كِتَنْبِ مُّبِينِ

Those who disbelieve say: "The Hour will not come to us." Say: "Yes, by my Lord, it will come to you." (Allâh, He is) the AllKnower of the unseen, not even the weight of an atom (or a small ant) or less than that or greater, escapes from His Knowledge in the heavens or in the earth, but it is in a Clear Book (AlLauh AlMahfûz).

4.

لِّيَجُــزِى ٱلَّــذِينَ ءَامَنُــواْ وَعَمِلُــواْ ٱلصَّللِحَــنِ ۚ أُوْلَتَبِـكَ لَهُــم مَّغُفِــرَةٌ وَرِزُقٌ كَــرِيمٌ ۞

That He may recompense those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds. Those, theirs is forgiveness and *Rizqun Karîm* (generous provision, i.e. Paradise).

5.

وَٱلَّـــذِينَ سَــعَوُ فِـــــنَ ءَايَـــتِنَــا مُعَــجِـــزِينَ أُوْلَــَيِــكَ لَهُـــمُ عَـــذَابُ مِّـــن رِّجُـــزٍ أَلِيـــمُّ ۞

But those who strive against Our $Ay\hat{a}t$ (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) to frustrate them, those, for them will be a severe painful torment \mathbb{I} .

And those who have been given knowledge see that what is revealed to you (O Muhammad SAW) from your Lord is the truth, and guides to the Path of the Exalted in Might, Owner of all praise.

7

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ هَلُ نَدُلُّكُمُ عَلَىٰ رَجُلٍ يُنَبِّئُكُمُ إِذَا مُزِّقُتُمُ كُلَّ مُمَزَّقٍ إِنَّكُمُ لَفِي خَلُقٍ جَدِيدٍ ۞

Those who disbelieve say: "Shall we direct you to a man (Muhammad SAW) who will tell you (that) when you have become fully disintegrated into dust with full dispersion, then, you will be created (again) anew?"

8.

أَفُتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ كَذِبًا أَم بِهِ عَجِنَّةٌ بَلِ ٱلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْأَخِرَةِ فِي ٱلْعَذَابِ وَٱلضَّلَالَ ٱلْبَعِيدِ ۞

Has he (Muhammad SAW) invented a lie against Allâh, or is there a madness in him? Nay, but those who disbelieve in the Hereafter are (themselves) in a torment, and in far error.

9.

أَفَلَـمُ يَـرَوُاْ إِلَـىٰ مَـا بَيُـنَ أَيُدِيهِمُ وَمَا خَلُفَهُم مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ ۚ إِن ذَّشَـأُ نَخُسِفُ بِهِـمُ ٱلْأَرُضَ أَوُ نُسُـقِطُ عَلَيْهِـمُ كِسَـفَا مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ ۚ إِنَّ فِى ذَالِكَ لَآيَةً لِّكُلِّ عَبُدٍ مُّنِيبٍ

See they not what is before them and what is behind them, of the heaven and the earth? If We will, We shall sink the earth with them, or cause a piece of the heaven to fall upon them. Verily, in this is a sign for every faithful believer that [believes in the Oneness of Allâh], and turns to Allâh (in all affairs with humility and in repentance).

10.

﴿ وَلَقَدُ ءَاتَيُنَا دَاوُ وَ مِنَّا فَضُلّا يَنجِبَالُ أَوِّبِى مَعَهُ وَٱلطَّيُرُّ وَأَلَنَّا لَهُ ٱلْحَدِيدَ ۞

And indeed We bestowed grace on David from Us (saying): "O you mountains. Glorify (Allâh) with him! And you birds (also)! And We made the iron soft for him."

11.

أَنِ ٱعُمَلُ سَنِغَنتٍ وَقَدِّرُ فِى ٱلسَّرُدِّ وَٱعُمَلُواْ صَلِحًا ۖ إِنِّى بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ شَ

Saying: "Make you perfect coats of mail, balancing well the rings of chain armour, and work you (men) righteousness. Truly, I am AllSeer of what you do."

وَلِسُلَيْمَانَ ٱلرِّيحَ غُدُوُّهَا شَهُرٌ وَرَوَاحُهَا شَهُرُ ۗ وَأَسَلُنَا لَهُ عَيْنَ اللَّهِ عَيْنَ الْقِطُرِ ۗ وَمِنَ ٱلْجِنِّ مَن يَعْمَلُ بَيْنَ يَدَيُهِ بِإِذُنِ رَبِّهِ ۗ وَمَن يَزِغُ مِنْهُمُ الْقِيلُ وَمِنَ ٱلْجِنِّ مَن يَعْمَلُ بَيْنَ يَدَيُهِ بِإِذُنِ رَبِّهِ ۗ وَمَن يَزِغُ مِنْهُمُ عَنْ أَمُرِنَا نُذِقُهُ مِنْ عَنْ السَّعِيرِ ﴿

And to Solomon (We subjected) the wind, its morning (stride from sunrise till midnoon) was a month's (journey), and its afternoon (stride from the midday decline of the sun to sunset) was a month's (journey i.e. in one day he could travel two months' journey). And We caused a fount of (molten) brass to flow for him, and there were jinns that worked in front of him, by the Leave of his Lord, and whosoever of them turned aside from Our Command, We shall cause him to taste of the torment of the blazing Fire.

13.

يَعُمَلُونَ لَهُ مَا يَشَآءُ مِن مَّحَرِيبَ وَتَمَنثِيلَ وَجِفَانٍ كَٱلُجَوَابِ وَقُدُورٍ رَّاسِيَنتٍ ٱعْمَلُوٓاْ ءَالَ دَاوُ ودَ شُكُرًا ۚ وَقَلِيلٌ مِّنُ عِبَادِى ٱلشَّكُورُ ﴿

They worked for him what he desired, (making) high rooms, images, basins as large as reservoirs, and (cooking) cauldrons fixed (in their places). "Work you, O family of Dâwud (David), with thanks!" But few of My slaves are grateful.

14.

فَلَمَّا قَضَيْنَا عَلَيْهِ ٱلْمَوْتَ مَا دَلَّهُمْ عَلَىٰ مَوْتِهِ ۚ إِلَّا دَآبَّةُ ٱلْأَرْضِ تَأْكُلُ مِنسَأَتَهُ ۗ فَلَمَّا خَرَّ تَبَيَّنَتِ ٱلْجِنُّ أَن لَّو كَانُواْ يَعُلَمُونَ ٱلْغَيْبَ مَا لَبِثُواْ فِي مِنسَأَتَهُ ۗ فَلَمَّا خَرَّ تَبَيَّنَتِ ٱلْجِنُّ أَن لَّو كَانُواْ يَعُلَمُونَ ٱلْغَيْبَ مَا لَبِثُواْ فِي الْعَذَابِ ٱلْمُهِين اللهَ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ

Then when We decreed death for him [Sulaimân (Solomon)], nothing informed them (jinns) of his death except a little worm of the earth, which kept (slowly) gnawing away at his stick, so when he fell down, the jinns saw clearly that if they had known the unseen, they would not have stayed in the humiliating torment.

15.

لَقَدُ كَانَ لِسَبَإٍ فِي مَسْكَنِهِمُ ءَايَةٌ جَنَّتَانِ عَن يَمِينٍ وَشِمَالٍ كُلُواْ مِن رِّزُقِ رَبِّكُمُ وَٱشُكُرُواْ لَهُ ۚ بَلُدَةٌ طَيِّبَةٌ وَرَبُّ غَفُورٌ ۞

Indeed there was for Saba' (Sheba) a sign in their dwelling place, - two gardens on the right hand and on the left (and it was said to them) "Eat of the provision of your Lord, and be grateful to Him, a fair land and OftForgiving Lord.

16.

فَأَعُرَضُواْ فَأَرُسَلُنَا عَلَيْهِمُ سَيُلَ ٱلْعَرِمِ وَبَدَّلُنَىهُم بِجَنَّتَيُهِمُ جَنَّتَيُنِ ذَوَاتَى أُكُلٍ خَمُطٍ وَأَثُلٍ وَشَيْءٍ مِّن سِدْرٍ قَلِيلٍ ﴿

But they turned away (from the obedience of Allâh), so We sent against them *Sail Al'Arim* (flood released from the dam), and We converted their two gardens into gardens producing bitter bad fruit, and tamarisks, and some few lotetrees.

ذَ لِكَ جَـزَيننهُم بِمَا كَفَـرُواً وَهَـلُ نُجَـنزِيٓ إِلَّا ٱلْكَفُـورَ



Like this We requited them because they were ungrateful disbelievers. And never do We requit in such a way except those who are ungrateful, (disbelievers).

18.

And We placed between them and the towns which We had blessed, towns easy to be seen, and We made the stages (of journey) between them easy (saying): "Travel in them safely both by night and day."

19.

But they said: "Our Lord! Make the stages between our journey longer," and they wronged themselves, so We made them as tales (in the land), and We dispersed them all, totally. Verily, in this are indeed signs for every steadfast grateful (person).

20.

And indeed *Iblîs* (Satan) did prove true his thought about them, and they followed him, all except a group of true believers (in the Oneness of Allâh).

21.

And he (*Iblîs* Satan) had no authority over them, except that We might test him, who believes in the Hereafter from him who is in doubt about it. And your Lord is a *Hafiz* over everything. (AllKnower of everything i.e. He keeps record of each and every person as regards deeds, and then He will reward them accordingly).

22.

Say: (O Muhammad SAW to those polytheists, pagans, etc.) "Call upon those whom you assert (to be associate gods) besides Allâh, they possess not even the weight of an atom (or a small ant), either in the heavens or on the earth, nor have they any share in either, nor there is for Him any supporter from among them.

وَلَا تَنفَعُ ٱلشَّفَعَةُ عِندَهُ وَ إِلَّا لِمَن أَذِنَ لَهُ وَ حَدَّى إِذَا فُرِّعَ عَن قُلُوبِهِمُ قَالُواْ مَاذَا قَالَ رَبُّكُمُ قَالُواْ ٱلْحَقُّ وَهُو ٱلْعَلِيُّ ٱلْكَبِيرُ



Intercession with Him profits not, except for him whom He permits. Until when fear is banished from their (angels') hearts, they (angels) say: "What is it that your Lord has said?" They say: "The truth. And He is the Most High, the Most Great."

24.

Say (O Muhammad SAW to these polytheists, pagans, etc.) "Who gives you provision from the heavens and the earth?" Say: "Allâh, And verily, (either) we or you are rightly guided or in a plain error."

25.

Say (O Muhammad SAW to these polytheists, pagans, etc.) "You will not be asked about our sins, nor shall we be asked of what you do."

26.

Say: "Our Lord will assemble us all together (on the Day of Resurrection), then He will judge between us with truth. And He is the (Most Trustworthy) AllKnowing Judge."

27.



Say (O Muhammad SAW to these polytheists and pagans): "Show me those whom you have joined to Him as partners. Nay (there are not at all any partners with Him)! But He is Allâh (Alone), the All-Mighty, the AllWise."

28.

And We have not sent you (O Muhammad SAW) except as a giver of glad tidings and a warner to all mankind, but most of men know not \square .

29.

And they say: "When is this promise (i.e. the Day of Resurrection will be fulfilled) if you are truthful?"

قُل لَّكُم مِّيعَادُ يَوُمِ لَّا تَسُتَئُخِرُونَ عَنْهُ سَاعَةً وَلَا تَسُتَقُدِمُونَ ٢

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "The appointment to you is for a Day, which you cannot put back for an hour (or a moment) nor put forward."

31.

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَن نُّوُمِنَ بِهَاذَا ٱلْقُرُءَانِ وَلَا بِٱلَّذِى بَعُضُهُمُ بَيْنَ يَدَيُهِ وَلَوْ تَرَى إِذِ ٱلظَّلِمُونَ مَوْقُوفُونَ عِندَ رَبِّهِمُ يَرُجِعُ بَعُضُهُمُ إِذَ ٱلظَّلِمُونَ مَوْقُوفُونَ عِندَ رَبِّهِمُ يَرُجِعُ بَعُضُهُمُ إِلَى بَعُضُهُمُ إِلَى بَعُضُهُمُ اللَّذِينَ ٱستَكبَرُواْ لَوُلاَ إِلَى بَعُضِ ٱلْقَولُ يَقُولُ آلَذِينَ ٱستَضْعِفُواْ لِلَّذِينَ ٱستَكبَرُواْ لَولًا أَنتُم لَكُنَّا مُؤْمِنِينَ اللَّهُ اللَّذِينَ آسُتُ مُ لَكُنَّا مُؤُمِنِينَ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْعُلِيْ الللَّهُ اللَّلْمُ اللَّهُ الل

And those who disbelieve say: "We believe not in this Qur'ân nor in that which was before it," but if you could see when the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.) will be made to stand before their Lord, how they will cast the (blaming) word one to another! Those who were deemed weak will say to those who were arrogant: "Had it not been for you, we should certainly have been believers!"

32.

قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسۡتَكُبَرُوا لِلَّذِينَ ٱسۡتُضۡعِفُوٓا أَنَحُنُ صَدَدُنَكُمُ عَنِ ٱلْهُدَىٰ بَعُدَ إِذْ جَآءَ كُمُّ بَلُ كُنتُم مُّجُرِمِينَ ﴿

And those who were arrogant will say to those who were deemed weak: "Did we keep you back from guidance after it had come to you? Nay, but you were *Mujrimûn* (polytheists, sinners, criminals, disobedient to Allâh, etc.).

33.

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱسَّتُضَعِفُواْ لِلَّذِينَ ٱسَّتَكُبَرُواْ بَلُ مَكُرُ ٱلَّيُلِ وَالنَّهَارِ إِذْ تَأْمُرُونَنَا أَن نَّكُفُر بِٱللَّهِ وَنَجُعَلَ لَهُ وَ النَّهَارِ إِذْ تَأْمُرُونَنَا أَن نَّكُفُر بِٱللَّهِ وَنَجُعلَ لَهُ وَ أَن نَّكُفُرواْ أَن نَّكُ فُروا النَّذَامَةَ لَمَّا رَأُواْ ٱلْعَذَابَ وَجَعَلُنَا ٱلْأَغُلَالَ فِي أَعُنَاقِ اللَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ هَلُ يُجُزَونَ إِلَّا مَا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّ

Those who were deemed weak will say to those who were arrogant: "Nay, but it was your plotting by night and day, when you ordered us to disbelieve in Allâh and set up rivals to Him!" And each of them (parties) will conceal their own regrets (for disobeying Allâh during this worldly life), when they behold the torment. And We shall put iron collars round the necks of those who disbelieved. Are they requited aught except what they used to do?

وَمَا أَرُسَالُنَا فِى قَرُيَةٍ مِّن نَّذِيرٍ إِلَّا قَالَ مُتُرَفُوهَا ﴿ إِنَّا بِمَاۤ أُرُسِلُتُم بِهِۦ كَنفِرُونَ ۞

And We did not send a warner to a township, but those who were given the worldly wealth and luxuries among them said: "We believe not in the (Message) with which you have been sent."

35.

And they say: "We are more in wealth and in children, and we are not going to be punished."

36.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Verily, my Lord enlarges and restricts the provision to whom He pleases, but most men know not."

37.

And it is not your wealth, nor your children that bring you nearer to Us (i.e. pleases Allâh), but only he (will please Us) who believes (in the Islâmic Monotheism), and does righteous deeds; as for such, there will be twofold reward for what they did, and they will reside in the high dwellings (Paradise) in peace and security.

38.

And those who strive against Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), to frustrate them, will be brought to the torment.

39.

Say: "Truly, my Lord enlarges the provision for whom He wills of His slaves, and (also) restricts (it) for him, and whatsoever you spend of anything (in Allâh's Cause), He will replace it. And He is the Best of providers."

40

وَيَــوُمَ يَحُشُــرُهُمَ جَمِيعًا ثُمَّ يَقُـولُ لِلمَلَنَيِكَةِ أَهَنَـوُلَآءَ إِيَّـاكُم كَانُواْ يَعُبُدُونَ ۞

And (remember) the Day when He will gather them all together, and then will say to the angels: "Was it you that these people used to worship?"

41.

قَالُواْ سُبُحَدنَكَ أَنتَ وَلِيُّنَا مِن دُونِهِم أَبَلُ كَانُواْ يَعَبُدُونَ ٱلَجِنَّ أَكُثَرُهُم بِهِم مُّؤْمِنُونَ ٢

They (angels) will say: "Glorified be You! You are our *Walî* (Lord) instead of them. Nay, but they used to worship the jinns; most of them were believers in them."

42.

فَالْيَوْمَ لَا يَمُلِكُ بَعُضُكُمُ لِبَعُضِ نَّفُعًا وَلَا ضَرَّا وَنَقُولُ لِلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ ذُوقُواْ عَذَابَ ٱلنَّارِ ٱلَّتِي كُنتُم بِهَا تُكَذِّبُونَ ٢

So Today (i.e. the Day of Resurrection), none of you can profit or harm one another. And We shall say to those who did wrong [i.e. worshipped others (like angels, jinns, prophets, saints, righteous persons, etc.) along with Allâhl: "Taste the torment of the Fire which you used to belie. []

43.

وَإِذَا تُتُلَىٰ عَلَيْهِمُ ءَايَنتُنَا بَيِّنَنِ قَالُواْ مَا هَدِذَاۤ إِلَّا رَجُلُّ يُرِيدُ أَن يَصُدَّكُمُ عَمَّا كَانَ يَعُبُدُ ءَابَ آؤُكُمُ وَقَالُواْ مَا هَدِذَاۤ إِلَّا إِفَكُ مُّفَتَرًى ۚ وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لِلْحَقِّ لَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ إِنْ هَدِذَاۤ إِلَّا سِحُرٌ مُّبِينٌ



And when Our Clear Verses are recited to them, they say: "This (Muhammad SAW) is naught but a man who wishes to hinder you from that which your fathers used to worship." And they say: "This is nothing but an invented lie." And those who disbelieve say of the truth when it has come to them (i.e. Prophet Muhammad SAW when Allâh sent him as a Messenger with proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, etc.): "This is nothing but evident magic!"

44

وَمَا ءَاتَيُنَاهُم مِّن كُتُبٍ يَدُرُسُونَهَا ۗ وَمَاۤ أَرُسَلُنَاۤ إِلَيْهِمُ قَبُلَكَ مِن نَّذِيرٍ



And We had not given them Scriptures which they could study, nor sent to them before you (O Muhammad SAW) any warner (Messenger).

وَكَذَّبَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِهِمُ وَمَا بَلَغُواْ مِعُشَارَ مَآ ءَاتَيُنَنهُمُ فَكَذَّبُواْ رُسُلِيُّ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ نَكِير ۞

And those before them belied; these have not received one tenth (1/10th) of what We had granted to those (of old), yet they belied My Messengers, then how (terrible) was My denial (punishment)!

46.

Say (to them O Muhammad SAW): "I exhort you on one (thing) only: that you stand up for Allâh's sake in pairs and singly, and reflect (within yourselves the life history of the Prophet SAW): there is no madness in your companion (Muhammad SAW), he is only a warner to you in face of a severe torment."

47.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Whatever wage I might have asked of you is yours. My wage is from Allâh only. and He is Witness over all things."

48.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Verily! My Lord sends down Inspiration and makes apparent the truth (i.e. this Revelation that had come to me), the AllKnower of the *Ghaib* (unseen).

49.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "The truth (the Qur'ân and Allâh's Inspiration) has come, and AlBâtil [falsehood - Iblîs (Satan)] can neither create anything nor resurrect (anything)."

50.

Say: "If (even) I go astray, I shall stray only to my own loss. But if I remain guided, it is because of the Inspiration of my Lord to me. Truly, He is AllHearer, Ever Near (to all things)."

51.

And if you could but see, when they will be terrified with no escape (for them), and they will be seized from a near place.

And they will say (in the Hereafter): "We do believe (now);" but how could they receive (Faith and the acceptance of their repentance by Allâh) from a place so far off (i.e. to return to the worldly life again).

53.

Indeed they did disbelieve (in the Oneness of Allâh, Islâm, the Qur'ân and Muhammad SAW) before (in this world), and they (used to) conjecture about the unseen [i.e. the Hereafter, Hell, Paradise, Resurrection and the Promise of Allâh, etc. (by saying) all that is untrue], from a far place.

54.

And a barrier will be set between them and that which they desire [i.e. *At-Taubah* (turning to Allâh in repentance) and the accepting of Faith etc.], as was done in the past with the people of their kind. Verily, they have been in grave doubt.

35. Fâtir or AlMalâ'ikah Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful,

ٱلْحَمُدُ لِلَّهِ فَاطِرِ ٱلسَّمَــُوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ جَاعِلِ ٱلْمَلَتَبِكَةِ رُسُلًا أَوْلِيَ أَجُنِحَةٍ مَّثُنَىٰ وَثُلَدتَ وَرُبَدعَ يَزيدُ فِي ٱللَّخَلُق مَا يَشَآءُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيَّءٍ

All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, the (only) Originator [or the (only) Creator] of the heavens and the earth, Who made the angels messengers with wings, - two or three or four. He increases in creation what He wills. Verily, Allah is Able to do all things

مَّا يَفُتَحِ ٱللَّهُ لِلنَّاسِ مِن رَّحُمَةٍ فَلَا مُمُسِكَ لَهَا وَمَا يُمُسِكُ فَلَا مُرُسِلَ لَهُ مِنْ بَعُدِهِ - قَهُوَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلْحَكِيمُ اللهِ

Whatever of mercy (i.e.of good), Allâh may grant to mankind, none can withhold it, and whatever He may withhold, none can grant it thereafter. And He is the AllMighty, the AllWise.

3.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ ٱذُّكُرُواْ نِعُمَتَ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمٌّ هَلَ مِنْ خَلِق غَيْرُ ٱللَّهِ يَرُزُقُكُم مِّنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ لَآ إِلَىهَ إِلَّا هُوَّ فَأَنَّىٰ تُؤُفَكُونَ ٦

O mankind! Remember the Grace of Allâh upon you! Is there any creator other than Allâh who provides for you from the sky (rain) and the earth? Lâ ilâha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He). How then are you turning away (from Him)?

وَإِن يُكَذِّبُ وِكَ فَقَدُ كُذِّبَتُ رُسُلٌ مِّن قَبَلِكَ وَإِلَى ٱللَّهِ تُرْجَعُ ٱلْأَمُورُ ۞

And if they belie you (O Muhammad SAW), so were Messengers belied before you. And to Allâh return all matters (for decision).

5.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّاسُ إِنَّ وَعُدَ ٱللَّهِ حَقٌّ فَلَا تَغُرَّنَّكُمُ ٱلْحَيَواةُ ٱلدُّنْيَاۚ وَلَا يَغُرَّنَّكُم بٱللَّهِ ٱلْغَرُورُ ۞

O mankind! Verily, the Promise of Allâh is true. So let not this present life deceive you, and let not the chief deceiver (Satan) deceive you about Allâh.

إِنَّ ٱلشَّيُطَننَ لَكُمْ عَدُوُّ فَٱتَّخِذُوهُ عَدُوًّاۚ إِنَّمَا يَدُعُواْ حِزْبَهُ لِيَكُونُواْ مِنْ ٱلشَّعِير ۞

Surely, Shaitân (Satan) is an enemy to you, so take (treat) him as an enemy. He only invites his Hizb (followers) that they may become the dwellers of the blazing Fire.

||7

ٱلَّـذِينَ كَفَـرُواْ لَهُمُ عَـذَابُ شَـدِيدٌ وَٱلَّـذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّـلِحَــتِ لَهُـم مَّغَفِـرَةٌ وَأَجُـرُ كَبِـيرُ ۞

Those who disbelieve, theirs will be a severe torment; and those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, theirs will be forgiveness and a great reward (i.e. Paradise).

8.

أَفَمَن زُيِّنَ لَهُ مُ سُوّءُ عَمَلِهِ عَلَهِ فَرَءَاهُ حَسَنًا فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُضِلُّ مَن يَشَآءُ وَيَهُدِى مَن يَشَآءً فَلَا تَذُهَبُ نَفُسُكَ عَلَيْهِمُ حَسَرَتٍ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ بِمَا يَصُنَعُونَ



Is he, then, to whom the evil of his deeds made fairseeming, so that he considers it as good (equal to one who is rightly guided)? Verily, Allâh sends astray whom He wills, and guides whom He wills. So destroy not yourself (O Muhammad SAW) in sorrow for them. Truly, Allâh is the AllKnower of what they do!

9.

And it is Allâh Who sends the winds, so that they raise up the clouds, and We drive them to a dead land, and revive therewith the earth after its death. As such (will be) the Resurrection!

10.

مَن كَانَ يُرِيدُ ٱلْعِزَّةَ فَلِلَّهِ ٱلْعِزَّةُ جَمِيعًا ۚ إِلَيْهِ يَصْعَدُ ٱلْكَلِمُ ٱلطَّيِّبُ وَٱلْعَمَلُ ٱلصَّلِحُ يَرُفَعُهُ ۚ وَٱلَّذِينَ يَمُكُرُونَ ٱلسَّيِّئَاتِ لَهُمُ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ ۗ وَمَكُرُ أُوْلَتَبِكَ هُوَ يَبُورُ ۞

Whosoever desires honour, power and glory then to Allâh belong all honour, power and glory [and one can get honour, power and glory only by obeying and worshipping Allâh (Alone)]. To Him ascend (all) the goodly words, and the righteous deeds exalt it (the goodly words i.e. the goodly words are not accepted by Allâh unless and until they are followed by good deeds), but those who plot evils, theirs will be severe torment. And the plotting of such will perish.

وَٱللَّـهُ خَـلَقَكُم مِّن تُـرَابٍ ثُـمَّ مِن نُّطُفَةٍ ثُـمَّ جَعَلَكُمُ أَزُوَجَاً وَمَا تَحْمِلُ مِنْ أُنشَىٰ وَلَا تَضَعُ إِلَّا بِعِلْمِهِ ۚ وَمَا يُعَمَّرُ مِن مُّعَمَّرٍ وَلَا يُنقَصُ مِنْ عُمُرِهِ ۗ إِلَّا فِي كِتَنبٍ إِنَّ ذَلِكَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ يَسِيرُ
هَا يُنقَصُ مِنْ عُمُرِهِ ۗ إِلَّا فِي كِتَنبٍ إِنَّ ذَلِكَ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ يَسِيرُ هَا

And Allâh did create you (Adam) from dust, then from *Nutfah* (male and female discharge semen drops i.e. Adam's offspring), then He made you pairs (male and female). And no female conceives or gives birth, but with His Knowledge. And no aged man is granted a length of life, nor is a part cut off from his life (or another man's life), but is in a Book (*AlLauh AlMahfûz*) Surely, that is easy for Allâh.

12.

وَمَا يَسْتَوِى ٱلْبَحُرَانِ هَنذَا عَذُبُ فُرَاتُ سَآبِعُ شَرَابُهُ وَهَنذَا مِلْحُ أُجَاتُجُ وَمَا يَسْتَوِى ٱلْبَحُرَانِ هَنذَا عَذْبُ فُرَاتُ سَآبِعُ شَرَابُهُ وَهَنذَا مِلْحُ أُجَاتُجُ وَمِن كُلِّ تَأْكُلُونَ لَحُمًا طَرِيًّا وَتَسُتَخُرِ جُونَ حِلْيَةً تَلْبَسُونَهَ أَوْتَرَى ٱلْفُلُكَ فِيهِ مَوَاخِرَ لِتَبُتَغُواْ مِن فَصْلِهِ - وَلَعَلَّكُمُ تَشْكُرُونَ ٢

And the two seas (kinds of water) are not alike, this fresh sweet, and pleasant to drink, and that saltish and bitter. And from them both you eat fresh tender meat (fish), and derive the ornaments that you wear. And you see the ships cleaving (the seawater as they sail through it), that you may seek of His Bounty, and that you may give thanks.

13.

يُولِجُ ٱلَّيُلَ فِى ٱلنَّهَارِ وَيُولِجُ ٱلنَّهَارَ فِى ٱلَّيُلِ وَسَخَّرَ ٱلشَّمُسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ كُلُّ يَجُرِى لِأَجَلِ مُّسَمَّى ۚ ذَلِكُمُ ٱللَّهُ رَبُّكُمُ لَـهُ ٱلْمُلُـكُ ۚ وَٱلَّذِينَ تَدُّعُونَ مِن دُونِهِ - مَا يَمُلِكُونَ مِن قِطُمِيرِ

هِن دُونِهِ - مَا يَمُلِكُونَ مِن قِطُمِيرِ

هِن دُونِهِ - مَا يَمُلِكُونَ مِن قِطُمِيرِ

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He merges the night into the day (i.e. the decrease in the hours of the night are added to the hours of the day), and He merges the day into the night (i.e. the decrease in the hours of the day are added to the hours of the night). And He has subjected the sun and the moon, each runs its course for a term appointed. Such is Allâh your Lord; His is the kingdom. And those, whom you invoke or call upon instead of Him, own not even a *Qitmîr* (the thin membrane over the datestone).

14.

إِن تَدُعُوهُمُ لَا يَسُمَعُواْ دُعَآءَكُمُ وَلَو سَمِعُواْ مَا ٱسُتَجَابُواْ لَكُمُّ وَيَوْمَ ٱلْقِيَدَمَةِ يَكُفُرُونَ بِشِر كِكُمُ وَلَا يُنَبِّئُكَ مِثُلُ خَبِيرٍ

القِيَدَمَةِ يَكُفُرُونَ بِشِر كِكُمُ وَلَا يُنَبِّئُكَ مِثُلُ خَبِيرٍ

القِيَدَمَةِ يَكُفُرُونَ بِشِر كِكُمُ وَلَا يُنَبِّئُكَ مِثْلُ خَبِيرٍ

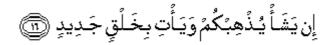
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If you invoke (or call upon) them, they hear not your call, and if (in case) they were to hear, they could not grant it (your request) to you. And on the Day of Resurrection, they will disown your worshipping them. And none can inform you (O Muhammad SAW) like Him Who is the AllKnower (of each and everything).

15.



O mankind! it is you who stand in need of Allâh, but Allâh is Rich (Free of all wants and needs), Worthy of all praise.



If He will, He could destroy you and bring about a new creation.

17.

And that is not hard for Allâh.

18.

وَلَا تَزِرُ وَازِرَةٌ وِزُرَ أُخُرَىٰۚ وَإِن تَدُعُ مُثُقَلَةٌ إِلَىٰ حِمُلِهَا لَا يُحُمَلُ مِنْهُ شَىُّ وَلَو كَانَ ذَا قُرُبَىٰ ۗ إِنَّمَا تُنذِرُ ٱلَّذِينَ يَخُشَوُنَ رَبَّهُم بِٱلُغَيْبِ وَأَقَامُواْ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ ۚ وَمَن تَزَكَّىٰ فَإِنَّمَا يَتَزَكَّىٰ لِنَفْسِهِۦۚ وَإِلَى ٱللَّهِ ٱلْمَصِيرُ ۞

And no bearer of burdens shall bear another's burden, and if one heavily laden calls another to (bear) his load, nothing of it will be lifted even though he be near of kin. You (O Muhammad SAW) can warn only those who fear their Lord unseen, and perform As-Salât (IqâmatasSalât). And he who purifies himself (from all kinds of sins), then he purifies only for the benefit of his ownself. And to Allâh is the (final) Return (of all).

19.

Not alike are the blind (disbelievers in Islâmic Monotheism) and the seeing (believers in Islâmic Monotheism).

20

Nor are (alike) the darkness (disbelief) and the light (Belief in Islâmic Monotheism).

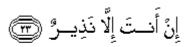
21.

Nor are (alike) the shade and the sun's heat.

22.

Nor are (alike) the living (believers) and the dead (disbelievers). Verily, Allâh makes whom He will hear, but you cannot make hear those who are in graves.

23.



You (O Muhammad SAW) are only a warner (i.e. your duty is to convey Allâh's Message to mankind but the guidance is in Allâh's Hand).

24

Verily! We have sent you with the truth, a bearer of glad tidings, and a warner. And there never was a nation but a warner had passed among them.

25.

And if they belie you, those before them also belied. Their Messengers came to them with clear signs, and with the Scriptures, and the book giving light.

26.

Then I took hold of those who disbelieved, and how terrible was My denial (punishment)!

27.

See you not that Allâh sends down water (rain) from the sky, and We produce therewith fruits of varying colours, and among the mountains are streaks white and red, of varying colours and (others) very black.

28.

And of men and *AdDawâb* (moving living creatures, beasts, etc.), and cattle, in like manner of various colours. It is only those who have knowledge among His slaves that fear Allâh. Verily, Allâh is All-Mighty, OftForgiving.

29.

Verily, those who recite the Book of Allâh (this Qur'ân), and perform AsSalât (IqâmatasSalât), and spend (in charity) out of what We have provided for them, secretly and openly, hope for a (sure) tradegain that will never perish.

30.

That He may pay them their wages in full, and give them (even) more, out of His Grace. Verily! He is OftForgiving, Most Ready to appreciate (good deeds and to recompense).

31

وَٱلَّذِيْ أَوْحَيْنَاۤ إِلَيْكَ مِنَ ٱلْكِتَنبِ هُوَ ٱلْحَقُّ مُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيُهِۗ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِعِبَادِهِ ۦ لَخَبِيرُ بَصِيرُ ۞

And what We have inspired in you (O Muhammad SAW), of the Book (the Qur'ân), it is the (very) truth [that you (Muhammad SAW) and your followers must act on its instructions], confirming that which was (revealed) before it. Verily! Allâh is indeed AllAware, and AllSeer of His slaves.

32.

ثُمَّ أَوْرَثُنَا ٱلْكِتَنبَ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱصُطَفَيْنَا مِنْ عِبَادِنَ أَفَمِنُهُمْ ظَالِمٌ لِللَّهُ لِيَّا أَوْرَثُنَا ٱلْكِتَنبَ ٱللَّهِ ذَلِكَ لِيَنفُسِهِ وَمِنْهُم سَابِقُ بِٱلْخَيْرَ آتِ بِإِذْنِ ٱللَّهِ ذَلِكَ هُوَ ٱلْفَصْلُ ٱلْكَبِيرُ ﴿

Then We gave the Book the Qur'ân) for inheritance to such of Our slaves whom We chose (the followers of Muhammad SAW). Then of them are some who wrong their ownselves, and of them are some who follow a middle course, and of them are some who are, by Allâh's Leave, foremost in good deeds. That (inheritance of the Qur'ân), that is indeed a great grace.

33.

'Adn (Eden) Paradise (everlasting Gardens) will they enter, therein will they be adorned with bracelets of gold and pearls, and their garments there will be of silk (i.e. in Paradise).

34.

And they will say: "All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, Who has removed from us (all) grief. Verily, our Lord is indeed OftForgiving, Most Ready to appreciate (good deeds and to recompense).

35.

Who, out of His Grace, has lodged us in a home that will last forever; there, toil will touch us not, nor weariness will touch us."

36.

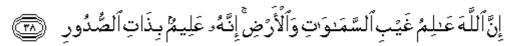
But those who disbelieve, (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism) for them will be the Fire of Hell. Neither it will have a complete killing effect on them so that they die, nor shall its torment be lightened for them. Thus do We requite every disbeliever!

وَهُمُ يَصُطَرِخُونَ فِيهَا رَبَّنَآ أَخُرِجُنَا نَعُمَلُ صَلِحًا غَيْرَ ٱلَّذِى كُنَّا نَعُمَلُ صَلِحًا غَيْرَ ٱلَّذِي كُنَّا نَعُمَلُ أَوَلَمُ نُعَمِّرُ كُم مَّا يَتَذَكَّرُ فِيهِ مَن تَذَكَّرَ وَجَآءَكُمُ ٱلنَّذِيرُ ۗ فَدُوقُواْ فَمَا لِلظَّلِمِينَ مِن نَّصِيرٍ

قُذُوقُواْ فَمَا لِلظَّلِمِينَ مِن نَّصِيرٍ

Therein they will cry: "Our Lord! Bring us out, we shall do righteous good deeds, not (the evil deeds) that we used to do." (Allâh will reply): "Did We not give you lives long enough, so that whosoever would receive admonition, - could receive it? And the warner came to you. So taste you (the evil of your deeds). For the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.) there is no helper."

38.



Verily, Allâh is the AllKnower of the unseen of the heavens and the earth. Verily! He is the AllKnower of that is in the breasts.

39.

هُوَ ٱلَّذِى جَعَلَكُمُ خَلَتَيِفَ فِى ٱلْأَرْضِۚ فَمَن كَفَرَ فَعَلَيْهِ كُفُرُهُۗ وَلَا يَزِيدُ ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ كُفُرُهُمُ عِندَ رَبِّهِمُ إِلَّا مَقُتَّا ۖ وَلَا يَزِيدُ ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ كُفُرُهُمُ إِلَّا خَسَارًا ۞

He it is Who has made you successors generations after generations in the earth, so whosoever disbelieves (in Islâmic Monotheism) on him will be his disbelief. And the disbelief of the disbelievers adds nothing but hatred with their Lord. And the disbelief of the disbelievers adds nothing but loss [].

40.

قُلُ أَرَءَيُتُمُ شُرَكَآءَكُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ تَدُعُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ أَرُونِى مَاذَا خَلَقُواْ مِن أَلَا مِن اللَّهِ أَرُونِى مَاذَا خَلَقُواْ مِنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ أَمُ لَهُمُ شِرَكُ فِي ٱلسَّمَوَتِ أَمُّ ءَاتَيُنَكُمُ مَ كِتَنبًا فَهُمُ عَلَىٰ مِنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ أَمُ لَهُم عَلَىٰ بَيِّنتٍ مِّنَهُ بَلُ إِن يَعِدُ ٱلظَّلِمُونَ بَعُضُهُم بَعْضًا إِلَّا غُرُورًا ۞

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Tell me or inform me (what) do you think about your (socalled) partnergods to whom you call upon besides Allâh, show me, what they have created of the earth? Or have they any share in the heavens? Or have We given them a Book, so that they act on clear proof therefrom? Nay, the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrongdoers, etc.) promise one another nothing but delusions."

41.

إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُمُسِكُ ٱلسَّمَــُوتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ أَن تَرُولاً وَلَيِن زَالَتَا إِنْ أَمُسَكَهُمَا مِنْ
 أَحَــدٍ مِّـنْ بَعــُـدِهِ ثَ إِنَّــهُ - كَانَ حَلِيمًا غَفُـورًا

Verily! Allâh grasps the heavens and the earth lest they move away from their places, and if they were to move away from their places, there is not one that could grasp them after Him. Truly, He is Ever Most Forbearing, OftForgiving .

وَأَقُسَمُواْ بِٱللَّهِ جَهُدَ أَيُمَنِهِمُ لَبِن جَاءَهُمُ نَذِينٌ لَّيَكُونُنَّ أَيُمُنِهِمُ لَبِن جَاءَهُمُ نَذِينٌ لَّيَكُونُنَّ أَهُدَىٰ مِنُ إِحَدَى ٱلْأُمَمِّ فَلَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ نَذِينٌ مَّا زَادَهُمُ إِلَّا نُفُورًا



And they swore by Allâh their most binding oath, that if a warner came to them, they would be more guided than any of the nations (before them), yet when a warner (Muhammad SAW) came to them, it increased in them nothing but flight (from the truth),

43.

ٱسۡتِكُبَارًا فِى ٱلْأَرُضِ وَمَكُر ٱلسَّيِّيِۚ وَلَا يَحِيقُ ٱلْمَكُرُ ٱلسَّيِّئُ إِلَّا بِأَهُلِهِۦۚ فَهَلُ يَنظُرُونَ إِلَّا سُنَّتَ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَۚ فَلَن تَجِدَ لِسُنَّتِ ٱللَّهِ تَبُدِيلًا ۗ وَلَن تَجِدَ لِسُنَّتِ ٱللَّهِ تَحُويلًا ۞

(They took to flight because of their) arrogance in the land and their plotting of evil. But the evil plot encompasses only him who makes it. Then, can they expect anything (else), but the *Sunnah* (way of dealing) of the peoples of old? So no change will you find in Allâh's *Sunnah* (way of dealing), and no turning off will you find in Allâh's *Sunnah* (way of dealing).

44.

أُولَمُ يَسِيرُواْ فِى ٱلْأَرُضِ فَيَنظُرُواْ كَيُفَ كَانَ عَنقِبَةُ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِهِمُ وَكَانُوٓاْ أَشَدَّ مِنْهُمُ قُوَّةً وَمَا كَانَ ٱللَّهُ لِيُعْجِزَهُ ومِن شَيْءٍ فِى ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَلَا فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ إِنَّهُ وَكَانُوَا اللَّهُ لِيُعْجِزَهُ ومِن شَيْءٍ فِى ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَلَا فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ إِنَّهُ وَكَانَ عَلِيمًا قَدِيرًا اللهَ

Have they not travelled in the land, and seen what was the end of those before them, and they were superior to them in power? Allâh is not such that anything in the heavens or in the earth escapes Him. Verily, He is AllKnowing, AllOmnipotent.

45.

وَلَوْ يُؤَاخِذُ ٱللَّهُ ٱلنَّاسَ بِمَا كَسَبُواْ مَا تَرَكَ عَلَىٰ ظَهْرِهَا مِن دَآبَّةٍ وَلَــكِن يُؤَخِّرُهُمُ إِلَىٰٓ أَجَلٍ مُّسَمَّى فَإِذَا جَآءَ أَجَلُهُمُ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ كَانَ بِعِبَادِهِ - بَصِيرًا



And if Allâh were to punish men for that which they earned, He would not leave a moving (living) creature on the surface of the earth, but He gives them respite to an appointed term, and when their term comes, then verily, Allâh is Ever AllSeer of His slaves.

36. YâSîn. Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	
	يىق 🕤
	Yâ-Sîn.
	[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings.]
2.	meanings.j
	وَٱلۡقُرُءَانِٱلۡحَـٰكِيمِ ۞
	By the Qur'ân, full of wisdom (i.e. full of laws, evidences, and proofs),
3.	
	إِنَّــكَ لَمِــنَ ٱلْمُرُسَـلِينَ ﴿
	Truly, you (O Muhammad SAW) are one of the Messengers,
4.	Truly, you (O Muhammad SAW) are one of the Messengers,
	عَلَـــن صِـــرَ ﴿ مُّسُـــتَقِيمٍ ۞
	On a Straight Path (i.e. on Allâh's religion of Islâmic Monotheism).
5.	,
	تَنزِيلَ ٱلْعَزِيزِ ٱلرَّحِيمِ ۞
	(This is) a Revelation sent down by the AllMighty, the Most Merciful,
6.	4
	لِتُنذِرَ قَوْمًا مَّآ أُنذِرَ ءَابَآؤُهُمُ فَهُمُ غَنفِلُونَ 🟐
	In order that you may warn a people whose forefathers were not warned, so they are heedless.
7.	_
	لَقَـدُ حَــقَّ ٱلُقَــوُلُ عَلَــنَّ أَكُـثَرِهِمُ فَهُــمُ لَا يُؤُمِنُــونَ ۞
	Indeed the Word (of punishment) has proved true against most of them, so they will not believe.
8.	
	إِنَّا جَعَلُنَا فِي ٓ أَعُنَاقِهِمُ أَغُلَالَا فَهِيَ إِلَى ٱلْأَذُقَانِ فَهُم مُّقُمَحُونَ
ı II	

وَجَعَلُنَا مِنْ بَيُنِ أَيُدِيهِمُ سَدًّا وَمِنْ خَلُفِهِمُ سَدًّا فَأَغُشَيُنَاهُمُ فَهُمُ لَا يُبُصِرُونَ ۞

And We have put a barrier before them, and a barrier behind them, and We have covered them up, so that they cannot see.

10.

It is the same to them whether you warn them or you warn them not, they will not believe.

11.

You can only warn him who follows the Reminder (the Qur'ân), and fears the Most Beneficent (Allâh) unseen. Bear you to such one the glad tidings of forgiveness, and a generous reward (i.e. Paradise).

12.

Verily, We give life to the dead, and We record that which they send before (them), and their traces [their footsteps and walking on the earth with their legs to the mosques for the five compulsory congregational prayers, *Jihâd* (holy fighting in Allâh's Cause) and all other good and evil they did, and that which they leave behind], and all things We have recorded with numbers (as a record) in a Clear Book.

13.

And put forward to them a similitude; the (story of the) dwellers of the town, [It is said that the town was Antioch (Antakiya)], when there came Messengers to them.

14.

When We sent to them two Messengers, they belied them both, so We reinforced them with a third, and they said: "Verily! We have been sent to you as Messengers."

15.

They (people of the town) said: "You are only human beings like ourselves, and the Most Beneficent (Allâh) has revealed nothing, you are only telling lies."

The Messengers said: "Our Lord knows that we have been sent as Messengers to you,

17.

"And our duty is only to convey plainly (the Message)."

18.

They (people) said: "For us, we see an evil omen from you, if you cease not, we will surely stone you, and a painful torment will touch you from us."

19.

They (Messengers) said: "Your evil omens be with you! (Do you call it "evil omen") because you are admonished? Nay, but you are a people *Musrifûn* (transgressing all bounds by committing all kinds of great sins, and by disobeying Allâh).

20.



And there came running from the farthest part of the town, a man, saying: "O my people! Obey the Messengers;

21.

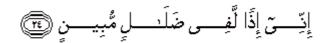
"Obey those who ask no wages of you (for themselves), and who are rightly guided.

22.

"And why should I not worship Him (Allâh Alone) Who has created me and to Whom you shall be returned.

23.

"Shall I take besides Him âliha (gods), if the Most Beneficent (Allâh) intends me any harm, their intercession will be of no use for me whatsoever, nor can they save me?



"Then verily, I should be in plain error.

25.

Verily! I have believed in your Lord, so listen to me!"

26.

It was said (to him when the disbelievers killed him): "Enter Paradise." He said: "Would that my people knew! Π

27.

"That my Lord (Allâh) has forgiven me, and made me of the honoured ones!"

28.



And We sent not against his people after him a host from heaven, nor do We send (such a thing)

29.

It was but one Saihah (shout, etc.) and lo! They (all) were silent (dead-destroyed).

30.



Alas for mankind! There never came a Messenger to them but they used to mock at him.

31.



Do they not see how many of the generations We have destroyed before them? Verily, they will not return to them.

32.

And surely, all, everyone of them will be brought before Us

وَءَايَةٌ لَّهُمُ ٱلْأَرُضُ ٱلْمَيْتَةُ أَحُيَيُنَاهَا وَأَخْرَجُنَا مِنْهَا حَبًّا فَمِنْهُ يَأْكُلُونَ



And a sign for them is the dead land. We gave it life, and We brought forth from it grains, so that they eat thereof.

34.



And We have made therein gardens of date-palms and grapes, and We have caused springs of water to gush forth therein.

35.

So that they may eat of the fruit thereof, and their hands made it not. Will they not, then, give thanks?

36.

Glory be to Him, Who has created all the pairs of that which the earth produces, as well as of their own (human) kind (male and female), and of that which they know not.

37.

And a sign for them is the night, We withdraw therefrom the day, and behold, they are in darkness.

38.

And the sun runs on its fixed course for a term (appointed). That is the Decree of the All-Mighty, the All-Knowing.

39

And the moon, We have measured for it mansions (to traverse) till it returns like the old dried curved date stalk.

40.

It is not for the sun to overtake the moon, nor does the night outstrip the day. They all float, each in an orbit.

And an Ayâh (sign) for them is that We bore their offspring in the laden ship [of Nûh (Noah)].

42.

And We have created for them of the like thereunto, so on them they ride.

43.

And if We will, We shall drown them, and there will be no shout (or helper) for them (to hear their cry for help) nor will they be saved.

44.

Unless it be a mercy from Us, and as an enjoyment for a while.

45.

And when it is said to them: "Beware of that which is before you (worldly torments), and that which is behind you (torments in the Hereafter), in order that you may receive Mercy (i.e. if you believe in Allâh's Religion Islâmic Monotheism, and avoid polytheism, and obey Allâh with righteous deeds).

46.

And never came an *Ayâh* from among the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of their Lord to them, but they did turn away from it.

47.

And when it is said to them: "Spend of that with which Allâh has provided you," those who disbelieve say to those who believe: "Shall we feed those whom, if Allâh willed, He (Himself) would have fed? You are only in a plain error."

48.

And they say: "When will this promise (i.e. Resurrection) be fulfilled, if you are truthful?"

They await only but a single Saihah (shout, etc.), which will seize them while they are disputing!

50.

Then they will not be able to make bequest, nor they will return to their family.

51.

And the Trumpet will be blown (i.e. the second blowing) and behold! From the graves they will come out quickly to their Lord.

52.

They will say: "Woe to us! Who has raised us up from our place of sleep." (It will be said to them): "This is what the Most Beneficent (Allâh) had promised, and the Messengers spoke truth!"

53.

It will be but a single Saihah (shout, etc.), so behold! They will all be brought up before Us!

54.

This Day (Day of Resurrection), none will be wronged in anything, nor will you be requited anything except that which you used to do.

55.

Verily, the dwellers of the Paradise, that Day, will be busy in joyful things.

56.

They and their wives will be in pleasant shade, reclining on thrones.

57

They will have therein fruits (of all kinds) and all that they ask for.

58.

(It will be said to them): Salâmun (peace be on you), a Word from the Lord (Allâh), Most Merciful.

(It will be said): "And O you *Al-Mujrimûn* (criminals, polytheists, sinners, disbelievers in the Islâmic Monotheism, wicked evil ones, etc.)! Get you apart this Day (from the believers).

60.

Did I not ordain for you, O Children of Adam, that you should not worship *Shaitân* (Satan). Verily, he is a plain enemy to you.

61.

And that you should worship Me [Alone Islâmic Monotheism, and set up not rivals, associate-gods with Me]. That is a Straight Path [I].

62.

And indeed he (Satan) did lead astray a great multitude of you. Did you not, then, understand?

63.

This is Hell which you were promised!

64

Burn therein this Day, for that you used to disbelieve. $^{f I}$

65.

This Day, We shall seal up their mouths, and their hands will speak to Us, and their legs will bear witness to what they used to earn. (It is said that one's left thigh will be the first to bear the witness). [Tafsir At-Tabarî, Vol. 22, Page 24]

66.



And if it had been Our Will, We would surely have wiped out (blinded) their eyes, so that they would struggle for the Path, how then would they see?

وَلَوُ نَشَآءُ لَمَسَخُنَنهُمُ عَلَىٰ مَكَانَتِهِمُ فَمَا ٱسُتَطَنعُواْ مُضِيًّا وَلَا يَرُجِعُونَ



And if it had been Our Will, We could have transformed them (into animals or lifeless objects) in their places. Then they should have been unable to go forward (move about) nor they could have turned back. [As it happened with the Jews see Verse 7:166 The Qur'ân]. \blacksquare

68.

And he whom We grant long life, We reverse him in creation (weakness after strength). Will they not then understand?

69.

And We have not taught him (Muhammad SAW) poetry, nor is it meet for him. This is only a Reminder and a plain Qur'ân.

70.

That he or it (Muhammad SAW or the Qur'ân) may give warning to him who is living (a healthy minded the believer), and that Word (charge) may be justified against the disbelievers (dead, as they reject the warnings).

71.

Do they not see that We have created for them of what Our Hands have created, the cattle, so that they are their owners.

72.

And We have subdued them unto them so that some of them they have for riding and some they eat.

73.

And they have (other) benefits from them (besides), and they get (milk) to drink, will they not then be grateful?

74.

And they have taken besides Allâh âliha (gods), hoping that they might be helped (by those so called gods).

They cannot help them, but they will be brought forward as a troop against those who worshipped them (at the time of Reckoning).

76.

So let not their speech, then, grieve you (O Muhammad SAW). Verily, We know what they conceal and what they reveal.

77.

Does not man see that We have created him from *Nutfah* (mixed male and female discharge semen drops). Yet behold! He (stands forth) as an open opponent.

78.

And he puts forth for Us a parable, and forgets his own creation. He says: "Who will give life to these bones when they have rotted away and became dust?"

79.

Say: (O Muhammad SAW) "He will give life to them Who created them for the first time! And He is the All-Knower of every creation!"

80.

He, Who produces for you fire out of the green tree, when behold! You kindle therewith.

81

Is not He, Who created the heavens and the earth Able to create the like of them? Yes, indeed! He is the All-Knowing Supreme Creator.

82.

Verily, His Command, when He intends a thing, is only that He says to it, "Be!" and it is!

83.

So Glorified is He and Exalted above all that they associate with Him, and in Whose Hands is the dominion of all things, and to Him you shall be returned.

37. As-Sâffât Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	وَٱلصَّنَةً بِ صَفًا ١
==	By those (angels) ranged in ranks (or rows).
2.	فَالزَّ جِرَتِ زَجُـرًا ۞
	By those (angels) who drive the clouds in a good way.
3.	فَالتَّلِيَنتِ ذِكُرًا ﴿
	By those (angels) who bring the Book and the Qur'ân from Allâh to mankind [Tafsir Ibn Kathîr].
4.	إِنَّ إِلَىٰهَكُمُ لَوَ حِدُّ ١
	Verily your <i>Ilâh</i> (God) is indeed One (i.e. Allâh);
5.	رَّبُّ ٱلسَّمَنوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرُ ضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا وَرَبُّ ٱلْمَشَنرِ قِ ۞
	Lord of the heavens and of the earth, and all that is between them, and Lord of every point of the sun's risings. (None has the right to be worshipped but Allâh).
6.	إِنَّا زَيَّنَّا ٱلسَّمَآءَ ٱلدُّنْيَا بِزِينَةٍ ٱلْكَوَاكِبِ ۞
	Verily! We have adorned the near heaven with the stars (for beauty).
7.	وَحِفُظًا مِّن كُلِّ شَيئطَننٍ مَّارِدٍ ۞
=	And to guard against every rebellious devil.
8.	لَّا يَسَّمَّعُونَ إِلَى ٱلْمَلِإِ ٱلْأَعْلَىٰ وَيُقُذَفُونَ مِن كُلِّ جَانِبٍ ٢
	They cannot listen to the higher group (angels) for they are pelted from every side.
9.	دُحُورًا ۗ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ وَاصِبٌ ۞
	Outcast, and theirs is a constant (or painful) torment.

10. إِلَّا مَنُ خَطِفَ ٱلْخَطُّفَةَ فَأَتُبَعَهُ وشِهَابٌ ثَاقِبٌ 🕞 Except such as snatch away something by stealing and they are pursued by a flaming fire of piercing brightness. 11. فَأَسُتَفُتِهِمُ أَهُمُ أَشَدُّ خَلُقًا أَم مَّنُ خَلَقُنَاۤ إِنَّا خَلَقُنَنهُم مِّن طِينِ Then ask them (i.e. these polytheists, O Muhammad SAW): "Are they stronger as creation, or those (others like the heavens and the earth and the mountains, etc.) whom We have created?" Verily, We created them of a sticky clay. 12. ــبُتَ وَيَسُـــخُرُونَ (Nay, you (O Muhammad SAW) wondered (at their insolence) while they mock (at you and at the Qur'ân). 13. وَإِذَا ذُكِّرُ وِاْ لَا يَذُكُرُ وِنَ ٣ And when they are reminded, they pay no attention. 14. وَإِذَا رَأُواْ ءَايَةً يَسُتَسُخِرُونَ 🚳 And when they see an Ayâh (a sign, a proof, or an evidence) from Allâh, they mock at it. 15. وَقَالُوٓاْ إِنَّ هَدِذَآ إِلَّا سِحُرٌ مُّبِينُّ ۞ And they say: "This is nothing but evident magic! 16. أُءذَا متُنَا وَ كُنَّا تُرَابًا وَ عِظْنِمًا أُءنَّا لَمَبُعُو ثُونَ 📆 'When we are dead and have become dust and bones, shall we (then) verily be resurrected? 17. أَهَ ءَابَآؤُنَا ٱلْأَوَّلُونَ ﴿ "And also our fathers of old?"

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Yes, and you shall then be humiliated."

قُـلُ نَعَـمُ وَأَنتُـمُ دَاخِـرُونَ 🕲

18.

19. فَإِنَّمَا هِيَ زَجُرَةٌ وَاحِدَةٌ فَإِذَا هُمُ يَنظُرُونَ 🖫 It will be a single Zajrah [shout (i.e. the second blowing of the Trumpet)], and behold, they will be 20. وَقَالُواْ يَنوَيُلَنَا هَنذَا يَوْمُ ٱلدِّين ٦ They will say: "Woe to us! This is the Day of Recompense!" 21. هَـــذَا يَـــوَمُ ٱلْفَصَــل ٱلَّــذِي كُــنتُم بِــهِــ تُكَذِّبُــونَ 🗃 (It will be said): "This is the Day of Judgement which you used to deny." 22. ﴾ ٱحُشُرُ واْ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ وَأَزُوَ حَلَّهُمْ وَمَا كَانُواْ يَعَبُدُونَ 📆 (It will be said to the angels): "Assemble those who did wrong, together with their companions (from the devils) and what they used to worship. 23. مِن دُون ٱللَّهِ فَاُهُدُوهُمُ إِلَىٰ صِرَ طِ ٱلْجَحِيم ﴿ "Instead of Allah, and lead them on to the way of flaming Fire (Hell); 24. وَقِفُوهُمُّ إِنَّهُم مَّسُئُولُونَ 🐨 "But stop them, verily they are to be guestioned, 25. "What is the matter with you? Why do you not help one another (as you used to do in the world)?" 26. بَــلُ هُــمُ ٱلَّيَــوُمَ مُسُتَسُـلِمُونَ ﴿ ٢٠٠٠

مَا لَكُمُ لَا تَنَاصَرُونَ

Nay, but that Day they shall surrender,

28.

27. وَ أُقُبَلَ بَعُضُهُمُ عَلَىٰ بَعُضِ يَتَسَآءَلُونَ ﴿

And they will turn to one another and question one another.

قَالُوٓاْ إِنَّكُمُ كُنتُمُ تَأْتُونَنَا عَن ٱلْيَمِين ٢

They will say: "It was you who used to come to us from the right side [i.e. from the right side of one of us and beautify for us every evil, order us for polytheism, and stop us from the truth i.e. Islâmic Monotheism and from every good deed]."

قَالُواْ بَل لَّمُ تَكُونُواْ مُؤَمِنِينَ ٢

They will reply: "Nay, you yourselves were not believers.

30.

"And we had no authority over you. Nay! But you were transgressing people (disobedient, polytheists, and disbelievers).

31.

"So now the Word of our Lord has been justified against us, that we shall certainly (have to) taste (the torment).

32.

'So we led you astray because we were ourselves astray."

33.

Then verily, that Day, they will (all) share in the torment.

34.

Certainly, that is how We deal with *AlMujrimûn* (polytheists, sinners, criminals, the disobedient to Allâh, etc.).

35.

Truly, when it was said to them: Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh "(none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh)," they puffed themselves up with pride [] (i.e. denied it).

36.

And (they) said: "Are we going to abandon our âliha (gods) for the sake of a mad poet?

37.

Nay! he (Muhammad SAW) has come with the truth (i.e. Allâh's Religion - Islâmic Monotheism and this Qur'ân) and he confirms the Messengers (before him who brought Allâh's religion - Islâmic Monotheism).

38.

Verily, you (pagans of Makkah) are going to taste the painful torment;

39. وَمَا تُجُـزَوُنَ إِلَّا مَا كُـنتُمُ تَعُمَلُـونَ ﴿ And you will be requited nothing except for what you used to do (evil deeds, sins, and Allâh's disobedience which you used to do in this world); 40. إِلَّا عِبَادَ ٱللَّهِ ٱلْمُخُلَصِينَ 🚭 Save the chosen slaves of Allâh (faithful, obedient, true believers of Islâmic Monotheism) 41. أَوْلَنَبِكَ لَهُــمُ رِزُقٌ مَّعْلُــومٌ 🕲 For them there will be a known provision (in Paradise). 42. فَوَاكِهُۗ وَهُم مُّكُرَ مُونَ @ Fruits; and they shall be honoured, 43. فِي جَنَّاتِ ٱلنَّعِيم 🐨 In the Gardens of delight (Paradise) 44. عَلَىٰ سُرُر مُّتَقَدبِلِينَ 🚭 Facing one another on thrones 45. يُطَافُ عَلَيْهِم بِكَأْسٍ مِّن مَّعِينٍ ٥ Round them will be passed a cup of pure wine; 46. بَيُضَآءَ لَـدَّةٍ لِّلشَّـــربِينَ @ White, delicious to the drinkers 47. لَا فِيهَا غَوُّلُ وَلَا هُمُ عَنُهَا يُنزَ فُونَ ٣ Neither they will have Ghoul (any kind of hurt, abdominal pain, headache, a sin, etc.) from that, nor will they suffer intoxication therefrom. 48. وَعِندَهُمُ قَنصِرَاتُ ٱلطَّرُف عِينٌ 🔊 And with them will be chaste females, restraining their glances (desiring none except their husbands), with wide and beautiful eyes^[]

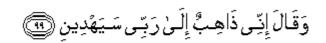
49. نَّهُرَّ بَيُضٌ مَّكُنُونٌ 📆 (Delicate and pure) as if they were (hidden) eggs (well) preserved 50. فَأَقُبَلَ بَعُضُهُمُ عَلَىٰ بَعُضِ يَتَسَأَءَلُونَ 🏐 Then they will turn to one another, mutually questioning 51. قَالَ قَأَيِلٌ مِّنْهُمُ إِنِّي كَانَ لِي قَرِينٌ ١ A speaker of them will say: "Verily, I had a companion (in the world), 52. يَقُـو لُ أُءنَّكَ لَمـنَ ٱلْمُصَـدّقينَ @ Who used to say: "Are you among those who believe (in resurrection after death). 53. أُءِذَا مِتُنَا وَ كُنَّا تُرَابًا وَعِظَىمًا أُءِنَّا لَمَدِينُونَ 🕝 "(That) when we die and become dust and bones, shall we indeed (be raised up) to receive reward or punishment (according to our deeds)?" 54. قَالَ هَلُ أَنتُم مُّطَّلِعُونَ 🏐 (The man) said: "Will you look down?" 55. فَاطَّلَعَ فَرَءَاهُ فِي سَوَآءِ ٱلْجَحِيمِ ٥ So he looked down and saw him in the midst of the Fire. 56. قَالَ تَٱللَّهِ إِن كِدتَّ لَتُرُدِين @ He said: "By Allâh! You have nearly ruined me. 57. وَلَوُلَا نِعُمَةُ رَبِّي لَكُنتُ مِنَ ٱلْمُحُضَرِينَ ۞ "Had it not been for the Grace of my Lord, I would certainly have been among those brought forth (to Hell).' 58. أَفَمَا نَحُنُ بِمَيِّتِينَ 🚳 (Allâh informs about that true believer that he said): "Are we then not to die (any more)?

59. إِلَّا مَوْتَتَنَا ٱلْأُولَىٰ وَمَا نَحُنُ بِمُعَذَّبِينَ ٣ "Except our first death, and we shall not be punished? (after we have entered Paradise)." 60. إنَّ هَدِذَا لَهُوَ ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ۞ Truly, this is the supreme success! 61. لِمِثُل هَدِذَا فَلُيَعُمَل ٱلْعَدمِلُونَ 🟐 For the like of this let the workers work. 62. أَذَالِكَ خَيْرٌ نُّزُلًا أَمُ شَجَرَةُ ٱلزَّقُّوم ﴿ Is that (Paradise) better entertainment or the tree of Zaqqûm (a horrible tree in Hell)? 63. إِنَّا جَعَلُنَهَا فِتُنَةً لِّلظَّىٰلِمِينَ ٣ Truly We have made it (as) a trail for the Zâlimûn (polytheists, disbelievers, wrong-doers, etc.). 64. إِنَّهَا شَجَرَةٌ تَخُرُ جُ فِي ٓ أَصُلِ ٱلْجَحِيم ۞ Verily, it is a tree that springs out of the bottom of Hell-fire, 65. طَلُعُهَا كَأَنَّهُ ورُءُوسُ ٱلشَّيَنطِين 📵 The shoots of its fruit-stalks are like the heads of Shayâtin (devils); 66. فَإِنَّهُمُ لَأَكِلُونَ مِنْهَا فَمَالِئُونَ مِنْهَا ٱلْبُطُونَ 📆 Truly, they will eat thereof and fill their bellies therewith. 67. ثُمَّ إِنَّ لَهُمُ عَلَيْهَا لَشَوْبًا مِّنُ حَمِيمٍ ۞ Then on the top of that they will be given boiling water to drink so that it becomes a mixture (of boiling water and Zaggûm in their bellies). 68. ثُمَّ إِنَّ مَرُجِعَهُمُ لإِلَى ٱلْجَحِيم 🕲 Then thereafter, verily, their return is to the flaming fire of Hell.

69. إِنَّهُمُ أَلْفَواْ ءَابَآءَهُمُ ضَآلِّينَ 📆 Verily, they found their fathers on the wrong path; 70. فَهُمُ عَلَىٰٓ ءَاثَىـرهِمُ يُهُرَعُـونَ 🕲 So they (too) made haste to follow in their footsteps! 71. وَلَقَدُ ضَلَّ قَبُلَهُمُ أَكُثَرُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿ And indeed most of the men of old went astray before them; 72. وَلَقَدُ أُرُسَلُنَا فِيهِم مُّنذِرينَ 🐨 And indeed We sent among them warners (Messengers); 73. فَٱنظُرُ كَيُفَ كَانَ عَنقِبَةُ ٱلْمُنذَرِينَ 🐨 Then see what was the end of those who were warned (but heeded not). 74. إِلًّا عِبَادَ ٱللَّهِ ٱلْمُخُلَصِينَ 💮 Except the chosen slaves of Allâh (faithful, obedient, and true believers of Islâmic Monotheism). 75. وَلَقَدُ نَادَىٰنَا نُـوحٌ فَلَنِعُـمَ ٱلْمُجِـيبُونَ ١ And indeed Nûh (Noah) invoked Us, and We are the Best of those who answer (the request) 76. وَنَجَّيُنَنهُ وَأَهُلَهُ مِنَ ٱلْكَرُ بِٱلْعَظِيمِ 🐨 And We rescued him and his family from the great distress (i.e. drowning) 77. وَجَعَلُنَا ذُرِّيَّتَهُ وهُمُ ٱلْبَاقِينَ 쪬 And, his progeny, them We made the survivors (i.e. Shem, Ham and Japheth) 78. وَتَرَكُنَا عَلَيُهِ فِي ٱلْأَخِرِينَ 🐷 And left for him (a goodly remembrance) among generations to come in later times:

79. سَلَعمُّ عَلَىٰ نُو جِ فِي ٱلْعَدلَمِينَ 🚳 Salâmun (peace) be upon Nûh (Noah) (from Us) among the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists)!" 80. إِنَّا كَـذَٰٰلِكَ نَجُـزِي ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ ﴿ Verily, thus We reward the *Muhsinûn* (good-doers - see V.2:112). 81. إنَّهُ ومِنُ عِبَادِنَا ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿ Verily, he [Nûh (Noah) >>] was one of Our believing slaves. 82. ثُمَّ أَغُرَقُنَا ٱلْأَخَرِينَ ﴿ Then We drowned the other (disbelievers and polytheists, etc.). 83. وَإِنَّ مِن شِيعَتِهِ - لإِبْرَ ٰهِيمَ ﴿ And, verily, among those who followed his [Nûh's (Noah)] way (Islâmic Monotheism) was Ibrâhim (Abraham). 84. إِذْ جَآءَ رَبُّهُ و بِقَلْبٍ سَلِيم 🚳 When he came to his Lord with a pure heart [attached to Allâh Alone and none else, worshipping none but Allâh Alone true Islâmic Monotheism, pure from the filth of polytheism] 85. إذُ قَــالَ لِأَبيــهِ وَقَــوُمِهِـ مَــاذَا تَعُبُــ When he said to his father and to his people: "What is it that which you worship? 86. أَبِفُكًا ءَالِهَةً دُونَ ٱللَّهِ تُريدُونَ 🚳 'Is it a falsehood âliha (gods) other than Allâh that you seek? 87. فَمَا ظَنُّكُم برَبَّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ ﴿ Then what do you think about the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns, and all that exists)?" 88. فَنَظَرَ نَظُرَةً فِي ٱلنُّجُوم 👜 Then he cast a glance at the stars (to deceive them)

89. فَقَالَ إِنِّي سَقِيمٌ 🔬 And he said: "Verily, I am sick (with plague. He did this trick to remain in their temple of idols to destroy them and not to accompany them to the pagan's feast)." 90. فَتَوَلُّواْ عَنْهُ مُدُبِرِينَ 🚭 So they turned away from him, and departed (for fear of the disease) 91. فَـرَاغَ إِلَـنَّ ءَالِهَتِهِـمُ فَقَـالَ أَلَا تَأُكُلُونَ 🟐 Then he turned to their *âliha* (gods) and said: "Will you not eat (of the offering before you)? 92. مَا لَكُمُ لا تَنطِقُونَ 🀨 "What is the matter with you that you speak not?" 93. فَرَا غَ عَلَيُهمُ ضَرَّبًا بِٱلْيَمِينِ 🐨 Then he turned upon them, striking (them) with (his) right hand 94. فَأَقُبَلُوٓا إِلَيُهِ يَرِفُّونَ 🚇 Then they (the worshippers of idols) came, towards him, hastening 95. قَالَ أَتَعُبُدُونَ مَا تَنُحِتُونَ ﴿ He said: "Worship you that which you (yourselves) carve? 96. وَٱللَّهُ خَلَقَكُمُ وَمَا تَعُمَلُونَ 📆 "While Allâh has created you and what you make!" 97. قَالُواْ ٱبنُنُواْ لَهُ وبنُيَّانَا فَأَلْقُوهُ فِي ٱلْجَحِيم ﴿ They said: "Build for him a building (it is said that the building was like a furnace) and throw him into the blazing fire!" 98. فَأَرَادُواْ بِهِ ـ كَيُدًا فَجَعَلُنَيْهُمُ ٱلْأَسُفَلِينَ ﴿ So they plotted a plot against him, but We made them the lowest



And he said (after his rescue from the fire): "Verily, I am going to my Lord. He will guide me!"

100

"My Lord! Grant me (offspring) from the righteous."

101



So We gave him the glad tidings of a forbearing boy.

102

فَلَمَّا بَلَغَ مَعَهُ ٱلسَّعُى قَالَ يَعبُنَىَّ إِنِّىَ أَرَىٰ فِى ٱلْمَنَامِ أَنِّىَ أَذُبَحُكَ فَأَنظُرُ مَا مَا تُؤْمَرُ ۖ سَتَجِدُنِىۤ إِن شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ مِنَ ٱلصَّبِرِينَ مَاذَا تَرَىٰ قَالَ يَثَأَبَتِ ٱفْعَلُ مَا تُؤْمَرُ ۗ سَتَجِدُنِىۤ إِن شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ مِنَ ٱلصَّبِرِينَ



And, when he (his son) was old enough to walk with him, he said: "O my son! I have seen in a dream that I am slaughtering you (offer you in sacrifice to Allâh), so look what you think!" He said: "O my father! Do that which you are commanded, *Inshâ' Allâh* (if Allâh will), you shall find me of *As-Sâbirin* (the patient ones, etc.)."

103

Then, when they had both submitted themselves (to the Will of Allâh), and he had laid him prostrate on his forehead (or on the side of his forehead for slaughtering);

104

And We called out to him: "O Abraham!

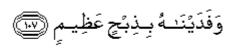
105

You have fulfilled the dream (vision)!" Verily! Thus do We reward the *Muhsinûn* (good-doers - see V.2:112).

106

Verily, that indeed was a manifest trial

107



And We ransomed him with a great sacrifice (i.e. ßÈÔ - a ram);

108. وَتَرَكُنَا عَلَيْهِ فِي ٱلأَخِرِينَ 👜 And We left for him (a goodly remembrance) among generations (to come) in later times 109 سَلَىمٌ عَلَيْ إِبْرَ هِيمَ 📆 Salâmun (peace) be upon Ibrâhim (Abraham)!" 110 كَذَالِكَ نَجُزِي ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ ﴿ Thus indeed do We reward the Muhsinûn (good-doers - see V.2:112). 111 إِنَّهُ و مِنُ عِبَادِنَا ٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ ﴿ Verily, he was one of Our believing slaves 112 وَبَشَّرُنَنهُ بِإِسْحَنقَ نَبِيًّا مِّنَ ٱلصَّلِحِينَ ٣ And We gave him the glad tidings of Ishâque (Isaac) a Prophet from the righteous. 113 وَبَدرَ كُنَا عَلَيْهِ وَعَلَىْ إِسُحَدقَ وَمِن ذُرّيَّتِهِمَا مُحُسِنٌ وَظَالِمٌ لِّنَفُسِهِ ـ مُبِينٌ We blessed him and Ishâque (Isaac), and of their progeny are (some) that do right, and some that plainly wrong themselves. 114. وَ لَقَدُ مَنَنَّا عَلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ وَهَــرُونَ 🏐 And, indeed We gave Our Grace to Mûsa (Moses) and Hârûn (Aaron) 115 وَنَجَّيُنَنِهُمَا وَقُومُهُمَا مِنَ ٱلْكَرُبِ ٱلْعَظِيم ﴿ And We saved them and their people from the great distress 116 وَنَصَرُ نَنِهُمُ فَكَانُواْ هُمُ ٱلْغَيلِبِينَ 🟐 And helped them, so that they became the victors; 117 وَءَاتَيُنَنهُمَا ٱلْكِتَنبَ ٱلْمُسُتَبِينَ سَ And We gave them the clear Scripture;

118. وَهَدَيْنَاهُمَا ٱلصِّرَ اطَ ٱلْمُسْتَقِيمَ 🔊 And guided them to the Right Path; 119 وَتَرَكُنَا عَلَيُهِمَا فِي ٱلأَخِرِينَ 🟐 And We left for them (a goodly remembrance) among generations (to come) in later times; 120 سَلَنمُّ عَلَىٰ مُوسَىٰ وَهَدرُونَ 🐨 Salâmun (peace) be upon Mûsa (Moses) and Hârûn (Aaron)!" 121 إِنَّا كَذَٰلِكَ نَجُـزِي ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ ﴿ Verily, thus do We reward the *Muhsinûn* (good-doers - see V.2:112). 122 إِنَّهُمَا مِنُ عِبَادِنَا ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ٣ Verily! They were two of Our believing slaves. 123 وَإِنَّ إِلْيَاسَ لَمِنَ ٱلْمُرُ سَلِينَ ٣ And verily, Iliyâs (Elias) was one of the Messengers. 124 إِذْ قَالَ لِقَوْمِهِ ٤ أَلَا تَتَّقُونَ ٣ When he said to his people: "Will you not fear Allâh? 125 أَتَدُعُـونَ بَـعَلَّا وَ تَـذَرُ ونَ أَحُسَنَ ٱلْخَــلِقِينَ رَسَّ "Will you call upon Ba'l (a well- known idol of his nation whom they used to worship) and forsake the Best of creators. 126 ٱللَّـهَ رَبَّكُـمُ وَرَبَّءَابَآبِكُمُ ٱلْأُوَّلِيـنَ ٣ 'Allâh, your Lord and the Lord of your forefathers?" 127 فَكَذَّبُوهُ فَإِنَّهُمُ لَمُحُضَرُونَ 🐨 But they denied him [Iliyâs (Elias)], so they will certainly be brought forth (to the punishment)

128. إِلًّا عِبَادَ ٱللَّهِ ٱلْمُخُلَصِينَ ﴿ Except the chosen slaves of Allâh. 129 وَتَرَكُنَا عَلَيهِ فِي ٱلْأَخِرِينَ 📆 And We left for him (a goodly remembrance) among generations (to come) in later times; 130 سَلَنمُ عَلَىٰٓ إِلَّ يَاسِينَ 🐨 Salâmun (peace) be upon Ilyâsîn (Elias)!" 131 إِنَّا كَذَٰ لِكَ نَجُـزِي ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ رَسَّ Verily, thus do We reward the *Muhsinûn* (good-doers, who perform good deeds totally for Allâh's sake only - see V.2:112). 132 إنَّـهُ و مِـنُ عِبَادِنَـا ٱلْمُـؤُ مِنِينَ ﴿٣٣ Verily, he was one of Our believing slaves 133 وَإِنَّ لُوطًا لَّمِنَ ٱلْمُرُ سَلِينَ ٣٣ And verily, Lout (Lot) was one of the Messengers. 134 إِذْ نَجَّيُنَكُ وَ أَهُلَهُ ۚ أَجُمَعِينَ ﴿ ﴿ When We saved him and his family, all, 135 إِلَّا عَجُوزًا فِي ٱلْغَنبِرِينَ 🌚 Except an old woman (his wife) who was among those who remained behind. 136 ثُـمَّ دَمَّرُنَا ٱلْأَخَـرينَ 📆 Then We destroyed the rest [i.e. the towns of Sodom at the place of the Dead Sea (now) in Palestine]. [See the "Book of History" by Ibn Kathîr] 137 وَإِنَّكُمْ لَتَمُرُّونَ عَلَيْهِم مُّصْبِحِينَ ﴿٣ Verily, you pass by them in the morning.

138. وَبِٱلَّيُلُّ أَفَلَا تَعُقِلُونَ ﴿ And at night; will you not then reflect? 139 وَإِنَّ يُـونُسَ لَمِـنَ ٱلْمُرُّسَلِينَ 📆 And, verily, Yûnus (Jonah) was one of the Messengers. 140 إِذُ أَبَقَ إِلَى ٱلْفُلُكِ ٱلْمَشْحُونِ ﴿ When he ran to the laden ship 141 فَسَاهَمَ فَكَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُدُحَضِينَ 📆 He (agreed to) cast lots, and he was among the losers, 142 فَٱلْتَقَمَهُ ٱلْحُوتُ وَهُوَ مُلِيمٌ 🐨 Then a (big) fish swallowed him and he had done an act worthy of blame. 143 فَلَوُلَآ أَنَّهُ و كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُسَبِّحِينَ ٣ Had he not been of them who glorify Allâh, 144 لَلَبِثَ فِي بَطُّنِهِ } إِلَىٰ يَوُم يُبْعَثُونَ ٣ He would have indeed remained inside its belly (the fish) till the Day of Resurrection. 145 * فَنَبَذُنَكُ بِٱلْعَرَآءِ وَهُوَ سَقِيمٌ ٥ But We cast him forth on the naked shore while he was sick 146 وَأَنْبَتُنَا عَلَيْهِ شَجَرَةً مِّن يَقُطِينِ 🚭 And We caused a plant of gourd to grow over him 147 وَ أَرُسَلُنَاهُ إِلَىٰ مِاْئَةِ أَلُفٍ أَوْ يَزِيدُونَ ٢ And We sent him to a hundred thousand (people) or even more 148 فَعَامَنُواْ فَمَتَّعُنَاهُمُ إِلَىٰ حِينِ 🐿 And they believed; so We gave them enjoyment for a while.

149. فَٱسُـتَفُتِهِمُ أَلِـرَبِّكَ ٱلْبَنَـاتُ وَلَهُـمُ ٱلْبَنُـونَ 🗃 Now ask them (O Muhammad SAW): "Are there (only) daughters for your Lord and sons for them?" 150 أُمُ خَلَقُنَا ٱلُمَلَيْكِةَ إِنَئِقًا وَهُـمُ شَـيهدُونَ 🚇 Or did We create the angels females while they were witnesses? 151 أَلَآ إِنَّهُم مِّنُ إِفُكِهِمُ لَيَقُولُونَ 🌚 Verily, it is of their falsehood that they (Quraish pagans) say: 152 وَلَدَ ٱللَّهُ وَإِنَّهُمُ لَكَنذِبُونَ 🚭 BAllâh has begotten off spring or children (i.e. angels are the daughters of Allâh)?" And, verily, they" lare liars! 153 أصُطَفَى ٱلْبَنَاتِ عَلَى ٱلْبَنِينَ 🐨 Has He (then) chosen daughters rather than sons? 154 مَا لَكُمُ كَيُفَ تَحُكُمُونَ 🚇 What is the matter with you? How do you decide? 155 أَفَلَا تَذَكُّر ۗ ونَ Will you not then remember? 156 أُمُ لَكُمُ سُلُطَنٌ مُّبِينٌ 🚳 Or is there for you a plain authority? 157 فَأَتُواْ بِكِتَىبِكُمُ إِن كُنتُمُ صَدِقِينَ رَسَ Then bring your Book if you are truthful! 158. وَجَعَلُواْ بَيْنَهُ وَبَيْنَ ٱلْجِنَّةِ نَسَبّا ۚ وَلَقَدُ عَلِمَتِ ٱلْجِنَّةُ إِنَّهُمُ لَمُحُضَرُونَ And they have invented a kinship between Him and the jinns, but the jinns know well that they have indeed to appear (before Him) (i.e. they will be brought for accounts).

159. سُبُحَينَ ٱللَّهِ عَمَّا يَصِفُونَ 🚳 Glorified is Allâh! (He is Free) from what they attribute unto Him! 160 إِلَّا عِبَادَ ٱللَّهِ ٱلْمُخُـلَصِينَ 📆 Except the slaves of Allâh, whom He choses (for His Mercy i.e. true believers of Islâmic Monotheism who do not attribute false things unto Allâh). 161 فَإِنَّكُمُ وَمَا تَعُبُدُونَ 🟐 So, verily you (pagans) and those whom you worship (idols) 162 مَآ أَنتُمُ عَلَيُهِ بِفَنتِنِينَ 📆 Cannot lead astray [turn away from Him (Allâh) anyone of the believers] 163 إِلَّا مَنُ هُوَ صَالِ ٱلْجَحِيم 📆 Except those who are predestined to burn in Hell! 164 وَمَا مِنَّا ۚ إِلَّا لَـهُ و مَقَامٌ مَّعُلُومٌ 📆 There is not one of us (angels) but has his known place (or position); 165 وَإِنَّا لَنَحُنُ ٱلصَّاقُّونَ ﴿ Verily, we (angels), we stand in rows for the prayers (as you Muslims stand in rows for your prayers); 166 وَ إِنَّا لَنَحُـنُ ٱلْمُسَبِّحُونَ 📆 Verily, we (angels), we are they who glorify (Allâh's Praises i.e. perform prayers) 167 وَإِن كَانُواْ لَيَقُولُونَ 📆 And indeed they (Arab pagans) used to say; 168 لَوُ أَنَّ عِندَنَا ذِكُرًا مِّنَ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ 🔝 "If we had a reminder as had the men of old (before the coming of Prophet Muhammad SAW as a Messenger of Allâh)

169. لَكُنَّا عِبَادَ ٱللَّهِ ٱلْمُخْلَصِينَ 🗃 "We would have indeed been the chosen slaves of Allâh (true believers of Islâmic Monotheism)!" 170 But (now that the Qur'an has come) they disbelieve therein (i.e. in the Qur'an and in Prophet Muhammad SAW, and all that which he brought, the Divine Revelation), so they will come to know! 171 وَلَقَدُ سَبَقَتُ كَلِمَتُنَا لِعِبَادِنَا ٱلْمُرُ سَلِينَ رَسَ And, verily, Our Word has gone forth of old for Our slaves, the Messengers 172 إِنَّهُمُ لَهُمُ ٱلْمَنصُورُونَ 째 That they verily would be made triumphant. 173 وَإِنَّ جُندَنَا لَهُمُ ٱلْغَيلِبُونَ ﴿ ﴿ And that Our hosts, they verily would be the victors 174 فَتَ وَلَّ عَنُهُمُ حَـ تَّىٰ حِـينِ 🌚 So turn away (O Muhammad SAW) from them for a while 175 And watch them and they shall see (the punishment)! 176 أَفَبعَذَابِنَا يَسُتَعُجلُونَ 📆 Do they seek to hasten on Our Torment? 177 فَإِذَا نَزَلَ بِسَاحَتِهِمُ فَسَآءَ صَبَاحُ ٱلْمُنذَرينَ رَسَّ Then, when it descends into their courtyard (i.e. near to them), evil will be the morning for those who had been warned! 178 وَتَوَلَّ عَنُهُمُ حَتَّىٰ حِين 🔊 So turn (O Muhammad SAW) away from them for a while,

المعروف فَسَوف يُبُصِرُونَ اللهِ وَالْبَعْدِرُ وَاللهِ اللهِ وَالْبَعْدِرُ وَاللهِ وَ

38. Sâd. Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

Sâd

[These letters (*Sâd* etc.) are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings]. By the Qur'ân full of reminding.

2.

Nay, those who desbelieve are in false pride and opposition.

3.

How many a generation We have destroyed before them, and they cried out when there was no longer time for escape!

4.



And they (Arab pagans) wonder that a warner (Prophet Muhammad SAW) has come to them from among themselves! And the disbelievers say: "This (Prophet Muhammad SAW) is a sorcerer, a liar.

5.

"Has he made the âliha (gods) (all) into One Ilâh (God - Allâh). Verily, this is a curious thing!"

6.

And the leaders among them went about (saying): "Go on, and remain constant to your *âliha* (gods)! Verily, This is a thing designed (against you)!

7

"We have not heard (the like) of this among the people of these later days. This is nothing but an invention!

أَءُنزِلَ عَلَيْهِ ٱلذِّكُرُ مِنْ بَيُنِنَاۚ بَلَ هُمُ فِي شَكِّ مِّن ذِكُرِيُّ بَلَ لَّمَّا يَذُوقُواْ عَـذَابِ ۞

"Has the Reminder been sent down to him (alone) from among us?" Nay! but they are in doubt about My Reminder (this Qur'ân)! Nay, but they have not tasted (My) Torment!

9.

Or have they the treasures of the Mercy of your Lord, the All-Mighty, the Real Bestower?

10.

Or is it that the dominion of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them is theirs? If so, let them ascend up with means (to the heavens)!

11.

(As they denied Allâh's Message) they will be a defeated host like the confederates of the old times (who were defeated).

12.

Before them (were many who) belied Messengers, the people of Nûh (Noah); and 'Ad; and Fir'aun (Pharaoh) the man of stakes (with which he used to punish the people),

13.

And Thamûd, and the people of Lout (Lot), and the dwellers of the wood; such were the confederates.

14

Not one of them but belied the Messengers, therefore My Torment was justified,

15.

And these only wait for a single *Saihah* [shout (i.e. the blowing of the Trumpet by the angel *Isrâfil* Sarafil)] there will be no pause or ending thereto [till everything will perish except Allâh (the only God full of Majesty, Bounty and Honour)].

They say: "Our Lord! Hasten to us Qittana (i.e. our Record of good and bad deeds so that we see it) before the Day of Reckoning!"

17.

Be patient (O Muhammad SAW) of what they say, and remember Our slave Dâwûd (David), endued with power. Verily, he was ever oft-returning in all matters and in repentance (toward Allâh).

18.

Verily, We made the mountains to glorify Our Praises with him [Dâwûd (David)] in the 'Ashi (i.e. after the mid-day till sunset) and Ishrâq (i.e. after the sunrise till mid-day).

19.

And (so did) the birds assembled: all with him [Dâwûd (David)] did turn (to Allâh i.e. glorified His Praises).

20.

We made his kingdom strong and gave him Al-Hikmah (Prophethood, etc.) and sound judgement in speech and decision.

21.

And has the news of the litigants reached you? When they climbed over the wall into (his) *Mihrâb* (a praying place or a private room,).

22.

When they entered in upon Dâwûd (David), he was terrified of them, they said: "Fear not! (We are) two litigants, one of whom has wronged the other, therefore judge between us with truth, and treat us not with injustice, and guide us to the Right Way.

23.

Verily, this my brother (in religion) has ninety nine ewes, while I have (only) one ewe, and he says: "Hand it over to me, and he overpowered me in speech."

قَالَ لَقَدُ ظَلَمَكَ بِسُوَّالِ نَعُجَتِكَ إِلَى نِعَاجِهِ ۗ وَإِنَّ كَثِيرًا
مِّنَ ٱلْخُلَطَآءِ لَيَبُغِى بَعُضُهُ مَ عَلَىٰ بَعُضٍ إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ
وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَدِ وَقَلِيلٌ مَّا هُمُّ وَظَنَّ دَاوُودُ أَنَّمَا فَتَنَّنَهُ فَٱسْتَعُفَرَ
رَبَّهُ وَخَرَّ رَاكِعًا وَأَنَابَ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ وَخَرَّ رَاكِعًا وَأَنَابَ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ ال

[Dâwûd (David)] said (immediately without listening to the opponent): "He has wronged you in demanding your ewe in addition to his ewes. And, verily, many partners oppress one another, except those who believe and do righteous good deeds, and they are few." And Dâwûd (David) guessed that We have tried him and he sought Forgiveness of his Lord, and he fell down prostrate and turned (to Allâh) in repentance.

25.

So We forgave him that, and verily, for him is a near access to Us, and a good place of (final) return (Paradise).

26.

يَددَاوُوهُ إِنَّا جَعَلُنَكَ خَلِيفَةً فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَاحُكُم بَيُنَ ٱلنَّاسِ بِٱلْحَقِّ وَلاَ تَتَّبِعِ ٱلْهُوَىٰ فَيُضِلَّكَ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَضِلُّونَ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَضِلُّونَ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ أِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَضِلُّونَ عَن سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ لَهُم عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ بِمَا نَسُواْ يَوْمَ ٱلْحِسَابِ ٢

O Dâwûd (David)! Verily! We have placed you as a successor on earth, so judge you between men in truth (and justice) and follow not your desire for it will mislead you from the Path of Allâh. Verily! Those who wander astray from the Path of Allâh (shall) have a severe torment, because they forgot the Day of Reckoning.

27.

And We created not the heaven and the earth and all that is between them without purpose! That is the consideration of those who disbelieve! Then woe to those who disbelieve (in Islâmic Monotheism) from the Fire!

28.

Shall We treat those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, as *Mufsidûn* (those who associate partners in worship with Allâh and commit crimes) on earth? Or shall We treat the *Muttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2), as the *Fujjâr* (criminals, disbelievers, wicked, etc)?ONT>

كِتَنبُ أَنزَ لُنَنهُ إِلَيْكَ مُبَدرَكُ لِّيَدَّبَّرُوٓاْ ءَايَنتِهِۦ وَلِيَتَذَكَّرَ أُوْلُواْ ٱلْأَلَبَنبِ



(This is) a Book (the Qur'ân) which We have sent down to you, full of blessings that they may ponder over its Verses, and that men of understanding may remember.

30.

And to Dâwûd (David) We gave Sulaimân (Solomon). How excellent (a) slave! Verily, he was ever oft-returning in repentance (to Us)!

31.

When there were displayed before him, in the afternoon, well trained horses of the highest breed [for *Jihâd* (holy fighting in Allâh's Cause)].

32.



And he said: "Alas! I did love the good (these horses) instead of remembering my Lord (in my 'Asr prayer)" till the time was over, and (the sun) had hidden in the veil (of night).

33

Then he said "Bring them (horses) back to me." Then he began to pass his hand over their legs and their necks (till the end of the display).

34.

And, indeed We did try Sulaimân (Solomon) and We placed on his throne *Jasadan* (a devil, so he lost his kingdom for a while) but he did return (to his throne and kingdom by the Grace of Allâh and he did return) to Allâh with obedience and in repentance.

35.

He said: "My Lord! Forgive me, and bestow upon me a kingdom such as shall not belong to any other after me: Verily, You are the Bestower."

So, We subjected to him the wind, it blew gently to his order whithersoever he willed,

37.

And also the Shayâtin (devils) from the jinns (including) every kind of builder and diver,

38.

And also others bound in fetters.

39.

[Saying of Allâh to Sulaimân (Solomon)]: "This is Our gift, so spend you or withhold, no account will be asked."

40.

And verily, he enjoyed a near access to Us, and a good final return (Paradise).

41.

And remember Our slave Ayûb (Job), when he invoked his Lord (saying): "Verily! Shaitân (Satan) has touched me with distress (by losing my health) and torment (by losing my wealth)!

42.

(Allâh said to him): "Strike the ground with your foot: This is a spring of water to wash in, cool and a (refreshing) drink."

43.

And We gave him (back) his family, and along with them the like thereof, as a Mercy from Us, and a Reminder for those who understand.

44.

"And take in your hand a bundle of thin grass and strike therewith (your wife), and break not your oath II. Truly! We found him patient. How excellent (a) slave! Verily, he was ever oft-returning in repentance (to Us)!

And remember Our slaves, Ibrâhim (Abraham), Ishâque (Isaac), and Ya'qûb (Jacob), (all) owners of strength (in worshipping Us) and (also) of religious understanding.

46.

Verily, We did choose them by granting them (a good thing, i.e.) the remembrance of the home [in the Hereafter and they used to make the people remember it, and also they used to invite the people to obey Allâh and to do good deeds for the Hereafter].

47.

And they are with Us, verily, of the chosen and the best!

48

And remember Ismâ'il (Ishmael), AlYasa'â (Elisha), and Dhul-Kifl (Isaiah), all are among the best.

49.

This is a Reminder, and verily, for the *Muttaqûn* (pious and righteous persons - see V.2:2) is a good final return (Paradise), -,

50.

'Adn (Edn) Paradise (everlasting Gardens), whose doors will be open for them, [It is said (in *Tafsir At-Tabarî*, Part 23, Page 174) that one can speak to the doors, just one tells it to open and close, and it will open or close as it is ordered].

51.

Therein they will recline; therein they will call for fruits in abundance and drinks;

52.

And beside them will be chaste females (virgins) restraining their glances only for their husbands, (and) of equal ages.

53.

This it is what you (Al-Muttaqûn - the pious) are promised for the Day of Reckoning!

(It will be said to them)! Verily, this is Our Provision which will never finish;

55

This is so! And for the *Tâghûn* (transgressors, disobedient to Allâh and His Messenger - disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh, criminals, etc.), will be an evil final return (Fire),

56

Hell! Where they will burn, and worst (indeed) is that place to rest!

57.

This is so! Then let them taste it, a boiling fluid and dirty wound discharges.

58.

And other torments of similar kind, all together!

59.

This is a troop entering with you (in Hell), no welcome for them! Verily, they shall burn in the Fire!

60.

(The followers of the misleaders will say): "Nay, you (too)! No welcome for you! It is you (misleaders) who brought this upon us (because you misled us in the world), so evil is this place to stay in!"

61.

"They will say: "Our Lord! Whoever brought this upon us, add to him a double torment in the Fire!

62

And they will say: "What is the matter with us that we see not men whom we used to count among the bad ones?"

63.

Did we take them as an object of mockery, or have (our) eyes failed to perceive them?"

إِنَّ ذَالِكَ لَحَقُّ تَخَاصُمُ أَهُلِ ٱلنَّارِ ٦

Verily, that is the very truth, the mutual dispute of the people of the Fire!

65.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I am only a warner and there is no *Ilâh* (God) except Allâh (none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh) the One, the Irresistible,

66.

"The Lord of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them, the All-Mighty, the Oft-Forgiving."

67.

Say: "That (this Qur'ân) is a great news

68.

"From which you turn away!

69.

"I had no knowledge of the chiefs (angels) on high when they were disputing and discussing (about the creation of Adam).

70.

"Only this has been inspired to me, that I am a plain warner."

71.

(Remember) when your Lord said to the angels: "Truly, I am going to create man from clay".

72

So when I have fashioned him and breathed into him (his) soul created by Me, then you fall down prostrate to him."

73.

So the angels prostrated themselves, all of them:

إِلَّا إِبُلِيسَ ٱسۡ تَكُبَرَ وَكَانَ مِنَ ٱلۡكَٰ فِرِينَ ٢

Except *Iblîs* (Satan) he was proud Π and was one of the disbelievers.

75.

(Allâh) said: "O *Iblîs* (Satan)! What prevents you from prostrating yourself to one whom I have created with Both My Hands I . Are you too proud (to fall prostrate to Adam) or are you one of the high exalted?"

76.

[Iblîs (Satan)] said: "I am better than he, You created me from fire, and You created him from clay."

77.

(Allâh) said: "Then get out from here, for verily, you are outcast.

78.

"And verily!, My Curse is on you till the Day of Recompense."

79.

[Iblîs (Satan)] said: "My Lord! Give me then respite till the Day the (dead) are resurrected."

80

(Allâh) said: "Verily! You are of those allowed respite

81.

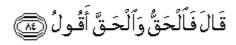
"Till the Day of the time appointed."

82

[Iblîs (Satan)] said: "By Your Might, then I will surely mislead them all,

83

"Except Your chosen slaves amongst them (faithful, obedient, true believers of Islâmic Monotheism)."



(Allâh) said: "The Truth is, and the Truth I say,

85.

That I will fill Hell with you [Iblîs (Satan)] and those of them (mankind) that follow you, together."

86.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "No wage do I ask of you for this (the Qur'ân), nor am I one of the *Mutakallifûn* (those who pretend and fabricate things which do not exist).

87.

"It (this Qur'ân) is only a Reminder for all the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns).

88.

"And you shall certainly know the truth of it after a while."

39. Az-Zumar Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

The revelation of this Book (the Qur'an) is from Allah, the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

2.

إِنَّا أَنزَ لُنَآ إِلَيْكَ ٱلْكِتَنبَ بِٱلْحَقِّ فَاعُبُدِ ٱللَّهَ مُخُلِصًا لَّهُ ٱلدِّينَ



Verily, We have sent down the Book to you (O Muhammad SAW) in truth: So worship Allâh (Alone) by doing religious deeds sincerely for Allâh's sake only, (and not to show-off, and not to set up rivals with Him in worship).

3.

أَلَا لِلَّهِ ٱلدِّينُ ٱلْخَالِصُ ۚ وَٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّخَذُواْ مِن دُونِهِ ٓ أَوُلِيٓآ مَا نَعُبُدُهُمُ إِلَّا لِيلَّهِ وَلَيْ اللَّهِ وَلُفَىٰٓ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَحُكُمُ بَيْنَهُمُ فِي مَا هُمُ فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ ۗ لِيُقَرِّبُونَاۤ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ وَلُفَىٰۤ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَحُكُمُ بَيْنَهُمُ فِي مَا هُمُ فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ ۗ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَحُكُمُ بَيْنَهُمُ فِي مَا هُمُ فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ ۗ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يَهُدِي مَنْ هُو كَدِدِبُ كَفَّالٌ ۚ ﴿

Surely, the religion (i.e. the worship and the obedience) is for Allâh only. And those who take *Auliyâ'* (protectors and helpers) besides Him (say): "We worship them only that they may bring us near to Allâh." Verily, Allâh will judge between them concerning that wherein they differ. Truly, Allâh guides not him who is a liar, and a disbeliever.

|4.

لَّـوُ أَرَادَ ٱللَّـهُ أَن يَتَّخِذَ وَلَـدًا لَّاصُطَفَىٰ مِمَّا يَخُلُقُ مَا يَشَآءُ سُبُحَـننَهُ ﴿
هُـوَ ٱللَّـهُ ٱلُوَ حِـدُ ٱلْقَهَّارُ ۞

Had Allâh willed to take a son (or offspring or children), He could have chosen whom He pleased out of those whom He created. But glory be to Him! (He is above such things). He is Allâh, the One, the Irresistible .

5.

خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ بِٱلُحَقِّ يُكَوِّرُ ٱلَّيُلَ عَلَى ٱلنَّهَارِ وَيُكَوِّرُ ٱلنَّهَارَ عَلَى ٱلَّيُلِّ وَسَخَّرَ ٱلشَّمُسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ ۚ كُلُّ يَجُرِى لِأَجَلٍ مُّسَمَّى ۗ أَلَا هُوَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلْغَفَّـــرُ ۞

He has created the heavens and the earth with truth. He makes the night to go in the day and makes the day to go in the night. And He has subjected the sun and the moon. Each running (on a fixed course) for an appointed term. Verily, He is the All-Mighty, the Oft-Forgiving.

خَلَقَكُم مِّن نَّفُسٍ وَ حِدَةٍ ثُمَّ جَعَلَ مِنْهَا زَوْجَهَا وَأَنزَلَ لَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْأَنْعَدِمِ
ثَمَدينِيَةَ أَزُو ﴿ حِ أَيخُ لُقُكُمُ فِى بُطُونِ أُمَّهَدِيكُمْ خَلُقًا مِّنْ بَعُدِ خَلُقٍ فِى ظُلُمَدِيَ قَلَا مُّنْ بَعُدِ خَلُقٍ فِى ظُلُمَدِيَ قُلَدِثٍ ذَلِكُمُ ٱللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ لَهُ ٱلْمُلُكُ لَا ٓ إِلَىهَ إِلَّا هُوَ ۗ فَأَنَّىٰ تُصُرَفُونَ ظُلُمَدِ قَلَدَ اللَّهُ وَلِيكُمُ لَهُ ٱلْمُلُكُ لَا ٓ إِلَىهَ إِلَّا هُو ۗ فَأَنَّىٰ تُصُرَفُونَ



He created you (all) from a single person (Adam); then made from him his wife [Hawwa' (Eve)]. And He has sent down for you of cattle eight pairs (of the sheep, two, male and female; of the goats, two, male and female; of the oxen, two, male and female; and of the camels, two, male and female). He creates you in the wombs of your mothers, creation after creation in three veils of darkness, such is Allâh your Lord. His is the kingdom, *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He). How then are you turned away?

إِن تَكُفُرُواْ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَنِيُّ عَنكُمُّ وَلَا يَرُضَىٰ لِعِبَادِهِ ٱلْكُفُرُّ وَإِن تَشْكُرُواْ يَرُضَىٰ لِعِبَادِهِ ٱلْكُفُرُّ وَإِن تَشْكُرُواْ يَرُضُهُ لَكُمُّ وَلَا تَرِرُ وَازِرَةٌ وِزْرَ أُخُرَىٰ ۖ ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكُم مَّرُجِعُكُمُ فَيُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَعُمَلُونَ إِنَّهُ عَلِيهُمْ بِذَاتِ ٱلصُّدُور ۞ فَيُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَعُمَلُونَ ۚ إِنَّهُ عَلِيهُمْ بِذَاتِ ٱلصُّدُورِ ۞

If you disbelieve, then verily, Allâh is not in need of you, He likes not disbelief for His slaves. And if you are grateful (by being believers), He is pleased therewith for you. No bearer of burdens shall bear the burden of another. Then to your Lord is your return, so He will inform you what you used to do. Verily, He is the All-Knower of that which is in (men's) breasts.

And when some hurt touches man, he cries to his Lord (Allâh Alone), turning to Him in repentance, but when He bestows a favour upon him from Himself, he forgets that for which he cried for before, and he sets up rivals to Allâh, in order to mislead others from His Path. Say: "Take pleasure in your disbelief for a while: surely, you are (one) of the dwellers of the Fire!"

أَمَّنُ هُوَ قَدِيتُّ ءَانَآءَ ٱلَّيُلِ سَاجِدًا وَقَآيِمًا يَحُذَرُ ٱلْأَخِرَةَ وَيَرُجُواْ رَحُمَةَ رَبِّهِۦُ قُلُهُ لَهُ لَيُسُتَوِى ٱلَّذِينَ يَعُلَمُونَ وَٱلَّذِينَ لَا يَعُلَمُونَ إِنَّمَا يَتَذَكَّرُ أُوْلُواْ ٱلْأَلَبَبِ

Is one who is obedient to Allâh, prostrating himself or standing (in prayer) during the hours of the night, fearing the Hereafter and hoping for the Mercy of his Lord (like one who disbelieves)? Say: "Are those who know equal to those who know not?" It is only men of understanding who will remember (i.e. get a lesson from Allâh's Signs and Verses).

قُلُ يَنعِبَادِ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱتَّقُواْ رَبَّكُمُ لِلَّذِينَ أَحُسَنُواْ فِي هَدذِهِ ٱلدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةٌ وَأَرُضُ ٱللَّهِ وَسِعَةً إِنَّمَا يُوَفَّى ٱلصَّبِرُونَ أَجُرَهُم بِغَير حِسَابِ



Say (O Muhammad SAW): "O My slaves who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism), be afraid of your Lord (Allâh) and keep your duty to Him. Good is (the reward) for those who do good in this world, and Allâh's earth is spacious (so if you cannot worship Allâh at a place, then go to another)! Only those who are patient shall receive their rewards in full, without reckoning. II"

11.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Verily, I am commanded to worship Allâh (Alone) by obeying Him and doing religious deeds sincerely for Allâh's sake only and not to show off, and not to set up rivals with Him in worship;

12.

"And I am commanded (this) in order that I may be the first of those who submit themselves to Allâh (in Islâm) as Muslims."

13.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Verily, if I disobey my Lord, I am afraid of the torment of a great Day."

14.

Say (O Muhammad SAW) "Allâh Alone I worship by doing religious deeds sincerely for His sake only and not to show-off, and not to set up rivals with Him in worship."

15.

So worship what you like besides Him. Say (O Muhammad SAW): "The losers are those who will lose themselves and their families on the Day of Resurrection. Verily, that will be a manifest loss!"

16.

They shall have coverings of Fire, above them and covering (of Fire) beneath them; with this Allâh does frighten His slaves: "O My slaves, therefore fear Me!"

وَٱلَّـذِينَ ٱجُــتَنَبُواْ ٱلطَّنغُـوتَ أَن يَعُبُدُوهَا وَأَنَابُوٓاْ إِلَــ ٱللَّـهِ لَهُـمُ اللَّهِ لَهُمُ اللَّهِ لَهُمُ اللَّهِ لَهُمُ اللَّهِ لَهُمُ اللَّهِ لَهُمُ اللَّهِ لَهُمُ اللَّهِ لَهُ مَا اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ الل

Those who avoid At- $T\hat{a}gh\hat{u}t^{[]}$ (false deities) by not worshipping them and turn to Allâh in repentance, for them are glad tidings; so announce the good news to My slaves,

18.

Those who listen to the Word [good advice Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh (none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh) and Islâmic Monotheism, etc.] and follow the best thereof (i.e. worship Allâh Alone, repent to Him and avoid Tâghût, etc.) those are (the ones) whom Allâh has guided and those are men of understanding (like Zaid bin 'Amr bin Nufail , Salmân Al-Fârisi and Abû Dhar Al-Ghifârî). [Tafsir Al-Qurtubi, Vol. 12, P. 244]

19.

Is, then one against whom the Word of punishment justified (equal to the one who avoids evil). Will you (O Muhammad SAW) rescue him who is in the Fire?

20.

But those who fear Allâh and keep their duty to their Lord (Allâh), for them are built lofty rooms; one above another under which rivers flow (i.e. Paradise). (This is) the Promise of Allâh: and Allâh does not fail in (His) Promise.

21.

See you not, that Allâh sends down water (rain) from the sky, and causes it to penetrate the earth, (and then makes it to spring up) as water-springs and afterward thereby produces crops of different colours, and afterward they wither and you see them turn yellow, then He makes them dry and broken pieces. Verily, in this, is a Reminder for men of understanding.

أَفَمَن شَرَ حَ ٱللَّهُ صَدَّرَهُ ۥ لِلْإِسُلَام فَهُوَ عَلَىٰ نُورٍ مِّن رَّبِّهِۦۚ فَوَيُلُ لِّلُقَاسِيَةِ قُلُوبُهُم مِّن ذِكُر ٱللَّهِۚ أُوْلَنَبِكَ فِي ضَلَىلٍ مُّبِينِ ﴿

Is he whose breast Allâh has opened to Islâm, so that he is in light from His Lord (as he who is non-Muslim)? So, woe to those whose hearts are hardened against remembrance of Allah! They are in

23.

ٱللَّهُ نَزَّ لَ أَحُسَنَ ٱلْحَدِيثِ كِتَنبًا مُّتَشَّنِهًا مَّثَانِيَ تَقُشَعِرٌ مِنْهُ جُلُودُ ٱلَّذِينَ يَخُشَوُنَ رَبَّهُمُ ثُمَّ تَلِينُ جُلُودُهُمُ وَقُلُوبُهُمُ إِلَىٰ ذِكُرِ ٱللَّهِ ۚ ذَلِكَ هُدَى ٱللَّهِ يَهُدِي بِهِ عَمَن يَشَآءُ وَمَن يُضُلِل ٱللَّهُ فَمَا لَهُ ومِنُ هَادٍ ٣

Allâh has sent down the best statement, a Book (this Qur'ân), its parts resembling each other in goodness and truth, oft-repeated. The skins of those who fear their Lord shiver from it (when they recite it or hear it). Then their skin and their heart soften to the remembrance of Allâh. That is the guidance of Allâh. He Guides therewith whom He pleases and whomever Allâh sends astray, for him there is no guide.

24.

Is he then, who will confront with his face the awful torment on the Day of Resurrection (as he who enters peacefully in Paradise)? And it will be said to the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.): "Taste what you used to earn!'

25.

Those before them belied, and so the torment came on them from directions they perceived not.

26

So Allâh made them to taste the disgrace in the present life, but greater is the torment of the Hereafter if they only knew!

27.

And indeed We have put forth for men, in this Qur'ân every kind of similitude in order that they may remember.

An Arabic Qur'ân, without any crookedness (therein) in order that they may avoid all evil which Allâh has ordered them to avoid, fear Him and keep their duty to Him.

29.

Allâh puts forth a similitude: a (slave) man belonging to many partners (like those who worship others along with Allâh) disputing with one another, and a (slave) man belonging entirely to one master, (like those who worship Allâh Alone). Are those two equal in comparison? All the praises and thanks be to Allâh! But most of them know not.

30.

Verily, you (O Muhammad SAW) will die and verily, they (too) will die.

31.

Then, on the Day of Resurrection, you will be disputing before your Lord.

32.

Then, who does more wrong than one who utters a lie against Allâh, and denies the truth [this Qur'ân, the Prophet (Muhammad SAW), the Islâmic Monotheism, the Resurrection and the reward or punishment according to good or evil deeds] when it comes to him! Is there not in Hell an abode for the disbelievers?

33.

And he (Muhammad SAW) who has brought the truth (this Qur'ân and Islâmic Monotheism) and (those who) believed therein (i.e. the true believers of Islâmic Monotheism), those are *Al- Muttaqûn* (the pious and righteous persons - see V.2:2).

34.



They shall have all that they will desire with their Lord. That is the reward of *Muhsinûn* (good-doers - see V.2:112).

لِيُكَفِّرَ ٱللَّهُ عَنُهُمُ أَسُواً ٱلَّذِى عَمِلُواْ وَيَجُزِيَهُمُ أَجُرَهُم بِأَحْسَنِ ٱلنَّذِى كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ ۞

So that Allâh may remit from them the evil of what they did and give them the reward, according to the best of what they used to do^[].

36.

Is not Allâh Sufficient for His slave? Yet they try to frighten you with those (whom they worship) besides Him! And whom Allâh sends astray, for him there will be no guide.

37.

And whomsoever Allâh guides, for him there will be no misleader. Is not Allâh All-Mighty, Possessor of Retribution?

38.

And verily, if you ask them: "Who created the heavens and the earth?" Surely, they will say: "Allâh (has created them)." Say: "Tell me then, the things that you invoke besides Allâh, if Allâh intended some harm for me, could they remove His harm, or if He (Allâh) intended some mercy for me, could they withhold His Mercy?" Say: "Sufficient for me is Allâh; in Him those who trust (i.e. believers) must put their trust."

39.

Say: (O Muhammad SAW) "O My people! Work according to your way, I am working (according to my way). Then you will come to know,

40.

"To whom comes a disgracing torment, and on whom descends an everlasting torment."

إِنَّٱ أَنزَ لُنَا عَلَيْكَ ٱلُكِتَنبَ لِلنَّاسِ بِٱلْحَقِّ فَمَنِ ٱهُتَدَىٰ فَلِنَفُسِهِۦۗ وَمَن ضَلَّ فَإِنَّمَا يَضِلُّ عَلَيْهَا ۗ وَمَٱ أَنتَ عَلَيْهِم بِوَكِيلٍ ۞

Verily, We have sent down to you (O Muhammad SAW) the Book (this Qur'ân) for mankind in truth. So whosoever accepts the guidance, it is only for his ownself, and whosoever goes astray, he goes astray only for his (own) loss. And you (O Muhammad SAW) are not a *Wakîl* (trustee or disposer of affairs, or keeper) over them .

42.

ٱللَّـهُ يَتَـوَقَّى ٱلْأَنفُسَ حِـينَ مَوْتِهَا وَٱلَّتِـى لَـمُ تَمُـتُ فِـى مَنَامِهَا فَيُمُسِكُ ٱللَّخُرَى إِلَى أَجَلٍ مُّسَمَّى فَيُمُسِكُ ٱلْأُخُرَى إِلَى أَجَلٍ مُّسَمَّى فَيُمُسِكُ ٱلْأُخُرَى إِلَى أَجَلٍ مُّسَمَّى إِنَّ فِى ذَلِكَ ٱلْأَخُرَى إِلَى أَجَلٍ مُّسَمَّى إِنَّ فِى ذَلِكَ ٱلْأَبْدِ تِ لِقَـوم يَتَفَكَّرُونَ فَي

It is Allâh Who takes away the souls at the time of their death, and those that die not during their sleep. He keeps those (souls) for which He has ordained death and sends the rest for a term appointed. Verily, in this are signs for a people who think deeply.

43.

Have they taken others as intercessors besides Allâh? Say: "Even if they have power over nothing whatever and have no intelligence?"

44.

قُل لِّلَّهِ ٱلشَّفَعَةُ جَمِيعًا لَّهُ وملكُ ٱلسَّمَعوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ ثُمَّ إِلَيْهِ تُرُجَعُونَ



Say: "To Allâh belongs all intercession. His is the Sovereignty of the heavens and the earth, then to Him you shall be brought back."

45.

And when Allâh Alone is mentioned, the hearts of those who believe not in the Hereafter are filled with disgust (from the Oneness of Allâh (>>) and when those (whom they obey or worship) besides Him [like all false deities other than Allâh, it may be a Messenger like 'lesa (Jesus) son of Maryam (Mary), 'Uzair (Ezra), an angel, a pious man, a jinn, or any other creature even idols, graves of religious people, saints, priests, monks, etc.] are mentioned, behold, they rejoice!

قُلِ ٱللَّهُمَّ فَاطِرَ ٱلسَّمَنوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ عَنلِمَ ٱلْغَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَندَةِ أَنتَ تَحُكُمُ بَيْنَ عِبَادِكَ فِي مَا كَانُواْ فِيهِ يَخْتَلِفُونَ ۞

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "O Allâh! Creator of the heavens and the earth! All-Knower of the *Ghaib* (unseen) and the seen. You will judge between your slaves about that wherein they used to differ."

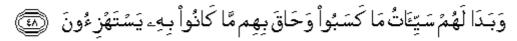
47

وَلَو أَنَّ لِلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ مَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ جَمِيعًا وَمِثْلَهُ مَعَهُ لَاَفْتَدَواْ بِهِ عِن سُوّءِ ٱلْعَذَابِ يَوْمَ ٱللَّقِيَهِ مَةِ وَبَدَا لَهُم مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ مَا لَمُ يَكُونُواْ يَحُتَسِبُونَ



And those who did wrong (the polytheists and disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh), if they had all that is in earth and therewith as much again, they verily, would offer it to ransom themselves therewith on the Day of Resurrection from the evil torment, and there will become apparent to them from Allâh, what they had not been reckoning \Box .

48.



And the evils of that which they earned will become apparent to them, and they will be encircled by that which they used to mock at!

49.

When harm touches man, he calls to Us (for help), then when We have (rescued him from that harm and) changed it into a favour from Us, he says: "Only because of knowledge (that I possess) I obtained it." Nay, it is only a trial, but most of them know not!

50.

قَدُ قَالَهَا ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِهِمُ فَمَ ٓ أَغُنَىٰ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَكُسِبُونَ



Verily, those before them said it, yet (all) that they had earned availed them not.

51.

So, the evil results of that which they earned overtook them. And those who did wrong of these [people to whom you (Muhammad SAW) have been sent], will also be overtaken by the evil results (torment) for that which they earned, and they will never be able to escape [].

أَوَلَمُ يَعُلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَبُسُطُ ٱلرِّرَٰقَ لِمَن يَشَآءُ وَيَقُدِرُۚ إِنَّ فِى ذَالِكَ لَأَيَاتٍ لِّقَــوُم يُؤُمِنُــونَ ۞

Do they not know that Allâh enlarges the provision for whom He wills, and straitens it (for whom He wills). Verily, in this are signs for the folk who believe!

53.

Say: "O '*Ibâdî* (My slaves) who have transgressed against themselves (by committing evil deeds and sins)! Despair not of the Mercy of Allâh, verily Allâh forgives all sins. Truly, He is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful^[].

54.

"And turn in repentance and in obedience with true Faith (Islâmic Monotheism) to your Lord and submit to Him, (in Islâm), before the torment comes upon you, then you will not be helped.

55.

"And follow the best of that which is sent down to you from your Lord (i.e. this Qur'ân, do what it orders you to do and keep away from what it forbids), before the torment comes on you suddenly while you perceive not!"

56.

Lest a person should say: "Alas, my grief that I was undutiful to Allâh (i.e. I have not done what Allâh has ordered me to do), and I was indeed among those who mocked [at the truth! i.e. *Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh* (none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh), the Qur'ân, and Muhammad SAW and at the faithful believers, etc.]

57

Or (lest) he should say: "If only Allâh had guided me, I should indeed have been among the *Muttaqûn* (pious and righteous persons - see V.2:2)."

أَوُ تَقُولَ حِينَ تَرَى ٱلْعَذَابَ لَوُ أَنَّ لِي كَرَّةً فَأَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُحُسِنِينَ



Or (lest) he should say when he sees the torment: "If only I had another chance (to return to the world) then I should indeed be among the *Muhsinûn* (good-doers - see V.2:112)."

59.

Yes! Verily, there came to you My *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and you denied them, and were proud and were among the disbelievers.

60.

And on the Day of Resurrection you will see those who lied against Allâh (i.e. attributed to Him sons, partners, etc.) their faces will be black. Is there not in Hell an abode for the arrogant ones?

61.



And Allâh will deliver those who are the *Muttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2) to their places of success (Paradise). Evil shall touch them not, nor shall they grieve.

62.

Allâh is the Creator of all things, and He is the *Wakîl* (Trustee, Disposer of affairs, Guardian, etc.) over all things.

63.

To Him belong the keys of the heavens and the earth. And those who disbelieve in the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, such are they who will be the losers.

64.

Say (O Muhammad SAW to the polytheists, etc.): "Do you order me to worship other than Allâh O you fools?"

وَلَقَدُ أُوحِىَ إِلَيْكَ وَإِلَى ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِكَ لَبِنُ أَشُرَ كُتَ لَيَحُبَطَنَّ عَمَلُكَ وَلَتَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلُخَسِرِينَ ۞

And indeed it has been revealed to you (O Muhammad SAW), as it was to those (Allâh's Messengers) before you: "If you join others in worship with Allâh, (then) surely (all) your deeds will be in vain, and you will certainly be among the losers ."

66.

Nay! But worship Allâh (Alone and none else), and be among the grateful.

67.

They made not a just estimate of Allâh such as is due to Him. And on the Day of Resurrection the whole of the earth will be grasped by His Hand IJ and the heavens will be rolled up in His Right Hand. Glorified is He, and High is He above all that they associate as partners with Him!

68.

And the Trumpet will be blown, and all who are in the heavens and all who are on the earth will swoon away, except him whom Allâh will. Then it will blown a second time and behold, they will be standing, looking on (waiting).

69.

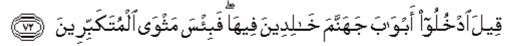
And the earth will shine with the light of its Lord (Allâh, when He will come to judge among men) and the Book will be placed (open) and the Prophets and the witnesses will be brought forward, and it will be judged between them with truth, and they will not be wronged.

70.

And each person will be paid in full of what he did; and He is Best Aware of what they do.

And those who disbelieved will be driven to Hell in groups, till, when they reach it, the gates thereof will be opened (suddenly like a prison at the arrival of the prisoners). And its keepers will say, "Did not the Messengers come to you from yourselves, reciting to you the Verses of your Lord, and warning you of the Meeting of this Day of yours?" They will say: "Yes, but the Word of torment has been justified against the disbelievers!

72.



It will be said (to them): "Enter you the gates of Hell, to abide therein. And (indeed) what an evil abode of the arrogant!"

73.

And those who kept their duty to their Lord will be led to Paradise in groups, till, when they reach it, and its gates will be opened (before their arrival for their reception) and its keepers will say: Salâmun 'Alaikum (peace be upon you)! You have done well, so enter here to abide therein."

74

And they will say: "All the praises and thanks be to Allâh Who has fulfilled His Promise to us and has made us inherit (this) land. We can dwell in Paradise where we will; how excellent a reward for the (pious good) workers!"

75.

And you will see the angels surrounding the Throne (of Allâh) from all round, glorifying the praises of their Lord (Allâh). And they (all the creatures) will be judged with truth, and it will be said. All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists)."

40. Ghâfir Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

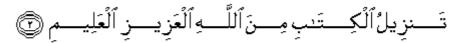
1.



Hâ-Mîm.

[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'an, and none but Allah (Alone) knows their meanings].

2.



The revelation of the Book (this Qur'an) is from Allah the All-Mighty, the All-Knower.

3.

The Forgiver of sin, the Acceptor of repentance, the Severe in punishment, the Bestower (of favours) Lâ ilâha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He), to Him is the final return.

4.

None disputes in the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh but those who disbelieve. So let not their ability of going about here and there through the land (for their purposes) deceive you [O Muhammad SAW, their ultimate end will be the Fire of Hell]!

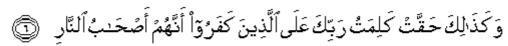
5.

كَذَّبَتُ قَبْلَهُمُ قَوْمُ نُوحٍ وَٱلْأَحُزَابُ مِنْ بَعُدِهِمٍّ وَهَمَّتُ كُلُّ أُمَّةٍ بِرَسُولِهِمُ لِيَا خُدُوهٌ وَجَندَلُواْ بِٱلبَنطِلِ لِيُدُحِضُواْ بِهِ ٱلْحَقَّ فَأَخَذُتُهُمُ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ وَالْمَدَّ فَالْحَقَّ فَأَخَذُتُهُمُ فَكَيْفَ كَانَ

عِقَابِ ۞

The people of Nûh (Noah) and the confederates after them denied (their Messengers) before these, and every (disbelieving) nation plotted against their Messenger to seize him, and disputed by means of falsehood to refute therewith the truth. So I seized them (with punishment), and how (terrible) was My punishment!

6.



Thus has the Word of your Lord been justified against those who disbelieved, that they will be the dwellers of the Fire I.

ٱلَّذِينَ يَحُمِلُونَ ٱلْعَرُشَ وَمَنُ حَولَلَهُ عُسَبِّحُونَ بِحَمُدِ رَبِّهِمُ وَيُؤُمِنُونَ بِهِ عَلَمَا بِهِ وَيَسُتَغُفِرُونَ لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ رَبَّنَا وَسِعْتَ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ رَّحُمَةً وَعِلْمًا فَاعُفِرُ لِلَّذِينَ تَابُواْ وَٱتَّبَعُواْ سَبِيلَكَ وَقِهِمُ عَذَابَ ٱلْجَحِيمِ

Those (angels) who bear the Throne (of Allâh) and those around it glorify the praises of their Lord, and believe in Him, and ask forgiveness for those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh) (saying): "Our Lord! You comprehend all things in mercy and knowledge, so forgive those who repent and follow Your Way, and save them from the torment of the blazing Fire!

8.

رَبَّنَا وَأَدُخِلُهُمُ جَنَّنتِ عَدُنِ ٱلَّتِي وَعَدتَّهُمُ وَمَن صَلَحَ مِنْ ءَابَآبِهِمُ وَأَدُخِلُهُمُ وَمَن صَلَحَ مِنْ ءَابَآبِهِمُ وَأَزُوَ جِهِمُ وَذُرِّيَّنتِهِمُ إِنَّكَ أَنتَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلْحَكِيمُ ۞

"Our Lord! And make them enter the 'Adn (Eden) Paradise (everlasting Gardens) which you have promised them, and to the righteous among their fathers, their wives, and their offspring! Verily, You are the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

9.

وَقِهِـــمُ ٱلسَّـــيِّنَاتِۚ وَمَـــن تَـــقِ ٱلسَّـــيِّنَاتِ يَوُمَبِـــذٍ فَقَـــدُ رَحِمُتَــهُۥۚ وَذَالِكَ هُوَ ٱلُفَوُزُ ٱلُعَظِيــمُ ۞

"And save them from (the punishment, because of what they did of) the sins, and whomsoever You save from (the punishment, because of what they did of) the sins (i.e. excuse them) that Day, him verily, You have taken into mercy." And that is the supreme success.

10.

إِنَّ ٱلَّـــذِينَ كَفَــرُواْ يُنَــادَوَنَ لَمَقُــتُ ٱللَّــهِ أَكُــبَرُ مِــن مَّقُتِكُــمُ أَنفُسَـكُمُ إِذْ تُدُعَـوُنَ إِلَـى ٱلْإِيمَــنِ فَتَكُفُـرُونَ ۞

Those who disbelieve will be addressed (at the time of entering into the Fire): "Allâh's aversion was greater towards you (in the worldly life when you used to reject the Faith) than your aversion towards one another (now in the Fire of Hell, as you are now enemies to one another), when you were called to the Faith but you used to refuse."

11.

قَالُواْ رَبَّنَا أَمَتَّنَا ٱثُنَتَيُنِ وَأَحُيَيُتَنَا ٱثُنَتَيُنِ فَاعُتَرَفُنَا بِذُنُوبِنَا فَهَالُواْ رَبَّنَا أَمُتَّنَا بِذُنُوبِنَا فَهَالُ إِلَى خُرُوجٍ مِّن سَبِيلٍ ﴿

They will say: "Our Lord! You have made us to die twice (i.e. we were dead in the loins of our fathers and dead after our deaths in this world), and You have given us life twice (i.e. life when we were born and life when we are Resurrected)! Now we confess our sins, then is there any way to get out (of the Fire)?"

(It will be said): "This is because, when Allâh Alone was invoked (in worship, etc.) you disbelieved, but when partners were joined to Him, you believed! So the judgement is only with Allâh, the Most High, the Most Great! Π "

13.

It is He, Who shows you His *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and sends down (rain with which grows) provision for you from the sky. And none remembers but those who turn (to Allâh) in obedience and in repentance (by begging His Pardon and by worshipping and obeying Him Alone and none else).

14.

So, call you (O Muhammad SAW and the believers) upon (or invoke) Allâh making (your) worship pure for Him (Alone) (by worshipping none but Him and by doing religious deeds sincerely for Allâh's sake only and not to show-off and not to set up rivals with Him in worship). However much the disbelievers (in the Oneness of Allâh) may hate (it).

15.

(He is Allâh) Owner of High Ranks and Degrees, the Owner of the Throne. He sends the Inspiration by His Command to any of His slaves He wills, that he (the person who receives inspiration) may warn (men) of the Day of Mutual Meeting (i.e. The Day of Resurrection).

16.

The Day when they will (all) come out, nothing of them will be hidden from Allâh. Whose is the kingdom this Day? (Allâh Himself will reply to His Question): It is Allâh's the One, the Irresistible!

17.



This Day shall every person be recompensed for what he earned. No injustice (shall be done to anybody). Truly, Allâh is Swift in reckoning.

وَأَنذِرُهُمُ يَوُمَ ٱلأَزِفَةِ إِذِ ٱلْقُلُوبُ لَدَى ٱلْحَنَاجِرِ كَنظِمِينَ مَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ مِنْ حَمِيم وَلَا شَفِيعٍ يُطَاعُ 🚳

And warn them (O Muhammad SAW) of the Day that is drawing near (i.e. the Day of Resurrection), when the hearts will be choking the throats, and they can neither return them (hearts) to their chests nor can they throw them out. There will be no friend, nor an intercessor for the Zâlimûn (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.), who could be given heed to.

19.

Allâh knows the fraud of the eyes, and all that the breasts conceal

And Allâh judges with truth, while those to whom they invoke besides Him, cannot judge anything. Certainly, Allah! He is the All-Hearer, the All-Seer.

21.

Have they not travelled in the land and seen what was the end of those who were before them? They were superior to them in strength, and in the traces (which they left) in the land. But Allâh seized them with punishment for their sins. And none had they to protect them from Allâh.

22.

That was because there came to them their Messengers with clear evidences, proofs and signs but they disbelieved (in them). So Allâh seized them with punishment. Verily, He is All-Strong, Severe in punishment.

23.

And indeed We sent Mûsa (Moses) with Our Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), and a manifest authority,

24.

To Fir'aun (Pharaoh), Hâmân and Qârûn (Korah), but they called (him): "A sorcerer, a liar!"

فَلَمَّا جَآءَهُم بِٱلُحَقِّ مِنُ عِندِنَا قَالُواْ ٱقَتُلُوٓاْ أَبُنَآءَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَعَهُ و وَٱسۡتَحُيُواْ نِسَآءَهُمُۚ وَمَا كَيْدُ ٱلۡكَنفِرِينَ إِلَّا فِي ضَلَنلِ ۚ

Then, when he brought them the Truth from Us, they said: "Kill the sons of those who believe with him and let their women live", but the plots of disbelievers are nothing but errors!

26.

Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "Leave me to kill Mûsa (Moses), and let him call his Lord (to stop me from killing him)! I fear that he may change your religion, or that he may cause mischief to appear in the land!"

27.

Mûsa (Moses) said: "Verily, I seek refuge in my Lord and your Lord from every arrogant who believes not in the Day of Reckoning!"

28.

وَقَالَ رَجُلُ مُّوَّمِنُ مِّنُ اللَّهُ وَقَدْ جَآءَكُم بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ مِن رَّبِّكُمُّ وَإِن رَجُلًا أَن يَقُولَ رَبِّى ٱللَّهُ وَقَدْ جَآءَكُم بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ مِن رَّبِّكُمُّ وَإِن يَكُ كَم بِٱلْبَيِّنَاتِ مِن رَّبِّكُمُّ وَإِن يَكُ صَادِقًا يُصِبُكُم بَعُضُ ٱلَّذِى يَعِدُكُمُ إِنَّ اَللَّهَ لَا يَهُدِى مَنْ هُو مُسُرِقُ كَذَابُ هَا لَا يَهُدِى مَنْ هُو مُسُرِقُ كَذَابُ هَا إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهُدِى مَنْ هُو مُسُرِقُ كَذَابُ هَا إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَهُدِى مَنْ هُو مُسُرِقُ كَذَابُ هَا إِنَّ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ مِنْ هُو مُسُرِقُ كَذَابُ هَا إِنَّ اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّه

And a believing man of Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) family, who hid his faith said: "Would you kill a man because he says: My Lord is Allâh, and he has come to you with clear signs (proofs) from your Lord? And if he is a liar, upon him will be (the sin of) his lie; but if he is telling the truth, then some of that (calamity) wherewith he threatens you will befall on you." Verily, Allâh guides not one who is a *Musrif* (a polytheist, or a murderer who shed blood without a right, or those who commit great sins, oppressor, transgressor), a liar!

29.

يَنقَوُمِ لَكُمُ ٱلْمُلُكُ ٱلْيَوْمَ ظَنهِرِينَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ فَمَن يَنصُرُنَا مِنْ بَأْسِ ٱللَّهِ إِن جَآءَنَا ۚ قَالَ فِرُعَوْنُ مَآ أُرِيكُمُ إِلَّا مَآ أَرَىٰ وَمَآ أَهُدِيكُمُ إِلَّا سَبِيلَ ٱلرَّشَادِ



"O my people! Yours is the kingdom this day, you are uppermost in the land. But who will save us from the Torment of Allâh, should it befall us?" Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "I show you only that which I see (correct), and I guide you only to the path of right policy!"

And he who believed said: "O my people! Verily, I fear for you a fate like that day (of disaster) of the Confederates (of old)!

31.

"Like the fate of the people of Nûh (Noah), and 'Ad, and Thamûd and those who came after them. And Allâh wills no injustice for (His) slaves.

32.

"And, O my people! Verily! I fear for you the Day when there will be mutual calling (between the people of Hell and of Paradise)."

33.

A Day when you will turn your backs and flee having no protector from Allâh, And whomsoever Allâh sends astray, for him there is no guide.

34.

And indeed Yûsuf (Joseph) did come to you, in times gone by, with clear signs, but you ceased not to doubt in that which he did bring to you, till when he died you said: "No Messenger will Allâh send after him." Thus Allâh leaves astray him who is a *Musrif* (a polytheist, oppressor, a criminal, sinner who commit great sins) and a *Murtâb* (one who doubts Allâh's Warning and His Oneness).

35.

Those who dispute about the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, without any authority that has come to them, it is greatly hateful and disgusting to Allâh and to those who believe. Thus does Allâh seal up the heart of every arrogant, tyrant. (So they cannot guide themselves to the Right Path).

وَقَالَ فِرُعَوْنُ يَنهَنمَن ٱبُنِ لِى صَرَحًا لَّعَلِّى ٓ أَبُلُغُ ٱلْأَسَّبَنبَ



And Fir'aun (Pharaoh) said: "O Hâmân! Build me a tower that I may arrive at the ways,

37.

أَسُبَىبَ ٱلسَّمَىوَتِ فَأَطَّلِعَ إِلَى إِلَىهِ مُوسَىٰ وَإِنِّى لَأَظُنُّهُ وَكَذِبًا ۚ وَكَذَلِكَ زُيِّنَ لِفِرُ عَوْنَ سُوٓءُ عَمَلِهِ ۦ وَصُدَّ عَنِ ٱلسَّبِيلِ ۚ وَمَا كَيُدُ فِرُ عَوْنَ إِلَّا فِى تَبَابِ ۞

"The ways of the heavens, and I may look upon the *Ilâh* (God) of Mûsa (Moses) but verily, I think him to be a liar." Thus it was made fair-seeming, in Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) eyes, the evil of his deeds, and he was hindered from the (Right) Path, and the plot of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) led to nothing but loss and destruction (for him).

38.

And the man who believed said: "O my people! Follow me, I will guide you to the way of right conduct [i.e. guide you to Allâh's religion of Islâmic Monotheism with which Mûsa (Moses) has been sent].

39.

"O my people! Truly, this life of the world is nothing but a (quick passing) enjoyment, and verily, the Hereafter that is the home that will remain forever."

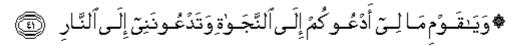
40.

مَــنُ عَمِــلَ سَــيِّئَةً فَلَا يُجُــزَى إِلَّا مِثُلَهَــاً وَمَــنُ عَمِــلَ صَلِحًا مِّـن ُ عَمِـلَ صَلِحًا مِّـن ذَكَرٍ أَوْ أُنثَى وَهُـوَ مُـوَّمِنٌ فَأُوْلَتَيِكَ يَدُخُلُونَ ٱلُجَنَّةَ يَرُزَقُونَ فِيهَا بِغَـيُر حِسَابِ ۞

يُرُزَقُونَ فِيهَا بِغَـيُر حِسَابِ ۞

"Whosoever does an evil deed, will not be requited except the like thereof, and whosoever does a righteous deed, whether male or female and is a true believer (in the Oneness of Allâh), such will enter Paradise, where they will be provided therein (with all things in abundance) without limit.

41.



And O my people! How is it that I call you to salvation while you call me to the Fire!

تَدُعُونَنِي لِأَكْفُرَ بِٱللَّهِ وَأُشُرِكَ بِهِ مَا لَيْسَ لِي بِهِ عِلْمٌ وَأَنَا أَدُعُوكُمُ اللَّهِ وَأَشُرِكَ بِهِ مَا لَيْسَ لِي بِهِ عِلْمٌ وَأَنَا أَدُعُوكُمُ اللَّهِ وَأَشُرِكَ بِهِ مَا لَيْسَ لِي بِهِ عِلْمٌ وَأَنَا أَدُعُوكُمُ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ اللهِ عَلَيْمٌ وَأَنَا أَدُعُوكُمُ اللهِ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ ال

"You invite me to disbelieve in Allâh (and in His Oneness), and to join partners in worship with Him; of which I have no knowledge, and I invite you to the All-Mighty, the Oft-Forgiving!

43.

"No doubt you call me to (worship) one who cannot grant (me) my request (or respond to my invocation) in this world or in the Hereafter. And our return will be to Allâh, and *Al-Musrifûn* (i.e. polytheists and arrogants, those who commit great sins, the transgressors of Allâh's set limits)! They shall be the dwellers of the Fire!

44.

فَسَتَذُكُرُونَ مَا أَقُولُ لَكُمُّ وَأُفَوِّضُ أَمُرِى إِلَى ٱللَّهِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بَصِيرٌ بِٱلْعِبَادِ



"And you will remember what I am telling you, and my affair I leave it to Allâh. Verily, Allâh is the All-Seer of (His) slaves."

45

So Allâh saved him from the evils that they plotted (against him), while an evil torment encompassed Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people.

46.

The Fire; they are exposed to it, morning and afternoon, and on the Day when the Hour will be established (it will be said to the angels): "Cause Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people to enter the severest torment!"

47.

And, when they will dispute in the Fire, the weak will say to those who were arrogant; "Verily! We followed you, can you then take from us some portion of the Fire?"

Those who were arrogant will say: "We are all (together) in this (Fire)! Verily Allâh has judged between (His) slaves!"

49.

And those in the Fire will say to the keepers (angels) of Hell: "Call upon your Lord to lighten for us the torment for a day!"

50.

They will say: "Did there not come to you, your Messengers with (clear) evidences and signs? They will say: "Yes." They will reply: "Then call (as you like)! And the invocation of the disbelievers is nothing but in error!"

51.



Verily, We will indeed make victorious Our Messengers and those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) in this world's life and on the Day when the witnesses will stand forth, (i.e. Day of Resurrection),

52.



The Day when their excuses will be of no profit to *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrong-doers and disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh). Theirs will be the curse, and theirs will be the evil abode (i.e. painful torment in Hell-fire).

53.

And, indeed We gave Mûsa (Moses) the guidance, and We caused the Children of Israel to inherit the Scripture [i.e. the Taurât (Torah)],

54.

A guide and a reminder for men of understanding.

فَاصبِرُ إِنَّ وَعُدَ ٱللَّهِ حَقٌّ وَٱستَغُفِرُ لِذَنْبِكَ وَسَبِّحُ بِحَمُدِ رَبِّكَ بِٱلْعَشِيّ

So be patient (O Muhammad SAW). Verily, the Promise of Allâh is true, and ask forgiveness for your fault $^{
m II}$, and glorify the praises of your Lord in the Ashi (i.e. the time period after the midnoon till sunset) and in the Ibkâr (i.e. the time period from early morning or sunrise till before midnoon) [it is said that, that means the five compulsory congregational Salât (prayers) or the 'Asr and Fajr prayers].

56.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يُجَدِلُونَ فِي ءَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ بِغَير سُلُطَنن أَتَنهُمُ إِن فِي صُدُورِهِمُ إِلَّا كِبُرُ مَّا هُم بِبَلِغِيهِ فَأَسُتَعِذُ بِٱللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّهُ وهُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ ٱلْبَصِيرُ



Verily, those who dispute about the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, without any authority having come to them, there is nothing else in their breasts except pride Ito accept you (Muhammad SAW) as a Messenger of Allâh and to obey you Π . They will never have it (i.e. Prophethood which Allâh has bestowed upon you). So seek refuge in Allâh (O Muhammad SAW from the arrogants). Verily, it is He Who is the All-Hearer, the All-Seer.

57.

The creation of the heavens and the earth is indeed greater than the creation of mankind, yet most of mankind know not.

58.

And not equal are the blind and those who see, nor are (equal) those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism), and do righteous good deeds, and those who do evil. Little do you remember!

59.

Verily, the Hour (Day of Judgement) is surely coming, therein is no doubt, yet most men believe not.

60.

And your Lord said: "Invoke Me, [i.e. believe in My Oneness (Islâmic Monotheism)] (and ask Me for anything) I will respond to your (invocation). Verily! Those who scorn My worship [i.e. do not invoke

Me, and do not believe in My Oneness, (Islâmic Monotheism)] they will surely enter Hell in humiliation!"

61.

Allâh, it is He Who has made the night for you that you may rest therein and the day for you to see. Truly, Allâh is full of Bounty to mankind, yet most of mankind give no thanks.

62.

That is Allâh, your Lord, the Creator of all things, *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He), where then you are turning away (from Allâh, by worshipping others instead of Him)!

63.

Thus were turned away those who used to deny the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh.

64.

Allâh, it is He Who has made for you the earth as a dwelling place and the sky as a canopy, and has given you shape and made your shapes good (looking) and has provided you with good things. That is Allâh, your Lord, then blessed be Allâh, the Lord of the 'Alamîn' (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

65.

He is the Ever Living, Lâ ilâha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He), so invoke Him making your worship pure for Him Alone (by worshipping Him Alone, and none else, and by doing righteous deeds sincerely for Allâh's sake only, and not to show off, and not to set up rivals with Him in worship). All the praises and thanks be to Allâh, the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

قُلُ إِنِّى نُهِيتُ أَنُ أَعُبُدَ ٱلَّذِينَ تَدُعُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ لَمَّا جَآءَنِىَ ٱلْبَيِّنَدِتُ مِن رَّبِّى وَأُمِرُتُ أَنُ أُسُلِمَ لِرَبِّ ٱلْعَنلَمِينَ

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I have been forbidden to worship those whom you worship besides Allâh, since there have come to me evidences from my Lord, and I am commanded to submit (in Islâm) to the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

67.

هُوَ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَكُم مِّن تُرَابٍ ثُمَّ مِن نُّطُفَةٍ ثُمَّ مِنْ عَلَقَةٍ ثُمَّ يُخُرِجُكُمُ طِفَلًا ثُمَّ لِتَبُلُغُوٓاْ أَشُدَّكُم ثُمَّ لِتَكُونُواْ شُيُوخًاْ وَمِنكُم مَّن يُتَوَفَّىٰ مِن قَبُلُّ وَلِتَبُلُغُوٓاْ أَجَلًا مُّسَمَّى وَلَعَلَّكُم تَعُقِلُونَ ۚ

He, it is Who has created you (Adam) from dust, then from a *Nutfah* [mixed semen drops of male and female discharge (i.e. Adam's offspring)] then from a clot (a piece of coagulated blood), then brings you forth as children, then (makes you grow) to reach the age of full strength, and afterwards to be old (men and women), though some among you die before, and that you reach an appointed term, in order that you may understand [I].

68.



He it is Who gives life and causes death. And when He decides upon a thing He says to it only: "Be!" and it is.

69.

See you not those who dispute about the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh? How are they turning away (from the truth, i.e. Islâmic Monotheism to the falsehood of polytheism)?

70.

Those who deny the Book (this Qur'ân), and that with which We sent Our Messengers (i.e. to worship none but Allâh Alone sincerely, and to reject all false deities and to confess resurrection after the death for recompense) they will come to know (when they will be cast into the Fire of Hell).

71

When iron collars will be rounded over their necks, and the chains, they shall be dragged along Π

فِي ٱلْحَمِيم ثُمَّ فِي ٱلنَّارِ يُسُجَرُونَ ٣

In the boiling water, then they will be burned in the Fire Π

73.

Then it will be said to them: "Where are (all) those whom you used to join in worship as partners $^{f I}$

74.

"Besides Allâh" They will say: "They have vanished from us: Nay, we did not invoke (worship) anything before." Thus Allâh leads astray the disbelievers. $^{\Pi}$

75.



That was because you had been exulting in the earth without any right (by worshipping others instead of Allâh and by committing crimes), and that you used to rejoice extremely (in your error).

76.

Enter the gates of Hell to abide therein, and (indeed) what an evil abode of the arrogant!

77.

So be patient (O Muhammad SAW), verily, the Promise of Allâh is true, and whether We show you (O Muhammad SAW in this world) some part of what We have promised them, or We cause you to die, then it is to Us they all shall be returned.

78.

وَلَقَـدُ أَرُسَـلُنَا رُسُـلًا مِّـن قَبُلِـكَ مِنْهُـم مَّـن قَصَصُنَـا عَلَيُـكَ وَمِنْهُـم مَّـن لَّـمُ نَقُصُصُ عَلَيُـكَ ۗ وَمَا كَانَ لِرَسُولٍ أَن يَأْتِىَ بِئَايَةٍ إِلَّا بِإِذُنِ ٱللَّهِۚ فَإِذَا جَآءَ أَمُرُ ٱللَّـهِ قُضِـىَ بِٱلُحَقِّ وَخَسِرَ هُنَالِكَ ٱلْمُبُطِلُونَ ۞

And, indeed We have sent Messengers before you (O Muhammad SAW); of some of them We have related to you their story. If and of some We have not related to you their story, and it was not given to any Messenger that he should bring a sign except by the Leave of Allâh. So, when comes the Commandment of Allâh, the matter will be decided with truth, and the followers of falsehood will then be lost.

ٱللَّـــهُ ٱلَّـــذِي جَــعَلَ لَكُــمُ ٱلْأَنْعَـــمَ لِـــتَرُ كَبُواْ مِنْهَــا وَمِنْهَـ

Allâh, it is He Who has made cattle for you, that you may ride on some of them and of some you eat.

80.

And you have (many other) benefits from them, and that you may reach by their means a desire that is in your breasts (i.e. carry your goods, loads, etc.), and on them and on ships you are carried.

And He shows you His Signs and Proofs (of His Oneness in all the above mentioned things). Which, then of the Signs and Proofs of Allâh do you deny?

82.

Have they not travelled through the earth and seen what was the end of those before them? They were more numerous than them and mightier in strength, and in the traces (they have left behind them) in the land, yet all that they used to earn availed them not.

83.

Then when their Messengers came to them with clear proofs, they were glad (and proud) with that which they had of the knowledge (of worldly things): And that at which they used to mock, surrounded

84.



So when they saw Our punishment, they said: "We believe in Allâh Alone and reject (all) that we used to associate with Him as (His) partners.

فَلَمُ يَكُ يَنفَعُهُمُ إِيمَننُهُمُ لَمَّا رَأُواْ بَأُسَنَا اللَّهِ ٱللَّهِ ٱلَّتِي قَدُ خَلَتُ فِي عِبَادِهِ ۚ وَخَسِرَ هُنَالِكَ ٱلْكَنفِرُونَ ۞

Then their Faith (in Islâmic Monotheism) could not avail them when they saw Our punishment. (Like) this has been the way of Allâh in dealing with His slaves. And there the disbelievers lost utterly (when Our Torment covered them).

41. Fussilat Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

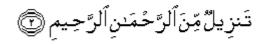
1.



HâMîm.

[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'an, and none but Allah (Alone) knows their meanings.]

2.



A revelation from Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

3.

A Book whereof the Verses are explained in detail; A Qur'ân in Arabic for people who know.

4.

Giving glad tidings [of Paradise to the one who believes in the Oneness of Allâh (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism) and fears Allâh much (abstains from all kinds of sins and evil deeds) and loves Allâh much (performing all kinds of good deeds which He has ordained)], and warning (of punishment in the Hell Fire to the one who disbelieves in the Oneness of Allâh), but most of them turn away, so they listen not.

5.

And they say: "Our hearts are under coverings (screened) from that to which you invite us, and in our ears is deafness, and between us and you is a screen, so work you (on your way); verily, we are working (on our way)."

6.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I am only a human being like you. It is inspired in me that your *Ilâh* (God) is One *Ilâh* (God - Allâh), therefore take Straight Path to Him (with true Faith Islâmic Monotheism) and obedience to Him, and seek forgiveness of Him. And woe to *Al-Mushrikûn* (the disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh, polytheists, idolaters, etc. - see V.2:105).

Those who give not the Zakât and they are disbelievers in the Hereafter.

8.

Truly, those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism, and in His Messenger Muhammad SAW) and do righteous good deeds, for them will be an endless reward that will never stop (i.e. Paradise).

9.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Do you verily disbelieve in Him Who created the earth in two Days and you set up rivals (in worship) with Him? That is the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

10.

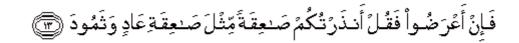
He placed therein (i.e. the earth) firm mountains from above it, and He blessed it, and measured therein its sustenance (for its dwellers) in four Days equal (i.e. all these four 'days' were equal in the length of time), for all those who ask (about its creation).

11.

Then He *Istawâ* (rose over) towards the heaven when it was smoke, and said to it and to the earth: "Come both of you willingly or unwillingly." They both said: "We come, willingly."

12.

Then He completed and finished from their creation (as) seven heavens in two Days and He made in each heaven its affair. And We adorned the nearest (lowest) heaven with lamps (stars) to be an adornment as well as to guard (from the devils by using them as missiles against the devils). Such is the Decree of Him the All-Mighty, the All-Knower.



But if they turn away, then say (O Muhammad SAW): "I have warned you of a Sâ'iqah (a destructive awful cry, torment, hit, a thunderbolt) like the Sâ'iqah which overtook 'Ad and Thamûd (people)."

14.

إِذْ جَآءَتُهُمُ ٱلرُّسُلُ مِنْ بَيْنِ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمِنْ خَلَفِهِمْ أَلَّا تَعْبُدُوٓاْ إِلَّا ٱللَّهَ قَالُواْ لَوُ شَآءَ رَبُّنَا لَأَنزَلَ مَلَتَهِكَةً فَإِنَّا بِمَآ أُرُسِلُتُم بِهِ ۦ كَنفِرُونَ ۞

When the Messengers came to them, from before them and behind them (saying): "Worship none but Allâh" They said: "If our Lord had so willed, He would surely have sent down the angels. So indeed! We disbelieve in that with which you have been sent."

15.

فَأَمَّا عَادُ فَأَسُتَكُبَرُواْ فِى ٱلْأَرُضِ بِغَيْرِ ٱلُحَقِّ وَقَالُواْ مَنُ أَشَدُّ مِنَّا قُوَّةً أَوَلَمُ يَرَوُاْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَهُمُ هُو أَشَدُّ مِنْهُمُ قُوَّةً وَكَانُواْ بِعَايَنتِنَا يَجُحَدُونَ ۞

As for 'Ad, they were arrogant in the land without right, and they said: "Who is mightier than us in strength?" See they not that Allâh, Who created them was mightier in strength than them. And they used to deny Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, revelations, etc.)!

16.

فَأَرُسَلُنَا عَلَيُهِمُ رِيحًا صَرُصَرًا فِيٓ أَيَّامٍ نَّحِسَاتٍ لِّنُذِيقَهُمُ عَذَابَ ٱلُخِزُي فِي ٱلُحَيَوٰةِ ٱلدُّنُيَا ۚ وَلَعَذَابُ ٱلْأَخِرَةِ أَخُزَى ۚ وَهُمُ لَا يُنصَرُونَ ۚ

So We sent upon them furious wind in days of evil omen (for them) that We might give them a taste of disgracing torment in this present worldly life, but surely the torment of the Hereafter will be more disgracing, and they will never be helped.

17.

وَأَمَّا ثَمُودُ فَهَدَيُنَاهُمُ فَأَسُتَحَبُّواْ ٱلْعَمَىٰ عَلَى ٱلْهُدَىٰ فَأَخَذَتُهُمُ صَعِقَةُ ٱلْعَذَابِٱلْهُون بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكُسِبُونَ ۚ

And as for Thamûd, We showed and made clear to them the Path of Truth (Islâmic Monotheism) through Our Messenger, (i.e. showed them the way of success), but they preferred blindness to guidance, so the *Sâ'iqah* (a destructive awful cry, torment, hit, a thunderbolt) of disgracing torment seized them, because of what they used to earn.

18.

وَنَجَّيُنَا ٱلَّــٰذِينَ ءَامَنُــواْ وَكَانُواْ يَتَّقُــونَ 🕲

And We saved those who believed and used to fear Allâh, keep their duty to Him and avoid evil.

And (remember) the Day that the enemies of Allâh will be gathered to the Fire, so they will be collected there (the first and the last).

20.

Till, when they reach it (Hell-fire), their hearing (ears) and their eyes, and their skins will testify against them as to what they used to do.

21.

And they will say to their skins, "Why do you testify against us?" They will say: "Allâh has caused us to speak, as He causes all things to speak, and He created you the first time, and to Him you are made to return."

22.

And you have not been hiding against yourselves, lest your ears, and your eyes, and your skins testify against you, but you thought that Allâh knew not much of what you were doing.

23.

And that thought of yours which you thought about your Lord, has brought you to destruction, and you have become (this Day) of those utterly lost!

24.

Then, if they have patience, yet the Fire will be a home for them, and if they beg for to be excused, yet they are not of those who will ever be excused.

25.

﴿ وَقَيَّضُنَا لَهُمُ قُرَنَآءَ فَزَيَّنُواْ لَهُم مَّا بَيُنَ أَيُدِيهِمُ وَمَا خَلُفَهُمُ وَحَقَّ عَلَيْهِم وَاللَّهِم وَاللَّهِم وَاللَّهِم وَاللَّهِم عَلَيْهِم اللَّهِمُ اللَّهِ فَي اللَّهِم اللَّهِ فَي اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهِم اللَّهُم اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُم اللَّهُم اللَّهُم اللَّهُم اللَّهُم اللَّهُم اللَّهُم اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُم اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ

And We have assigned them (devils) intimate companions (in this world), who have made fair-seeming to them, what was before them (evil deeds which they were doing in the present worldly life and disbelief in the Reckoning and the Resurrection, etc.) and what was behind them (denial of the matters in the coming life of the Hereafter as regards punishment or reward, etc.). And the Word (i.e. the torment) is justified against them as it was justified against those who were among the previous generations of jinns and men that had passed away before them. Indeed they (all) were the losers.

26.

And those who disbelieve say: "Listen not to this Qur'ân, and make noise in the midst of its (recitation) that you may overcome."

27.

But surely, We shall cause those who disbelieve to taste a severe torment, and certainly, We shall requite them the worst of what they used to do.

28.

That is the recompense of the enemies of Allâh: The Fire, therein will be for them the eternal home, a (deserving) recompense for that they used to deny Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.).

29.

And those who disbelieve will say: "Our Lord! Show us those among jinns and men who led us astray, we shall crush them under our feet, so that they become the lowest."

30.

Verily, those who say: "Our Lord is Allâh (Alone)," and then they $Istaq \hat{a}m\hat{u}^{\Pi}$, on them the angels will descend (at the time of their death) (saying): "Fear not, nor grieve! But receive the glad tidings of Paradise which you have been promised!

نَحُن أُولِيَا وَ لِيَا وَلُكُمُ فِي ٱلْحَيواةِ ٱلدُّنيَا وَفِي ٱلْأَخِرَةِ ۗ وَلَكُمُ فِيهَا مَا تَشَٰـتَهِيٓ أَنفُسُـكُمُ وَلَكُـمُ فِيهَا مَا تَدَّعُونَ ٣

We have been your friends in the life of this world and are (so) in the Hereafter. Therein you shall" have (all) that your inner-selves desire, and therein you shall have (all) for which you ask for.

32.

'An entertainment from (Allâh), the Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful."

33.

And who is better in speech than he who [says: "My Lord is Allâh (believes in His Oneness)," and then stands straight (acts upon His Order), and invites (men) to Allâh's (Islâmic Monotheism), and does righteous deeds, and says: "I am one of the Muslims."

34.

The good deed and the evil deed cannot be equal. Repel (the evil) with one which is better (i.e. Allâh ordered the faithful believers to be patient at the time of anger, and to excuse those who treat them badly), then verily! he, between whom and you there was enmity, (will become) as though he was a close friend.

35.

But none is granted it (the above quality) except those who are patient, and none is granted it except the owner of the great portion (of the happiness in the Hereafter i.e. Paradise and in this world of a high moral character).

36.



And if an evil whisper from Shaitân (Satan) tries to turn you away (O Muhammad SAW) (from doing good, etc.), then seek refuge in Allâh. Verily, He is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower.

And from among His Signs are the night and the day, and the sun and the moon. Prostrate not to the sun nor to the moon, but prostrate to Allâh Who created them, if you (really) worship Him.

38.

But if they are too proud Π (to do so), then there are those who are with your Lord (angels) glorify Him night and day, and never are they tired.

39.

And among His Signs (in this), that you see the earth barren, but when We send down water (rain) to it, it is stirred to life and growth (of vegetations). Verily, He Who gives it life, surely, (He) is Able to give life to the dead (on the Day of Resurrection). Indeed! He is Able to do all things.

40.



Verily, those who turn away from Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc. by attacking, distorting and denying them), are not hidden from Us. Is he who is cast into the Fire better or he who comes secure on the Day of Resurrection? Do what you will. Verily! He is All-Seer of what you do (this is a severe threat to the disbelievers^[]).

41.

Verily, those who disbelieved in the Reminder (i.e. the Qur'ân) when it came to them (shall receive the punishment). And verily, it is an honourable respected Book (because it is Allâh's Speech, and He has protected it from corruption, etc.). (See V.15:9]

42.

Falsehood cannot come to it from before it or behind it (it is) sent down by the All-Wise, Worthy of all praise (Allâh swt).

مَّا يُقَالُ لَكَ إِلَّا مَا قَدُ قِيلَ لِلرُّسُلِ مِن قَبُلِكَۚ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ لَذُو مَغُفِرَةٍ وَذُو عِقَابٍ أَلِيمٍ ۞

Nothing is said to you (O Muhammad SAW) except what was said to the Messengers before you. Verily, your Lord is the Possessor of forgiveness, and (also) the Possessor of painful punishment [I].

44.

وَلُو جَعَلُنَنهُ قُرُءَانًا أَعُجَمِيًّا لَّقَالُواْ لَوْلَا فُصِّلَتُ ءَايَنتُهُ ﴿ ءَاعُجَمِيُّ وَعَرَبِيُّ قَلُ هُوَ لَكَ هُوَ لَلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ فِيٓ ءَاذَانِهِمُ وَقُرُ قُلُ هُوَ لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ هُدَى وَشِفَآءٌ وَٱلَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ فِيٓ ءَاذَانِهِمُ وَقُرُ وَهُوَ عَلَيْهِمُ عَمَّى أَوْلَتَبِكَ يُنَادَوُنَ مِن مَّكَانٍ بَعِيدٍ
هُو عَلَيْهِمُ عَمَّى أَوْلَتَبِكَ يُنَادَوُنَ مِن مَّكَانٍ بَعِيدٍ هَا

And if We had sent this as a Qur'ân in a foreign language other than Arabic, they would have said: "Why are not its Verses explained in detail (in our language)? What! (A Book) not in Arabic and (the Messenger) an Arab?" Say: "It is for those who believe, a guide and a healing. And as for those who disbelieve, there is heaviness (deafness) in their ears, and it (the Qur'ân) is blindness for them. They are those who are called from a place far away (so they neither listen nor understand).

45.

And indeed We gave Mûsa (Moses) the Scripture, but dispute arose therein. And had it not been for a Word that went forth before from your Lord, (the torment would have overtaken them) and the matter would have been settled between them. But truly, they are in grave doubt thereto (i.e. about the Qur'ân). [*Tafsir Al-Qurtubi*, Vol. 15, Page 370]

46.

Whosoever does righteous good deed it is for (the benefit of) his ownself, and whosoever does evil, it is against his ownself, and your Lord is not at all unjust to (His) slaves $^{[]}$.

47.

(The learned men) refer to Him (Alone) the knowledge of the Hour^[]. No fruit comes out of its sheath, nor does a female conceive (within her womb), nor brings forth (young), except by His Knowledge. And on the Day when He will call unto them (polytheists) (saying): "Where are My (so-called) partners (whom you did invent)?" They will say: "We inform You that none of us bears witness to it (that they are Your partners)!"

And those whom they used to invoke before will fail them, and they will perceive that they have no place of refuge (from Allâh's punishment). Π

49.

Man (the disbeliever) does not get tired of asking good (things from Allâh), but if an evil touches him, then he gives up all hope and is lost in despair.

50.

And truly, if We give him a taste of mercy from us, after some adversity (severe poverty or disease, etc.) has touched him, he is sure to say: "This is for me (due to my merit), I think not that the Hour will be established. But if I am brought back to my Lord, Surely, there will be for me the best (wealth, etc.) with Him. Then, We verily, will show to the disbelievers what they have done and We shall make them taste a severe torment.

51.

And when We show favour to man, he withdraws and turns away, but when evil touches him, then he has recourse to long supplications.

52.

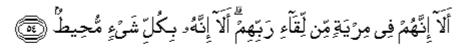
Say: "Tell me, if it (the Qur'ân) is from Allâh, and you disbelieve in it, who is more astray than one who is in opposition far away (from Allâh's Right Path and His obedience).

53.

We will show them Our Signs in the universe, and in their ownselves, until it becomes manifest to them that this (the Qur'ân) is the truth. Is it not sufficient in regard to your Lord that He is a Witness

over all things?

54.



Verily! They are in doubt concerning the Meeting with their Lord? (i.e. Resurrection after their deaths, and their return to their Lord). Verily! He it is Who is surrounding all things!

42. Ash-Shûra Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful, HâMîm. 2. 'AînSînQâf. These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'an, and none but Allah (Alone) knows their meanings] 3. كَذَالِكَ يُوحِنَّ إِلَيْكَ وَإِلَى ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِكَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلْحَكِيمُ ﴿ Likewise Allâh, the All-Mighty, the All-Wise inspires you (O Muhammad SAW) as (He inspired) those before you.[] 4. لَهُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرُضَّ وَهُوَ ٱلْعَلِيُّ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ۞ To Him belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth, and He is the Most High, the Most Great. 5. تَكَادُ ٱلسَّمَـٰوَاتُ يَتَفَطَّرُنَ مِن فَوُقِهِنَّ وَٱلْمَلَـٰٓكِكَةُ يُسَبِّحُونَ بِحَمُدِ رَبِّهِمُ وَيَسُتَغُفِرُ وِنَ لِمَن فِي ٱلْأَرُضَّ أَلَآ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلْغَفُورُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ۞ Nearly the heavens might rent asunder from above them (by His Majesty), and the angels glorify the praises of their Lord, and ask for forgiveness for those on the earth, verily, Allâh is the Oft-Forgiving, the Most Merciful. وَٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّخَذُواْ مِن دُونِهِۦٓ أَولِيَآءَ ٱللَّهُ حَفِيظٌ عَلَيْهِمُ وَمَآ أَنتَ عَلَيْهِم 6. And as for those who take as Auliyâ' (guardians, supporters, helpers, protectors, etc.) others besides Him [i.e. they take false deities other than Allâh (as) protectors, and they worship them] Allâh is Hafîz (Protector) over them (i.e. takes care of their deeds and will recompense them), and you (O Muhammad SAW) are not a Wakîl (quardian or a disposer of their affairs) over them (to protect their deeds, etc.).

وَكَذَالِكَ أَوْحَيُنَا إِلَيْكَ قُرُءَانًا عَرَبِيًّا لِتُنذِرَ أُمَّ ٱلْقُرَىٰ وَمَنُ حَولَهَا وَتُنذِرَ يَوْمَ ٱلْجَمْعِ لَا رَيْبَ فِيهِ فَرِيقٌ فِي ٱلْجَنَّةِ وَفَرِيقٌ فِي ٱلسَّعِيرِ

And thus We have inspired unto you (O Muhammad SAW) a Qur'ân (in Arabic) that you may warn the Mother of the Towns (Makkah) and all around it. And warn of the Day of Assembling, of which there is no doubt, when a party will be in Paradise (those who believed in Allâh and followed what Allâh's Messenger SAW brought them) and a party in the blazing Fire (Hell) (those who disbelieved in Allâh and followed not what Allâh's Messenger SAW brought them)

8.

And if Allâh had willed, He could have made them one nation, but He admits whom He wills to His Mercy. And the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.) will have neither a *Walî* (protector) nor a helper.

9.

Or have they taken (for worship) *Auliyâ'* (guardians, supporters, helpers, protectors, etc.) besides Him? But Allâh, He Alone is the *Walî* (Protector, etc.). And it is He Who gives life to the dead, and He is Able to do all things.

10.

And in whatsoever you differ, the decision thereof is with Allâh (He is the ruling Judge). (And say O Muhammad SAW to these polytheists:) Such is Allâh, my Lord in Whom I put my trust, and to Him I turn in all of my affairs and in repentance.

11.

فَاطِرُ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ ۚ جَعَلَ لَكُم مِّنُ أَنفُسِكُمُ أَزُوَ جَا وَمِنَ ٱلْأَنْعَدِمِ أَزُوَ جَا ۗ يَذُرَؤُ كُمُ فِيهِ لَيْسَ كَمِثْلِهِ ۦ شَىُ ۗ ۚ وَهُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ ٱلْبَصِيرُ



The Creator of the heavens and the earth. He has made for you mates from yourselves, and for the cattle (also) mates. By this means He creates you (in the wombs). There is nothing like unto Him, and He is the All-Hearer, the All-Seer.

12

لَــهُ و مَقَــالِيدُ ٱلسَّــمَــمَـوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِّ يَبُسُــطُ ٱلــرِّزُقَ لِمَــن يَشَــآءُ وَيَقُــدِرُ ۚ إِنَّــهُ و بِكُــلِ شَـــــــــمُ عَلِيـــمُ ﴿

To Him belong the keys of the heavens and the earth, He enlarges provision for whom He wills, and straitens (it for whom He wills). Verily! He is the All-Knower of everything.

13.

شَرَعَ لَكُم مِّنَ ٱلدِّينِ مَا وَصَّىٰ بِهِ عَنُوحًا وَٱلَّذِي َ أُوحَيُنَا إِلَيْكَ وَمَا وَصَّيْنَا بِهِ عَ إِبْرَ هِيمَ وَمُوسَىٰ وَعِيسَى ۚ أَنْ أَقِيمُواْ ٱلدِّينَ وَلَا تَتَفَرَّ قُواْ فِيهِ ۚ وَصَّيْنَا بِهِ عَ إِبْرَ هِيمَ وَمُوسَىٰ وَعِيسَى ۚ أَنْ أَقِيمُواْ ٱلدِّينَ وَلَا تَتَفَرَّ قُواْ فِيهِ ۚ وَصَّيْنَا بِهِ عَلَى ٱلمُشْرِكِينَ مَا تَدُعُوهُمُ إِلَيْهِ ٱللَّهُ يَجْتَبِي إِلَيْهِ مَن يَشَآءُ وَيَهُدِي كَبُرَ عَلَى ٱلمُشْرِكِينَ مَا تَدُعُوهُمُ إِلَيْهِ ٱللَّهُ يَجْتَبِي إِلَيْهِ مَن يَشَآءُ وَيَهُدِي إِلَيْهِ مَن يُشِيبُ
 إلَيْهِ مَن يُنِيبُ شَ

He (Allâh) has ordained for you the same religion (Islâm) which He ordained for Nûh (Noah), and that which We have inspired in you (O Muhammad SAW), and that which We ordained for Ibrahîm (Abraham), Mûsa (Mosesý) and 'Iesa (Jesus) saying you should establish religion (i.e. to do what it orders you to do practically), and make no divisions Π in it (religion) (i.e. various sects in religion). Intolerable for the $Mushrikûn\Pi$, is that to which you (O Muhammad SAW) call them. Allâh chooses for Himself whom He wills, and guides unto Himself who turns to Him in repentance and in obedience.

14.

وَمَا تَفَرَّقُوٓا إِلَّا مِنْ بَعُدِ مَا جَآءَهُمُ ٱلْعِلُمُ بَغُيَّا بَيُنَهُمُّ وَلَوُلَا كَلِمَةُ سَبَقَتُ مِن رَّبِّكَ إِلَىٰٓ أَجَلِ مُّسَمًّى لَّقُضِىَ بَيُنَهُمُ ۚ وَإِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ أُورِثُواْ ٱلْكِتَـٰبَ مِنْ بَعُدِهِمُ لَفِى شَكِّ مِّنُهُ مُرِيبٍ

And they divided not till after knowledge had come to them, through selfish transgression between themselves. And had it not been for a Word that went forth before from your Lord for an appointed term, the matter would have been settled between them. And verily, those who were made to inherit the Scripture [i.e. the Taurâh (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] after them (i.e. Jews and Christians) are in grave doubt concerning it (i.e. Allâh's true religion Islâm or the Qur'ân).

15.

فَلِذَالِكَ فَادُ عُ وَاسُتَقِمُ كَمَآ أُمِرُتَ وَلَا تَتَّبِعُ أَهُوَآءَهُمٌ وَقُلُ ءَامَنتُ بِمَآ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ مِن كِتَنبٍ وَأُمِرُتُ لِأَعُدِلَ بَيُنَكُمُ ٱللَّهُ رَبُّنَا وَرَبُّكُمٌ لَنَآ أَعُمَالُنَا وَلَكُمُ أَعُمَالُكُمُ لَا حُجَّةَ بَيُنَنَا وَبَيُنَكُمُ ٱللَّهُ يَجُمَعُ بَيُنَنَّا وَإِلَيْهِ ٱلْمَصِيرُ



So unto this (religion of Islâm, alone and this Qur'ân) then invite (people) (O Muhammad SAW), and Istaqim [(i.e. stand firm and straight on Islâmic Monotheism by performing all that is ordained by Allâh (good deeds, etc.), and by abstaining from all that is forbidden by Allâh (sins and evil deeds, etc.)], as you are commanded, and follow not their desires but say: "I believe in whatsoever Allâh has sent down of the Book [all the holy Books, this Qur'ân and the Books of the old from the Taurât (Torah), or the Injeel (Gospel) or the Pages of Ibrâhim (Abraham)] and I am commanded to do justice among

you, Allâh is our Lord and your Lord. For us our deeds and for you your deeds. There is no dispute between us and you. Allâh will assemble us (all), and to Him is the final return.

16.

And those who dispute concerning Allâh (His Religion of Islâmic Monotheism, with which Muhammad SAW has been sent), after it has been accepted (by the people), of no use is their dispute before their Lord, and on them is wrath, and for them will be a severe torment [1].

17.



It is Allâh Who has sent down the Book (the Qur'ân) in truth, and the Balance (i.e. to act justly). And what can make you know that perhaps the Hour is close at hand?

18.

Those who believe not therein seek to hasten it, while those who believe are fearful of it, and know that it is the very truth. Verily, those who dispute concerning the Hour are certainly in error far away.

19.

Allâh is very Gracious and Kind to His slaves. He gives provisions to whom He wills. And He is the All-Strong, the All-Mighty.

20.

Whosoever desires (with his deeds) the reward of the Hereafter, We give him increase in his reward, and whosoever desires the reward of this world (with his deeds), We give him thereof (what is written for him), and he has no portion in the Hereafter.

أَمُ لَهُمُ شُرَكَتَوُّا شَرَعُواْ لَهُم مِّنَ ٱلدِّينِ مَا لَمُ يَأُذَنَٰ بِهِ ٱللَّهُۚ وَلَولًا كَلِمَةُ ٱلفَصْلِ لَقُضِى بَيْنَهُمُ وَإِنَّ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ لَهُمُ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿

Or have they partners with Allâh (false gods), who have instituted for them a religion which Allâh has not allowed. And had it not been for a decisive Word (gone forth already), the matter would have been judged between them. And verily, for the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers), there is a painful torment.

22.

تَرَى ٱلظَّدلِمِينَ مُشَّفِقِينَ مِمَّا كَسَبُواْ وَهُوَ وَاقِعُ بِهِمُّ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَهُوَ وَاقِعُ بِهِمُّ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَهُوَ وَاقِعُ بِهِمُّ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّدلِحَدتِ فِي رَوْضَاتِ ٱلْجَنَّاتِ لَهُم مَّا يَشَآءُونَ عِندَ رَبِّهِمُّ ذَلِكَ هُو اَلْفَضُلُ ٱلْكَبِيرُ ٣

You will see (on the Day of Resurrection), the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists and wrong-doers, etc.) fearful of that which they have earned, and it (Allâh's Torment) will surely befall them, while those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous deeds (will be) in the flowering meadows of the Gardens (Paradise), having what they wish from their Lord. That is the supreme Grace, (Paradise).

23.

ذَ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ أَجُرًا إِلَّا اللَّهُ عِبَادَهُ ٱللَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَتِ اللّ قُل لاَّ ٱلسَّلُكُمُ عَلَيْهِ أَجُرًا إِلاَّ ٱلْمَوَدَّةَ فِي ٱلْقُرُبَيِّ وَمَن يَقَتَرِفُ حَسَنَةً نَّرَدُ لَهُ وَفِيهَا حُسُنًا ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ شَكُورٌ ﴿

That is (the Paradise) whereof Allâh gives glad tidings to His slaves who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds. Say (O Muhammad SAW): "No reward do I ask of you for this except to be kind to me for my kinship with you." And whoever earns a good righteous deed, We shall give him an increase of good in respect thereof. Verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Ready to appreciate (the deeds of those who are obedient to Him).

24

أَمْ يَقُولُونَ ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ كَذِبَّا فَإِن يَشَإِ ٱللَّهُ يَخُتِمُ عَلَىٰ قَلْبِكَ وَيَمُحُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ يَخُتِمُ عَلَىٰ قَلْبِكَ وَيَمُحُ اللَّهُ ٱلْبَعْطِلَ وَيُحِقُ ٱلْحَقَّ بِكَلِمَتِهِ ۚ إِنَّهُ وَعَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ ٱلصُّدُور ﴿ اللَّهُ ٱللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ

Or say they: "He has invented a lie against Allâh?" If Allâh willed, He could have sealed your heart (so that you forget all that you know of the Qur'an). And Allâh wipes out falsehood, and establishes the truth (Islâm) by His Word (this Qur'an). Verily, He knows well what (the secrets) are in the breasts (of mankind).

25.

وَهُو اللَّذِي يَقُبَلُ التَّوْبَةَ عَنُ عِبَادِهِ وَيَعَفُواْ عَنِ السَّيِّاتِ وَيَعَلَمُ مَا تَفُعَلُونَ ﷺ

And He it is Who accepts repentance from His slaves, and forgives sins, and He knows what you do.

And He answers (the invocation of) those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, and gives them increase of His Bounty. And as for the disbelievers, theirs will be a severe torment.

27.

And if Allâh were to enlarge the provision for His slaves, they would surely rebel in the earth, but He sends down by measure as He wills. Verily! He is in respect of His slaves, the Well-Aware, the All-Seer (of things that benefit them).

28.

And He it is Who sends down the rain after they have despaired, and spreads abroad His Mercy. And He is the Walî (Helper, Supporter, Protector, etc.), Worthy of all Praise.

And among His Ayât (proofs, evidences, lessons, signs, etc.) is the creation of the heavens and the earth, and whatever moving (living) creatures He has dispersed in them both. And He is All-Potent over their assembling (i.e. resurrecting them on the Day of Resurrection after their death, and dispersion of their bodies) whenever He will.

30.

And whatever of misfortune befalls you, it is because of what your hands have earned. And He pardons much. (See the Qur'an Verse 35:45).

31.

And you cannot escape from Allâh (i.e. His Punishment) in the earth, and besides Allâh you have neither any Walî (guardian or a protector) nor any helper.

32

And among His Signs are the ships, in the sea, like mountains.

33.

If He wills, He causes the wind to cease, then they would become motionless on the back (of the sea). Verily, in this are signs for everyone patient and grateful.

34.

Or He may destroy them (by drowning) because of that which their (people) have earned. And He pardons much.

35.

And those who dispute (polytheists, etc. with Our Messenger Muhammad SAW) as regards Our *Ayât* (proofs, signs, verses, etc. of Islâmic Monotheism) may know that there is no place of refuge for them (from Allâh's punishment).

36.

So whatever you have been given is but a passing enjoyment for this worldly life, but that which is with Allâh (Paradise) is better and more lasting for those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and put their trust in their Lord (concerning all of their affairs).

37.

And those who avoid the greater sins $^{[l]}$, and *Al-Fawâhish* (illegal sexual intercourse, etc.), and when they are angry, they forgive $^{[l]}$

38.

And those who answer the Call of their Lord [i.e. to believe that He is the only One Lord (Allâh), and to worship none but Him Alone], and perform As-Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât), and who (conduct) their affairs by mutual consultation, and who spend of what We have bestowed on them;

And those who, when an oppressive wrong is done to them, they take revenge.

40.

The recompense for an evil is an evil like thereof, but whoever forgives and makes reconciliation, his reward is due from Allâh. Verily, He likes not the *Zâlimûn* (oppressors, polytheists, and wrong-doers, etc.).

41

And indeed whosoever takes revenge after he has suffered wrong, for such there is no way (of blame) against them.

42.

The way (of blame) is only against those who oppress men and wrongly rebel in the earth, for such there will be a painful torment.

43

And verily, whosoever shows patience and forgives that would truly be from the things recommended by Allâh.

44

And whomsoever Allâh sends astray, for him there is no *Walî* (protector) after Him. And you will see the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrong-doers, oppressors, etc.) when they behold the torment, they will say: "Is there any way of return (to the world)?"

45.

وَتَرَىٰهُمُ يُعُرَضُونَ عَلَيُهَا خَنشِعِينَ مِنَ ٱلذُّلِّ يَنظُرُونَ مِن طَرُفٍ خَفِيٍّ وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوۤاْ إِنَّ ٱلْخَسِرِينَ ٱلَّذِينَ خَسِرُوۤاْ أَنفُسَهُمُ وَأَهُلِيهِمُ يَوُمَ ٱلُقِيَامَةِ أَلاَ إِنَّ ٱلظَّالِمِينَ فِي عَذَابٍ مُّقِيمٍ

النفسَهُمُ وَأَهُلِيهِمُ يَوْمَ ٱلُقِيَامَةِ أَلاَ إِنَّ ٱلظَّالِمِينَ فِي عَذَابٍ مُّقِيمٍ

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And you will see them brought forward to it (Hell) made humble by disgrace , (and) looking with stealthy glance. And those who believe will say: "Verily, the losers are they who lose themselves and their families on the Day of Resurrection. Verily, the *Zâlimûn* [i.e. *Al-Kâfirûn* (disbelievers in Allâh, in

وَمَا كَانَ لَهُم مِّنُ أَوْلِيَآءَ يَنصُرُونَهُم مِّن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ ۗ وَمَن يُضَٰلِلِ ٱللَّهُ فَمَا لَهُۥ مِن سَبِيلٍ ۞

And they will have no *Auliyâ'* (protectors) to help them other than Allâh. And he whom Allâh sends astray, for him there is no way.

47.

ٱسۡتَجِيبُواْ لِرَبِّكُم مِّن قَبُلِ أَن يَأْتِى يَوْمُ لَا مَرَدَّ لَهُ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ مَا لَكُم مِّن مَّن مَّن مَّن مَّن تَكِيرٍ عَلَى مَّن تَكِيرٍ عَلَى مَّن تَكِيرٍ عَلَى مَا لَكُم مِّن تَكِيرٍ عَلَى اللَّهُ مِّن تَكِيرٍ عَلَى اللَّهُ مَا لَكُم مِّن تَكِيرٍ عَلَى اللَّهُ مِن تَكِيرٍ عَلَى اللَّهُ مَا لَكُم مِّن تَكِيرٍ عَلَى اللَّهُ مِن تَكِيرٍ عَلَى اللَّهُ مِن تَكِيرٍ عَلَى اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللللْهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِ

Answer the Call of your Lord (i.e. accept the Islâmic Monotheism, O mankind, and jinns) before there comes from Allâh a Day which cannot be averted. You will have no refuge on that Day nor there will be for you any denying (of your crimes as they are all recorded in the Book of your deeds).

48.

فَإِنُّ أَعُرَضُواْ فَمَآ أَرُسَلُنَكَ عَلَيْهِمُ حَفِيظًا إِنْ عَلَيْكَ إِلَّا ٱلْبَلَعِ قُوإِنَّآ إِذَآ أَذَقُنَا ٱلْإِنسَنَ مِنَّا رَحُمَةً فَرِحَ بِهَا قَالِن تُصِبُهُمُ سَيِّئَةٌ بِمَا قَدَّمَتُ أَيُدِيهِمُ فَا أَذُقُنَا ٱلْإِنسَنَ مِنَّا رَحُمَةً فَرِحَ بِهَا قَالِن تُصِبُهُمُ سَيِّئَةٌ بِمَا قَدَّمَتُ أَيُدِيهِمُ فَا أَلْإِنسَنَ مَنَّا رَحُمَةً فَرِحَ بِهَا قَالِن تُصِبُهُمُ سَيِّئَةٌ بِمَا قَدَّمَتُ أَيُدِيهِمُ فَا إِنْ تُصِبُهُمُ سَيِّئَةٌ بِمَا قَدَّمَتُ أَيُدِيهِمُ فَا إِنْ اللَّإِنسَنَ مَنْ مَنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ مَنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللْمُنْ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ أَلِهُ مُنْ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مُنْ أَمْ مُنْ مُنْ أَلَا الْمُنْ مُنْ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ أَلَا الْمُنْ أَلُولُونُ اللَّهُ مُنْ أَلَا أَلِمُ مُنْ أَلِمُ مِنْ أَلِمُ مُنْ أَلِمُ مُنَا أَلِمُ مُنْ أَلِمُ مُنْ أَلِمُ مُنْ أَلِمُ مُنْ أَلِمُ مُنْ أَ

But if they turn away (O Muhammad SAW from the Islâmic Monotheism, which you have brought to them). We have not sent you (O Muhammad SAW) as a *Hafîz* (protector) over them (i.e. to take care of their deeds and to recompense them). Your duty is to convey (the Message). And verily, when We cause man to taste of Mercy from Us, he rejoices thereat, but when some ill befalls them because of the deeds which their hands have sent forth, then verily, man (becomes) ingrate!

49.

لِّلَّهِ مُلُكُ ٱلسَّمَاوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ يَخُلُقُ مَا يَشَآءُ يَهَبُ لِمَن يَشَآءُ إِنَاقًا وَيَهَبُ لِمَن يَشَآءُ ٱلذُّكُورَ ٢

To Allâh belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth. He creates what He wills. He bestows female (offspring) upon whom He wills, and bestows male (offspring) upon whom He wills.

50.

أَو يُزَوِّ جُهُمُ ذُكُرَانَا وَإِنَاثَا ۗ وَيَجُعَلُ مَن يَشَاءُ عَقِيمًا ۗ إِنَّـهُ وَعَلِيـمٌ قَدِيـرٌ ۞

Or He bestows both males and females, and He renders barren whom He wills. Verily, He is the All-Knower and is Able to do all things.

وَمَا كَانَ لِبَشَرٍ أَن يُكَلِّمَهُ ٱللَّهُ إِلَّا وَحُيًّا أَوْ مِن وَرَآيٍ حِجَابٍ أَوْ يُرُسِلَ رَسُولًا فَيُوحِىَ بِإِذُنِهِ ـ مَا يَشَآءُ إِنَّهُ و عَلِيُّ حَكِيمٌ

. It is not given to any human being that Allâh should speak to him unless (it be) by Inspiration, or from behind a veil, or (that) He sends a Messenger to reveal what He wills by His Leave. Verily, He is Most High, Most Wise $^{\text{II}}$.

52.

وَكَذَالِكَ أَوْحَيُنَاۤ إِلَيْكَ رُوحًا مِّنُ أَمُرِنَاۚ مَا كُنتَ تَدُرِى مَا ٱلْكِتَـبُ وَلَا الْإِيمَــنُ وَلَا اللّٰهِ مَـن قَشَـَاءُ مِن عِبَادِنَاۚ وَإِنَّكَ اللّٰهِ مِـن وَلَا يَهُدِى بِـهِـ مَن نَّشَاءُ مِن عِبَادِنَاۚ وَإِنَّكَ لَلْهِ مِـن وَلَا يَهُدِى إِهِـ مَن نَّشَاءُ مِن عِبَادِنَاۚ وَإِنَّكَ لَتَهُدِىٓ إِلَىٰ صِرَ الْإِمْسُتَقِيمٍ

And thus We have sent to you (O Muhammad SAW) *Ruhan* (an Inspiration, and a Mercy) of Our Command. You knew not what is the Book, nor what is Faith? But We have made it (this Qur'ân) a light wherewith We guide whosoever of Our slaves We will. And verily, you (O Muhammad SAW) are indeed guiding (mankind) to the Straight Path (i.e. Allâh's religion of Islâmic Monotheism).

53.

The Path of Allâh, to Whom belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth. Verily, all the matters at the end go to Allâh (for decision).

43. Az-Zukhruf Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	
	حمّ ۞
	HâMîm.
	[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings].
2.	وَٱلۡكِـتَنبِٱلۡمُبِيـنِ ۞
	By the manifest Book (that makes things clear, i.e. this Qur'ân).
3.	إِنَّا جَعَلُنَكُ قُرُءَ انَّا عَرَبِيًّا لَّعَلَّكُمْ تَعُقِلُونَ ٢
	We verily, have made it a Qur'ân in Arabic, that you may be able to understand (its meanings and its admonitions).
4.	وَإِنَّهُ وفِيٓ أُمِّ ٱلْكِتَنبِ لَدَيْنَا لَعَلِيٌّ حَكِيمٌ ۞
	And Verily, it (this Qur'ân) is in the Mother of the Book (i.e. <i>Al-Lauh Al-Mahfûz</i>), before Us, indeed Exalted, full of Wisdom.
5.	أَفَنَضُرِ بُ عَنكُمُ ٱلذِّكُرَ صَفُحًا أَن كُنتُمُ قَوْمًا مُّسُرِ فِينَ ۞
	Shall We then (warn you not and) take away the Reminder (this Qur'ân) from you, because you are a people <i>Musrifûn</i> . I
6.	و كَــمُ أَرُسَــلُنَا مِـن نَّبِـيِّ فِــى ٱلْأُوَّلِيــنَ ٢
	And how many a Prophet have We sent amongst the men of old.
7.	وَمَا يَأْتِيهِم مِّن نَّبِيٍّ إِلَّا كَانُواْ بِهِۦ يَسُتَهُزِءُونَ ۞
	And never came there a Prophet to them but they used to mock at him.
8.	فَأَهُلَكُنَآ أَشَدَّ مِنْهُم بَطُشًا وَمَضَىٰ مَثَلُ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ۞
	Then We destroyed men stronger (in power) than these, and the example of the ancients has passed away (before them).

وَلَبِن سَاَّلُتَهُم مَّنُ خَالَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ لَيَقُولُنَّ خَالَقَهُنَّ أَلُوْسَ لَيَقُولُنَّ خَالَقَهُنَّ أَلُعَزي نَا لُعَلِيهُ ﴾ [العَزين وَ الْعَزين وُ الْعَلِيم اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُولِي اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُو

And indeed if you ask them, "Who has created the heavens and the earth?" They will surely say: "The All-Mighty, the All-Knower created them."

10

ٱلَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ ٱلْأَرُّضَ مَهُدًا وَجَعَلَ لَكُم فِيهَا سُبُلًا لَّعَلَّكُم تَهُتَدُونَ



Who has made for you the earth like a bed, and has made for you roads therein, in order that you may find your way,

11.

And Who sends down water (rain) from the sky in due measure. Then We revive a dead land therewith, and even so you will be brought forth (from the dead),

12.

وَٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلْأَزُّو ﴿ كُلُّهَا وَجَعَلَ لَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْفُلْكِ وَٱلْأَنْعَدم مَا تَر كَبُونَ



And Who has created all the pairs and has appointed for you ships and cattle on which you ride,

13.

In order that you may mount firmly on their backs, and then may remember the Favour of your Lord when you mount thereon, and say: "Glory to Him who has subjected this to us, and we could never have it (by our efforts)."

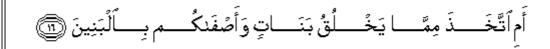
14.

And verily, to Our Lord we indeed are to return!

15.

Yet they assign to some of His slaves a share with Him (by pretending that He has children, and considering them as equals or co-partners in worship with Him). Verily, man is indeed a manifest ingrate!

16



Or has He taken daughters out of what He has created, and He has selected for you sons?

17.

And if one of them is informed of the news of (the birth of) that which he set forth as a parable to the Most Beneficent (Allâh) (i.e. of a girl), his face becomes dark, gloomy, and he is filled with grief!

18.

(Do they then like for Allâh) a creature who is brought up in adornments (wearing silk and gold ornaments, i.e. women), and in dispute cannot make herself clear?

19.

And they make the angels who themselves are slaves to the Most Beneficent (Allâh) females. Did they witness their creation? Their evidence will be recorded, and they will be questioned!

20.

And they said: "If it had been the Will of the Most Beneficent (Allâh), we should not have worshipped them (false deities)." They have no knowledge whatsoever of that. They do nothing but lie!

21

Or have We given them any Book before this (the Qur'ân), to which they are holding fast?

22

Nay! They say: "We found our fathers following a certain way and religion, and we guide ourselves by their footsteps."

وَكَـذَالِكَ مَـا أَرُسَـلُنَا مِـن قَبُلِـكَ فِـى قَرُيَـةٍ مِّـن نَّذِيـرٍ إِلَّا قَـالَ مُتُرَفُوهَا إِنَّا وَجَدُنَا ءَابَآءَنَا عَلَىٰۤ أُمَّةٍ وَإِنَّا عَلَىٰۤ ءَاثَـرِهِم مُّقُتَدُونَ مُتُرَفُوهَا إِنَّا وَجَدُنَا ءَابَآءَنَا عَلَىٰۤ أُمَّةٍ وَإِنَّا عَلَىٰۤ ءَاثَـرِهِم مُّقُتَدُونَ



And similarly, We sent not a warner before you (O Muhammad SAW) to any town (people) but the luxurious ones among them said: "We found our fathers following a certain way and religion, and we will indeed follow their footsteps."

24.

(The warner) said: "Even if I bring you better guidance than that which you found your fathers following?" They said: "Verily, We disbelieve in that with which you have been sent."

25.

So We took revenge of them, then see what was the end of those who denied (Islâmic Monotheism).

26.

And (remember) when Ibrahîm (Abraham) said to his father and his people: "Verily, I am innocent of

27.

what you worship,

"Except Him (i.e. I worship none but Allâh Alone) Who did create me, and verily, He will guide me."

28

And he made it [i.e. Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh (none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh Alone)] a Word lasting among his offspring (True Monotheism), that they may turn back (i.e. to repent to Allâh or receive admonition).

29.



Nay, but I gave (the good things of this life) to these (polytheists) and their fathers to enjoy, till there came to them the truth (the Qur'ân), and a Messenger (Muhammad SAW) making things clear.

وَلَمَّا جَآءَهُمُ ٱلۡحَقُّ قَالُواْ هَلذَا سِحُرٌ وَإِنَّا بِهِ - كَنفِرُونَ



And when the truth (this Qur'ân) came to them, they (the disbelievers in this Qur'ân) said: "This is magic, and we disbelieve therein."

31

And they say: "Why is not this Qur'ân sent down to some great man of the two towns (Makkah and Tâ'if)?"

32.

Is it they who would portion out the Mercy of your Lord? It is We Who portion out between them their livelihood in this world, and We raised some of them above others in ranks, so that some may employ others in their work. But the Mercy (Paradise) of your Lord (O Muhammad SAW) is better than the (wealth of this world) which they amass.

33.

And were it not that all mankind would have become of one community (all disbelievers, desiring worldly life only), We would have provided for those who disbelieve in the Most Beneficent (Allâh), silver roofs for their houses, and elevators (and stair-ways, etc. of silver) whereby they ascend,

34.

And for their houses, doors (of silver), and thrones (of silver) on which they could recline,

35.

And adornments of gold. Yet all this (i.e. the roofs, doors, stairs, elevators, thrones etc. of their houses) would have been nothing but an enjoyment of this world. And the Hereafter with your Lord is only for the $Muttaq\hat{u}n^{1}$.

And whosoever turns away (blinds himself) from the remembrance of the Most Beneficent (Allâh) (i.e. this Qur'ân and worship of Allâh), We appoint for him *Shaitân* (Satan devil) to be a *Qarîn* (an intimate companion) to him.

37.

And verily, they (Satans / devils) hinder them from the Path (of Allâh), but they think that they are guided aright!

38.



Till, when (such a one) comes to Us, he says [to his *Qarîn* (Satan / devil companion)] "Would that between me and you were the distance of the two easts (or the east and west)" a worst (type of) companion (indeed)!

39.

It will profit you not this Day (O you who turn away from Allâh's remembrance and His worship, etc.) as you did wrong, (and) that you will be sharers (you and your *Qarîn*) in the punishment.

40.

Can you (O Muhammad \mathtt{SAW}) make the deaf to hear, or can you guide the blind or him who is in manifest error?

41.

And even if We take you (O Muhammad SAW) away, We shall indeed take vengeance on them.

42.

Or (if) We show you that wherewith We threaten them, then verily, We have perfect command over them.

43.

So hold you (O Muhammad SAW) fast to that which is inspired in you. Verily, you are on a Straight Path.

And verily, this (the Qur'ân) is indeed a Reminder for you (O Muhammad SAW) and your people (Quraish people, or your followers), and you will be questioned (about it).

45.

And ask (O Muhammad SAW) those of Our Messengers whom We sent before you: "Did We ever appoint âliha (gods) to be worshipped besides the Most Beneficent (Allâh)?"

46.

And indeed We did send Mûsa (Moses) with Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) to Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his chiefs (inviting them to Allâh's Religion of Islâm) He said: "Verily, I am a Messenger of the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists)."

47.

But when he came to them with Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) behold! They laughed at them.

48.

And not an *Ayâh* (sign, etc.) We showed them but it was greater than its fellow, and We seized them with torment, in order that they might turn [from their polytheism to Allâh's Religion (Islâmic Monotheism)].

49.

And they said [to Mûsa (Moses)]: "O you sorcerer! Invoke your Lord for us according to what He has covenanted with you. Verily, We shall guide ourselves (aright)."

50.

But when We removed the torment from them, behold! They broke their covenant (that they will believe if We remove the torment for them).

وَنَادَىٰ فِرُ عَـوُنُ فِـى قَـوُمِهِـ قَالَ يَنقَـوُم أَلَيْسَ لِـى مُلُكُ مِصُرَ وَهَنذِهِ ٱلْأَنَّهَـٰرُ تَجُـرِي مِن تَحُـتِيٌّ أَفَلَا تُبُصِرُونَ @

And Fir'aun (Pharaoh) proclaimed among his people, saying: "O my people! Is not mine the dominion of Egypt, and these rivers flowing underneath me. See you not then?

52.

"Am I not better than this one [Mûsa (Moses)], who is *Mahîn* [has no honour nor any respect, and is weak and despicable] and can scarcely express himself clearly?

53

"Why then are not golden bracelets bestowed on him, or angels sent along with him?"

54.

Thus he [Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] befooled and misled his people, and they obeyed him. Verily, they were ever a people who were Fâsiqûn (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

55

So when they angered Us, We punished them, and drowned them all.

56.

And We made them a precedent (as a lesson for those coming after them), and an example to later generations.

57.

And when the son of Maryam (Mary) is quoted as an example [i.e. 'lesa (Jesus) is worshipped like their idols), behold! Your people cry aloud (laugh out at the example).

58.



And say: "Are our âliha (gods) better or is he ['lesa (Jesus)]?" They quoted not the above example except for argument. Nay! But they are a quarrelsome people. [(See VV. 21:97-101) - The Qur'ân.]

He ['lesa (Jesus)] was not more than a slave. We granted Our Favour to him, and We made him an example to the Children of Israel (i.e. his creation without a father).

60.

And if it were Our Will, We would have [destroyed you (mankind) all, and] made angels to replace you on the earth. [*Tafsir At-Tabarî*, Vol:25, Page 89].

61

And he ['lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary)] shall be a known sign for (the coming of) the Hour (Day of Resurrection) [i.e. 'lesa's (Jesus) descent on the earth] . Therefore have no doubt concerning it (i.e. the Day of Resurrection). And follow Me (Allâh) (i.e. be obedient to Allâh and do what He orders you to do, O mankind)! This is the Straight Path (of Islâmic Monotheism, leading to Allâh and to His Paradise).

62.

And let not *Shaitân* (Satan) hinder you (from the right religion, i.e. Islâmic Monotheism), Verily, he (Satan) to you is a plain enemy.

63.

And when 'lesa (Jesus) came with (Our) clear Proofs, he said: "I have come to you with *Al-Hikmah* (Prophethood), and in order to make clear to you some of the (points) in which you differ, therefore fear Allâh and obey me,

64.

"Verily, Allâh! He is my Lord (God) and your Lord (God). So worship Him (Alone). This is the (only) Straight Path (i.e. Allâh's religion of true Islâmic Monotheism)."

65.



But the sects from among themselves differed. So woe to those who do wrong (by ascribing things to 'lesa (Jesus) that are not true) from the torment of a painful Day (i.e. the Day of Resurrection)!

هَــلُ يَنظُــرُونَ إِلَّا ٱلسَّـاعَةَ أَن تَــأُتِيَهُم بَغُتَــةً وَهُــمُ لَا يَشُــعُرُونَ



Do they only wait for the Hour that it shall come upon them suddenly, while they perceive not?

67.

Friends on that Day will be foes one to another except Al-Muttaqûn (pious - see V.2:2).

68.

(It will be said to the true believers of Islâmic Monotheism): My worshippers! No fear shall be on you this Day, nor shall you grieve,

69.

(You) who believed in Our *Ayât* (proofs, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) and were Muslims (i.e. who submit totally to Allâh's Will, and believe in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism).

70.

Enter Paradise, you and your wives, in happiness.

71.

Trays of gold and cups will be passed round them, (there will be) therein all that the one's innerselves could desire, all that the eyes could delight in, and you will abide therein forever.

72.

This is the Paradise which you have been made to inherit because of your deeds which you used to do (in the life of the world).

73.

Therein for you will be fruits in plenty, of which you will eat (as you desire).

74.

Verily, the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, sinners, disbelievers, etc.) will be in the torment of Hell to abide therein forever.

(The torment) will not be lightened for them, and they will be plunged into destruction with deep regrets, sorrows and in despair therein.

76.

We wronged them not, but they were the Zâlimûn (polytheists, wrong-doers, etc.).

77.



And they will cry: "O Malik (Keeper of Hell)! Let your Lord make an end of us." He will say: "Verily you shall abide forever."

78.

Indeed We have brought the truth (Muhammad SAW with the Qur'ân), to you, but most of you have a hatred for the truth. Π

79.

Or have they plotted some plan? Then We too are planning.

80.



Or do they think that We hear not their secrets and their private counsel? (Yes We do) and Our Messengers (appointed angels in charge of mankind) are by them, to record.

81

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "If the Most Beneficent (Allâh) had a son (or children as you pretend), then I am the first of Allâh's worshippers [who deny and refute this claim of yours (and the first to believe in Allâh Alone and testify that He has no children)]." [*Tafsir At-Tabarî*].

82.

Glorified be the Lord of the heavens and the earth, the Lord of the Throne! Exalted be He from all that they ascribe (to Him).

So leave them (alone) to speak nonsense and play until they meet the Day of theirs, which they have been promised.

84.

It is He (Allâh) Who is the only *Ilâh* (God to be worshipped) in the heaven and the only *Ilâh* (God to be worshipped) on the earth. And He is the All-Wise, the All-Knower.

85

And blessed be He to Whom belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them, and with Whom is the knowledge of the Hour, and to Whom you (all) will be returned.

86.

And those whom they invoke instead of Him have no power of intercession; except those who bear witness to the truth (i.e. believed in the Oneness of Allâh, and obeyed His Orders), and they know (the facts about the Oneness of Allâh) II .

87.

And if you ask them who created them, they will surely say: "Allâh". How then are they turned away (from the worship of Allâh, Who created them)?

88.

(Allâh has knowledge) of (Prophet Muhammad's) saying: "O my Lord! Verily, these are a people who believe not!"

89.

So turn away from them (O Muhammad SAW), and say: Salâm (peace)! But they will come to know. []

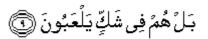
44. Ad-Dukhân Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful, 1. Hâ-Mîm. [These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'an and none but Allah (Alone) knows their meanings] وَٱلۡكِتَـٰبِٱلۡمُبِينِ ۞ By the manifest Book (this Qur'ân) that makes things clear, 3. إِنَّآ أَنزَلُنَكُ فِي لَيُّكَةٍ مُّبَكِرَكَةً إِنَّا كُنَّا مُنذِرينَ ۞ We sent it (this Qur'ân) down on a blessed night [(i.e. night of Qadr, Sûrah No: 97) in the month of Ramadân,, the 9th month of the Islâmic calendar]. Verily, We are ever warning [mankind that Our Torment will reach those who disbelieve in Our Oneness of Lordship and in Our Oneness of worship] 4. فِيهَا يُفُرَقُ كُلُّ أُمُرٍ حَكِيمٍ ۞ Therein (that night) is decreed every matter of ordainments Π 5. أَمْرًا مِّنُ عِندِنَآ إِنَّا كُنَّا مُرُسِلِينَ ۞ Amran (i.e. a Command or this Qur'an or the Decree of every matter) from Us. Verily, We are ever sending (the Messengers), 6. رَحُمَةً مِّن رَّبِّكَ إِنَّهُ ۗ هُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ۞ (As) a Mercy from your Lord. Verily! He is the All-Hearer, the All-Knower. 7. رَبَّ ٱلسَّمَنوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ وَمَا بَيَّنَهُمَآ إِن كُنتُم مُّوقِنِينَ ۞ The Lord of the heavens and the earth and all that is between them, if you (but) have a faith with certainty.

8.

لَا ٓ إِلَىهَ إِلَّا هُوَ يُحُيِ وَيُمِيتُ ۗ رَبُّكُمُ وَرَبُّ ءَابَآبٍكُمُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ۞

Lâ ilaha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He). It is He Who gives life and causes death, your Lord and the Lord of your fore-fathers.



Nay! They play in doubt.

10.

Then wait you for the Day when the sky will bring forth a visible smoke.

11.

Covering the people, this is a painful torment.

12

(They will say): "Our Lord! Remove the torment from us, really we shall become believers!"

13.

How can there be for them an admonition (at the time when the torment has reached them), when a Messenger explaining things clearly has already come to them.

14.

Then they had turned away from him (Messenger Muhammad SAW) and said: "One (Muhammad SAW) taught (by a human being), a madman!"

15.

Verily, We shall remove the torment for a while. Verily! You will revert.

16.

On the Day when We shall seize you with the greatest grasp. Verily, We will exact retribution.

17.

And indeed We tried before them Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people, when there came to them a noble Messenger [i.e. Mûsa (Moses) >>],

18.

Saying: "Restore to me the slaves of Allâh (i.e. the Children of Israel). Verily! I am to you a Messenger worthy of all trust,

19

"And exalt not (yourselves) against Allâh. Truly, I have come to you with a manifest authority.

20.

"And truly, I seek refuge in my Lord and your Lord, lest you stone me (or call me a sorcerer or kill me).

21

"But if you believe me not, then keep away from me and leave me alone."

22.

(But they were aggressive), so he [Mûsa (Moses)] called upon his Lord (saying): "These are indeed the people who are *Mujrimûn* (disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, criminals, etc.)."

23.

(Allâh said): "Depart you with My slaves by night. Surely, you will be pursued.

24.

"And leave the sea as it is (quiet and divided). Verily, They are a host to be drowned."

25

How many of gardens and springs do they [Fir'aun's (Pharaoh) people] left.

26.

And green crops (fields etc.) and goodly places,

27

And comforts of life wherein they used to take delight!

28.

Thus (it was)! And We made other people inherit them (i.e. We made the Children of Israel to inherit the kingdom of Egypt).

29

فَمَا بَكَتُ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلسَّمَآءُ وَٱلْأَرُّضُ وَمَا كَانُواْ مُنظَرِينَ ٢

And the heavens and the earth wept not for them Π , nor were they given a respite.

30.

And indeed We saved the Children of Israel from the humiliating torment,

31.

From Fir'aun (Pharaoh); Verily! He was arrogant and was of the *Musrifûn* (those who transgress beyond bound in spending and other things and commit great sins).

32.

And We chose them (the Children of Israel) above the 'Alamîn (mankind, and jinns) [during the time of Mûsa (Moses)] with knowledge,

33.

And granted them signs in which there was a plain trial.

34.

Verily, these (Quraish) people are saying:

35

"There is nothing but our first death, and we shall not be resurrected.

36.

"Then bring back our fore-fathers, if you speak the truth!"

37.



Are they better or the people of Tubba' and those before them? We destroyed them because they were indeed *Mujrimûn* (disbelievers, polytheists, sinners, criminals, etc.).

38.

And We created not the heavens and the earth, and all that is between them, for mere play,

مَا خَلَقُنَىٰهُمَٱ إِلَّا بِٱلْحَقِّ وَلَىٰكِنَّ أَكُثَرَهُمُ لَا يَعۡلَمُونَ 📆

We created them not except with truth (i.e. to examine and test those who are obedient and those who are disobedient and then reward the obedient ones and punish the disobedient ones), but most of them know not.

40.

Verily, the Day of Judgement (when Allâh will judge between the creatures) is the time appointed for all of them,

41.

The Day when *Maulan* (a near relative) cannot avail *Maulan* (a near relative) in aught, and no help can they receive.

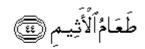
42.

Except him on whom Allâh has Mercy. Verily, He is the All-Mighty, the Most Merciful.

43.

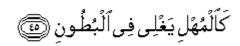
Verily, the tree of Zaqqûm,

44.



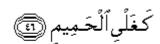
Will be the food of the sinners,

45.



Like boiling oil, it will boil in the bellies,

46



Like the boiling of scalding water.

47.

(It will be said) "Seize him and drag him into the midst of blazing Fire,

48.

"Then pour over his head the torment of boiling water,

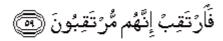
49 ذُقُ إِنَّكَ أَنتَ ٱلْعَزِيزُ ٱلْكَرِيمُ ۞ Taste you (this)! Verily, you were (pretending to be) the mighty, the generous! 50. إِنَّ هَدِذَا مَا كُنتُم بِهِ ـ تَمُتَرُونَ 🕲 "Verily! This is that whereof you used to doubt!" 51. إِنَّ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ فِي مَقَامٍ أُمِينٍ ۞ Verily! The Muttaqûn (pious - see V.2:2), will be in place of Security (Paradise). 52. فِي جَنَّاتٍ وَعُيُونِ 🌚 Among Gardens and Springs: 53. يَلْبَسُونَ مِن سُندُسٍ وَإِسْتَبُرَقِ مُّتَقَنبِلِينَ ٣ Dressed in fine silk and (also) in thick silk, facing each other, 54. كَذَالِكَ وَزَوَّجُنَاهُم بِحُورٍ عِينٍ ۞ So (it will be), and We shall marry them to $Houris^{\prod}$ (female fair ones) with wide, lovely eyes. 55 يَدُعُونَ فِيهَا بِكُلِّ فَلكِهَةٍ ءَامِنِينَ 🍩 They will call therein for every kind of fruit in peace and security; 56. لَا يَذُوقُونَ فِيهَا ٱلْمَوُتَ إِلَّا ٱلْمَوُتَةَ ٱلْأُولَىٰ ۗ وَوَقَنهُمُ عَذَابَ ٱلْجَحِيم ﴿ They will never taste death therein except the first death (of this world), and He will save them from the torment of the blazing Fire,

57.

As a Bounty from your Lord! That will be the supreme success!

58.

Certainly, We have made this (Qur'ân) easy in your tongue, in order that they may remember.



Wait then (O Muhammad SAW); Verily, they (too) are waiting.

45. Al-Jâthiya Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.



HâMîm.

[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'an and none but Allah (Alone) knows their meanings].

2.



The revelation of the Book (this Qur'an) is from Allah, the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

3.

Verily, in the heavens and the earth are signs for the believers.

4.

And in your creation, and what He scattered (through the earth) of moving (living) creatures are signs for people who have Faith with certainty.

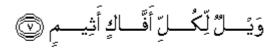
5.

And in the alternation of night and day, and the provision (rain) that Allâh sends down from the sky, and revives therewith the earth after its death, and in the turning about of the winds (i.e. sometimes towards the east or north, and sometimes towards the south or west etc., sometimes bringing glad tidings of rain etc., and sometimes bringing the torment), are signs for a people who understand.

6.

These are the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, which We recite to you (O Muhammad SAW) with truth. Then in which speech after Allâh and His *Ayât* will they believe?

7



Woe to every sinful liar,

يَسُمَعُ ءَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ تُتُلَىٰ عَلَيْهِ ثُمَّ يُصِرُّ مُسُتَكُبِرَا كَأَن لَّمُ يَسُمَعُهَا فَبَشِّرُهُ

Who hears the Verses of Allâh (being) recited to him, yet persists with pride as if he heard them not. So announce to him a painful torment!

9.

And when he learns something of Our Verses (this Qur'ân), he makes them a jest. For such there will be a humiliating torment.

10.

In front of them there is Hell, and that which they have earned will be of no profit to them, nor (will be of any profit to them) those whom they have taken as *Auliyâ'* (protectors, helpers, etc.) besides Allâh. And theirs will be a great torment.

11

This (Qur'ân) is a guidance. And those who disbelieve in the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of their Lord, for them there is a painful torment of *Rijz* (a severe kind of punishment).

12.

Allâh it is He Who has subjected to you the sea, that ships may sail through it by His Command, and that you may seek of His Bounty, and that you may be thankful,

13.

And has subjected to you all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth; it is all as a favour and kindness from Him. Verily, in it are signs for a people who think deeply.

14.

Say (O Muhammad SAW) to the believers to forgive those who (harm them and) hope not for the Days of Allâh (i.e. His Recompense), that He may recompense people according to what they have earned

Whosoever does a good deed, it is for his ownself, and whosoever does evil, it is against (his ownself). Then to your Lord you will be made to return.

16.

And indeed We gave the Children of Israel the Scripture, and the understanding of the Scripture and its laws, and the Prophethood; and provided them with good things, and preferred them above the 'Alamîn (mankind and jinns) (of their time, during that period),

17.

And gave them clear proofs in matters [by revealing to them the Taurât (Torah)]. And they differed not until after the knowledge came to them, through envy among themselves. Verily, Your Lord will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection about that wherein they used to differ.

18.

Then We have put you (O Muhammad SAW) on a plain way of (Our) commandment [like the one which We commanded Our Messengers before you (i.e. legal ways and laws of the Islâmic Monotheism)]. So follow you that (Islâmic Monotheism and its laws), and follow not the desires of those who know not. [*Tafsir At-Tabarî* Vol. 25, Page 146].

19.

Verily, they can avail you nothing against Allâh (if He wants to punish you). Verily, the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrong-doers, etc.) are *Auliyâ'* (protectors, helpers, etc.) to one another, but Allâh is the *Walî* (Helper, Protector, etc.) of the *Muttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2).

20.

This (Qur'ân) is a clear insight and evidence for mankind, and a guidance and a mercy for people who have Faith with certainty $^{I\!I}$.

أَمُ حَسِبَ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱجُتَرَحُوا ٱلسَّيِّاتِ أَن نَّجُعَلَهُمُ كَالَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَاتِ سَوَآءً مَّحُيَاهُمُ وَمَمَاتُهُمُّ سَآءَ مَا يَحُكُمُونَ



Or do those who earn evil deeds think that We shall hold them equal with those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, in their present life and after their death? Worst is the judgement that they make.

22.

And Allâh has created the heavens and the earth with truth, in order that each person may be recompensed what he has earned, and they will not be wronged $^{f I}$.

23.

Have you seen him who takes his own lust (vain desires) as his *ilâh* (god), and Allâh knowing (him as such), left him astray, and sealed his hearing and his heart, and put a cover on his sight. Who then will guide him after Allâh? Will you not then remember?

24.

And they say: "There is nothing but our life of this world, we die and we live and nothing destroys us except Ad-Dahr (the time) \Box . And they have no knowledge of it, they only conjecture.

25.

And when Our Clear Verses are recited to them, their argument is no other than that they say: "Bring back our (dead) fathers, if you are truthful!"

قُلِ ٱللَّهُ يُحُيِيكُمُ ثُمَّ يُمِيتُكُمُ ثُمَّ يَجُمَعُكُمُ إِلَىٰ يَوْمَ ٱلْقِيَعَمَةِ لَا رَيُّبَ فِيهِ وَلَنكِنَّ أَكُثَرَ ٱلنَّاسِ لَا يَعُلَّمُونَ 📆

Say (to them): "Allâh gives you life, then causes you to die, then He will assemble you on the Day of Resurrection about which there is no doubt. But most of mankind know not."

27.

And to Allâh belongs the kingdom of the heavens and the earth. And on the Day that the Hour will be established, on that Day the followers of falsehood (polytheists, disbelievers, worshippers of false deities, etc.) shall lose (everything)

28.

And you will see each nation humbled to their knees (kneeling), each nation will be called to its Record (of deeds). This Day you shall be recompensed for what you used to do.

29

This Our Record speaks about you with truth. Verily, We were recording what you used to do (i.e. Our angels used to record your deeds).

30.

Then, as for those who believed (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and did righteous good deeds, their Lord will admit them to His Mercy. That will be the evident success.

31.

But as for those who disbelieved (it will be said to them): "Were not Our Verses recited to you? But you were proud, and you were a people who were Mujrimûn (polytheists, disbelievers, sinners, criminals)."

وَإِذَا قِيلَ إِنَّ وَعُدَ ٱللَّهِ حَقُّ وَٱلسَّاعَةُ لَا رَيُبَ فِيهَا قُلُتُم مَّا نَدُرِى مَا ٱلسَّاعَةُ إِن نَّظُـنُّ إِلَّا ظَنَّـا وَمَـا نَحُـنُ بِمُسُـتَيُقِنِينَ ۞

And when it was said: "Verily! Allâh's Promise is the truth, and there is no doubt about the coming of the Hour," you said; "We know not what is the Hour, we do not think it but as a conjecture, and we have no firm convincing belief (therein)."

33.

And the evil of what they did will appear to them, and they will be completely encircled by that which they used to mock at!

34.

And it will be said: "This Day We will forget you as you forgot the Meeting of this Day of yours. And your abode is the Fire, and there is none to help you."

35.

This, because you took the revelations of Allâh (this Qur'ân) in mockery, and the life of the world deceived you. So this Day, they shall not be taken out from there (Hell) II , nor shall they be Yustâ'tabûn (i.e. they shall not return to the worldly life, so that they repent to Allâh, and beg His Pardon for their sins).

36.

So all the praises and thanks are to Allâh, the Lord of the heavens and the Lord of the earth, and the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

37.

And His (Alone) is the Majesty in the heavens and the earth, and He is the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

46. Al-Ahqâf Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.



HâMîm.

[These letters are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings].

2.

The revelation of the Book (this Qur'an) is from Allah, the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

3.

We created not the heavens and the earth and all that is between them except with truth, and for an appointed term. But those who disbelieve turn away from that whereof they are warned.

4.

Say (O Muhammad SAW to these pagans): "Think! All that you invoke besides Allâh show me! What have they created of the earth? Or have they a share in (the creation of) the heavens? Bring me a Book (revealed before this), or some trace of knowledge (in support of your claims), if you are truthful!"

5.

And who is more astray than one who calls (invokes) besides Allâh, such as will not answer him till the Day of Resurrection, and who are (even) unaware of their calls (invocations) to them? \Box

6.

And when mankind are gathered (on the Day of Resurrection), they (false deities) will become enemies for them and will deny their worshipping.

وَإِذَا تُتُلَكَىٰ عَلَيْهِمُ ءَايَئَنَا بَيِّنَدِتٍ قَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لِلُحَتِّ لَمَّا جَاءَهُمُ هَدذَا سِحُرُّ مُّبِينً ۞

And when Our Clear Verses are recited to them, the disbelievers say of the truth (this Qur'ân), when it reaches them: "This is plain magic!"

8.

أَمُّ يَقُولُونَ ٱفُتَرَىٰهُۗ قُلُ إِنِ ٱفُتَرَيُتُهُۥ فَلَا تَمُلِكُونَ لِى مِنَ ٱللَّهِ شَيُّاً هُوَ أَعُلَمُ بِمَا تُفِيضُونَ فِيهٍ كَفَىٰ بِهِۦ شَهِيذًا بَيُنِى وَبَيُنَكُمُّ وَهُوَ ٱلُغَفُورُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ ۞

Or say they: "He (Muhammad SAW) has fabricated it." Say: "If I have fabricated it, still you have no power to support me against Allâh. He knows best of what you say among yourselves concerning it (i.e. this Qur'ân)! Sufficient is He for a witness between me and you! And He is the Oft-Forgiving, the Most Merciful."

9.

قُلُ مَا كُنتُ بِدُعًا مِّنَ ٱلرُّسُلِ وَمَآ أَدُرِى مَا يُفْعَلُ بِى وَلَا بِكُمُّ إِنْ أَتَّبِعُ إِلَّا مَا يُوحَىٰۤ إِلَىَّ وَمَآ أَنَاْ إِلَّا نَذِيرٌ مُّبِينٌ ۞

Say (O Muhammad SAW):"I am not a new thing among the Messengers (of Allâh) (i.e. I am not the first Messenger) nor do I know what will be done with me or with you. I only follow that which is revealed to me, and I am but a plain warner."

10.

قُلُ أَرَءَيُتُمُ إِن كَانَ مِنُ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ وَكَفَرُتُم بِهِ وَشَهِدَ شَاهِدُ مِّنَ مَنْ مِنْ عِندِ ٱللَّهِ وَكَفَرُتُم بِهِ وَشَهِدَ شَاهِدُ مِّ مِنْ بَنِى إِسُرَ تَعُمُّ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يَهُدِى مِنْ لِهِ مَا لَكُبَرُتُمُ اللَّهَ لَا يَهُدِى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ اللَّهَ اللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى

Say: "Tell me! If this (Qur'ân) is from Allâh, and you deny it, and a witness from among the Children of Israel ('Abdullâh bin Salâm radhiallahu'anhu) testifies that this Qur'ân is from Allâh [like the Taurât (Torah)], so he believed (embraced Islâm) while you are too proud (to believe)." Verily! Allâh guides not the people who are $Z \hat{a} lim \hat{u}n$ (polytheists, disbelievers and wrong-doing).

|11

وَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَو كَانَ خَيْرًا مَّا سَبَقُونَا إِلَيْهِ وَإِذْ لَمُ يَهُتَدُواْ بِهِ ـ فَسَيَقُولُونَ هَدنَآ إِفْكُ قَدِيمٌ ٣

And those who disbelieve (strong and wealthy) say of those who believe (weak and poor): "Had it (Islâmic Monotheism to which Muhammad SAW is inviting mankind) been a good thing, they (weak and poor) would not have preceded us thereto!" And when they have not let themselves be guided by it (this Qur'ân), they say: "This is an ancient lie!"

وَمِــن قَبُلِــهِـ كِــتَنبُ مُوسَــنَي إِمَامًــا وَرَحُمَــةً وَهَـــذَا كِــتَنبُ مُّصَـدِّقُ لِّسَـانًا عَرَبيًّا لِّيُنـذِرَ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُواْ وَبُشُرَىٰ لِلْمُحُسِنِينَ ﴿

And before this was the Scripture of Mûsa (Moses) as a guide and a mercy. And this is a confirming Book (the Qur'ân) in the Arabic language, to warn those who do wrong, and as glad tidings to the Muhsinûn (good-doers - see V.2:112).

13.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ قَالُواْ رَبُّنَا ٱللَّهُ ثُمَّ ٱستَقَدمُواْ فَلَا خَونَكَ عَلَيْهِمُ وَلَا هُمُ يَحُزَنُونَ



Verily, those who say: "Our Lord is (only) Allâh," and thereafter Istaqâmû (i.e. stood firm and straight on the Islâmic Faith of Monotheism by abstaining from all kinds of sins and evil deeds which Allâh has forbidden and by performing all kinds of good deeds which He has ordained), on them shall be no fear, nor shall they grieve.

14.

Such shall be the dwellers of Paradise, abiding therein (forever), a reward for what they used to do.

15.

وَوَصَّيْنَا ٱلْإِنسَـــٰنَ بِوَالِدَيْـهِ إِحُسَــنَا ۗ حَمَلَتُـهُ أُمُّـهُ ۚ كُرُهًا وَوَضَعَتُهُ كُرُهَا ۖ وَحَمُلُهُ و وَفِصَالُهُ و ثَلَاثُونَ شَهُرًا ۚ حَتَّنَّ إِذَا بَلَغَ أَشُدَّهُ و وَبَلَغَ أَرُبَعِينَ سَنَةً قَالَ رَبِّ أَوْزِعُنِيٓ أَنَّ أَشُكُر نِعُمَتَكَ ٱلَّتِيٓ أَنُّعَمُّتَ عَلَيَّ وَعَلَىٰ وَالدِّيَّ وَأَنّ أَعُمَلَ صَلِحًا تَرُضَنهُ وَأَصلِحُ لِي فِي ذُرّيَّتِيٌّ إِنِّي تُبُّتُ إِلَيْكَ وَإِنِّي مِنَ ٱلْمُسُلِمِينَ 🐵

And We have enjoined on man to be dutiful and kind to his parents. His mother bears him with hardship and she brings him forth with hardship, and the bearing of him, and the weaning of him is thirty (30) months, till when he attains full strength and reaches forty years, he says: "My Lord! Grant me the power and ability that I may be grateful for Your Favour which You have bestowed upon me and upon my parents, and that I may do righteous good deeds, such as please You, and make my off-spring good. Truly, I have turned to You in repentance, and truly, I am one of the Muslims (submitting to Your Will)."

16.

أُوْلَكَبِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ نَتَقَبَّلُ عَنَّهُمُ أَحُسَنَ مَا عَمِلُواْ وَنَتَجَاوَزُ عَن سَيَّاتِهمُ فِيَّ أَصُحَــــب ٱللَّجَنَّـة وَعُـدَ ٱلصِّدُق ٱلَّـذِي كَـانُواْ يُوعَـدُونَ ش

They are those from whom We shall accept the best of their deeds and overlook their evil deeds. (They shall be) among the dwellers of Paradise, a promise of truth, which they have been promised.

وَٱلَّذِى قَالَ لِوَلِدَيْهِ أُفِّ لَّكُمَآ أَتَعِدَانِنِىٓ أَنَ أُخُرَجَ وَقَدُ خَلَتِ ٱلْقُرُونُ مِن قَبَلِى وَهُمَا يَسْتَغِيثَانِ ٱللَّهَ وَيُلَكَ ءَامِنَ إِنَّ وَعُدَ ٱللَّهِ حَقُّ فَيَقُولُ مَا هَنذَآ إِلَّا أَسَاطِيرُ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ۚ

But he who says to his parents: "Fie upon you both! Do you hold out the promise to me that I shall be raised up (again) when generations before me have passed away (without rising)?" While they (father and mother) invoke Allâh for help (and rebuke their son): "Woe to you! Believe! Verily, the Promise of Allâh is true." But he says: "This is nothing but the tales of the ancient."

18.

They are those against whom the Word (of torment) is justified among the previous generations of jinns and mankind that have passed away. Verily! They are ever the losers.

19.

And for all, there will be degrees according to that which they did, that He (Allâh) may recompense them in full for their deeds. And they will not be wronged.

20.

وَيَوْمَ يُعُرَضُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ عَلَى ٱلنَّارِ أَذْهَبُتُمُ طَيِّبَنتِكُمُ فِي حَيَاتِكُمُ النَّارِ أَذْهَبُتُمُ طَيِّبَنتِكُمُ فِي حَيَاتِكُمُ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَٱسْتَمُتَعُتُم بِهَا فَالْيَوْمَ تُجُزُونَ عَذَابَ ٱلْهُونِ بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَسُتَكُبِرُونَ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ بِغَيْرِ ٱلْحَقِّ وَبِمَا كُنتُمُ تَفُسُقُونَ ۗ

On the Day when those who disbelieve (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) will be exposed to the Fire (it will be said): "You received your good things in the life of the world, and you took your pleasure therein. Now this Day you shall be recompensed with a torment of humiliation, because you were arrogant in the land without a right, and because you used to rebel and disobey (Allâh).

21.

﴿ وَٱذْكُرُ أَخَا عَادِ إِذْ أَنذَرَ قَوْمَهُ وبِٱلْأَحُقَافِ وَقَدُ خَلَتِ ٱلنُّذُرُ مِنْ بَيُنِ يَوَمُ وَاذُكُرُ أَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَذَابَ يَوُمٍ يَدَيُهِ وَمِنْ خَلُفِهِ ٤ أَلَّا تَعُبُدُوٓاْ إِلَّا ٱللَّهَ إِنِّى آَخَافُ عَلَيْكُمُ عَذَابَ يَوُمٍ عَظِيمٍ ٢

And remember (Hûd) the brother of 'Ad, when he warned his people in *Al-Ahqâf* (the curved sand-hills in the southern part of Arabian Peninsula). And surely, there have passed away warners before him and after him (saying): "Worship none but Allâh; truly, I fear for you the torment of a mighty Day."

قَالُوٓاْ أَجِئَتَنَا لِتَأُفِكَنَا عَنُ ءَالِهَتِنَا فَأَتِنَا بِمَا تَعِدُنَاۤ إِن كُنتَ مِنَ ٱلصَّدِقِينَ



They said: "Have you come to turn us away from our âliha (gods)? Then bring us that with which you threaten us, if you are one of the truthful!"

23.

He said: "The knowledge (of the time of its coming) is with Allâh only, and I convey to you that wherewith I have been sent, but I see that you are a people given to ignorance!"

24

Then, when they saw it as a dense cloud coming towards their valleys, they said: "This is a cloud bringing us rain!" Nay, but it is that (torment) which you were asking to be hastened! a wind wherein is a painful torment!

25.

Destroying everything by the Command of its Lord! So they became such that nothing could be seen except their dwellings! Thus do We recompense the people who are *Mujrimûn* (polytheists, disbelievers, sinners, etc.)!

26.

وَلَقَدُ مَكَّنَّهُمُ فِيمَآ إِن مَّكَّنَّكُمُ فِيهِ وَجَعَلُنَا لَهُمُ سَمُعًا وَأَبُصَرًا وَأَفُئِدَةً فَمَآ أَغُنَىٰ عَنْهُمُ سَمْعُهُمُ وَلَا آَبُصَى رُهُمُ وَلَا آَفُئِدَتُهُم مِّن شَىءٍ إِذْ كَانُواْ يَجُحَدُونَ بِئَايَتِ ٱللَّهِ وَحَاقَ بِهِم مَّا كَانُواْ بِهِ ـ يَسْتَهُزِ عُونَ



And indeed We had firmly established them with that wherewith We have not established you (O Quraish)! And We had assigned them the (faculties of) hearing (ears), seeing (eyes), and hearts, but their hearing (ears), seeing (eyes), and their hearts availed them nothing since they used to deny the *Ayât* (Allâh's Prophets and their Prophethood, proofs, evidences, verses, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh, and they were completely encircled by that which they used to mock at!

وَلَقَدُ أَهُلَكُنَا مَا حَولَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْقُرَىٰ وَصَرَّفُنَا ٱلْأَيَىٰتِ لَعَلَّهُمُ يَرْجِعُونَ



And indeed We have destroyed towns (populations) round about you, and We have (repeatedly) shown (them) the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) in various ways that they might return (to the truth and believe in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism).

28.

Then why did those whom they had taken for *âliha* (gods) besides Allâh, as a way of approach (to Allâh) not help them? Nay, but they vanished completely from them (when there came the torment). And that was their lie, and their inventions which they had been inventing (before their destruction).

29.

And (remember) when We sent towards you (Muhammad SAW) *Nafran* (three to ten persons) of the jinns, (quietly) listening to the Qur'ân, when they stood in the presence thereof, they said: "Listen in silence!" And when it was finished, they returned to their people, as warners.

30.

They said: "O our people! Verily! We have heard a Book (this Qur'ân) sent down after Mûsa (Moses), confirming what came before it, it guides to the truth and to a Straight Path (i.e. Islâm).

31.

O our people! Respond (with obedience) to Allâh's Caller (i.e. Allâh's Messenger Muhammad SAW), and believe in him (i.e. believe in that which Muhammad SAW has brought from Allâh and follow him). He (Allâh) will forgive you of your sins, and will save you from a painful torment (i.e. Hell-fire).

32.

And whosoever does not respond to Allâh's Caller, he cannot escape on earth, and there will be no *Auliyâ'* (protectors) for him besides Allâh (from Allâh's Punishment). Those are in manifest error.

أَوَلَمُ يَرَوُاْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ وَلَمُ يَعُىَ بِخَلُقِهِنَّ بِ فَلُقِهِنَّ بِقَلَمُ يَكُنَ اللَّهَ ٱللَّهَ اللَّهَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿

Do they not see that Allâh, Who created the heavens and the earth, and was not wearied by their creation, is Able to give life to the dead? Yes, He surely is Able to do all things.

34.

وَيَوْمَ يُعُرَّضُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ عَلَى ٱلنَّارِ أَلَيْسَ هَدْذَا بِٱلْحَقِّ قَالُواْ بَلَىٰ وَرَبِّنَاۚ قَالَ فَذُوقُواْ ٱللَّعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَكُفُرُونَ ٢

And on the Day when those who disbelieve will be exposed to the Fire (it will be said to them): "Is this not the truth?" They will say: "Yes, By our Lord!" He will say: "Then taste the torment, because you used to disbelieve!"

35.

فَاصُيِرُ كَمَا صَبَرَ أُوْلُواْ ٱلْعَزُمِ مِنَ ٱلرُّسُلِ وَلَا تَسُتَعُجِل لَّهُمُّ كَأَنَّهُمُ يَوُمَ يَرَوُنَ مَا يُوعَدُونَ لَمُ يَلْبَثُوٓاْ إِلَّا سَاعَةً مِّن نَّهَارٍ ۚ بَلَنغُ ۚ فَهَلَ يُهُلَكُ إِلَّا ٱلْقَوْمُ ٱلْفَدسِقُونَ ٢

Therefore be patient (O Muhammad SAW) as did the Messengers of strong will and be in no haste about them (disbelievers). On the Day when they will see that (torment) with which they are promised (i.e. threatened, it will be) as if they had not stayed more than an hour in a single day. (O mankind! This Qur'ân is sufficient as) a clear Message (or proclamation to save yourself from destruction). But shall any be destroyed except the people who are *Al-Fâsigûn* (the rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

47. Muhammad or Al-Qitâl Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful,

ٱلَّــــذِينَ كَفَـــرُواْ وَصَـــدُّواْ عَــن سَـــبِيل ٱللَّـــهِ أَضَــلَّ أَعُمَـٰلَهُــ



Those who disbelieve [in the Oneness of Allâh, and in the Message of Prophet Muhammad SAW], and hinder (men) from the Path of Allâh (Islâmic Monotheism), He will render their deeds vain $^{\Pi}$

2. وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَدِةِ وَءَامَنُواْ بِمَا نُزِّلَ عَلَىٰ مُحَــمَّدٍ وَهُــوَ ٱللَّحَــقُّ مِــن رَّبِّهِــممٌّ كَفَّــرَ عَنُهُــمُ سَــيَّاتِهِمُ وَأَصْلَـحَ بَالَهُمُ ۞

But those who believe and do righteous good deeds, and believe in that which is sent down to Muhammad (SAW), for it is the truth from their Lord, He will expiate from them their sins, and will make good their state

ذَالِكَ بِأَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ ٱتَّبَعُواْ ٱلْبَنطِلَ وَأَنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱتَّبَعُواْ ٱلْحَقَّ مِن رَّبِّهِمُّ كَذَالِكَ يَضُرِبُ ٱللَّهُ لِلنَّاسِ أَمُثَالَهُمُ ٦

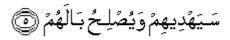
That is because those who disbelieve follow falsehood, while those who believe follow the truth from their Lord. Thus does Allâh set forth their parables for mankind.

فَإِذَا لَقِيتُ مُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ فَضَرُبَ ٱلرِّقَابِ حَـتَّنَّ إِذَّٱ أَتُخَـنتُمُوهُمُ فَشُدُّواْ ٱلْوَثَاقَ فَامَّا مَنَّا بَعُدُ وَإِمَّا فِدَآءً حَتَّىٰ تَضَعَ ٱلْحَرُبُ أَوْزَارَهَاۚ ذَٰلِكَ وَلَـوُ يَشَآءُ ٱللَّهُ لَانَتَصَرَ مِنْهُمُ وَلَـٰكِن لِّيَبُلُواْ بَعُضَكُم ببَعُضٍّ وَٱلَّذِينَ قُتِلُواْ فِي سَبِيل ٱللَّهِ فَلَــن يُضِــلَّ أَعُمَـٰلَهُــمُ ۞

So, when you meet (in fight *Jihâd* in Allâh's Cause), those who disbelieve smite at their necks till when you have killed and wounded many of them, then bind a bond firmly (on them, i.e. take them as captives). Thereafter (is the time) either for generosity (i.e. free them without ransom), or ransom (according to what benefits Islâm), until the war lays down its burden. Thus [you are ordered by Allâh to continue in carrying out Jihâd against the disbelievers till they embrace Islâm (i.e. are saved from the punishment in the Hell-fire) or at least come under your protection], but if it had been Allâh's Will, He Himself could certainly have punished them (without you). But (He lets you fight), in order to test you, some with others. But those who are killed in the Way of Allâh, He will never let their deeds be lost.[]

3.

5

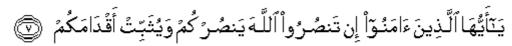


He will guide them and set right their state.

6.

And admit them to Paradise which He has made known to them (i.e. they will know their places in Paradise more than they used to know their houses in the world).

7.



O you who believe! If you help (in the cause of) Allâh, He will help you, and make your foothold firm.

8.

But those who disbelieve (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism), for them is destruction, and (Allâh) will make their deeds vain.

9.

That is because they hate that which Allâh has sent down (this Qur'ân and Islâmic laws, etc.), so He has made their deeds fruitless.

10.

Have they not travelled through the earth, and seen what was the end of those before them? Allâh destroyed them completely and a similar (fate awaits) the disbelievers.

11

That is because Allâh is the *Maula* (Lord, Master, Helper, Protector, etc.) of those who believe, and the disbelievers have no *Maula* (lord, master, helper, protector, etc.).

12.

Certainly! Allâh will admit those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, to Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise), while those who disbelieve enjoy themselves and eat as cattle eat, and the Fire will be their abode.

وَكَالَيِّن مِّن قَرئيَةٍ هِلَ أَشَدُّ قُوهَ مِّن قَريَةِ فَرَيَةِكَ ٱلَّتِيَ أَخُرَجَتُكَ أَهُلَكُننهُمُ فَلَا نَاصِرَ لَهُمُ ٣

And many a town, stronger than your town (Makkah) (O Muhammad SAW) which has driven you out We have destroyed. And there was none to help them.

14

أَفَمَن كَانَ عَلَىٰ بَيِّنَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّهِ - كَمَن زُيِّنَ لَهُ و سُوَّءُ عَمَلِهِ - وَٱتَّبَعُوۤاْ أَهُوَآءَهُم ۞

Is he who is on a clear proof from his Lord, like those for whom their evil deeds that they do are beautified for them, while they follow their own lusts (evil desires)?

15.

مَّنَلُ ٱلُجَنَّةِ ٱلَّتِي وُعِدَ ٱلْمُتَّقُونَ فِيهَاۤ أَنْهَنِ مِّن مَّآءٍ غَيْرِ ءَاسِنٍ وَأَنْهَنِ مِّن لَّبَنٍ لَّمُ يَتَغَيَّرُ طَعُمُهُ ۗ وَأَنْهَنِ مِّنْ خَمْرٍ لَّذَّةٍ لِلشَّنِرِبِينَ وَأَنْهَنِ مِّنْ عَسَلٍ مُّصَفَّى وَلَهُمُ فِيهَا مِن كُلِّ ٱلثَّمَرَ تِ وَمَغْفِرَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّهِمُ كَمَنْ هُو خَنلِدٌ فِي ٱلنَّارِ وَسُقُواْ مَآءً حَمِيمًا فَقَطَّعَ أَمْعَآءَهُمُ ۞

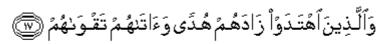
=2>The description of Paradise which the *Muttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2) have been promised is that in it are rivers of water the taste and smell of which are not changed; rivers of milk of which the taste never changes; rivers of wine delicious to those who drink; and rivers of clarified honey (clear and pure) therein for them is every kind of fruit; and forgiveness from their Lord. (Are these) like those who shall dwell for ever in the Fire, and be given, to drink, boiling water, so that it cuts up their bowels?

16.

وَمِنُهُم مَّن يَسُتَمِعُ إِلَيْكَ حَتَّى إِذَا خَرَجُواْ مِنُ عِندِكَ قَالُواْ لِلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ اللَّهُ عَلَى قَالُواْ لِلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمُ وَاتَّبَعُواْ أَهُواَءَهُمُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ ال

And among them are some who listen to you (O Muhammad SAW) till, when they go out from you, they say to those who have received knowledge: "What has he said just now? Such are men whose hearts Allâh has sealed, and they follow their lusts (evil desires).

17.



While as for those who accept guidance, He increases their guidance, and bestows on them their piety.

فَهَلُ يَنظُرُونَ إِلَّا ٱلسَّاعَةَ أَن تَأْتِيَهُم بَغُتَةٌّ فَقَدُ جَآءَ أَشُرَاطُهَا ۚ فَأَنَّىٰ لَهُمُ إِذَا جَآءَتُهُمُّ ذِكُرَىٰهُمُّ 🔊

Do they then await (anything) other than the Hour, that it should come upon them suddenly? But some of its portents (indications and signs) have already come, and when it (actually) is on them, how can they benefit then by their reminder? $^{f IJ}$

19.

So know (O Muhammad SAW) that *Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh* (none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh) $^{f LJ}$, and ask forgiveness for your sin, and also for (the sin of) believing men and believing women. And Allâh knows well your moving about, and your place of rest (in your homes).

20.

Those who believe say: "Why is not a Sûrah (chapter of the Qur'ân) sent down (for us)? But when a decisive Sûrah (explaining and ordering things) is sent down, and fighting (Jihâd holy fighting in Allâh's Cause) is mentioned (i.e. ordained) therein, you will see those in whose hearts is a disease (of hypocrisy) looking at you with a look of one fainting to death. But it was better for them (hypocrites, to listen to Allâh and to obey Him).

21.

Obedience (to Allâh) and good words (were better for them). And when the matter (preparation for Jihâd) is resolved on, then if they had been true to Allâh, it would have been better for them.

22.

Would you then, if you were given the authority, do mischief in the land, and sever your ties of kinship?[]

23.

Such are they whom Allâh has cursed, so that He has made them deaf and blinded their sight.

24

Do they not then think deeply in the Qur'ân, or are their hearts locked up (from understanding it)?

25.

Verily, those who have turned back (have apostated) as disbelievers after the guidance has been manifested to them, *Shaitân* (Satan) has beautified for them (their false hopes), and (Allâh) prolonged their term (age).

26.

This is because they said to those who hate what Allâh has sent down: "We will obey you in part of the matter," but Allâh knows their secrets.

27.

Then how (will it be) when the angels will take their souls at death, smiting their faces and their backs?

28.



That is because they followed that which angered Allâh, and hated that which pleased Him. So He made their deeds fruitless.

29.



Or do those in whose hearts is a disease (of hypocrisy), think that Allâh will not bring to light all their hidden ill-wills?

30.

Had We willed, We could have shown them to you, and you should have known them by their marks, but surely, you will know them by the tone of their speech! And Allâh knows all your deeds.

وَلَنَبُلُـوَنَّكُمُ حَـتَّىٰ نَعُلَـمَ ٱلْمُجَــهِدِينَ مِنكُــمُ وَٱلصَّــيِرِينَ وَنَبُلُـوَٱ أَخْبَـــارَكُمُ ۚ

And surely, We shall try you till We test those who strive hard (for the Cause of Allâh) and the patient ones, and We shall test your facts (i.e. the one who is a liar, and the one who is truthful).

32.

Verily, those who disbelieve, and hinder (men) from the Path of Allâh (i.e. Islâm), and oppose the Messenger (SAW) (by standing against him and hurting him), after the guidance has been clearly shown to them, they will not hurt Allâh in the least, but He will make their deeds fruitless,

33.

O you who believe! Obey Allâh, and obey the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) and render not vain your deeds.

34.

Verily, those who disbelieve, and hinder (men) from the Path of Allâh (i.e. Islâm); then die while they are disbelievers, Allâh will not forgive them. Π

35

So be not weak and ask not for peace (from the enemies of Islâm), while you are having the upper hand. Allâh is with you, and will never decrease the reward of your good deeds.

36.

The life of this world is but play and pastime, but if you believe (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism), and fear Allâh, and avoid evil, He will grant you your wages, and will not ask you your wealth

إِن يَسُءَلُكُمُوهَا فَيُحُفِكُمُ تَبُخَلُواْ وَيُخْرِجُ أَضْغَانَكُمُ ٣

If He were to ask you of it, and press you, you would covetously withhold, and He will bring out all your (secret) ill-wills.

38.

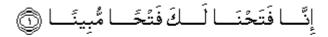
هَنَأَنتُمُ هَنَؤُلآءَ تُدُعَوُنَ لِتُنفِقُواْ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ فَمِنكُم مَّن يَبُخَلُّ وَمَن يَبُخَلُّ وَمَن يَبُخَلُ وَمَن يَبُخَلُ وَمَن يَبُخَلُ وَاللَّهُ ٱلْغَنِيُّ وَأَنتُمُ ٱلْفُقَرَآءُ وَإِن تَتَوَلَّوُاْ يَبُخَلُ فَإِن تَتَوَلَّوُاْ يَبُخَلُ فَوْمًا غَيْرَ كُمُ ثُمَّ لَا يَكُونُوٓاْ أَمُثَىٰلَكُم ۚ

Behold! You are those who are called to spend in the Cause of Allâh, yet among you are some who are niggardly. And whoever is niggardly, it is only at the expense of his ownself. But Allâh is Rich (Free of all wants), and you (mankind) are poor. And if you turn away (from Islâm and the obedience of Allâh), He will exchange you for some other people, and they will not be your likes.

48. Al-Fath Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.



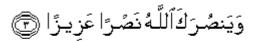
Verily, We have given you (O Muhammad SAW) a manifest victory.

2.

لِّيَغُفِرَ لَكَ ٱللَّهُ مَا تَقَدَّمَ مِن ذَنْبِكَ وَمَا تَأَخَّرَ وَيُتِمَّ نِعُمَتَهُ عَلَيُكَ وَيَهُدِيَكَ صِرَ طَامُّسُتَقِيمًا ۞

That Allâh may forgive you your sins of the past and the future $^{f l}$, and complete His Favour on you, and guide you on the Straight Path;

3.



And that Allâh may help you with strong help.

4.

هُ وَ ٱلَّذِى أَنزَلَ ٱلسَّكِينَةَ فِى قُلُوبِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ لِيزُ دَادُوٓا إِيمَنَا مَّعَ إِيمَنِهِمُّ وَلِلَّهِ جُنُودُ ٱلسَّمَنوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ ۚ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا



He it is Who sent down As-Sakinah (calmness and tranquillity) into the hearts of the believers, that they may grow more in Faith along with their (present) Faith. And to Allâh belong the hosts of the heavens and the earth, and Allâh is Ever All-Knower, All-Wise.

5.

لِّيُدُخِلَ ٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ جَنَّيتٍ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنْهَالُ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا وَيُكَفِّرَ عَنْهُمُ سَيِّئَاتِهِمُّ وَكَانَ ذَالِكَ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ فَوُزًا عَظِيمًا



That He may admit the believing men and the believing women to Gardens under which rivers flow (i.e. Paradise), to abide therein forever, and to expiate from them their sins, and that is with Allâh, a supreme success,

وَيُعَـذِّبَ ٱلْمُنَعِقِينَ وَٱلْمُنَعِقَعِتِ وَٱلْمُشُرِكِينَ وَٱلْمُشُرِكَعِتِ ٱلظَّآنِينَ بِٱللَّهِ ظَنَّ ٱلسَّوُءِۚ عَلَيْهِمُ دَآبِرَةُ ٱلسَّوُءِۗ وَغَضِبَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ وَلَعَنَهُمُ وَأَعَدَّ لَهُمُ جَهَنَّمَ ۗ وَسَآءَتُ مَصِيرًا ۞

And that He may punish the *Munâfiqûn* (hypocrites), men and women, and also the *Mushrikûn* men and women, who think evil thoughts about Allâh, for them is a disgraceful torment, and the Anger of Allâh is upon them, and He has cursed them and prepared Hell for them, and worst indeed is that destination.

7.

And to Allâh belong the hosts of the heavens and the earth. And Allâh is Ever All-Knower, All-Wise.

8.

Verily, We have sent you (O Muhammad SAW) as a witness, as a bearer of glad tidings, and as a warner [].

9.



In order that you (O mankind) may believe in Allâh and His Messenger (SAW), and that you assist and honour him (SAW), and (that you) glorify (Allâh's) praises morning and afternoon.

10.

Verily, those who give *Bai'â* (pledge) to you (O Muhammad SAW) they are giving *Bai'â* (pledge) to Allâh. The Hand of Allâh is over their hands. Then whosoever breaks his pledge, breaks only to his own harm, and whosoever fulfills what he has covenanted with Allâh, He will bestow on him a great reward.

11.

سَيَقُولُ لَكَ ٱلْمُخَلَّفُونَ مِنَ ٱلْأَعُرَابِ شَغَلَتُنَآ أَمُوَلُنَا وَأَهُلُونَا فَٱسۡتَغُفِرُ لَنَاۚ يَقُولُونَ بِأَلْسِنَتِهِم مَّا لَيْسَ فِى قُلُوبِهِمُّ قُلُ فَمَن يَمُلِكُ لَكُم مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ شَيئًا إِنْ أَرَادَ بِكُمُ ضَرًّا أَوْ أَرَادَ بِكُمُ نَفُعًا ۚ بَلُ كَانَ ٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ خَبِيرًا



Those of the bedouins who lagged behind will say to you: "Our possessions and our families occupied us, so ask forgiveness for us." They say with their tongues what is not in their hearts. Say: "Who then has any power at all (to intervene) on your behalf with Allâh, if He intends you hurt or intends you benefit? Nay, but Allâh is Ever All-Aware of what you do.

12.

بَـلُ ظَنَنتُـمُ أَن لَّـن يَنقَلِـبَ ٱلرَّسُـولُ وَٱلْمُؤُمِنُـونَ إِلَـنَ أَهُلِيهِـمُ أَبَدًا وَزُيِّنَ ذَلِكَ فِى قُلُوبِكُمُ وَظَنَنتُمُ ظَنَّ ٱلسَّوَّءِ وَكُنتُمُ قَوَمًا بُورًا



"Nay, but you thought that the Messenger (SAW) and the believers would never return to their families; and that was made fair-seeming in their hearts, and you did think an evil thought and you became a useless people going for destruction."

13.

وَمَن لَّمُ يُوْمِنُ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ عَ فَإِنَّاۤ أَعُتَدُنَا لِلُكَنفِرِينَ سَعِيرًا ﴿

And whosoever does not believe in Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), then verily, We have prepared for the disbelievers a blazing Fire I.

14.

وَلِلَّهِ مُلُكُ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ ۚ يَغُفِرُ لِمَن يَشَآءُ وَيُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَآءُ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ غَفُورًا رَّحِيمًا ۞

And to Allâh belongs the sovereignty of the heavens and the earth, He forgives whom He wills, and punishes whom He wills. And Allâh is Ever Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

15.

سَيَقُولُ ٱلمُخَلَّفُونَ إِذَا ٱنطَلَقَتُمُ إِلَىٰ مَغَانِمَ لِتَأْخُذُوهَا ذَرُونَا نَتَّبِعُكُمُّ يُرِيدُونَ أَن يُبَدِّلُواْ كَلَامَ ٱللَّهِ قُلل لَّن تَتَّبِعُونَا كَذَلِكُمُ قَالَ ٱللَّهُ مِن قَبُلُّ فَسَيَقُولُونَ بَل تَحُسُدُونَنَا ۚ بَل كَانُواْ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ إِلَّا قَلِيلًا



Those who lagged behind will say, when you set forth to take the spoils, "Allow us to follow you," They want to change Allâh's Words. Say: "You shall not follow us; thus Allâh has said beforehand." Then they will say: "Nay, you envy us." Nay, but they understand not except a little.

قُل لِّلْمُخَلِّفِينَ مِنَ ٱلْأَعُرَابِ سَتُدُعُونَ إِلَى قَوْمٍ أُوْلِى قُلْ اللَّهُ خَلَّا اللَّهُ خَلَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ أَبِي اللَّهُ أَبِي اللَّهُ أَبِي اللَّهُ أَجُرًا حَسَنَا وَإِن تَتَوَلَّوا أَكَمَا تَوَلَّيْتُم مِّن قَبُلُ يُعَذِّبُكُمُ عَذَابًا اللَّهُ أَجُرًا حَسَنَا وَإِن تَتَوَلَّوا كَمَا تَوَلَّيْتُم مِّن قَبُلُ يُعَذِّبُكُمْ عَذَابًا

Say (O Muhammad SAW) to the bedouins who lagged behind: "You shall be called to fight against a people given to great warfare, then you shall fight them, or they shall surrender. Then if you obey, Allâh will give you a fair reward, but if you turn away as you did turn away before, He will punish you with a painful torment."

17.



No blame or sin is there upon the blind, nor is there blame or sin upon the lame, nor is there blame or sin upon the sick (that they go not forth to war). And whosoever obeys Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), He will admit him to Gardens beneath which rivers flow (Paradise); and whosoever turns back, He will punish him with a painful torment.

18.

Indeed, Allâh was pleased with the believers when they gave their *Bai'â* (pledge) to you (O Muhammad SAW) under the tree, He knew what was in their hearts, and He sent down *As-Sakinah* (calmness and tranquillity) upon them, and He rewarded them with a near victory,

19.

And abundant spoils that they will capture. And Allâh is Ever All-Mighty, All-Wise

20.

وَعَدَكُمُ ٱللَّهُ مَغَانِمَ كَثِيرَةً تَأُخُذُونَهَا فَعَجَّلَ لَكُمُ هَدِهِ عَ وَكَدَّ لَكُمُ هَدِهِ عَ وَكَدَّ لَكُمُ اللَّهُ وَلِتَكُونَ اللَّهُ وَلِتَكُونَ اللَّهُ وَلِيَعَا فَعَجَّلَ لَكُمُ وَلِتَكُونَ اللَّهُ وَلِيَعَا فَعَجَّلَ لَكُمُ وَلِتَكُونَ اللَّهُ وَلِيَعَا اللَّهُ وَلِيَعَا اللَّهُ وَلِيَعَا اللَّهُ وَلِيَعَا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللْمُعَلِّمُ الللللْمُعِلَّ الللْم

Allâh has promised you abundant spoils that you will capture, and He has hastened for you this, and He has restrained the hands of men from you, that it may be a sign for the believers, and that He may

وَأُخُرَىٰ لَمُ تَقُدِرُواْ عَلَيْهَا قَدُ أَحَاطَ ٱللَّهُ بِهَاۚ وَكَانَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ



And other (victories and much booty there are, He promises you) which are not yet within your power, indeed Allâh compasses them, And Allâh is Ever Able to do all things.

22.

وَلَوُ قَنتَلَكُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَوَلَّواا ٱلأَذَبَينَ ثُمَّ لَا يَجِدُونَ وَلِيًّا وَلَا نَصِيرًا



And if those who disbelieve fight against you, they certainly would have turned their backs, then they would have found neither a *Walî* (protector) nor a helper.

23.

That has been the Way of Allâh already with those who passed away before. And you will not find any change in the Way of Allâh.

24.

And He it is Who has withheld their hands from you and your hands from them in the midst of Makkah, after He had made you victors over them. And Allâh is Ever the All-Seer of what you do.

25.

هُـمُ ٱلَّـذِينَ كَفَـرُواْ وَصَـدُّوكُمُ عَـنِ ٱلْمَسْجِدِ ٱلْحَـرَامِ وَٱلْهَـدُى مَعُكُوفًا أَن يَبُلُـغَ مَحِلَّـهُ وَلَـوُلَا رِجَالٌ مُّؤُمِنُونَ وَنِسَآءٌ مُّ وُمِنَنتُ مَعُكُوفًا أَن يَبُلُـغَ مَحِلَّـهُ وَلَـوُلَا رِجَالٌ مُّؤُمِنُونَ وَنِسَآءٌ مُّ وُمِنَنتُ لَلَّمُ تَعُلَمُ وهُمُ أَن تَطَعُوهُمُ فَتُصِيبَكُم مِنْهُم مَّعَرَّةٌ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ لِيُدُخِلَ لَلَّمُ تَعُلَمُ وهُمُ أَن تَطَعُوهُمُ فَتُصِيبَكُم مِنْهُم مَّعَرَّةٌ بِغَيْرِ عِلْمٍ لِيُدُخِلَ اللَّهُ فِي رَحُمَتِهِ عَمَن يَشَآءُ لَـوُ تَزَيَّلُـواْ لَعَذَّبُنَا ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِنْهُمُ عَذَابًا ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِنْهُمُ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا ١٠٤٤ عَنَا اللَّهُ فِي رَحُمَتِهِ عَمَن يَشَآءُ لَـوُ تَزَيَّلُـواْ لَعَذَّبُنَا ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِنْهُمُ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا ١٤٤٤

They are the ones who disbelieved (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism), and hindered you from *AlMasjidalHarâm* (the sacred mosque of Makkah) and the sacrificial animals, detained from reaching their place of sacrifice. Had there not been believing men and believing women whom you did not know, that you may kill them, and on whose account a sin would have been committed by you without (your) knowledge, that Allâh might bring into His Mercy whom He will, if they (the believers and the disbelievers) should have been apart, We verily had punished those of them who disbelieved, with painful torment.

When those who disbelieve had put in their hearts pride and haughtiness the pride and haughtiness of the time of ignorance, then Allâh sent down His *Sakinah* (calmness and tranquillity) upon His Messenger (SAW) and upon the believers, and made them stick to the word of piety (i.e. none has the right to be worshipped but Allâh), and they were well entitled to it and worthy of it. And Allâh is the All-Knower of everything.

27.

لَّقَدُ صَدَقَ ٱللَّهُ رَسُولَهُ ٱلرُّءُيَا بِٱلْحَقِّ لَتَدُخُلُنَّ ٱلْمَسُجِدَ ٱلْحَرَامَ إِن شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ ءَامِنِينَ مُحَلِّقِينَ رُءُوسَكُمُ وَمُقَصِّرِينَ لَا تَخَافُونَ فَعَلِمَ مَا لَمُ تَعُلَمُواْ فَجَعَلَ مِن دُونِ ذَلِكَ فَتُحًا قَرِيبًا

Indeed Allâh shall fulfil the true vision which He showed to His Messenger (SAW) [i.e. the Prophet SAW saw a dream that he has entered Makkah along with his companions, having their (head) hair shaved and cut short] in very truth. Certainly, you shall enter *AlMasjidalHarâm*; if Allâh wills, secure, (some) having your heads shaved, and (some) having your head hair cut short, having no fear. He knew what you knew not, and He granted besides that a near victory.

28.

هُوَ ٱلَّذِيؒ أَرُسَلَ رَسُولَهُ عِٱلْهُدَىٰ وَدِينِ ٱلْحَقِّ لِيُظُهِرَهُ عَلَى ٱلدِّينِ كُلِّهِ - ﴿ وَكَفَىٰ بِٱللَّهِ شَهِيدًا

He it is Who has sent His Messenger (Muhammad SAW) with guidance and the religion of truth (Islâm), that He may make it (Islâm) superior over all religions. And All-Sufficient is Allâh as a Witness.

29.

مُّحَـمَّدُ رَّسُولُ ٱللَّهِ وَٱلَّذِينَ مَعَهُ وَ أَشِدَّآءُ عَلَى ٱلْكُفَّارِ رُحَمَآءُ بَيُنَهُمُ تَرَنَهُمُ رُكَّعًا سُجَّدًا يَبُتَغُونَ فَصُلًا مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَرِضُونَا لَسِيمَاهُمُ فِي وُجُوهِهِم مِّنُ أَثْرِ ٱلسُّجُودِ ذَلِكَ مَثَلُهُمُ فِي ٱلتَّوْرَنةِ وَمَثَلُهُمُ فِي ٱلْإِنجِيلِ كَرْرُ عٍ أَخُرَ جَ شَطُعَهُ وَفَازَرَهُ وَ فَٱسْتَغُلَظَ فَٱسْتَوَىٰ عَلَىٰ سُوقِهِ عَيْجِبُ كَرْرُ عٍ أَخُرَ جَ شَطُعُهُ وَفَازَرَهُ وَ فَٱسْتَغُلَظَ فَٱسْتَوَىٰ عَلَىٰ سُوقِهِ عَيْجِبُ ٱلزُّرَّا عَلِيَغِيظَ بِهِمُ ٱلْكُفَّارُ وَعَدَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَيتِ مِنْهُم مَّغُفِرَةً وَأَجُرًا عَظِيمًا
هَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ اللَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَيتِ Muhammad (SAW) is the Messenger of Allâh, and those who are with him are severe against disbelievers, and merciful among themselves. You see them bowing and falling down prostrate (in prayer), seeking Bounty from Allâh and (His) Good Pleasure. The mark of them (i.e. of their Faith) is on their faces (foreheads) from the traces of (their) prostration (during prayers). This is their description in the Taurât (Torah). But their description in the Injeel (Gospel) is like a (sown) seed which sends forth its shoot, then makes it strong, it then becomes thick, and it stands straight on its stem, delighting the sowers that He may enrage the disbelievers with them. Allâh has promised those among them who believe (i.e. all those who follow Islâmic Monotheism, the religion of Prophet Muhammad SAW till the Day of Resurrection) and do righteous good deeds, forgiveness and a mighty reward (i.e. Paradise).

49. Al-Hujurât Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تُقَدِّمُواْ بَيُنَ يَدَي ٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ ۗ وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ ۞

O you who believe! Do not put (yourselves) forward before Allâh and His Messenger (SAW), and fear Allâh. Verily! Allâh is All-Hearing, All-Knowing.

2.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَرُفَعُوٓاْ أَصُوَاتَكُمُ فَوُقَ صَوُتِ ٱلنَّبِيِّ وَلَا تَجُهَرُواْ لَكُمُ فَوُقَ صَوُتِ ٱلنَّبِيِّ وَلَا تَجُهَرُواْ لَكُمُ وَأَنتُمُ لَا لَهُ مِالُكُمُ وَأَنتُمُ لَا لَهُ مِالُكُمُ وَأَنتُمُ لَا تَشُعُرُونَ ٢

O you who believe! Raise not your voices above the voice of the Prophet (SAW), nor speak aloud to him in talk as you speak aloud to one another, lest your deeds may be rendered fruitless while you perceive not.

3.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يَغُضُّونَ أَصُوَ تَهُمُ عِندَ رَسُولِ ٱللَّهِ أُوْلَتَبِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱمُتَحَنَ ٱللَّهُ قُلُوبَهُمُ لِلتَّقُونَ أَصُوبَهُمُ لِلتَّقُونَ لَهُم مَّغُفِرَةٌ وَأَجُرُ عَظِيمٌ ﴿

Verily! Those who lower their voices in the presence of Allâh's Messenger (SAW), they are the ones whose hearts Allâh has tested for piety. For them is forgiveness and a great reward.

4.

Verily! Those who call you from behind the dwellings, most of them have no sense.

5.

وَلَوُ أَنَّهُمُ صَبَرُواْ حَتَّىٰ تَخُرُجَ إِلَيْهِمُ لَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَّهُمُّ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ۞

And if they had patience till you could come out to them, it would have been better for them. And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓا إِن جَاءَ كُمُ فَاسِقُ بِنَبَا ٍ فَتَبَيَّنُوٓا أَن تُصِيبُوا قَوَمًا بِجَهَلَةٍ فَتُصُبِحُوا عَلَىٰ مَا فَعَلَتُمُ نَدِمِينَ ۞

O you who believe! If a rebellious evil person comes to you with a news, verify it, lest you harm people in ignorance, and afterwards you become regretful to what you have done.

7.

وَٱعۡلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّ فِيكُمُ رَسُولَ ٱللَّهِۚ لَوُ يُطِيعُكُمُ فِى كَثِيرٍ مِّنَ ٱلْأَمَّرِ لَعَنِتُّمُ وَلَـٰكِنَّ ٱللَّهَ حَبَّبَ إِلَيْكُمُ ٱلْإِيمَـٰنَ وَزَيَّنَهُ وَفِى قُلُوبِكُمُ وَكَرَّهَ إِلَيْكُمُ ٱلۡكُفُرَ وَٱلۡفُسُوقَ وَٱلۡعِصۡيَانَۚ أَوْلَتَبِكَ هُمُ ٱلرَّشِدُونَ ۞

And know that, among you there is the Messenger of Allâh (SAW). If he were to obey you (i.e. follow your opinions and desires) in much of the matter, you would surely be in trouble, but Allâh has endeared the Faith to you and has beautified it in your hearts, and has made disbelief, wickedness and disobedience (to Allâh and His Messenger SAW) hateful to you. These! They are the rightly guided ones,

8.

(This is) a Grace from Allâh and His Favour. And Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

9.

وَإِن طَآبِفَتَانِ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ٱقُتَتَلُواْ فَأَصُلِحُواْ بَيُنَهُمَّا فَإِنْ بَغَتُ إِحُدَىٰهُمَا عَلَى ٱلْأَخْرَىٰ فَقَىٰتِلُواْ ٱلَّتِى تَبُغِى حَتَّىٰ تَفِىءَ إِلَىٰٓ أَمُرِ ٱللَّهِ فَإِن فَآءَتُ فَلَى ٱلْأُخْرَىٰ فَقَىٰتِلُواْ ٱلَّتِى تَبُغِى حَتَّىٰ تَفِىءَ إِلَىٰٓ أَمُرِ ٱللَّهِ فَإِن فَآءَتُ فَلَى اللَّهُ يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُقْسِطِينَ ۞ فَأَصُلِحُواْ بَيُنَهُمَا بِٱلْعَدُٰلِ وَأَقُسِطُوٓ أَ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُحِبُّ ٱلْمُقْسِطِينَ ۞

And if two parties or groups among the believers fall to fighting, then make peace between them both, but if one of them rebels against the other, then fight you (all) against the one that which rebels till it complies with the Command of Allâh; then if it complies, then make reconciliation between them justly, and be equitable. Verily! Allâh loves those who are equitable.

10.

The believers are nothing else than brothers (in Islâmic religion). So make reconciliation between your brothers, and fear Allâh, that you may receive mercy.

O you who believe! Let not a group scoff at another group, it may be that the latter are better than the former; nor let (some) women scoff at other women, it may be that the latter are better than the former, nor defame one another, nor insult one another by nicknames. How bad is it, to insult one's brother after having Faith [i.e. to call your Muslim brother (a faithful believer) as: "O sinner", or "O wicked", etc.]. And whosoever does not repent, then such are indeed *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers, etc.).

12.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا ٱجُتَنِبُوا كَثِيرًا مِّنَ الظَّنِ إِنَّ الظَّنِ إِنَّ الظَّنِ إِنَّ الطَّنِ إِنَّ الطَّنِ إِثَّ الطَّنِ إِثَّ الطَّنِ إِثَ الطَّنِ إِثُ مُّ وَلَا تَجَسَّسُوا وَلَا يَغُتَب بَعْضُكُم بَعْضًا أَيُحِبُ الطَّنِ إِثُ مُّ وَلَا تَجَسَّسُوا وَلَا يَغُتَب بَعْضُكُم بَعْضًا أَيُحِبُ اللَّهَ أَيُحِب أَن يَأْكُلَ لَحُمَ أَخِيهِ مَيْتًا فَكَرِ هُتُمُوهُ وَاتَّقُوا ٱللَّهَ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ أَن يَأْكُلَ لَحُمَ أَخِيهِ مَيْتًا فَكَرِ هُتُمُوهُ وَٱتَّقُوا ٱللَّهَ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ تَصَابُ رَّحِيمُ عَلَى اللَّهَ اللَّهُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللللْمُ اللَّهُ اللللَّهُ الللللللّهُ اللللللللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللللللللّهُ اللللللللْمُ الللللّهُ الللللللّهُ اللللللّهُ الللللللللّهُ الللّهُ اللللل

O you who believe! Avoid much suspicions, indeed some suspicions are sins. And spy not, neither backbite one another. Would one of you like to eat the flesh of his dead brother? You would hate it (so hate backbiting) And fear Allâh. Verily, Allâh is the One Who accepts repentance, Most Merciful.

13.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلْنَّاسُ إِنَّا خَلَقُنَكُم مِّن ذَكَرٍ وَأُنثَىٰ وَجَعَلْنَكُمُ شُعُوبًا وَقَبَآبِلَ لِيَتَعَارَ فُوٓا أَلْنَا عَلِيمٌ خَبِيرٌ ﴿

O mankind! We have created you from a male and a female, and made you into nations and tribes, that you may know one another. Verily, the most honourable of you with Allâh is that (believer) who has *At-Tagwa* [i.e. one of the *Muttagûn* (pious - see V.2:2). Verily, Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Aware.

14.

The bedouins say: "We believe." Say: "You believe not but you only say, 'We have surrendered (in Islâm),' for Faith has not yet entered your hearts. But if you obey Allâh and His Messenger (SAW), He will not decrease anything in reward for your deeds. Verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful."

إِنَّمَا ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ عَثُمَّ لَمُ يَرُ تَابُواْ وَجَهَدُواْ بِاللّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ عَثُمَّ لَمُ يَرُ تَابُواْ وَجَهَدُواْ بِاللّهِ مَا ٱلطّهِمُ وَأَنفُسِهِمُ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ أَوْلَتَبِكَ هُمُ ٱلصَّدِقُونَ بِأُمُوالِهِمُ وَأَنفُسِهِمُ فِي سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ أَوْلَتَبِكَ هُم الصَّدِقُونَ



Only those are the believers who have believed in Allâh and His Messenger, and afterward doubt not but strive with their wealth and their lives for the Cause of Allâh. Those! They are the truthful.

16.

Say: "Will you inform Allâh about your religion? While Allâh knows all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth, and Allâh is All-Aware of everything.

17.

They regard as favour upon you (O Muhammad SAW) that they have embraced Islâm. Say: "Count not your Islâm as a favour upon me. Nay, but Allâh has conferred a favour upon you, that He has guided you to the Faith, if you indeed are true.

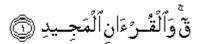
18.

Verily, Allâh knows the unseen of the heavens and the earth. And Allâh is the All-Seer of what you do.

50. Qâf. Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.



Qâf.

[These letters (Qâf, etc.) are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings].

By the Glorious Qur'ân.

2.

Nay, they wonder that there has come to them a warner (Muhammad SAW) from among themselves. So the disbelievers say: "This is a strange thing!

3.

"When we are dead and have become dust (shall we be resurrected?) That is a far return."

4.

We know that which the earth takes of them (their dead bodies), and with Us is a Book preserved (i.e. the Book of Decrees).

5.

Nay, but they have denied the truth (this Qur'ân) when it has come to them, so they are in a confused state (can not differentiate between right and wrong).

6.

Have they not looked at the heaven above them, how We have made it and adorned it, and there are no rifts in it?

وَٱلْأَرُضَ مَدَدُنَاهَا وَأَلُقَيُّنَا فِيهَا رَوَسِيَ وَأَنْبَتُنَا فِيهَا مِن كُلِّ زَوِّجٍ بَهِيجٍ



And the earth! We have spread it out, and set thereon mountains standing firm, and have produced therein every kind of lovely growth (plants).

8.

An insight and a Reminder for every slave turning to Allâh (i.e. the one who believes in Allâh and performs deeds of His obedience, and always begs His pardon).

9.

And We send down blessed water (rain) from the sky, then We produce therewith gardens and grain (every kind of harvests) that are reaped.

10.

And tall date-palms, with ranged clusters;

11.

A provision for (Allâh's) slaves. And We give life therewith to a dead land. Thus will be the resurrection (of the dead).

12.

Denied before them (i.e. these pagans of Makkah who denied you, O Muhammad SAW) the people of Nûh (Noah), and the dwellers of Rass, and the Thamûd,

13.

And 'Ad, and Fir'aun (Pharaoh), and the brethren of Lout (Lot),

14.

And the dwellers of the Wood, and the people of Tubba'; everyone of them denied (their) Messengers, so My Threat took effect.

Were We then tired with the first creation? Nay, They are in confused doubt about a new creation (i.e. Resurrection)?

16.

And indeed We have created man, and We know what his ownself whispers to him. And We are nearer to him than his jugular vein (by Our Knowledge).

17.

(Remember!) that the two receivers (recording angels) receive (each human being after he or she has attained the age of puberty), one sitting on the right and one on the left (to note his or her actions) $^{\text{II}}$.

18.

Not a word does he (or she) utter, but there is a watcher by him ready (to record it). $^{
m II}$

19.

And the stupor of death will come in truth: "This is what you have been avoiding!"

20

And the Trumpet will be blown, that will be the Day whereof warning (had been given) (i.e. the Day of Resurrection).

21.

And every person will come forth along with an (angel) to drive (him), and an (angel) to bear witness.

22.



(It will be said to the sinners): "Indeed you were heedless of this, now We have removed your covering, and sharp is your sight this Day!"

23.

And his companion (angel) will say: "Here is (this Record) ready with me!"

24

(And it will be said): "Both of you throw (Order from Allâh to the two angels) into Hell, every stubborn disbeliever (in the Oneness of Allâh, in His Messengers, etc.).

25.

"Hinderer of good, transgressor, doubter,

26.

"Who set up another ilâh (god) with Allâh, then (both of you) cast him in the severe torment."

27.

His companion (Satan devil)] will say: "Our Lord! I did not push him to transgress, (in disbelief, oppression, and evil deeds) but he was himself in error far astray."

28.

Allâh will say: "Dispute not in front of Me, I had already, in advance, sent you the threat.

29

The Sentence that comes from Me cannot be changed, and I am not unjust (to the least) to the slaves."

30.

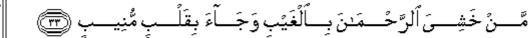
On the Day when We will say to Hell: "Are you filled?" It will say: "Are there any more (to come)?"

31.

And Paradise will be brought near to the Muttaqûn (pious - see V.2:2) not far off.

32.

(It will be said): "This is what you were promised, - (it is) for those oft-returning (to Allâh) in sincere repentance, and those who preserve their covenant with Allâh (by obeying Him in all what He has ordered, and worship none but Allâh Alone, i.e. follow Allâh's Religion, Islâmic Monotheism).



"Who feared the Most Beneficent (Allâh) in the *Ghaib* (unseen): (i.e. in this worldly life before seeing and meeting Him), and brought a heart turned in repentance (to Him - and absolutely free from each and every kind of polytheism),

34.

"Enter you therein in peace and security; this is a Day of eternal life!"

35

There they will have all that they desire, and We have more (for them, i.e. a glance at the All-Mighty, All-Majestic swt).

36.

And how many a generation We have destroyed before them, who were stronger in power than them, and (when Our Torment came) they ran for a refuge in the land! Could they find any place of refuge (for them to save themselves from destruction)?

37

Verily, therein is indeed a reminder for him who has a heart or gives ear while he is heedful.

38.

And indeed We created the heavens and the earth and all between them in six Days and nothing of fatigue touched Us.

39.

So bear with patience (O Muhammad SAW) all that they say, and glorify the Praises of your Lord, before the rising of the sun and before (its) setting (i.e. the *Fajr*, *Zuhr*, and '*Asr* prayers) \Box .

And during a part of the night (also), glorify His praises (i.e. *Maghrib* and '*Isha* prayers), and (so likewise) after the prayers [As-Sunnah, Nawâfil optional and additional prayers, and also glorify, praise and magnify Allâh - Subhân Allâh, Alhamdu lillâh, Allâhu-Akbar].

41.

And listen on the Day when the caller will call from a near place,

42.

The Day when they will hear As-Saihah (shout, etc.) in truth, that will be the Day of coming out (from the graves i.e. the Day of Resurrection).

43.

Verily, We it is Who give life and cause death; and to Us is the final return,

44.

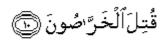
On the Day when the earth shall be cleft, from off them, (they will come out) hastening forth. That will be a gathering, quite easy for Us.

45.

We know of best what they say; and you (O Muhammad SAW) are not a tyrant over them (to force them to Belief). But warn by the Qur'ân, him who fears My Threat.

51. Az-Zâriyât Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	وَٱلـذَّرِيَــٰتِ ذَرُوًا ۞
	By (the winds) that scatter dust.
2.	فَٱلْحَنمِلَنتِ وِقُرًا ﴿
	And (the clouds) that bear heavy weight of water;
3.	فَٱلۡجَٰرِيَنتِ يُسُرًا ۞
	And (the ships) that float with ease and gentleness;
4.	فَٱلْمُقَسِّمَنتِ أَمُّرًا ۞
	And those (angels) who distribute (provisions, rain, and other blessings) by (Allâh's) Command;
5.	إِنَّمَا تُوعَدُونَ لَصَادِقٌ ٥
	Verily, that which you are promised (i.e. Resurrection in the Hereafter and receiving the reward or punishment of good or bad deeds, etc.) is surely true.
6.	وَإِنَّ ٱلدِّينَ لَوَ قِعُ ٢
	And verily, the Recompense is sure to happen.
7.	وَٱلسَّمَآءِ ذَاتِ ٱلْحُبُكِ ۞
	By the heaven full of paths,
8.	إِنَّكُمُ لَفِى قَوْلٍ مُّخُتَلِفٍ ۞
	Certainly, you have different ideas (about Muhammad SAW and the Qur'ân).
9.	يُؤُفَكُ عَنْهُ مَنْ أُفِكَ ۞
	Turned aside therefrom (i.e. from Muhammad SAW and the Qur'ân) is he who is turned aside (by the Decree and Preordainment of Allâh).



Cursed be the liars,

11.

Who are under a cover of heedlessness (think not about the gravity of the Hereafter),

12.

They ask;"When will be the Day of Recompense?"

13.

(It will be) a Day when they will be tried (i.e. burnt) over the Fire!

14.

"Taste you your trial (burning)! This is what you used to ask to be hastened!"

15.

Verily, the Muttaqûn (pious - see V.2:2) will be in the midst of Gardens and Springs (in the Paradise)

16.

Taking joy in the things which their Lord has given them. Verily, they were before this *Muhsinûn* (good-doers - see V.2:112).

17.

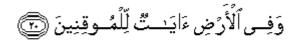
They used to sleep but little by night [invoking their Lord (Allâh) and praying, with fear and hope].

18.

And in the hours before dawn, they were (found) asking (Allâh) for forgiveness,

19.

And in their properties there was the right of the beggar, and the $\mathit{Mahrûm}$ (the poor who does not ask the others) IJ ,



And on the earth are signs for those who have Faith with certainty,

21.

And also in your ownselves. Will you not then see?

22.

And in the heaven is your provision, and that which you are promised.

23.

Then, by the Lord of the heaven and the earth, it is the truth (i.e. what has been promised to you), just as it is the truth that you can speak.

24.

Has the story reached you, of the honoured guests [three angels; Jibrael (Gabriel) along with another two] of Ibrahîm (Abraham)?

25.

When they came in to him, and said, "Salâm, (peace be upon you)!" He answered;"Salâm, (peace be upon you)," and said: "You are a people unknown to me,"

26.

Then he turned to his household, so brought out a roasted calf [as the property of Ibrahîm (Abraham) was mainly cows].

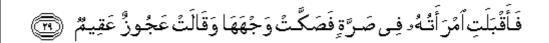
27.

And placed it before them, (saying): "Will you not eat?"

28.

Then he conceived a fear of them (when they ate not). They said: "Fear not." And they gave him glad tidings of an intelligent son, having knowledge (about Allâh and His religion of True Monotheism).

29



Then his wife came forward with a loud voice, she smote her face, and said: "A barren old woman!" Π

30.

They said: "Even so says your Lord. $^{f I}$ Verily, He is the All-Wise, the All-Knower."

31

[Ibrâhim (Abraham)] said: "Then for what purpose you have come, O Messengers?"

32.

They said: "We have been sent to a people who are *Mujrimûn* (polytheists, sinners, criminals, disbelievers in Allâh);

33.

To send down upon them stones of baked clay.

34.

Marked by your Lord for the *Musrifûn* (polytheists, criminals, sinners those who trespass Allâh's set limits in evil-doings by committing great sins).

35.

So We brought out from therein the believers.

36.

But We found not there any household of the Muslims except one [i.e. Lout (Lot) and his two daughters].

37.

And We have left there a sign (i.e. the place of the Dead Sea $^{f l}$, well-known in Palestine) for those who fear the painful torment.

38.

And in Mûsa (Moses) (too, there is a sign). When We sent him to Fir'aun (Pharaoh) with a manifest authority.

But [Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] turned away (from Belief in might) along with his hosts, and said: "A sorcerer, or a madman."

40.

So We took him and his hosts, and dumped them into the sea, while he was to be blamed.

41.

And in 'Ad (there is also a sign) when We sent against them the barren wind;

42.

It spared nothing that it reached, but blew it into broken spreads of rotten ruins.

43.

And in Thamûd (there is also a sign), when they were told: "Enjoy yourselves for a while!"

44.

But they insolently defied the Command of their Lord, so the $S\hat{a}'iqah^{f I}$ overtook them while they were looking.

45

Then they were unable to rise up, nor could they help themselves.

46.

(So were) the people of Nûh (Noah) before them. Verily, they were a people who were *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

47.

With power did We construct the heaven. Verily, We are Able to extend the vastness of space thereof.

48

And We have spread out the earth, how Excellent Spreader (thereof) are We!

49

And of everything We have created pairs, that you may remember (the Grace of Allâh).

50.

So flee to Allâh (from His Torment to His Mercy Islâmic Monotheism), verily, I (Muhammad SAW) am a plain warner to you from Him. []

51.



And set not up (or worship) any other *ilâhan* (god) along with Allâh [Glorified be He (Alone), Exalted above all that they associate as partners with Him]. Verily, I (Muhammad SAW) am a plain warner to you from Him.

52.

Likewise, no Messenger came to those before them, but they said: "A sorcerer or a madman!"

53.

Have they (the people of the past) transmitted this saying to these (Quraish pagans)? Nay, they are themselves a people transgressing beyond bounds (in disbelief)!

54.

So turn away (O Muhammad SAW) from them (Quraish pagans) you are not to be blamed (as you have conveyed Allâh's Message).

55.

And remind (by preaching the Qur'ân, O Muhammad SAW) for verily, the reminding profits the believers.

56

And I (Allâh) created not the jinns and humans except they should worship Me (Alone).

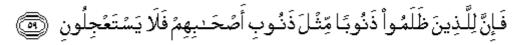
57

I seek not any provision from them (i.e. provision for themselves or for My creatures) nor do I ask that they should feed Me (i.e. feed themselves or My creatures).

58.

Verily, Allâh is the All-Provider, Owner of Power, the Most Strong

59



And verily, for those who do wrong, there is a portion of torment like to the evil portion of torment (which came for) their likes (of old), so let them not ask Me to hasten on!

60.

Then, woe to those who disbelieve (in Allâh and His Oneness Islâmic Monotheism) from (that) their Day which they have been promised (for their punishment). Π

52. At-Tûr **Introduction to this Surat.**

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.		
1.	وَٱلطُّودِ ۞		
	By the Mount;		
2.	وَ كِـــــَنبٍ مَّسُـطُورٍ ۞		
	And by the Book Inscribed.		
3.	فِىرَقِِّمَّنشُورٍ ۞		
	In parchment unrolled.		
4.	وَٱلۡبَيۡـتِٱلۡمَعۡمُـورِ ۞		
	And by the <i>Bait-ul-Ma'mûr</i> ^[] (the house over the heavens parable to the <i>Ka'bah</i> at Makkah, continuously visited by the angels);		
5.	وَٱلسَّقَفِ ٱلْمَرُفُوعِ ۞		
	And by the roof raised high (i.e. the heaven).		
6.	وَٱلْبَحُرِ ٱلْمَسُجُورِ ۞		
	And by the sea kept filled (or it will be fire kindled on the Day of Resurrection).		
7.	إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبِّكَ لَوَقِعُ ۞		
	Verily, the Torment of your Lord will surely come to pass,		
8.	مَّا لَهُ و مِن دَافِعٍ ٨		
	There is none that can avert it;		
9.	يَوْمَ تَمُورُ ٱلسَّمَآءُ مَوْرًا ۞		
	On the Day when the heaven will shake with a dreadful shaking,		

10. وَتَسِيرُ ٱللَّجِبَالُ سَيْرًا 🕲 And the mountains will move away with a (horrible) movement 11. فَوَيُلُّ يَوُمَبِذِ لِّلُمُكَنِّبِينَ ﴿ Then woe that Day to the beliers; [] 12. ٱلَّذِينَ هُمُ فِي خَوْضِ يَلُعَبُونَ ٣ Who are playing in falsehood^[] 13. يَوُمَ يُدَعُّونَ إِلَىٰ نَارِ جَهَنَّمَ دَعًّا ٣ The Day when they will be pushed down by force to the Fire of Hell, with a horrible, forceful pushing 14 هَلِدُهِ ٱلنَّارُ ٱلَّتِي كُنتُم بِهَا تُكَذِّبُونَ ٦ This is the Fire which you used to belie 15.

أَفَسِحُرُ هَدِذَآ أَمُ أَنتُمُ لَا تُبُصِرُ ونَ 📵

Is this magic, or do you not see?

16. ٱصُلَوُهَا فَاصُبِرُوٓاْ أَوُ لَا تَصُبِرُواْ سَوَآءٌ عَلَيْكُمٌّ إِنَّمَا تُجُزَوُنَ مَا كُنتُمُ تَعُمَلُونَ 🗊

Taste you therein its heat, and whether you are patient of it or impatient of it, it is all the same. You are only being requited for what you used to do

17. إِنَّ ٱلْمُتَّقِينِ فِي جَنَّتِ وَنَعِيم 🐨

Verily, the *Muttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2) will be in Gardens (Paradise), and Delight.

18 فَكِهِينَ بِمَٱ ءَاتَنهُمُ رَبُّهُمُ وَوَقَنهُمُ رَبُّهُمُ عَذَابَ ٱلْجَحِيم ﴿

Enjoying in that which their Lord has bestowed on them, and (the fact that) their Lord saved them from the torment of the blazing Fire.

19. كُلُواْ وَٱشْرَبُواْ هَنِيٓئًا بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَعُمَلُونَ 📆

'Eat and drink with happiness because of what you used to do."

They will recline (with ease) on thrones arranged in ranks. And We shall marry them to *Houris* (female, fair ones) with wide lovely eyes. []

21.

And those who believe and whose offspring follow them in Faith, to them shall We join their offspring, and We shall not decrease the reward of their deeds in anything. Every person is a pledge for that which he has earned.

22.

And We shall provide them with fruit and meat, such as they desire.

23.

There they shall pass from hand to hand a (wine) cup, free from any Laghw (dirty, false, evil vague talk between them), and free from $sin^{[]}$ (because it will be legal for them to drink).

24.

And there will go round boy-servants of theirs, to serve them as if they were preserved pearls.

25

And some of them draw near to others, questioning.

26.

Saying: "Aforetime, we were afraid with our families (from the punishment of Allâh).

27.

"But Allâh has been gracious to us, and has saved us from the torment of the Fire.

28.

"Verily, We used to invoke Him (Alone and none else) before. Verily, He is AlBarr (the Most Subtle, Kind, Courteous, and Generous), the Most Merciful."

29

فَذَكِّرُ فَمَآ أَنتَ بِنِعُمَتِ رَبِّكَ بِكَاهِنٍ وَلَا مَجُنُونٍ ۗ

Therefore, remind and preach (mankind, O Muhammad SAW of Islâmic Monotheism). By the Grace of Allâh, you are neither a soothsayer, nor a madman.

30.

Or do they say: "(Muhammad SAW is) a poet! We await for him some calamity by time.!"

31.

Say (O Muhammad SAW to them): "Wait! I am with you, among the waiters!"

32.

Do their minds command them this [i.e. to tell a lie against you (Muhammad SAW)] or are they people exceeding the bounds (i.e. from Belief in Allâh to disbelief).

33.

Or do they say: "He (Muhammad SAW) has forged it (this Qur'ân)?" Nay! They believe not!

34.

Let them then produce a recital like unto it (the Qur'ân) if they are truthful.

35.

Were they created by nothing, or were they themselves the creators?

36.

Or did they create the heavens and the earth? Nay, but they have no firm Belief.

37.

Or are with them the treasures of your Lord? Or are they the tyrants with the authority to do as they like?

38.

Or have they a stairway (to heaven), by means of which they listen (to the talks of the angels)? Then let their listener produce some manifest proof.

Or has He (Allâh) only daughters and you have sons?

40.

Or is it that you (O Muhammad SAW) ask a wage from them (for your preaching of Islâmic Monotheism) so that they are burdened with a load of debt?

41.

Or that the Ghaib (unseen) is with them, and they write it down?

42.

Or do they intend a plot (against you O Muhammad SAW)? But those who disbelieve (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism) are themselves in a plot!

43.

Or have they an *ilâh* (a god) other than Allâh? Glorified be Allâh from all that they ascribe as partners (to Him) $^{f I}$

44.

And if they were to see a piece of the heaven falling down, they would say: "Clouds gathered in heaps!"

45

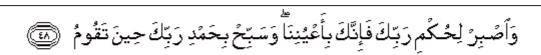
So leave them alone till they meet their Day, in which they will sink into a fainting (with horror).

46.

The Day when their plotting shall not avail them at all nor will they be helped (i.e. they will receive their torment in Hell).

47.

And verily, for those who do wrong, there is another punishment (i.e. the torment in this world and in their graves) before this, but most of them know not. [$Tafsir\ At-Tabar\hat{\imath}$, Vol. 27, Page 36].



So wait patiently (O Muhammad SAW) for the Decision of your Lord, for verily, you are under Our Eyes Π , and glorify the Praises of your Lord when you get up from sleep.

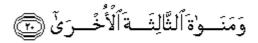
49.

49. And in the night-time, also glorify His Praises, and at the setting of the stars. $^{f I}$

53. An-Najm Introduction to this Surat.

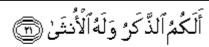
	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	وَٱلنَّجُمِ إِذَا هَوَىٰ ۞
	By the star when it goes down, (or vanishes).
2.	مَا ضَلَّ صَاحِبُكُمُ وَمَا غَوَىٰ ٢
	Your companion (Muhammad SAW) has neither gone astray nor has erred.
3.	وَمَا يَنطِ قُ عَنِ ٱللَّهَ وَئَ ٦
	Nor does he speak of (his own) desire.
4.	إِنَّ هُوَ إِلَّا وَحُـى يُوحَى ١
	It is only an Inspiration that is inspired.
5.	عَلَّمَهُ و شَدِيدُ ٱلْقُونَى ٢
	He has been taught (this Qur'ân) by one mighty in power [Jibrael (Gabriel)].
6.	ذُو مِـرَّةٍ فَأُسُــتَوَىٰ ٢
	Dhu Mirrah (free from any defect in body and mind), Fastawa [then he (Jibrael Gabriel) rose and became stable]. [Tafsir At-Tabari].
7.	وَهُوَ بِٱلْأَفُقِ ٱلْأَعُلَىٰ ۞
	While he [Jibrael (Gabriel)] was in the highest part of the horizon,
8.	ثُمَّ دَنَا فَتَدَلَّىٰ ۞
	Then he [Jibrael (Gabriel)] approached and came closer,
9.	فَكَانَ قَابَ قَوْسَيُنِ أَوْ أَدُنَىٰ ۞
	And was at a distance of two bows' length or (even) nearer,

10. فَأُوْحَنَّ إِلَى عَبُدِهِ عَ مَا أَوْحَى ﴿ So did (Allâh) convey the Inspiration to His slave [Muhammad SAW through Jibrael (Gabriel) >>]. 11. مَا كَذَبَٱلْفُوَادُ مَا رَأَيْ ﴿ The (Prophet's) heart lied not (in seeing) what he (Muhammad SAW) saw 12. أَفَتُمَدِ ونَـهُ وعَلَـيْ مَـا يَـرَيْ ٣ Will you then dispute with him (Muhammad SAW) about what he saw [during the Mi'râj: (Ascent of the Prophet SAW over the seven heavens)][] 13. وَلَقَدُ رَءَاهُ نَزُ لَـةً أَخُرَىٰ ٣ And indeed he (Muhammad SAW) saw him [Jibrael (Gabriel)] at a second descent (i.e. another time). 14. عِندَ سِدُرَة ٱلْمُنتَهَىٰ 🏝 Near Sidrat-ul-Muntaha [lote-tree of the utmost boundary (beyond which none can pass)] 15 عِندَهَا جَنَّةُ ٱلْمَأُوَيْ 🚳 Near it is the Paradise of Abode 16. إِذْ يَغُشَى ٱلسِّدُرَةَ مَا يَغُشَىٰ 📆 When that covered the lote-tree which did cover it! 17. مَا زَاغَ ٱلْبَصِرُ وَمَا طَغَيْ 🐨 The sight (of Prophet Muhammad SAW) turned not aside (right or left), nor it transgressed beyond (the) limit (ordained for it). 18. لَقَدُ رَأَيْ مِنْ ءَايَىت رَبِّهِ ٱلْكُبُرَيْ 🔊 Indeed he (Muhammad SAW) did see, of the Greatest Signs, of his Lord (Allâh). 19. أَفَرَءَيُتُمُ ٱللَّاتَ وَٱلْعُزَّىٰ ﴿ Have you then considered *Al-Lât*, and *Al-'Uzza* (two idols of the pagan Arabs) $^{[]}$



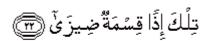
And Manât (another idol of the pagan Arabs), the other third?

21



Is it for you the males and for Him the females?

22.



That indeed is a division most unfair!

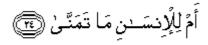
23.

إِنْ هِنَ إِلَّا أَسُمَآهُ سَمَّيُتُمُوهَا أَنتُمُ وَءَابَآؤُكُم مَّاۤ أَنزَلَ ٱللَّهُ بِهَا مِن سُلُطَنٍ ۚ إِن يَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا ٱلظَّنَّ وَمَا تَهُوَى ٱلْأَنفُسُ ۗ وَلَقَدُ جَآءَهُم مِّن رَّبِّهِمُ ٱلْهُدَىٰٓ



They are but names which you have named, you and your fathers, for which Allâh has sent down no authority. They follow but a guess and that which they themselves desire, whereas there has surely come to them the Guidance from their Lord!

24.



Or shall man have what he wishes?

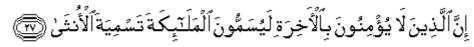
25.

But to Allâh belongs the last (Hereafter) and the first (the world).

26.

And there are many angels in the heavens, whose intercession will avail nothing except after Allâh has given leave for whom He wills and pleases.

27.



Verily, those who believe not in the Hereafter, name the angels with female names.

وَمَا لَهُم بِهِ ۽ مِنُ عِلُمٍّ إِن يَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا ٱلظَّنََّ وَإِنَّ ٱلظَّنَّ لَا يُغُنِى مِنَ ٱلْحَقِّ شَيئًا ۞

While they have no knowledge thereof. They follow but a guess, and verily, guess is no substitute for the truth.

29.

Therefore withdraw (O Muhammad SAW) from him who turns away from Our Reminder (this Qur'ân) and desires nothing but the life of this world.

30.

That is what they could reach of knowledge. Verily, your Lord it is He Who knows best him who goes astray from His Path, and He knows best him who receives guidance.

31.

And to Allâh belongs all that is in the heavens and all that is in the earth, that He may requite those who do evil with that which they have done (i.e. punish them in Hell), and reward those who do good, with what is best (i.e. Paradise).

32.

Those who avoid great sins (see the Qur'ân, Verses: 6:152,153) and *Al-Fawâhish* (illegal sexual intercourse, etc.) except the small faults, verily, your Lord is of vast forgiveness. He knows you well when He created you from the earth (Adam), and when you were fetuses in your mothers' wombs. So ascribe not purity to yourselves. He knows best him who fears Allâh and keep his duty to Him [i.e. those who are *Al-Muttaqûn* (pious - see V.2:2)].

33.

Did you (O Muhammad SAW) observe him who turned away (from Islâm).

34.

And gave a little, then stopped (giving)?

35. أعِندَهُ وعِلُمُ ٱلُغَيُّبِ فَهُوَ يَرَيَّ ٣ Is with him the knowledge of the unseen so that he sees? 36. أَمُ لَـمُ يُنَبًّا بِمَا فِي صُحُفِ مُوسَىٰ 🟐 Or is he not informed with what is in the Pages (Scripture) of Mûsa (Moses) 37. وَإِبُرَ هِيمَ ٱلَّذِي وَفَّىٰ ٣ And of Ibrâhim (Abraham) who fulfilled (or conveyed) all that (what Allâh ordered him to do or convey). 38. أَلَّا تَــٰزِرُ وَازِرَةٌ ُوزُرَ أُخُــرَىٰ 🗃 That no burdened person (with sins) shall bear the burden (sins) of another, T> 39. وَأَن لَّيْسَ لِلَّإِنسَــن إلَّا مَا سَـعَىٰ 📆 And that man can have nothing but what he does (good or bad) $^{f l}$ 40. وَ أَنَّ سَعُيَهُ ﴿ سَوُفَ يُرَىٰ ﴿ And that his deeds will be seen 41 ثُمَّ يُجُزَنهُ ٱلُجَزَآءَ ٱلْأُوُّفَىٰ ١ Then he will be recompensed with a full and the best recompense $^{
m I}$ 42. وَأَنَّ إِلَــىٰ رَبّــكَ ٱلْمُنتَهَـــىٰ 🐨 And that to your Lord (Allâh) is the End (Return of everything) 43. وَ أَنَّهُ اللَّهُ وَهُوَ أَضُحَكَ وَأَبُكَىٰ ٣ And that it is He (Allâh) Who makes (whom He wills) laugh, and makes (whom He wills) weep; 44 وَ أُنَّهُ ۗ هُوَ أُمَاتَ وَ أُحُيَا ﷺ And that it is He (Allâh) Who causes death and gives life;

45 وَ أَنَّهُ ۗ خَلَقَ ٱلزَّوُجَيُن ٱلذَّكَرَ وَٱلْأُنْثَىٰ ۞ And that He (Allâh) creates the pairs, male and female 46. مِن نُّطُّفَةٍ إِذَا تُمُّنَىٰ 📆 From Nutfah (drops of semen male and female discharges) when it is emitted; 47. وَ أَنَّ عَلَيْهِ ٱلنَّشَأَةَ ٱلْأُخُـرَ يُ ۞ And that upon Him (Allâh) is another bringing forth (Resurrection); 48 وَ أَنَّهُ وهُوَ أُغُنَىٰ وَ أَقُنَىٰ ﴿ And that it is He (Allâh) Who gives much or a little (or gives wealth and contentment) 49. وَأَنَّهُ وهُوَ رَبُّ ٱلشِّعُرَىٰ 📆 And that He (Allâh) is the Lord of Sirius (the star which the pagan Arabs used to worship); 50. وَ أَنَّهُ مُ أَهْلَكَ عَادًا ٱلْأُولَىٰ ۞ And that it is He (Allâh) Who destroyed the former 'Ad (people) 51. وَتَمُودَاْ فَمَآ أَبُقَىٰ ٨ And Thamûd (people). He spared none of them. 52 وَقَـوُمَ نُـوجٍ مِّن قَبُلُّ إِنَّهُمُ كَانُواْ هُمُ أَظُلَمَ وَأَطُغَىٰ ۞ And the people of Nûh (Noah) aforetime, verily, they were more unjust and more rebellious and transgressing [in disobeying Allâh and His Messenger Nûh (Noah) >>]. 53. وَٱلۡمُؤُتَفِكَةَ أَهُوَىٰ ﴿ And He destroyed the overthrown cities [of Sodom to which Prophet Lout (Lot) was sent] 54 فَغَشَّىٰهَا مَا غَشَّىٰ 🏝

So there covered them that which did cover (i.e. torment with stones).

55 فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكَ تَتَمَارَىٰ 🚳 Then which of the Graces of your Lord (O man!) will you doubt. 56. هَدِذَا نَذِيرٌ مِّنَ ٱلنُّذُرِ ٱلْأُولَىٰ ٦ This (Muhammad SAW) is a warner (Messenger) of the (series of) warners (Messengers) of old^{Π} 57. أَرِفَتِ ٱلْأَرِفَةُ ۞ The Day of Resurrection draws near 58. لَيْسَ لَهَا مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ كَاشِفَةً 🚳 None besides Allâh can avert it, (or advance it, or delay it). 59. أَفَمِنُ هَدِذَا ٱلُحَدِيثِ تَعُجَبُونَ ٢ Do you then wonder at this recital (the Qur'ân)? 60. وَتَضُحَـكُونَ وَلَا تَبُكُـونَ 🕝 And you laugh at it and weep not, 61 وَ أَنتُمُ سَيمِدُونَ 🟐 Wasting your (precious) lifetime in pastime and amusements (singing, etc.) 62. فَاسُجُدُواْ لِلَّهِ وَاعُبُدُواْ ١١ 📆

So fall you down in prostration to Allâh, and worship Him (Alone)

54. Al-Qamar Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

The Hour has drawn near, and the moon has been cleft asunder (the people of Makkah requested Prophet Muhammad SAW to show them a miracle, so he showed them the splitting of the moon).

2.

And if they see a sign, they turn away, and say: "This is continuous magic."

3.

They belied (the Verses of Allâh, this Qur'ân), and followed their own lusts. And every matter will be settled [according to the kind of deeds (for the doer of good deeds, his deeds will take him to Paradise, and similarly evil deeds will take their doers to Hell)].

4.

And indeed there has come to them news (in this Qur'ân) wherein there is (enough warning) to check (them from evil),

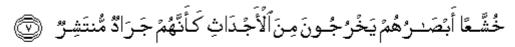
5.

Perfect wisdom (this Qur'an), but (the preaching of) warners benefit them not,

6.

So (O Muhammad SAW) withdraw from them. The Day that the caller will call (them) to a terrible thing.

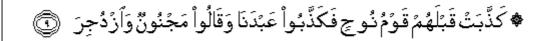
7.



They will come forth, with humbled eyes from (their) graves as if they were locusts spread abroad,

8.

Hastening towards the caller, the disbelievers will say: "This is a hard Day."



The people of Nûh (Noah) denied (their Messenger) before them, they rejected Our slave, and said: "A madman!" and he was insolently rebuked and threatened.

10.

Then he invoked his Lord (saying): "I have been overcome, so help (me)!"

11

So We opened the gates of heaven with water pouring forth.

12.

And We caused the earth to gush forth with springs. So the waters (of the heaven and the earth) met for a matter predestined.

13.

And We carried him on a (ship) made of planks and nails,

14.

Floating under Our Eyes, a reward for him who had been rejected!

15.

And indeed, We have left this as a sign, then is there any that will remember (or receive admonition)?

16.

Then how (terrible) was My Torment and My Warnings?

17.

And We have indeed made the Qur'ân easy to understand and remember, then is there any that will remember (or receive admonition)?

18.

'Ad (people) belied (their Prophet, Hûd), then how (terrible) was My Torment and My Warnings?

19

Verily, We sent against them a furious wind of harsh voice on a day of evil omen and continuous calamity.

20.

Plucking out men as if they were uprooted stems of date-palms.

21

Then, how (terrible) was My Torment and My Warnings?

22.

And We have indeed made the Qur'an easy to understand and remember, then is there any that will remember (or receive admonition)?

23.

Thamûd (people also) belied the warnings.

24.

For they said: "A man! Alone from among us, that we are to follow? Truly, then we should be in error and distress or madness!"

25

Is it that the Reminder is sent to him [Prophet Sâlih (Saleh) >>] alone from among us? Nay, he is an linsolent liar!"

26.

Tomorrow they will come to know, who is the liar, the insolent one!

27.

Verily, We are sending the she-camel as a test for them. So watch them [O Sâlih (Saleh) >>], and be patient!

And inform them that the water is to be shared between (her and) them. Each one's right to drink being established (by turns).

29.

But they called their comrade and he took (a sword) and killed (her).

30

Then, how (terrible) was My Torment and My Warnings?

31.

Verily, We sent against them a single Saîhah (torment - awful cry, etc.), and they became like the dry stubble of a fold-builder.

32.

And indeed, We have made the Qur'an easy to understand and remember, then is there any that will remember (or receive admonition)?

33.

The people of Lout (Lot) belied the warnings.

34.



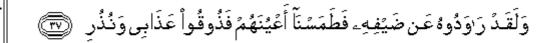
Verily, We sent against them a violent storm of stones (which destroyed them all), except the family of Lout (Lot), whom We saved in last hour of the night,

35.

As a Favour from Us, thus do We reward him who gives thanks (by obeying Us).

36.

And he [Lout (Lot)] indeed had warned them of Our Grasp, but they did doubt the warnings!



And they indeed sought to shame his guest (by asking to commit sodomy with them). So We blinded their eyes, "Then taste you My Torment and My Warnings."

38.

And verily, an abiding torment seized them early in the morning.

39.

"Then taste you My Torment and My Warnings."

40.

And indeed, We have made the Qur'an easy to understand and remember, then is there any that will remember (or receive admonition)?

41.

And indeed, warnings came to the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) [through Mûsa (Moses) and Hârûn (Aaron)].

42.

(They) belied all Our Signs, so We seized them with a Seizure of the All-Mighty, All-Capable to carry out what he Will (Omnipotent).

43.

Are your disbelievers (O Quraish!) better than these [nations of Nûh (Noah), Lout (Lot), Sâlih (Saleh), and the people of Fir'aun (Pharaoh), etc., who were destroyed)? Or have you an immunity (against Our Torment) in the Divine Scriptures?

44

Or do they say: "We are a great multitude, and we shall be victorious.?"

45.

Their multitude will be put to flight, and they will show their backs.

46

بَلِ ٱلسَّاعَةُ مَوُعِدُهُمُ وَٱلسَّاعَةُ أَدُهَىٰ وَأَمَرُ ۗ ۞

Nay, but the Hour is their appointed time (for their full recompense), and the Hour will be more grievous and more bitter.

47.

Verily, the *Mujrimûn* (polytheists, disbelievers, sinners, criminals, etc.) are in error (in this world) and will burn (in the Hell-fire in the Hereafter).

48

The Day they will be dragged in the Fire on their faces (it will be said to them): "Taste you the touch of Hell!"[]

49.

Verily, We have created all things with *Qadar* (Divine Preordainments of all things before their creation, as written in the Book of Decrees *Al-Lauh Al-Mahfûz*).

50.

And Our Commandment is but one, as the twinkling of an eye.

51.

And indeed, We have destroyed your likes, then is there any that will remember (or receive admonition)?

52.

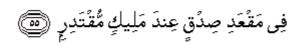
And each and everything they have done is noted in (their) Records (of deeds).

53.

And everything, small and big is written (in *Al-Lauh Al-Mahfûz* already beforehand i.e. before it befalls, or is done by its doer (See the Qur'an V.57:22).

54.

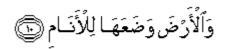
Verily, The $Muttaq\hat{u}n^{\prod}$ (pious), will be in the midst of Gardens and Rivers (Paradise).



In a seat of truth (i.e. Paradise), near the Omnipotent King (Allâh, the All-Blessed, the Most High, the Owner of Majesty and Honour).

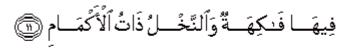
55. Ar-Rahmân Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	ٱلرَّحْمَدنُ ۞
	The Most Beneficent (Allâh)!
2.	عَلَّمَ ٱلْقُرُءَانَ ﴾
	Has taught (you mankind) the Qur'ân (by His Mercy).
3.	خَـلَقَ ٱلَّإِنسَـنَ ٦
	He created man.
4.	عَلَّمَـهُ ٱلْبَيَـانَ ۞
	He taught him eloquent speech.
5.	ٱلشَّـمُسُ وَٱلْقَمَـرُ بِحُسُبَانٍ ۞
	The sun and the moon run on their fixed courses (exactly) calculated with measured out stages for each (for reckoning, etc.).
6.	وَٱلنَّجُمُ وَٱلشَّجَرُ يَسُجُدَانِ ٢
	And the herbs (or stars) and the trees both prostrate.
7.	وَٱلسَّمَآءَ رَفَعَهَا وَوَضَعَ ٱلمِيزَانَ ۞
	And the heaven He has raised high, and He has set up the Balance.
8.	أَلَّا تَطُغَوا فِي ٱلْمِيزَانِ ٢
	In order that you may not transgress (due) balance.
9.	وَ أَقِيمُ واْ ٱلَّــوَزُنَ بِٱلْقِسُ طِ وَلَا تُخُسِــرُواْ ٱلْمِــيزَانَ ۞
	And observe the weight with equity and do not make the balance deficient.



And the earth He has put for the creatures

11.



Therein are fruits, date-palms producing sheathed fruit-stalks (enclosing dates)

12.

And also corn, with (its) leaves and stalk for fodder, and sweet-scented plants.

13.



Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

14.

He created man (Adam) from sounding clay like the clay of pottery.

15.

And the jinns did He create from a smokeless flame of fire

16.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

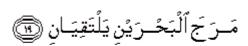
17.

(He is) the Lord of the two easts (places of sunrise during early summer and early winter) and the Lord of the two wests (places of sunset during early summer and early winter).

18.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

19.



He has let loosed the two seas (the salt water and the sweet) meeting together.

بَيُنَهُمَا بَرُزَ خُ لَّا يَبُغِيَانِ 🚭

Between them is a barrier which none of them can transgress.

21

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

22.

Out of them both come out pearl and coral.

23

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

24.

And His are the ships going and coming in the seas, like mountains.

25.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

26.

Whatsoever is on it (the earth) will perish.

27

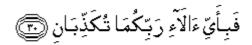
And the Face of your Lord full of Majesty and Honour will abide forever.

28.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

29

Whosoever is in the heavens and on earth begs of Him (its needs from Him). Every day He has a matter to bring forth (such as giving honour to some, disgrace to some, life to some, death to some, etc.)!



Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

31.

We shall attend to you, O you two classes (jinns and men)!

32.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

33.

O assembly of jinns and men! If you have power to pass beyond the zones of the heavens and the earth, then pass (them)! But you will never be able to pass them, except with authority (from Allâh)!

34.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

35

There will be sent against you both, smokeless flames of fire and (molten) brass, and you will not be able to defend yourselves.

36.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

37.

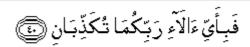
Then when the heaven is rent asunder, and it becomes rosy or red like red-oil, or red hide.

38.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

39.

So on that Day no question will be asked of man or jinn as to his sin, (because they have already been known from their faces either white or black).



Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

41.

The *Mujrimûn* (polytheists, criminals, sinners, etc.) will be known by their marks (black faces), and they will be seized by their forelocks and their feet.

42.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

43.

This is Hell which the Mujrimûn (polytheists, criminals, sinners, etc.) denied.

44.

They will go between it (Hell) and the boiling hot water!

45.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

46.

But for him who [the true believer of Islâmic Monotheism who performs all the duties ordained by Allâh and His Messenger Muhammad SAW, and keeps away (abstain) from all kinds of sin and evil deeds prohibited in Islâm and] fears the standing before his Lord, there will be two Gardens (i.e. in Paradise). []

47.

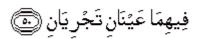
Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

48

With spreading branches;

49

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?



In them (both) will be two springs flowing (free)

51.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

52.

In them (both) will be every kind of fruit in pairs

53.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

54.

Reclining upon the couches lined with silk brocade, and the fruits of the two Gardens will be near at hand.

55.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

56.

Wherein both will be those (maidens) restraining their glances upon their husbands, whom no man or jinn yatmithhunna (has opened their hymens with sexual intercourse) before them.

57.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

58

(In beauty) they are like rubies and coral.

59.

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

60. هَلُ جَزَآءُ ٱلْإِحْسَنِ إِلَّا ٱلْإِحْسَنُ 🕝 Is there any reward for good other than good? 61. فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبَّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَان 📵 Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny? 62. وَمِن دُونِهِمَا جَنَّتَان 🐨 And besides these two, there are two other Gardens (i.e. in Paradise) 63 فَبأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَان 🐨 Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny? 64. مُدُهَامَّتَان 📆 Dark green (in colour). 65. فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَان 📵 Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny? 66. فِيهِمَا عَيْنَان نَضَّاخَتَان 🟐 In them (both) will be two springs gushing forth water. 67. فَبأَيِّءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَان ﴿ Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny? 68 فِيهمَا فَكِهَةٌ وَنَخُلٌ وَرُمَّانٌ 🖾 In them (both) will be fruits, and date-palms and pomegranates 69 فَبأَيّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ 🖫 Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny? 70. فِيهِنَّ خَيْرَاتُّ حِسَانُ 📆 Therein (gardens) will be fair (wives) good and beautiful;

فَيِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَان ﴿ Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny? 72. حُورٌ مَّقُصُورَتُّ فِي ٱلْخِيَامِ ﴿ Houris (beautiful, fair females) restrained in pavilions; 73. فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ ﴿ Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny? 74. لَمُ يَطُمِثُهُنَّ إِنسٌ قَبُلَهُمُ وَلَا جَآنٌ 🐨 Whom no man or jinn yatmithhunna (has opened their hymens with sexual intercourse) before them. 75. فَبِأَيِّءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَان 🚳 Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny? 76 مُتَّكِئِينَ عَلَىٰ رَفُرَفٍ خُضُرٍ وَعَبُقَرِيٍّ حِسَانِ ۞

Reclining on green cushions and rich beautiful mattresses.

78.

فَبِأَيِّ ءَالَآءِ رَبِّكُمَا تُكَذِّبَانِ

Then which of the Blessings of your Lord will you both (jinns and men) deny?

Blessed be the Name of your Lord (Allâh), the Owner of Majesty and Honour.

تَبَنرَ كَ ٱسُمُ رَبِّكَ ذِي ٱلُجَلَيلِ وَٱلْإِكْرَامِ ﴿

56. Al-Wâqi'ah Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	إِذَا وَقَعَتِ ٱلُوَاقِعَةُ ۞
	When the Event (i.e. the Day of Resurrection) befalls.
2.	لَيُسَ لِوَقُعَتِهَا كَاذِبَةً ﴾
	And there can be no denying of its befalling.
3.	خَافِضَةٌ رَّافِعَةٌ ٦
	It will bring low (some); (and others) it will exalt;
4.	إِذَا رُجَّتِ ٱلْأَرُضُ رَجًّا ۞
	When the earth will be shaken with a terrible shake.
5.	وَبُسَّتِ ٱلْجِبَالُ بَسًّا ۞
	And the mountains will be powdered to dust.
6.	فَكَانَتُ هَبَآءً مُّنْبَشًا ۞
	So that they will become floating dust particles.
7.	وَ كُنتُمُ أَزُو اجًا ثَلَيثَةً ۞
	And you (all) will be in three kinds (i.e. separate groups).
8.	فَأَصُحَبُ ٱلْمَيْمَنَةِ مَاۤ أَصُحَبُ ٱلْمَيْمَنَةِ ۞
	So those on the Right Hand (i.e. those who will be given their Records in their right hands), Who will be those on the Right Hand? (As a respect for them, because they will enter Paradise).
9.	وَ أَصْحَنبُ ٱلْمَشْءَمَةِ مَآ أَصُحَنبُ ٱلْمَشْءَمَةِ ۞
	And those on the Left Hand (i.e. those who will be given their Record in their left hands), Who will be those on the Left Hand? (As a disgrace for them, because they will enter Hell).

10. وَٱلسَّنبقُونَ ٱلسَّنبقُونَ 🕤 And those foremost [(in Islâmic Faith of Monotheism and in performing righteous deeds) in the life of this world on the very first call for to embrace Islâm,] will be foremost (in Paradise). 11. أُوْلَتِهِكَ ٱلْمُقَرَّبُونَ ﴿ These will be those nearest to Allâh. 12 فِي جَنَّنتِ ٱلنَّعِيم ٣ In the Gardens of delight (Paradise). 13. ثُلَّةٌ مِّنَ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ ﴿ A multitude of those (foremost) will be from the first generations (who embraced Islâm). 14. وَقَلِيكٌ مِّنَ ٱلأَخِرِينَ ٢ And a few of those (foremost) will be from the later time (generations) 15. عَلَىٰ سُرُرِ مَّوَّضُونَةِ 🌚 (They will be) on thrones woven with gold and precious stones 16. مُّتَّكِئِينَ عَلَيْهَا مُتَقَّىبِلِينَ ﴿ Reclining thereon, face to face. 17. يَطُّوفُ عَلَيُهِمُ ولُدَنُّ مُّخَلَّدُونَ ﴿ They will be served by immortal boys. 18 بِأَكُوَابِ وَأَبَارِيقَ وَكَأْسٍ مِّن مَّعِينِ ﴿ With cups, and jugs, and a glass from the flowing wine 19. لَّا يُصَدَّعُونَ عَنُهَا وَلَا يُنزِفُونَ 🖫 Wherefrom they will get neither any aching of the head, nor any intoxication.

20. وَفَلِكِهَةٍ مِّمًّا يَتَخَيَّرُونَ 📆 And fruit; that they may choose 21. وَلَحُم طَيْرِ مِّمَّا يَشْتَهُونَ 🕲 And the flesh of fowls that they desire. 22. وَحُـورٌ عِيـنٌ 🐨 And (there will be) Houris (fair females) with wide, lovely eyes (as wives for the pious) 23. كَأَمُثَىٰلِ ٱللَّؤُلُوِ ٱلْمَكُنُونِ ﴿ Like unto preserved pearls. 24. جَزَآءً بِمَا كَانُواْ يَعُمَلُونَ ٣ A reward for what they used to do. 25. لَا يَسُمَعُونَ فِيهَا لَغُوا وَلَا تَأْثِيمًا ١ No Laghw (dirty, false, evil vain talk) will they hear therein, nor any sinful speech (like backbiting, etc.). 26. إِلَّا قِيلًا سَلَعَا سَلَعَا 📆 But only the saying of: Salâm!, Salâm! (greetings with peace) $^{f I}$! 27. وَأَصُحَنِ اللَّهِ مِن مَآ أَصُحَن اللَّهِ مِن اللَّهِ مِن اللَّهِ مِن اللَّهِ مِن اللَّهِ مِن الله And those on the Right Hand, Who will be those on the Right Hand? 28. فِي سِدُرِ مَّخُضُودٍ 💮 (They will be) among thornless lote-trees, 29. وَطَلَـجٍ مَّنتُــودٍ 🌚 Among Talh (banana-trees) with fruits piled one above another,

30.	
30.	وَظِـلِّ مَّمُـدُودٍ ﴿
	In shade long-extended,
31.	
	وَمَآءٍ مَّسُكُوبٍ 🕝
	By water flowing constantly,
32.	وَفَكِهَةٍ كَثِيرَةٍ ﴿
	And fruit in plenty,
33.	
	لَّا مَقُطُوعَةٍ وَلَا مَمُنُوعَةٍ ٣
	Whose season is not limited, and their supply will not be cut off,
34.	وَفُرُشِ مَّرُفُوعَةٍ ﴿
	ا وقرشٍ مرقوفةٍ ك
	And on couches or thrones, raised high.
35.	2
	إِنَّآ أَنشَأْنَىهُنَّ إِنشَآءً ۞
	Verily, We have created them (maidens) of special creation.
36.	فَجَعَلْنَنهُنَّ أَبُكَارًا ﴿
	المحادث المحاد ا
	And made them virgins.
37.	
	عُرُبًا أَتْرَابًا ﴿ ﴿ اللَّهِ
	Loving (their husbands only), equal in age.
38.	لِّأَصُحَــٰبِٱلْيَمِيـنِ ﴿
	ِ مِحْدَدِ اليَّمِينِ <u>ال</u> َّ
	For those on the Right Hand.
39.	
	ثُلَّةٌ مِّنَ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿
	A multitude of those (on the Right Hand) will be from the first generation (who embraced Islâm).
40.	
	وَثُلَّةٌ مِّنَ ٱلْأَخِرِينَ ٢
	And a multitude of these (on the Dight Here I) will be force the letter Const. (const.)
Ш	And a multitude of those (on the Right Hand) will be from the later times (generations).

وَ أَصْحَدِبُ ٱلشِّمَالِ مَاۤ أَصُحَدِبُ ٱلشِّمَالِ 🟐 And those on the Left Hand Who will be those on the Left Hand? 42. فِى سَمُومِ وَحَمِيمٍ 🚭 In fierce hot wind and boiling water, 43. وَظِـلٍّ مِّـن يَحُـمُومِ ٣ And shadow of black smoke 44. لاً بَارِدٍ وَلَا كَرِيمٍ ٣ (That shadow) neither cool, nor (even) good, 45. إِنَّهُمُ كَانُواْ قَبُلَ ذَلِكَ مُتُرَفِينَ @ Verily, before that, they indulged in luxury, 46. وَكَانُواْ يُصِرُّونَ عَلَى ٱلْحِنثِ ٱلْعَظِيم @ And were persisting in great sin (joining partners in worship along with Allâh, committing murders and other crimes, etc.)[] 47. وَ كَانُواْ يَقُولُونَ أَبِذَا مِتُنَا وَكُنَّا تُرَابًا وَعِظَىمًا أَءِنَّا لَمَبُعُوثُونَ ﴿ And they used to say: "When we die and become dust and bones, shall we then indeed be resurrected? 48. أُوَ ءَابَّآؤُنَا ٱلْأُوَّلُونَ ٦ 'And also our forefathers?" 49 قُلُ إِنَّ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ وَٱلْأَخِرِينَ ٢

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "(Yes) verily, those of old, and those of later times.

All will surely be gathered together for appointed Meeting of a known Day.

لَمَجُ مُوعُونَ إِلَىٰ مِيقَىتِ يَـوُمٍ مَّعُلُـومٍ ۞

50.

51 ثُمَّ إِنَّكُمُ أَيُّهَا ٱلضَّآلُّونَ ٱلْمُكَذِّبُونَ ۞ Then moreover, verily, you the erring-ones, the deniers (of Resurrection)! 52. لَأُكِلُونَ مِن شَجَرٍ مِّن زَقُّوم 🌑 You verily will eat of the trees of Zaqqûm. 53. فَمَالِئُونَ مِنْهَا ٱلْبُطُونَ 🐨 Then you will fill your bellies therewith 54. فَشَــــربُونَ عَلَيــــهِ مِــنَ ٱلُحَــمِيم 🌑 "And drink boiling water on top of it, 55. فَشَـــربُونَ شُــرُبَ ٱلْهِيــم 🌑 'So you will drink (that) like thirsty camels!" 56. هَدِذَا نُزُلُهُمُ يَوُمَ ٱلدِّين 📵 That will be their entertainment on the Day of Recompense! 57. نَحُنُ خَلَقُنَاكُمُ فَلَوُلًا تُصَدِّقُونَ ﴿ We created you, then why do you believe not? 58 أَفَرَءَيُتُم مَّا تُمُنُونَ 🚳 Then tell Me (about) the human semen that you emit. 59. ءَ أَنتُمُ تَخُلُقُونَهُ ۚ أَمُ نَحُنُ ٱلْخَـٰلِقُونَ @ Is it you who create it (i.e. make this semen into a perfect human being), or are We the Creator? 60. نَحُنُ قَدَّرُنَا بَيُنَكُمُ ٱلْمَوْتَ وَمَا نَحُنُ بِمَسُبُوقِينَ 🗊 We have decreed death to you all, and We are not unable 61. عَلَىٰٓ أَن نُّبَدِّلَ أَمُثَىٰلَكُمُ وَنُنشِئَكُمُ فِي مَا لَا تَعْلَمُونَ 🟐 To transfigure you and create you in (forms) that you know not.

62. وَلَقَدُ عَلِمُتُمُ ٱلنَّشَاَّةَ ٱلْأُولَىٰ فَلَـوُلَا تَذَكَّرُونَ ٦ And indeed, you have already known the first form of creation (i.e. the creation of Adam), why then do you not remember or take heed? 63. أَفَـــرَءَيُتُم مَّــا تَحُـــرُثُونَ 🐨 Tell Me! The seed that you sow in the ground. 64 ءَأَنتُمُ تَزُرَعُونَهُ ۚ أَمُ نَحُنُ ٱلزَّارِعُونَ ٦ Is it you that make it grow, or are We the Grower? 65. لَوُ نَشَآءُ لَجَعَلُنَهُ حُطَّىمًا فَظَلُتُمُ تَفَكَّهُونَ 🚭 Were it Our Will, We could crumble it to dry pieces, and you would be regretful (or left in wonderment). 66.

إِنَّا لَمُغُرِّمُ وِنَ 📆

(Saying): "We are indeed Mughramûn (i.e. ruined or lost the money without any profit, or punished by the loss of all that we spend for cultivation, etc.)! [See Tafsir Al-Qurtubî, Vol. 17, Page 219]

67.

"Nay, but we are deprived!"

68. أَفَرَ ءَيُتُمُ ٱلُمَآءَ ٱلَّذِي تَشُرَ بُونَ 🚳

Tell Me! The water that you drink.

69. ءَ أَنتُمُ أَنزَ لُتُمُوهُ مِنَ ٱلْمُزُن أَمُ نَحُنُ ٱلْمُنزِ لُونَ 🗃

Is it you who cause it from the rainclouds to come down, or are We the Causer of it to come down?

70. لَـوُ نَشَـاَّءُ جَعَلُنَــهُ أَجَاجًـا فَلَـوُلَا تَشُـكُرُ ونَ 🐨

If We willed, We verily could make it salt (and undrinkable), why then do you not give thanks (to Allâh)?

أَفَــرَءَيُتُمُ ٱلنَّــارَ ٱلَّتِــى تُــورُونَ 🕲

Tell Me! The fire which you kindle

72 ءَ أَنتُمُ أَنشَأَتُمُ شَجَرَتَهَآ أَمُّ نَحُنُ ٱلْمُنشِئُونَ 🐨 Is it you who made the tree thereof to grow, or are We the Grower? 73. نَحُنُ جَعَلُنَنِهَا تَذُكِرَةً وَمَتَنِعًا لِّلْمُقُوينَ ٣ We have made it a Reminder (for the Hell-fire, in the Hereafter); and an article of use for the travellers (and all the others, in this world). 74 فَسَبِّحُ بِأَسُم رَبِّكَ ٱلْعَظِيم 🐨 Then glorify with praises the Name of your Lord, the Most Great. 75. ﴿ فَلَآ أُقُسِمُ بِمَوَقِعِ ٱلنُّجُومِ ﴿ So I swear by Mawâqi (setting or the mansions, etc.) of the stars (they traverse). 76. وَإِنَّهُ ۚ لَقَسَمُ لَّوُ تَعُلَّمُونَ عَظِيمٌ ۞ And verily, that is indeed a great oath, if you but know. 77. إِنَّــهُ ولَقُــرُءَانٌ كَــريمٌ ﴿ That (this) is indeed an honourable recital (the Noble Qur'an) 78. فِي كِتَنبِمَّكُنُون 🐷 In a Book well-guarded (with Allâh in the heaven i.e. Al-Lauh Al-Mahfûz) 79 لًّا يَمَسُّــهُ ۚ إِلَّا ٱلْمُطَهَّــرُ ونَ 📆 Which (that Book with Allâh) none can touch but the purified (i.e. the angels). 80 تَنزِيلٌ مِّن رَّبِّ ٱلْعَنلَمِينَ ۞ A Revelation (this Qur'ân) from the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists) 81 أَفَبِهَا لَا اللَّحَادِيثِ أَنتُم مُّدُهِنُونَ ٢

Is it such a talk (this Qur'an) that you (disbelievers) deny?

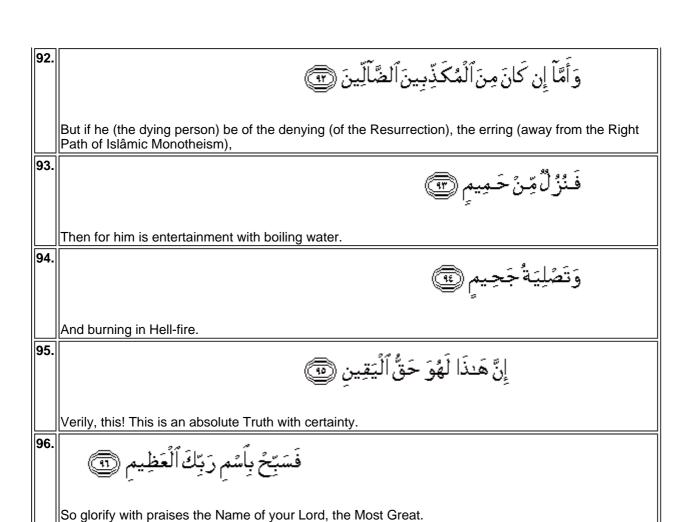
82. وَتَجُعَلُونَ رِزُقَكُمُ أَنَّكُمُ تُكَذِّبُونَ ﴿ And instead (of thanking Allâh) for the provision He gives you, on the contrary, you deny Him (by disbelief)! 83. فَلَوُلًا ۚ إِذَا بِلَغَتِ ٱلْحُلْقُومَ ﴿ Then why do you not (intervene) when (the soul of a dying person) reaches the throat? 84 وَ أَنتُمُ حِينَبِذِ تَنظُرُونَ ﴿ And you at the moment are looking on, 85. وَنَحُنُ أَقُرَبُ إِلَيْهِ مِنكُمُ وَلَىكِن لَّا تُبُصِرُونَ @ But We (i.e. Our angels who take the soul) are nearer to him than you, but you see not, [Tafsir At-Tabarî, Vol.27, Page 209] 86. فَلُولًا إِن كُنتُمُ غَيْرَ مَدِينِينَ 🚳 Then why do you not, if you are exempt from the reckoning and recompense (punishment, etc.) 87. تَرُجعُونَهَا إِن كُنتُمُ صَدِقِينَ ﴿ Bring back the soul (to its body), if you are truthful? 88. فَأُمَّآ إِن كَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُقَرَّبِينَ 🔊 Then, if he (the dying person) be of the Muqarrabûn (those brought near to Allâh) 89. فَرَوُ حُورَيُحَانُ وَجَنَّتُ نَعِيمٍ ٢ (There is for him) rest and provision, and a Garden of delights (Paradise) 90 وَ أُمَّآ إِن كَانَ مِنُ أَصْحَـٰبِٱلْيَمِين 🚭

And if he (the dying person) be of those on the Right Hand

91.

فَسَلَنُّمُ لَّكَ مِنْ أَصْحَنبِ ٱلْيَمِينِ ١

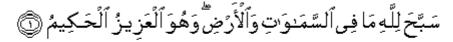
Then there is safety and peace (from the Punishment of Allâh) for (you as you are from) those on the Right Hand.



57. Al-Hadîd Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.



Whatsoever is in the heavens and the earth glorifies Allâh, and He is the All-Mighty, All-Wise.

2.

لَهُ مُلُكُ ٱلسَّمَوَ إِن وَٱلْأَرُضَّ يُحُى ويُمِيتُ وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلَّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ



His is the kingdom of the heavens and the earth, It is He Who gives life and causes death; and He is Able to do all things.

3.

He is the First (nothing is before Him) and the Last (nothing is after Him), the Most High (nothing is above Him) and the Most Near (nothing is nearer than Him). And He is the All-Knower of every thing.

4.

He it is Who created the heavens and the earth in six Days and then *Istawâ* (rose over) the Throne (in a manner that suits His Majesty). He knows what goes into the earth and what comes forth from it, what descends from the heaven and what ascends thereto. And He is with you (by His Knowledge) wheresoever you may be. And Allâh is the All-Seer of what you do.

5.

His is the kingdom of the heavens and the earth. And to Allâh return all the matters (for decision).

6.

يُولِجُ ٱلَّيْلَ فِي ٱلنَّهَارِ وَيُولِجُ ٱلنَّهَارَ فِي ٱلَّيلِ ۚ وَهُوَ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ ٱلصُّدُورِ



He merges night into day (i.e. the decrease in the hours of the night is added into the hours of the day), and merges day into night (i.e. the decrease in the hours of the day is added into the hours of the night), and He has full knowledge of whatsoever is in the breasts.

ءَامِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِۦ وَأَنفِقُواْ مِمَّا جَعَلَكُم مُّسُتَخُلَفِينَ فِيهِۗ فَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنكُمُ وَأَنفَقُواْ لَهُمُ أَجُرٌ كَبِيرٌ ۞

Believe in Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), and spend of that whereof He has made you trustees. And such of you as believe and spend (in Allâh's Way), theirs will be a great reward.

8

وَمَا لَكُمُ لَا تُؤُمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلرَّسُولُ يَدُعُوكُمُ لِتُؤُمِنُواْ بِرَبِّكُمُ وَقَدُ أَخَذَ مِينَا عَلَى اللَّهِ وَٱلرَّسُولُ يَدُعُوكُمُ لِتُؤُمِنُواْ بِرَبِّكُمُ وَقَدُ أَخَذَ مِينَا عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَ

And what is the matter with you that you believe not in Allâh! While the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) invites you to believe in your Lord (Allâh), and He (Allâh) has indeed taken your covenant, if you are real believers.

9.

هُوَ ٱلَّذِي يُنَرِّلُ عَلَىٰ عَبُدِهِ ٓ ءَايَدتٍ بَيِّنَدتٍ لِيُخُرِ جَكُم مِّنَ ٱلظُّلُمَدتِ إِلَى ٱلنُّورِ ۚ وَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِكُمُ لَرَءُوفُ رَّحِيمٌ ۞

It is He Who sends down manifest *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) to His slave (Muhammad SAW) that He may bring you out from darkness into light. And verily, Allâh is to you full of kindness, Most Merciful.

10.

وَمَا لَكُمُ مُ أَلَّا تُنفِقُ واْ فِ مَ سَيِيلِ ٱللَّهِ وَلِلَّهِ وَلِلَّهِ مِيرَ ثُ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ لَا يَسُتَوِى مِنكُم مَّنُ أَنفَقَ مِن مَيرَ ثُ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ لَا يَسُتَوِى مِنكُم مَّنُ أَنفَقُ واْ مِنْ بَعُدُ قَبُلِ ٱلْفَتُحِ وَقَعْتَلَ أُوْلَتَ لِكَ أَعُظَمُ ذَرَجَةً مِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَنفَقُ واْ مِنْ بَعُدُ وَقَعْتَلُ أَوْلَتَ لِكَ أَعُظَمُ ذَرَجَةً مِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَنفَقُ واْ مِنْ بَعُدُ وَقَعْتَلُ أَوْلَتَ لِكَ أَعُظُمُ ذَرَجَةً مِّنَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَنفَقُ واْ مِنْ بَعُدُ وَقَعْتَلُ أَوْلَتَ لِكَ أَعُلُمُ مَا تَعُمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ هَا وَعَدَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلْحُسُنَى وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ هَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ هَا اللَّهُ الْمَا الْمَالُونَ خَلِيلًا وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الْمَالَولَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمَا الْمَالَالَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمَا الْمَا الْمَا الْمُعْلَمُ الْمُؤْمِلُونَ الْمَالَالَ الْمَالِمُ الْمَالَالِيْ الْمَالِمُ الْمَالَالَةُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمِلْمُ الْمِنْ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمَا الْمَالِمُ الْمَا الْمَا

And what is the matter with you that you spend not in the Cause of Allâh? And to Allâh belongs the heritage of the heavens and the earth. Not equal among you are those who spent and fought before the conquering (of Makkah) (with those among you who did so later). Such are higher in degree than those who spent and fought afterwards. But to all, Allâh has promised the best (reward). And Allâh is All-Aware of what you do.

11

مَّن ذَا ٱلَّذِى يُقُرِضُ ٱللَّهَ قَرُضًا حَسَنًا فَيُضَعِفَهُ لَهُ وَ لَهُ وَ لَهُ وَ لَهُ وَ لَهُ وَ لَهُ وَ وَلَهُ وَ أَجُرٌ كَرِيمٌ ﴿

Who is he that will lend to Allâh a goodly loan, then (Allâh) will increase it manifold to his credit (in repaying), and he will have (besides) a good reward (i.e. Paradise).

يَوُمَ تَرَى ٱلْمُؤَمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤُمِنِينَ فِيهَا بُشَرَىٰكُمُ ٱلْيَوْمُ جَنَّنَتُ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنْهَى رُخَلِدِينَ فِيهَا ۚ ذَٰلِكَ هُوَ ٱلْفَوْرُ ٱلْعَظِيمُ ۚ

On the Day you shall see the believing men and the believing women their light running forward before them and by their right hands. Glad tidings for you this Day! Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise), to dwell therein forever! Truly, this is the great success!

13.

يَوُمَ يَقُولُ ٱلْمُنَفِقُونَ وَٱلْمُنَفِقَاتُ لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱنظُرُونَا نَقُتَبِسُ مِن نُّورِ كُمُّ قِيلَ ٱرْجِعُواْ وَرَآءَكُمُ فَٱلْتَمِسُواْ نُورًا فَضُرِبَ بَيْنَهُم بِسُورٍ لَّهُ و بَانْ بَاطِئُهُ وَفِيهِ ٱلرَّحُمَةُ وَظَنهِ رُهُ ومِن قِبَلِهِ ٱلْعَذَابُ

On the Day when the hypocrites men and women will say to the believers: "Wait for us! Let us get something from your light!" It will be said: "Go back to your rear! Then seek a light!" So a wall will be put up between them, with a gate therein. Inside it will be mercy, and outside it will be torment."

14.

يُنَادُونَهُمُ أَلَمُ نَكُن مَّعَكُمُّ قَالُواْ بَلَىٰ وَلَكِنَّكُمُ فَتَنتُمُ أَنفُسَكُمُ وَتَرَبَّصُتُمُ وَاَرْتَبُتُمُ وَغَرَّتُكُمُ ٱلأُمَّانِيُّ حَتَّىٰ جَآءَ أَمُرُ ٱللَّهِ وَغَرَّكُم وَتَرَبَّكُمُ ٱلأُمَّانِيُّ حَتَّىٰ جَآءَ أَمُرُ ٱللَّهِ وَغَرَّكُم بِٱللَّهِ ٱلْغَرُورُ ١

(The hypocrites) will call the believers: "Were we not with you?" The believers will reply: "Yes! But you led yourselves into temptations, you looked forward for our destruction; you doubted (in Faith); and you were deceived by false desires, till the Command of Allâh came to pass. And the chief deceiver (Satan) deceived you in respect of Allâh."

15.

فَ اللَّيَوْمَ لَا يُؤَخَ لَ فُر مِنكُ مِنكُ فِدُيَ اللَّهِ وَلَا مِ نَ ٱلَّ فِينَ كَفُ رُولًا مِ نَ ٱلَّ فِينَ كَفَ رُوا أَ مَا أُونكُمُ ٱلنَّارُ هِي مَولَنكُمُ وَبِئُسَ ٱلمصيرُ ﴿

So this Day no ransom shall be taken from you (hypocrites), nor of those who disbelieved, (in the Oneness of Allâh Islâmic Monotheism). Your abode is the Fire, that is the proper place for you, and worst indeed is that destination.

16.

أَلَمُ يَأْنِ لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓا أَن تَخُشَعَ قُلُوبُهُمُ لِذِكْرِ ٱللَّهِ وَمَا نَزَلَ مِنَ ٱلُحَقِّ
 وَلَا يَكُونُواْ كَٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلُكِتَنبَ مِن قَبُلُ فَطَالَ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلْأَمَدُ فَقَسَتُ
 قُلُوبُهُمُّ وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنْهُمُ فَنسِقُونَ

 قُلُوبُهُمُّ وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنْهُمُ فَنسِقُونَ

Has not the time come for the hearts of those who believe (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic

Monotheism) to be affected by Allâh's Reminder (this Qur'ân), and that which has been revealed of the truth, lest they become as those who received the Scripture [the Taurât (Torah) and the Injeel (Gospel)] before (i.e. Jews and Christians), and the term was prolonged for them and so their hearts were hardened? And many of them were *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

17.

ٱعۡلَمُ وٓا ۚ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُحۡىِ ٱلْأَرُضَ بَعۡدَ مَوۡتِهَاۚ قَدۡ بَيَّنَّا لَكُمُ ٱلْأَيَـــتِ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَعۡقِلُونَ ۚ

Know that Allâh gives life to the earth after its death! Indeed We have made clear the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) to you, if you but understand.

18.

Verily, those who give *Sadaqât* (i.e. *Zakât* and alms, etc.), men and women, and lend to Allâh a goodly loan, it shall be increased manifold (to their credit), and theirs shall be an honourable good reward (i.e. Paradise).

19.

And those who believe in (the Oneness of) Allâh and His Messengers, they are the *Siddiqûn* (i.e. those followers of the Prophets who were first and foremost to believe in them), and the martyrs with their Lord, they shall have their reward and their light. But those who disbelieve (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism) and deny Our *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), they shall be the dwellers of the blazing Fire.

20.

اَعُلَمُوٓاْ أَنَّمَا ٱلْحَيَواٰةُ ٱلدُّنْيَا لَعِبُ وَلَهُوُّ وَزِينَةٌ وَتَفَاخُرُ بَيْنَكُمُ وَتَكَاثُرُ فِي الْأُمُوَالِ وَٱلْأُولَدِ كَمَثَلِ غَيْثٍ أَعْجَبَ ٱلْكُفَّارَ نَبَاتُهُ وَثُمَّ يَهِيجُ فَتَرَنهُ مُصْفَرًّا ثُمَّ يَكُونُ حُطَنمًا وَفِي ٱلْأَخِرَةِ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ وَمَغُفِرَةٌ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَرضُونَ قُولَ اللَّهُ عَنامٌ اللَّهُ وَرضُونَ قُولَ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ وَمَغُفِرَةٌ مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ وَرضُونَ قُولَ اللَّهُ وَرضُونَ قُولَ اللَّهُ الْفُرُورِ

ورضُونَ قُومَا ٱلْحَيَواٰةُ ٱلدُّنْيَآ إِلَّا مَتَنعُ ٱلْفُرُورِ

ورضُونَ قُومَا ٱلْحَيَواٰةُ ٱلدُّنْيَآ إِلَّا مَتَنعُ ٱلْفُرُورِ اللَّهُ

Know that the life of this world is only play and amusement, pomp and mutual boasting among you, and rivalry in respect of wealth and children, as the likeness of vegetation after rain, thereof the growth is pleasing to the tiller; afterwards it dries up and you see it turning yellow; then it becomes straw. But in the Hereafter (there is) a severe torment (for the disbelievers, evil-doers), and (there is) Forgiveness from Allâh and (His) Good Pleasure (for the believers, good-doers), whereas the life of this world is only a deceiving enjoyment.

سَابِقُوٓاْ إِلَىٰ مَغُفِرَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمُ وَجَنَّةٍ عَرُضُهَا كَعَرُضِ ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ أُعِدَّتُ لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِۦۚ ذَلِكَ فَضُلُ ٱللَّهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَن يَشَآءُ وَٱللَّهُ ذُو ٱلْفَضُٰلِ ٱلْعَظِيمِ

Race one with another in hastening towards Forgiveness from your Lord (Allâh), and towards Paradise, the width whereof is as the width of heaven and earth, prepared for those who believe in Allâh and His Messengers. That is the Grace of Allâh which He bestows on whom He pleases. And Allâh is the Owner of Great Bounty.

22.

No calamity befalls on the earth or in yourselves but is inscribed in the Book of Decrees (*Al-Lauh Al-Mahfûz*), before We bring it into existence. Verily, that is easy for Allâh.

23.

In order that you may not be sad over matters that you fail to get, nor rejoice because of that which has been given to you. And Allâh likes not prideful boasters.

24.

Those who are misers and enjoin upon people miserliness (Allâh is not in need of their charity). And whosoever turns away (from Faith Allâh's Monotheism), then Allâh is Rich (Free of all wants), Worthy of all praise.

25.

Indeed We have sent Our Messengers with clear proofs, and revealed with them the Scripture and the Balance (justice) that mankind may keep up justice. And We brought forth iron wherein is mighty power (in matters of war^[]), as well as many benefits for mankind, that Allâh may test who it is that will help Him (His religion), and His Messengers in the unseen. Verily, Allâh is All-Strong, All-Mighty.

وَلَقَدُ أَرُسَلُنَا نُوحًا وَإِبْرَ هِيمَ وَجَعَلُنَا فِي ذُرِّيَّتِهِمَا ٱلنُّبُوَّةَ وَٱلْكِتَنبَّ فَمِنُهُ م مُّهُتَدِّ وَكَثِينُ مِّنُهُ مُ فَسِقُونَ ٢

And indeed, We sent Nûh (Noah) and Ibrahîm (Abraham), and placed in their offspring Prophethood and Scripture, and among them there is he who is guided, but many of them are *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

27.

ثُمَّ قَفَّيْنَا عَلَىٰٓ ءَاثَىرِهِم بِرُسُلِنَا وَقَفَّيُنَا بِعِيسَى ٱبُنِ مَرُيَمَ وَءَاتَيُنَهُ ٱلْإِنجِيلَ وَجَعَلُنَا فِى قُلُوبِ ٱلَّذِينَ ٱتَّبَعُوهُ رَأُفَةً وَرَحُمَةً وَرَهُبَانِيَّةً ٱبُتَدَعُوهَا مَا كَتَبُنَهَا عَلَيْهِمُ إِلَّا ٱبْتِغَاءَ رِضُونِ ٱللَّهِ فَمَا رَعَوُهَا حَقَّ رِعَايَتِهَا فَاتَيْنَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنْهُمُ أَجُرَهُمُ وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنْهُمُ فَيسِقُونَ حَقَّ رِعَايَتِهَا فَاتَيْنَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنْهُمُ أَجُرَهُمُ وَكَثِيرٌ مِّنْهُمُ فَيسِقُونَ



Then, We sent after them, Our Messengers, and We sent 'lesa (Jesus) son of Maryam (Mary), and gave him the Injeel (Gospel). And We ordained in the hearts of those who followed him, compassion and mercy. But the Monasticism which they invented for themselves, We did not prescribe for them, but (they sought it) only to please Allâh therewith, but that they did not observe it with the right observance. So We gave those among them who believed, their (due) reward, but many of them are Fâsiqûn (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

28.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَءَامِنُواْ بِرَسُولِهِ ـ يُؤُتِكُمُ كِفُلَيُنِ مِن رَّحُـمَتِهِ ـ وَيَجُـعَل لَّكُمُ نُورًا تَمُشُونَ بِهِ ـ وَيَغُفِرُ لَكُمُّ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ۞

O you who believe [in Mûsa (Moses) (i.e. Jews) and 'Iesa (Jesus) (i.e. Christians)]! Fear Allâh, and believe too in His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), He will give you a double portion of His Mercy, and He will give you a light by which you shall walk (straight), and He will forgive you. And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

29.

لِّنَالَّا يَعُلَمَ أَهُلُ ٱلْكِتَىٰ ِ أَلَّا يَقُدِرُونَ عَلَىٰ شَيْءٍ مِّن فَضُلِ ٱللَّهِ وَأَنَّ ٱلْفَضُلَ بِيَدِ ٱللَّهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَن يَشَآءُ وَٱللَّهُ ذُو ٱلْفَضُلِ ٱلْعَظِيمِ ﴿

So that the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) may know that they have no power whatsoever over the Grace of Allâh, and that (His) Grace is (entirely) in His Hand to bestow it on whomsoever He wills. And Allâh is the Owner of Great Bounty.

58. Al-Mujâdilah Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

قَدُ سَمِعَ ٱللَّهُ قَوُلَ ٱلَّتِى تُجَدِلُكَ فِى زَوْجِهَا وَتَشُتَكِنَ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ وَٱللَّهُ يَسُمَعُ تَحَاوُرَ كُمَآ ۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ سَمِيعُ بَصِيرٌ ۞

Indeed Allâh has heard the statement of her (Khaulah bint Tha'labah) that disputes with you (O Muhammad SAW) concerning her husband (Aus bin AsSâmit), and complains to Allâh. And Allâh hears the argument between you both. Verily, Allâh is All-Hearer, All-Seer.

2.

ٱلَّذِينَ يُظَنهِرُونَ مِنكُم مِّن نِّسَآبِهِم مَّا هُنَّ أُمَّهَنتِهِمَّ إِنَّ أُمَّهَنتُهُمُ إِلَّا ٱلَّنَئِي وَلَدُنَهُمُّ وَإِنَّهُمُ لَيَقُولُونَ مُنكَرًا مِّنَ ٱلْقَوَّلِ وَزُورًا ۚ وَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَعَفُوُّ غَفُورٌ



Those among you who make their wives unlawful $(Az-Zih\hat{a}r)^{\prod}$ to them by saying to them "You are like my mother's back." They cannot be their mothers. None can be their mothers except those who gave them birth. And verily, they utter an ill word and a lie. And verily, Allâh is Oft-Pardoning, Oft-Forgiving.

3.

وَٱلَّذِينَ يُظَعهِرُونَ مِن نِّسَآيِهِمُ ثُمَّ يَعُودُونَ لِمَا قَالُواْ فَتَحُرِيرُ رَقَبَةٍ مِّن قَبُلِ أَن يَتَمَآسًا ۚ ذَٰلِكُمُ تُوعَظُونَ بِهِۦۚ وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ۞

And those who make unlawful to them (their wives) (by *Az-Zihâr*) and wish to free themselves from what they uttered, (the penalty) in that case (is) the freeing of a slave before they touch each other. That is an admonition to you (so that you may not return to such an ill thing). And Allâh is All-Aware of what you do.

4.

فَمَن لَّمُ يَجِدُ فَصِيَامُ شَهُرَيُنِ مُتَتَابِعَيُنِ مِن قَبُلِ أَن يَتَمَآسًا فَمَن لَّمُ يَسُتَطِعُ فَإِطُعَامُ سِتِّينَ مِسْكِينًا فَلِكَ لِتُؤْمِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ - قَتِلُكَ يَسُتَطِعُ فَإِطُعَامُ سِتِّينَ مِسْكِينًا فَلِكَ لِتُؤْمِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ - قَتِلُكَ حُدُودُ ٱللَّهِ وَلَسُولِهِ - قَتِلُكَ حُدُودُ ٱللَّهِ وَلِلْكَنفِ رِينَ عَذَابٌ أَلِيهُ ۞

And he who finds not (the money for freeing a slave) must fast two successive months before they both touch each other. And for him who is unable to do so, he should feed sixty of *Miskîn* (poor). That is in order that you may have perfect Faith in Allâh and His Messenger. These are the limits set by Allâh. And for disbelievers, there is a painful torment.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ يُحَادُّونَ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ لَكُبِتُواْ كَمَا كُبِتَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبُلِهِمُۚ وَقَد أَنزَ لُنَآ ءَايَــــــِ بَيِّنَـــــِ ۚ وَلِلُكَنفِ رِينَ عَـذَابٌ مُّهِيــنُ ۞

Verily, those who oppose Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW) $^{\Pi}$ will be disgraced, as those before them (among the past nation), were disgraced. And We have sent down clear $Ay\hat{a}t$ (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.). And for the disbelievers is a disgracing torment.

6.

يَوُمَ يَبُعَثُهُمُ ٱللَّهُ جَمِيعًا فَيُنَبِّئُهُم بِمَا عَمِلُوٓاۚ أَحُصَنهُ ٱللَّهُ وَنَسُوهُۚ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدٌ ۞

On the Day when Allâh will resurrect them all together (i.e. the Day of Resurrection) and inform them of what they did. Allâh has kept account of it, while they have forgotten it. And Allâh is Witness over all things.

7.

أَلَمُ تَرَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَعُلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرُضِّ مَا يَكُونُ مِن نَّجُوَىٰ ثَلَمْ تَرَ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَعُلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ مَا يَكُونُ مِن ذَلِكَ وَلاَ ثَلَىثَةٍ إِلاَّا هُوَ رَابِعُهُمُ وَلَا خَمُسَةٍ إِلَّا هُوَ سَادِسُهُمُ وَلاَ أَدُنَىٰ مِن ذَلِكَ وَلاَ ثَلَىثَةٍ إِلَّا هُو مَعَهُمُ أَيُنَ مَا كَانُوا أَ ثُمَّ يُنَبِّئُهُم بِمَا عَمِلُواْ يَوُمَ ٱلُقِيَدَمَةِ إِنَّ أَكُثَرَ إِلاَّا هُو مَعَهُمُ أَيُنَ مَا كَانُوا أَ ثُمَّ يُنَبِّئُهُم بِمَا عَمِلُواْ يَوُمُ ٱلُقِيدَمَةِ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بِكُلِ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ ۞

Have you not seen that Allâh knows whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is on the earth? There is no $Najwa^{IJ}$ (secret counsel) of three, but He is their fourth (with His Knowledge, while He Himself is over the Throne, over the seventh heaven), nor of five but He is their sixth (with His Knowledge), not of less than that or more, but He is with them (with His Knowledge) wheresoever they may be; and afterwards on the Day of Resurrection, He will inform them of what they did. Verily, Allâh is the All-Knower of everything.

8.

أَلَمُ تَرَ إِلَى ٱلَّذِينَ نُهُواْ عَنِ ٱلنَّجُوَىٰ ثُمَّ يَعُودُونَ لِمَا نُهُواْ عَنُهُ وَيَتَنَاجَوُنَ لِمَ اللَّهُ عَنُهُ وَيَتَنَاجَوُنَ لِمَا لُهُواْ عَنُهُ وَيَتَنَاجَوُنَ لِمَا لَمُ لِللَّا اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عِمَا لَمُ اللَّهُ عِمَا لَا اللَّهُ عِمَا لَقُولُ فَي عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عِمَا نَقُولُ فَي عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عِمَا نَقُولُ فَي عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عِمَا نَقُولُ فَي عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَيْ عَ

Have you not seen those who were forbidden to hold secret counsels, and afterwards returned to that which they had been forbidden, and conspired together for sin and wrong doing and disobedience to the Messenger (Muhammad SAW). And when they come to you, they greet you with a greeting wherewith Allâh greets you not, and say within themselves: "Why should Allâh punish us not for what we say?" Hell will be sufficient for them, they will burn therein, and worst indeed is that destination!

يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوْ أَإِذَا تَنَعَجَيتُمُ فَلَا تَتَنَعَجُواْ بِٱلْإِثْمِ وَٱلْعُدُونِ وَمَعُصِيَتِ ٱلرَّسُولِ وَتَنَعَجُواْ بِٱلْبِرِّ وَٱلتَّقُوكِيُّ وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَمَعُصِيَتِ ٱلرَّسُولِ وَتَنَعَجُواْ بِٱلْبِرِ وَٱلتَّقُوكِيُّ وَٱتَّقُواْ ٱللَّهَ ٱللَّهَ اللَّهَ اللَّهُ اللِّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُولَا اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُولَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُولَالْمُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنِ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنَ الْمُولَالْمُولَا الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الْمُؤْمِنُ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ الللِهُ الْمُؤْمِنُ

O you who believe! When you hold secret counsel, do it not for sin and wrong-doing, and disobedience towards the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) but do it for *Al-Birr* (righteousness) and *Taqwa* (virtues and piety); and fear Allâh unto Whom you shall be gathered.

10.

إِنَّمَا ٱلنَّجُوَىٰ مِنَ ٱلشَّيُطَنِ لِيَحُزُنَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَلَيْسَ بِضَآرِّهِمُ شَيُّا إِلَّا بِإِذُنِ ٱللَّهِ وَعَلَى ٱللَّهِ فَلُيَتَوَ كَّلِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنُونَ ۞

Secret counsels (conspiracies) are only from *Shaitân* (Satan), in order that he may cause grief to the believers. But he cannot harm them in the least, except as Allâh permits, and in Allâh let the believers put their trust $^{\rm I}$.

11

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓ أَإِذَا قِيلَ لَكُمُ تَفَسَّحُواْ فِى ٱلْمَجَىلِسِ فَٱفْسَحُواْ يَنَ أَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ يَفْسَحِ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمُ وَإِذَا قِيلَ ٱنشُرُواْ فَٱنشُرُواْ يَرُفَعِ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنكُمُ وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ هَا مِنكُمُ وَٱلَّذِينَ أُوتُواْ ٱلْعِلْمَ دَرَجَىتٍ وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ هَ

O you who believe! When you are told to make room in the assemblies, (spread out and) make room. Allâh will give you (ample) room (from His Mercy). And when you are told to rise up [for prayers, Jihâd (holy fighting in Allâh's Cause), or for any other good deed], rise up. Allâh will exalt in degree those of you who believe, and those who have been granted knowledge. And Allâh is Well-Acquainted with what you do.

12.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓاْ إِذَا نَعجَيْتُمُ ٱلرَّسُولَ فَقَدِّمُواْ بَيْنَ يَدَىُ نَجُوَنكُمُ مَ وَأَطُهَرُ فَإِن لَّمُ تَجِدُواْ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ صَدَقَةً ذَلِكَ خَيرٌ لَّكُمُ وَأَطُهَرُ فَإِن لَّمُ تَجِدُواْ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحيمُ ٣

O you who believe! When you (want to) consult the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) in private, spend something in charity before your private consultation. That will be better and purer for you. But if you find not (the means for it), then verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

ءَأَشُفَقَتُمُ أَن تُقَدِّمُواْ بَيُنَ يَدَىُ نَجُوَىٰكُمُ صَدَقَىتٍ ۚ فَإِذْ لَمُ تَفُعَلُواْ وَتَابَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ فَأَقِيمُواْ ٱلصَّلَوٰةَ وَءَاتُواْ ٱلزَّكُوٰةَ وَأَطِيعُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ ۚ وَٱللَّهُ خَبِينٌ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ ۚ

Are you afraid of spending in charity before your private consultation (with him)? If then you do it not, and Allâh has forgiven you, then (at least) perform *As-Salât* (*IqâmatasSalât*) and give *Zakât* and obey Allâh (i.e. do all what Allâh and His Prophet SAW order you to do). And Allâh is All-Aware of what you do.

14.

Have you (O Muhammad SAW) not seen those (hypocrites) who take for friends a people upon whom is the Wrath of Allâh (i.e. Jews)? They are neither of you (Muslims) nor of them (Jews), and they swear to a lie while they know.

15

Allâh has prepared for them a severe torment. Evil indeed is that which they used to do.

16.

They have made their oaths a screen (for their evil actions). Thus they hinder (men) from the Path of Allâh, so they shall have a humiliating torment.

17.

Their children and their wealth will avail them nothing against Allâh. They will be (the) dwellers of the Fire, to dwell therein forever.

18.

On the Day when Allâh will resurrect them all together (for their account), then they will swear to Him as they swear to you (O Muslims). And they think that they have something (to stand upon). Verily, they are liars!

ٱسۡتَحُوذَ عَلَيُهِمُ ٱلشَّيُطَنِ فَأَنسَنهُمُ ذِكُرَ ٱللَّهِۚ أُوْلَنَبِكَ حِزْبُ ٱلشَّيُطَنِ أَلَآ إِنَّ حِـزُبَ ٱلشَّـيُطَنِ هُـمُ ٱلْخَنسِرُونَ ۚ

Shaitân (Satan) has overtaken them. So he has made them forget the remembrance of Allâh. They are the party of Shaitân (Satan). Verily, it is the party of Shaitân (Satan) that will be the losers!

20.

Those who oppose Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), they will be among the lowest (most humiliated).

21.

Allâh has decreed: "Verily! It is I and My Messengers who shall be the victorious." Verily, Allâh is All-Powerful, All-Mighty.

22.

لَّا تَجِدُ قَوْمًا يُؤُمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوُمِ ٱلْأَخِرِ يُوَآدُّونَ مَنُ حَآدَّ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَلَوْ كَانُوٓا ءَابَآءَهُمُ أَوْ أَبُنَآءَهُمُ أَوْ إِخُوَنَهُمُ أَوْ عَشِيرَ تَهُمُّ أُوْلَنَبِكَ كَتَبَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ ٱلْإِيمَانَ وَأَيَّدَهُم بِرُوجٍ مِّنُهُ وَيُدُخِلُهُمُ جَنَّاتٍ تَجُرِى مِن قَعْدُ خِلُهُمُ جَنَّاتٍ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنْهَا رُخِينَ فِيهَا رَضِى ٱللَّهُ عَنْهُمُ وَرَضُواْ عَنْهُ أُولَنَبِكَ عَرْبُ ٱللَّهُ أَلْا إِنَّ حِزْبَ ٱللَّهِ هُمُ ٱلْمُفْلِحُونَ ﴿

You (O Muhammad SAW) will not find any people who believe in Allâh and the Last Day, making friendship with those who oppose Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), even though they were their fathers, or their sons, or their brothers, or their kindred (people). For such He has written Faith in their hearts, and strengthened them with $R\hat{u}h$ (proofs, light and true guidance) from Himself. And We will admit them to Gardens (Paradise) under which rivers flow, to dwell therein (forever). Allâh is pleased with them, and they with Him. They are the Party of Allâh. Verily, it is the Party of Allâh that will be the successful.

59. Al-Hashr Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

Whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is on the earth glorifies Allâh. And He is the All-Mighty the All-Wise.

2.

هُ وَ ٱلَّذِيْ أَخُرَجَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ مِنْ أَهُ لِ ٱلْكِتَدِمِ مِن دِيدرِهِمُ لِأَوَّلِ ٱلْكِتَدِمِ مِن دِيدرِهِمُ لِأَوَّلِ ٱلْحَشُرِ مَا ظَنَنتُم أَن يَخُرُجُواْ وَظَنُّوْاْ أَنَّهُم مَّانِعَتُهُم حُصُونُهُم مِّ اللَّهِ فَأَتَنهُم ٱللَّهُ مِنْ حَيثُ لَمْ يَحُتَسِبُوا وَقَذَفَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ حَيثُ لَمْ يَحُتَسِبُوا وَقَذَفَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ اللَّهُ عُنَ يُحُتَسِبُوا وَقَذَفَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ اللَّهُ عُنَ يُحُتَسِبُوا وَقَذَفَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمُ اللَّهُ عُنَالُمُوا مِن بُيُوتِهُم بِأَيْدِيهِمُ وَأَيْدِي ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ فَٱعْتَبِرُواْ يَثَأُولِي الْأَبْصَدر ۞

He it is Who drove out the disbelievers among the people of the Scripture (i.e. the Jews of the tribe of Banî An-Nadîr) from their homes at the first gathering. You did not think that they would get out. And they thought that their fortresses would defend them from Allâh! But Allâh's (Torment) reached them from a place whereof they expected it not, and He cast terror into their hearts, so that they destroyed their own dwellings with their own hands and the hands of the believers. Then take admonition, O you with eyes (to see).

3.

وَلَوُلآ أَن كَتَبَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ ٱلُجَلآءَ لَعَذَّبَهُمُ فِى ٱلدُّنْيَا ۗ وَلَهُمُ فِى الدُّنْيَا ۗ وَلَهُمُ فِى الْأَخِرَةِ عَذَابُ ٱلنَّارِ ۞

And had it not been that Allâh had decreed exile for them, He would certainly have punished them in this world, and in the Hereafter theirs shall be the torment of the Fire.

4.

That is because they opposed Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW). And whosoever opposes Allâh, then verily, Allâh is Severe in punishment.

مَا قَطَعُتُم مِّن لِينَةٍ أَو تَرَ كُتُمُوهَا قَآبِمَةً عَلَىٰٓ أُصُولِهَا فَبِإِذُنِ ٱللَّهِ وَلِيُخُزِىَ ٱلْفَسِقِينَ ۞

What you (O Muslims) cut down of the palm-trees (of the enemy), or you left them standing on their stems, it was by Leave of Allâh, and in order that He might disgrace the *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

6.

وَمَآ أَفَآءَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ رَسُولِهِ عِنْهُمُ فَمَآ أَوُجَفَٰتُمُ عَلَيْهِ مِنُ خَيُلٍ وَلَا رِكَابٍ وَلَنكِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُسَلِّطُ رُسُلَهُ عَلَىٰ مَن يَشَآءٌ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَئِءٍ قَدِيرٌ ۞

And what Allâh gave as booty (*Fai'*) to His Messenger (Muhammad SAW) from them, for which you made no expedition with either cavalry or camelry. But Allâh gives power to His Messengers over whomsoever He wills. And Allâh is Able to do all things.

7.

مَّآ أَفَآءَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ رَسُولِهِ عِنْ أَهُلِ ٱلْقُرَىٰ فَلِلَّهِ وَلِلرَّسُولِ وَلِذِى اللَّهُ رَىٰ فَلِلَّهِ وَلِلرَّسُولِ وَلِذِى اللَّهُ رَبَىٰ وَٱلْيَتَعَمَىٰ وَٱلْمَسَدِكِينِ وَٱبُنِ ٱلسَّبِيلِ كَىٰ لَا يَكُونَ دُولَةً بَيْنَ ٱلْأَغُنِيَآءِ مِنكُمُ وَمَآ ءَاتَنكُمُ ٱلرَّسُولُ فَخُذُوهُ وَمَا نَهَنكُمُ عَنْهُ فَانتَهُوا أَلْأَعُنِيَآءِ مِنكُمُ قَالَا لَهُ شَدِيدُ ٱلْعِقَابِ ۞ فَانتَهُوا أَوَاتَّقُوا ٱللَّهُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ شَدِيدُ ٱلْعِقَابِ ۞

What Allâh gave as booty (*Fai*') to His Messenger (Muhammad SAW) from the people of the townships, - it is for Allâh, His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), the kindred (of Messenger Muhammad SAW), the orphans, *AlMasâkin* (the poor), and the wayfarer, in order that it may not become a fortune used by the rich among you. And whatsoever the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) gives you, take it, and whatsoever he forbids you, abstain (from it) , and fear Allâh. Verily, Allâh is Severe in punishment.

8.

لِلْفُقَرَآءِ ٱلْمُهَىجِرِينَ ٱلَّذِينَ أُخُرِجُواْ مِن دِيَىرِهِمُ وَأَمُوَ لِهِمُ يَبُتَغُونَ فَلَفُقَرَآءِ ٱلْمُهَاجِرِينَ ٱللَّهِ وَرِضُوَانَا وَيَنصُرُونَ ٱللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ ۚ أُوْلَتَبِكَ هُمُ ٱلصَّدِقُونَ ۞

(And there is also a share in this booty) for the poor emigrants, who were expelled from their homes and their property, seeking Bounties from Allâh and to please Him. And helping Allâh (i.e. helping His religion) and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW). Such are indeed the truthful (to what they say);-

وَٱلَّـــذِينَ تَبَـــوَّءُو ٱلــدَّارَ وَٱلْإِيمَــنَ مِـن قَبُلِهِــمُ يُحِـبُّونَ مَـنَ هَبُلِهِــمُ يُحِـبُّونَ مَـنَ هَــاجَرَ إِلَيْهِــمُ وَلَا يَجِــدُونَ فِـــى صُــدُورِهِمُ حَاجَــةً مِّمَّآ أُوتُواْ وَيُؤْثِرُونَ عَلَىٰٓ أَنفُسِهِمُ وَلَو كَانَ بِهِمُ خَصَاصَةٌ وَمَن يُوقَ شُـحَّ نَفْسِـهِ عُ فَلَو كَانَ بِهِمُ خَصَاصَةٌ وَمَن يُوقَ شُـحَ نَفْسِـهِ عُ فَلَىٰ أَنفُسِهِمُ وَلَو كَانَ بِهِمُ خَصَاصَةٌ وَمَن يُوقَ شُـحَ نَفْسِـهِ عُ فَلُولُ كَانَ بِهِمُ خَصَاصَةٌ وَمَن يُوقَ شُـحَ نَفْسِـهِ عُ فَلُولُ كَانَ بِهِمُ خَصَاصَةٌ وَمَن يُوقَ شُـحَ نَفْسِـهِ عُ فَلَا لَمُفْلِحُـونَ ۞

And those who, before them, had homes (in Al-Madinah) and had adopted the Faith, love those who emigrate to them, and have no jealousy in their breasts for that which they have been given (from the booty of Banî An-Nadîr), and give them (emigrants) preference over themselves, even though they were in need of that. And whosoever is saved from his own covetousness, such are they who will be the successful.

10.

وَٱلَّذِينَ جَآءُو مِنْ بَعُدِهِمُ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا ٱغُفِرُ لَنَا وَلِإِخُوَ نِنَا ٱلَّذِينَ سَبَقُونَا بِٱلَّذِينَ جَآءُو مِنْ بَعُدِهِمُ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا ٱغُفِرُ لَنَا وَلِإِخُوَ نِنَا ٱلَّذِينَ مَامَنُواْ رَبَّنَا ٓ إِنَّكَ رَءُوفُ بِاللَّإِيمَانِ وَلَا تَجُعَلُ فِى قُلُوبِنَا غِلَّا لِلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ رَبَّنَا ٓ إِنَّكَ رَءُوفُ رَّحِيمٌ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مَا مَنُواْ رَبَّنَا آ إِنَّكَ رَءُوفُ رَحِيمٌ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ الللْمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللْمِنْ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ الْمُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللِمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُلِلْمُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللْمُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللِمُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّه

And those who came after them say: "Our Lord! Forgive us and our brethren who have preceded us in Faith, and put not in our hearts any hatred against those who have believed. Our Lord! You are indeed full of kindness, Most Merciful.

11

Have you (O Muhammad SAW) not observed the hypocrites who say to their friends among the people of the Scripture who disbelieve: "(By Allâh) If you are expelled, we (too) indeed will go out with you, and we shall never obey any one against you, and if you are attacked (in fight), we shall indeed help you." But Allâh is Witness, that they verily, are liars.

12.

لَبِنَ أُخُرِجُواْ لَا يَخُرُجُونَ مَعَهُمُ وَلَبِن قُوتِلُواْ لَا يَنصُرُونَهُمُ وَلَبِن نَّصَرُوهُمُ لَيُولُّنَّ ٱلْأَذَبَدرَ ثُمَّ لَا يُنصَرُونَ ﴿

Surely, if they (the Jews) are expelled, never will they (hypocrites) go out with them, and if they are attacked, they will never help them. And if they do help them, they (hypocrites) will turn their backs, so they will not be victorious.

13

لَأَنتُمُ أَشَدُّ رَهَّبَةً فِي صُدُورِهِم مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ ۚ ذَالِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ قَوَّمٌ لَّا يَفُقَهُونَ



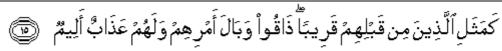
Verily, you (believers in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism) are more awful as a fear in their (Jews of Banî An-Nadîr) breasts than Allâh. That is because they are a people who comprehend not (the Majesty and Power of Allâh).

14.

لَا يُقَىتِلُــونَكُمُ جَمِيعًــا إِلَّا فِــى قُــرَى مُّحَصَّنــةٍ أَوَّ مِــن وَرَآءِ جُــدُرٍ ﴿ بَأْسُـهُم بَيُنَهُمُ شَدِيدٌ تَحُسَبُهُمْ جَمِيعًا وَقُلُوبُهُمُ شَتَّىٰۚ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ قَوْمٌ لَّا يَعُقِلُونَ ۚ

They fight not against you even together, except in fortified townships, or from behind walls. Their enmity among themselves is very great. You would think they were united, but their hearts are divided, that is because they are a people who understand not.

15.



They are like their immediate predecessors (the Jews of Banî Qainûqâ', who suffered), they tasted the evil result of their conduct, and (in the Hereafter, there is) for them a painful torment;-

16.

(Their allies deceived them) like *Shaitân* (Satan), when he says to man: "Disbelieve in Allâh." But when (man) disbelieves in Allâh, *Shaitân* (Satan) says: "I am free of you, I fear Allâh, the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists)!"

17.

فَكَانَ عَنقِبَتَهُمَا أَنَّهُمَا فِي ٱلنَّارِ خَلِدَيُن فِيهَا ۚ وَذَٰلِكَ جَزَ آؤُا ٱلظَّلِمِينَ



So the end of both will be that they will be in the Fire, abiding therein. Such is the recompense of the *Zâlimûn* (i.e. polytheists, wrong-doers, disbelievers in Allâh and in His Oneness, etc.).

18.

O you who believe! Fear Allâh and keep your duty to Him. And let every person look to what he has sent forth for the morrow, and fear Allâh. Verily, Allâh is All-Aware of what you do $^{f I}$.

19

And be not like those who forgot Allâh (i.e. became disobedient to Allâh) and He caused them to forget their ownselves, (let them to forget to do righteous deeds). Those are the *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

20.

لَا يَسُتَوِي ٓ أَصُحَبُ ٱلنَّارِ وَأَصُحَبُ ٱلْجَنَّةِ ۚ أَصُحَبُ ٱلْجَنَّةِ هُمُ ٱلْفَآبِرُونَ



Not equal are the dwellers of the Fire and the dwellers of the Paradise. It is the dwellers of Paradise that will be successful.

21

Had We sent down this Qur'ân on a mountain, you would surely have seen it humbling itself and rending asunder by the fear of Allâh. Such are the parables which We put forward to mankind that they may reflect^{IJ} .

22.

هُوَ ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِي لَا ٓ إِلَّه هُوٍّ عَلِمُ ٱلْغَيْبِ وَٱلشَّهَدَةِّ هُوَ ٱلرَّحْمَنُ ٱلرَّحِيمُ



He is Allâh, than Whom there is *Lâ ilâha illa Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He) the All-Knower of the unseen and the seen (open). He is the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

23.

He is Allâh than Whom there is Lâ ilâha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He) the King, the Holy, the One Free from all defects, the Giver of security, the Watcher over His creatures, the All-Mighty, the Compeller, the Supreme. Glory be to Allâh! (High is He) above all that they associate as partners with Him.

24.

He is Allâh, the Creator, the Inventor of all things, the Bestower of forms. To Him belong the Best Names $^{\rm II}$. All that is in the heavens and the earth glorify Him. And He is the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

60. Al-Mumtahinah Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تَتَّخِذُواْ عَدُوِّى وَعَدُوَّكُمُ أَوُلِيَاءَ تُلُقُونَ إِلَيْهِم بِٱلْمَوَدَّةِ وَقَدُ كَفَرُواْ بِمَا جَآءَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْحَقِّ يُخُرِجُونَ تُلُقُونَ إِلَيْهِم بِٱلْمَوَدَّةِ وَقَدُ كَفَرُواْ بِمَا جَآءَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْحَقِّ يُخُرِجُونَ ٱلْرَّسُولَ وَإِيَّاكُمُ أَن تُؤُمِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ رَبِّكُم إِن كُنتُمْ خَرَجُتُمُ جِهَدَا فِي الرَّسُولَ وَإِيَّاكُمُ أَن تُؤُمِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ رَبِّكُم إِن كُنتُمْ خَرَجُتُمُ جِهَدَا فِي سَارًة وَاللَّهُ مِنكُم أَن اللَّهُ وَمَن يَفْعَلُهُ مِنكُم فَقَدُ ضَلَّ سَواءَ ٱلسَّبِيلِ
هَ بَمَا أَخُفَيْتُمُ وَمَا أَعُلَنتُمُ وَمَن يَفْعَلُهُ مِنكُم فَقَدُ ضَلَّ سَواءَ ٱلسَّبِيلِ هَ

O you who believe! Take not My enemies and your enemies (i.e. disbelievers and polytheists, etc.) as friends, showing affection towards them, while they have disbelieved in what has come to you of the truth (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism, this Qur'ân, and Muhammad SAW), and have driven out the Messenger (Muhammad SAW) and yourselves (from your homeland) because you believe in Allâh your Lord! If you have come forth to strive in My Cause and to seek My Good Pleasure, (then take not these disbelievers and polytheists, etc., as your friends). You show friendship to them in secret, while I am All-Aware of what you conceal and what you reveal. And whosoever of you (Muslims) does that, then

indeed he has gone (far) astray, (away) from the Straight Path $^{f l}$.

4.

إِن يَثْقَفُو كُمُ يَكُونُواْ لَكُمُ أَعُدَآءً وَيَبُسُطُوٓاْ إِلَيْكُمُ أَيُدِيَهُمُ وَأَلُسِنَتَهُم بٱلسُّوٓءِ وَوَدُّواْ لَوُ تَكُفُرُونَ ۞

Should they gain the upper hand over you, they would behave to you as enemies, and stretch forth their hands and their tongues against you with evil, and they desire that you should disbelieve.

لَن تَنفَعَكُمُ أَرُحَامُكُمُ وَلَا ٓ أَوُلَددُكُمُ ۚ يَوُمَ ٱلْقِيَدمَةِ يَفُصِلُ بَيْنَكُمُ ۚ وَٱللَّهُ بمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ۞

Neither your relatives nor your children will benefit you on the Day of Resurrection (against Allâh). He will judge between you. And Allâh is the All-Seer of what you do.

قَدُ كَانَتُ لَكُمُ أُسُوَةً حَسَنَةٌ فِي إِبْرَ هِيمَ وَٱلَّذِينَ مَعَهُ وَإِذُ قَالُواْ لِقَوْمِهِمُ إِنَّا بُرَ هِيمَ وَٱلَّذِينَ مَعَهُ وَإِذُ قَالُواْ لِقَوْمِهِمُ إِنَّا بُرَ هِيمَ وَٱلَّذِينَ مَعَهُ وَإِذْ قَالُواْ لِقَوْمِهِمُ وَبَدَا إِنَّا بُكُمُ وَمِمَّا تَعُبُدُونَ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ كَفَرُنَا بِكُمْ وَبَدَا بَيُنَنَا وَبَيْنَكُمُ ٱلْعَدَوَة وَٱلْبَعْضَ آءُ أَبَدًا حَتَّىٰ تُؤُمِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ وَحُدَهُ وَ بَيْنَنَا وَبَيْنَكُمُ ٱلْعَدَوَة وَٱلْبَعْضَ آءُ أَبَدًا حَتَّىٰ تُؤُمِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ مِن شَيْءً إِلَّا قَولَ إِبُرَ هِيمَ لِأَبِيهِ لَأَسْتَعُفِرَنَّ لَكَ وَمَآ أَمُلِكُ لَكَ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ مِن شَيْءً إِلَّا قَولُ إِبُرَ هِيمَ لِأَبِيهِ لَأَسْتَعُفِرَنَّ لَكَ وَمَآ أَمُلِكُ لَكَ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ مِن شَيْءً إِلَّا قَولُ إِبُرَ هِيمَ لِأَبِيهِ لَأَسُتَعُفِرَنَّ لَكَ وَمَآ أَمُلِكُ لَكَ مِنَ ٱللَّهِ مِن شَيْءً

رَّبَّنَا عَلَيْكَ تَوَكَلَنَا وَإِلَيْكَ أَنَبُنَا وَإِلَيْكَ الْمَصِيرُ ۞

Indeed there has been an excellent example for you in Ibrâhim (Abraham) and those with him, when they said to their people: "Verily, we are free from you and whatever you worship besides Allâh, we have rejected you, and there has started between us and you, hostility and hatred for ever, until you believe in Allâh Alone," except the saying of Ibrâhim (Abraham) to his father: "Verily, I will ask for forgiveness (from Allâh) for you, but I have no power to do anything for you before Allâh." Our Lord! In You (Alone) we put our trust, and to You (Alone) we turn in repentance, and to You (Alone) is (our) final Return,

رَبَّنَا لَا تَجُعَلُنَا فِتُنَةً لِّلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ وَٱغُفِرُ لَنَا رَبَّنَا ۖ إِنَّكَ أَنتَ ٱلُعَزِيزُ ٱلۡحَكِيمُ ۞

"Our Lord! Make us not a trial for the disbelievers, and forgive us, Our Lord! Verily, You, only You are the All-Mighty, the All-Wise."

لَقَدُ كَانَ لَكُمُ فِيهِمُ أُسُوَةٌ حَسَنَةٌ لِّمَن كَانَ يَرُجُواْ ٱللَّهَ وَٱلْيَوُمَ ٱلْأَخِرَ ۚ وَمَن يَتَوَلَّ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ ٱلْغَنِيُّ ٱلْحَمِيدُ

Certainly, there has been in them an excellent example for you to follow, for those who look forward to (the Meeting with) Allâh (for the reward from Him) and the Last Day. And whosoever turn away, then verily, Allâh is Rich (Free of all wants), Worthy of all Praise.

♦ عَسَى ٱللَّـهُ أَن يَجُـعَلَ بَيُنَكُـمُ وَبَيـُنَ ٱلَّـذِينَ عَـادَيْتُم مِّنْهُـم مَّـوَدَّةً
 وَٱللَّـهُ قَدِيـرٌ ۚ وَٱللَّـهُ غَفُـورٌ رَّحِـيمٌ ۞

Perhaps Allâh will make friendship between you and those whom you hold as enemies. And Allâh has power (over all things), and Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

لَّا يَنْهَنكُــمُ ٱللَّــهُ عَــنِ ٱلَّــذِينَ لَــمُ يُقَنتِلُــوكُمُ فِــى ٱلــدِّينِ وَلَــمُ

يُخُرِ جُـوكُم مِّن دِيَــرِ كُمُ أَن تَـبَرُّوهُمُ وَتُقُسِطُوۤاْ إِلَيْهِمُۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُحِبُّ

ٱلْمُقُسِطِينَ ۚ

Allâh does not forbid you to deal justly and kindly with those who fought not against you on account of religion and did not drive you out of your homes. Verily, Allâh loves those who deal with equity.

إِنَّمَا يَنُهَلَكُمُ ٱللَّهُ عَنِ ٱلَّذِينَ قَلَتُلُوكُمُ فِى ٱلدِّينِ وَأَخُرَجُوكُم مِّن دِيَدرِ كُمُ وَظَلَهَ رُواْ عَلَىٰٓ إِخُرَاجِكُمُ أَن تَوَلَّوُهُمُ ۚ وَمَن يَتَوَلَّهُمُ فَأُوْلَنَبِكَ هُمُ ٱلظَّلِمُونَ ۞ It is only as regards those who fought against you on account of religion, and have driven you out of your homes, and helped to drive you out, that Allâh forbids you to befriend them. And whosoever will befriend them, then such are the *Zâlimûn* (wrong-doers those who disobey Allâh).

10.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوٓ أَ إِذَا جَآءَكُمُ ٱلْمُؤُمِنَتُ مُهَا حِرَاتٍ فَٱمُتَحِنُوهُنَّ اللَّهُ أَعُلَسهُ أَعُلَسهُ إِيمَانِهِنَّ فَالْمُؤُمِنَتُ مُهَا عُلَسهُ أَعُلَسهُ إِيمَانِهِنَّ فَالْمَا وَلَا هُمُ يَحِلُّونَ لَهُنَّ وَءَاتُوهُم تَرُجِعُوهُنَّ إِلَى ٱلْكُفَّارِ لَا هُنَّ حِلُّ لَّهُمُ وَلَا هُمُ يَحِلُّونَ لَهُنَّ وَءَاتُوهُم تَرُجِعُوهُنَّ إِلَى ٱلْكُفَّارِ لَا هُنَّ حِلُّ لَهُمْ وَلَا هُمُ يَحِلُّونَ لَهُنَّ وَءَاتُوهُم مَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْكُمُ وَلَا هُمُ يَحِلُونَ لَهُنَّ وَءَاتُوهُم مَا اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُم أَن تَنكِحُ وهُنَّ إِذَا ءَاتَيْتُمُ وَلُيسَعَلُوا مَا أَنفَقُتُم وَلَيسَعَلُوا مَا أَنفَقُتُم وَلَيسَعَلُوا مَا أَنفَقُتُم وَلَيسَعَلُوا مَا أَنفَقُوا فَا اللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ هَا مَا أَنفَقُوا فَا لَا لَهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ هَا اللّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ هَا اللّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ هَا اللّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ هَا اللّهُ عَلَيمٌ حَكَمُ اللّهُ إِنْ اللّهُ عَلَيمٌ حَكِيمٌ هَا اللّهُ عَلَيمٌ حَكِيمٌ هَا اللّهُ عَلَيمً حَكُمُ اللّهُ إِنْ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ عَلَيمٌ حَكَمُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّ

O you who believe! When believing women come to you as emigrants, examine them, Allâh knows best as to their Faith, then if you ascertain that they are true believers, send them not back to the disbelievers, they are not lawful (wives) for the disbelievers nor are the disbelievers lawful (husbands) for them. But give the disbelievers that (amount of money) which they have spent [as their *Mahr*^{I]} to them. And there will be no sin on you to marry them if you have paid their *Mahr* to them. Likewise hold not the disbelieving women as wives, and ask for (the return of) that which you have spent (as *Mahr*) and let them (the disbelievers, etc.) ask back for that which they have spent. That is the Judgement of Allâh. He judges between you. And Allâh is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

11.

And if any of your wives have gone from you to the disbelievers, and you have an accession (by the coming over of a woman from the other side), then pay to those whose wives have gone, the equivalent of what they had spent (on their *Mahr*). And fear Allâh in Whom you believe.

12.

يَكَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّبِيُّ إِذَا جَآءَكَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنَدِثُ يُبَايِعُنَكَ عَلَىٰۤ أَن لَّا يُشُرِ كُنَ بِٱللَّهِ شَيًا وَلَا يَقُتُونِ يَفُتُونِ يَفُتُونَ وَلَا يَعُصِينَكَ فِي مَعُرُوفٍ فَبَايِعُهُنَّ وَٱستَغُفِرُ لَهُنَّ اللَّهُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴾

ٱللَّهُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿

O Prophet! When believing women come to you to give you the *Bai'â* (pledge), that they will not associate anything in worship with Allâh, that they will not steal, that they will not commit illegal sexual intercourse, that they will not kill their children, that they will not utter slander, intentionally forging falsehood (i.e. by making illegal children belonging to their husbands), and that they will not disobey you in any *Ma'rûf* (Islâmic Monotheism and all that which Islâm ordains) then accept their *Bai'â* (pledge), and ask Allâh to forgive them, Verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

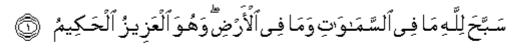
يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تَتَوَلَّواْ قَوَمًا غَضِبَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمُ قَدُ يَبِسُواْ مِنَ ٱلْأَخِرَةِ كَمَا يَبِسَ ٱلْكُفَّارُ مِنُ أَصُحَنبِ ٱلْقُبُورِ ﴿

O you who believe! Take not as friends the people who incurred the Wrath of Allâh (i.e. the Jews). Surely, they have been in despair to receive any good in the Hereafter, just as the disbelievers have been in despair about those (buried) in graves (that they will not be resurrected on the Day of Resurrection).

61. As-Saff Introduction to this Surat.

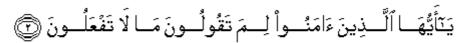
In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.



Whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is on the earth glorifies Allâh. And He is the All-Mighty the All-Wise.

2.



O you who believe! Why do you say that which you do not do?

3.

Most hateful it is with Allâh that you say that which you do not do.

4.

إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ يُحِبُّ ٱلَّذِينَ يُقَاتِلُونَ فِي سَبِيلِهِ ۽ صَفًّا كَأَنَّهُم بُنَّيَانٌ مَّرُصُوصٌ



Verily, Allâh loves those who fight in His Cause in rows (ranks) as if they were a solid structure Π

5.

وَإِذْ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لِقَوْمِهِ عَيْفَوم لِمَ تُؤُذُونَنِي وَقَد تَّعُلَمُونَ أَنِّي رَسُولُ اللَّهُ قَالَ مُوسَىٰ لِقَوْمَ ٱلْفَدسِقِينَ ٱللَّهُ إِلَيْكُمُ فَلَمَّا زَاغُوٓا أَزَاغَ ٱللَّهُ قُلُوبَهُمُ ۚ وَٱللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى ٱلْقَوْمَ ٱلْفَدسِقِينَ



And (remember) when Mûsa (Moses) said to his people: "O my people! Why do you hurt me while you know certainly that I am the Messenger of Allâh to you? So when they turned away (from the Path of Allâh), Allâh turned their hearts away (from the Right Path). And Allâh guides not the people who are *Fâsiqûn* (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

6.

وَإِذْ قَالَ عِيسَى ٱبُنُ مَرُيَمَ يَعبَنِى إِسُرَ آعِيلَ إِنِّى رَسُولُ ٱللَّهِ إِلَّا عِيسَى ٱبُنُ مَرَيَمَ يَعبَنِى إِسُر آعِيلَ إِنِّى رَسُولٍ يَأْتِى مِنْ إِلَيْكُم مُّصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيُنَ يَدَى مِنَ ٱلتَّوْرَ نَةِ وَمُبَشِّرًا بِرَسُولٍ يَأْتِى مِنْ إِلَيْكُم مُّصَدِّقًا لِيما بَيْنَ يَعنِ اللهُ وَالْمَا الْمَا اللهُ وَاللهُ اللهُ اللهُ



And (remember) when 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary), said: "O Children of Israel! I am the

Messenger of Allâh unto you confirming the Taurât [(Torah) which came] before me, and giving glad tidings of a Messenger to come after me, whose name shall be Ahmed II . But when he (Ahmed i.e. Muhammad $_{SAW}$) came to them with clear proofs, they said: "This is plain magic II ."

وَمَنُ أَظُلَمُ مِمَّنِ ٱفُتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ ٱلْكَذِبَ وَهُوَ يُدُعَىٰۤ إِلَى ٱلْإِسُلَامِۚ وَٱللَّهُ لَا يَهُدِى ٱلْقَوُمَ ٱلظَّلِمِينَ ۞

And who does more wrong than the one who invents a lie against Allâh, while he is being invited to Islâm? And Allâh guides not the people who are *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrong-doers and disbelievers) folk.

يُرِيدُونَ لِيُطُفِئُواْ نُـورَ ٱللَّـهِ بِـأَفُوَ هِهِمُ وَٱللَّـهُ مُتِـمُّ نُـورِهِـ وَلَــوُ كَــرة ٱلْكَنفِــرُونَ ۞

They intend to put out the Light of Allâh (i.e. the religion of Islâm, this Qur'ân, and Prophet Muhammad SAW) with their mouths. But Allâh will complete His Light even though the disbelievers hate (it).

هُوَ ٱلَّذِىٓ أَرُسَلَ رَسُولَهُۥ بِٱلْهُدَىٰ وَدِينِ ٱلْحَقِّ لِيُظُهِرَهُۥ عَلَى ٱلدِّينِ كُلِّهِۦ وَلَوْ كَرِهَ ٱلْمُشْرِ كُونَ ۞

He it is Who has sent His Messenger (Muhammad SAW) with guidance and the religion of truth (Islâmic Monotheism) to make it victorious over all (other) religions even though the *Mushrikûn* (polytheists, pagans, idolaters, and disbelievers in the Oneness of Allâh and in His Messenger Muhammed SAW) hate (it).

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ هَلُ أَدُلُّكُمُ عَلَىٰ تِجَرَةٍ تُنجِيكُم مِّنْ عَذَابٍ أَلِيمٍ ۞

O You who believe! Shall I guide you to a commerce that will save you from a painful torment.

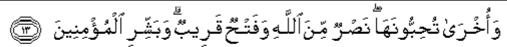
تُؤُمِنُونَ بِٱللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِۦ وَتُجَـهِدُونَ فِى سَبِيلِ ٱللَّهِ بِأَمُوَ لِكُمُ وَأَنفُسِكُمُّ ذَلِكُمُ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمُ إِن كُنتُمُ تَعَلَمُونَ ۞

That you believe in Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), and that you strive hard and fight in the Cause of Allâh with your wealth and your lives, that will be better for you, if you but know!

يَغُفِرُ لَكُمُ ذُنُوبَكُمُ وَيُدُخِلُكُمُ جَنَّتٍ تَجُرِى مِن تَحْتِهَا الْغُفِرِ لَكُم فَنُوتِ تَجُرِى مِن تَحْتِهَا الْفُورُ اللَّهُ اللْلَهُ اللَّهُ اللْمُولِلْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللْمُولِمُ الللللْمُ اللللْمُ الللْمُو

(If you do so) He will forgive you your sins, and admit you into Gardens under which rivers flow, and pleasant dwelling in Gardens of 'Adn Eternity ['Adn (Edn) Paradise], that is indeed the great success.

13.



And also (He will give you) another (blessing) which you love, help from Allâh (against your enemies) and a near victory. And give glad tidings (O Muhammad SAW) to the believers.

14.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ كُونُوٓاْ أَنصَارَ ٱللَّهِ كَمَا قَالَ عِيسَى ٱبُنُ مَرُيَمَ لِلُحَوَارِيُّونَ نَحُنُ أَنصَارُ ٱللَّهِ قَالَ ٱلْحَوَارِيُّونَ نَحُنُ أَنصَارُ ٱللَّهِ قَالَ ٱلْحَوَارِيُّونَ نَحُنُ أَنصَارُ ٱللَّهِ فَالَاَلَةِ فَالَاَلَةِ فَالَاَلِّهِ فَالَاَيْوِنَ نَحُنُ أَنصَارُ ٱللَّهِ فَا اللَّهِ فَا اللَّهِ فَا اللَّهِ فَا اللَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ فَا اللَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ عَلَىٰ عَدُوِّهِمُ فَأَصْبَحُواْ ظَنهِرِينَ هَا اللَّهِ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ عَدُوِّهِمُ فَأَصْبَحُواْ ظَنهِرِينَ هَا

O you who believe! Be you helpers (in the Cause) of Allâh as said 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary), to AlHawârîeen (the disciples): "Who are my helpers (in the Cause) of Allâh?" AlHawârîeen (the disciples) said: "We are Allâh's helpers" (i.e. we will strive in His Cause!). Then a group of the Children of Israel believed and a group disbelieved. So We gave power to those who believed against their enemies, and they became the uppermost.

62. Al-Jumu'ah Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

|1.

يُسَبِّحُ لِلَّهِ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ ٱلْمَلِكِ ٱلْقُدُّوسِ ٱلْعَزِيزِ

ٱلْحَكِيمِ ۞

Whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is on the earth glorifies Allâh, the King (of everything), the Holy, the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

2.

هُوَ ٱلَّذِى بَعَثَ فِي ٱلْأُمِّيِّئَنَ رَسُولًا مِّنْهُمُ يَتُلُواْ عَلَيْهِمُ ءَايَنتِهِ وَيُزَكِّيهِمُ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ ٱلۡكِتَنبَ وَٱلۡحِكُمَةَ وَإِن كَانُواْ مِن قَبُلُ لَفِي ضَلَنلِ مُّيِينِ ۞

He it is Who sent among the unlettered ones a Messenger (Muhammad SAW) from among themselves, reciting to them His Verses, purifying them (from the filth of disbelief and polytheism), and teaching them the Book (this Qur'ân, Islâmic laws and Islâmic jurisprudence) and *Al-Hikmah* (*As-Sunnah*: legal ways, orders, acts of worship, etc. of Prophet Muhammad SAW). And verily, they had been before in mainfest error;

3.

And He has sent him (Prophet Muhammad SAW) also to others among them (Muslims) who have not yet joined them (but they will come). And He (Allâh) is the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

4.

ذَالِكَ فَضًالُ ٱللَّهِ يُؤُتِيهِ مَن يَشَاءُ وَٱللَّهُ ذُو ٱلْفَضَالِ ٱلْعَظِيمِ



That is the Grace of Allâh, which He bestows on whom He wills. And Allâh is the Owner of Mighty Grace.

5.

مَثَــلُ ٱلَّــذِينَ حُـــمِّلُواْ ٱلتَّوْرَنــةَ ثُــمَّ لَــمُ يَحُمِلُوهَــا كَمَثَــلِ
ٱلُحِمَـارِ يَحُــمِلُ أَسُـفَارًا ۚ بِئُـسَ مَثَـلُ ٱلْقَــوُمِ ٱلَّـذِينَ كَذَّبُـواْ بِعَـايَـنتِ
ٱللَّــةِ وَٱللَّــهُ لَا يَهُـدِى ٱلْقَــوُمَ ٱلظَّـلِمِيــنَ ۞

The likeness of those who were entrusted with the (obligation of the) Taurât (Torah) (i.e. to obey its commandments and to practise its legal laws), but who subsequently failed in those (obligations), is as the likeness of a donkey who carries huge burdens of books (but understands nothing from them). How bad is the example (or the likeness) of people who deny the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, signs, revelations, etc.) of Allâh. And Allâh guides not the people who are *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrong-doers, disbelievers, etc.).

قُلُ يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ هَادُوٓاْ إِن زَعَمُتُمُ أَنَّكُمُ أَولِيَآءُ لِلَّهِ مِن دُونِ ٱلنَّاسِ فَتَمَنَّوُاْ الْمُوتَ إِن كُنتُمُ صَدِقِينَ ۞

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "O you Jews! If you pretend that you are friends of Allâh, to the exclusion of (all) other mankind, then long for death if you are truthful."

7.

But they will never long for it (death), because of what (deeds) their hands have sent before them! And Allâh knows well the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrong-doers, disbelievers, etc.).

8.

Say (to them): "Verily, the death from which you flee will surely meet you, then you will be sent back to (Allâh), the All-Knower of the unseen and the seen, and He will tell you what you used to do."

9.

O you who believe (Muslims)! When the call is proclaimed for the *Salât* (prayer) on the day of Friday (*Jumu'ah* prayer), come to the remembrance of Allâh [*Jumu'ah* religious talk (*Khutbah*) and *Salât* (prayer)] and leave off business (and every other thing), that is better for you if you did but know!

10.

Then when the (*Jumu'ah*) *Salât* (prayer) is finished, you may disperse through the land, and seek the Bounty of Allâh (by working, etc.), and remember Allâh much, that you may be successful.

11.

And when they see some merchandise or some amusement [beating of *Tambur* (drum) etc.] they disperse headlong to it, and leave you (Muhammad SAW) standing [while delivering *Jumu'ah's* religious talk (*Khutbah*)]. Say "That which Allâh has is better than any amusement or merchandise! And Allâh is the Best of providers."

63. Al-Munafiqûn Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

إِذَا جَآءَكَ ٱلمُنَعِقُونَ قَالُواْ نَشُهَدُ إِنَّكَ لَرَسُولُ ٱللَّهِۗ وَٱللَّهُ يَعُلَمُ إِنَّكَ لَرَسُولُ ٱللَّهِ وَٱللَّهُ يَعُلَمُ إِنَّكَ لَرَسُولُهُ وَٱللَّهُ يَشُهَدُ إِنَّ ٱلمُنَعِقِينَ لَكَعذِبُونَ ۞

When the hypocrites come to you (O Muhammad SAW), they say: "We bear witness that you are indeed the Messenger of Allâh." Allâh knows that you are indeed His Messenger and Allâh bears witness that the hypocrites are liars indeed.

2.

ٱتَّخَذُوٓا أَيُمَننَهُمُ جُنَّةً فَصَدُّوا عَن سَبِيل ٱللَّهِ إِنَّهُمُ سَآءَ مَا كَانُوا يَعُمَلُونَ



They have made their oaths a screen (for their hypocrisy). Thus they hinder (men) from the Path of Allâh. Verily, evil is what they used to do.

3.

ذَالِكَ بِأَنَّهُمُ ءَامَنُواْ ثُمَّ كَفَرُواْ فَطُبِعَ عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِهِمُ فَهُمُ لَا يَفُقَهُونَ



That is because they believed, then disbelieved, therefore their hearts are sealed, so they understand not.

4.

﴿ وَإِذَا رَأَيُتَهُ مُ تُعُجِبُكَ أَجُسَامُهُمُّ وَإِن يَقُولُواْ تَسُمَعُ لِقَولُهِمُّ وَإِن يَقُولُواْ تَسُمَعُ لِقَولُهِمُّ كَانَّهُمُ خُشُبُّ مُّسَنَّدَةٌ يُحَسَبُونَ كُلَّ صَيْحَةٍ عَلَيْهِمُ هُمُ هُمُ اللَّهُ أَنَّى يُؤْفَكُونَ ﴾ اللَّهُ أَنَّى يُؤْفَكُونَ ﴾ اللَّهُ أَنَّى يُؤْفَكُونَ ﴾

And when you look at them, their bodies please you; and when they speak, you listen to their words. They are as blocks of wood propped up. They think that every cry is against them. They are the enemies, so beware of them. May Allâh curse them! How are they denying (or deviating from) the Right Path.

5.

وَإِذَا قِيلَ لَهُمُ تَعَالُوا يَسُتَغُفِرُ لَكُمُ رَسُولُ ٱللَّهِ لَوَّوا رُءُوسَهُمُ وَرَ أَيُتَهُمُ يَصُدُّونَ وَهُم مُّسُتَكُبِرُونَ ۞

And when it is said to them: "Come, so that the Messenger of Allâh may ask forgiveness from Allâh for you", they turn aside their heads, and you would see them turning away their faces in pride.

سَـوَآءٌ عَلَيُهِمُ أَسُـتَغُفَرُتَ لَهُمُ أَمُ لَـمُ تَسُـتَغُفِرُ لَهُمُ لَـن يَغُفِـرَ ٱللَّهُ لَهُمُۚ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ لَا يَهُـدِى ٱلْقَـوُمَ ٱلْفَسِقِينَ ۞

It is equal to them whether you (Muhammad SAW) ask forgiveness or ask not forgiveness for them. Verily, Allâh guides not the people who are the $F\hat{a}$ siqîn (rebellious, disobedient to Allâh).

7

هُــمُ ٱلَّــذِينَ يَقُولُــونَ لَا تُنفِقُــواْ عَلَــىٰ مَــنُ عِنــدَ رَسُــولِ ٱللَّــهِ حَـتَّىٰ يَنفَضُّواُ ۗ وَلِلَّهِ خَــزَ آبِنُ ٱلسَّـمَـوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ وَلَــكِنَّ ٱلْمُنَــفِقِيــنَ لَا يَفْقَهُـونَ ۞

They are the ones who say: "Spend not on those who are with Allâh's Messenger, until they desert him." And to Allâh belong the treasures of the heavens and the earth, but the hypocrites comprehend not.

8.

يَقُولُونَ لَبِن رَّجَعُنَآ إِلَى ٱلْمَدِينَةِ لَيُخُرِجَنَّ ٱلْأَعَرُّ مِنْهَا ٱلْأَذَلُّ وَلِلَّهِ ٱلْعِزَّةُ وَلِرَسُولِهِۦ وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَلَـٰكِنَّ ٱلْمُنَـٰفِقِينَ لَا يَعُلَمُونَ ۞

They (hyprocrites) say: "If we return to Al-Madinah, indeed the more honourable ('Abdûllah bin Ubai bin Salul, the chief of hyprocrites at AlMadinah) will expel therefrom the meaner (i.e. Allâh's Messenger SAW)." But honour, power and glory belong to Allâh, His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), and to the believers, but the hypocrites know not.

9.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ لَا تُلُهِكُمُ أَمُوالُكُمُ وَلَا أَوْلَدُكُمُ عَن ذِكْرِ ٱللَّهِ وَمَن يَفْعَلُ ذَالِكَ فَأُوْلَكِيكَ هُمُ ٱلُخَاسِرُونَ ۞

O you who believe! Let not your properties or your children divert you from the remembrance of Allâh. And whosoever does that, then they are the losers.

10.

وَأَنفِقُواْ مِن مَّا رَزَقُنَكُم مِّن قَبُلِ أَن يَأْتِىَ أَحَدَكُمُ ٱلْمَوَّتُ فَيَقُولَ رَبِّ لَوَالَا أَخَدَكُمُ ٱلْمَوَّتُ فَيَقُولَ رَبِّ لَوَالَا أَخَرُتَنِىۤ إِلَىٰۤ أَجَلِ قَريبِ فَأَصَّدَّقَ وَأَكُن مِّنَ ٱلصَّلِحِينَ ۚ

And spend (in charity) of that with which We have provided you, before death comes to one of you and he says: "My Lord! If only You would give me respite for a little while (i.e. return to the worldly life), then I should give *Sadaqah* (i.e. *Zakât*) of my wealth , and be among the righteous [i.e. perform *Hajj* (pilgrimage to Makkah)].

11.

And Allâh grants respite to none when his appointed time (death) comes. And Allâh is All-Aware of what you do.

64. At-Taghâbun Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

يُسَبِّحُ لِلَّهِ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَـٰوَ تِ وَمَا فِي ٱلْأَرُضَّ لَهُ ٱلْمُلُكُ وَلَهُ ٱلْحَمُدُّ وَهُوَ عَلَىٰ

كُلِّ شَئِءٍ قَدِيرٌ ۞

Whatsoever is in the heavens and whatsoever is on the earth glorifies Allâh. His is the dominion, and to Him belong all the praises and thanks, and He is Able to do all things.

2.

هُوَ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَكُمُ فَمِنكُمُ كَافِرٌ وَمِنكُم مُّؤُمِنُّ وَٱللَّهُ بِمَا تَعُمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ



He it is Who created you, then some of you are disbelievers and some of you are believers. And Allâh is All-Seer of what you do.

3.

خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَـوَتِ وَٱلْأَرُضَ بِٱلْحَقِّ وَصَوَّرَ كُمُ فَأَحُسَنَ صُورَ كُمُّ وَإِلَيْهِ ٱلمُصِيرُ ۞

He has created the heavens and the earth with truth, and He shaped you and made good your shapes, and to Him is the final Return.

4.

يَعُلَمُ مَا فِي ٱلسَّمَــُوَ آ وَٱلْأَرُضِ وَيَعُلَمُ مَا تُسِرُّونَ وَمَا تُعُلِنُونَ وَٱللَّهُ عَلِيمُ السَّمَــُورِ ﴿ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمُ السَّــُدُورِ ﴾ لَيْ

He knows what is in the heavens and on earth, and He knows what you conceal and what you reveal. And Allâh is the All-Knower of what is in the breasts (of men).

5.

أَلَـمُ يَـاأُتِكُمُ نَبَـؤُا ٱلَّـذِينَ كَفَـرُواْ مِـن قَبُـلُ فَذَاقُـواْ وَبَـالَ أَمُـرِهِمُ وَلَهُمُ عَذَابُ أَلِيـمٌ ۞

Has not the news reached you of those who disbelieved aforetime? And so they tasted the evil result of their disbelief, and theirs will be a painful torment.

ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُ ۚ كَانَت تَّأَتِيهِمُ رُسُلُهُم بِٱلْبَيِّنَتِ فَقَالُوٓاْ أَبَشَرُ يَهُدُونَنَا فَكَفَرُواْ وَتَوَلَّواْ وَّاسَتَغُنَى ٱللَّهُ وَٱللَّهُ غَنِيُّ حَمِيدٌ ۞

That was because there came to them their Messengers with clear proofs (signs), but they said: "Shall mere men guide us?" So they disbelieved and turned away (from the truth), and Allâh was not in need (of them). And Allâh is Rich (Free of all wants), Worthy of all praise.

7.

The disbelievers pretend that they will never be resurrected (for the Account). Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Yes! By my Lord, you will certainly be resurrected, then you will be informed of (and recompensed for) what you did, and that is easy for Allâh.

8.

Therefore, believe in Allâh and His Messenger (Muhammad SAW), and in the Light (this Qur'ân) which We have sent down. And Allâh is All-Aware of what you do.

9.

(And remember) the Day when He will gather you (all) on the Day of Gathering, that will be the Day of mutual loss and gain (i.e. loss for the disbelievers as they will enter the Hell-fire and gain for the believers as they will enter Paradise). And whosoever believes in Allâh and performs righteous good deeds, He will remit from him his sins, and will admit him to Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise) to dwell therein forever, that will be the great success.

10.

But those who disbelieved (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism) and denied Our $Ay\hat{a}t$ (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), they will be the dwellers of the Fire, to dwell therein forever. And worst indeed is that destination Π .

مَاۤ أَصَابَ مِن مُّصِيبَةٍ إِلَّا بِإِذُن ٱللَّهِۗ وَمَن يُؤُمِنَ بِٱللَّهِ يَهُدِ قَلْبَهُ ﴿ وَٱللَّهُ بكُلّ

No calamity befalls, but with the Leave [i.e. decision and Qadar (Divine Preordainments)] of Allâh, and whosoever believes in Allâh, He guides his heart [to the true Faith with certainty, i.e. what has befallen him was already written for him by Allâh from the *Qadar* (Divine Preordainments)], and Allâh is the All-Knower of everything.

12.

Obey Allâh, and obey the Messenger (Muhammad SAW), but if you turn away, then the duty of Our Messenger is only to convey (the Message) clearly.

13.

Allâh! Lâ ilâha illa Huwa (none has the right to be worshipped but He), and in Allâh (Alone), therefore, let the believers put their trust.

14.

O you who believe! Verily, among your wives and your children there are enemies for you (i.e. may stop you from the obedience of Allâh), therefore beware of them! But if you pardon (them) and overlook, and forgive (their faults), then verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful

15.

Your wealth and your children are only a trial, whereas Allâh! With Him is a great reward (Paradise).

16.

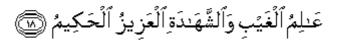
So keep your duty to Allâh and fear Him as much as you can; listen and obey; and spend in charity, that is better for yourselves. And whosoever is saved from his own covetousness, then they are the successful ones.

إِن تُقُرِضُواْ ٱللَّهَ قَرُضًا حَسَنًا يُضَعِفُهُ لَكُمُ وَيَغُفِرُ لَكُمُّ وَٱللَّهُ شَكُورٌ



If you lend to Allâh a goodly loan (i.e. spend in Allâh's Cause) He will double it for you, and will forgive you. And Allâh is Most Ready to appreciate and to reward, Most Forbearing,

18.



All-Knower of the unseen and seen, the All-Mighty, the All-Wise.

65. At-Talâq Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّبِى إِذَا طَلَّقُتُمُ ٱلنِّسَآءَ فَطَلِّقُ وهُنَّ لِعِدَّتِهِنَّ وَأَحُصُواْ الْعِدَّةَ وَٱلتَّهُواْ ٱللَّهَ رَبَّكُمُ لَا تُخُرِجُوهُنَّ مِنْ بُيُوتِهِنَّ وَلَا يَخُرُجُنَ إِلَّآ الْعِدَّةَ وَٱللَّهِ وَمَن يَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَ ٱللَّهِ وَمَن يَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَ ٱللَّهِ فَمَن يَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَ ٱللَّهِ فَمَن يَتَعَدَّ حُدُودَ ٱللَّهِ فَمَن يَتَعَدَّ خُدُودَ اللَّهُ يُحُدُونُ بَعَدُ ذَلِكَ أَمُ رَا



O Prophet (SAW)! When you divorce women, divorce them at their 'Iddah' (prescribed periods), and count (accurately) their 'Iddah' (periods). And fear Allâh your Lord (O Muslims), and turn them not out of their (husband's) homes, nor shall they (themselves) leave, except in case they are guilty of some open illegal sexual intercourse. And those are the set limits of Allâh. And whosoever transgresses the set limits of Allâh, then indeed he has wronged himself. You (the one who divorces his wife) know not, it may be that Allâh will afterward bring some new thing to pass (i.e. to return her back to you if that was the first or second divorce).

2.

فَإِذَا بَلَغُنَ أَجَلَهُنَّ فَأَمُسِكُوهُنَّ بِمَعْرُوفٍ أَوْ فَارِقُوهُنَّ بِمَعْرُوفٍ وَأَشُهِدُواْ ذَوَىُ عَدُكٍ مِّنكُمُ وَأَقِيمُواْ ٱلشَّهَندَةَ لِلَّهِ ذَلِكُمُ يُوعَظُّ بِهِ - مَن كَانَ يُؤُمِنُ بِٱللَّهِ وَٱلْيَوُمُ ٱلْأَخِرِ ۚ وَمَن يَتَّقِ ٱللَّهَ يَجُعَل لَهُ و مَخْرَجًا

Then when they are about to fulfil their term appointed, either take them back in a good manner or part with them in a good manner. And take for witness two just persons from among you (Muslims). And establish the witness for Allâh. That will be an admonition given to him who believes in Allâh and the Last Day. And whosoever fears Allâh and keeps his duty to Him, He will make a way for him to get out (from every difficulty).

3.

وَيَرُزُقُ هُ مِنْ حَيْثُ لَا يَحُتَسِبُ وَمَن يَتَوَكَّلُ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ فَهُ وَ حَسُبُهُ وَ لَا يَحُتَسِبُ وَمَن يَتَوكَّلُ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ فَهُ وَ حَسُبُهُ وَ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ بَلِغُ أَمُرِهِ - قَدُرًا ﴿

And He will provide him from (sources) he never could imagine. And whosoever puts his trust in Allâh, then He will suffice him. Verily, Allâh will accomplish his purpose. Indeed Allâh has set a measure for all things.

And those of your women as have passed the age of monthly courses, for them the '*Iddah* (prescribed period), if you have doubts (about their periods), is three months, and for those who have no courses [(i.e. they are still immature) their '*Iddah* (prescribed period) is three months likewise,

except in case of death] And for those who are pregnant (whether they are divorced or their husbands are dead), their '*Iddah* (prescribed period) is until they deliver (their burdens), and whosoever fears Allâh and keeps his duty to Him, He will make his matter easy for him.

5.

ذَ لِكَ أَمُرُ ٱللَّهِ أَنزَلَهُ وَ إِلَيْكُمُ وَمَن يَتَّقِ ٱللَّهَ يُكَفِّرُ عَنْهُ سَيِّئَاتِهِ وَيُعُظِمُ لَهُ وَ أَجُرًا

That is the Command of Allâh, which He has sent down to you, and whosoever fears Allâh and keeps his duty to Him, He will remit his sins from him, and will enlarge his reward.

6.

أَسُكِنُوهُنَّ مِنُ حَيثُ سَكَنتُم مِّن وُجُدِكُمُ وَلَا تُضَاّرُوهُنَّ لِيُفَوِّا عَلَيْهِنَّ حَتَّىٰ لِتُضَيِّقُ واْ عَلَيْهِنَّ وَإِن كُنَّ أُوْلَىتِ حَمُلٍ فَأَنفِقُواْ عَلَيْهِنَّ حَتَّىٰ لِيُضَيِّقُ واْ عَلَيْهِنَّ وَإِن كُنَّ أُوْلَىتِ حَمُلٍ فَأَنفِقُواْ عَلَيْهِنَّ حَتَّىٰ يَضَعُن حَمْلَهُنَّ فَإِنْ أَرْضَعُ نَ لَكُمْ فَتَاتُوهُنَّ أَجُورَهُنَّ وَأُتَمِرُواْ يَضَعُن حَمْلَهُنَّ فَإِنْ أَرْضَعُ نَ لَكُمْ فَتَاتُوهُنَّ أَجُورَهُنَّ وَأُتَمِرُواْ بَيْنَكُم بِمَعُرُوفٍ وَإِن تَعَاسَرُتُم فَسَتُرُضِعُ لَهُ وَ أُخُرَىٰ ۞ بَيْنَكُم بِمَعْرُوفٍ وَإِن تَعَاسَرُتُم فَسَتُرُضِعُ لَهُ وَ أُخُرَىٰ ۞

Lodge them (the divorced women) where you dwell, according to your means, and do not treat them in such a harmful way that they be obliged to leave. And if they are pregnant, then spend on them till they deliver. Then if they give suck to the children for you, give them their due payment, and let each of you accept the advice of the other in a just way. But if you make difficulties for one another, then some other woman may give suck for him (the father of the child).

7.

لِيُنفِ قُ ذُو سَعَةٍ مِّن سَعَتِهِ ۗ وَمَن قُدِرَ عَلَيْهِ رِزْقُهُ وَ فَلَيُنفِ قُ مِمَّ آ عَاتَنهُ ٱللَّهُ بَعُدَ عُسُر يُسُرًا عَاتَنهُ ٱللَّهُ بَعُدَ عُسُر يُسُرًا



Let the rich man spend according to his means, and the man whose resources are restricted, let him spend according to what Allâh has given him. Allâh puts no burden on any person beyond what He has given him. Allâh will grant after hardship, ease.

وَكَالَيِّن مِّن قَرُيَةٍ عَتَاتُ عَن أَمُر رَبِّهَا وَرُسُلِهِ عَالَهُ عَالَ أَمُر رَبِّهَا وَرُسُلِهِ عَالَهُ فَحَاسَبُنَنهَا حِسَابًا شَدِيدًا وَعَذَّبُنَنهَا عَذَابًا نُّكُرًا ۞

And many a town (population) revolted against the Command of its Lord and His Messengers, and We called it to a severe account (i.e. torment in this worldly life), and shall punish it with a horrible torment (in Hell, in the Hereafter).

9.

So it tasted the evil result of its disbelief, and the consequence of its disbelief was loss (destruction in this life and an eternal punishment in the Hereafter).

10.

Allâh has prepared for them a severe torment. So fear Allâh and keep your duty to Him, O men of understanding who have believed! - Allâh has indeed sent down to you a Reminder (this Qur'ân).

11

رَّسُولًا يَتُلُواْ عَلَيْكُمُ ءَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ مُبَيِّنَنتِ لِيُخْرِجَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ الصَّالِحَاتِ مِنَ ٱلظُّلُمَنتِ إِلَى ٱلنُّورِ ۚ وَمَن يُؤُمِنْ بِٱللَّهِ وَيَعُمَلُ صَالِحًا يُدُخِلُهُ جَنَّنتِ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلأَنَّهَن وَخَلِدِينَ فِيهَ ٓ أَبَدَا ۗ قَدُ أَحُسَنَ اللَّهُ لَهُ ورَقًا
اللَّهُ لَهُ ورَزُقًا
اللَّهُ لَهُ ورَزُقًا
اللَّهُ لَهُ ورَزُقًا

(And has also sent to you) a Messenger (Muhammad SAW), who recites to you the Verses of Allâh (the Qur'ân) containing clear explanations, that He may take out, those who believe and do righteous good deeds from the darkness (of polytheism and disbelief) to the light (of Monotheism and true Faith). And whosoever believes in Allâh and performs righteous good deeds, He will admit him into Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise), to dwell therein forever. Allâh has indeed granted for him an excellent provision.

12.

ٱللَّهُ ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَ سَبْعَ سَمَوَتٍ وَمِنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ مِثْلَهُنَّ يَتَنَزَّ لُ ٱلْأَمُرُ بَيْنَهُنَّ لِيَنَهُنَّ لِيَعْلَمُونَ أَلْأَرُضِ مِثْلَهُنَّ يَتَنَزَّ لُ ٱلْأَمُرُ بَيْنَهُنَّ لِيَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ قَدُ أَحَاطَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عِلْمًا لِيَعْلَمُواْ أَنَّ ٱللَّهَ قَدُ أَحَاطَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عِلْمًا



It is Allâh Who has created seven heavens and of the earth the like thereof (i.e. seven). His Command descends between them (heavens and earth), that you may know that Allâh has power over all things, and that Allâh surrounds (comprehends) all things in (His) Knowledge.

66. At-Tahrîm Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّبِيُّ لِمَ تُحَرِّمُ مَآ أَحَلَّ ٱللَّهُ لَكَ تَبُتَغِى مَرُضَاتَ أَزُوَ ﴿ لِكَ وَٱللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ۞

O Prophet! Why do you ban (for yourself) that which Allâh has made lawful to you, seeking to please your wives? And Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

2.

قَدُ فَرَضَ ٱللَّهُ لَكُمُ تَحِلَّةَ أَيْمَننِكُمُّ وَٱللَّهُ مَوْلَنكُمُّ وَهُوَ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ٱلْحَكِيمُ



Allâh has already ordained for you (O men), the dissolution of your oaths. And Allâh is your *Maula* (Lord, or Master, or Protector, etc.) and He is the All-Knower, the All-Wise.

3.

وَإِذْ أَسَرَّ ٱلنَّبِىُّ إِلَىٰ بَعُضِ أَزُوَ حِهِ عَدِيثًا فَلَمَّا نَبَّأَتُ بِهِ وَأَظُهَرَهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ عَرَّفَ بَعُضَهُ وَأَعُرَضَ عَنْ بَعُضٍّ فَلَمَّا نَبَّأَهَا بِهِ قَالَتُ مَنْ أَنْبَأَكَ هَدِذَا قَالَ نَبَّأَنِيَ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ٱلْخَبِيرُ ﴿

And (remember) when the Prophet (SAW) disclosed a matter in confidence to one of his wives (Hafsah), so when she told it (to another i.e. 'Aishah), and Allâh made it known to him, he informed part thereof and left a part. Then when he told her (Hafsah) thereof, she said: "Who told you this?" He said: "The All-Knower, the All-Aware (Allâh) has told me".

4.

إِن تَتُوبَاۤ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ فَقَدُ صَغَتُ قُلُوبُكُمَاؖ وَإِن تَظَعهَرَا عَلَيْهِ فَإِنَّ ٱللَّهَ هُوَ مَولَكهُ وَجِبريلُ وَصَلِحُ ٱلمُؤمِنِينَۗ وَٱلْمَلَيْكِةُ بَعُدَ ذَلِكَ ظَهِيرً



If you two (wives of the Prophet SAW, namely 'Aishah and Hafsah radhiallahu'anhu>) turn in repentance to Allâh, (it will be better for you), your hearts are indeed so inclined (to oppose what the Prophet SAW likes), but if you help one another against him (Muhammad SAW), then verily, Allâh is his Maula (Lord, or Master, or Protector, etc.), and Jibrael (Gabriel), and the righteous among the believers, and furthermore, the angels are his helpers.

عَسَىٰ رَبُّهُ ۚ إِن طَلَّقَكُنَّ أَن يُبُدِلَهُ ۚ أَزُوَ ۚ جَا خَيْرًا مِّنكُنَّ مُسُلِمَتٍ مُّ ؤُمِنَتٍ قَنِتَتِ تَيَبِبَتٍ عَنِيدَتٍ سَيْحِتٍ ثَيِّبَتٍ وَأَبْكَارًا ۞

It may be if he divorced you (all) that his Lord will give him instead of you, wives better than you, Muslims (who submit to Allâh), believers, obedient to Allâh, turning to Allâh in repentance, worshipping Allâh sincerely, fasting or emigrants (for Allâh's sake), previously married and virgins.

6.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ قُوَاْ أَنفُسَكُمُ وَأَهْلِيكُمُ نَارًا وَقُودُهَا ٱلنَّاسُ وَٱلۡحِجَارَةُ عَلَيُهَا مَلَتَبِكَةً عِلَاظٌ شِدَادٌ لَّا يَعُصُونَ ٱللَّهَ مَآ أَمَرَهُمُ وَيَفُعَلُونَ مَا يُؤْمَرُونَ ۞

O you who believe! Ward off from yourselves and your families a Fire (Hell) whose fuel is men and stones, over which are (appointed) angels stern (and) severe, who disobey not, (from executing) the Commands they receive from Allâh, but do that which they are commanded.

7.

يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ لَا تَعَتَذِرُواْ ٱلْيَوْمِّ إِنَّمَا تُجُزَوُنَ مَا كُنتُمُ تَعُمَلُونَ



(It will be said in the Hereafter) O you who disbelieve (in the Oneness of Allâh - Islâmic Monotheism)! Make no excuses this Day! You are being requited only for what you used to do^[] .

8.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ تُوبُوٓاْ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ تَوُبَةً نَّصُوحًا عَسَىٰ رَبُّكُمُ أَن يُكَفِّرَ عَنكُمُ سَيِّءَاتِكُمُ وَيُدُخِلَكُمُ جَنَّنتٍ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنَهَ وَ عَنكُمُ سَيِّءَاتِكُمُ وَيُدُخِلَكُمُ جَنَّنتٍ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنَهُ وَ وَ عَنكُمُ سَيِّءَاتِكُمُ وَيُدُخِلَكُمُ جَنَّنتٍ تَجُرِى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنَهُ وَيُ اللَّهُ ٱلنَّبِعَ وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مَعَهُ وَ نُووُهُمُ يَسُعَىٰ يَوُمُ لَنَا نُورَنَا وَٱغُفِرُ لَنَا أَتُومُ لَنَا نُورَنَا وَٱغُفِرُ لَنَا إِنَّكَ بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمُ وَبِأَيْمَنيهِمُ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا أَتُمِمُ لَنَا نُورَنَا وَٱغُفِرُ لَنَا أَيْكَ عَلَى اللّهُ عَلَى اللّهُ اللّهِ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ الللّهُ الللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللللّهُ اللللللللللّهُ الللللللللللّهُ الللللللللللللّهُ الللللللللللللللللللللللللل

O you who believe! Turn to Allâh with sincere repentance! It may be that your Lord will remit from you your sins, and admit you into Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise) the Day that Allâh will not disgrace the Prophet (Muhammad SAW) and those who believe with him, their Light will run forward before them and with (their Records Books of deeds) in their right hands they will say: "Our Lord! Keep perfect our Light for us [and do not put it off till we cross over the *Sirât* (a slippery bridge over the Hell) safely] and grant us forgiveness. Verily, You are Able to do all things.

يَتَأَيُّهَا ٱلنَّبِيُّ جَهِدِ ٱلْكُفَّارَ وَٱلْمُنَعِقِينَ وَٱغُلُظُ عَلَيُهِمُّ وَمَأُونِهُمُ جَهَنَّمُۗ وَبِئَسَ ٱلْمَصِيرُ ۞

O Prophet (Muhammad SAW)! Strive hard against the disbelievers and the hypocrites, and be severe against them, their abode will be Hell, and worst indeed is that destination.

10.

ضَرَبَ ٱللَّهُ مَثَلًا لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ ٱمُرَأَتَ نُوجٍ وَٱمُرَأَتَ لُوطٍ كَانَتَا تَحُتَ عَبُدَيُنِ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا صَلِحَيْنِ فَخَانَتَاهُمَا فَلَمُ يُغُنِيَا عَنْهُمَا مِنَ ٱللَّهِ شَيْئًا وَقِيلَ ٱدْخُلَا ٱلنَّارَ مَعَ ٱلدَّخِلِينَ

Allâh sets forth an example for those who disbelieve, the wife of Nûh (Noah) and the wife of Lout (Lot). They were under two of our righteous slaves, but they both betrayed their (husbands by rejecting their doctrine) so they [Nûh (Noah) and Lout (Lot) >>>] benefited them (their respective wives) not, against Allâh, and it was said: "Enter the Fire along with those who enter!"

11.

وَضَرَبَ ٱللَّهُ مَثَلًا لِّلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ ٱمُرَأَتَ فِرُعَوْنَ إِذْ قَالَتُ رَبِّ ٱبُنِ لِى عِندَكَ بَيْتًا فِى ٱلْجَنَّةِ وَنَجِّنِى مِن فِرُعَوْنَ وَعَمَلِهِ وَنَجِّنِى مِن ٱلْقَوْمِ الظَّيلِمِينَ
الظَّيلِمِينَ
الظَّيلِمِينَ
الظَّيلِمِينَ

And Allâh has set forth an example for those who believe, the wife of Fir'aun (Pharaoh), when she said: "My Lord! Build for me a home with You in Paradise, and save me from Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and his work, and save me from the people who are *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrong-doers and disbelievers in Allâh).

12.

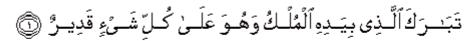
وَمَرُيَمَ ٱبُنَتَ عِمُرَنَ ٱلَّتِى أَحُصَنَتُ فَرُجَهَا فَنَفَخُنَا فِيهِ مِن رُّوحِنَا وَصَدَّقَتُ بِكَلِمَتِ رَبِّهَا وَكُتُبِهِ - وَكَانَتُ مِنَ ٱلْقَنتِينَ ٣

And Maryam (Mary), the daughter of 'Imrân who guarded her chastity; and We breathed into (the sleeve of her shirt or her garment) through Our $R\hat{u}h$ [i.e. Jibrael (Gabriel) [1], and she testified to the truth of the Words of her Lord [i.e. believed in the Words of Allâh: "Be!" and he was; that is 'lesa (Jesus) son of Maryam (Mary); as a Messenger of Allâh], and (also believed in) His Scriptures, and she was of the $Qanit\hat{u}n$ (i.e. obedient to Allâh) [1].

67. Al-Mulk Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.



Blessed is He in Whose Hand is the dominion, and He is Able to do all things.

2.

Who has created death and life, that He may test you which of you is best in deed. \Box And He is the All-Mighty, the Oft-Forgiving;

3.

Who has created the seven heavens one above another, you can see no fault in the creations of the Most Beneficent. Then look again: "Can you see any rifts?"

4.

Then look again and yet again, your sight will return to you in a state of humiliation and worn out.

5.

And indeed We have adorned the nearest heaven with lamps, and We have made such lamps (as) missiles to drive away the *Shayâtin* (devils), and have prepared for them the torment of the blazing Fire.

6.

And for those who disbelieve in their Lord (Allâh) is the torment of Hell, and worst indeed is that destination.

When they are cast therein, they will hear the (terrible) drawing in of its breath as it blazes forth.

8.



It almost bursts up with fury. Every time a group is cast therein, its keeper will ask: "Did no warner come to you?"

9.

They will say: "Yes indeed; a warner did come to us, but we belied him and said: 'Allâh never sent down anything (of revelation), you are only in great error.'"

10.

And they will say: "Had we but listened or used our intelligence, we would not have been among the dwellers of the blazing Fire!"

11.

Then they will confess their sin. So, away with the dwellers of the blazing Fire.

12.

Verily! Those who fear their Lord unseen (i.e. they do not see Him, nor His Punishment in the Hereafter, etc.), theirs will be forgiveness and a great reward (i.e. Paradise).

13.

And whether you keep your talk secret or disclose it, verily, He is the All-Knower of what is in the breasts (of men).

14.

Should not He Who has created know? And He is the Most Kind and Courteous (to His slaves) All-Aware (of everything).

هُ وَ ٱلَّذِي جَعَلَ لَكُمُ ٱلْأَرُضَ ذَلُ ولَّا فَٱمُّشُواْ فِي مَنَاكِبِهَا وَكُلُواْ مِن رّزُقِهِۦۗؖ وَإِلَيُّهِ ٱلنُّشُورُ ۞

He it is, Who has made the earth subservient to you (i.e. easy for you to walk, to live and to do agriculture on it, etc.), so walk in the path thereof and eat of His provision, and to Him will be the

16.

ءَ أَمِنتُ م مَّن فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ أَن يَخُسِفَ بكُمُ ٱلْأَرُضَ فَإِذَا هِيَ تَمُورُ



Do you feel secure that He, Who is over the heaven (Allâh), will not cause the earth to sink with you, then behold it shakes (as in an earthquake)?

17.

أمُّ أمِنتُ م مَّ ن فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ أَن يُرُسِلَ عَلَيْكُمُ حَاصِبًا ۖ فَسَتَعُلَمُونَ كَيْفَ نَذِير 🌚

Or do you feel secure that He, Who is over the heaven (Allâh), will not send against you a violent whirlwind? Then you shall know how (terrible) has been My Warning?

18.

And indeed those before them belied (the Messengers of Allâh), then how terrible was My denial (punishment)?

19.

Do they not see the birds above them, spreading out their wings and folding them in? None upholds them except the Most Beneficent (Allâh). Verily, He is the All-Seer of everything.

20.

Who is he besides the Most Beneficent that can be an army to you to help you? The disbelievers are in nothing but delusion.

21

أَمَّنُ هَدِذَا ٱلَّذِي يَرُزُقُكُمُ إِنَّ أَمُسَكَ رِزَّقَهُ ۚ بَلَ لَّجُّواْ فِي عُتُوٍّ وَنُفُورٍ



Who is he that can provide for you if He should withhold His provision? Nay, but they continue to be in pride, and (they) flee (from the truth).

22.

Is he who walks without seeing on his face, more rightly guided, or he who (sees and) walks on a Straight Way (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism).

23.

Say it is He Who has created you, and endowed you with hearing (ears), seeing (eyes), and hearts. Little thanks you give.

24.

Say: "It is He Who has created you from the earth, and to Him shall you be gathered (in the Hereafter)."

25.

They say: "When will this promise (i.e. the Day of Resurrection) come to pass? if you are telling the truth."

26.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "The knowledge (of its exact time) is with Allâh only, and I am only a plain warner."

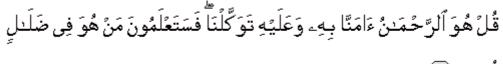
27.

But when they will see it (the torment on the Day of Resurrection) approaching, the faces of those who disbelieve will be different (black, sad, and in grieve), and it will be said (to them): "This is (the promise) which you were calling for!"

قُلُ أَرَءَيُتُمُ إِنْ أَهُلَكَنِيَ ٱللَّهُ وَمَن مَّعِيَ أَوُ رَحِمَنَا فَمَن يُجِيرُ ٱلْكَنفِرِينَ مِنْ عَذَابٍ أَلِيمٍ

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Tell me! If Allâh destroys me, and those with me, or He bestows His Mercy on us, - who can save the disbelievers from a painful torment?"

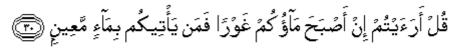
29



مُّبِينِ 📆

Say: "He is the Most Beneficent (Allâh), in Him we believe, and in Him we put our trust. So you will come to know who is it that is in manifest error."

30.



Say (O Muhammad SAW): "Tell me! If (all) your water were to be sunk away, who then can supply you with flowing (spring) water?"

68. Al-Qalam Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Peneticent, the Most Merciful	
1.	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	نَّ وَٱلُقَلَمِ وَمَا يَسُطُّرُونَ ۞	
	Nûn.	
	[These letters (<i>Nûn</i> , etc.) are one of the miracles of the Qur'ân, and none but Allâh (Alone) knows their meanings].	
	By the pen and what the (angels) write (in the Records of men).	
2.	مَٓ ٱ أَنتَ بِنِعُمَةِ رَبِّكَ بِمَجُنُونٍ ۞	
	You (O Muhammad SAW) are not, by the Grace of your Lord, a madman.	
3.	وَإِنَّ لَكَ لَأَجُرًا غَيْرَ مَمُنُونٍ ۞	
	And verily, for you (O Muhammad SAW) will be an endless reward.	
4.	وَإِنَّكَ لَعَلَىٰ خُلُقٍ عَظِيمٍ ٢	
	And verily, you (O Muhammad SAW) are on an exalted standard of character.	
5.	فَسَــتُبُصِرُ وَيُبُصِـرُونَ ۞	
	You will see, and they will see,	
6.	بِـــــأَييِّكُمُ ٱلْمَفُتُــــونُ ۞	
	Which of you is afflicted with madness.	
7.	إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ أَعُلَمُ بِمَن ضَلَّ عَن سَبِيلِهِ ۦ وَهُوَ أَعُلَمُ بِٱلْمُهُتَدِينَ ۞	
	Verily, your Lord knows better, who (among men) has gone astray from His Path, and He knows better those who are guided.	
8.	فَلَا تُطِعِ ٱلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ۞	
	So (O Muhammad SAW) obey not the deniers [(of Islâmic Monotheism those who belie the Verses of Allâh), the Oneness of Allâh, and the Messenger of Allâh (Muhammad SAW), etc.] IJ	

وَدُّواْ لَـوُ تُـدُهِنُ فَيُدُهِنُونَ 🕥 They wish that you should compromise (in religion out of courtesy) with them, so they (too) would compromise with you. 10. وَلَا تُطِعُ كُلَّ حَلَّافٍ مَّهِينِ 🚭 And obey not everyone who swears much, and is considered worthless, 11 هَمَّازِ مَّشَّآعِ بِنَمِيمِ ﴿ A slanderer, going about with calumnies 12. مَّنَّا عٍ لِّلُخَيْرِ مُعُتَدٍ أَثِيم ٣ Hinderer of the good, transgressor, sinful, 13. عُتُلٍّ بَعُدَ ذَالِكَ زَنِيم ﴿ Cruel, after all that base-born (of illegitimate birth) 14. أَن كَانَ ذَا مَاكِ وَبَنِينَ ١ (He was so) because he had wealth and children. 15. إِذَا تُتُلَىٰ عَلَيْهِ ءَايَئتُنَا قَالَ أَسَىطِيرُ ٱلْأُوَّلِينَ 🚳 When Our Verses (of the Qur'an) are recited to him, he says: "Tales of the men of old!" 16. سَنَسِمُهُ وعَلَى ٱلْخُرُ طُوم 📵 17. إِنَّا بَلَوُنَنهُمُ كَمَا بَلَوُنَآ أَصُحَنبَ ٱلْجَنَّةِ إِذْ أَقُسَمُواْ لَيَصُر مُنَّهَا مُصبحِينَ Verily, We have tried them as We tried the people of the garden, when they swore to pluck the fruits of the (garden) in the morning, 18. وَلا يَسُتَثُنُونَ 🖾 Without saying: Inshâ' Allâh (If Allâh will)

19 فَطَافَ عَلَيْهَا طَآبِفٌ مِّن رَّبِّكَ وَهُمُ نَآبِمُونَ 🖫 Then there passed by on the (garden) something (fire) from your Lord at night and burnt it while they were asleep. 20. فَأَصُبَحَتُ كَٱلصَّريم 🕝 So the (garden) became black by the morning, like a pitch dark night (in complete ruins) 21 فَتَنَادَوُا مُصُبحِينَ 📆 Then they called out one to another as soon as the morning broke 22. أَن ٱغُـدُواْ عَلَـيْ حَـرُ ثِكُمُ إِن كُـنتُمُ صَــر مِينَ ٣ Saying: "Go to your tilth in the morning, if you would pluck the fruits." 23 فَأَنطَلَقُواْ وَهُمُ يَتَخَـنفَتُونَ ٣ So they departed, conversing in secret low tones (saying) 24. أَن لَّا يَدُخُلَنَّهَا ٱلْيَوْمَ عَلَيْكُم مِّسُكِينٌ ٣ No Miskîn (poor man) shall enter upon you into it today 25. وَغَدَوا عَلَىٰ حَرُدٍ قَددِرينَ 🕝 And they went in the morning with strong intention, thinking that they have power (to prevent the poor taking anything of the fruits therefrom). 26. فَلَمَّا رَ أُوْهَا قَالُوٓاْ إِنَّا لَضَآلُونَ 📆 But when they saw the (garden), they said: "Verily, we have gone astray, 27 بَلُ نَحُنُ مَحُرُومُونَ 🐨

قَالَ أَوْسَطُهُمُ أَلَمُ أَقُل لَّكُمُ لَوُلَا تُسَبِّحُونَ ﴿

The best among them said: "Did I not tell you: why do you not say: Inshâ' Allâh (If Allâh will)."

(Then they said): "Nay! Indeed we are deprived of (the fruits)!"

28.

29

قَالُواْ سُبُحَينَ رَبِّنَآ إِنَّا كُنَّا ظَيلِمِينَ ٢

They said: "Glory to Our Lord! Verily, we have been Zâlimûn (wrong-doers, etc.)."

30.

Then they turned, one against another, in blaming.

31.

They said: "Woe to us! Verily, we were Tâghûn (transgressors and disobedient, etc.)

32.

We hope that our Lord will give us in exchange a better (garden) than this. Truly, we turn to our Lord (wishing for good that He may forgive our sins, and reward us in the Hereafter)."

33.

Such is the punishment (in this life), but truly, the punishment of the Hereafter is greater, if they but knew.

34.

Verily, for the *Muttaqûn* (pious and righteous persons - see V.2:2) are Gardens of delight (Paradise) with their Lord.

35.

Shall We then treat the (submitting) Muslims like the *Mujrimûn* (criminals, polytheists and disbelievers, etc.)?

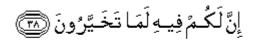
36.

What is the matter with you? How judge you?

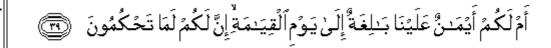
37

Or have you a Book through which you learn.

38.



That you shall have all that you choose?



Or you have oaths from Us, reaching to the Day of Resurrection that yours will be what you judge

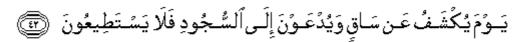
40.

Ask them, which of them will stand surety for that!

41

Or have they "partners"? Then let them bring their "partners" if they are truthful!

42.



(Remember) the Day when the Shin shall be laid bare (i.e. the Day of Resurrection) and they shall be called to prostrate (to Allâh), but they (hypocrites) shall not be able to do so,

43.

Their eyes will be cast down, ignominy will cover them; they used to be called to prostrate (offer prayers), while they were healthy and good (in the life of the world, but they did not).

44

Then leave Me Alone with such as belie this Qur'ân. We shall punish them gradually from directions they perceive not.

45.

And I will grant them a respite. Verily, My Plan is strong.

46.

Or is it that you (O Muhammad SAW) ask them a wage, so that they are heavily burdened with debt?

47.

Or that the *Ghaib* (unseen here in this Verse it means *Al-Lauh Al-Mahfûz*) is in their hands, so that they can write it down?

فَٱصُبِرُ لِحُكُم رَبِّكَ وَلَا تَكُن كَصَاحِبِٱلْحُوتِ إِذْ نَادَىٰ وَهُوَ مَكُظُومٌ



So wait with patience for the Decision of your Lord, and be not like the Companion of the Fish, when he cried out (to Us) while he was in deep sorrow. (See the Qur'ân, Verse 21:87).

49.

Had not a Grace from his Lord reached him, he would indeed have been (left in the stomach of the fish, but We forgave him), so he was cast off on the naked shore, while he was to be blamed.

50.

But his Lord chose him and made him of the righteous.

51.

And verily, those who disbelieve would almost make you slip with their eyes through hatredness when they hear the Reminder (the Qur'ân), and they say: "Verily, he (Muhammad SAW) is a madman!"

52.

But it is nothing else than a Reminder to all the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

69. Al-Hâqqah Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	ٱلُحَآقَة ۗ
	The Reality (i.e. the Day of Resurrection)!
2.	مَا ٱلۡحَآقَةُ ۞
	What is the Reality?
3.	وَمَآ أَدُرَ نَكَ مَا ٱلۡحَآقَةُ ﴾
	And what will make you know what the Reality is?
4.	كَذَّبَتُ ثَمُودُ وَعَاذًا بِٱلْقَارِعَةِ ٢
	Thamûd and 'Ad people denied the <i>Qâri'ah</i> [the striking Hour (of Judgement)]!
5.	فَأَمَّا ثَمُودُ فَأُهُلِكُواْ بِٱلطَّاغِيَةِ ۞
	As for Thamûd, they were destroyed by the awful cry!
6.	وَأَمَّا عَادُ فَأُهُلِكُواْ بِرِيحٍ صَرُصَرٍ عَاتِيَةٍ ۞
	And as for 'Ad, they were destroyed by a furious violent wind;
7.	سَخَّرَهَا عَلَيْهِمُ سَبُعَ لَيَالٍ وَثَمَدنِيَةَ أَيَّامٍ حُسُومًا فَتَرَى ٱلْقَوْمَ فِيهَا صَرُعَىٰ كَأَنَّهُمُ أَعُجَازُ نَخُلٍ خَاوِيَةٍ ۞
	كَأَنَّهُمُ أَعُجَازُ نَخُلٍ خَاوِيَةٍ ۞
	Which Allâh imposed on them for seven nights and eight days in succession, so that you could see men lying overthrown (destroyed), as if they were hollow trunks of date-palms!
8.	فَهَلُ تَرَىٰ لَهُم مِّنَ بَاقِيَةٍ ۞
	Do you see any remnants of them?

And Fir'aun (Pharaoh), and those before him, and the cities overthrown [the towns of the people of [Lout (Lot)] committed sin,

10.

And they disobeyed their Lord's Messenger, so He punished them with a strong punishment.

11

Verily! When the water rose beyond its limits [Nûh's (Noah) Flood], We carried you (mankind) in the floating [ship that was constructed by Nûh (Noah)].

12.

That We might make it a remembrance for you, and the keen ear (person) may (hear and) understand it.

13.

Then when the Trumpet will be blown with one blowing (the first one),

14.

And the earth and the mountains shall be removed from their places, and crushed with a single crushing,

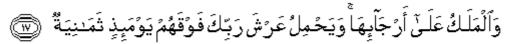
15.

Then on that Day shall the (Great) Event befall,

16.

And the heaven will split asunder, for that Day it (the heaven will be frail (weak), and torn up,

17.



And the angels will be on its sides, and eight angels will, that Day, bear the Throne of your Lord above them.

18.

That Day shall you be brought to Judgement, not a secret of you will be hidden.

19 فَأَمَّا مَنُ أُوتِيَ كِتَنبَهُ وبِيَمِينِهِ عَفَيَقُولُ هَآؤُمُ ٱقُرَءُواْ كِتَنبيَهُ 📵 Then as for him who will be given his Record in his right hand will say: "Take, read my Record! 20. إِنِّي ظَنَنتُ أَنِّي مُلَدقٍ حِسَابِيَهُ 🕝 'Surely, I did believe that I shall meet my Account!" 21. فَهُ وَ فِي عِيشَةٍ رَّاضِيَةٍ ٣ So he shall be in a life, well-pleasing 22 فِي جَنَّةٍ عَالِيَةٍ 🐨 In a lofty Paradise 23. قُطُوفُهَا دَانِيَةٌ ٣ The fruits in bunches whereof will be low and near at hand. 24. كُلُواْ وَٱشُرَبُواْ هَنِيٓئًا بِمَآ أَسَلَفَتُمُ فِي ٱلْأَيَّامِ ٱلْخَالِيَةِ Eat and drink at ease for that which you have sent on before you in days past! 25. وَ أَمَّا مَنُ أُوتِيَ كِتَنبَهُ وبشِمَالِهِ عَفَيَقُولُ يَنلَيُتَنِي لَمُ أُوتَ كِتَنبِيَهُ ﴿ But as for him who will be given his Record in his left hand, will say: "I wish that I had not been given my Record! 26. وَلَّمُ أَدُر مَا حِسَابِيَهُ 📆 'And that I had never known, how my Account is? 27. يَعلَيْتَهَا كَانَت ٱلْقَاضِيَـةَ 🐨 'I wish, would that it had been my end (death)! 28. مَآ أَغُنَىٰ عَنِّي مَالِيَهٌ ﴿ "My wealth has not availed me.

29 هَلَكَ عَنِّي سُلُطَىنِيَهُ 📆 "My power and arguments (to defend myself) have gone from me!" 30. خُذُوهُ فَغُلُّوهُ 🐨 (It will be said): "Seize him and fetter him, 31. ثُمَّ ٱلۡجَحِيمَ صَلُّوهُ 📆 Then throw him in the blazing Fire. 32. ثُمَّ فِي سِلُسِلَةٍ ذَرُعُهَا سَبُعُونَ ذِرَاعًا فَأَسُلُكُوهُ ٦ 'Then fasten him with a chain whereof the length is seventy cubits!" 33. إِنَّهُ و كَانَ لَا يُؤُمِنُ بِٱللَّهِ ٱلْعَظِيم ٣ Verily, He used not to believe in Allâh, the Most Great, 34. وَلَا يَحُضُّ عَلَىٰ طَعَامِ ٱلۡمِسۡكِين 🟐 And urged not on the feeding of AlMiskîn (the poor), [] 35 فَلَيْسَ لَهُ ٱلْيَوْمَ هَنهُنَا حَمِيمٌ ٣ So no friend has he here this Day, 36. وَلَا طَعَامٌ إِلَّا مِنْ غِسُلِينِ 🟐 Nor any food except filth from the washing of wounds 37. لَّا يَأُكُلُـهُ ۚ إِلَّا ٱلْخَــٰطِئُونَ ٣ None will eat except the Khâti'ûn (sinners, disbelievers, polytheists, etc.). 38. فَلَآ أُقُسِمُ بِمَا تُبُصِرُونَ 🔊 So I swear by whatsoever you see 39. وَمَا لَا تُبُصِرُونَ 📆 And by whatsoever you see not

40 إِنَّهُ ۗ لَقَوُلُ رَسُولٍ كَرِيمٍ ۞ That this is verily the word of an honoured Messenger [i.e. Jibrael (Gabriel) or Muhammad SAW which he has brought from Allâh]. 41. وَمَا هُوَ بِقَولِ شَاعِرِ ۚ قَلِيلًا مَّا تُؤُمِنُونَ 🚭 It is not the word of a poet, little is that you believe! 42. وَلَا بِقَوْلِ كَاهِنْ قَلِيلًا مَّا تَذَكَّرُونَ 🚭 Nor is it the word of a soothsayer (or a foreteller), little is that you remember! 43. تَنزِيلٌ مِّن رَّبِّ ٱلْعَىٰلَمِينَ 🐨 This is the Revelation sent down from the Lord of the 'Alamin (mankind, jinns and all that exists) 44 وَلَوُ تَقَوَّلَ عَلَيْنَا بَعُضَ ٱلْأَقَاوِيل 🏐 And if he (Muhammad \mathtt{SAW}) had forged a false saying concerning Us (Allâh \mathtt{swt}), 45 لَأَخَذُنَا مِنْهُ بِٱلْيَمِين @ We surely should have seized him by his right hand (or with power and might), 46. ثُمَّ لَقَطَعُنَا مِنْهُ ٱلُوَتِينَ 📆 And then certainly should have cut off his life artery (Aorta) 47. فَمَا مِنكُم مِّنُ أَحَدٍ عَنُهُ حَنجِزينَ 💮 And none of you could withhold Us from (punishing) him. 48 وَإِنَّهُ ۗ لَتَذُكِرَةٌ لِّلْمُتَّقِينَ شَ And verily, this Qur'an is a Reminder for the Muttaqun (pious - see V.2:2). 49 وَإِنَّا لَنَعُلَمُ أَنَّ مِنكُم مُّكَذِّبينَ @

And verily, We know that there are some among you that belie (this Qur'ân). [Tafsir At-Tabarî, Vol.

29, Page 68

So glorify the Name of your Lord, the Most Great. []

70. Al-Ma'ârij Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	سَأَلَ سَآبٍلُ بِعَذَابٍ وَاقِعٍ ٢
	A questioner asked concerning a torment about to befall
2.	لِّلُكَنفِ رِينَ لَيْسَ لَـهُ و دَافِـعُ ٢
	Upon the disbelievers, which none can avert,
3.	مِّنَ ٱللَّهِ ذِي ٱلْمَعَارِج ۚ
	From Allâh, the Lord of the ways of ascent.
4.	تَعُرُ جُ ٱلْمَلَنْيِكَةُ وَٱلرُّوحُ إِلَيْهِ فِي يَوْمٍ كَانَ مِقُدَارُهُ وخَمُسِينَ أَلْفَ سَنَةٍ
	The angels and the <i>Rûh</i> [Jibrael (Gabriel)] ascend to Him in a Day the measure whereof is fifty thousand years,
5.	فَاصِيرُ صَـبُرًا جَمِيلًا ۞
1	So be patient (O Muhammad SAW), with a good patience.
6.	So be patient (O Muhammad SAW), with a good patience. اِنَّهُمُ يَرَوُنَهُ و بَعِيدًا
6.	
6.	إِنَّهُمُ يَرَوُنَهُ و بَعِيدًا ۞
7.	إِنَّهُمُ يَرَوُّنَهُ وَبَعِيدًا ۞ Verily! They see it (the torment) afar off,
7.	اِنَّهُمُ يَرَوُنَهُ وبَعِيدًا ۞ Verily! They see it (the torment) afar off, وَنَرَنْهُ قَرِيبًا ۞
7.	Verily! They see it (the torment) afar off, الْقَاهُمُ يَرَوْنَهُ وَبَعِيدًا اللهِ الهِ ا
7. 8.	اِنَّهُمُ يَرَوُنَهُ و بَعِيدًا ۞ Verily! They see it (the torment) afar off, But We see it (quite) near. But We see it (quite) near.

10. وَلا يَسْئَلُ حَمِيمٌ حَمِيمًا 🕝 And no friend will ask of a friend 11. يُبَصَّرُونَهُمُّ يَـوَدُّ ٱلمُجُرمُ لَـو يَفُتَـدِى مِـنُ عَـذَابِ يَوُمِيِـذٍ بِبَنِيـهِ Though they shall be made to see one another [(i.e. on the Day of Resurrection), there will be none but see his father, children and relatives, but he will neither speak to them nor will ask them for any help)], - the Mujrim, (criminal, sinner, disbeliever, etc.) would desire to ransom himself from the punishment of that Day by his children. 12. وَصَنحِبَتِهِ ۽ وَأَخِيهِ 🖫 And his wife and his brother. 13. وَفَصِيلَتِهِ ٱلَّتِى تُئُويهِ ﴿ And his kindred who sheltered him, 14 وَمَن فِي ٱلْأَرُضِ جَمِيعًا ثُمَّ يُنجِيهِ ﴾ And all that are in the earth, so that it might save $\lim_{n \to \infty} 1$ 15. كَلَّا إِنَّهَا لَظَيْ ٦ By no means! Verily, it will be the Fire of Hell! 16. نَزَّ اعَـةً لِّلشَّـوَىٰ 🖫 Taking away (burning completely) the head skin! 17. تَدُعُواْ مَنُ أَدُبَرَ وَتَوَلَّىٰ ۞ Calling: "[O Kafir (O disbeliever in Allâh, His angels, His Book, His Messengers, Day of Resurrection and in Al-Qadar (Divine Preordainments), O Mushrik (O polytheist, disbeliever in the Oneness of

Allâh)] (all) such as turn their backs and turn away their faces (from Faith) [picking and swallowing them up from that great gathering of mankind (on the Day of Resurrection) just as a bird picks up a food-grain from the earth with its beak and swallows it up] [Tafsir Al-Qurtubî, Vol. 18, Page 289]

And collect (wealth) and hide it (from spending it in the Cause of Allâh).

وَجَـــمَعَ فَـــأَوُعَنَ 🖫

18.

19. إِنَّ ٱلْإِنسَانَ خُلِقَ هَلُوعًا Verily, man (disbeliever) was created very impatient; 20. إِذَا مَسَّـهُ ٱلشَّـرُّ جَزُوعًـا 🕝 Irritable (discontented) when evil touches him; 21. وَإِذَا مَسَّهُ ٱللَّخَيْرُ مَنُوعًا ﴿ And niggardly when good touches him;-22 إِلَّا ٱلْمُصَلِّينَ 🐨 Except those devoted to *Salât* (prayers) Π 23. ٱلَّذِينَ هُمُ عَلَىٰ صَلَاتِهِمُ دَآبِمُونَ 🐨 Those who remain constant in their Salât (prayers); 24 وَٱلَّذِينَ فِينَ أُمُو الِهِمُ حَتُّ مَّعُلُومٌ ﴿ And those in whose wealth there is a known right, 25 لِّلسَّآبِلِ وَٱلْمَحُرُوم ١ For the beggar who asks, and for the unlucky who has lost his property and wealth, (and his means of living has been straitened); 26. وَٱلَّذِينَ يُصَدِّقُونَ بِيَوُمُ ٱلدِّينِ 📆 And those who believe in the Day of Recompense 27. وَٱلَّذِينَ هُم مِّنُ عَذَاب رَبِّهم مُّشُفِقُونَ 🐨 And those who fear the torment of their Lord, 28. إِنَّ عَذَابَ رَبِّهِمُ غَيْرٌ مَأْمُونِ 🗑 Verily! The torment of their Lord is that before which none can feel secure

29

وَٱلَّذِينَ هُمُ لِفُرُوجِهِمُ حَنفِظُونَ 📆

And those who guard their chastity (i.e. private parts from illegal sexual acts) $^{\Pi}$.

30.

Except with their wives and the (women slaves and captives) whom their right hands possess, for (then) they are not to be blamed,

31.

But whosoever seeks beyond that, then it is those who are trespassers. II

32.

And those who keep their trusts and covenants;

33

And those who stand firm in their testimonies;

34.

And those who guard their *Salât* (prayers) well $^{f I}$

35.

Such shall dwell in the Gardens (i.e. Paradise) honoured.

36.

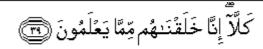
So what is the matter with those who disbelieve that they hasten to listen from you (O Muhammad SAW), in order to belie you and to mock at you, and at Allâh's Book (this Qur'ân).

37.

(Sitting) in groups on the right and on the left (of you, O Muhammad SAW)?

38.

Does every man of them hope to enter the Paradise of delight?



No, that is not like that! Verily, We have created them out of that which they know!

40.

So I swear by the Lord of all [the three hundred and sixty (360)] points of sunrise and sunset in the east and the west that surely We are Able

41

To replace them by (others) better than them; and We are not to be outrun.

42.

So leave them to plunge in vain talk Π and play about, until they meet their Day which they are promised.

43.

The Day when they will come out of the graves quickly as racing to a goal,

44.

With their eyes lowered in fear and humility, ignominy covering them (all over)! That is the Day which they were promised!

71. Nûh Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

Verily, We sent Nûh (Noah) to his people (Saying): "Warn your people before there comes to them a painful torment."

2.

He said: "O my people! Verily, I am a plain warner to you,

3.

"That you should worship Allâh (Alone), be dutiful to Him, and obey me,

4.

"He (Allâh) will forgive you of your sins and respite you to an appointed term. Verily, the term of Allâh when it comes, cannot be delayed, if you but knew."

5.

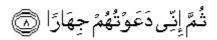
He said: "O my Lord! Verily, I have called my people night and day (i.e. secretly and openly to accept the doctrine of Islâmic Monotheism) $^{[]}$,

6.

"But all my calling added nothing but to (their) flight (from the truth).

7.

"And verily! Every time I called unto them that You might forgive them, they thrust their fingers into their ears, covered themselves up with their garments, and persisted (in their refusal), and magnified themselves in pride.



"Then verily, I called to them openly (aloud);

9.

"Then verily, I proclaimed to them in public, and I have appealed to them in private,

10.

"I said (to them): 'Ask forgiveness from your Lord; Verily, He is Oft-Forgiving;

11.

'He will send rain to you in abundance;

12.

'And give you increase in wealth and children, and bestow on you gardens and bestow on you rivers.'

13.

What is the matter with you, [that you fear not Allâh (His punishment), and] you hope not for reward (from Allâh or you believe not in His Oneness).

14.

While He has created you in (different) stages [i.e. first *Nutfah*, then 'Alaqah and then *Mudghah*, see (VV.23:13,14) the Qur'ân].

15.



See you not how Allâh has created the seven heavens one above another,

16.

And has made the moon a light therein, and made the sun a lamp?

وَٱللَّهُ أَنْبَتَكُم مِّنَ ٱلْأَرْضِ نَبَاتًا ١

And Allâh has brought you forth from the (dust of) earth. [Tafsir At-Tabarî, Vol.29, Page 97].

18.

Afterwards He will return you into it (the earth), and bring you forth (again on the Day of Resurrection)?

19.

And Allâh has made for you the earth wide spread (an expanse).

20.

That you may go about therein in broad roads.

21.

Nûh (Noah) said: "My Lord! They have disobeyed me, and followed one whose wealth and children give him no increase but only loss.

22.

"And they have plotted a mighty plot.

23.

"And they have said: 'You shall not leave your gods, nor shall you leave Wadd, nor Suwâ', nor Yaghûth, nor Ya'ûq, nor Nasr (names of the idols);

24.

"And indeed they have led many astray. And (O Allâh): 'Grant no increase to the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrong-doers, and disbelievers, etc.) save error.' "

مِّمَّا خَطِيٓئَنتِهِمُ أُغُرِقُواْ فَأُدُخِلُواْ نَارًا فَلَمُ يَجِدُواْ لَهُم مِّن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ

أنصَارًا 🌚

Because of their sins they were drowned, then were made to enter the Fire, and they found none to help them instead of Allâh.

26.

And Nûh (Noah) said: "My Lord! Leave not one of the disbelievers on the earth!

27.

"If You leave them, they will mislead Your slaves, and they will beget none but wicked disbelievers."

28.

"My Lord! Forgive me, and my parents, and him who enters my home as a believer, and all the believing men and women. And to the *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, wrong-doers, and disbelievers, etc.) grant You no increase but destruction!"

72. Al-Jinn Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "It has been revealed to me that a group (from three to ten in number) of jinns I listened (to this Qur'ân). They said: 'Verily! We have heard a wonderful Recital (this Qur'ân)!

2.

'It guides to the Right Path, and we have believed therein, and we shall never join (in worship) anything with our Lord (Allâh).

3.

'And exalted be the Majesty of our Lord, He has taken neither a wife, nor a son (or offspring or children). Π

4.

'And that the foolish among us [i.e. *Iblîs* (Satan) or the polytheists amongst the jinns] used to utter against Allâh that which was wrong and not right.

5.

'And verily, we thought that men and jinns would not utter a lie against Allâh.

6.

'And verily, there were men among mankind who took shelter with the masculine among the jinns, but they (jinns) increased them (mankind) in sin and disbelief.

7.

And they thought as you thought, that Allâh will not send any Messenger (to mankind or jinns).

'And we have sought to reach the heaven; but found it filled with stern guards and flaming fires.

9.

'And verily, we used to sit there in stations, to (steal) a hearing, but any who listens now will find a flaming fire watching him in ambush.

10.

'And we know not whether evil is intended for those on earth, or whether their Lord intends for them a Right Path.

11.

'There are among us some that are righteous, and some the contrary; we are groups each having a different way (religious sect, etc.).

12.

'And we think that we cannot escape (from the punishment of) Allâh in the earth, nor can we escape (from the punishment) by flight.

13.

'And indeed when we heard the Guidance (this Qur'ân), we believed therein (Islâmic Monotheism), and whosoever believes in his Lord shall have no fear, either of a decrease in the reward of his good deeds or an increase in punishment for his sins.

14.



'And of us some are Muslims (who have submitted to Allâh, after listening to this Qur'ân), and of us some are *Al-Qâsitûn* (disbelievers those who have deviated from the Right Path)'. And whosoever has embraced Islâm (i.e. has become a Muslim by submitting to Allâh), then such have sought the Right Path."

And as for the *Qâsitûn* (disbelievers who deviated from the Right Path), they shall be firewood for Hell,

16.

If they (non-Muslims) had believed in Allâh, and went on the Right Way (i.e. Islâm) We should surely have bestowed on them water (rain) in abundance.

17

That We might try them thereby. And whosoever turns away from the Reminder of his Lord (i.e. this Qur'ân, and practice not its laws and orders), He will cause him to enter in a severe torment (i.e. Hell).

18.



And the mosques are for Allâh (Alone), so invoke not anyone along with Allâh. $^{f I}$

19.

(It has been revealed to me that) When the slave of Allâh (Muhammad SAW) stood up invoking (his Lord Allâh) in prayer to Him they (the jinns) just made round him a dense crowd as if sticking one over the other (in order to listen to the Prophet's recitation).

20.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I invoke only my Lord (Allâh Alone), and I associate none as partners along with Him."

21.

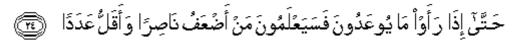
Say: "It is not in my power to cause you harm, or to bring you to the Right Path."

22.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "None can protect me from Allâh's punishment (if I were to disobey Him), nor should I find refuge except in Him.

"(Mine is) but conveyance (of the truth) from Allâh and His Messages (of Islâmic Monotheism), and whosoever disobeys Allâh and His Messenger, then verily, for him is the Fire of Hell, he shall dwell therein forever \Box ."

24.



Till, when they see that which they are promised, then they will know who it is that is weaker concerning helpers and less important concerning numbers.

25.

Say (O Muhammad SAW): "I know not whether (the punishment) which you are promised is near or whether my Lord will appoint for it a distant term.

26.

"(He Alone) the All-Knower of the Ghâ'ib (unseen), and He reveals to none His Ghâ'ib (unseen)."

27.



Except to a Messenger (from mankind) whom He has chosen (He informs him of unseen as much as He likes), and then He makes a band of watching guards (angels) to march before him and behind him.

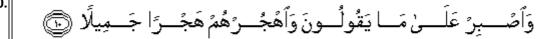
28.

[He (Allâh) protects them (the Messengers)], till He sees that they (the Messengers) have conveyed the Messages of their Lord (Allâh). And He (Allâh) surrounds all that which is with them, and He (Allâh) keeps count of all things (i.e. He knows the exact number of everything).

73. Al-Muzzammil Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.		
	يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلْمُزَّمِّلُ ۞	
	O you wrapped in garments (i.e. Prophet Muhammad SAW)!	
2.	قُم ٱلَّيـُلَ إِلَّا قَلِـيلًا ۞	
	قَصْمِ النَّالَ إِنَّا قَلِينًا لَيْ النَّالِ النَّالِينَا النَّالِ النَّالِينَا النَّالِينَا النَّ	
	Stand (to pray) all night, except a little.	
3.	سري ۾ آهي. مع آهي.	
	نِّصُفَ هُ وَ أَنقُصُ مِنْهُ قَلِيلًا ۞	
	Half of it, or a little less than that,	
4.		
	أُو رَدُ عَلَيْهِ وَرَتِّل ٱلْقُرُءَانَ تَرُتِيلًا ٢	
	Or a little more; and recite the Qur'ân (aloud) in a slow, (pleasant tone and) style ^[] .	
5.	إنَّا سَـنُلُقِي عَلَيُـكَ قَـوُلًا ثَقِيلًا ۞	
	إنا سنلقِي علينك فولا تقِيلا (١	
	Verily, We shall send down to you a weighty Word (i.e. obligations, legal laws, etc.).	
6.		
	إِنَّ نَاشِئَةَ ٱلَّيُلِ هِيَ أَشَدُّ وَطُئًا وَأَقُومُ قِيلًا ۞	
	Verily, the rising by night (for <i>Tahajjud</i> prayer) is very hard and most potent and good for governing	
II I	(the soul), and most suitable for (understanding) the Word (of Allâh).	
7.		
	إِنَّ لَـــكَ فِــــى ٱلنَّهَـــار سَـــبُحًا طَـــوِيلًا ۞	
	Verily, there is for you by day prolonged occupation with ordinary duties,	
8.		
	وَٱذْكُر ٱسُمَ رَبِّكَ وَتَبَتَّلُ إِلَيْهِ تَبُتِيلًا ۞	
	And remarks at the Nieme of court and and decade a court to 12 or 20 or	
=	And remember the Name of your Lord and devote yourself to Him with a complete devotion.	
9.	رَّبُّ ٱلْمَشْرِقِ وَٱلْمَغُرِبِ لَا ٓ إِلَّا هُوَ فَٱتَّخِذُهُ وَكِيلًا ۞	
	ربالمسر في والمعرب م إنه إلا هو فلعده و بيار ال	
	(He Alone is) the Lord of the east and the west, <i>Lâ ilâha illa Huwa</i> (none has the right to be	
	worshipped but He). So take Him Alone as Wakil (Disposer of your affairs) $^{f I}$.	

10



And be patient (O Muhammad SAW) with what they say, and keep away from them in a good way.

11.

And leave Me Alone to deal with the beliers (those who deny My Verses, etc.), and those who are in possession of good things of life. And give them respite for a little while.

12.

Verily, with Us are fetters (to bind them), and a raging Fire.

13.

And a food that chokes, and a painful torment.

14.

On the Day when the earth and the mountains will be in violent shake, and the mountains will be a heap of sand poured out and flowing down.

15.

Verily, We have sent to you (O men) a Messenger (Muhammad SAW) to be a witness over you, as We did send a Messenger [Mûsa (Moses)] to Fir'aun (Pharaoh) [].

16.

But Fir'aun (Pharaoh) disobeyed the Messenger [Mûsa (Moses)], so We seized him with a severe punishment.

17.

Then how can you avoid the punishment, if you disbelieve, on a Day that will make the children greyheaded (i.e. the Day of Resurrection)?

18.

Whereon the heaven will be cleft asunder? His Promise is certainly to be accomplished.

إِنَّ هَلَدِهِ ۦ تَذُكِرَةً ۗ فَمَلَن شَلَّاءَ ٱتَّخَلَدَ إِلَّلَىٰ رَبِّهِ ۦ سَبِيلًا ١

Verily, this is an admonition, therefore whosoever will, let him take a Path to His Lord!

20.

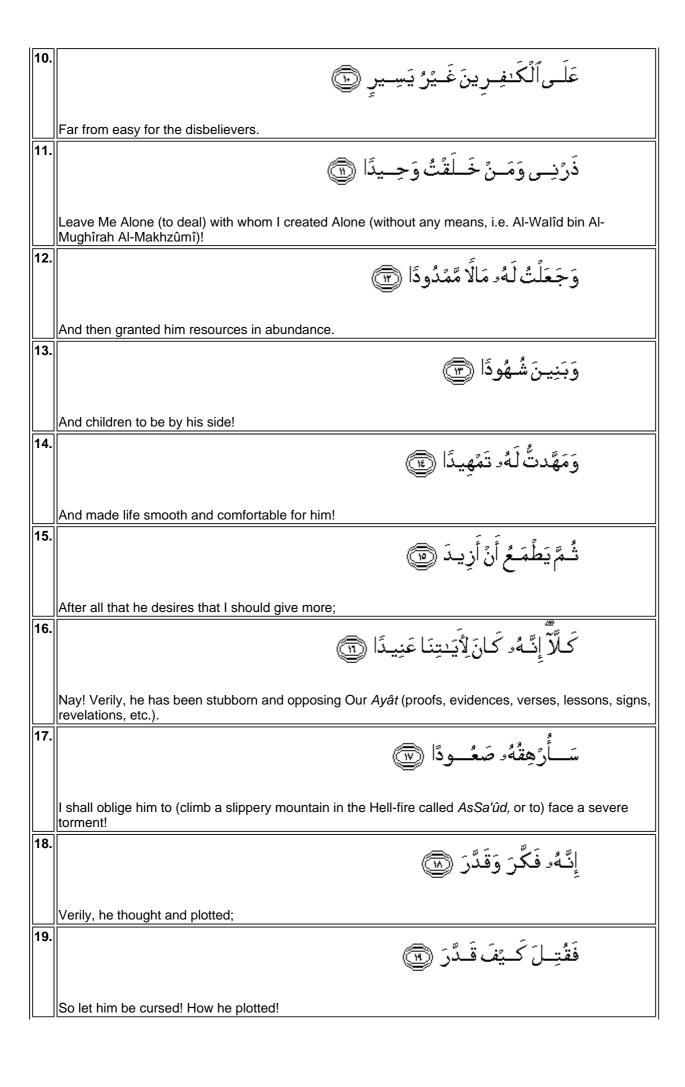
﴿ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ يَعُلَمُ أَنَّكَ تَقُومُ أَدُنَىٰ مِن ثُلُثَى اللَّيْ وَنِصُفَهُ وَثُلُثَهُ وَطَآيِفَةٌ مِن اللَّهُ يَقَدِّرُ اللَّيْ لَ وَالنَّهَارَ عَلِمَ أَن لَّن تُحُصُوهُ مِّنَ اللَّهِ يَقَدِّرُ اللَّيْ لَ وَالنَّهَارَ عَلِمَ أَن لَّن تُحُصُوهُ مِّنَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْكُم مَ فَا اللَّهُ يُقَدِّرُ اللَّيْ لَ وَالنَّهَارَ عَلِمَ أَن سَيكُونُ فَتَابَ عَلَيْكُم مَ فَا اللَّهُ وَا مَا تَيَسَّرَ مِنَ اللَّهُ رُءَانِ عَلِمَ أَن سَيكُونُ مِن اللَّهُ رُءَانِ عَلِمَ أَن سَيكُونُ مِن كُم مَّرُضَى فَا وَاخَرُونَ يَضُرِبُ ونَ فِي مَن اللَّهُ وَالْمَ عَلَى مَا تَيَسَّرَ فَي مَن فِي مَن اللَّهُ فَا اللَّهُ وَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَا اللَّهُ وَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ الَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَا اللَّهُ اللَ

وَمَا تُقَدِّمُواْ لِأَنفُسِكُم مِّنُ خَيْرٍ تَجِدُوهُ عِندَ ٱللَّهِ هُوَ خَيْرًا وَأَعُظَمَ أَجُرًاْ وَٱسۡتَغۡفِرُواْ ٱللَّهَ ۗ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ۞

Verily, your Lord knows that you do stand (to pray at night) a little less than two-thirds of the night, or half the night, or a third of the night, and so do a party of those with you, And Allâh measures the night and the day. He knows that you are unable to pray the whole night, so He has turned to you (in mercy). So, recite you of the Qur'ân as much as may be easy for you. He knows that there will be some among you sick, others travelling through the land, seeking of Allâh's Bounty; yet others fighting in Allâh's Cause. So recite as much of the Qur'ân as may be easy (for you), and perform As-Salât (Iqâmat-as-Salât) and give Zakât, and lend to Allâh a goodly loan, and whatever good you send before you for yourselves, (i.e. Nawâfil non-obligatory acts of worship: prayers, charity, fasting, Hajj and 'Umrah, etc.), you will certainly find it with Allâh, better and greater in reward. And seek Forgiveness of Allâh. Verily, Allâh is Oft-Forgiving, Most-Merciful

74. Al-Muddaththir Introduction to this Surat.

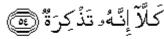
	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلْمُدَّثِّرُ ۞
	O you (Muhammad SAW) enveloped (in garments)!
2.	قُمٌ فَأَنذِرُ ۞
	Arise and warn!
3.	وَرَبَّكَ فَكَبِّرُ ۞
	And your Lord (Allâh) magnify!
4.	وَثِيَـابَكَ فَطَهِّـرً ۞
	And your garments purify!
5.	وَٱلرُّجُزَ فَٱهُجُرُ ۞
	And keep away from <i>Ar-Rujz</i> (the idols)!
6.	وَلَا تَمُنُن تَسُتَكُثِرُ ٢
	And give not a thing in order to have more (or consider not your deeds of Allâh's obedience as a favour to Allâh).
7.	وَلِرَبِّكَ فَاصُبِرُ ۞
	And be patient for the sake of your Lord (i.e. perform your duty to Allâh)!
8.	فَإِذَا نُقِرَ فِي ٱلنَّاقُورِ ۞
	Then, when the Trumpet is sounded (i.e. its second blowing);
9.	فَذَالِكَ يَوُمَ إِذِ يَوُمُّ عَسِيرٌ ۞
	Truly, that Day will be a Hard Day.



20.	
	ثُـــمَّ قُتِـــلَ كَـــيُّفَ قَـــدَّرَ 🐨
	3 " 3 '
	And once more let him be cursed, how he plotted!
21.	And once more let him be cursed, now he plotted:
	ثُمَّ نَظَرَ 🖫
	Then he thought;
22.	-
	شُـمَّ عَبَسَ وَبَسَـرَ 🐨
	Then he frowned and he looked in a bad tempered way;
23.	
	ثُــمَّ أَدُبَــرَ وَٱسُــتَكُبَرَ ﴿
	Then he turned back and was proud;
24.	
	فَقَالَ إِنَّ هَدِنَآ إِلَّا سِحُرٌ يُؤُثِّرُ ۞
	Then he said: "This is nothing but magic from that of old;
25.	- 200 - 5 pr
	إِنَّ هَـــذَآ إِلَّا قَــوُّلُ ٱلْبَشَـرِ ۞
	"This is nothing but the word of a human being!"
26.	
	سَأَصُلِيهِ سَـقَرَ 🟐
	I will cast him into Hell-fire ^[]
27.	
	وَمَآ أُدُرَىٰكَ مَا سَقَرُ ۞
	And what will make you know exactly what Hell-fire is?
28.	رُ الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
	لا تُبُقِى وَلا تَــذَرُ شَ
	It spares not (any sinner), nor does it leave (anything unburnt)!
29.	اَ عَالَ مُعَالِّمُ مِنْ الْمُعَالِّمُ الْمُعَالِّمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِّمُ الْمُعَالِّمُ الْمُعَالِّمُ ال
	لَوَّاحَةٌ لِّلْبَشَرِ ۞
	Burning the skins!
30.	عَلَيْهَا تِسُعَةَ عَشَرَ ﴿
	عليها يسعه عشر س
	Over it are nineteen (angels as guardians and keepers of Hell).

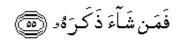
37. لِمَن شَآءَ مِنكُمُ أَن يَتَقَدَّمَ أَوُ يَتَأَخَّرَ 🐨 To any of you that chooses to go forward (by working righteous deeds), or to remain behind (by commiting sins), 38. كُلُّ نَفُسٍ بِمَا كَسَبَتُ رَهِينَةً ﷺ Every person is a pledge for what he has earned 39 إِلَّا أَصْحَنبَ ٱلْيَمِينِ 📆 Except those on the Right, (i.e. the pious true believers of Islâmic Monotheism); 40. فِي جَنَّدتِ يَتَسَآءَلُونَ 🚭 In Gardens (Paradise) they will ask one another, 41 عَن ٱلْمُجُرِمِينَ ١ About Al-Mujrimûn (polytheists, criminals, disbelievers, etc.), (And they will say to them): 42. مَا سَلَكَكُمُ فِي سَقَرَ ٣ 'What has caused you to enter Hell?" 43. قَالُواْ لَمُ نَكُ مِنَ ٱلْمُصَلِّينَ ﴿ They will say: "We were not of those who used to offer their Salat (prayers) $^{f I}$ 44. وَلَمُ نَكُ نُطُعِمُ ٱلْمِسُكِينَ ﴿ "Nor we used to feed AI-Miskin (the poor); 45. وَكُنَّا نَخُوضُ مَعَ ٱلۡخَآبِضِينَ @ 'And we used to talk falsehood (all that which Allâh hated) with vain talkers $^{f IJ}$ 46. وَكُنَّا نُكَذِّبُ بِيَـوَمُ ٱلدِّينِ **ﷺ** 'And we used to belie the Day of Recompense $^{oldsymbol{\Pi}}$

حَتَّىٰٓ أَتَننَا ٱلْيَقِينُ ۞ 'Until there came to us (the death) that is certain." 48. فَمَا تَنفَعُهُمُ شَفَعَةُ ٱلشَّنفِعِينَ 📆 So no intercession of intercessors will be of any use to them. 49 فَمَا لَهُمُ عَن ٱلتَّذُكِرَةِ مُعُرِضِينَ 🚭 Then what is wrong with them (i.e. the disbelievers) that they turn away from (receiving) admonition? 50. كَأَنَّهُمُ حُمُرٌ ۗ مُّسُتَنفِرَ ةُ ﴿ اللَّهِ As if they were frightened (wild) donkeys. 51. فَرَّتُ مِن قَسُورَةٍ 🌑 Fleeing from a hunter, or a lion, or a beast of prey. 52. بَـلُ يُريـدُ كُـلُّ ٱمُـرِي مِّنْهُـمُ أَن يُـؤُتَىٰ صُحُفًا مُّنَشَّرَةً ۖ ۞ Nay, everyone of them desires that he should be given pages spread out (coming from Allâh with a writing that Islâm is the right religion, and Muhammad SAW has come with the truth from Allâh the Lord of the heavens and earth, etc.). 53. كَلَّا ۚ بَل لَّا يَخَافُونَ ٱلْأَخِرَةَ ۗ Nay! But they fear not the Hereafter (from Allâh's punishment). 54. كَلَّآ إِنَّهُ وتَذُكِرَةٌ 🏐



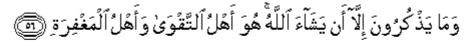
Nay, verily, this (Qur'an) is an admonition,

55



So whosoever will (let him read it), and receive admonition (from it)!

56.



And they will not receive admonition unless Allâh wills; He (Allâh) is the One, deserving that mankind should be afraid of, and should be dutiful to Him, and should not take any Ilâh (God) along with Him, and He is the One Who forgives (sins).

75. Al-Qiyâmah Introduction to this Surat.

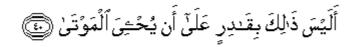
	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	لَآ أُقُسِمُ بِيَوْمِ ٱلۡقِيَـٰمَةِ ۞	
	I swear by the Day of Resurrection;	
2.	وَلَا أُقُسِمُ بِٱلنَّفُسِ ٱللَّوَّامَةِ ٢	
	And I swear by the self-reproaching person (a believer).	
3.	أَيَحُسَبُ ٱلْإِنسَنُ أَلَّن نَّجُمَعَ عِظَامَهُ ﴿ آ	
	Does man (a disbeliever) think that We shall not assemble his bones?	
4.	بَلَىٰ قَددِرِينَ عَلَىْ أَن نُّسَوِّىَ بَنَانَهُ و اللهِ	
	Yes, We are Able to put together in perfect order the tips of his fingers. ^[]	
5.	بَلُ يُرِيدُ ٱلْإِنسَنُ لِيَفَجُرَ أَمَامَهُ و ۞	
	Nay! (Man denies Resurrection and Reckoning. So) he desires to continue committing sins.	
6.	يَسُئَلُ أَيَّانَ يَوُمُ ٱلُقِيَهِ ﴿	
	He asks: "When will be this Day of Resurrection?"	
7.	فَإِذَا بَرِقَ ٱلْبَصَرُ ۞	
	So, when the sight shall be dazed,	
8.	وَخَسَفَ ٱلْقَمَرُ ۞	
	And the moon will be eclipsed,	
9.	وَجُمِعَ ٱلشَّمْسُ وَٱلْقَمَرُ ۞	
II I	And the sun and moon will be joined together (by going one into the other or folded up or deprived of their light, etc.) \Box	

10. يَقُولُ ٱلَّإِنسَانُ يَوُمَبِذٍ أَيُنَ ٱلْمَفَرُّ ۞ On that Day man will say: "Where (is the refuge) to flee?" 11. كَلَّا لَا وَزَرَ 🟐 No! There is no refuge! 12. إِلَىٰ رَبُّكَ يَوُمَبِذِ ٱلْمُسُتَقَرُّ ٣ Unto your Lord (Alone) will be the place of rest that Day. 13. يُنَبَّوُّا ٱلۡإِنسَـــٰنُ يَوُّمَبٍ ذِ بِمَا قَدَّمَ وَأَخَّرَ ﴿ On that Day man will be informed of what he sent forward (of his evil or good deeds), and what he left behind (of his good or evil traditions). 14. بَل ٱلَّإِنسَانُ عَلَىٰ نَفُسِهِ عَبَصِيرَةٌ ٦ Nay! Man will be a witness against himself [as his body parts (skin, hands, legs, etc.) will speak about his deeds]. 15. وَلَـوُ أَلُقَـىٰ مَعَاذِيرَهُ و 🚳 Though he may put forth his excuses (to cover his evil deeds). 16. لا تُحَرِّكُ بِهِ ۽ لِسَانَكَ لِتَعُجَلَ بِهِ ٓ ۗ 🟐 Move not your tongue concerning (the Qur'an, O Muhammad SAW) to make haste therewith. 17. إِنَّ عَلَيْنَا جَمُعَهُ و وَقُرُءَانَهُ و سَ It is for Us to collect it and to give you (O Muhammad SAW) the ability to recite it (the Qur'an), 18. فَإِذَا قَرَ أَنَكُ فَأَتَّبِعُ قُرُءَانَهُ و 🔊 And when We have recited it to you [O Muhammad SAW through Jibrael (Gabriel)], then follow you its (the Qur'ân's) recital. 19. ثُمَّ إِنَّ عَلَيْنَا بَيَانَهُ و 📆

Then it is for Us (Allâh) to make it clear to you,

20. كَلَّا بَلُ تُحِبُّونَ ٱلْعَاجِلَةَ 🕝 Not [as you think, that you (mankind) will not be resurrected and recompensed for your deeds], but (you men) love the present life of this world, 21. وَتَــذَرُونَ ٱلْأَخِرَةَ 📆 And leave (neglect) the Hereafter. 22 وُجُوهُ يَوُمَبِذٍ نَّاضِرَةٌ 🐨 Some faces that Day shall be Nâdirah (shining and radiant) 23 إِلَّىٰ رَبِّهَا نَاظِرَةٌ ٣ Looking at their Lord (Allâh); 24. وَوُجُوهُ يَوُمَبِذٍ بَاسِرَةٌ 📆 And some faces, that Day, will be Bâsirah (dark, gloomy, frowning, and sad) 25. تَظُنُّ أَن يُفْعَلَ بِهَا فَاقِرَةٌ ٣ Thinking that some calamity was about to fall on them; 26. كَلَّا إِذَا بَلَغَتِ ٱلتَّرَاقِيَ 🗃 Nay, when (the soul) reaches to the collar bone (i.e. up to the throat in its exit), 27. وَقِيــلَ مَــنُّ رَاقِ 🜚 And it will be said: "Who can cure him and save him from death?" 28. وَظَنَّ أَنَّهُ ٱلْفِرَاقُ 🗃 And he (the dying person) will conclude that it was (the time) of departing (death); 29 وَٱلۡتَفَّتِٱلسَّاقُ بِٱلسَّاقِ 📆 And leg will be joined with another leg (shrouded) $^{f IJ}$

30. إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ يَوُمَبِذِ ٱلْمَسَاقُ 📆 The drive will be, on that Day, to your Lord (Allâh)! 31. فَلَا صَدَّقَ وَلَا صَلَّىٰ 📆 So he (the disbeliever) neither believed (in this Qur'ân, in the Message of Muhammad SAW) nor prayed! 32. وَلَنكِن كَذَّبَوَتَوَلَّىٰ ٣ But on the contrary, he belied (this Qur'ân and the Message of Muhammad SAW) and turned away! 33. ثُمَّ ذَهَبَ إِلَىٰٓ أَهُلِهِ ۦ يَتَمَطَّىٰۤ ٣٣ Then he walked in full pride to his family admiring himself! 34. أُوْلَىٰ لَكَ فَأُولَىٰ 📆 Woe to you [O man (disbeliever)]! And then (again) woe to you! 35 ثُمَّ أُولَىٰ لَكَ فَأُولَىٰ 📆 Again, woe to you [O man (disbeliever)]! And then (again) woe to you! 36. أَيَحُسَبُ ٱلْإِنسَينُ أَن يُتُرَكَ سُدًى ﴿ Does man think that he will be left Suda [neglected without being punished or rewarded for the obligatory duties enjoined by his Lord (Allâh) on him]? 37. أَلَمُ يَكُ نُطُفَةً مِّن مَّنِيِّ يُمُنَىٰ 🐨 Was he not a Nutfah (mixed male and female discharge of semen) poured forth? 38. ثُمَّ كَانَ عَلَقَةً فَخَلَقَ فَسَوَّىٰ ٦ Then he became an 'Alaqa (a clot); then (Allâh) shaped and fashioned (him) in due proportion. Π 39. فَجَعَلَ مِنْهُ ٱلزَّوُجَيِّن ٱلذَّكَرَ وَٱلْأَنثَنَّ ٣ And made him in two sexes, male and female.



Is not He (Allâh Who does that), Able to give life to the dead? (Yes! He is Able to do all things).

76. Al-Insân or Ad-Dahr Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful, 1. هَلُ أَتَىٰ عَلَى ٱلَّإِنسَانِ حِينٌ مِّنَ ٱلدَّهُرِ لَمُ يَكُن شَيُّنَا مَّذُكُورًا ١ Has there not been over man a period of time, when he was nothing to be mentioned? 2. إِنَّا خَلَقُنَا ٱلَّإِنسَينَ مِن نُّطُفَةٍ أَمُشَاجِ نَّبْتَلِيهِ فَجَعَلْنَيهُ سَمِيعًا بَصِيرًا Verily, We have created man from Nutfah drops of mixed semen (discharge of man and woman), in order to try him, so We made him hearer, seer. 3. إنَّا هَدَيْنَــهُ ٱلسَّـبيلَ إمَّا شَـاكِرًا وَإمَّا كُفُـورًا ۞ Verily, We showed him the way, whether he be grateful or ungrateful. 4. إِنَّا أَعُتَدُنَا لِلْكَنفِرِينَ سَلَنسِلًا ۚ وَأَغُلَنلًا وَسَعِيرًا ٢ Verily, We have prepared for the disbelievers iron chains, iron collars, and a blazing Fire. 5. إِنَّ ٱلْأَبُــرَارَ يَشُــرَبُونَ مِــن كَــأُسِ كَــانَ مِزَاجُهَـا كَـافُورًا ١٠٠٠ Verily, the Abrâr (pious, who fear Allâh and avoid evil), shall drink a cup (of wine) mixed with water from a spring in Paradise called Kâfûr. 6. عَيُنًا يَشُرَبُ بِهَا عِبَادُ ٱللَّهِ يُفَجِّرُ ونَهَا تَفُجيرًا ﴿ A spring wherefrom the slaves of Allâh will drink, causing it to gush forth abundantly. 7. يُوفُونَ بِٱلنَّذُرِ وَيَخَافُونَ يَوُمًا كَانَ شَرُّهُ و مُسُتَطِيرًا ﴿ They (are those who) fulfill (their) vows, and they fear a Day whose evil will be wide-spreading 8. وَيُطُعِمُ وِنَ ٱلطُّعَامَ عَلَىٰ حُـبِّهِۦ مِسُكِينًا وَيَتِيمًا وَ أَسِيرًا 🔝

And they give food, inspite of their love for it (or for the love of Him), to $\textit{Miskin}^{\square}$ (poor), the orphan, and the captive,

9

(Saying): "We feed you seeking Allâh's Countenance only. We wish for no reward, nor thanks from you.

10.

"Verily, We fear from our Lord a Day, hard and distressful, that will make the faces look horrible (from extreme dislikeness to it)."

11

So Allâh saved them from the evil of that Day, and gave them Nadratan (a light of beauty) and joy.

12.

And their recompense shall be Paradise, and silken garments, because they were patient

13.

Reclining therein on raised thrones, they will see there neither the excessive heat of the sun, nor the excessive bitter cold, (as in Paradise there is no sun and no moon).

14.

And the shade thereof is close upon them, and the bunches of fruit thereof will hang low within their reach.

15

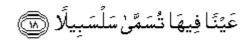
And amongst them will be passed round vessels of silver and cups of crystal,

16.

Crystal-clear, made of silver. They will determine the measure thereof according to their wishes.

17.

And they will be given to drink there a cup (of wine) mixed with Zanjabîl (ginger, etc.),



A spring there, called Salsabîl.

19.

* وَيَطُوفُ عَلَيْهِمُ وِلُدَنُّ مُّخَلَّدُونَ إِذَا رَأَيْتَهُمُ حَسِبُتَهُمُ لُؤُلُؤًا مَّنتُورًا



And round about them will (serve) boys of everlasting youth. If you see them, you would think them scattered pearls.

20.

And when you look there (in Paradise), you will see a delight (that cannot be imagined), and a great dominion.

21.

Their garments will be of fine green silk, and gold embroidery. They will be adorned with bracelets of silver, and their Lord will give them a pure drink.

22.

(And it will be said to them): "Verily, this is a reward for you, and your endeavour has been accepted."

23.

Verily! It is We Who have sent down the Qur'ân to you (O Muhammad SAW) by stages.

24.

Therefore be patient (O Muhammad SAW) and submit to the Command of your Lord (Allâh, by doing your duty to Him and by conveying His Message to mankind), and obey neither a sinner nor a disbeliever among them.

25.

And remember the Name of your Lord every morning and afternoon [i.e. offering of the Morning (*Fajr*), *Zuhr*, and '*Asr* prayers].

And during night, prostrate yourself to Him (i.e. the offering of *Maghrib* and '*Ishâ'* prayers), and glorify Him a long night through (i.e. *Tahajjud* prayer).

27.

Verily! These (disbelievers) love the present life of this world, and put behind them a heavy Day (that will be hard).

28.

It is We Who created them, and We have made them of strong built. And when We will, We can replace them with others like them with a complete replacement.

29.

Verily! This (Verses of the Qur'ân) is an admonition, so whosoever wills, let him take a Path to his Lord (Allâh).

30.

But you cannot will, unless Allâh wills. Verily, Allâh is Ever All-Knowing, All-Wise.

31.

He will admit to His Mercy whom He will and as for the *Zâlimûn*, (polytheists, wrong-doers, etc.) He has prepared a painful torment.

77. Al-Mursalât Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	وَٱلْمُرُسَلَنِ عُرُفًا ۞
	By the winds (or angels or the Messengers of Allâh) sent forth one after another.
2.	فَالُغَنصِفَنتِ عَصْفًا ۞
	And by the winds that blow violently,
3.	وَٱلنَّنشِرَتِ نَشُرًا ٦
	And by the winds that scatter clouds and rain;
4.	فَـاَّلُفَدرِ قَدتِ فَرُقًا ۞
	And by the Verses (of the Qur'ân) that separate the right from the wrong.
5.	فَٱلْمُلُقِيَنتِ ذِكُرًا ۞
	And by the angels that bring the revelations to the Messengers,
6.	عُذُرًا أَوْ نُذُرًا ۞
	To cut off all excuses or to warn;
7.	إِنَّمَا تُوعَدُونَ لَوَ قِيُّعُ ۞
	Surely, what you are promised must come to pass.
8.	فَإِذَا ٱلنُّجُومُ طُمِسَتُ ٨
	Then when the stars lose their lights;
9.	وَإِذَا ٱلسَّمَآءُ فُرِجَتُ ۞
	And when the heaven is cleft asunder;

10. وَإِذَا ٱلُّحِبَالُ نُسِفَتُ 💮 And when the mountains are blown away; 11. وَإِذَا ٱلرُّسُلُ أُقِّتَتُ ٦ And when the Messengers are gathered to their time appointed; 12. لِأَيِّ يَــُومُ أُجِّلَتُ ﴿ For what Day are these signs postponed? 13. لِيَــــوُم ٱلُفَصُـــلِ 🖫 For the Day of sorting out (the men of Paradise from the men destined for Hell) 14. وَمَآ أَدُرَىٰكَ مَا يَوْمُ ٱلۡفَصُل 🗃 And what will explain to you what is the Day of sorting out? 15. وَيُلُّ يَوُمَبِذٍ لِّلُمُكَذِّبِينَ ۞ Woe that Day to the deniers (of the Day of Resurrection)! 16. أَلَـمُ نُهُلِـكِ ٱلْأَوَّلِيـنَ ۞ Did We not destroy the ancients? 17. ثُمَّ نُتُبِعُهُمُ ٱلْأَخِرِينَ ﴿ So shall We make later generations to follow them. 18. كَــذَالِكَ نَفُعَــلُ بِــالَّلُمُجُرِمِينَ 🚳 Thus do We deal with the Mujrimûn (polytheists, disbelievers, sinners, criminals, etc.)! 19. وَيُلُّ يَوُمَبِذِ لِّلْمُكَذِّبِينَ 📆 Woe that Day to the deniers (of the Day of Resurrection)! 20. أَلَمُ نَخُـلُقكُّم مِّن مَّآءٍ مَّهِينِ 💮 Did We not create you from a worthless water (semen, etc.)?

21 فَجَعَلَّنَكُ فِي قَرَارٍ مَّكِينٍ ٣ Then We placed it in a place of safety (womb) 22. إِلَىٰ قَدَرِ مَّعُلُوم 🐨 For a known period (determined by gestation)? 23. فَقَدَرُنَا فَنِعُمَ ٱلْقَدِرُونَ ٣ So We did measure, and We are the Best to measure (the things). 24. وَيُـلُّ يَوُمَبِـذٍ لِّلُمُكَـذِّبِينَ ﴿ Woe that Day to the deniers (of the Day of Resurrection)! 25. أَلَمُ نَجُعَلَ ٱلأَرُضَ كِفَاتًا ١ Have We not made the earth a receptacle? 26. أَحْيَاءً وَأَمُوَاتًا 📆 For the living and the dead 27. وَجَعَلْنَا فِيهَا رَوَسِيَ شَمِخَدتٍ وَأَسُقَينَدكُم مَّآءً فُرَاتًا ٣ And have placed therein firm, and tall mountains; and have given you to drink sweet water? 28. وَيُلُّ يَوُمَٰإِذِ لِّلْمُكَذِّبِينَ 📆 Woe that Day to the deniers (of the Day of Resurrection)! 29 ٱنطَلِقُ وٓا إلَىٰ مَا كُنتُم بِهِ - تُكَذِّبُونَ ٢ (It will be said to the disbelievers): "Depart you to that which you used to deny! 30. ٱنطَلِقُوٓا ۚ إِلَىٰ ظِلِّ ذِي ثَلَنثِ شُعَبِ 🟐 Depart you to a shadow (of Hell-fire smoke ascending) in three columns. 31. لَّا ظَلِيلِ وَلَا يُغُنِى مِنَ ٱللَّهَبِ 📆 "Neither shading, nor of any use against the fierce flame of the Fire."

32. إِنَّهَا تَـرُمِى بِشَـرَرِ كَـاَلُقَصُر 🟐 Verily! It (Hell) throws sparks (huge) as Al-Qasr [a fort or a Qasr (huge log of wood)]. 33. كَأَنَّهُ و جِمَالَتُ صُفُرٌ ٣ As if they were Jimâlatun Sufr (yellow camels or bundles of ropes)." 34. وَيُــلُّ يَوُمَلِــذٍ لِّلْمُكَــذِّبِينَ ﴿ Woe that Day to the deniers (of the Day of Resurrection)! 35 هَدِذَا يَوُمُ لَا يَنطِقُونَ 📆 That will be a Day when they shall not speak (during some part of it), 36 وَلَا يُؤُذَنُ لَهُمُ فَيَعُتَذِرُونَ 🗂 And they will not be permitted to put forth any excuse. 37. وَيُـلُ يُو مَبِنِ لِللَّهُ كَنْدِبِينَ ٣ Woe that Day to the deniers (of the Day of Resurrection)! 38. هَدِذَا يَوُمُ ٱلْفَصُلُّ جَمَعُنَدكُمُ وَٱلْأُوَّلِينَ 📆 That will be a Day of Decision! We have brought you and the men of old together! 39 فَإِن كَانَ لَكُمُ كَيُدُ فَكِيدُون 🟐 So if you have a plot, use it against Me (Allah swt)! 40. وَيُلُّ يَوُمَإِذِ لِّلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ٦ Woe that Day to the deniers (of the Day of Resurrection)! 41. إِنَّ ٱلْمُتَّقِينَ فِي ظِلَالٍ وَعُيُونٍ ١ Verily, the Muttaqûn (pious - see V.2:2) shall be amidst shades and springs. 42. وَ فَوَ ٰ كِهَ مِمَّا يَشُتَهُونَ 📆 And fruits, such as they desire.

كُلُواْ وَٱشُرَبُواْ هَنِيٓئًا بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَعُمَلُونَ ٣

"Eat and drink comfortably for that which you used to do.

44.

Verily, thus We reward the Muhsinûn (good-doers).

45.

Woe that Day to the deniers (of the Day of Resurrection)!

46.

(O you disbelievers)! Eat and enjoy yourselves (in this worldly life) for a little while. Verily, you are the *Mujrimûn* (polytheists, disbelievers, sinners, criminals, etc.).

47.

Woe that Day to the deniers (of the Day of Resurrection)!

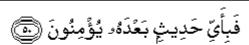
48.

And when it is said to them: "Bow down yourself (in prayer)!" They bow not down (offer not their prayers) $^{\rm II}$.

49.

Woe that Day to the deniers (of the Day of Resurrection)!

50.

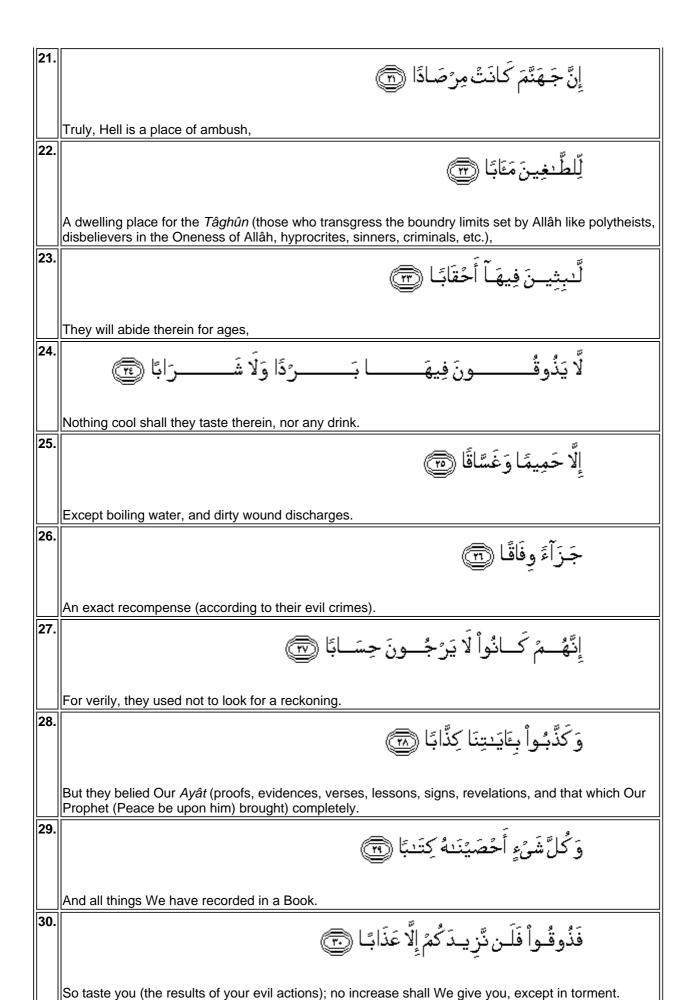


Then in what statement after this (the Qur'ân) will they believe?

78. An-Naba' Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	عَـمَّ يَتَسَـآءَلُونَ ۞
	What are they asking (one another)?
2.	عَنِ ٱلنَّبَا ٟٱلْعَظِيمِ ۞
	About the great news, (i.e. Islâmic Monotheism, the Qur'ân, which Prophet Muhammad (Peace be upon him)brought and the Day of Resurrection, etc.),
3.	ٱلَّذِي هُمُ فِيهِ مُخَتَلِفُونَ ۞
	About which they are in disagreement.
4.	كَلَّا سَيَعُلَمُونَ ۞
	Nay, they will come to know!
5.	شُمَّ كَلَّا سَيَعُلَمُونَ ۞
	Nay, again, they will come to know!
6.	أَلَمُ نَجُعَلِ ٱلْأَرُضَ مِهَددًا ۞
	Have We not made the earth as a bed,
7.	وَٱلۡجِبَالَ أَوۡتَادًا ۞
	And the mountains as pegs?
8.	وَخَلَقُنْكُمُ أَزُو اجًا ٢
	And We have created you in pairs (male and female, tall and short, good and bad, etc.).
9.	وَجَعَلُنَا نَوُمَكُمُ سُبَاتًا ۞
	And have made your sleep as a thing for rest.

10. وَجَعَلُنَا ٱلَّيُلَ لِبَاسًا ۞ And have made the night as a covering (through its darkness) 11. وَجَعَلُنَا ٱلنَّهَارَ مَعَاشًا ﴿ And have made the day for livelihood. 12. وَبَنَيْنَا فَوُقَكُمُ سَبُعًا شِدَادًا And We have built above you seven strong (heavens). 13. وَجَعَلُنَا سِرَاجًا وَهَّاجًا ٣ And have made (therein) a shinning lamp (sun). 14. وَ أَنزَ لُنَا مِنَ ٱلْمُعُصِرَ ٣ مَآءً ثَجَّاجًا ٦ And have sent down from the rainy clouds abundant water. 15. لِّنُخُر جَبِهِ عَبًّا وَنَبَاتًا ١ That We may produce therewith corn and vegetations 16. وَجَنَّنتِ أَلْفَافًا 📆 And gardens of thick growth. 17. إِنَّ يَوْمَ ٱلْفُصُل كَانَ مِيقَنتًا ﴿ Verily, the Day of Decision is a fixed time, 18. يَوُمَ يُنفَخُ فِي ٱلصُّورِ فَتَأْتُونَ أَفُوَاجًا ﴿ The Day when the Trumpet will be blown, and you shall come forth in crowds (groups); 19. وَ فُتحَت ٱلسَّمَآءُ فَكَانَتُ أَبُوَ بَا 🕝 And the heaven shall be opened, and it will become as gates 20. وَسُـيّرَ تِٱلُّجِبَالُ فَكَانَتُ سَرَابًا 💮 And the mountains shall be moved away from their places and they will be as if they were a mirage.



31. إِنَّ لِلْمُتَّقِينِ مَفَازًا 📆 Verily, for the *Muttaqûn*[], there will be a success (Paradise); 32. حَــدَآبِقَ وَأَعُنَئِـا 📆 Gardens and grapeyards; 33. وَ كَوَاعِبَ أَتُرَابًا 📆 And young full-breasted (mature) maidens of equal age; 34. وَ كَأْسًا دِهَاقًا 📆 And a full cup (of wine). 35. لَّا يَسُمَعُونَ فِيهَا لَغُوًا وَلَا كِذَّابًا 🕝 No Laghw (dirty, false, evil talk) shall they hear therein, nor lying; 36 جَزَآءً مِّنرَّبُّكَ عَطَآءً حِسَابًا 📆 A reward from your Lord, an ample calculated gift (according to the best of their good deeds)[]. 37. رَّبّ ٱلسَّمَـوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ وَمَا بَيُنَهُمَا ٱلرَّحُـمَـنُّ لَا يَمُلِكُـونَ مِنْهُ خِطَابًا (From) the Lord of the heavens and the earth, and whatsoever is in between them, the Most Beneficent, none can dare to speak with Him (on the Day of Resurrection except after His Leave). 38. وَقَالَ صَوَابًا 🗺 The Day that Ar-Rûh [Jibrael (Gabriel) or another angel] and the angels will stand forth in rows, none

The Day that *Ar-Rûh* [Jibrael (Gabriel) or another angel] and the angels will stand forth in rows, none shall speak except him whom the Most Beneficent (Allâh) allows, and he will speak what is right.

39.

ذَ لِكَ ٱللَّيَوُّمُ ٱللَّحَقُّ فَمَن شَآءَ ٱتَّخَذَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِۦ مَّابًا 🟐

That is without doubt the True Day, so, whosoever wills, let him seek a place with (or a way to) His Lord (by obeying Him in this worldly life)!

إِنَّاۤ أَنذَرُنَكُمُ عَذَابًا قَرِيبًا يَوُمَ يَنظُرُ ٱلْمَرُءُ مَا قَدَّمَتُ يَدَاهُ وَيَقُولُ ٱلْكَافِرُ يَلْيَتَنِى كُنتُ تُرَبَّا ۞

Verily, We have warned you of a near torment, the Day when man will see that (the deeds) which his hands have sent forth, and the disbeliever will say: "Woe to me! Would that I were dust!"

79. An-Nazi'ât Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	
	وَٱلنَّنزِ عَنتِ غَرُقًا ۞
	By those (angels) who pull out (the souls of the disbelievers and the wicked) with great violence;
2.	وَٱلنَّنشِطَنتِ نَشُطًا ۞
	By those (angels) who gently take out (the souls of the believers);
3.	وَٱلسَّــبِحَــتِ سَـبُحًا ۞
	And by those that swim along (i.e. angels or planets in their orbits, etc.).
4.	فَٱلسَّ بِيقَ بِ سَبُقًا ۞
	And by those that press forward as in a race (i.e. the angels or stars or the horses, etc.).
5.	فَالْمُدَبِّرَتِ أَمْـرًا @
	And by those angels who arrange to do the Commands of their Lord, (so verily, you disbelievers will be called to account).
6.	يَوُمَ تَرُجُفُ ٱلرَّاحِفَةُ ٢
	On the Day (when the first blowing of the Trumpet is blown), the earth and the mountains will shake violently (and everybody will die),
7.	تَتُبَعُهَا ٱلرَّادِفَةُ ۞
	The second blowing of the Trumpet follows it (and everybody will be raised up),
8.	قُلُـوبُ يَوُمَيٍـذٍ وَاجِفَـةً ۞
	(Some) hearts that Day will shake with fear and anxiety.
9.	أَبُصَرُهَا خَيشِعَةٌ ۞
	Their eyes cast down.

10. يَقُولُونَ أَءِنَّا لَمَرُ دُودُونَ فِي ٱلْحَافِرَةِ 🕝 They say: "Shall we indeed be returned to (our) former state of life? 11. أُءِذَا كُنَّا عِظَامًا نَّخِرَةً 🟐 'Even after we are crumbled bones?" 12. قَالُواْ تِلُكَ إِذًا كَرَّةٌ خَاسِرَةٌ ﴿ They say: "It would in that case, be a return with loss!" 13. فَإِنَّمَا هِيَ زَجُرَةٌ وَاحِدَةٌ ٣ But only, it will be a single Zajrah [shout (i.e., the second blowing of the Trumpet)]. (See Verse 37:19). 14. فَإِذَا هُم بِٱلسَّاهِرَةِ 🏐 When, behold, they find themselves over the earth alive after their death 15. هَلُ أَتَىٰكَ حَدِيثُ مُوسَىٰ ۗ Has there come to you the story of Mûsa (Moses)? 16. إذُ نَادَنهُ رَبُّهُ و بِٱلْوَادِ ٱلْمُقَدِّسِ طُورى 📆 When his Lord called him in the sacred valley of Tûwa 17. ٱذُهَبُ إِلَىٰ فِرُعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ و طَغَىٰ ١ Go to Fir'aun (Pharaoh), verily, he has transgressed all bounds (in crimes, sins, polytheism, disbelief, 18. فَقُلُ هَل لَّكَ إِلَىٰٓ أَن تَزَكَّىٰ 🕲 And say to him: "Would you purify yourself (from the sin of disbelief by becoming a believer)" 19. وَ أُهُدِيَكَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ فَتَخُشَىٰ 📆 And that I guide you to your Lord, so you should fear Him?

20. فَأَرَكُهُ ٱلْأَيَةَ ٱلْكُبُرَيْ ٦ Then [Mûsa (Moses)] showed him the great sign (miracles) 21. فَكُذَّبَ وَعَصَىٰ ٣ But [Fir'aun (Pharaoh)] belied and disobeyed; 22. ثُمَّ أُدُبَرَ يَسُعَىٰ 📆 Then he turned his back, striving hard (against Allâh). 23. فَحَشَرَ فَنَادَىٰ 📆 Then he gathered his people and cried aloud, 24. فَقَالَ أَنَاْ رَبُّكُمُ ٱلْأَعُلَىٰ ﴿ Saying: "I am your lord, most high" 25. فَأَخَذَهُ ٱللَّهُ نَكَالَ ٱلْأَخِرَةِ وَٱلْأُولَيَّ ١ So Allâh, seized him with punishment for his last [i.e. his saying: "I am your lord, most high") (see Verse 79:24)] and first [(i.e. his saying, "O chiefs! I know not that you have a god other than I" (see Verse 28:38)] transgression. 26. إنَّ فِي ذَالِكَ لَعِبُرَةً لِّمَن يَخُشَيْ (Verily, in this is an instructive admonition for whosoever fears Allâh. 27. ءَ أَنتُ مُ أَشَدُّ خَلُقًا أَم ٱلسَّمَآءُ بَنَنهَا Are you more difficult to create, or is the heaven that He constructed? 28 رَ فَعَ سَمُكَهَا فَسَوَّىٰهَا 📆 He raised its height, and He has equally ordered it, 29. وَ أَغُطَشَ لَيُلَهَا وَ أَخُر َ جَضُحَنهَا 📆 Its night He covers with darkness, and its forenoon He brings out (with light).

30. وَٱلْأَرُضَ بَعُـدَ ذَالِكَ دَحَنِهَـٱ ٦ And after that He spread the earth; 31. أُخُرَ جَمِنُهَا مَآءَهَا وَمَرُ عَنِهَا 🖱 And brought forth therefrom its water and its pasture; 32. وَٱلْحِبَالَ أَرُسَنِهَا ٣ And the mountains He has fixed firmly; 33. مَتَنعًا لَّكُمُ وَلِأَنْعَنمِكُمُ ٣ (To be) a provision and benefit for you and your cattle. 34. فَإِذَا جَاءَتِ ٱلطَّآمَّةُ ٱلْكُبرَىٰ ٦ But when there comes the greatest catastrophe (i.e. the Day of Recompense, etc.), 35. يَوُمَ يَتَذَكَّرُ ٱلَّإِنسَينُ مَا سَعَىٰ 🕝 The Day when man shall remember what he strove for, 36. وَبُرِّزَتِٱلُجَحِيمُ لِمَن يَرَىٰ 🗃 And Hell-fire shall be made apparent in full view for (every) one who sees 37. فَأُمًّا مَن طَغَيْ 📆 Then, for him who Taghâ (transgressed all bounds, in disbelief, oppression and evil deeds of disobedience to Allâh) 38. وَءَاثَرَ ٱلُحَيَوٰةَ ٱلدُّنْيَا ﴿ And preferred the life of this world (by following his evil desires and lusts), 39 فَإِنَّ ٱللَّجَحِيمَ هِيَ ٱلْمَأُوىٰ 📆 Verily, his abode will be Hell-fire;

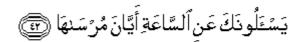
وَ أُمَّا مَنُ خَافَ مَقَامَ رَبِّهِ - وَنَهَى ٱلنَّفُسَ عَنِ ٱلْهَوَىٰ ٢

But as for him who feared standing before his Lord, and restrained himself from impure evil desires, and lusts.

41.

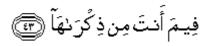
Verily, Paradise will be his abode.

42.



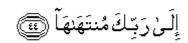
They ask you (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) about the Hour, - when will be its appointed time?

43.



You have no knowledge to say anything about it,

44.

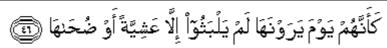


To your Lord belongs (the knowledge of) the term thereof?

45.

You (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) are only a warner for those who fear it,

46.



The Day they see it, (it will be) as if they had not tarried (in this world) except an afternoon or a morning.

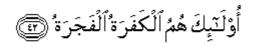
80. 'Abasa Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	عَبَسَ وَتَوَلَّنَ ۞
	(The Prophet (Peace be upon him)) frowned and turned away,
2.	أَن جَآءَهُ ٱلْأَعُمَىٰ ۞
	Because there came to him the blind man (i.e. 'Abdullâh bin Umm-Maktûm, who came to the Prophet (Peace be upon him) while he was preaching to one or some of the Quraish chiefs).
3.	وَمَا يُدُرِيكَ لَعَلَّهُ ۗ يَ زَّكَّنْ ۞
	But what could tell you that per chance he might become pure (from sins)?
4.	أَوْ يَذَّكُّ لُ فَتَنفَعَهُ ٱلذِّكُ رَنَّ ٢
	Or that he might receive admonition, and that the admonition might profit him?
5.	أُمًّا مَنِ ٱسْتَغُنَّنَىٰ ۞
	As for him who thinks himself self-sufficient,
6.	فَأَنتَ لَهُ و تَصَدَّىٰ ٢
	To him you attend;
7.	وَمَا عَلَيْكَ أَلَّا يَزَّ كَّىٰ ۞
	What does it matter to you if he will not become pure (from disbelief, you are only a Messenger, your duty is to convey the Message of Allâh).
8.	وَ أُمَّا مَن جَآءَكَ يَسُعَىٰ ۞
	But as to him who came to you running.
9.	وَهُوَ يَخُشَىٰ ۞
	And is afraid (of Allâh and His Punishment),

10.	
	فَأَنتَ عَنْهُ تَلَهًّىٰ ۞
	Of him you are neglectful and divert your attention to another,
11.	**
	كَلَّآ إِنَّهَا تَذُكِرَةٌ ۖ
	Nay, (do not do like this), indeed it (these Verses of this Qur'ân) are an admonition,
12.	فَمَن شَآءَ ذَكَرَهُ و ٣
	So whoever wills, let him pay attention to it.
13.	
	فِي صُحُفٍ مُّكَرَّمَةٍ ﴿
	(It is) in Records held (greatly) in honour (<i>Al-Lauh Al-Mahfûz</i>).
14.	
	مَّرُ فُوعَةٍ مُّطَٰهَّرَةٍ ۗ
Щ	Exalted (in dignity), purified,
15.	أُدُوم عَدْت مِينَا
	بِأَيُدِى سَفَرَةٍ ۞
	In the hands of earth as (on sale)
16.	In the hands of scribes (angels).
	كِرَامٍ بَرَرَةٍ ۗ
	Honourable and obedient.
17.	
	قُتِلَ ٱلَّإِنسَــنُ مَآ أَكُفَرَهُ و 🐨
	Be cursed (the disbelieving) man! How ungrateful he is!
18.	مِنْ أَيِّ شَيْءٍ خَلَقَهُ و 🔊
	اِسْ بَوْسَى اِسْ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ الْعَالَ ا
	From what thing did He create him?
19.	
	مِـن نُّطُفَـةٍ خَلَقَـهُ و فَقَـدَّرَهُ و سَ
	From Nutfah (male and female semen drops) He created him, and then set him in due proportion;
20.	
	ثُمَّ ٱلسَّبِيلَ يَسَّرَهُ و 🕝
	Then He makes the Path easy for him;

.—	
21.	ثُمَّ أَمَاتَهُ و فَأَقُبَرَهُ و آ
	Then He causes him to die, and puts him in his grave;
22.	
	ثُمَّ إِذَا شَآءَ أَنشَرَهُ ۗ ۞
	Then, when it is His Will, He will resurrect him (again).
23.	
	كَلَّا لَمَّا يَقُضِ مَآ أَمَرَهُ و ٣
	Nay, but (man) has not done what He commanded him.
24.	فَلْيَنظُ رِ ٱلْإِنسَ نُ إِلَىٰ طَعَامِهِ ٤٠ ١
	Then let man look at his food,
25.	
	أنَّا صَبَبُنَا ٱلُمَآءَ صَبًّا @
	That We pour forth water in abundance,
26.	
	ثُمَّ شَقَقُنَا ٱلْأَرُضَ شَقًا آ اللَّارَ صَ شَقًا اللَّا
	And We split the earth in clefts,
27.	
	فَأَنْبَتُنَا فِيهَا حَبًّا ۞
	And We cause therein the grain to grow,
28.	, and the same and grain to grain to
	وَعِنَبًا وَقُضُبًا 📾
	And grange and glover plants (i.e. green fodder for the cattle)
29.	And grapes and clover plants (i.e. green fodder for the cattle),
	وَزَيْتُونَا وَنَخُلًا ٢
	And olives and date-palms,
30.	- 138 - 75 -
	وَحَدَآبِقَ غُلُبًا ۞
	And gardens, dense with many trees,
31.	وَفَكِهَةً وَأُبًّا ٦
	And fruits and <i>Abba</i> (herbage, etc.),

32. مَّتَنعًا لَّكُمُ وَلِأَنْعَنمِكُمُ ﴿ (To be) a provision and benefit for you and your cattle 33. فَإِذَا جَآءَتِٱلصَّآخَّةُ ٣ Then, when there comes As-Sâkhkhah (the Day of Resurrection's second blowing of Trumpet) 34. يَوُمَ يَفِرُّ ٱلْمَرَءُ مِنُ أَخِيهِ 📆 That Day shall a man flee from his brother, 35. وَ أُمِّهِ ـ وَ أَبيهِ 🜚 And from his mother and his father 36. And from his wife and his children. 37. لِكُلِّ ٱمُرِي مِّنْهُمُ يَوْمَبِذٍ شَأَنٌ يُغُنِيهِ ۞ Everyman, that Day, will have enough to make him careless of others. 38. وُجُوهُ يَوُمَبٍ ذِ مُّسُ فِرَةٌ ﷺ Some faces that Day, will be bright (true believers of Islâmic Monotheism) 39 ضَاحِكَةٌ مُّسُتَبُشِرَةٌ 📆 Laughing, rejoicing at good news (of Paradise). 40. وَوُجُوهُ يَوُمَٰإِذِ عَلَيْهَا غَبَرَةٌ ٢ And other faces, that Day, will be dust-stained; 41. تَرُهَقُهَا قَتَرَةً ﴿ Darkness will cover them



Such will be the *Kafarah* (disbelievers in Allâh, in His Oneness, and in His Messenger Muhammad (Peace be upon him), etc.), the *Fajarah* (wicked evil doers).

81. At-Takwîr Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	إِذَا ٱلشَّــمُسُ كُــوِّرَتُ ۞
	When the sun <i>Kuwwirat</i> (wound round and lost its light and is overthrown[]).
2.	وَإِذَا ٱلنُّجُومُ ٱنكَدَرَتُ ۞
	And when the stars shall fall;
3.	وَإِذَا ٱلۡجِبَالُ سُيِّرَتُ ۚ
	And when the mountains shall made to pass away;
4.	وَإِذَا ٱللَّهِشَارُ عُطِّلَتُ ٢
	And when the pregnant she-camels shall be neglected;
5.	وَإِذَا ٱلُو حُـوشُ حُشِـرَتُ ۞
	And when the wild beasts shall be gathered together;
6.	وَإِذَا ٱلۡبِحَارُ سُجِّرَتُ ۞
	And when the seas shall become as blazing Fire or shall overflow;
7.	وَإِذَا ٱلنُّفُوسُ زُوِّ جَتَّ ۞
	And when the souls shall be joined with their bodies;
8.	وَ إِذَا ٱلْمَوْءُ وَدَةُ سُيِلَتُ ۞
	And when the female (infant) buried alive (as the pagan Arabs used to do) shall be questioned.[]
9.	بِأَيّ ذَنْبٍ قُتِلَتُ ۞
	For what sin she was killed?

10. وَإِذَا ٱلصُّحُفُ نُشِرَتُ ۞ And when the written pages of deeds (good and bad) of every person shall be laid open; 11. وَ إِذَا ٱلسَّمَآءُ كُشِطَتُ ﴿ And when the heaven shall be stripped off and taken away from its place; 12. وَإِذَا ٱلۡجَحِـيمُ سُـعِّرَتُ ﴿ And when Hell-fire shall be kindled to fierce ablaze. 13. وَإِذَا ٱلۡجَنَّـةُ أُزُلِفَـتُ ٣ And when Paradise shall be brought near, 14. عَلِمَتُ نَفُسٌ مَّاۤ أَحُضَرَتُ ٦ (Then) every person will know what he has brought (of good and evil). 15. فَلَآ أُقُسِمُ بِٱلْخُنَّسِ ۞ So verily, I swear by the planets that recede (i.e. disappear during the day and appear during the night). 16. ٱلۡجَـوَارِ ٱلۡكُـنَّسِ 🖫 And by the planets that move swiftly and hide themselves, 17. وَٱلَّيُل إِذَا عَسُعَسَ 🐨 And by the night as it departs; 18 وَٱلصُّبُحِ إِذَا تَنَفَّسَ 🐼 And by the dawn as it brightens: 19. إِنَّهُ ۗ لَقَوُلُ رَسُولٍ كَرِيمٍ ۞ Verily, this is the Word (this Qur'an brought by) a most honourable messenger [Jibrael (Gabriel), from Allâh to the Prophet Muhammad (Peace be upon him)]

20. ذِي قُوَّةٍ عِندَ ذِي ٱلْعَرُشِ مَكِينِ 🕝 Owner of power, and high rank with (Allâh) the Lord of the Throne 21. مُّطَاعٍ ثَمَّ أُمِينِ 🐨 Obeyed (by the angels), trustworthy there (in the heavens). 22. وَمَا صَاحِبُكُم بِمَجُنُونِ 🗑 And (O people) your companion (Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) is not a madman; 23 وَلَقَدُ رَءَاهُ بِٱلْأَفُقِ ٱلْمُبِينِ And indeed he (Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) saw him [Jibrael (Gabriel)] in the clear horizon (towards the east). 24 وَمَا هُوَ عَلَى ٱلْغَيْبِ بِضَنِينٍ ٣ And he (Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) withholds not a knowledge of the unseen. 25. وَمَا هُوَ بِقَوُلِ شَيُطُنِ رَّحِيمٍ @ And it (the Qur'an) is not the word of the outcast Shaitan (Satan) 26. فَأَيُنَ تَذُهَبُونَ 📆 Then where are you going? 27. إِنَّ هُوَ إِلَّا ذِكُرٌ لِّلُعَٰدَلَمِينَ ﴿ Verily, this (the Qur'ân) is no less than a Reminder to (all) the *'Alamîn* (mankind and jinns)[] . 28. لِمَىن شَاءَ مِنكُمُ أَن يَسُتَقِيمَ 📆 To whomsoever among you who wills to walk straight,

وَمَا تَشَآءُونَ إِلَّا أَن يَشَآءَ ٱللَّهُ رَبُّ ٱلْعَدلَمِينَ 📆

And you will not, unless (it be) that Allâh wills, the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that

29.

exists)

82. Al-Infitâr Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	إِذَا ٱلسَّـمَآءُ ٱنفَطَـرَتُ ۞	
	When the heaven is cleft asunder.	
2.	وَإِذَا ٱلٰۡكَــوَاكِبُٱنتَــثَرَتُ ۞	
	And when the stars have fallen and scattered;	
3.	وَإِذَا ٱلۡبِحَارُ فُجِّ رَتُ ۞	
	And when the seas are burst forth (got dried up);	
4.	وَإِذَا ٱلۡقُبُورُ بُعۡشِرَتُ ۞	
	And when the graves are turned upside down (and they bring out their contents)	
5.	عَلِمَتُ نَفُسٌ مَّا قَدَّمَتُ وَأَخَّرَتُ ۞	
	(Then) a person will know what he has sent forward and (what he has) left behind (of good or bad deeds).	
6.	يَثَأَيُّهَا ٱلْإِنسَنُ مَا غَرَّكَ بِرَبِّكَ ٱلْكَرِيمِ ۞	
	O man! What has made you careless concerning your Lord, the Most Generous?	
7.	ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَكَ فَسَوَّنكَ فَعَدَلَكَ ۞	
	Who created you, fashioned you perfectly, and gave you due proportion;	
8.	فِيْ أَيِّ صُورَةٍ مَّا شَآءَ رَكَّبَكَ ۞	
	In whatever form He willed, He put you together.	
9.	كَلَّا بَـلُ تُكَذِّبُونَ بِـٱلدِّينِ ۞	
	Nay! But you deny the Recompense (reward for good deeds and punishment for evil deeds).	

10. وَإِنَّ عَلَيْكُمُ لَحَنفِظِينَ 🕲 But verily, over you (are appointed angels in charge of mankind) to watch you[] 11. كِرَامًا كَنتِبينَ 🟐 *Kirâman* (honourable) *Kâtibîn* writing down (your deeds)**[]** , 12. يَعُلَمُونَ مَا تَفُعَلُونَ 🐨 They know all that you do. 13. إِنَّ ٱلْأَبُرَارَ لَفِي نَعِيمٍ ٣ Verily, the Abrâr (pious and righteous) will be in delight (Paradise); 14. وَإِنَّ ٱلْفُجَّارَ لَفِي جَحِيمٍ ٣ And verily, the Fujjâr (the wicked, disbelievers, sinners and evil-doers) will be in the blazing Fire (Hell). 15. يَصُلُونَهَا يَوُمَ ٱلدِّين 🕲 In which they will enter, and taste its burning flame on the Day of Recompense 16. وَمَا هُمُ عَنُهَا بِغَآبِبِينَ 📆 And they (Al-Fujjâr) will not be absent therefrom (i.e. will not go out from the Hell) 17. وَمَآ أَدُرَىٰكَ مَا يَوُمُ ٱلدِّين ﴿ And what will make you know what the Day of Recompense is? 18. ثُمَّ مَآ أَدُرَ نكَ مَا يَوُمُ ٱلدِّينِ ﴿ Again, what will make you know what the Day of Recompense is? 19. يَوُمَ لَا تَمُلِكُ نَفُسٌ لِّنَفُسِ شَيئًا ۗ وَٱلْأَمُرُ يَوُمَبِذِ لِّلَّهِ ۞

(It will be) the Day when no person shall have power (to do) anything for another, and the Decision,

that Day, will be (wholly) with Allâh.

83. Al-Mutaffifîn Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	
	وَيُـلُ لِّلْمُطَّفِّفِينَ ۞
	\$ 5
	Wee to A/ Mutaffifin [those who give less in massure and weight (decrease the rights of others)]
2.	Woe to Al-Mutaffifin [those who give less in measure and weight (decrease the rights of others)],
 2.	ٱلَّذِينَ إِذَا ٱكُتَالُواْ عَلَى ٱلنَّاسِ يَسُتَوُفُونَ ٢
	اللهِ يَعْلَمُ إِذَا اللَّهُ وَلَا تُولِي اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ مِنْ يَسْتُونُونَ ﴿
Щ	Those who, when they have to receive by measure from men, demand full measure,
3.	- ازَا مَي الْهُ فِي أَ سَادِهِ فِي هِ وَ أَ
	وَإِذَا كَـالُوهُمُ أُو وَّزَنُــوهُمُ يُخُسِــرُونَ ٣
	And when they have to give by measure or weight to men, give less than due.
4.	
	أَلَا يَظُنُّ أُوْلَنَهِكَ أَنَّهُم مَّبُعُوثُونَ ٢
	· · ·
	Think they not that they will be resurrected (for reckoning),
5.	7 7 077
	لِيَوُم عَظِيمٍ ۞
	On a Great Day,
6.	On a Great Day,
0.	يَوْمَ يَقُومُ ٱلنَّاسُ لِرَبِّ ٱلْعَنلَمِينَ ۞
	يو ايسو المد ن ير بر مسيدين ڪ
	The Day when (all) mankind will stand before the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists)?
7.	
	كَلَّا إِنَّ كِتَنبَ ٱلْفُجَّارِ لَفِي سِجِّينٍ ۞
	Nay! Truly, the Record (writing of the deeds) of the <i>Fujjâr</i> (disbelievers, sinners, evil-doers and
	wicked) is (preserved) in Sijjîn.
8.	
	وَمَآ أَدُرَ بْكَ مَا سِجِّينٌ ۞
	And what will make you know what <i>Sijjîn</i> is?
9.	-
	كِتَلِبٌ مَّرُ قُومٌ ۞
	A Register inscribed
	A Register inscribed.

وَيُلُّ يَوُمَبٍذٍ لِّلْمُكَذِّبِينَ ۞

Woe, that Day, to those who deny [(Allâh, His Angels, His Books, His Messengers, the Day of Resurrection, and *Al-Qadar* (Divine Preordainments)].

11.

Those who deny the Day of Recompense.

12.

And none can deny it except every transgressor beyond bounds, (in disbelief, oppression and disobedience of Allâh, the sinner!)

13.

When Our Verses (of the Qur'ân) are recited to him he says: "Tales of the ancients!"

14.

Nay! But on their hearts is the Rân (covering of sins and evil deeds) which they used to earn[].

15.

Nay! Surely, they (evil-doers) will be veiled from seeing their Lord that Day

16.

Then, verily they will indeed enter and taste the burning flame of Hell.

17

Then, it will be said to them: "This is what you used to deny!"

18.

Nay! Verily, the Record (writing of the deeds) of *Al-Abrâr* (the pious who fear Allâh and avoid evil), is (preserved) in '*Illiyyûn*.

19.

And what will make you know what '*Illiyyûn* is?

20. كِتَنَبُّ مَّرُ قُومٌ 🐨 A Register inscribed. 21. يَشُهَدُهُ ٱلمُقَرَّ بُونَ 📆 To which bear witness those nearest (to Allâh, i.e. the angels) 22. إِنَّ ٱلْأَبْرَارَ لَفِي نَعِيم ٣ Verily, Al-Abrâr (the pious who fear Allâh and avoid evil) will be in delight (Paradise). 23. عَلَى ٱلْأَرَآبِكِ يَنظُرُونَ ٣ On thrones, looking (at all things). 24. تَعُرِ فُ فِي وُجُوهِهِمُ نَضُرَةَ ٱلنَّعِيم 🜚 You will recognise in their faces the brightness of delight. 25. يُسُقَونَ مِن رَّحِيقٍ مَّخُتُوم ١ They will be given to drink pure sealed wine. 26. خِتَىمُـهُ و مِسُـكٌ وَفِـى ذَالِـكَ فَلَيَتَنَـافَس ٱلْمُتَنَىفِسُـونَ 📆 strive (i.e. hasten earnestly to the obedience of Allâh). 27.

The last thereof (that wine) will be the smell of musk, and for this let (all) those strive who want to

وَمِزَاجُهُ ومِن تَسُنِيمٍ 🐨

It (that wine) will be mixed with Tasnîm.

28.

عَيُنًا يَشُرَبُ بِهَا ٱلْمُقَرَّبُونَ 🗃

29

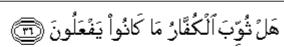
إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ أَجُرَمُواْ كَانُواْ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ يَضْحَكُونَ 📆

Verily! (During the worldly life) those who committed crimes used to laugh at those who believed.

30. وَإِذَا مَرُّواْ بِهِمُ يَتَغَامَزُونَ 📆 And whenever they passed by them, used to wink one to another (in mockery) 31. وَإِذَا ٱنقَلَبُ وَا إِلَىٰ أَهُلِهِ مُ ٱنقَلَبُ واْ فَكِهِينَ ﴿ And when they returned to their own people, they would return jesting; 32. وَإِذَا رَ أَوُهُمُ قَالُوٓاْ إِنَّ هَنَوُّلَآءَ لَضَٱلُّونَ 📆 And when they saw them, they said: "Verily! These have indeed gone astray!" 33. وَمَآ أُرُسِلُواْ عَلَيُهِمُ حَسْفِظِينَ ٣ But they (disbelievers, sinners) had not been sent as watchers over them (the believers) 34. فَٱلْيَوْمَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ مِنَ ٱلْكُفَّارِ يَضْحَكُونَ 🟐 But this Day (the Day of Resurrection) those who believe will laugh at the disbelievers[] 35

On (high) thrones, looking (at all things).

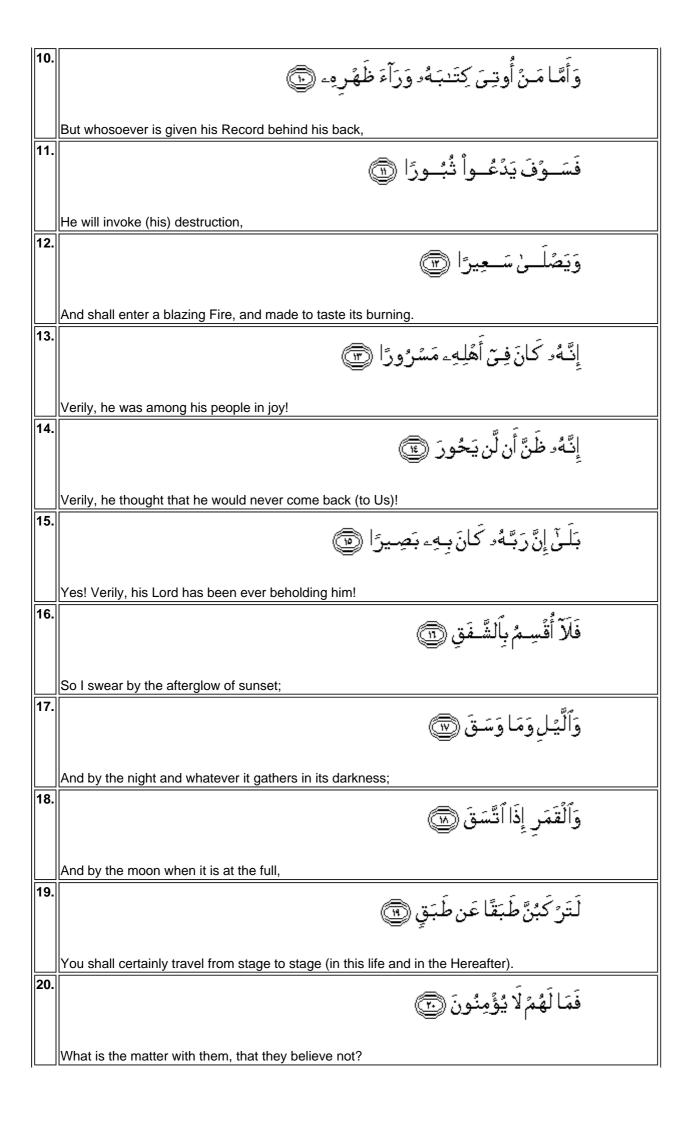
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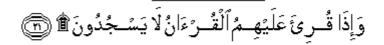
Are not the disbelievers paid (fully) for what they used to do?

84. Al-Inshiqâq Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	
	إِذَا ٱلسَّمَآءُ ٱنشَقَّتُ ۞
	When the heaven is split asunder,
2.	مأ و د سا م و ق و م
	وَأَذِنَــتُ لِرَبِّهَـا وَحُــقَّتُ ۞
Щ	And listens and obeys its Lord, and it must do so;
3.	وَ إِذَا ٱلْأَرَّ ضُّ مُــدَّتُ ۞
	و إِذَا الْمُرْضُ مُسَدِّتُ عَيْ
4.	And when the earth is stretched forth,
 4 .	وَ أَلُقَتُ مَا فِيهَا وَتَخَلَّتُ ٦
	And has cast out all that was in it and became empty,
5.	
	وَأَذِنَتُ لِرَبَّهَا وَحُقَّتُ ۞
	And listens and obeys its Lord, and it must do so;
6.	مَا مُعْلِمُ مِنْ اللَّهِ مِنْ ال
	يَنَأَيُّهَا ٱلْإِنسَنُ إِنَّكَ كَادِحُّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ كَدُحًا فَمُلَنقِيهِ ۞
	O man! Verily, you are returning towards your Lord with your deeds and actions (good or bad), a sure returning, so you will meet (i.e. the results of your deeds which you did).
7.	
	فَأَمَّا مَنُ أُوتِيَ كِتَنبَهُ وبِيَمِينِهِ ۽ ۞
	Then, as for him who will be given his Record in his right hand,
8.	
	فَسَوْفَ يُحَاسَبُ حِسَابًا يَسِيرًا ١
	He surely will receive an easy reckoning,
9.	= = = = !? Î î î ! = !
	وَيَنقَلِبُ إِلَىٰٓ أَهُلِهِۦ مَسُرُورًا ۞
	And will return to his family in joy!



21



And when the Qur'an is recited to them, they fall not prostrate,

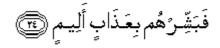
22.

Nay, (on the contrary), those who disbelieve, belie (Prophet Muhammad (Peace be upon him) and whatever he brought, i.e. this Qur'an and Islamic Monotheism, etc.).[]

23.

And Allâh knows best what they gather (of good and bad deeds),

24.



So announce to them a painful torment.

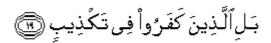
25.

Save those who believe and do righteous good deeds, for them is a reward that will never come to an end (i.e. Paradise).

85. Al-Burûj Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	وَٱلسَّـــمَآءِ ذَاتِ ٱلُـــبُرُوجِ ۞
	By the heaven, holding the big stars[].
2.	وَٱلْيَوُمِ ٱلْمَوُّعُودِ ۞
	And by the Promised Day (i.e. the Day of Resurrection);
3.	وَشَــاهِدٍ وَمَشَــهُودٍ ٦
	And by the witnessing day (i.e. Friday), and by the witnessed day [i.e. the day of 'Arafât (<i>Hajj</i>) the ninth of Dhul-Hîjjah];
4.	قُتِلَ أَصْحَىبُ ٱلْأُخُدُودِ ٢
	Cursed were the people of the ditch (the story of the Boy and the King).[]
5.	ٱلنَّارِ ذَاتِٱلُوَقُودِ @
	Fire supplied (abundantly) with fuel,
6.	إِذْ هُمْ عَلَيْهَا قُعُودٌ ۞
	When they sat by it (fire),
7.	وَهُمُ عَلَىٰ مَا يَفُعَلُونَ بِٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ شُهُودٌ ۞
	And they witnessed what they were doing against the believers (i.e. burning them).
8.	وَمَا نَقَمُواْ مِنْهُمُ إِلَّا أَن يُؤْمِنُواْ بِٱللَّهِ ٱلْعَزِيزِ ٱلْحَمِيدِ ۞
	They had nothing against them, except that they believed in Allâh, the All-Mighty, Worthy of all Praise!
9.	ٱلَّذِى لَهُ مللكُ ٱلسَّمَنوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرُضِ وَٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ شَهِيدٌ ۞
	Who, to Whom belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth! And Allâh is Witness over everything.

إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ فَتَنُواْ ٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤُمِنِينَ وَٱلْمُؤُمِنِيتِ ثُمَّ لَمُ يَتُوبُواْ فَلَهُمُ عَذَابُ جَهَنَّمَ وَلَهُمُ عَذَابُ ٱلْحَرِيقِ 🕲 Verily, those who put into trial the believing men and believing women (by torturing them and burning them), and then do not turn in repentance, (to Allâh), will have the torment of Hell, and they will have the punishment of the burning Fire. 11. إِنَّ ٱلَّـٰذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَـٰتِ لَهُمُ جَنَّنتُ تَجُرى مِن تَحُتِهَا ٱلْأَنْهَدِرُ ۚ ذَٰلِكَ ٱلْفَوْزُ ٱلْكَبِيرُ ﴿ Verily, those who believe and do righteous good deeds, for them will be Gardens under which rivers flow (Paradise). That is the great success. 12. إِنَّ بَطُّشَ رَبِّكَ لَشَدِيدٌ ﴿ Verily, (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) the Grip (Punishment) of your Lord is severe. 13. إنَّــهُ و هُــوَ يُبُـدئُ وَيُعِيــدُ (٣ Verily, He it is Who begins (punishment) and repeats (punishment in the Hereafter) (or originates the creation of everything, and then repeats it on the Day of Resurrection). 14. وَهُوَ ٱللَّغَفُورُ ٱللَّوَدُودُ 🕾 And He is Oft-Forgiving, full of love (towards the pious who are real true believers of Islâmic Monotheism). 15. ذُو ٱلُعَرُشِ ٱلْمَجيدُ ١ Owner of the throne, the Glorious 16. فَعَّالُ لِّمَا يُرِيدُ 🟐 He does what He intends (or wills) 17. هَلُ أَتَنكَ حَديثُ ٱلْجُنُودِ 🔊 Has the story reached you of the hosts. 18. فِرُعَوْنَ وَثَمُودَ 🔊 Of Fir'aun (Pharaoh) and Thamûd?



Nay! The disbelievers (persisted) in denying (Prophet Muhammad (Peace be upon him) and his Message of Islâmic Monotheism).

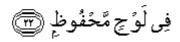
20.

And Allâh encompasses them from behind! (i.e. all their deeds are within His Knowledge, and He will requite them for their deeds).

21

Nay! This is a Glorious Qur'ân,

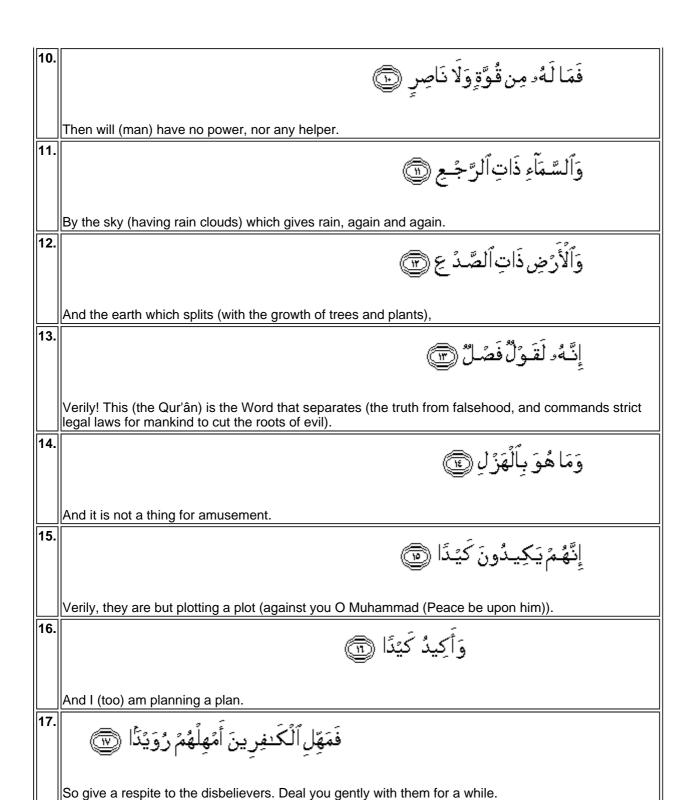
22.



(Inscribed) in Al-Lauh Al-Mahfûz (The Preserved Tablet)!

86. At-Târiq Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	وَٱلسَّـمَآءِ وَٱلطَّـارِقِ ۞	
	By the heaven, and At-Târiq (the night-comer, i.e. the bright star);	
2.	وَمَآ أَدُرَ عٰكَ مَا ٱلطَّارِقُ ۞	
	And what will make you to know what <i>At-Târiq</i> (night-comer) is?	
3.	ٱلنَّجُ مُ ٱلثَّاقِبُ ۞	
	(It is) the star of piercing brightness;	
4.	إِن كُلُّ نَفْسٍ لَّمًّا عَلَيْهَا حَافِظُ ٢	
Щ	There is no human being but has a protector over him (or her) (i.e. angels incharge of each human being guarding him, writing his good and bad deeds, etc.)[]	
5.	فَلَيَنظُرِ ٱلۡإِنسَـٰنُ مِمَّ خُلِقَ ۞	
	So let man see from what he is created!	
6.	خُلِقَ مِن مَّآءٍ دَافِقٍ ۞	
	He is created from a water gushing forth	
7.	يَخُرُ جُمِنَ بَيُنِ ٱلصُّلُبِ وَٱلتَّرَآبِبِ ۞	
	Proceeding from between the back-bone and the ribs,	
8.	إِنَّهُ و عَلَىٰ رَجُعِهِ ۦ لَقَادِرُ ۗ ۞	
	Verily, (Allâh) is Able to bring him back (to life)!	
9.	يَوْمَ تُبُلِّى ٱلسَّرَآيِرُ ۞	
	The Day when all the secrets (deeds, prayers, fasting, etc.) will be examined (as to their truth).	



87. Al-A'lâ Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	سَبِّح ٱسْمَ رَبِّكَ ٱلْأَعْلَى ۞
	Glorify the Name of your Lord, the Most High,
2.	ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَ فَسَوَّىٰ ۞
	Who has created (everything), and then proportioned it;
3.	وَٱلَّذِي قَدَّرَ فَهَدَىٰ ۞
	And Who has measured (preordainments for each and everything even to be blessed or wretched); then guided (i.e. showed mankind the right as well as wrong paths, and guided the animals to pasture);
4.	وَٱلَّذِي ٓ أَخُر جَ ٱلْمَرْعَىٰ ۞
	And Who brings out the pasturage,
5.	فَجَعَلَهُ وغُثَآءً أَحُوى ١
	And then makes it dark stubble.
6.	سَنْقُرِ ئُكَ فَلَا تَنسَنْ ۞
	We shall make you to recite (the Qur'ân), so you (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) shall not forget (it),
7.	إِلَّا مَا شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ إِنَّهُ و يَعُلَمُ ٱللَّجَهُرَ وَمَا يَخُفَىٰ ۞
	Except what Allâh, may will, He knows what is apparent and what is hidden.
8.	وَنُيَسِّرُكَ لِلْيُسُرَىٰ ۞
	And We shall make easy for you (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) the easy way (i.e. the doing of righteous deeds).
9.	فَذَكِّرُ إِننَّفَعَـتِٱلذِّكُـرَىٰ ۞
	Therefore remind (men) in case the reminder profits (them).

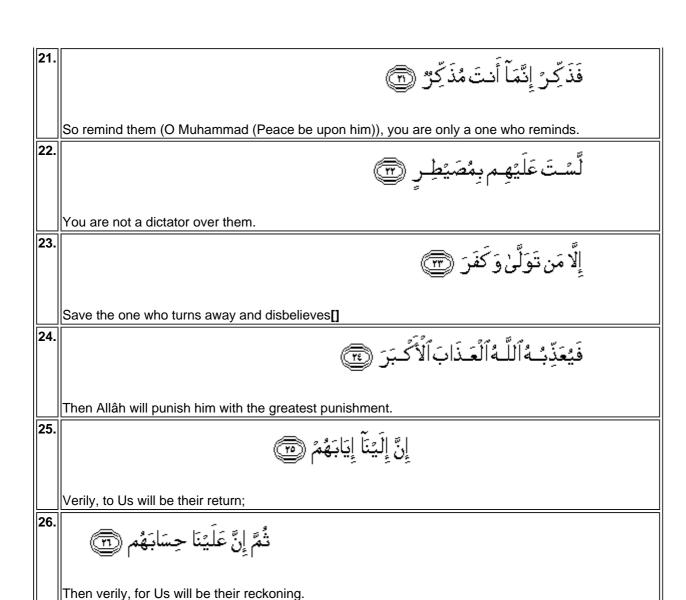
10. سَيَذَّ كُرُ مَن يَخُشَىٰ 🕝 The reminder will be received by him who fears (Allâh). 11. وَ يَتَجَنَّبُهَا ٱلْأَشُقَى ٦ But it will be avoided by the wretched 12. ٱلَّذِي يَصلَى ٱلنَّارَ ٱلْكُبُرَىٰ ٣ Who will enter the great Fire and made to taste its burning 13. ثُمَّ لَا يَمُوتُ فِيهَا وَلَا يَحُيَىٰ ٣ Wherein he will neither die (to be in rest) nor live (a good living). 14. قَدُ أَفُلَحَ مَن تَزَكَّيٰ ٣ Indeed whosoever purifies himself (by avoiding polytheism and accepting Islâmic Monotheism) shall achieve success 15. وَذَكَرَ ٱسُمَ رَبِّهِۦ فَصَلَّىٰ ۞ And remembers (glorifies) the Name of his Lord (worships none but Allâh), and prays (five compulsory prayers and Nawâfil additional prayers). 16. بَلُ تُؤُثِرُ ونَ ٱلْحَيَوٰةَ ٱلدُّنْيَا 🗊 Nay, you prefer the life of this world; 17. وَٱلْأَخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ وَأَبُّقَيْ ١ Although the Hereafter is better and more lasting. 18 إِنَّ هَدِذَا لَفِي ٱلصُّحُفِ ٱلْأُولَىٰ 🔊 Verily! This is in the former Scriptures 19. صُحُفِ إِبْرَ ﴿هِيمَ وَمُوسَىٰ 🖫

The Scriptures of Ibrâhim (Abraham) and Mûsa (Moses) (>>>).

88. Al-Ghâshiyah Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	هَلُ أَتَنكَ حَدِيثُ ٱلْغَنشِيَةِ ۞	
=	Has there come to you the narration of the overwhelming (i.e. the Day of Resurrection);	
2.	وُجُوهُ يَوُمَبٍ ذِ خَنشِعَةٌ ۞	
	Some faces, that Day, will be humiliated (in the Hell-fire, i.e. the faces of all disbelievers, Jews and Christians, etc.).[]	
3.	عَامِلَةٌ نَّاصِبَةٌ ٣	
	Labouring (hard in the worldly life by worshipping others besides Allâh), weary (in the Hereafter with humility and disgrace)[].	
4.	تَصلَىٰ نَارًا حَامِيَةً ۞	
	They will enter in the hot blazing Fire,	
5.	تُسْقَىٰ مِنْ عَيْنٍ ءَانِيَةٍ ۞	
	They will be given to drink from a boiling spring,	
6.	لَّيْسَ لَهُمُ طَعَامٌ إِلَّا مِن ضَرِيعٍ ۞	
	No food will there be for them but a poisonous thorny plant,	
7.	لَّا يُسُمِنُ وَلَا يُغُنِى مِن جُوعٍ ۞	
	Which will neither nourish nor avail against hunger.	
8.	وُجُـوهُ يَوُمَبٍ ذِ نَّاعِمَةٌ ۞	
	(Other) faces, that Day, will be joyful,	
9.	لِّسَـعُيِهَا رَاضِيَـةٌ ۞	
	Glad with their endeavour (for their good deeds which they did in this world, along with the true Faith of Islâmic Monotheism).[]	

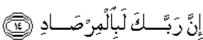
10.		
10.	فِي جَنَّةٍ عَالِيَةٍ ۞	
	In a lofty Paradise.	
11.		
	لَّا تَسُمَعُ فِيهَا لَىغِيَةً ﴿	
12.	Where they shall neither hear harmful speech nor falsehood,	
12.	فِيهَا عَيْنٌ جَارِيَةٌ ﴿	
	Therein will be a running spring,	
13.		
	فِيهَا سُرُرُ مَّرُ فُوعَةٌ ﴿	
14.	Therein will be thrones raised high,	
• • •	وَ أَكُواكُمَّوُضُوعَةٌ ٦	
	And cups set at hand.	
15.	# . 42 - 4 1-5-	
	وَنَمَارِقُ مَصَّفُوفَةٌ ١	
16.	And cushions set in rows,	
	وَزَرَابِ <i>يُّ مَ</i> بُثُوثَةً ۚ ۚ	
	And rich carpets (all) spread out.	
17.	أَفَلَا يَنظُرُونَ إِلَى ٱلَّإِبِل كَيُفَ خُلِقَتُ ١	
	افلا ينظرون إِنَّ الْمِ بِنِ تَيْفُ حَلِقْتُ السَّ	
	Do they not look at the camels, how they are created?	
18.		
	وَ إِلَى ٱلسَّمَآءِ كَيُفَ رُفِعَتُ ۞	
	And at the heaven, how it is raised?	
19.	وَ إِلَى ٱلْجِبَالِ كَيْفَ نُصِبَتُ ٢	
	وإِي ديبه و حيد حيبه	
	And at the mountains, how they are rooted and fixed firm?	
20.		
	وَإِلَى ٱلْأَرُضِ كَيُفَ سُطِحَتُ ۞	
	And at the earth, how it is spread out?	



89. Al-Fajr Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	وَٱلۡفَجُرِ ۞	
	By the dawn;	
2.	وَلَيَــالٍ عَشُــرٍ ۞	
	By the ten nights (i.e. the first ten days of the month of Dhul-Hîjjah) [],	
3.	وَٱلشَّـــفُعِ وَٱلُوَتُــرِ ٣	
	And by the even and the odd (of all the creations of Allâh)[].	
4.	وَٱلَّيْلِ إِذَا يَسُرِ ۞	
	And by the night when it departs.	
5.	هَــلُ فِــى ذَالِـكَ قَسَــمٌ لِّــذِى حِجُــرٍ ۞	
	There is indeed in them (the above oaths) sufficient proofs for men of understanding (and that, they should avoid all kinds of sins and disbeliefs, etc.)!	
6.	أَلَمُ تَرَ كَيُفَ فَعَلَ رَبُّكَ بِعَادٍ ۞	
	Did you (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) not see (thought) how your Lord dealt with 'Ad (people)?	
7.	إِرَمَ ذَاتِ ٱللَّعِمَادِ ۞	
	Who were very tall like lofty pillars,	
8.	ٱلَّتِى لَـمُ يُخُـلَقُ مِثْلُهَا فِى ٱلْبِلَندِ ۞	
	The like of which were not created in the land?	
9.	وَثَمُودَ ٱلَّذِينَ جَابُواْ ٱلصَّخُرَ بِٱلُوَادِ ٢	
	And (with) Thamûd (people), who cut (hewed) out rocks in the valley (to make dwellings)?[]	

10. وَفِرُ عَوْنَ ذِي ٱلْأَوْتَادِ 🕤 And (with) Fir'aun (Pharaoh), who had pegs (who used to torture men by binding them to pegs)? 11. ٱلَّذِينَ طَغَواْ فِي ٱلْبِلَدِ ﴿ Who did transgress beyond bounds in the lands (in the disobedience of Allâh) 12. فَأَكُثَرُ واْ فيهَا ٱلْفَسَادَ ﴿ And made therein much mischief 13. فَصَبَّ عَلَيْهِمُ رَبُّكَ سَوُطَ عَذَاب ﴿ So your Lord poured on them different kinds of severe torment. 14.



Verily, your Lord is Ever Watchful (over them).

15.



As for man, when his Lord tries him by giving him honour and gifts, then he says (puffed up): "My Lord has honoured me."

16.

But when He tries him, by straitening his means of life, he says: "My Lord has humiliated me!"

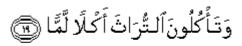
17.

Nay! But you treat not the orphans with kindness and generosity (i.e. you neither treat them well, nor give them their exact right of inheritance)!

18.

And urge not on the feeding of AlMiskîn (the poor)!

19.



And you devour inheritance all with greed

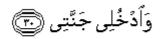
20. وَتُحِبُّونَ ٱلْمَالَ حُبًّا جَمًّا 🕝 And you love wealth with much love! 21. كَلَّآ إِذَا دُكَّتِ ٱلْأَرُضُ دَكًّا دَكًّا 📾 Nay! When the earth is ground to powder, 22. وَجَآءَ رَبُّكَ وَٱلْمَلَكُ صَفًّا صَفًّا سَهًّا And your Lord comes with the angels in rows 23 وَجِاْئَءَ يَوُمَبِذٍ بِجَهَنَّمَ أَيَوُمَبِذٍ يَتَذَكَّرُ ٱلْإِنسَنُ وَأَنَّىٰ لَهُ ٱلذِّكُرَىٰ ٣ And Hell will be brought near that Day. On that Day will man remember, but how will that remembrance (then) avail him? 24. يَقُولُ يَعلَيُتَنِي قَدَّمُتُ لِحَيَاتِي 📆 He will say: "Alas! Would that I had sent forth (good deeds) for (this) my life!" 25. فَيَوُمَبِذِ لَّا يُعَذِّبُ عَذَابَهُ ۚ أَحَدُّ ۞ So on that Day, none will punish as He will punish 26. وَلَا يُوثِقُ وَثَاقَهُ وَ أَحَدُ ٦ And none will bind as He will bind. 27. يَكَأَيَّتُهَا ٱلنَّفُسُ ٱلْمُطُمَئِنَّةُ ﴿ (It will be said to the pious): "O (you) the one in (complete) rest and satisfaction! 28 ٱرُجعِنَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكِ رَاضِيَةً مَّرُ ضِيَّةً 🚳

Come back to your Lord, Well-pleased (yourself) and well-pleasing unto Him!

Enter you, then, among My honoured slaves,

فَأَدُخُلِي فِي عِبَندِي 📆

29.

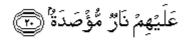


"And enter you My Paradise!"

90. Al-Balad Introduction to this Surat.

1. الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله
2. الْ بَهْ نَا الْبَلَدِ الْ الْبَلَدِ الْ الْبَلَدِ الْ الْبَلَدِ الْ الْبَلَدِ الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
And you are free (from sin, to punish the enemies of Islâm on the Day of the conquest) in this city (Makkah)[], 3. And by the begetter (i.e. Adam >>) and that which he begot (i.e. his progeny); 4. Verily, We have created man in toil.
الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله
وَوَالِدِ وَمَا وَلَدَ كَا وَالِدِ وَمَا وَلَدَ كَا وَالِدِ وَمَا وَلَدَ كَا وَالْدِ وَمَا وَلَدَ كَا وَالْدِ وَمَا وَلَدَ كَا وَالْدِ وَمَا وَلَدَ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِكُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ
4. الْقَدُ خَلَقُنَا ٱلْإِنسَــنَ فِي كَبَدٍ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ المُلْمَاءِ اللهِ المُلْمَاءِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ المُلْمَاءِ اللهِ المُلْمَاءِ اللهِ المُلْمَاءِ اللهِ المُلْمَاءِ اللهِ المُلْمَاءِ اللهِ المُلهِ المُلْمَاءِ اللهِ اللهِ المُلْمَاءِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ المُلْمَاءِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ المُلْمَاءِ اللهِل
لَّقَدُ خَلَقُنَا ٱلْإِنسَــنَ فِى كَبَدٍ ۞ Verily, We have created man in toil.
أَيَحُسَبُ أَن لَّـن يَقُدِرَ عَلَيْـهِ أَحَـدٌ ۞
Thinks he that none can overcome him?
يَقُولُ أَهُلَكُتُ مَالًا لُّبَدًا ۞
He says (boastfully): "I have wasted wealth in abundance!"
أَيَحُسَبُ أَن لَّـمُ يَـرَهُ ۗ أَحَـدُ ۚ ۞
Thinks he that none sees him?
اً لَمُ نَجُعَل لَّهُ و عَيُنيَانِ ٢
Have We not made for him a pair of eyes?
وَلِسَانًا وَشَفَتَيُنِ ٢
And a tongue and a pair of lips?

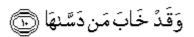
10. وَهَدَيُنَكُ ٱلنَّجُدَيُن 🕝 And shown him the two ways (good and evil)? 11. فَلَا ٱقُتَحَمَ ٱلْعَقَبَةَ 🟐 But he has made no effort to pass on the path that is steep. 12. وَمَآ أَدُرَ نكَ مَا ٱلْعَقَبَةُ ٣ And what will make you know the path that is steep? 13. فَكُّ رَقَبَةٍ ٣ (It is) Freeing a neck (slave, etc.)[] 14. أَوُ إِطُّعَنْمٌ فِي يَوُمِ ذِي مَسْغَبَةٍ ۞ Or giving food in a day of hunger (famine), 15 يَتِيمًا ذَا مَقُرَبَةٍ 🚳 To an orphan near of kin. 16. أَوُ مِسُكِينًا ذَا مَتُرَ بَةٍ 📆 Or to a *Miskîn* (poor) afflicted with misery 17. ثُمَّ كَانَ مِنَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَتَوَاصَواْ بِٱلصَّبرُ وَتَوَاصَواْ بِٱلْمَرُحَمَةِ ﴿ Then he became one of those who believed, and recommended one another to perseverance and patience, and (also) recommended one another to pity and compassion. 18. They are those on the Right Hand (the dwellers of Paradise), 19. وَٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُواْ بِئَايَئِتِنَا هُمُ أَصُحَئِبُٱلْمَشُئَمَةِ ٣ But those who disbelieved in Our Ayât (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.), they are those on the Left Hand (the dwellers of Hell)



The Fire will be shut over them (i.e. they will be enveloped by the Fire without any opening or window or outlet.[]

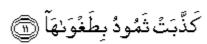
91. Ash-Shams Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	وَٱلشَّـمُسِ وَضُحَنهَا ۞	
	And by the sun and its brightness;	
2.	وَٱلْقَمَرِ إِذَا تَلَنهَا ﴾	
	And by the moon as it follows it (the sun);	
3.	وَٱلنَّهَارِ إِذَا جَلَّنِهَا ٣	
	And by the day as it shows up (the sun's) brightness;	
4.	وَٱلَّيْلِ إِذَا يَغُشَىٰهَا ٢	
	And by the night as it conceals it (the sun);	
5.	وَٱلسَّمَآءِ وَمَا بَنَنهَا ۞	
	And by the heaven and Him Who built it;	
6.	وَٱلْأَرُضِ وَمَا طَحَنهَا ۞	
	And by the earth and Him Who spread it,	
7.	وَنَفُسٍ وَمَا سَوَّىٰهَا ۞	
	And by <i>Naf</i> s (Adam or a person or a soul, etc.), and Him Who perfected him in proportion;	
8.	فَأَلُهُمَهَا فُجُورَهَا وَتَقُونِهَا ۞	
	Then He showed him what is wrong for him and what is right for him;	
9.	قَدُ أَفُلَحَ مَن زَكَّنهَا ۞	
	Indeed he succeeds who purifies his ownself (i.e. obeys and performs all that Allâh ordered, by following the true Faith of Islâmic Monotheism and by doing righteous good deeds).	



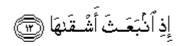
And indeed he fails who corrupts his ownself (i.e. disobeys what Allâh has ordered by rejecting the true Faith of Islâmic Monotheism or by following polytheism, etc. or by doing every kind of evil wicked deeds).

11.



Thamûd (people) denied (their Prophet) through their transgression (by rejecting the true Faith of Islâmic Monotheism, and by following polytheism, and by committing every kind of sin).

12.



When the most wicked man among them went forth (to kill the she-camel).

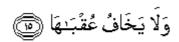
13.

But the Messenger of Allâh [Sâlih (Saleh) >>] said to them: "Be cautious! Fear the evil end. That is the she-camel of Allâh! (Do not harm it) and bar it not from having its drink!"

14.

Then they denied him and they killed it. So their Lord destroyed them because of their sin, and made them equal in destruction (i.e. all grades of people, rich and poor, strong and weak, etc.)!

15.

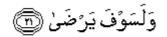


And He (Allâh) feared not the consequences thereof.

92. Al-Lail Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	وَٱلَّيُــلِ إِذَا يَغُشَــن ٢
	By the night as it envelops;
2.	وَٱلنَّهَارِ إِذَا تَجَلَّىٰ ٢
	And by the day as it appears in brightness;
3.	وَمَا خَلَقَ ٱلذَّكَرَ وَٱلْأُنْثَلَ ۚ
	And by Him Who created male and female;
4.	إِنَّ سَعْيَكُمُ لَشَتَّىٰ ۞
	Certainly, your efforts and deeds are diverse (different in aims and purposes);
5.	فَأَمَّا مَنُ أَعُطَىٰ وَٱتَّقَىٰ ٥
	As for him who gives (in charity) and keeps his duty to Allâh and fears Him,
6.	وَصَدَّقَ بِٱلۡحُسُنَىٰ ۞
	And believes in <i>Al-Husna</i> .[]
7.	فَسَنُيَسِّرُهُ وَلِلَيُسُرَىٰ ۞
	We will make smooth for him the path of ease (goodness).
8.	وَ أَمَّا مَنْ بَخِلَ وَٱسۡتَغُنَىٰ ۞
	But he who is greedy miser and thinks himself self-sufficient[] .
9.	وَ كَذَّبَ بِٱلْحُسُنَىٰ ۞
	And gives the lie to <i>Al-Husna</i> (see Verse No: 6 footnote);

10. فَسَنُيَسِّرُهُ ولِلْعُسُرَىٰ 🕤 We will make smooth for him the path for evil; 11. وَمَا يُغُنِى عَنَّهُ مَالُهُ وَ إِذَا تَرَدَّىٰ ۗ And what will his wealth benefit him when he goes down (in destruction). 12. إِنَّ عَلَيْنَا لَلُهُ دَىٰ ٣ Truly! Ours it is (to give) guidance 13. وَإِنَّ لَنَا لَلُأَخِرَةَ وَٱلْأُولَىٰ ٣ And truly, unto Us (belong) the last (Hereafter) and the first (this world). 14. فَأَنذَرُ تُكُمُ نَارًا تَلَظَّىٰ ٦ Therefore I have warned you of a Fire blazing fiercely (Hell); 15. لَا يَصُلَنهَآ إِلَّا ٱلْأَشُـٰقَى ۞ None shall enter it save the most wretched 16. ٱلَّذي كَذَّبَوَتَوَلَّىٰ 🟐 Who denies and turns away. 17. وَ سَيُجَنَّبُهَا ٱلْأَتَّقَى ﴿ And Al-Muttaqûn (the pious and righteous - see V.2:2) will be far removed from it (Hell). 18 ٱلَّذِي يُؤُتِي مَالَهُ و يَتَزَ كَّوْلُ 🔝 He who spends his wealth for increase in self-purification 19. وَمَا لِأَحَدِ عِندَهُ و مِن نِعُمَةٍ تُجُزَيٰ ﴿ And have in his mind no favour from anyone for which a reward is expected in return 20. إِلَّا ٱبُتِغَآءَ وَجُهِ رَبِّهِ ٱلْأَعُلَىٰ ۞ Except only the desire to seek the Countenance of his Lord, the Most High;

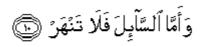


He surely will be pleased (when he will enter Paradise).

93. Ad-Duha Introduction to this Surat.

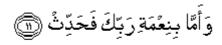
	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	وَٱلضُّحَـىٰ ۞
	By the forenoon (after sun-rise);[]
2.	وَٱلَّيْلِ إِذَا سَجَىٰ ۞
	And by the night when it is still (or darkens);
3.	مَا وَدَّعَكَ رَبُّكَ وَمَا قَلَىٰ ٣
	Your Lord (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) has neither forsaken you nor hated you.
4.	وَلَلَّاخِرَةُ خَيُرٌ لَّكَ مِنَ ٱلْأُولَىٰ ٢
	And indeed the Hereafter is better for you than the present (life of this world).
5.	وَلَسَوُفَ يُعُطِيكَ رَبُّكَ فَـتَرُضَنَ ۞
Щ	And verily, your Lord will give you (all i.e. good) so that you shall be well-pleased.
6.	أَلَمُ يَجِدُكَ يَتِيمًا فَعَاوَىٰ ٢
	Did He not find you (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) an orphan and gave you a refuge?
7.	وَوَجَـدَكَ ضَ ٱلَّا فَهَدَىٰ ۞
	And He found you unaware (of the Qur'ân, its legal laws, and Prophethood, etc.) and guided you?
8.	وَوَجَدَكَ عَآبِلًا فَأَغُنَىٰ ۞
	And He found you poor, and made you rich (selfsufficient with selfcontentment, etc.)?
9.	فَأَمَّا ٱلْيَتِيمَ فَلَا تَقُهَرُ ۞
	Therefore, treat not the orphan with oppression,

10.



And repulse not the beggar;

11



And proclaim the Grace of your Lord (i.e. the Prophethood and all other Graces).

94. Ash-Sharh Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	أَلَمُ نَشُرَحُ لَكَ صَدُرَكَ ۞	
	Have We not opened your breast for you (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him))?	
2.	وَوَضَعُنَا عَنكَ وِزُرَكَ ۞	
	And removed from you your burden,	
3.	ٱلَّذِي أَنقَضَ ظَهُرَكَ ٢	
	Which weighed down your back?	
4.	وَرَفَعُنَا لَكَ ذِكُرَكَ ﴾	
	And raised high your fame?	
5.	فَإِنَّ مَعَ ٱلْعُسُرِ يُسُرًا ۞	
	So verily, with the hardship, there is relief,	
6.	إِنَّ مَعَ ٱلْعُسُرِ يُسُرًا ۞	
	Verily, with the hardship, there is relief (i.e. there is one hardship with two reliefs, so one hardship cannot overcome two reliefs).	
7.	فَإِذَا فَرَغُتَ فَٱنصَبُ ۞	
	So when you have finished (from your occupation), then stand up for Allâh's worship (i.e. stand up for prayer).	
8.	وَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ فَٱرْغَب ۗ	
	And to your Lord (Alone) turn (all your intentions and hopes and) your invocations.	

95. At-Tin Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	وَٱلتِّينِ وَٱلزَّيْتُونِ ۞	
	By the fig, and the olive,	
2.	وَطُورِ سِينِينَ ۞	
	By Mount Sinai,	
3.	وَهَدِذَا ٱلۡبَلَدِ ٱلۡأَمِينِ ۞	
	And by this city of security (Makkah)[] ,	
4.	لَقَدُ خَلَقُنَا ٱلَّإِنسَينَ فِي ٓ أَحُسَنِ تَقُوِيمٍ ۞	
	Verily, We created man of the best stature (mould),	
5.	ثُمَّ رَدَدُنَىـهُ أَسُـفَلَ سَــنفِلِينَ ۞	
	Then We reduced him to the lowest of the low,	
6.	إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّالِحَاتِ فَلَهُمُ أَجُرُّ غَيْرُ مَمُنُونٍ ٢	
	Save those who believe (in Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous deeds, then they shall have a reward without end (Paradise).	
7.	فَمَا يُكَذِّبُكَ بَعُدُ بِٱلدِّينِ ۞	
	Then what (or who) causes you (O disbelievers) to deny the Recompense (i.e. Day of Resurrection)?	
8.	أَلَيْسَ ٱللَّهُ بِأَحُكَمِ ٱلْحَـٰكِمِينَ ۞	
	Is not Allâh the Best of judges?	

96. Al-'Alaq Introduction to this Surat.

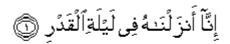
	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	ٱقُرَأُ بِٱسمِ رَبِّكَ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَ ۞	
	Read! In the Name of your Lord, Who has created (all that exists),	
2.	خَلَقَ ٱلَّإِنسَـنَ مِنُ عَلَقٍ ۞	
	Has created man from a clot (a piece of thick coagulated blood).	
3.	ٱقُرَأُ وَرَبُّكَ ٱلْأَكُرَمُ ۞	
	Read! And your Lord is the Most Generous,	
4.	ٱلَّذِي عَلَّمَ بِٱلْقَلَمِ ۞	
	Who has taught (the writing) by the pen [the first person to write was Prophet Idrees (Enoch) >>],	
5.	عَلَّمَ ٱلْإِنسَـنَ مَا لَـمُ يَعُلَـمُ ۞	
	Has taught man that which he knew not.	
6.	كَلَّآ إِنَّ ٱلْإِنسَانَ لَيَطُغَى ﴿	
	Nay! Verily, man does transgress all bounds (in disbelief and evil deed, etc.).	
7.	أَن رَّءَاهُ ٱسْتَغُنْنَى ۚ	
	Because he considers himself self-sufficient.	
8.	إِنَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ ٱلرُّجُعَىٰۤ ۞	
	Surely! Unto your Lord is the return.	
9.	أَرَءَيُتَ ٱلَّذِي يَنُهَىٰ ۞	
	Have you (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) seen him (i.e. Abû Jahl) who prevents,	

10. عَبُدًا إِذَا صَلَّىٰ ۞ A slave (Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) when he prays? 11. أَرَءَيُتَ إِن كَانَ عَلَى ٱلْهُدَيٰ ﴿ Tell me, if he (Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) is on the guidance (of Allâh)? 12. أُو أَمَرَ بِٱلتَّقُوكَيْ ﴿ Or enjoins piety? 13. أُرَءَيُتَ إِن كَذَّبَ وَتَوَلَّنَ ٣ Tell me if he (the disbeliever, Abû Jahl) denies (the truth, i.e. this Qur'ân), and turns away? 14. أَلَمُ يَعُلَم بِأَنَّ ٱللَّهَ يَرَىٰ ۞ Knows he not that Allâh does see (what he does)? 15. كَلَّا لَبِن لَّمُ يَنتَهِ لَنَسُفَعًا بِٱلنَّاصِيَةِ @ Nay! If he (Abû Jahl) ceases not, We will catch him by the forelock 16. نَاصِيَةٍ كَنذِبَةٍ خَاطِئَةٍ 📆 A lying, sinful forelock! 17. فَلُيَدُ عُنَادِيَهُ و 🐨 Then, let him call upon his council (of helpers), 18. سَنَدُ عُ ٱلرَّ بَانِيَةَ 🚳 We will call the guards of Hell (to deal with him)! 19. كَلَّا لَا تُطِعُهُ وَٱسُجُدُ وَٱقُتَرِبا اللَّهِ ﴿ Nay! (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him))! Do not obey him (Abû Jahl). Fall prostrate and draw near to Álláh!

97. Al-Qadr Introduction to this Surat.

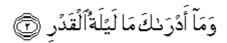
In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.



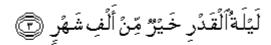
Verily! We have sent it (this Qur'an) down in the night of Al-Qadr (Decree)[]

2.



And what will make you know what the night of Al-Qadr (Decree) is?

3.

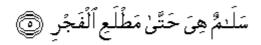


The night of *Al-Qadr* (Decree) is better than a thousand months (i.e. worshipping Allâh in that night is better than worshipping Him a thousand months, i.e. 83 years and 4 months).

4.

Therein descend the angels and the Rûh [Jibrael (Gabriel)] by Allâh's Permission with all Decrees,

5.



Peace! (All that night, there is Peace and Goodness from Allâh to His believing slaves) until the appearance of dawn.[]

98. Al-Baiyinah Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

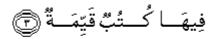
1

Those who disbelieve from among the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) and among *Al-Mushrikûn*,[] were not going to leave (their disbelief) until there came to them clear evidence.

2

A Messenger (Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) from Allâh, reciting (the Qur'ân) purified pages [purified from *Al-Bâtil* (falsehood, etc.)].

3



Containing correct and straight laws from Allâh.

4.

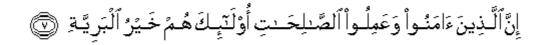
And the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) differed not until after there came to them clear evidence. (i.e. Prophet Muhammad (Peace be upon him) and whatever was revealed to him).

5

And they were commanded not, but that they should worship Allâh, and worship none but Him Alone (abstaining from ascribing partners to Him), and perform *As-Salât* (*Iqâmat-as-Salât*) and give *Zakât*: and that is the right religion.

6.

Verily, those who disbelieve (in the religion of Islâm, the Qur'ân and Prophet Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) from among the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians) and *Al-Mushrikûn* will abide in the Fire of Hell. They are the worst of creatures.[]



Verily, those who believe [in the Oneness of Allâh, and in His Messenger Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) including all obligations ordered by Islâm] and do righteous good deeds, they are the best of creatures.

8.

Their reward with their Lord is 'Adn (Eden) Paradise (Gardens of Eternity), underneath which rivers flow, they will abide therein forever, Allâh Well-Pleased with them, and they with Him. That is for him who fears his Lord.

99. Az-Zalzalah Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.		
1.	إِذَا زُلُـرِلَتِ ٱلْأَرُضُ زِلُزَالَهَا ۞		
	When the earth is shaken with its (final) earthquake.		
2.	وَ أَخُرَجَتِ ٱلْأَرُضُ أَثُقَالَهَا ٢		
	And when the earth throws out its burdens,		
3.	وَقَالَ ٱلَّإِنسَانُ مَا لَهَا ٦		
	And man will say: "What is the matter with it?"		
4.	يَوُمَيِذٍ تُحَدِّثُ أَخُبَارَهَا ٢		
	That Day it will declare its information (about all what happened over it of good or evil).		
5.	بِأَنَّ رَبَّكَ أُوْحَىٰ لَهَا ۞		
	Because your Lord has inspired it.		
6.	يَوُمَبِ ذِيصُدُرُ ٱلنَّاسُ أَشُتَاتًا لِّيُررَواْ أَعُمَالَهُمُ ۞		
	That Day mankind will proceed in scattered groups that they may be shown their deeds.[]		
7.	فَمَن يَعُمَلُ مِثُقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ خَيْرًا يَرَهُ و ٢		
	So whosoever does good equal to the weight of an atom (or a small ant), shall see it.		
8.	وَمَن يَعُمَلُ مِثُقَالَ ذَرَّةٍ شَرًّا يَرَهُ ﴿ ۞		
	And whosoever does evil equal to the weight of an atom (or a small ant), shall see it.		

100. Al-'Adiyât Introduction to this Surat.

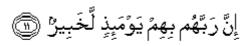
	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	وَٱلْعَدِيَدِيَ ضَبُحًا ۞	
	By the (steeds) that run, with panting (breath),	
2.	فَاللُّهُورِيَنتِ قَدُحًا ٦	
	Striking sparks of fire (by their hooves),	
3.	فَٱلْمُغِيرَ تِ صُبُحًا ۞	
	And scouring to the raid at dawn	
4.	فَأَثَرُنَ بِهِۦ نَقُعًا ۞	
	And raise the dust in clouds the while,	
5.	فَوَسَطُنَ بِهِ عَمُعًا ۞	
	Penetrating forthwith as one into the midst (of the foe);	
6.	إِنَّ ٱلَّإِنسَن َ لِرَبِّهِ ۽ لَكَنُودٌ ۞	
	Verily! Man (disbeliever) is ungrateful to his Lord;	
7.	وَ إِنَّهُ ۚ عَلَىٰ ذَالِكَ لَشَهِيدٌ ۞	
	And to that fact he bears witness (by his deeds);	
8.	وَإِنَّهُ وَلِحُبِّ ٱللَّخَيْرِ لَشَدِيدٌ ٢	
	And verily, he is violent in the love of wealth.	
9.	 أَفَلَا يَعُلَمُ إِذَا بُعُثِرَ مَا فِي ٱلْقُبُورِ 	
	Knows he not that when the contents of the graves are brought out and poured forth (all mankind is resurrected).	

10.



And that which is in the breasts (of men) shall be made known.

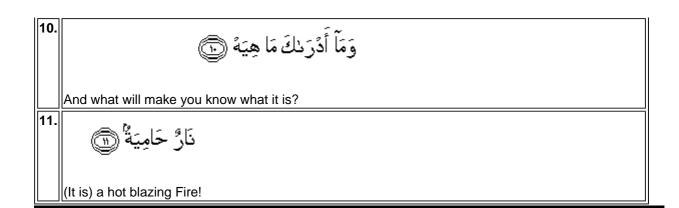
11.



Verily, that Day (i.e. the Day of Resurrection) their Lord will be Well-Acquainted with them (as to their deeds), (and will reward them for their deeds).

101. Al-Qâri'ah Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	ٱلْقَارِعَةُ ۞	
	Al-Qâri'ah (the striking Hour i.e. the Day of Resurrection),	
2.	مَا ٱلْقَارِعَةُ ۞	
	What is the striking (Hour)?	
3.	وَمَآ أَدُرَىٰكَ مَا ٱلْقَارِعَةُ ۞	
	And what will make you know what the striking (Hour) is?	
4.	يَـوُمَ يَكُـونُ ٱلنَّـاسُ كَٱلْفَرَاشِ ٱلْمَبُثُوثِ ۞	
	It is a Day whereon mankind will be like moths scattered about,	
5.	وَتَكُونُ ٱلْجِبَالُ كَٱلْعِهُنِ ٱلْمَنفُوشِ ۞	
	And the mountains will be like carded wool,	
6.	فَأَمَّا مَن ثَقُلَتُ مَوَ رِينُهُ و ٢	
	Then as for him whose balance (of good deeds) will be heavy,[]	
7.	فَهُ وَ فِي عِيشَةٍ رَّاضِيَةٍ ۞ فَهُ وَ فِي عِيشَةٍ رَّاضِيَةٍ ۞	
	He will live a pleasant life (in Paradise).	
8.	وَ أَمَّا مَنُ خَفَّتُ مَوَ رِينُهُ ۗ ۞	
	But as for him whose balance (of good deeds) will be light,	
9.	فَأُمُّهُ و هَاوِيَةٌ ٢	
	He will have his home in <i>Hawiyah</i> (pit, i.e. Hell).	



102. At-Takâthur Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	أَلُهَنكُمُ ٱلتَّكَاثُرُ ۞	
	The mutual rivalry for piling up of worldly things diverts you,	
2.	حَتَّىٰ زُرُتُمُ ٱلْمَقَابِرَ ۞	
	Until you visit the graves (i.e. till you die).	
3.	كَلَّا سَوُفَ تَعُلَّمُونَ ٦	
	Nay! You shall come to know!	
4.	ثُمَّ كَلَّا سَوُفَ تَعُلَمُونَ ٢	
	Again, Nay! You shall come to know!	
5.	كَلَّا لَوُ تَعَلَّمُونَ عِلْمَ ٱلْيَقِينِ ۞	
	Nay! If you knew with a sure knowledge (the end result of piling up, you would not have occupied yourselves in worldly things)	
6.	لَتَرَوُنَّ ٱلْجَحِيمَ ۞	
	Verily, You shall see the blazing Fire (Hell)!	
7.	ثُمَّ لَتَرَوُنَّهَا عَيْنَ ٱلْيَقِينِ ۞	
8.	And again, you shall see it with certainty of sight! ثُمَّ لَتُسَُّّلُنَّ يَوُمَبِدٍ عَنِ ٱلنَّعِيمِ ۞	
	Then, on that Day, you shall be asked about the delight[] (you indulged in, in this world)!	

103. Al-'Asr Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	قَ ٱلْعَصَّـرِ ۚ By <i>Al-'Asr</i> (the time).
2.	اِنَّ ٱلَّالِنسَـــنَ لَفِــى خُسُـرٍ ۞ Verily! Man is in loss,
3.	إِلَّا ٱلَّذِينَ ءَامَنُواْ وَعَمِلُواْ ٱلصَّلِحَدتِ وَتَوَاصَواْ بِٱلْحَقِّ وَتَوَاصَواْ بِٱلصَّبْرِ
	Except those who believe (in Islâmic Monotheism) and do righteous good deeds, and recommend one another to the truth (i.e. order one another to perform all kinds of good deeds (<i>Al-Ma</i> which Allâh has ordained, and abstain from all kinds of sins and evil deeds (<i>Al-Munkar</i> which Allâh has forbidden), and recommend one another to patience (for the sufferings, harms, and injuries which one may encounter in Allâh's Cause during preaching His religion of Islâmic Monotheism or <i>Jihâd</i> , etc.)

104. Al-Humazah Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.		
1.	وَيُلُّ لِّكُلِّ هُمَزَةٍ لِّمُزَةٍ ۞		
	Woe to every slanderer and backbiter.[]		
2.	ٱلَّذِي جَمَعَ مَالًا وَعَدَّدَهُ و 🕝		
	Who has gathered wealth and counted it,		
3.	يَحُسَبُ أَنَّ مَالَهُ وَ أَخُلَدَهُ و ۞		
	He thinks that his wealth will make him last forever!		
4.	كَلَّا لَيُنْبَذَنَّ فِي ٱلْحُطَمَةِ ۞		
	Nay! Verily, he will be thrown into the crushing Fire.		
5.	وَمَآ أَدُرَىٰكَ مَا ٱلۡحُطَمَةُ ۞		
	And what will make you know what the crushing Fire is?		
6.	نَارُ ٱللَّهِ ٱلْمُوقَدَةُ ۞		
	The fire of Allâh, kindled,		
7.	ٱلَّتِى تَطَّلِعُ عَلَى ٱلْأَفَئِدَةِ ۞		
	Which leaps up over the hearts,		
8.	إِنَّهَا عَلَيْهِم مُّؤُصَدَةٌ ۞		
	Verily, it shall be closed in on them,		
9.	فِي عَمَدٍ مُّمَدَّدَةٍ ۞		
	In pillars stretched forth (i.e. they will be punished in the Fire with pillars, etc.).		

105. Al-Fîl Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

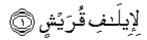
1. اللهم تَوَ كَيْفَ فَعَلَ رَبُّكَ بِأَصْحَدِبِ ٱلْفِيلِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ الله

And made them like an empty field of stalks (of which the corn has been eaten up by cattle).[1]

106. Quraish Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1

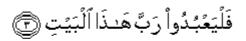


(It is a great Grace and Protection from Allâh), for the taming of the Quraish,

2.

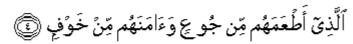
(And with all those Allâh's Grace and Protections for their taming, We cause) the (Quraish) caravans to set forth safe in winter (to the south), and in summer (to the north without any fear),

3.



So let them worship (Allâh) the Lord of this House (the Ka'bah in Makkah).

4.



(He) Who has fed them against hunger, and has made them safe from fear.

107. Al-Mâ'ûn Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	أَرَءَيُتَ ٱلَّذِي يُكَذِّبُ بِٱلدِّينِ ۞	
	Have you seen him who denies the Recompense?	
2.	فَذَالِكَ ٱلَّذِي يَدُعُ ٱلْيَتِيمَ ۞	
	That is he who repulses the orphan (harshly),[]	
3.	وَلَا يَحُضُّ عَلَىٰ طَعَامِ ٱلۡمِسۡكِينِ ۞	
	And urges not the feeding of <i>AlMiskîn</i> (the poor),[]	
4.	فَوَيُلُ لِّلُمُصَلِّينَ ٢	
	So woe unto those performers of <i>Salât</i> (prayers) (hypocrites),	
5.	ٱلَّذِينَ هُمُ عَن صَلَاتِهِمُ سَاهُونَ ۞	
	Who delay their <i>Salât</i> (prayer) from their stated fixed times,	
6.	ٱلَّذِينَ هُمُّ يُرَآءُونَ ۞	
	Those who do good deeds only to be seen (of men),	
7.	وَيَمُنَعُونَ ٱلْمَاعُونَ ٧	
	And refuse <i>Al-Mâ'ûn</i> (small kindnesses e.g. salt, sugar, water, etc.).	

108. Al-Kauthar Introduction to this Surat.

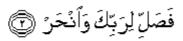
In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1



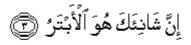
Verily, We have granted you (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him)) Al-Kauthar (a river in Paradise);[]

2.



Therefore turn in prayer to your Lord and sacrifice (to Him only).

3.



For he who makes you angry (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him)), - he will be cut off (from every good thing in this world and in the Hereafter).[]

109. Al-Kâfirûn Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.	
1.	قُلُ يَكَأَيُّهَا ٱلُكَنفِرُونَ ۞	
	Say (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him)to these <i>Mushrikûn</i> and <i>Kâfirûn</i>): "O <i>Al-Kâfirûn</i> (disbelievers in Allâh, in His Oneness, in His Angels, in His Books, in His Messengers, in the Day of Resurrection, and in <i>Al-Qadar</i> , etc.)!	
2.	لَا ٓ أَعُبُدُ مَا تَعُبُدُونَ ٢	
	"I worship not that which you worship,	
3.	وَلَآ أَنتُمُ عَدِيدُونَ مَاۤ أَعُبُدُ ۞	
	"Nor will you worship that which I worship.	
4.	وَلَا أَنَا عَابِدٌ مَّا عَبَدتُّم ٢	
	"And I shall not worship that which you are worshipping.	
5.	وَلَا أَنتُمُ عَدِيدُونَ مَاۤ أَعُبُدُ ۞	
	"Nor will you worship that which I worship.	
6.	لَكُمُ دِينُكُمُ وَلِيَ دِينِ ۞	
	"To you be your religion, and to me my religion (Islâmic Monotheism)."	

110. An-Nasr Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

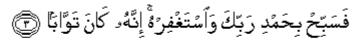
1

When comes the Help of Allâh (to you, O Muhammad (Peace be upon him) against your enemies) and the conquest (of Makkah),

2.

And you see that the people enter Allâh's religion (Islâm) in crowds,

3.



So glorify the Praises of your Lord, and ask for His Forgiveness. Verily, He is the One Who accepts the repentance and forgives.

111. Al-Masad Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

Perish the two hands of Abû Lahab (an uncle of the Prophet), and perish he![]

2.

His wealth and his children (etc.) will not benefit him!

3.

He will be burnt in a Fire of blazing flames!

4.

And his wife too, who carries wood (thorns of Sadan which she used to put on the way of the Prophet (Peace be upon him), or use to slander him)[].

5.

In her neck is a twisted rope of Masad (palm fibre).[]

112. Al-Ikhlâs or At-Tauhîd Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

1.

Say (O Muhammad (Peace be upon him)): "He is Allâh, (the) One.[]

2.

"Allâh-us-Samad (The Self-Sufficient Master, Whom all creatures need, He neither eats nor drinks).

3.

"He begets not, nor was He begotten;[]

4.

"And there is none co-equal or comparable unto Him."

113. Al-Falaq Introduction to this Surat.

In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

| Say: "I seek refuge with (Allâh) the Lord of the daybreak,
| Say: "I seek refuge with (Allâh) the Lord of the daybreak,
| "From the evil of what He has created;
| "And from the evil of the darkening (night) as it comes with its darkness; (or the moon as it sets or goes away).
| "And from the evil of the witchcrafts when they blow in the knots,
| "And from the evil of the envier when he envies."

114. An-Nâs Introduction to this Surat.

	In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.
1.	قُـلُ أَعُـوذُ بِـرَبِّ ٱلنَّاسِ ۞
	Say: "I seek refuge with (Allâh) the Lord of mankind,
2.	مَلِكِ ٱلنَّاسِ ﴿
	"The King of mankind, []
3.	إِلَىهِ ٱلنَّاسِ ﴿
	"The <i>Ilâh</i> (God) of mankind,
4.	مِن شَرِّ ٱلُّوَسُوَاسِ ٱلُّخَنَّاسِ ﴾
	"From the evil of the whisperer (devil who whispers evil in the hearts of men) who withdraws (from his whispering in one's heart after one remembers Allâh)[],
5.	ٱلَّذِي يُوَسُوسُ فِي صُدُورِ ٱلنَّاسِ ۞
	"Who whispers in the breasts of mankind,
6.	مِنَ ٱلْجِنَّةِ وَٱلنَّاسِ ٥
	"Of jinns and men."

APPENDIX I Glossary

'Abd	: A male slave.
'Ad	: An ancient tribe that lived after Noah. It was prosperous, but naughty and disobedient to Allah, so Allah destroyed it with violent destructive westerly wind.
(Ad) Dabur	: Westerly wind.
(Ad) Dajjal	: Pseudo Messiah (<i>Al-Masih-ad-Dajjal</i>) (See F.N. of V. 6: 158 the Qur'ân) and also <i>Hadîth</i> No.649 and 650, Vol.4, <i>Sahih Al-Bukhari</i>).
Adhân	: The call to prayer pronounced loudly to indicate that the time of praying is due. And it is as follows: Allahu Akbar, Allahu-Akbar; Allahu-Akbar, Allahu-Akbar; Ash-hadu an la ilaha ill Allah, Ash-hadu an la ilaha ill Allah; Ash-hadu anna Muhammadan Rasul-Ullah, Ash-hadu anna Muhammadan Rasul-Ullah; Haiya 'alas-Sala(h), Haiya'alas-Sala(h); Haiya 'alal-Falah, Haiya 'alal-Falah; Allahu-Akbar, Allahu-Akbar; La ilaha ill Allah. (See Sahih Al-Bukhari, Vol.1, Page 334).
Adhkhar or Idhkhir	: A kind of grass well-known for its good smell and is found in Hijaz, Saudi Arabia.
Ahkâm	: "Orders". According to Islamic Law, there are five kinds of orders:
	1. Compulsory (<i>Wajib</i>) 2. Order without obligation (<i>Mustahab</i>) 3. Forbidden (<i>Muharram</i>) 4. Disliked but not forbidden (<i>Makruh</i>) 5. Legal and allowed (<i>Halâl</i>)
'Ajwa	: Pressed soft dates (or a kind of dates).
Al-Ahzâb	: Confederates.
Al-'Aqiq	: A valley in Al-Madina about seven kilometers west of Al-Madina.
Al-'Amânah	: The trust or the moral responsibility or honesty, and all the duties which Allah has ordained.
Al-'Awamir	: Snakes living in houses.
Al-Bahîra	: A milking she-camel, whose milk used to be spared for idols and other false deities.
Al-Baida'	: A place to the south of Al-Madina on the way to Makka.
Al-Bait-ul- Ma'mur	: Allah's House over the seventh heaven.
Al-Batsha	: Grasp.
Al-Fâtiha	: The first <i>Sûrah</i> in the Qur'ân.
Al-Firdaus	: The middle and the highest part of Paradise.
Al-Ghâba	: (Literally : the forest) A well-known place near Al-Madina.
Al-Ghurr-ul- Muhajjalûn	: A name that will be given on the Day of Resurrection to the Muslims because the parts of their bodies which they used to wash in ablution will shine then.
Al-Harûriyya	: A special unorthodox religious sect.
Al-Hasbâ	: A place outside Makka where pilgrims go after finishing all the ceremonies of Hajj.
Al-Hijr	: The unroofed portion of the <i>Ka'ba</i> which at present is in the form of a compound towards the north of the <i>Ka'ba</i> .
Al-Hudaibiya	: A well-known place ten miles from Makka on the way to Jeddah.
Al-Ihtibâ'	: A sitting posture, putting one's arms around one's legs while sitting on the hips.
Al-Ji'rana	: A place, few miles from Makka. The Prophet saw distributed the war booty of the battle of Hunain there, and from there he assumed the state of <i>Ihram</i> to perform <i>'Umra</i> .
Al-Juhfa	: The <i>Miqât</i> of the people of Shâm.
Al-Kabâ'ir	: The biggest sins.

Ghazwat-al- Khandaq	: The name of a battle between the early Muslims and the infidels in which the Muslims dug a <i>Khandaq</i> (trench) round Al-Madina to prevent any advance by the enemies.
Al-Kauthar	: A river in Paradise (See The Qur'ân, <i>Sûrah</i> No.108).
Al-Lât & Al-	: Well-known idols in Hijaz which used to be worshipped during the Pre-Islamic Period of
'Uzza	Ignorance.
AI-Lizâm	: The settlement of affairs, in the <i>Hadîth</i> , it refers to the battle of Badr, which was the means of settling affairs between the Muslims and the pagans.
Al-Madina	: Well-known town in Saudi Arabia, where the Prophet's mosque is situated.
Al-Maghâzi	: Plural of <i>Ghazwâ</i> (i.e. holy battle).
Al-Mahassab	: A valley outside Makka sometimes called Khaif Banî Kinana.
Al-Manâsî	: A vast plateau on the outskirts of Al-Madina.
Al-Masjid-al- Aqsâ	: The great mosque in Jerusalem.
Al-Masjid-al- Haram	: The great mosque in Makka. The <i>Ka'ba</i> is situated in it.
Al-Mut'a	: A temporary marriage which was allowed in the early period of Islam when one was away from his home, but later on it was cancelled (abrogated).
Al- Muta'awwilûn	: Those (ones) who form wrong opinions of <i>Kufr</i> about their Muslim brothers.
Al-Qasâma	: The oath taken by 50 men of the tribe of a person who is being accused of killing somebody.
Al-Qaswâ'	: The name of the Prophet'ssaw she-camel.
Al-Qisâs	: Laws of equality in punishment for wounds etc. in retaliation.
Al-Wâsil	: One who keeps good relations with his kith and kin.
Al-Yarmûk	: A place in Shâm.
Allahu-Akbar	: Allah is the Most Great.
Ama	: A female slave.
Amîn	: O Allah, accept our invocation.
Amma Ba'du	: An expression used for separating an introductory from the main topics in a speech; the introductory being usually concerned with Allah's Praises and Glorification. Literally it means, "whatever comes after."
An-Najashi	: (Title for the) king of Ethiopia.
An-Najash	: A trick (of offering a very high price) for something without the intention of buying it but just to allure and cheat somebody else who really wants to buy it although it is not worth such a high price.
An-Najwa	: The private talk between Allah and each of His slaves on the Day of Resurrection. It also means, a secret counsel or conference or consultation. [See the Qur'ân (V.58: 7-13), and also see the F.N. of (V.11:18)].(See Sahih Al-Bukhari, Vol.3, Hadîth No. 621).
Ansâri	: The Companions of the Prophet sawfrom the inhabitants of Al-Madina, who embraced Islam and supported it and who received and entertained the Muslim emigrants from Makka and other places.
'Anza	: A spear-headed stick.
'Aqîqa	: It is the sacrificing of one or two sheep on the occasion of the birth of a child, as a token of gratitude to Allah. (See Sahih Al-Bukhari, The Book of 'Aqîqa, Vol. 7, Page No. 272).
'Aqra Halqa	: Is just an exclamatory expression, the literal meaning of which is not meant always. It expresses disapproval.
'Arafât	: A famous place of pilgrimage on the south-east of Makka about twenty-five kilometers from it.
Arak	: A tree from which Siwak (tooth brush) is made.
'Ariya (plural 'Arâyâ)	: Bai'-al-'Arayâ is a kind of sale by which the owner of a 'Ariya is allowed to sell the fresh dates while they are still over the palms by means of estimation, for dried plucked dates. (See Sahih Al-Bukhari, Vol.3, Ahadîth Nos. 389, 394 and 397).
Ar-Rajm	: Means (in Islamic Law) to stone to death those married persons who commit the crime of illegal sexual intercourse.
'Arsh	: Compensation given in case of someone's injury caused by another person.
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Ar-Ruqya	: Divine Speech recited as a means of curing disease. (It is a kind of treatment, i.e. to recite <i>Sûrat Al-Fâtiha</i> or any other <i>Sûrah</i> of the Qur'ân and then blow one's breath with saliva over a sick person's body-part).
'Asaba	: All male relatives of a deceased person, from the father's side.
'Asb	: A kind of Yemeni cloth that is very coarse.
Ash-Shajara	: A well-known place on the way from Al-Madina to Makka.
Ash-Shiqâq	: Difference between husband and wife.
'Ashûra	: The 10th of the month of Muharram (the first month in the Islamic calendar).
'Asr	: Afternoon, 'Asr prayer time.
As-Sabâ	: Easterly wind.
As-Sâ'iba	: A she-camel which used to be let loose for free pastures in the name of idols, gods, and false deities. (See the Noble Qur'ân 5:103).
As-Saum	: The fasting i.e., to not to eat or drink or have sexual relations etc. from before the Adhân of the Fajr (early morning) prayer till the sunset.
As-Sirât	: Sirât: originally means 'a road'; it also means the bridge that will be laid across Hell-Fire for the people to pass over on the Day of Judgement. It is described as sharper than a sword and thinner than a hair. It will have hooks over it to snatch the people.
Ashâb As- Suffa	: They were about eighty men or more who used to stay and have religious teachings in the Prophet's mosque in Al-Madina, and they were very poor people.
At-Tan'îm	: A place towards the north of Makka outside the sanctuary from where Makkans may assume the state of <i>Ihrâm</i> to perform <i>'Umra</i> .
'Aura	: That part of the body which it is illegal to keep naked before others.
'Awâli-al- Madina	: Outskirts of Al-Madina at a distance of four or more miles.
Awâqin	: (Singular: <i>Uqiyya</i> : 5 <i>Awaqin</i> = 22 Silver Riyals of Yemen or 200 Silver Dirham (i.e. 640 grams approx.) (See <i>Sahih Al-Bukhari</i> , Vol. 2, <i>Hadîth</i> No. 526).
Awsaq	: Plural of <i>Wasq</i> , which is a measure equal to 60 <i>Sa's</i> = 135 kgms. 1 <i>Sa'</i> = 3 kilograms (approx). It may be less or more.
Ayât	: Proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.
Ayât-ul-Kursi	: Qur'ânic Verse No. 255 of Sûrat Al-Baqara.
Azlâm	: Literally means "arrows". Here it means arrows used to seek good luck or a decision, practised by the 'Arabs of Pre-Islamic Period of Ignorance.
Badana	: (Plural : <i>Budn</i>) A camel or a cow or an ox driven to be offered as a sacrifice, by the pilgrims at the sanctuary of Makka.
Badr	: A place about 150 kilometer to the south of Al-Madina, where the first great battle in Islamic history took place between the early Muslims and the infidels of Quraish.
Badhaq	: A kind of alcoholic drink prepared from grapes.
<i>Bai'â</i> (pledge)	: A pledge given by the citizens etc. to their <i>Imâm</i> (Muslim ruler) to be obedient to him according to the Islamic religion.
Bait-ul-Midras	: A place in Al-Madina (and it was a Jewish centre).
Bait-ul- Maqdis	: Bait' literally means 'House': a mosque is frequently called Baitullah (the House of Allah). Bait-ul-Maqdis is the famous mosque in Jerusalem which is regarded as the third greatest mosque in the Islamic world; the first and second being Al-Masjid Al-Haram at Makka and the mosque of the Prophet sawat Al-Madina, respectively.
Banu Al-Asfar	: The Byzantines.
Balâm	: Means an ox.
Barrah	: Pious.
Baqi'	: The cemetery of the people of Al-Madina; many of the companions of the Prophet saware buried in it.
Bid'a	: Heresy (or any innovated practice in religion).
Bint Labun	: Two-year-old she-camel.
Bint Makhad	: One-year-old she-camel.
Bu'ath	: A place about two miles from Al-Madina where a battle took place between the <i>Ansâr</i> tribes of Al-Aus and Al-Khazraj before Islam.

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Buraq	: An animal bigger than a donkey and smaller than a horse on which the Prophet saw went for the <i>Mi'raj</i> . The Ascent of the Prophet saw to the heavens.
Burd, Burda	: A black square narrow dress.
Burnus	: A hooded cloak.
Burud	: Plural of <i>Barid</i> which means sixteen <i>Farsakhs</i> .
Buthan	: A valley in Al-Madina.
Caliph	: The <i>Imâm</i> or the Muslim ruler.
Caliphate	: The Muslim state.
Daghâbis	: Snake cucumbers.It is a plural of <i>Daghbûs</i> .
Daiyân	: Allah; it literally means the One Who judges people from their deeds after calling them to account.
Dâniq	: A coin equal to one sixth of a Dirham.
Dâr-al-Qadâ'	: Justice House (court).
Day of Nafr	: The 12th or 13th of Dhul-Hîjja when the pilgrims leave Mina after performing all the ceremonies of <i>Hajj</i> at 'Arafat, Al-Muzdalifa and Mina.
Dhat-un- Nitâqain	: Asma', the daughter of Abu Bakr. It literally mean a woman with two belts. She was named so by the Prophet saw.
Dhaw-ûl- Arhâm	: Kindred of blood.
Dhu-Mahram	: A male, whom a woman can never marry because of close relationship (e.g. a brother, a father, an uncle etc.); or her own husband.
Dhû-Tuwa	: A well-known well in Makka. In the life-time of the Prophet saw Makka was a small city and this well was outside its precincts. Now-a-days Makka is a larger city and the well is within its boundaries.
Dhimmî	: A non-Muslim living under the protection of an Islamic government.
Dhûl-Hîjja	: The twelfth month in the Islamic calendar.
Dhûl-Hulaifa	: The Migât of the people of Al-Madina now called 'Abyâr 'Ali.
Dhûl-Khalâsa	: Al-Ka'ba Al-Yamaniya. (A house in Yemen where idols used to be worshipped. It belonged to the tribe of Khath'am and Bajaila).
Dhûl-Qa'da	: The eleventh month of the Islamic calendar.
Dhûl Qarnain	: A great ruler in the past who ruled all over the world, and was a true believer. His story is mentioned in the Qur'ân.(18:83)
Dîbâj	: Pure silk cloth.
Dinâr	: An ancient gold coin.
Dirham	: A silver coin weighing 50 grains of barley with cut ends.
<i>Diya</i> (<i>Diyât</i> plural)	: Blood-money (for wounds, killing etc.), compensation paid by the killer to the relatives of the victim (in unintentional cases).
Duha	: Forenoon.
'Eid-al-Adhâ	: The four day festival of Muslims starting on the tenth day of Dhul-Hîjja (month).
'Eid-al-Fitr	: The three day festival of Muslims starting from the first day of Shawwâl, the month that follows Ramadân immediately. <i>Fitr</i> literally means 'breaking the fast.' Muslims fast the whole of Ramadân, the ninth month of the Islamic calendar and when Shawwâl comes, they break their fast.
Fadak	: A town near Al-Madina.
Fâhish	: One who talks evil.
Fai'	: War booty gained without fighting.
Fajr	: Dawn or early morning before sunrise, or morning prayer.
Faqîh	: A learned man who can give religious verdicts.
Farâ'id	: Share fixed for the relatives of a deceased. Such shares are prescribed in the Qur'ân [4:11, 12, 176] 1/2, 1/4, 1/3, 1/6 1/8, 2/3).
Faraq	: A bowl for measuring.
Farîda	: (Plural: <i>Farâ'id</i>) an enjoined duty.
Farruj	: A Qabâ' opened at the back.

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Farsakh	: A distance of three miles : 1 mile = 6000 <i>Dora</i> = 1760 yards.
Fatâh	: A female slave or a young lady.
Fidya	: Compensation for a missed or wrongly practised religious ceremony, usually in the form of money or foodstuff or offering (animal).
Gharâr	: The sale of what is not present; e.g. of unfished fish.
Ghâzî	: A Muslim warrior returning after participation in <i>Jihâd</i> (Islamic holy war).
Ghazwâ	: (Plural : <i>Ghazawât</i>); A holy fighting in the cause of Allah consisting of a large army unit with the Prophet saw himself leading the army.
Ghira	: This word covers a wide meaning : jealousy as regards women, and also it is a feeling of great fury and anger when one's honour and prestige is injured or challenged.
Ghulul	: Stealing from the war booty before its distribution.
Ghuraf	: Special abodes.
Ghusl	: Taking a bath in ceremonial way. This is necessary for one who is <i>Junub</i> , and also on other occasions. This expression 'taking a bath' is used in this book with the special meaning of <i>Ghusl</i> mentioned here.
Hadath (Small)	: Passing wind or urine or answering the call of nature.
Hadath (Big)	: Sexual discharge.
Hady	: An animal (a camel, a cow, a sheep or a goat) offered as a sacrifice by the pilgrims.
Hadîth	: The statements of the Prophet saw; i.e. his sayings, deeds, and approvals, etc
Hais	: A dish made of cooking-butter, dates and cheese.
Најј	: Pilgrimage to Makka.
Al-Hajj-al- Akbar	: The day of <i>Nahr</i> (i.e the 10th of Dhul-Hîjja).
Hajj-al-Asghar	: 'Umra.
Hajjat-ul- Wadâ'	: The last <i>Hajj</i> of the Prophet saw, the year before he died.
Hajj Mabrûr	: Hajj accepted by Allah for being perfectly performed according to the Prophet's Sunna and with legally earned money.
Hajj At- Tamattu' and Al-Qirân	: Hajj performed with 'Umra preceding it. For details, see Sahih Al-Bukhari, the Book of Hajj, Vol.2.
Hajjâm	: One who performs cupping.
Halal	: Lawful.
Hanatâ	: An expression used when you don't want to call somebody by her name. (It is used for calling a female).
Hanif	: Pure Islamic Monotheism (Worshipping Allah Alone and nothing else).
Harâm	: Unlawful, forbidden and punishable from the viewpoint of religion.
Haram	: Sanctuaries of Makka and Al-Madina.
Hâraurâ	: A town in Iraq.
Harba	: A short spear.
Harj	: Killing.
Harra	: A well-known rocky place in Al-Madina covered with black stones.
Hasîr	: A mat that is made of leaves of date-palms and is as long as (or longer than) a man's stature.
Hayâ'	: This term covers a large number of concepts. It may mean 'modesty', 'self-respect', 'bashfulness', 'honour', etc. <i>Haya'</i> is of two kinds: good and bad; the good <i>Hayâ'</i> is to be ashamed to commit a crime or a thing which Allah ÚÒ æ Ìá and His Messenger saw has forbidden, and bad <i>Hayâ'</i> is to be ashamed to do a thing, which Allah and His Messenger saw ordered to do. (See <i>Sahih Al-Bukhari</i> , Vol. 1, <i>Hadîth</i> No.8).
Hawâla	: The transference of a debt from one person to another. It is an agreement whereby a debtor is released from a debt by another becoming responsible for it.
Hawâzin	: A tribe of Quraish.
Henna	: A kind of plant used for dyeing hair etc.

Hilab	: A kind of scent.
Himâ	: A private pasture.
Himyân	: A kind of belt, part of which serves as a purse to keep money in it.
Hiqqa	: A three-year-old she-camel.
Hira'	: A well-known cave in a mountain near Makka.
Hourîs	: Very fair females created by Allah as such not from the off-spring of Adam, with intense black irises of their eyes and intense white scleras.
Hubal	: The name of an idol in the Ka'ba in the Pre-Islamic Period of Ignorance.
Hublâ	: A kind of desert tree.
Hudâ	: Chanting of camel-drivers keeping time of camel's walk.
Hudûd (plural of Hadd)	: Allah's boundary limits for <i>Halâl</i> (lawful) and <i>Haram</i> (unlawful).
Hujra	: Courtyard of a dwelling place, or a room (See Lisân-e-Arab).
Hukm	: A judgement of legal decision (especially of Allah)
Hums	: The tribe of Quraish, their offspring and their allies were called <i>Hums</i> . This word implies enthusiasm and strictness. The <i>Hums</i> used to say, "We are the people of Allah." They thought themselves superior to the other people.
Hunain	: A valley between Makka and Ta'if where the battle took place between the Prophet saw and Quraish pagans.
Hanût	: A kind of scent used for embalming the dead.
'Iddah	: Allah's prescribed period for divorce and marriage, etc. (See the Qur'ân <i>Sûrat</i> 65).
Iftar	: The opposite of fasting, (breaking the fast).
Ihrâm (ÇÍÑÇã)	: A state in which one is prohibited to practise certain deeds that are lawful at other times. The ceremonies of 'Umra and Hajj are performed during such state. When one assumes this state, the first thing one should do is to express mentally and orally one's intention to assume this state for the purpose of performing Hajj or 'Umra. Then Talbîya is recited, two sheets of unstitched clothes are the only clothes one wears, (1) Izâr: worn below one's waist and the other (2) Rida: worn round the upper part of the body.
Ihsân	: The highest level of deeds and worship, (perfection i.e. when you worship Allah or do deeds, consider yourself as if you see Him and if you cannot achieve this feeling or attitude, then you must bear in mind that He sees you).
Ilâ'	: The oath taken by a husband that he would not approach his wife for a certain period.
lliyâ	: Jerusalem.
lmâm	: The person who leads others in the prayer or the Muslim Caliph (or ruler).
lmân	: Faith, Belief.
lmlâs	: An abortion caused by being beaten over one's (a pregnant wife's) abdomen.
Inbijâniya	: A woolen garment without marks.
Iqâma	: The statements of the <i>Adhân</i> are recited reduced so that the statements that are expressed twice in the <i>Adhân</i> are recited once in <i>Iqâma</i> except the last utterance of <i>'Allahu-Akbar,'</i> The prayer is offered immediately after <i>Iqâma</i> has been pronounced.
lqamat-as- Salât	: The offering of the prayers perfectly. This is not understood by many Muslims. It means:
	(A) Each and every Muslim, male or female, is obliged to offer his prayers regularly five times a day at the specified times; the male in the mosque in congregation and the female at home. As the Prophet saw has said: "Order your children for Salât (prayer) at the age of seven and beat them (about it) at the age of ten". The chief (of a family, town, tribe, etc.) and the Muslim ruler of a country are held responsible before Allah in case of non-fulfilment of this obligation by the Muslims under his authority.
	(B) To offer the prayers in a way just as Prophet Muhammad saw offered it with all its rules and regulations, as he saw said: "Offer your prayers the way you see me offering them." Please see Sahih Al-Bukhari, Vol. 1 for the Prophet's way of praying, in the book of characteristics of the prayer and that the prayer (Salât) begins with Takbîr (Allahu-Akbar) with the recitation of Sûrat Al-Fatiha etc. along with its various postures, standing, bowing, prostrations, sitting etc. and it ends

	with <i>Taslîm</i> .
'Ishâ'	: Late evening prayer. Its time starts about one and a half hours after sunset, till the middle of night.
Ishtimal-as- Sammâ	: The wearing of clothes in the following two ways:
	To cover one shoulder with a garment and leave the other bare.
	To wrap oneself in a garment while sitting in such a way that nothing of that garment would cover one's private parts.
Istabraq	: Thick <i>Dibaj</i> (pure silk cloth).
Istihâda	: Bleeding from the womb of a woman in between her ordinary periods. (See Sahih Al-Bukhari, Vol. 1, Hadîth No. 303 and Chapter No. 10, Page No. 183).
Istihsân	: To give a verdict with a proof from one's heart [only) with satisfaction, and one cannot express it (only Abû Hanifa and his pupils say so but the rest of the Muslim religious scholars of <i>Sunna</i> (and they are the majority) do not agree to it].
Istikhâra	: A prayer consisting of two <i>Rakât</i> in which the praying person appeals to Allah to guide him on the right way, regarding a certain deed or situation with which one is confronted. (See <i>Hadîth</i> No. 263, Vol. 2, <i>Hadîth</i> No.391, Vol. 8, <i>Hadîth</i> No. 487, Vol. 9, <i>Sahih Al-Bukhari</i>).
Istisqâ'	: A prayer consisting of two Rakât, invoking Allah for rain in seasons of drought,
l'tikâf	: Seclusion in a mosque for the purpose of worshipping Allah only. The one in such a state should not have sexual relations with his wife, and one is not allowed to leave the mosque except for a very short period, and that is only for very urgent necessity e.g. answering the call of nature or joining a funeral procession etc.
Izâr	: A sheet worn below the waist to cover the lower half of the body.
Jadha'a	: A four-year-old she-camel.
Jalîl	: A kind of good smelling grass grown in Makka.
Jam'	: Al-Muzdalifa, a well-known place near Makka.
Jamra	: A small stone-built pillar in a walled place. There are three <i>Jamras</i> situated at Mina. One of the ceremonies of <i>Hajj</i> is to throw pebbles at these <i>Jamras</i> on the four days of <i>'Eid-al-Adha</i> at Mina.
Jamrât-al- 'Aqaba	: One of the three stone-built pillars situated at Mina. It is situated at the entrance of Mina from the direction of Makka.
Janâba	: The state of a person after having sexual intercourse with his wife or after having a sexual discharge in a wet dream. A person in such a state should perform <i>Ghusl</i> (i.e. have a bath) or do <i>Tayammum</i> , if a bath is not possible.
Janîb	: A good kind of date.
Jihâd	: Holy fighting in the Cause of Allah or any other kind of effort to make Allah's Word (i.e. Islam) superior. <i>Jihâd</i> is regarded as one of the fundamentals of Islam.
Jimâr	: Plural of <i>Jamra</i> .
Jinn	: A creation, created by Allah from fire, like human beings from mud, and angels from light.
Jîzya	: Head tax imposed by Islam on all non-Muslims living under the protection of an Islamic government. [See <i>Sahih Al-Bukhari</i> , Vol. 4, Page No. 251 Chapter 21, and <i>Ahadîth</i> No. 384, 385 and 386.]
Jubba	: A cloak.
Jumada-ath- Thâniya	: Sixth month of the Islamic calendar.
Jumu'a	: Friday.
Junub	: A person who is in a state of <i>Janâba</i> .
Jurhum	: Name of an Arab tribe.
Ka'ba	: A square stone building in <i>Al-Masjid-al-Haram</i> (the great mosque at Makka) towards which all Muslims turn there faces in prayer.
Kafâla	: The pledge given by somebody to a creditor to guarantee that the debtor will be present at a certain specific place to pay his debt or fine, or to undergo a punishment etc.

Kafir	: The one who disbelieves in Allah, His Messengers, all the angels, all the holy Books, Day of Resurrection and in the <i>Al-Qadar</i> (Divine Preordainments).
Kanz	: Hoarded up gold, silver and money, the <i>Zakât</i> of which has not been paid. (See the Qur'ân 9:34).
Kasafat	: An Arabic verb meaning "eclipsed", used for a solar eclipse: Ash-Shamsu Kasafat (the sun eclipsed).
Katm	: A plant used for dyeing hair.
Kauthar	: See Al-Kauthar.
Khadîra	: A kind of vegetation.
Khaibar	: A well-known town in the north of Al-Madina.
Khalîl	: The one whose love is mixed with one's heart and it is superior to a friend or beloved. The Prophet saw had only one <i>Khalîl</i> , i.e. Allah, but he had many friends.
Khaluq	: A kind of perfume.
Khamîsa	: A black woollen square blanket with marks on it.
Kharâj	: Zakât imposed on the yield of the land (1/10th or 1/20th).
Khasafa	: An Arabic word meaning "eclipsed" used for lunar eclipse: Al-Qamaru Khasafa (the moon eclipsed).
Khawârij	: The people who dissented from the religion and disagreed with the rest of the Muslims.
Khazîr	: A special type of dish prepared from barley-flour and meat-soup.
Khazîra	: A special dish prepared from white flour, fat etc.
Khuff	: Leather socks.
Khul'	: (A kind of divorce) the parting of a wife from her husband by giving him a certain compensation, or to return back the <i>Mahr</i> which he gave her.
Khumra	: A small mat just sufficient for the face and the hands (on prostrating during prayers).
Khums	: One-fifth of war booty given in Allah's Cause etc. (The Qur'ân 8:41).
Khutba	: Sermon (religious talk).
Khutba of Nikâh	: A speech delivered at the time of concluding the marriage contract.
Kuhl	: Antimony eye powder.
Kûfa	: A town in Iraq.
Kufr	: It is basically disbelief in any of the articles of Islamic Faith and they are: to believe in Allah (God), His angels, His Messengers, His revealed Books, the Day of Resurrection, and <i>Al-Qadar</i> (i.e. Divine Preordain-ments whatever Allah has ordained must come to pass).
Kuniya	: Calling a man, O 'father of so-and-so!' Or calling a woman, O'mother of so-and- so!' This is a custom of the Arabs.
Kusûf	: Solar eclipse.
La llaha ill Allâh	: None has the right to be worshipped but Allah.
Labbaika wa Sa'daika	: I respond to Your Call; I am obedient to Your Orders.
Li'ân	: An oath which is taken by both the wife and the husband when he accuses his wife of committing illegal sexual intercourse. (The Qur'ân, <i>Sûrat Nûr</i> ,24 :6,7,8,9,).
Luqata	: Article or a thing (a pouch or a purse tied with a string) found by somebody other than the owner who has lost it.
Mabrûr (Hajj)	: Accepted by Allah for being perfectly performed according to the Prophet's legal ways and with legally earned money.
Maghâfîr	: A bad smelling gum.
Maghrib	: Sunset, evening prayer.
Mahram	: See Dhu-Mahram.
Mahr	: Bridal-money given by the husband to the wife at the time of marriage.
Makrûh	: Not approved of, undesirable from the point of view of religion, although not punishable.

Manâsik	: [i.e. <i>Ihram, Tawaf</i> of the <i>Ka'ba</i> and <i>Sâ'y</i> of "As-Safâ" and "Al-Marwa", stay at 'Arafat, Muzdalifa and Mina, <i>Ramy</i> of <i>Jamrâts</i> , slaughtering of <i>Hady</i> (animal) etc. For details, see The Book of <i>Hajj</i> and <i>'Umra, Sahih Al-Bukhari</i> , Vol.2-3.
Manîha (plural	:Manâ'îh): A sort of gift in the form of a she-camel or a sheep which is given to somebody temporarily so that its milk may be used and then the animal is returned to its owner.
Maqam Ibrahim	: (The place) the stone on which AbrahamÚáíå ÇáÓáÇã stood while he and IshmaelÚáíå ÇáÓáÇã were building the <i>Ka'ba</i> .
Al-Maqam-al- Mahmûd	: The highest place in Paradise, which will be granted to Prophet Muhammad saw and none else.
Mar'âs	: A place nearer to Mina than Ash-Shajara.
Al-Marwa	: A mountain in Makka, neighbouring the great mosque (i.e. Al-Masjid-al-Haram)
Mâshâ' Allah	: An Arabic sentence meaning literally, "What Allah wish," and it indicates a good omen.
Masjid	: Mosque.
Mashruba	: Attic room.
Mathânî	: Oft repeated Verses of the Qur'ân, and that is <i>Sûrat Al-Fatiha</i> , recited repeatedly in the prayer.
Maulâ	: It has many meanings. Some are: a manumitted slave, or a master or the Lord (Allah).
Maulâya	: My lord, my master (an expression used when a slave addresses his master (also used for freed slave).
Mayâthir	: Silk cushions.
Mijanna	: A place at Makka.
Mina	: A place outside Makka on the road to 'Arafat. It is five miles away from Makka and about 10 miles from 'Arafât.
Miqât (plural Mawâqît)	: One of the several places specified by the Prophet saw for the people to assume <i>Ihrâm</i> at, on their way to Makka, when intending to perform <i>Hajj</i> or <i>'Umra</i> .
Miracles	: Of the Prophet saw . See Sahih Al-Bukhari, Vol 1, 'Introduction'.
Mi'râj	: The ascent of the Prophet saw to the heavens. (See <i>Hadîth</i> No. 345, Vol. 1, <i>Hadîth</i> No. 429, vol. 4 and <i>Hadîth</i> No. 227, Vol. 5, <i>Sahih Al-Bukhari</i>). [Also see (V. 53:12) the Qur'ân]
Mirbad	: A place where dates are dried.
Misr	: Egypt.
Miswâk	: A tooth brush made of Arak-tree roots.
Mithqâl	: A special kind of weight (equals 4 2/7 grams approx., used for weighing gold). It may be less or more. [20 <i>Mithqâl</i> = 94 grams approx.]
Muhkam	: Qur'ânic Verses the orders of which are not cancelled (abrogated).
Mu'adh-dhin	: A call-maker who pronounces the <i>Adhân</i> loudly calling people to come and perform the prayer.
Mu'awwidhât	: i.e. Sûrat Al-Falaq (113) and Sûrat An-Nas (114). [The Qur'ân].
Mubashshirât	: Glad tidings. [See the F.N. of (V. 10:64), Sahih Al-Bukhari, Vol. 9, Hadîth No. 119].
Mubiqât	: Great destructive sins.
Mudabbar	: A slave who is promised by his master to be manumitted after the latter's death.
Mudd	: A measure of two thirds of a kilogram (approx.) It may be less or more.
Mufassal or Mufassalat	: The <i>Sûrah</i> starting from 'Qaf to the end of the Holy Qur'ân (i.e. from No. 50 to the end of the Qur'ân 114).
Muhâjir	: Anyone of the early Muslims who had migrated from any place to Al-Madina in the life- time of the Prophet saw before the conquest of Makka and also the one who emigrates for the sake of Allah and Islam and also the one who quits all those things which Allah has forbidden.
Muhrim	: One who assumes the state of <i>Ihrâm</i> for the purpose of performing the <i>Hajj</i> or <i>'Umra</i> .
Muhrima	: A female in the state of <i>Ihrâm</i> .
Muhsar	: A <i>Muhrim</i> who intends to perform the <i>Hajj</i> or <i>'Umra</i> but cannot because of some obstacle.
Mujâhid	: A Muslim warrior in <i>Jihâd</i> (Plural: <i>Mujahidûn</i>).

Mujazziz	: A Qâ'if: a learned man who reads the foot and hand marks.
Mujtahidûn	: Independent religious scholars who do not follow religious opinions except with proof from the Qur'an and the Prophet's <i>Sunna</i> , from all over the Muslim world.
Mukatab	: A slave (male or female) who binds himself (or herself) to pay a certain ransom for his (or her) freedom.
Mulâ'ana	: The act of performing <i>Li'ân</i> .
Mulhidûn	: Heretical.
Muqaiyar	: A name of a pot in which alcoholic drinks used to be prepared.
Musalla	: A praying place.
Mushrikûn	: Polytheists, pagans, idolaters and disbelievers in the Oneness of Allah and His Messenger Muhammad saw
Mustahada	: A woman who has bleeding from the womb in between her ordinary periods.
Mutafahhish	: A person who conveys evil talk.
Mu'takif	: One who is in a state of <i>l'tikaf</i> .
Mutashâbihât	: Qur'ânic Verses which are not clear and are difficult to understand.
Mutras	: A Persian word meaning "don't be afraid."
Muttaqûn	: Pious and righteous persons who fear Allah much (abstain from all kinds of sins and evil deeds which He has forbidden) and love Allah much (perform all kinds of good deeds which He has ordained).
Muzâbana	: The sale of fresh dates for dried dates by measure, and the sale of fresh grapes for dried grapes by measure. In both cases the dried fruits are measured while the fresh ones are only estimated as they are still on the trees.
Muzaffat	: A name of a pot in which alcoholic drinks used to be prepared.
Muzdalifa	: A place between 'Arafat and Mina where the pilgrims while returning from 'Arafat, have to stop and stay for the whole night or greater part of it (the night), between the ninth and tenth of Dhul-Hîjja and to perform the <i>Maghrib</i> and 'Ishâ' prayers (together) there.
Muharram	: The first month of the Islamic calendar.
Nabîdh	: Water in which dates or grapes etc. are soaked and is not yet fermented.
Nafr (day of)	: The 12th and 13th of Dhul-Hîjja when the pilgrims leave Mina after performing all the ceremonies of <i>Hajj</i> at 'Arafat, Al-Muzdalifa and Mina.
Nahd	: Sharing the expenses of a journey or putting the journey food of the travellers together to be distributed among them in equal shares.
Nahr	: (Literal: slaughtering of the camels only and is done by cutting carotid artery at the root of the neck); the day of <i>Nahr</i> is the tenth of Dhul-Hîjja on which pilgrims slaughter their sacrifices.
Nâdîha	: A camel used for agricultural purposes.
Nâdy	: A part of an arrow.
Namîma	: (Calumnies) conveyance of disagreeable false information from one person to another to create hostility between them.
Naqîb (s)	: A person heading a group of six persons in an expedition (tribal chiefs).
Naqîr	: A name of a pot in which alcoholic drinks used to be prepared.
Nasl	: A part of an arrow.
Nawâfil	: (plural of Nafila), Optional practice of worship in contrast to obligatory (Farîda).
Nikâh	: Marriage (wedlock) according to Islamic law.
Nisâb	: Minimum amount of property liable to payment of the <i>Zakât</i> e.g. <i>Nisâb</i> of gold is twenty (20) <i>Mithqal</i> i.e. approx. 94 grams; <i>Nisâb</i> of silver is two hundred (200) Dirhams, i.e. approx. 640 grams; <i>Nisâb</i> of food-grains and fruit is 5 <i>Awsuq</i> i.e. 673.5 kgms. <i>Nisâb</i> of camels is 5 camels; <i>Nisâb</i> of cows is 5 cows; and <i>Nisâb</i> of sheep is 40 sheep, etc.
Nûn	: Fish.
Nusk	: Religious act of worship.
Nusub	: Singular of <i>Ansâb. An-Nusub</i> were stone alters at fixed places or graves, etc., whereon sacrifices were slaughtered during fixed periods of occasions and seasons in the name of idols, jinns, angels, pious men, saints, etc., in order to honour them, or to expect some benefit from them.
Nusuk	: A sacrifice.

Prophet	: A person who is inspired divinely.
Qabâ'	: An outer garment with full length sleeves.
Qadar	: Divine Pre-Ordainment.
Lailat-ul-Qadr	: One of the odd last ten nights of the month of fasting (i.e. Ramadân), Allah ÊÚÇáì describes it as better than one thousand months, and the one who worships Allah during it by performing optional prayers and reciting the Holy Qur'ân, etc. will get a reward better than worshipping Him for one thousand months (i.e. 83 years and four months).[See the Qur'ân <i>Sûrat</i> 97 (V.97: 1-5)]. (See <i>Sahih Al-Bukhari</i> , Vol. 3, <i>Hadîth</i> No. 231 and Chapter No.2).
Qalîb	: A well.
Qâri'	: Early Muslim religious scholar was called <i>Qurrâ'</i> (plural of <i>Qarî</i>). (This word is also used for a person who knows the Qur'ân by heart). The plural is <i>Qurrâ'</i> . The <i>Qurrâ'</i> were teachers of the early Muslims.
Qarin	: One who performs <i>Hajj-al-Qiran</i> .
Qarn-al- Manazil	: The <i>Miqât</i> of the people of Najd. It is situated on the way to Makka.
Qasab	: Pipes made of gold, pearls and other precious stones.
Qatîfa	: Thick soft cloth.
Qattât	: A person who conveys information from someone to another with the intention of causing harm and enmity between them. (<i>Sahih Al-Bukhari</i> , Vol. 8, <i>Hadîth</i> No.82).
Qiblah	: The direction in which all Muslims turn their faces in prayers and that direction is towards the <i>Ka'ba</i> in Makka (Saudi Arabia).
Qîl and Qâl	: Sinful, useless talk (e.g. backbiting, lies, etc.).
Qintâr	: A weight-measure for food-grains, etc., e.g. wheat, maize, oat, barley.
Qirâm	: A thin marked woolen curtain.
Qirât	: A special weight; sometimes a very great weight like Uhud mountain. 1 <i>Qirat</i> = 1/2 <i>Daniq</i> & 1 <i>Daniq</i> = 1/6 Dirham.
Qissî	: A kind of cloth containing silk; some say it is called so because it is manufactured in Egypt at a place called <i>Qiss</i> .
Qithâm	: A plant disease which causes fruit to fall before ripening.
Qiyâm	: The standing posture in prayer.
Qiyâs	: Verdicts and judgements given by the Islamic religious scholars. These are given on the following proofs respectively:- (A) From the Qur'ân; (B) From the Prophet's "Sunna." (C) From the unanimously accepted verdict of the Mujtahidûn; (D) Qiyâs: i.e. the verdict given by a Mujtahid who considered the case similar in
	comparison with a case judged by the Prophet saw . Qiyâs is not to be practised except if the judgement of the case is not found in the first three above mentioned proofs, A, B and C.
Qubâ'	: A place on the outskirts of Al-Madina. The Prophet saw established a mosque there, which bears the same name. A visit to that mosque on Saturday forenoon and offering a two <i>Rak'ât</i> prayer is regarded as a performance of <i>'Umra</i> in reward according to the Prophet's saying.
Qudhadh	: A part of an arrow.
Qumqum	: A narrow headed vessel.
Qunut	: Invocation in the prayer.
Quraish	: One of the greatest tribes in Arabia in the Pre-Islamic Period of Ignorance. The Prophet Muhammad saw belonged to this tribe, which had great powers spiritually and financially both before and after Islam came.
Quraishi	: A person belonging to the Quraish (well-known Arab) tribe.
Rabb	: Lord, Owner (it is also one of the Names of Allah).
Rabbuk	: Your Lord, Your Master.
Rabî'-ul- Awwal	: Third month of the Islamic calendar.

Rahila	: A she-camel used for riding. (Literally means: a mount to ride).
Raiyan	: The name of one of the gates of Paradise through which the people who often observe fasting will enter.
Rajab	: The seventh month of the Islamic calendar.
Rajaz	: Name of poetic metre.
Rak'â	: The prayer of Muslims consists of <i>Rak'ât</i> (singular- <i>Rak'â</i>), which consists of one standing, one bowing and two prostrations.
Ramadân	: The month of fasting. It is the ninth month of the Islamic calendar. In it the Holy Qur'ân started to be revealed to our Prophet saw and in it occurs the night of <i>Qadr</i> and in it also occurred the great decisive battle of Badr.
Ramal	: Fast walking accompanied by the movements of the arms and legs to show one's physical strength. This is to be observed in the first three rounds of the <i>Tawâf</i> around the <i>Ka'ba</i> , and is to be done by the men only and not by the women.
Ramy	: The throwing of pebbles at the <i>Jimar</i> at Mina.
Ribâ' (Usury)	: Usury which is of two major kinds: (a) <i>Ribâ' Nasî'a</i> , i.e. interest on lent money; (b) <i>Ribâ' FadI</i> , i.e. taking a superior thing of the same kind of goods by giving more of the same kind of goods of inferior quality, e.g., dates of superior quality for dates of inferior quality in greater amount. Islam strictly forbids all kinds of usury.
Ridâ'	: A piece of cloth (sheet etc.) worn around the upper part of the body.
Rikâz	Buried wealth (from the pre-Islamic period).
Ruh-ul-Lah	: According to the early religious scholars from among the companions of the Prophet saw and their students and the <i>Mujtahidûn</i> , there is a rule to distinguish between the two nouns in the genitive construction.
	 (A) When one of the two nouns is Allah, and the other is a person of a thing, e.g., (i) Allah's House (Bait-ul-Lah), (ii) Allah's Messenger; (iii) Allah's slave ('Abdullah); (iv) Allah's spirit (Ruh-ul- Lah) etc. The rule of the above words is that the second noun, e.g., House, Messenger, slave, spirit, etc. is created by Allah and is honourable in His Sight and similarly Allah's spirit may be understood as the spirit of Allah, in fact, it is a soul created by Allah, i.e. Jesus, and it was His Word: "Be!", - and he was created (like the creation of Adam). (B) But when one of the two is Allah and the second is neither a person nor a
	thing, then it is not a created thing but is a quality of Allah, e.g., (i) Allah's Knowledge (' <i>Ilmullah</i>); (ii) Allah's Life (<i>Hayatullah</i>); (iii) Allah's Statement (<i>Kalamullah</i>); (iv) Allah's Self (<i>Dhatullah</i>)etc.
Ruqba	: A kind of gift in the form of a house given to somebody to live in as long as he is alive.
Sâ'	: A measure that equals four <i>Mudds</i> (3 kg. approx).
Sab'a-al- Mathânî	: The seven repeatedly recited Verses i.e. Sûrat Al-Fatiha.
Sabâhâh	: An exclamation indicating an appeal for help.
Sâbi'ûn	: A passed nation used to live in Iraq say <i>Lâ Ilâha ill Allâh</i> (none has the right to be worshipped but Allah) and used to read <i>Az-Zabur</i> (The Psalms of the <i>Sâbi'ûns</i>) and they were neither Jews nor Christians.
Sa'dan	: A thorny plant suitable for grazing animals.
Sadaqâ	: Anything given in charity.
As-Safa and Al-Marwa	: Two mountains at Makka neighbouring Al-Masjid-Al-Haram (the great mosque) to the east. One who performs 'Umra and Hajj should walk seven times between these two mountains and that is called 'Sâ'y'.
Sahba	: A place near Khaibar.
Sahw	: Forgetting (here it means forgetting how many <i>Rak'ât</i> a person has prayed in which case he should perform two prostrations of <i>Sahw</i>).
Sahûr	: A meal taken at night before the Fajr (morning) prayer by a fasting person.

Sa'y	: The going for seven times between the mountains of As-Safâ and Al-Marwa in Makka during the performance of <i>Hajj</i> and <i>'Umra.</i>
Sayyid	: Master (it is also used as a title name of the descendants of the Prophet saw).
Sayyidi	: My master.
Sakînah	: Tranquillity, calmness, peace and reassurance etc.
Salab	: Belongings (arms, horse, etc.) of a deceased warrior killed in a battle.
Salaf	: A sale in which the price is paid at once for goods to be delivered later.
Salam	: Synonym of Salaf.
Sami' Allahu	:
Liman Hamidah	: Allah heard him who sent his praises to Him.
Samur	: A kind of tree.
Sanah	: Means 'good' in the Ethiopian language.
Sarîya	: A small army-unit sent by the Prophet saw for <i>Jihâd</i> , without his participation in it.
Sarîf	: A place six miles away from Makka.
Sawîq	: A kind of mash made of powdered roasted wheat or barley grain (also with sugar and dates).
Sha'bân	: The eighth month of the Islamic calendar.
Shâm	: The region comprising Syria, Palestine, Lebanon and Jordan.
Shawwâl	: The tenth month of the Islamic calendar.
Shighâr	: A type of marriage in which persons exchange their daughters or sisters in marriage without <i>Mahr</i> .
Shirak	: A leather strap.
Shirk	: Polytheism and it is to worship others along with Allah. (See the Appendix II at the end of the Book).
Shuf'a	: Pre-emption.
Siddiq and Siddiqûn	: Those followers of the Prophets who were first and foremost to believe in them (See the Qur'ân 4:69).
Sidr	: Lote tree (or Nabk tree).
Sidrat-ul- Muntahâ	: A Nabk tree over the seventh heaven near the Paradise (the lote tree of the utmost boundary)
Siffin (battle of)	: A battle that took place between 'Ali's followers and Mu'awiya's followers at the river of the Euphrates in 'Iraq.
Siwak	: A piece of a root of a tree called Al-Arak, used as a toothbrush.
Subhân Allah	: To honour Allah and make Him free from all that (unsuitable evil things) that are ascribed to Him (or Glorified be Allah).
Suhûliya	: A cotton cloth, its name is derived from the name of a village in Yemen called Suhul.
Sundus	: A kind of silk cloth.
Sunna (legal ways)	: Literally means: legal way or ways, orders, acts of worship and statements etc. of the Prophet saw, that have become models to be followed by the Muslims.
Sutra	: An object like a pillar, wall or stick, a spear etc., the height of which should not be less than a foot and must be in front of a praying person to act as a symbolical barrier between him and the others.
Tâba (Taiba)	: Another name for Al-Madina.
Tabûk	: A well-known town about 700 kilometers north of Al-Madina.
Tâghût	: The word <i>Tâghût</i> covers a wide range meanings: It means anything worshipped other than the Real God (Allah), i.e. all the false deities. It may be Satan, devils, idols, stones, sun, stars, angels, human beings e.g. Jesus, Messengers of Allah, who were falsely worshipped and taken as <i>Tâghûts</i> . Likewise saints, graves, rulers, leaders, etc., are falsely worshipped, and wrongly followed.
Tahajjud	: Night optional prayers offered at any time after Ishâ prayers and before the Fajr prayer.
Tahnîk	: It is the Islamic customary process of chewing a piece of date etc.and putting a part of its juice in the child's mouth and pronouncing <i>Adhân</i> in child's ears, etc. (See <i>Sahih Al-Bukhari</i> , the Book of ' <i>Aqîqa</i> , Vol. 7, Page No. 272).

Taiba	: One of the names of Al-Madina city.
Tâ'if	: A well-known town near Makka.
Takbîr	: Saying Allahu-Akbar (Allah is the Most Great).
Takbîra	: A single utterance of Allahu-Akbar
Talbîna	: A dish prepared from flour and honey.
Talbîya	: Saying <i>Labbaik</i> , <i>Allahumma Labbaik</i> (O Allah! I am obedient to Your Orders, I respond to Your Call).
Taqlîd	: Putting coloured garlands around the necks of <i>Budn</i> (animals for sacrifice).
Taribat Yamînuka	: (May your right hand be in dust). It is an expression of exhortation, meaning, if you do not do what I tell you, you will lose great advantage and win nothing but dust.
<i>Tarwiya</i> (day of)	: The eighth day of Dhul-Hîjja, when pilgrims start going to Mina.
Tarâwîh	: Optional prayers offered after the <i>Ishâ</i> prayers on the nights of Ramadân. These may be performed individually or in congregation.
Tashah-hud	: The recitation of the invocation: At-tahiyyatu Lillahi (upto) wa ash-hadu anna Muhammadan Rasul-ullah", while in Qu'ud, i.e. sitting posture in prayer. (See Sahih Al-Bukhari, Vol. 1, Hadîth No. 794, and also see the footnote of Page No. 56, Vol. 5 of Sahih Al-Bukhari).
<i>Tashrîq</i> (days of)	: 11th, 12th and 13th of Dhul-Hîjja.
Tashmît	: May Allah bestow His Blessings upon you.
Taslîm	: On finishing the prayer, one turns one's face to the right and then to the left saying, Assalamu 'Alaikum wa Rahmatullah (Peace and Mercy of Allah be on you), and this action is called Taslîm. p>
Tauhîd	: It has three aspects; A, B and C:
	(A) Oneness of the Lordship of Allah; <i>Tauhîd-ar-Rububiyya</i> : To believe that there is only one Lord for all the universe, its Creator, Organizer, Planner, Sustainer, and the Giver of Security, etc., and that is Allah.
	(B) Oneness of the worship of Allah; <i>Tauhîd-al-Uluhiyya</i> : To believe that none has the right to be worshipped [e.g. praying, invoking, asking for help (from the unseen), swearing, slaughtering sacrifices, giving charity, fasting, pilgrimage, etc.], but Allah.
	(C) Oneness of the Names and the Qualities of Allah; <i>Tauhîd-al-Asmâ was-Sifat</i> : To believe that: (i) we must not name or qualify Allah except with what He or His Messenger saw has named or qualified Him; (ii) none can be named or qualified with the Names or Qualifications of Allah; e.g. <i>Al-Karim</i> ; (iii) we must confirm Allah's all qualifications which Allah has stated in His Book (the Qur'ân) or mentioned through His Messenger (Muhammad saw) without changing them or ignoring them completely or twisting the meanings or giving resemblance to any of the created things; e.g. Allah is present over His Throne as mentioned in the Qur'ân. (V. 20:5): "The Most Beneficent (i.e. Allah) <i>Istawa</i> (rose over) the (Mighty) Throne" over the seventh heaven; and He only comes down over the first (nearest) heaven (to us) during the day of 'Arafât (<i>Hajj</i> , i.e. 9th Dhul-Hijja) and also during the last third part of the night, as mentioned by the Prophet saw, but He is with us by His Knowledge only, not by His Personal Self (<i>Bi-Dhatihi</i>), "There is nothing like unto Him, and He is the All-Hearer, the All-Seer." (The Qur'ân, V. 42:11).
	This holy Verse confirms the quality of hearing and the quality of sight for Allah without resemblance to others; and likewise He also said:
	"To one whom I have created with Both My Hands," (V. 38:75); and He also said:
	"The Hand of Allah is over their hands.": (V. 48:10, The Qur'ân). This confirms two Hands for Allah, but there is no similarity for them.
	This is the Faith of all true believers, and was the Faith of all the Prophets of Allah from Noah, Abraham, Moses and Christ till the last of the Prophets, Muhammad

	saw . It is not like as some people think that Allah is present every-where, here,
	there and even inside the breasts of men.
	These three aspects of <i>Tauhîd</i> are included in the meanings of <i>Lâ ilâha ill Allâh</i> (none has the right to be worshipped but Allah).
	It is also essential to follow Allah's Messenger Muhammad saw: Wajûb Al-Itteba' and it is a part of Tauhîd-al-Uluhiyya. This is included in the meaning: "I testify that Muhammad saw is the Messenger of Allah" and this means, "None has the right to be followed after Allah's Book (the Qur'ân), but Allah's Messenger saw ". [See the Qur'ân (V. 59:7) and (V. 3:31)].
Tawâf	: The circumambulation of the <i>Ka'ba</i> .
Tawâf-al-Ifâda	: The circumambulation of the <i>Ka'ba</i> by the pilgrims after they come from Mina on the tenth day of Dhul-Hîjja. This <i>Tawâf</i> is one of the essential ceremonies (<i>Rukn</i>) of the <i>Hajj</i> .
Tawâf-ul- Wadâ'	: The <i>Tawâf</i> made before leaving Makka.
Tayammum	: To put or strike lightly the hands over clean earth and then pass the palm of each on the back of the other, blow off the dust and then pass them on the face. This is performed instead of ablution (<i>Wudu</i>) and <i>Ghusl</i> (in case of <i>Janaba</i> etc.) See <i>Sahih Al-Bukhari</i> , Vol. 1, <i>Hadîth</i> No. 334 and 340.
Thâniyât-al- Wadâ'	: A place near Al-Madina.
Tharîd	: A kind of meal, prepared from meat and bread.
Thaur	: A well-known mountain in Al-Madina.
Tilâ'	: A kind of alcoholic drink prepared from grapes.
Tubbân	: Shorts that cover the knees (used by wrestlers).
Tulaqâ'	: Those persons who had embraced Islam on the day of the conquest of Makka.
Tûr	: A mountain.
Uhud	: A well-known mountain in Al-Madina. One of the great battles in the Islamic history took place at its foot. This battle is called <i>Ghazwa</i> Uhud.
'Umra	: A visit to Makka during which one performs the <i>Tawâf</i> around the <i>Ka'ba</i> and the <i>Sâ'y</i> between As-Safâ and Al-Marwa. (See <i>Sahih Al-Bukhari</i> , Vol. 3, Page 1).
'Umra	: Synonym of <i>Ruqba</i> .
Umm-al- Walad	: A slave woman who begets a child for her master.
Uqiya	: 128 grams. It may be less or more according to different countries.
'Urfut	: The tree which produces Maghafîr.
'Ushr	: One tenth of the yield of land to be levied for public assistance (<i>Zakât</i>). (See <i>Sahih Al-Bukhari</i> , Vol. 2, <i>Hadîth</i> No. 560).
Waihaka	: May Allah be Merciful to you.
Wailaka	: 'Woe upon you!'
Walâ'	: A kind of relationship (between the master who freed a slave and the freed slave).
Walî [plural Auliyâ]	: Protector, Guardian, Supporter, Helper, Friend etc.
Walîma	: The marriage banquet.
Waqf	: Religious endowment.
Wars	: A kind of perfume.
Wasaya	: Wills or testaments.
Wasq:	: (plural Awsaq or or Awsuq) A measure equal to 60 Sa's = 135 kg. approx. It may be less or more.
Wisâl	: Fasting for more than one day continuously.
Witr	: An odd number of <i>Rak'ât</i> with which one finishes one's prayers at night after the night prayer or the <i>Ishâ</i> prayer.
Yakhsifan	: Eclipse.
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Yalamlam	: The Migât of the people of Yemen.
Yamâma	: A place in Saudi Arabia towards Najd.
Yaqîn	: Perfect absolute Faith.
Yathrib	: One of the names of Al-Madina.
Zakât	: A certain fixed proportion of the wealth and of the each and every kind of the property liable to $Zak\hat{a}t$ of a Muslim to be paid yearly for the benefit of the poor in the Muslim community. The payment of $Zak\hat{a}t$ is obligatory as it is one of the five pillars of Islam. $Zak\hat{a}t$ is the major economic means for establishing social justice and leading the Muslim society to prosperity and security. [See $Sahih$ Al - $Bukhari$, $Vol.$ 2, Book of $Zak\hat{a}t$ (24)].
Zakât-ul-Fitr	: An obligatory <i>Sadaqâ</i> to be given by Muslims before the prayer of <i>'Eid-ul-Fitr</i> (See <i>Sahih Al-Bukhari</i> , Vol. 2, The Book of <i>Zakât-al-Fitr</i> , Page No. 339).
Zamzam	: The sacred well inside the Haram (the grand mosque) at Makka.
Zanâdiqa	: Atheists.
Zarnab	: A kind of good smelling grass.
Zuhr	: Noon, mid-day prayer is called <i>Zuhr</i> prayer.
THE END OF GLOSSARY	

APPENDIX II

In the name of Allah, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful

WHY ALLAH SENT PROPHETS AND MESSENGERS?

Ever since people innovated the dogma of *Shirk*, (i.e. joining others in worship along with Allah), Allah had been sending Prophets and Messengers to His devotees in order to invite them to the worship of Allah and Allah Alone, to order them not to ascribe partners unto Him and bring them out of the darkness of polytheism into the light of Monotheism. All the Prophets preached *Tauhîd* (i.e. Monotheism, the Belief in the Oneness of Allah, the Glorious, the Elevated). The following Verses from the Noble Qur'ân illustrate this fact:

"Indeed We sent Noah to his people, and he said: 'O my people! Worship Allah! You have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him. (*Lâ ilaha ill Allah*, none has the right to be worshipped but Allah). Certainly, I fear for you the torment of a great Day!' " (V. 7:59).

"And to 'Ad (people, We sent) their brother Hûd. He said: 'O my people! Worship Allah! You have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him. (*Lâ ilâha ill Allâh*, none has the right to be worshipped but Allah). Will you not fear (Allah)?' " (V. 7:65).

"And to (the people of) Madyan (Midian), (We sent) their brother Shu'aib. He said: 'O my people! Worship Allah! You have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him. (*Lâ ilâha ill Allâh*, none has the right to be worshipped but Allah). Verily, a clear proof (sign) from your Lord has come unto you, so give full measure and full weight and wrong not men in their things, and do not make mischief on the earth after it has been set in order, that will be better for you, if you are believers.' " (V.7:85)

"And to Thamûd (people, We sent) their brother Salih. He said: 'O my people! Worship Allah! You have no other *Ilâh* (God) but Him. (*Lâ ilâha ill Allah*, none has the right to be worshipped but Allah).' " (V. 7:73).

"And verily, We have sent among every *Ummah* (community, nation) a Messenger (proclaiming): Worship Allah (Alone) and avoid (or keep away from) *Tâghût* (all false deities etc. i.e. do not worship *Tâghût*s besides Allah)." (V. 16:36).

Every Prophet was sent unto his own nation for their guidance, but the Message of Prophet Muhammad SAW was general for all mankind and jinns.

"Say (O Muhammad SAW): 'O mankind: Verily, I am sent to you all as the Messenger of Allah.' " (V. 7:158).

So the aim of sending these Prophets and Messengers to men and jinns was only that they should worship Allah Alone, as Allah SWT; said: "And I (Allah) created not the jinns and men except they should worship Me (Alone)" The Qur'ân (V. 51:56).

And to worship Allah means to obey Him and to do all He has ordained, and to fear Him by abstaining from all He has forbidden.

Then those who will obey Allah will be rewarded in Paradise, and those who will disobey Him will be punished in the Hell-Fire.

TAUHID - (ISLAMIC MONOTHEISM)

Tauhîd (Islamic Monotheism) has three aspects:

- (A) Oneness of the Lordship of Allah; *Tauhîd-ar-Rubûbiya*: To believe that there is only one Lord for all the universe, its Creator, Organizer, Planner, Sustainer, and the Giver of security, etc., and that is Allah.
- (B) Oneness of the worship of Allah; *Tauhîd-al-Ulûhiya*: To believe that none has the right to be worshipped [e.g. praying, invoking, asking for help (from the unseen), swearing, slaughtering sacrifices, giving charity, fasting, pilgrimage, etc.] but Allah.
- (C) Oneness of the Names and the Qualities of Allah: Tauhîd-al-Asmâ was-Sifât. To believe that:

- (i) We must not name or qualify Allah except with what He or His Messenger SAW has named or qualified Him;
- (ii) None can be named or qualified with the Names or Qualifications of Allah; e.g. Al-Karîm;
- (iii) We must confirm all of Allah's Qualifications which Allah has stated in His Book (the Qur'ân) or mentioned through His Messenger (Muhammad SAW) without changing them or ignoring them completely or twisting the meanings or giving resemblance to any of the created things [e.g. Allah is present over His Throne as mentioned in the Qur'ân (V. 20:5):-

"The Most Beneficent (Allah) *Istawa* (rose over) the (Mighty) Throne," over the seventh heaven; and He only comes down over the first (nearest) heaven to us on the day of 'Arafât (*Hajj*, i.e. the 9th of Dhul-Hijja), and also during the last third part of the night as mentioned by the Prophet SAW, but He is with us by His Knowledge only, not by His Personal-Self (*Bi-Dhâtihi*).

Also Allah said:

"There is nothing like unto Him and He is the All-Hearer, the All-Seer" (V.42:11).

This holy Verse confirms the quality of hearing and the quality of sight for Allah without resemblance to others, and likewise He SWT also said:

"To one whom I have created with Both My Hands," (V.38:75);

and He also said:

"The Hand of Allah is over their hands." (V.48:10).

This confirms two Hands for Allah, but there is no similarity for them. This is the Faith of all true believers, and was the Faith of all the Prophets of Allah, from Nûh (Noah), Ibrâhim (Abraham), Mûsa (Moses) and Ilesa (Christ) till the last of the Prophets, Muhammad SAW. [It is not like as some people think that Allah is present everywhere - here, there and even inside the breasts of men].

These three aspects of *Tauhîd* are included in the meaning of *Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh* (none has the right to be worshipped but Allah).

It is also essential to follow Allah's Messenger, Muhammad SAW: Wajûb al-Ittebâ' and it is a part of Tauhîd-al-Ulûhiya.

This is included in the meaning, "I testify that Muhammad SAW is Allah's Messenger," and this means, "None has the right to be followed after Allah's Book (the Qur'ân), but Allah's Messenger SAW".

Allah said:

"And whatsoever the Messenger (Muhammad $_{SAW}$) gives you, take it, and whatsoever he forbids you, abstain (from it)." (V.59:7)

And also Allah said:

"Say (O Muhammad SAW to mankind), 'If you (really) love Allah then follow me [i.e. accept Islâmic Monotheism, follow the Qur'ân and the *Sunnah* (legal ways of the Prophet SAW)], Allah will love you and forgive you of your sins.' " (V.3:31)

SHAHADA CONFESSION OF A MUSLIM

Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh, Muhammad-ur- Rasûl-Allâh

(None has the right to be worshipped but Allah,

and Muhammad SAW is the Messenger of Allah).

I have noticed that most of the mankind, who embrace Islam, do not understand the reality of the meaning of the first fundamental principle of Islam, i.e. *Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh*, *Muhammad-ur-Rasûl-Allâh* (none has the right to be worshipped but Allah, and Muhammad _{SAW} is the Messenger of Allah). So I consider it essential to explain something of the meanings of this great sentence (i.e principle) in some detail:

Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh, Muhammad-ur- Rasûl-Allâh

"None has the right to be worshipped but Allah... and Muhammad SAW is the Messenger of Allah" has three aspects: A,B and C.

A. It is that, you have to pledge a covenant with (Allah), the Creator of the heavens and earth, the Ruler of all that exists, the Lord of Majesty and Highness, on four points (or conditions):

Point I: A confession with your heart that the Creator (of everything) is Allah, it is that you have to say: "I testify that the Creator of all the universe including the stars, the planets, the sun, the moon, the heavens, the earth with all its known and unknown forms of life, is Allah. He is the Organizer and Planner of all its affairs. It is He Who gives life and death, and He (i.e. Allah Alone) is the Sustainer, and the Giver of security, etc." And this is called (your confession for the) "Oneness of the Lordship of Allah," - *Tauhid-ar-Rubûbiya*.

Point II: A confession with your heart that you have to say: "I testify that none has the right to be worshipped but Allah Alone." The word "Worship" (i.e. 'Ibadah) carries a great number of meanings in the Arabic language: It conveys that all kinds of worship are meant for Allah [and none else, whether it be an angel, Messenger, Prophet 'lesa (Jesus) - son of Maryam (Mary), 'Uzair (Ezra), Muhammad, saint, idol, the sun, the moon and all other kinds of false deities]. So pray to none but Allah, invoke none but Allah, ask for help from none (unseen) but Allah, swear by none but Allah, offer an animal as sacrifice to none but Allah,...etc, and that means, all that Allah and His Messenger SAW order you to do, (in His Book, the Qur'ân and in the Sunna (legal ways of Prophet Muhammad SAW) you must do, and all that Allah and His Messenger SAW forbid you, you must not do. And this is called (your confession for the) "Oneness of the worship of Allah," - Tauhid-al-Uluhiya. And that you (mankind) worship none but Allah.

Point III: A confession with your heart that you have to say: "O Allah! I testify that all the best of names and the most perfect qualities with which You have named or qualified Yourself in Your Book (i.e. the Qur'ân) or as Your Prophet Muhammad SAW has named or qualified You, with his statement, I confirm that all those (names and qualifications) are for You without changing their meanings or neglecting them completely or giving resemblance to others." As Allah said:

"There is nothing like unto Him and He is the All-Hearer, the All-Seer." (V. 42:11).

This holy Verse confirms the quality of hearing and the quality of sight for Allah without resemblance to others, and likewise He also said:

"To one whom I have created with Both My Hands," (V.38:75)

and He also said:

"The Hand of Allah is over their hands." (V.48:10)

This confirms two Hands for Allah, but there is no similarity for them. Similarly Allah said:

"The Most Beneficent (Allah) Istawa (rose over) the (Mighty) Throne." (V.20:5).

So He rose over the Throne really in a manner that suits His Majesty. And Allah is over His Throne over the seventh heaven, as the slave-girl pointed towards the heavens, when Allah's Messenger (Muhammad SAW) asked her as to where Allah is. He only comes down over the first (nearest) heaven to us on the day of 'Arafât (*Hajj*, i.e. the 9th of Dhul-Hijja), and also during the last third part of the night as mentioned by the Prophet SAW, but He is with us by His Knowledge only, not by His Personal-Self (*Bi-Dhâtihi*). It is not like that, as some people say that Allah is present everywhere - here, there, and even inside the breasts of men. He sees and hears all that we do or utter, etc. And this is called (your confession for the) "Oneness of the Names and Qualities of Allah" - *Tauhîd-al-Asma was-Sifat* and this is the right Faith, the Faith which was followed by the Messengers of Allah [from Nûh (Noah), Ibrâhim (Abraham), Mûsa (Moses), Da'ud (David), Sulaimân (Solomon), 'lesa (Jesus) to Muhammad alai-hiss-salaam and the Companions of Prophet Muhammad SAW] and the righteous followers of these Messengers alai-hiss-salaam.

Point IV: A confession with your heart that you have to say: "O Allah! I testify that Muhammad SAW is Your Messenger." That means that none has the right to be followed after Allah, but the Prophet Muhammad SAW as he is the last of His Messengers. As Allah said:

"Muhammad (SAW) is not the father of any man among you, but he is the Messenger of Allah and the last (end) of the Prophets and Allah is Ever All-Aware of everything." (V.33:40).

"And whatsoever the Messenger (Muhammad $_{\text{SAW}}$) gives you, take it and whatsoever he forbids you, abstain from it,"(V.59:7).

And Allah said:

"Say (O Muhammad to mankind): 'If you (really) love Allah, then follow me.' " (V.3:31)

As for others than Muhammad SAW, their statements are to be taken or rejected as to whether these are in accordance with Allah's Book (i.e. the Qur'ân) or with the *Sunna* (legal ways, orders, acts of worship, statements, etc.) of the Prophet SAW or not. As the Divine Inspiration has stopped after the death of Prophet Muhammad SAW and it will not resume except at the time of the Descent of 'lesa (Jesus) - son of Maryam (Mary) and he (i.e. Jesus) will rule with justice according to the Islamic laws, during the last days of the world as it has been mentioned in the authentic *Hadîth* (i.e. narration of Prophet Muhammad SAW). (*Sahih-Al-Bukhari*, Vol. 3, *Hadîth* No. 425).

B. It is essential to utter: *Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh, Muhammad-ur-Rasûl Allâh* (none has the right to be worshipped but Allah, and Muhammad _{SAW} is the Messenger of Allah.) As it has come in the statement of the Prophet Muhammad _{SAW} to his uncle Abû Tâlib at the time of the latter's death: "O uncle, if you utter it (*Lâ ilâh ill-Allah, Muhammad-ur-Rasûl Allah,* none has the right to be worshipped but Allah, and Muhammad _{SAW} is the Messenger of Allah), then I shall be able to argue on your behalf before Allah, on the Day of Resurrection." Similarly, when Abû Dhar Al-Ghiffari embraced Islam, he went to *Al-Masjid-al-Harâm* (i.e. the Ka'ba) and he proclaimed it loudly in front of the Quraish infidels until he was beaten severely.

C. It is essential that the limbs and all the other parts and organs of one's body testify to it, and this is very important as regards its meaning (i.e., the meaning of *Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh Muhammad Rasul Allah* - none has the right to be worshipped but Allah, and Muhammad _{SAW} is the Messenger of Allah). So whoever has confessed this (with his Lord), he shall not commit sins like robbing, killing, stealing, illegal sexual intercourse, eating pig meat, drinking alcoholic beverages, taking undue advantage of orphan's property, cheating in trade, bribery and earning money through illegal means, telling lies, backbiting etc., or otherwise the limbs and all the other parts and organs of his body will testify against him that he was a liar in his words which he pledged to Allah. In case he commits the above sins, he should know that it is a sin that obliges him to repent to Allah, and ask His Forgiveness, as (his) body parts (i.e. skin, private parts, hands, tongue, ears, etc.)will testify to the above mentioned crimes (i.e. actions) against his self on the Day of Resurrection.

And with the confession of this great sentence (i.e. principle) a person enters in the fold of (i.e. embraces) the Islamic religion accordingly, it is essential for him to believe in all the Messengers of Allah and not to differentiate between them. As it is mentioned in His Book, Allah said:

"Do then those who disbelieve think that they can take My slaves [i.e. the angels; Allah's Messengers; 'lesa (Jesus), son of Maryam (Mary), etc.] as *Auliyâ'* (lords, gods, protectors etc.) besides Me? Verily, We have prepared Hell as an entertainment for the disbelievers (in the Oneness of Allah - Islamic Monotheism).

Say (O Muhammad SAW): 'Shall We tell you the greatest losers in respect of (their) deeds?'

Those whose efforts have been wasted in this life, while they thought they were acquiring good by their deeds!

"Those are they who deny the *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, signs, revelations, etc.) of their Lord and the Meeting with Him (in the Hereafter). So their works are in vain, and on the Day of Resurrection, We shall not give them any weight.

"That shall be their recompense, Hell; because they disbelieved and took My *Ayât* (proofs, evidences, verses, lessons, revelations, etc.) and My Messengers by way of jest and mockery.

"Verily! Those who believe (in the Oneness of Allah Islamic Monotheism), and do righteous deeds, shall have the Gardens of *Al-Firdaus* (Paradise) for their entertainment.

"Wherein they shall dwell (forever). No desire will they have to be removed therefrom.

"Say (O Muhammad SAW to mankind): If the sea were ink for (writing) the Words of my Lord, surely the sea would be exhausted, before the Words of my Lord would be exhausted even if we brought (another sea) like it for its aid.

"Say (O Muhammad SAW): I am only a man like you, it has been inspired to me that your *Ilâh* (God) is One *Ilâh* (God, i.e. Allah). So whoever hopes for the Meeting with his Lord, let him work righteousness and associate none as a partner in the worship of his Lord." (V. 18:102-110).

This introduction is necessary for anyone who wishes to embrace Islam. After this confession he (or she) should take a bath (i.e. *Ghusl*) and then offer a two *Rak'at* prayer, and act upon the five principles of Islam, as narrated by Ibn 'Umar Rahiallahu' anhu in the Book, *Sahih Al-Bukhari*, Vol.1 *Hadîth* No.7:-

Narrated Ibn 'Umar Rahiallahu' anhu: Allah's Messenger SAW said: Islam is based on the following five (principles):

- 1. To testify *Lâ ilâha ill-Allâh wa anna Muhammad-ur-Rasul-Allâh* (none has the right to be worshipped but Allah and that Muhammad is Allah's Messenger).
- 2. Perform Iqâmat As-Salât^[].
- 3. To pay Zakât^[].
- 4. To perform Hajj. (i.e. pilgrimage to Makka).
- 5. To observe Saum (fast) during the month of Ramadân.

[and must believe in the six articles of Faith, i.e. to believe in:

(1) Allah, (2) His angels, (3) His Messengers, (4) His revealed Books, (5) the Day of Resurrection, and (6) *Al-Qadar* (Divine Preordainments i.e. whatever Allah has ordained must come to pass)]

IMPORTANT NOTE:-

The acceptance of the righteous deeds is stipulated with the following two basic conditions which must be fulfilled:

- (1) The intentions while doing such deeds must be totally for Allah's sake only without any show off or gaining praise or fame, etc.
- (2) Such a deed must be performed in accordance with the *Sunna* (legal ways, orders, acts of worship. statements, etc.) of Allah's Messenger Muhammad bin 'Abdullah, the last (end) of all the Prophets and the Messengers alai-hiss-salaam.

POLYTHEISM AND DISBELIEF

Salvation of all mankind from the greatest sin against Allah

(Shirk and Kufr i.e. polytheism and disbelief)

I consider it essential to mention here some details of the greatest sin which will not be forgiven by Allah. This unpardonable sin is *Shirk*

Shirk implies ascribing partners to Allah or ascribing divine attributes to others besides Allah and believing that the source of power, harm and blessings comes from another besides Allah.

Almighty Allah says:

"Verily, Allah forgives not that partners should be set up with Him in worship, but He forgives except that (anything else) to whom He pleases, and whoever sets up partners with Allah in worship, he has indeed

invented a tremendous sin."(V. 4:48).

Almighty Allah says:

"Then when the Trumpet is blown, there will be no kinship among them that Day, nor will they ask of one another.

"Then those whose scales (of good deeds) are heavy, - these! they are the successful.

"And those whose scales (of good deeds) are light, - they are those who lose their ownselves; in Hell will they abide."

"The Fire will burn their faces, and they will grin with disfigured lips (disfigured)."

"(It will be said) 'Were not My Verses (this Qur'ân) recited to you and then you used to deny them?"

"They will say: 'Our Lord! Our wretchedness overcame us and we were (an) erring people.

"Our Lord! Bring us out of this; if ever we return (to evil) then indeed we shall be *Zâlimûn* (polytheists, oppressors, unjust, and wrongdoers etc.).'

"He (Allah) will say: 'Remain you in it with ignominy! And speak you not to Me!' (V. 23:101-108).

"And whoever invokes (or worships) besides Allah, any other $\hat{\imath}l\hat{a}h$ (god), of whom he has no proof, then his reckoning is only with his Lord. Surely! *Al-Kafirûn* (disbelievers in Allah and in the Oneness of Allah, polytheists, pagans, idolaters, etc.) will not be successful." (V. 23:117).

ASH-SHIRK POLYTHEISM AND ITS VARIOUS MANIFESTATIONS

Definition: Shirk basically is polytheism, i.e., the worship of others along with Allah. It also implies attributing divine attributes to any other besides Allah. It particularly implies associating partners in worship with Allah or to believe that the source of power, harm or blessings is from others besides Allah.

Types: There are three types of *Shirk*, namely:

- (1) Ash-Shirk-al-Akbar, i.e. major Shirk
- (2) Ash-Shirk-al-Asghar, i.e. minor Shirk
- (3) Ash-Shirk-al-Khafi, i.e. inconspicuous Shirk.

Manifestations: (1) Ash-Shirk-al-Akbar (The major Shirk): The major and serious polytheistic form, it has four aspects:

(a) Shirk-ad-Du'â, i.e. invocation. This aspect implies invoking, supplicating or praying to other deities besides Allah.

Almighty Allah says:

"And when they embark on a ships they invoke Allah, making their Faith pure for Him only, but when He brings them safely to land, behold, they give a share of their worship to others," (V.29:65)

(b) Shirk-al-Niyyah wal-Iradah wal-Qasd. This aspect implies inten-tions, purpose and determination in acts of worship or religious deeds not for the sake of Allah but directed towards other deities.

Almighty Allah says:

"Whosoever desires the life of the world and its glitter, to them We shall pay in full (the wages of) their deeds therein, and they will have no diminution therein. They are those for whom there is nothing in the Hereafter but Fire; and vain are the deeds they did therein. And of no effect is that which they used to do."(V. 11:15,16)

(c) Shirk-at-Tâ'a. This aspect implies rendering obedience to any authority against the Order of Allah.

Almighty Allah says:

"They (Jews and Christians) took their *Rabbis* and their monks to be their lords besides Allah (by obeying them in things which they made lawful or unlawful according to their own desires without being ordered by Allah), and (they also took as their lord) Messiah, son of Maryam (Mary), while they (Jews and Christians) were commanded (in the Torah and the Gospel) to worship none but One *Ilâh* (God i.e., Allah), *Lâ ilâha illâ Huwa* (none has the right to be worshipped but He). Praise and Glory be to Him, (far above is He) from having the partners they associate (with Him)." (V.9:31).

Once, while Allah's Messenger SAW was reciting the above Verse, 'Adi bin Hatim said, "O Allah's Prophet! They do not worship them (*rabbis* and monks)." Allah's Messenger said, "They certainly do. They (i.e. *Rabbis* and monks) made legal things illegal, and illegal things legal, and they (i.e. Jews and Christians) followed them; and by doing so they really worshipped them."(Narrated by *Ahmad, At-Tirmidhi,* and *Ibn Jarir*). (*Tafsir At-Tabari*, Vol.10, Page No. 114).

(d) Shirk-al-Mahabbah. This implies showing the love which is due to Allah Alone, to others than Him.

Almighty Allah says:

"And of mankind are some who take (for worship) others besides Allah as rivals (to Allah). They love them as they love Allah. But those who believe, love Allah more (than anything else). If only those who do wrong could see, when they will see the torment, that all power belongs to Allah and that Allah is Severe in punishment." (V. 2:165)

(2) Ash-Shirk-al-Asghar Ar-Riyâ' (The minor Shirk, i.e. acts performed to show off). Any act of worship or any religious deed done in order to gain praise, fame or for worldly purposes, falls under this minor form.

Almighty Allah says:

"Say (O Muhammad SAW): 'I am only a man like you, it has been inspired to me that your *Ilâh* (God) is One *Ilâh* (God i.e Allah). So whoever hopes for the meeting with his Lord, let him work righteousness and associate none as a partner in the worship of his Lord.' " (V. 18:110)

(3) Ash-Shirk-al-Khafi (The inconspicuous *Shirk*). This type implies being inwardly dissatisfied with the inevitable condition that has been ordained for one by Allah; conscientiously lamenting that had you done or not done such and such or had you approached such and such you would have had a better status, etc.

The Noble Prophet Muhammad SAW said:

"Ash-Shirk-al-Khafi in the Muslim nation is more inconspicuous than the creeping of black ant on black rock in the pitch-darkness of the night." And this inconspicuous Shirk is expiated by saying thrice the following sentences within a day and a night: "O Allah! I take Your refuge from that I should ascribe anything as partner in Your worship, being conscious of that, and I beg Your pardon for that sin which I am not aware of."

AL-KUFR

DISBELIEF AND ITS VARIOUS MANIFESTATIONS

Kufr is basically disbelief in any of the articles of Faith in Islam.

The articles of Faith are: To believe in -

- (1) Allah,
- (2) His angels,
- (3) His Messengers,

- (4) His revealed Books,
- (5) The Day of Resurrection, and
- (6) Al-Qadar, Divine Preordainments (Fate i.e. whatever Allah SWT has ordained must come to pass).

There are two aspects of disbelief:

- **(1).** The major disbelief (*Al-Kufr-al-Akbar*): This aspect excludes one completely from the fold of Islam. There are five types (of this major disbelief):-
- (a) Kufr-at-Takdhîb. This implies disbelieving the divine truth or denying of any of the articles of Faith.

Almighty Allah says:

"Then who does more wrong than one who utters a lie against Allah and denies the truth [this Qur'ân, the Prophet (Muhammad SAW), the Islamic Monotheism, the Resurrection, and the reward or punishment according to good or evil deeds], when it comes to him. Is there not in Hell an abode for the disbelievers? " (V. 39:32)

(b) Kufr-al-Ibâ' wat-Takabbur ma'at-Tasdîq. This implies rejection and pride to submit to Allah's Commandments after conviction of their truth.

Almighty Allah says:

"And (remember) when We said to the angels: 'Prostrate yourself before Adam.' And they prostrated except *Iblis*, he refused and was proud and was one of the disbelievers (disobedient to Allah)." (V. 2:34).

(c) Kufr-ash-Shak waz-Zan. This implies doubting or lacking of conviction in the six articles of Faith.

Almighty Allah says:

"And he went into his garden while in a state (of pride and disbelief) unjust to himself. He said: 'I think not that this will ever perish. And I think not the Hour will ever come, and if indeed I am brought back to my Lord (on the Day of Resurrection) I surely shall find better than this when I return to Him.' His companion said to him during the talk with him: 'Do you disbelieve in Him Who created you out of dust (i.e. your father Adam), then out of *Nutfah* (mixed semen drops of male and female discharge), then fashioned you into a man? But as for my part (I believe) that He is Allah, my Lord, and none shall I associate as partner with my Lord.' " (V.18:3538)

(d) *Kufr-al-l'râd*. This implies turning away from the truth knowingly or deviating from the obvious signs which Allah has revealed.

Almighty Allah says:

"We created not the heavens and the earth and all that is between them except with truth and for an appointed term. But those who disbelieve turn away from that whereof they are warned." (V.46:3)

(e) Kufr-an-Nifâq. This implies hypocritical disbelief.

Almighty Allah says:

"They have made their oaths a screen (for their hypocrisy). Thus they hinder (men) from the Path of Allah. Verily, evil is what they used to do. That is because they believed, then disbelieved, therefore their hearts are sealed, so they understand not." (V.63:2-3)

(2) The minor disbelief (*Al-Kufr-al-Asghar*): This aspect of disbelief does not exclude one from the fold of Islam. It is also termed *Kufr-an-Ni'mah*. This implies disbelief manifesting itself in ungratefulness for Allah's Blessings or Favours.

Almighty Allah says:

'And Allah puts forward the example of a township (Makka), that dwelt secure and well-content; its provision coming to it in abundance from every place, but it (its people) denied the Favours of Allah (with ungratefulness). So Allah made it taste the extreme of hunger (famine) and fear, because of that (evil, i.e. denying Prophet Muhammad SAW) which they (its people) used to do." (V.16:112).

AN-NIFAQ

HYPOCRISY AND ITS VARIOUS MANIFESTATIONS

Hypocrisy is of two types, namely:

- (A) Hypocrisy in Belief.
- (B) Hypocrisy in deeds and actions.

(A). Hypocrisy in Belief

There are six aspects of hypocrisy in Belief:

- 1.To belie the Messenger (Muhammad SAW)
- 2.To belie some of all that was brought by the Messenger (Muhammad SAW). (e.g. the Qur'ân, *Sunna*, legal laws and principles of Islam, etc.).
- 3.To hate the Messenger (Muhammad SAW).
- 4.To hate some of all that was brought by the Messenger (Muhammad SAW). e.g. Islamic Monotheism, etc.
- 5.To feel happy at the disgrace or becoming low of the religion of Allah's Messenger (Muhammad SAW).
- 6.To dislike that the religion of Allah's Messenger (Islamic Monotheism) becomes victorious.

A person having these six types (of hypocrisy) will be in the lowest depths (grade) of the Fire (Hell). (See V. 4: 145).

(B). Hypocrisy in deeds and actions

There are five aspects of hypocrisy in deeds and actions, and their proof is from the statement of Allah's Messenger SAW: The signs of a hypocrite are these:

- 1. Whenever he speaks, he tells a lie.
- 2. Whenever he promises, he always breaks it (his promise).
- 3. If you trust him, he proves to be dishonest (if you keep something as trust with him, he will not return it).
- 4. And in another narration of the Prophet SAW: Whenever he quarrels, he behaves in a very imprudent, evil, insulting manner.
- 5. Whenever he makes a covenant, he proves himself treacherous.

THE JEWS AND THE CHRISTIANS

As for the Jews and Christians, they are particularly warned by Allah, as the Almighty Allah says:

"And whoever seeks a religion other than Islam, it will never be accepted of him and in the Hereafter he will be one of the losers." (V.3:85)

And they are also warned by the Prophet as it is mentioned in the Book (Sahih Muslim The Book of Faith).

It is obligatory to have Belief in the Messengership of the Prophet (Muhammad)

Narrated Abu Huraira: Allah's Messenger said; "By Him (Allah) in Whose Hand Muhammad's soul is, there is none from amongst the Jews and the Christians (of these present nations) who hears about me and then dies without believing in the Message with which I have been sent (i.e. Islamic Monotheism), but he will be from the dwellers of the (Hell) Fire."

(Sahih Muslim, the Book of Faith, Vol.1, Chapter No.240).

The Qur'ân in itself is a miracle, Whosoever reads it, is convinced that it is such a Book that could not be produced by a human being.

Almighty Allah says:

"And this Qur'ân is not such as could ever be produced by other than Allah (Lord of the heavens and the earth), but it is a confirmation of (the revelation) which was before it (i.e., the Torah and the Gospel, etc.) and a full explanation of the Book (i.e., laws and orders etc. decreed for mankind) - wherein there is no doubt from the Lord of the 'Alamîn (mankind, jinns and all that exists).

Or do they say: 'He (Muhammad) has forged it?' Say: 'Bring then a *Sûrah* (chapter) like unto it and call upon whomsoever you can, besides Allah, if you are truthful!' "

(V. 10:37,38).

JESUS AND MUHAMMAD (peace be upon them) IN THE BIBLE AND THE QUR'AN

BIBLICAL EVIDENCE OF JESUS BEING A SERVANT OF GOD AND HAVING NO SHARE IN DIVINITY

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(Rendered into English by Adam M. Makda)

INTRODUCTION

All praise be to the One to Whom all Dignity, Honour and Glory are due; the Unique with perfect attributes, Who begets not, nor is He begotten. He has no equal but He is the Almighty, Omnipotent. He sent His Messengers and Prophets to guide humanity towards monotheism; to worship Him Alone, the only One Worthy of worship, and to warn them of the eternal dire consequences of polytheism; associating partners with One Allah and the worship of creatures.

Peace and Blessings of Allah be upon all the Prophets and Messengers, especially on Muhammad, the last of the Prophets, and on all who follow him in righteousness until the Day of Recompense.

CHRISTIANITY: MEN WITHOUT RELIGION

ISLAM: RELIGION WITHOUT MEN

A Muslim never lacks proofs about the purity and truthfulness of his religion, but what he lacks are those truthful brothers who stand for Allah and His Prophet SAW testifying to the truth. Indeed, in this age, Islam is a religion without men (custodians and propagators) whereas Christianity is men without a religion; yet, by their endeavour, adventurous spirit, patience and monetary contributions they are able to falsify truth and make falsehood appear true. In this materialistic age most of humanity have become slaves to wealth, fashions, and mansions.

There is none worthy of worship but Allah and in Him (Alone) do I put my trust, and towards Him am I destined.

JESUS AND THE DEVIL IN THE BIBLE

In the New Testament of the Bible, in the fourth chapter of the Gospel according to Matthew, the sixth and seventh verses clearly indicate that Jesus is an obedient mortal and God is the Master and Lord according to his saying in the seventh verse:

"It is written again, Thou shalt not tempt the Lord, thy God."

In this chapter we read that the Devil actually carried the Messiah, and took him from place to place. How can the Devil carry God? Glory be to Allah; He is above such blasphemy!

Then the Devil orders him to prostrate before him and worship him, even tempting him with worldly possessions. How can the Devil even dare such an audacity with God? When the Devil wanted Jesus to comply with his orders, he (Jesus) replied by saying that it was written (in the previous Books):

"Thou shalt worship the Lord, thy God; And Him only shalt thou serve." Matthew 4:10.

CHILDREN OF GOD

Jesus never called himself *Son of God* as far as I know but he used to call himself the 'Son of Man' (ref. Mark 2:10) although he heard himself being called by that name he did not object as assumed in the Bible and did not consider the title exclusively for him.

According to the Biblical term in the Old and New Testaments, every God- fearing righteous person is called 'Son of God'. In Matthew 5:9 we read:

"Blessed are the peace-makers, for they shall be called the children of God."

In Matthew 5:45 -

"That ye may be children of your Father which is in heaven..."

GOD THE FATHER

In Matthew 5:48 -

"Be ye therefore perfect, even as your Father which is in heaven is perfect."

In Matthew 6:1 -

"... otherwise ye have no reward of your Father which is in heaven."

Matthew 7:21 -

"Not every one that sayeth unto me (Jesus), Lord, Lord, shall enter into the kingdom of heaven: but he that doeth the will of my Father, which is in heaven."

N.B. The word 'Lord' here was translated as *Rabb* in the Arabic version of the Bible so that people may be convinced that Jesus is God! But if one studies the rest of the verse, one will note that the verse bears testimony to the subservience (to God's Will) of the Messiah (Jesus). Therefore the correct translation should be:

"Not every one that sayeth to me, O my Master, shall enter into the kingdom of heaven, but he that doeth the will of my Father which is in heaven."

It is obvious from the above readings from the Bible that the term 'Father' is used for God in numerous places in the Bible. It is never used exclusively for the Messiah (Jesus).

Matthew 11:25 -

"At that time Jesus answered and said, 'I thank Thee, O Father, Lord of heaven and earth, because Thou hast hid these things from the wise and prudent and has revealed them unto babes."

JESUS THE WORSHIPPER

Matthew 14:23 -

"And when he had sent the multitudes away, he went up into a mountain apart to pray....."

I say: If he (Jesus) is God or a part of God then why did he pray? In fact, prayer is always from a submitting, needy and dependent one for the Mercy of Almighty Allah as mentioned in the Qur'ân. (V. 35:15):-

"O mankind! it is you who stand in need of Allah but Allah is Rich (Free of all wants and needs), Worthy of all praise" (35:15).

And in (V. 19:93) of Qur'an:-

"There is none in the heavens and the earth but comes unto the Most Beneficent (Allah) as a slave."

A BIBLICAL STORY

Matthew 15:22-28 -

"And, behold, a woman of Canaan came out of the same coasts and cried unto him, saying, 'Have mercy on me, O Lord, thou son of David: my daughter is grievously vexed with a devil.' But he answered her not a word. And his disciples came and besought him, saying; 'Send her away, for she crieth after us.' But he answered and said, 'I am not sent but unto the lost sheep of the house of Israel.'

Then came she and worshipped him, saying, 'Lord, help me.' But he answered and said, 'It is not meet to take the children's bread and to cast it to dogs.'

And she said, 'Truth, Lord: yet the dogs eat of the crumbs which fall from their masters' table.'

Then Jesus answered and said unto her, 'O woman, great is thy faith: be it unto thee even as thou wilt. And her daughter was made whole from that very hour.' "

In this story about a woman from Canaan there are noteworthy points:

- (1) Lack of mercy and love charged against Jesus (if the incident is reported correctly).
- (2) Degraded discrimination in regard to the uplifting of his tribe and not for the others.
- (3) Tribal pride of descendance and prejudice against others and calling them dogs.
- (4) An ignorant polytheist woman debated with him and won him over.

JESUS: A PROPHET OF ALLAH.

Matthew 19:16-17 -

"And behold, one came and said unto him, 'Good master, what good thing shall I do that I may have eternal life?' And he said unto him, 'Why callest thou me good? (There is) none good but one, (i.e.) God, but if thou wilt enter into life, keep the commandments.'

In the above verses we note this acknowledgment of his submissiveness (to Allah's Will).

Matthew 21:45-46 -

"And when the chief priests and pharisees had heard his parable, they perceived that he spoke of them. But when they sought to lay hands on him, they feared the multitude because they took him for a Prophet."

Here it is proved that all those who believed in Jesus during his life-time did not believe in him being God or the Son of God or one in the doctrine of Trinity; but they believed in him as being a Prophet only. This is

indeed one of the strongest points of evidence against those who believe in the Divinity of Jesus (Incarnation of God) if only they pondered.

JESUS: A SERVANT OF ALLAH.

Matthew 23:8 -

'But be not ye called Rabbi: for one is your master, even Jesus, and all ye are brethern."

Here it is clearly proved that Jesus was servant of Allah, and that there is only One Master and He is Allah. In the Arabic version of the Bible this verse has been translated so that Jesus is meant to be the master whereas the English rendering is nearer the original sense.

Matthew 23:9 -

"And call no man your father upon the earth: for one is your Father which is in heaven."

From this you will note that fatherhood and sonship is meant to be the relationship between the Lord and His servants: it is meant in a general sense and not specifically for Jesus.

Matthew 24:36 -

"But of that day and hour knoweth no man, no, not the angels of heaven, but my Father only."

This is a definite proof that the Final Hour is unknown to any but Allah, thus Jesus' knowledge is imperfect like all other men; Allah Alone is All-Knowing, Omniscient.

Matthew 26:39 -

"And he (Jesus) went a little farther, and fell on his face and prayed, saying, 'O my Father, if it be possible, let this cup pass from me: nevertheless not as I will, but as Thou wilt.' "

We note here that the person speaking is unaware of Allah's Will and realizes the fact that he is a servant of Allah. He (Allah) Alone can cause the change.

THE COMPILATION OF THE BIBLE

Matthew 27:7-8 -

"And they took counsel and bought with them the potter's field to bury strangers in. Wherefore that field was called the Field of Blood, unto this day."

From these verses we understand that the Bible (the New Testament) was not written during Jesus' lifetime but long after the occurrence of the events described, having been retained in the memory of the people.

Matthew 27:46 -

"And about the ninth hour Jesus cried with a loud voice, saying, 'Eli,Eli, lama sabachthani? (My God, My God, why hast thou forsaken me?')"

This is according to their (Christians') assumption that Jesus cried in a loud voice saying the above words while he was being crucified. This is a great insult as such words could only come from unbelievers in Allah. Further, it is incredible that such words should come out from a Prophet of Allah because Allah never breaks His Promise and His Prophets never complained against His Promise.

JESUS: PREACHER OF MONOTHEISM (TAUHID)

In John 17:3 -

"And this is life eternal, that they might know thee, the only true God, and Jesus Christ whom thou has sent."

In Mark 12:28-30 -

"And one of the scribes came, and having heard them reasoning together, and perceiving that he had answered them well, asked him, 'Which is the first commandment of all?' And Jesus answered him: 'The first of all the commandments is; hear O Israel, the Lord thy God is One Lord: and thou shalt love the Lord, thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy mind, and with all thy strength: this is the first commandment.' "

In Mark 12:32 -

"And the scribe said unto him, 'Well, Master, thou hast said the truth: for there is One God; and there is none other but He.' "

In Mark 12:34 -

"...he (Jesus) said unto him, 'Thou art not far from the kingdom of God...' "

In these verses, Jesus (peace be upon him) himself had testified that Allah is the One God, there is none other than Him, and that whoever believes in His Oneness, he is near the Kingdom of Allah. Therefore whoever associates partners with Allah or believes in the Trinity is far away from the Kingdom of Allah, and whoever is far away from the Kingdom of Allah he is the enemy of Allah.

In Matthew 24:36 -

"But of that day and hour knoweth no man, no, not the angels of the heaven, but my Father only."

I say: A similar text was quoted from S.Matthew which is exactly as proclaimed by the Qur'ân in that none knows when the Hour will come except Allah. This establishes the fact that Jesus was subservient to Allah and that he had no share in Divinity: that he was an incarnation of God, was an innovation by the people of Canaan.

In John 20:16 -

"Jesus said unto her, 'Mary'. She turned herself, and sayeth unto him, 'Rabboni', which is to say, Master, Jesus saith unto her, 'Touch me not: For I am not yet ascended to my Father; but go to my brethren, and say unto them, I ascend unto my Father and your Father; and to my God and your God.' Mary Magdalene came and told the disciples that she has seen the Lord, and that He had spoken these things unto her."

In the above narrative Jesus clearly testified that Allah is his God and their God, making no difference between him and them in the worship of the One Allah. Whoever believes that Jesus is God has indeed blasphemed against Allah and betrayed the Messiah (Jesus) and all the Prophets and Messengers of Allah.

BIBLICAL PROPHECY ON THE ADVENT OF MUHAMMAD (peace be upon him SAW)

John 14:15-16 -

"If you love me, keep my commandments. And I will pray the Father and He shall give you another Comforter that he may abide with you forever."

Muslim theologians have said that "another Comforter" is Muhammad, the Messenger of Allah; and him to "abide forever" means the perpetuity of his laws and way of life (*Sharia'*) and the Book (Qur'ân) which was revaled to him.

John 15:26-27 -

"But when the Comforter is come, whom I will send unto you from the Father, even the Spirit of truth, which proceedeth from the Father, he shall testify of me: And ye also shall bear witness, because ye have been with me from the beginning."

John 16:5-8 -

"But now I go my way to Him that sent me and none of you asketh me 'Whither goest thou?' But because I have said these things unto you, sorrow hath filled your heart. Nevertheless I tell you the truth; for if I go not away, the Comforter will not come unto you; but if I depart, I will send him unto you. And when he is come, he will reprove the world of sin, and approve righteousness and judgment."

John 16:12-14 -

"I have yet many things to say unto you, but you cannot bear them now. How be it when he, the Spirit of truth, is come, he will guide you into all truth: for he shall not speak of himself; but whatsoever he shall hear, that shall he speak; and he will shew you things to come. He shall glorify me: for he shall receive of mine, and he shall shew it unto you."

John 16:16 -

"A little while and ye shall not see me: and again a little while, ye shall see me, because I go to the Father."

Muslim theologians have stated that the person who is described by Jesus to come after him in the above verses does not comply with any other person but Muhammad SAW the Messenger of Allah. This 'person' whom Jesus prophesied will come after him is called in the Bible 'Parqaleeta' This word was deleted by later interpreters and translators and changed at times to 'Spirit of Truth', and at other times, to 'Comforter' and sometimes to 'Holy Spirit'. The original word is Greek and its meaning is 'one whom people praise exceedingly.' The sense of the word is applicable to the word 'Muhammad' (in Arabic).

FINALITY ON PROOFS ON THE FABRICATION

OF THE STORY OF THE CROSS

- (1) The Bible testifies to the fact that Jesus was known among the Jews; he used to preach and deliver sermons in the Temple of Solomon in Jerusalem. It was therefore, unnecessary to hire a Jew for thirty pieces of silver to direct them to him as related in S. Matthew.
- (2) It is related that one of the twelve disciples named Judas Iscariot was hired to direct the Jews to Jesus. They then sentenced him after which Judas was greatly ashamed and dissociated himself from their act and then committed suicide. All this took place within twenty four hours. The contradictions are obvious.
- (3) The clearest proof which alone is sufficient to discredit this story is when the Jews passed the sentence of death against Jesus and intended to get the approval of the governor, Pontious Pilate.

Matthew 27:11-14 -

'And Jesus stood before the governor: The governor asked him, saying, 'Art thou the king of the Jews!' And Jesus said unto him, 'Thou sayeth (sayest)': And when he was accused of (by) the chief priests and elders. He answered nothing. Then said Pilate unto him, 'Hearest thou not how many things they witness against thee?' And he answered him never (to) a word..."

The Christians will interpret the above verse to mean that Jesus wanted to die on the Cross for the redemption of mankind and for the forgiveness of their sins: if so, then why did he ask to turn away that cup from him (i.e. death)? Why did he cry out while on the Cross (as they assume): "O Lord, why hast thou forsaken me?" How could he have remained silent when the truth was being challenged? He was known for his soul-inspiring sermons challenging the learned Jewish *Rabbis*. No sane person can believe in this. If the story of the Cross is disproved then the very foundation on which Christianity is based, will be demolished.

Muslims believe that Jesus was not crucified by the Jews as revealed in the Holy Qur'ân by Allah in a crystal clear manner: V. 4:157,158.-

"And because of their saying (in boast): 'We killed Messiah Jesus, son of Mary, the Messenger of Allah'; -but they killed him not, nor crucified him, but the resemblance of Jesus was put over another man (and they killed that man), and those who differ therein are full of doubts. They have no (certain) knowledge, they follow nothing but conjecture. For surely, they killed him not (i.e., Jesus, son of Mary). But Allah raised him (Jesus) up (with his body and soul) unto Himself (and he alai-hiss-salaam is in the heavens).. And Allah is Ever All-Powerful, All-Wise."

The Jews themselves, together with the entire Christian world, believe that he was crucified. As proofs against their views and to prove the truth of the Muslim verdict through the Bible, I prepared the following set of questions based on the Book of S. Matthew in the New Testament of Bible. (Chapters 26 and 27):

- (1) Did those who captured Jesus (according to their assumption) know him in person? or did they not know him?
- S. Matthew testifies that they did not know him.
- (2) Was it during the day or night that he was captured?
- S.Matthew says it was during the night.
- (3) Who was the one that directed them to him?
- S. Matthew says: He was one of his twelve disciples called Judas Iscariot.
- (4) Did he direct them free of charge or for a fixed reward which they specified, for him?
- S. Matthew says: He directed them to him for a fixed reward of thirty pieces of silver.
- (5) What was the condition of Jesus during that night?
- S. Matthew says: He was fearful and prostrated in prayer saying: "O God, if it is possible for You to let this cup pass from me, then let it pass." It is incredible that such words could come from a believer in God, let alone a Prophet of God, because all believers believe that God has power over all things.
- (6) What was the condition of his eleven disciples?
- S. Matthew says: Sleep overcame them that night together with their teacher (according to their assumption) out of fear.
- (7) Was Jesus contented with their condition?
- S. Matthew says (verses 40-46): He was not satisfied. He used to come to them to wake them up saying: "Watch and pray, that ye enter not into temptation; the spirit indeed is willing but the flesh is weak." Then he would come again to find them asleep and he would again wake them up and say the same thing. This weakness could not have been spoken of righteous pupils even if they were pupils of an ordinary pious teacher, let alone the disciples of Jesus, son of Mary.
- (8) Did they help him when those ruffians captured him?
- S. Matthew says: They forsook him and fled.
- (9) Did Jesus have confidence in his disciples that night?
- S. Matthew says: Jesus informed them that they will all forsake him. Then Jesus said unto them: "Verily I say unto thee that this night before the cock crows, thou shall deny me thrice." Peter said unto him, "Although I should die with thee, yet will I not deny thee." Likewise also said all the disciples. And so it happened.
- (10) How did those ruffians capture him?
- S. Matthew says: They came to him with swords and staves after they were directed to him by a Jew, then they captured him as described in verse 57:

"And they that had laid hold on Jesus, led him away to Caiaphas the high priest, where the elders were assembled."

There they passed the sentence of death on him. The ruffians then took him away, spat on his face and struck him with their hands after which they stripped him of his clothes and clad him in scarlet robes, then placed a crown of thorns on his head and took him about, teasing and mocking him. They said to him: 'You

are the king of Israel according to your claim.' They severely degraded him.

- (11) Who finally decided to pass the death sentence against him?
- S. Matthew says: He was Pontious Pilate, a Greek Roman, who was at that time the governor of Palestine.
- (12) When the ruffians brought that man before the governor and informed him that the priest of the Jews passed the sentence of death by crucifixion according to their law (Torah), did he believe in them without investigation?
- S. Matthew says: He did not believe them but asked that man: "Is it true what they have said?" He remained silent. The question was repeated and he continued to remain silent. He remained silent in view of the truth; it was essential for him even if he was not a Prophet to clarify the truth and deny the false accusation of the Jews. The governor's wife went to the governor and she said to him: "Have thou nothing to do with that just man? for I have suffered many things this day in a dream because of him."

The Bible states that Jesus delivered lengthy speeches to the Jews rebuking and warning them which amounted to defaming them. Then why was he silent that day? The governor's intention for asking him was to stand for the truth.

- (13) How was he crucified according to their assumption?
- S. Matthew says: They crucified him between two thieves both of whom abused him by saying to him, "If you are truthful then save yourself."
- (14) This was a great calamity. What did he say while on the cross (according to their assumption)?
- S. Matthew says (27:46):

Jesus cried with a loud voice, saying, "Eli, Eli, Iama sabachthani? (that is to say,) my God, my God, why has Thou forsaken me?"

This is a blatant declaration of disbelief according to all theological authorities. Whoever relates it to a Prophet is a disbeliever according to the revealed religions.

Almighty Allah, in the Qur'ân warns, the Jews and the Christians against their blasphemy; that Jesus is an incarnation of God (Allah) or the son of God (Allah) or in rejecting him totally; and that they must believe in him as a Messenger of Allah only:

"And there is none of the people of the Scripture (Jews and Christians), but must believe in him (Jesus, son of Mary, as only a Messenger of Allah and a human being), before his (Jesusalai-hiss-salaam or a Jew's or a Christian's) death (at the time of the appearance of the angel of death). And on the Day of Resurrection, he (Jesus) will be a witness against them." (V.4:159).

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In the Name of Allâh, the Most Beneficent, the Most Merciful.

Whoever finds any mistake in our translation of the interpretation of the meanings of the Noble Qur'ân into English, we request him to write to the Chancellor of the Islamic University at Al-Madîna, indicating the mistake and its place along with the correct translation. We thank all those who will point out these mistakes with the intention of seeking Allâh's Pleasures, and of correcting the translation of the interpretation of the meanings of the Noble Qur'ân and peace and Allâh's Blessings be upon our Prophet . Allâh is Surety over what we say.

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Typesetting by: Al-Furqan Advertising Agency, P.O. Box. 21441, Riyadh 11475, Saudi Arabia, Tel: (01) 4029865 - (01) 4026674 Fax: (01) 4043787.